

Work with a partner. Using the following prototypes

```
short myStrLen( char s[] );  
  
short myStrLenP( char *ps );  
  
void myStrCpy( char to[], char from[] );  
  
void myStrCpyP( char *pTo, char *pFrom );
```

Write the following functions and a `main()` test suite that verifies that the functions work correctly.

- (0) Write `myStrLen` that uses character array[] arguments.
- (1) Write `myStrLenP` that uses character pointer arguments.
- (2) Write `myStrCpy` that uses character array[] arguments.
- (3) Write `myStrCpyP` that uses character array arguments.

Note: The character array and pointer versions can be called (from `main()`) the same way, that is:

```
char s[20];  
strcpy(s, "foobar"); // yes, you can use strcpy() to setup  
  
short Length;  
  
Length = myStrLen( s );  
cout << "Length of " << s << " is: " << Length;  
  
Length = myStrLenP( s );  
cout << "Length of " << s << " is: " << Length;
```