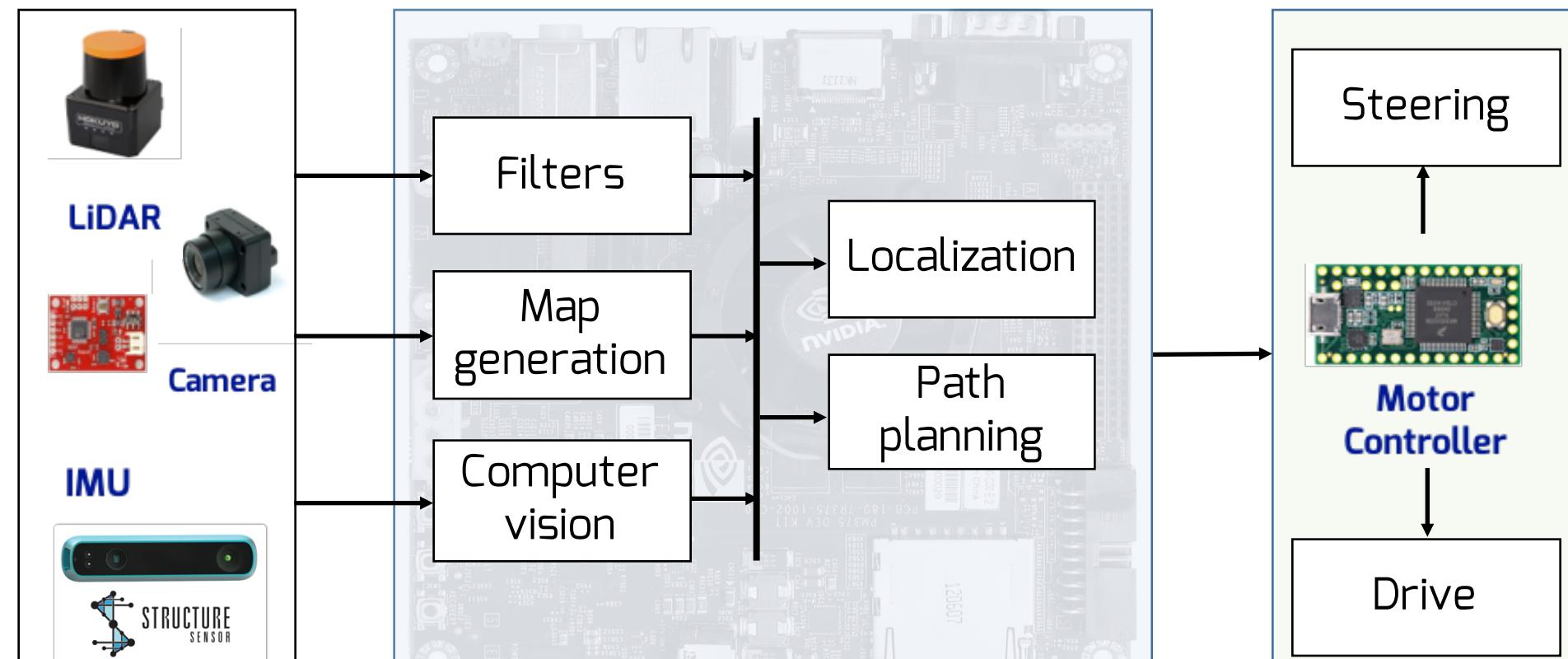


System Architecture

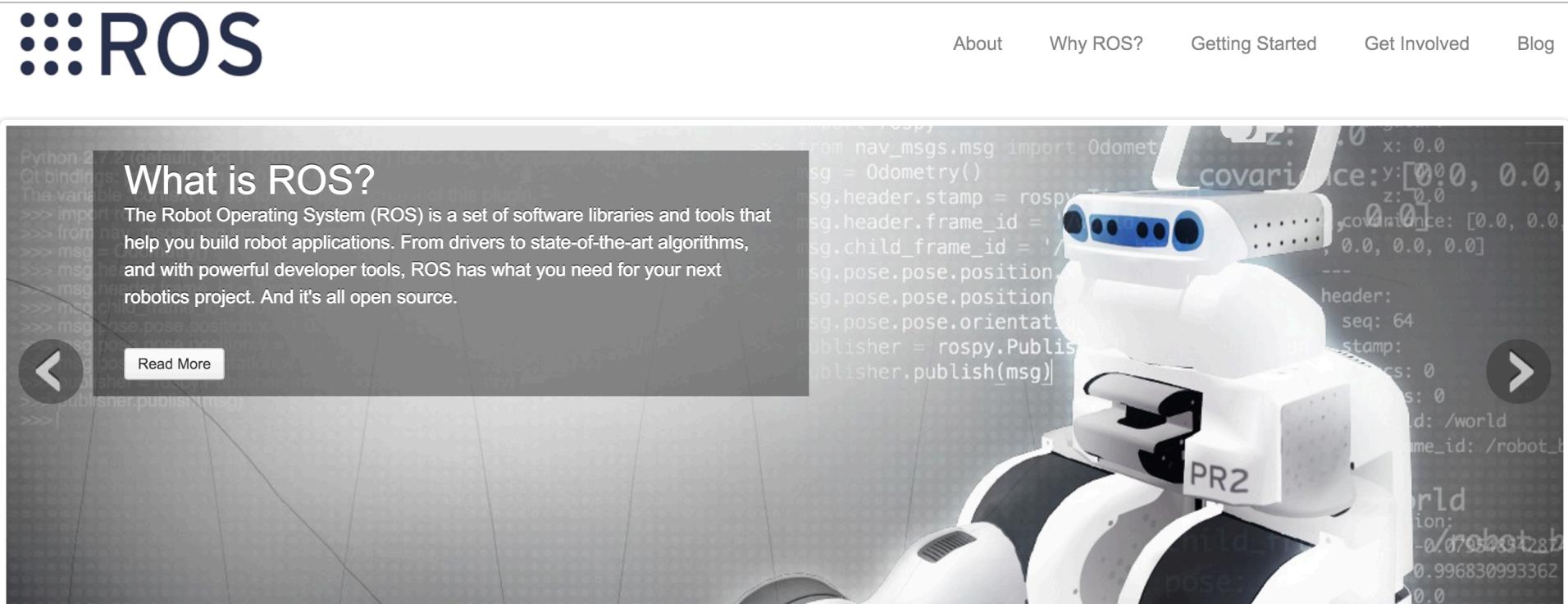


Perception

Planning

Control

ROS: Robot Operating System

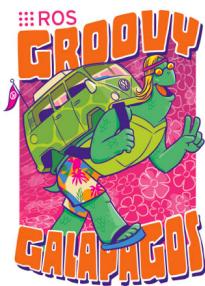


ROS.org



Open Source Robotics Foundation

ROS distributions



2012



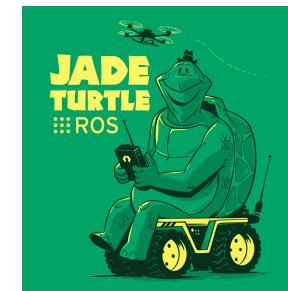
2013



This course



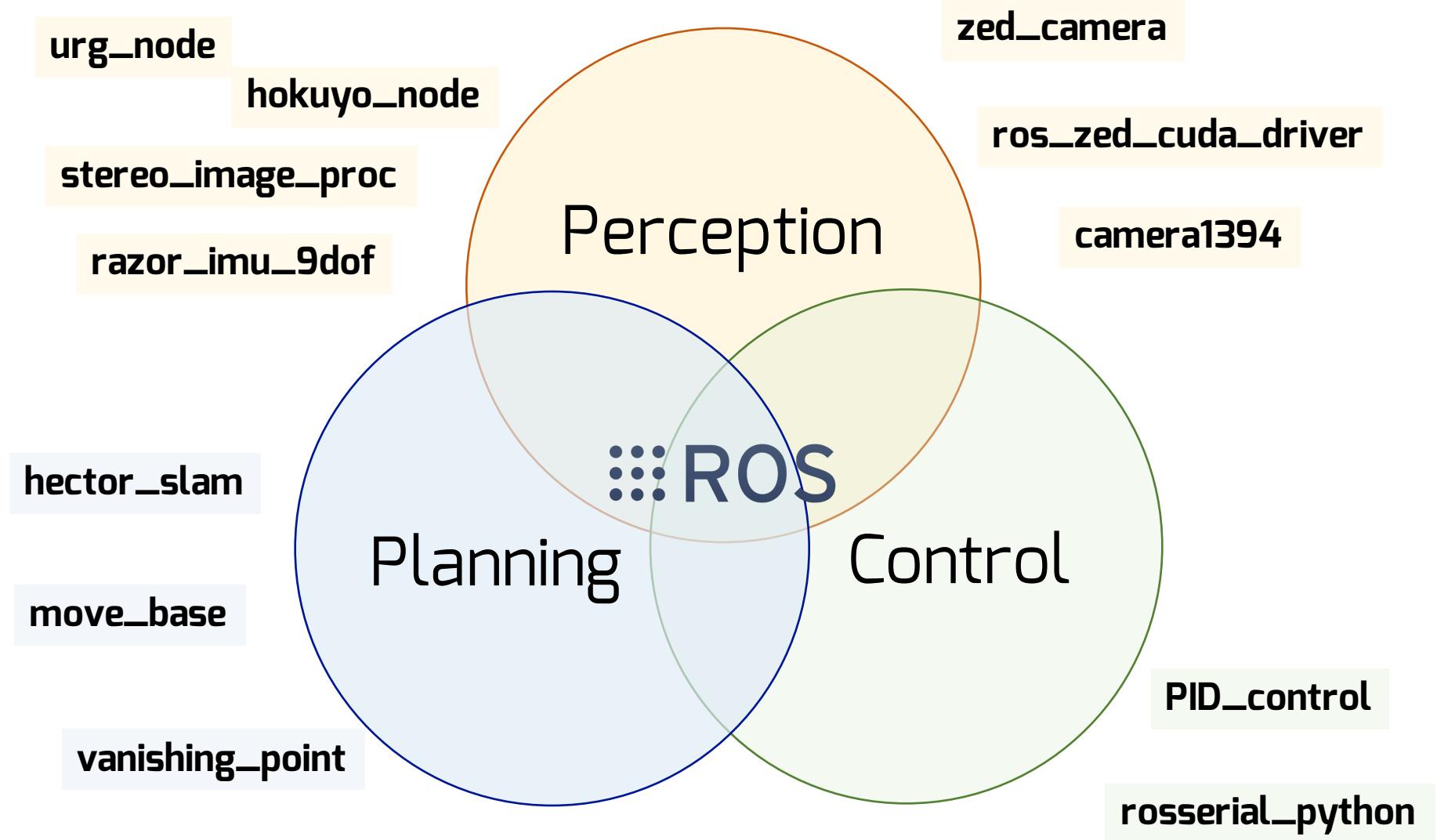
2014



2015

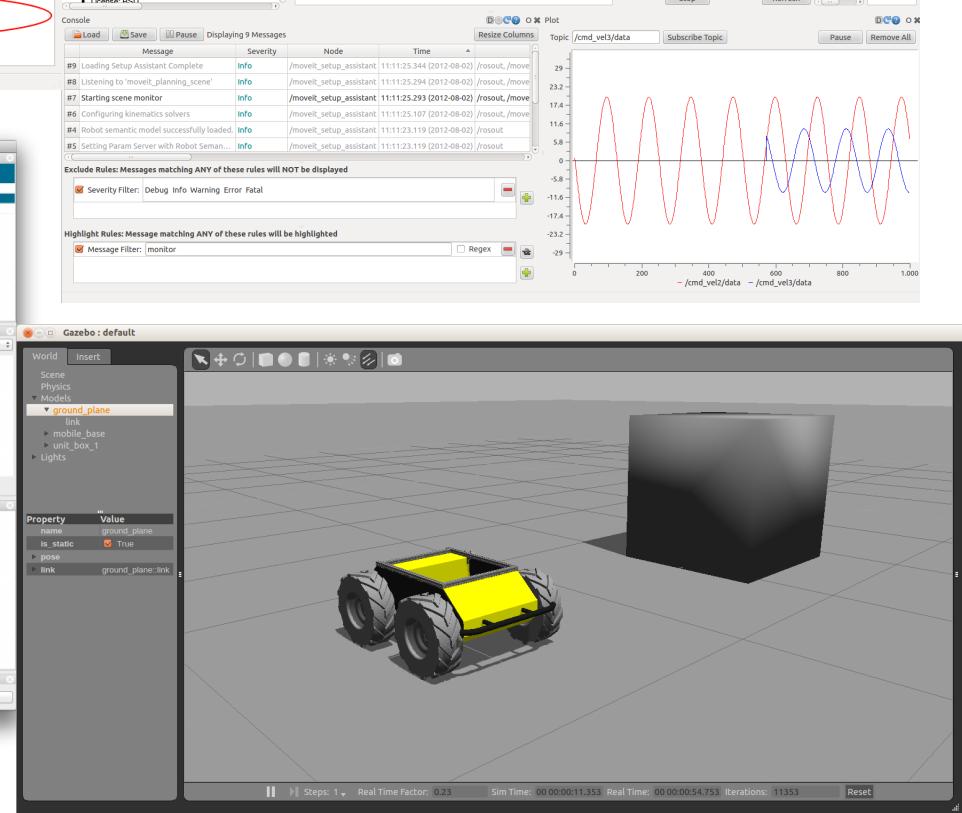
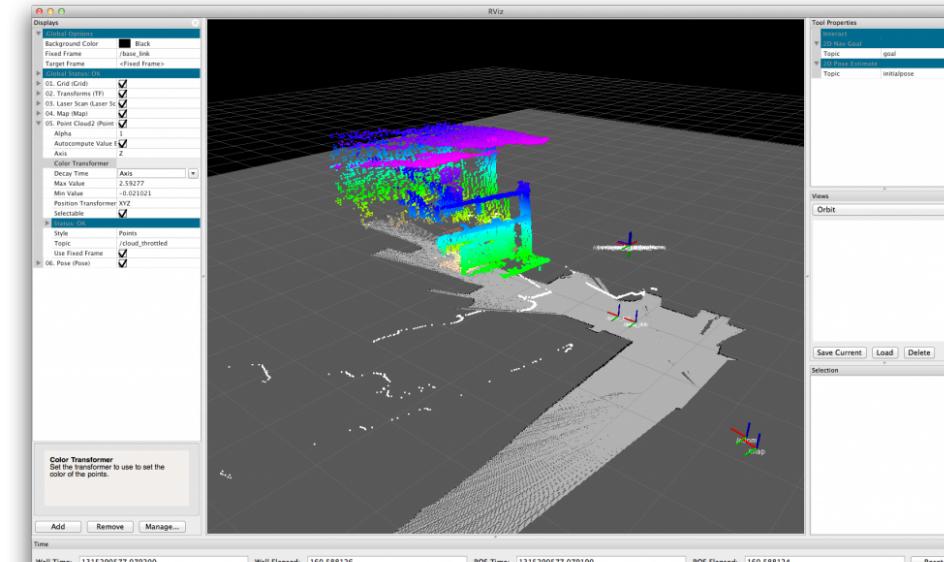
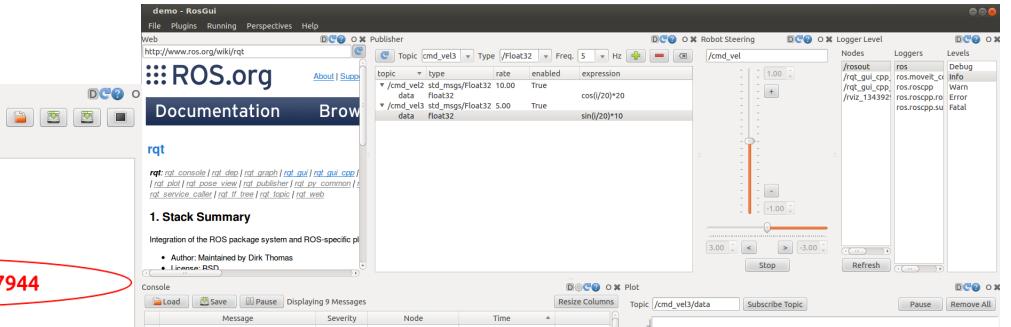


ROS Capabilities

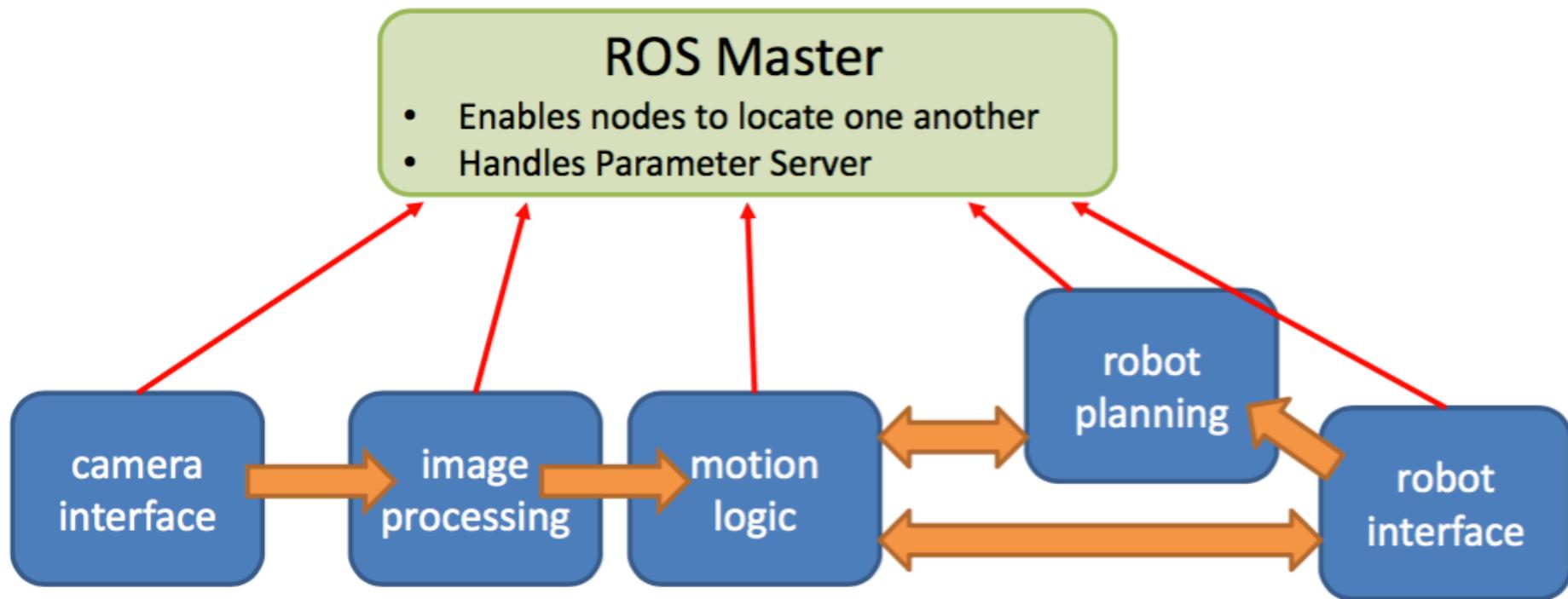


ROS Tools

Visualization, debugging and diagnostics, logging, and simulation



ROS: Nodes



Node: Program with a specific functionality, that runs as a single process.

Nodes communicate with other nodes using **topics** and **messages**

ROS: Topics

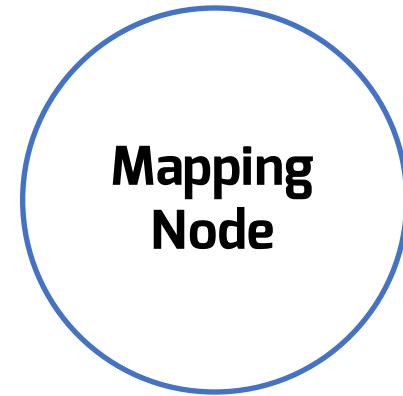
Topics are channels over which *nodes* exchange *messages*.

They are for **streaming data**



Publishes on topic: Scan

Scan [Topic]



hokuyo_node

Subscribes to topic: Scan

Publisher Node

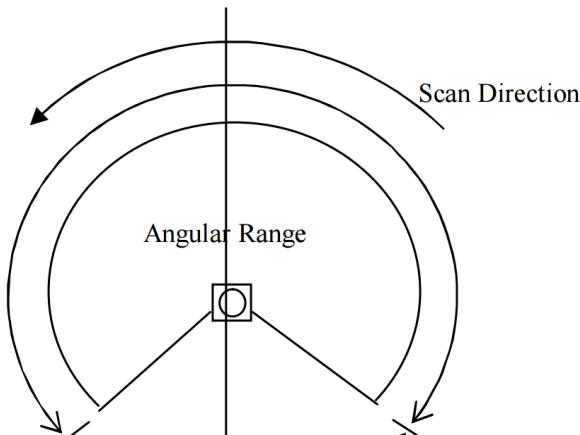
Subscriber Node

ROS: Messages

Messages are the strongly-typed **data structure** for a *topic*.



hokuyo_node



LaserScan [Message]

Scan [Topic]

Mapping Node

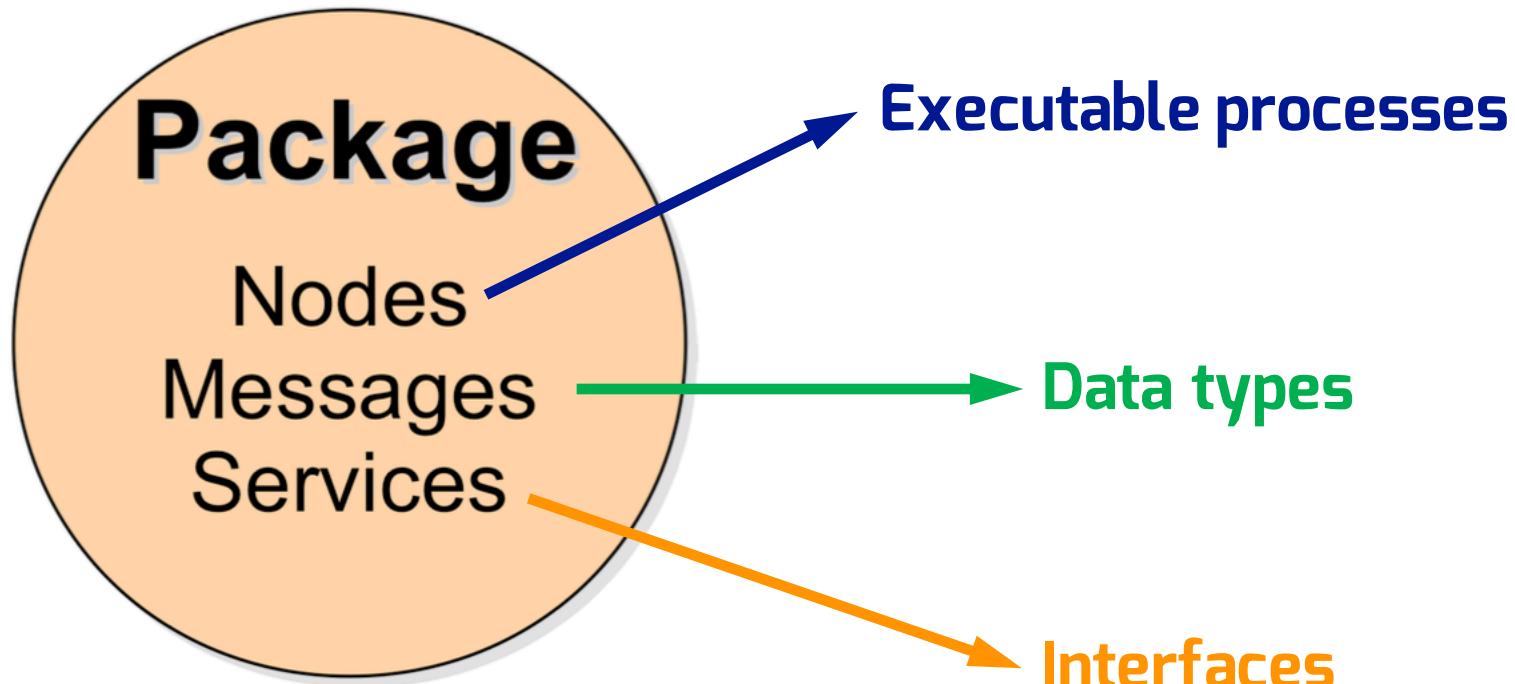
`std_msgs/Header` header
float32 angle_min
float32 angle_max
float32 angle_increment
float32 time_increment
float32 scan_time
float32 range_min
float32 range_max
float32[] ranges
float32[] intensities

Subscriber Node

ROS: Packages

Software in ROS is organized into **packages**.

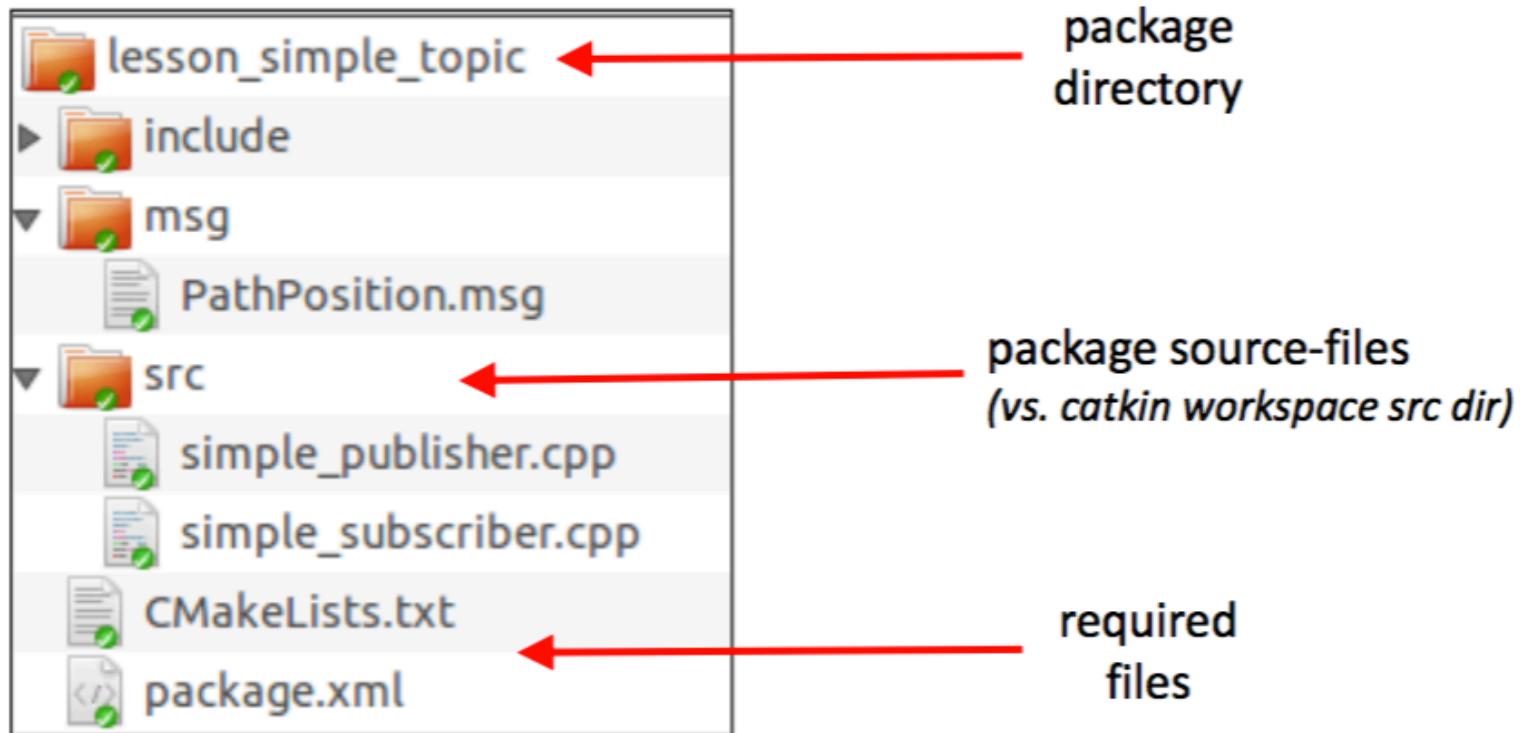
A **package** contains one or more **nodes**.



ROS: Packages

Packages contain several required files:

- `package.xml`
- `CMakeLists.txt`



package.xml

Name, description, author, license...

```
<package>
  <name>lesson_simple_parameters</name>
  <version>0.0.0</version>
  <description>The lesson_simple_parameters package</description>

  <!-- One maintainer tag required, multiple allowed, one person per tag -->
  <!-- Example:  -->
  <!-- <maintainer email="jane.doe@example.com">Jane Doe</maintainer> -->
  <maintainer email="jane.doe@example.com">Jane Doe</maintainer>

  <!-- One license tag required, multiple allowed, one license per tag -->
  <!-- Commonly used license strings: -->
  <!--  BSD, MIT, Boost Software License, GPLv2, GPLv3, LGPLv2.1, LGPLv3 -->
  <license>BSD</license>
```

package.xml

Dependencies:

- <build_depend> : Needed to compile the package.
- <run_depend> : Needed to run the package

```
<build_depend>roscpp</build_depend>
<build_depend>industrial_robot_client</build_depend>
<build_depend>simple_message</build_depend>

<run_depend>roscpp</run_depend>
<run_depend>industrial_robot_client</run_depend>
```

CMakeLists.txt

Rules for compiling and building the software.

`include_directories(include ${catkin_INCLUDE_DIRS})`

Adds directories to CMAKE include rules

`add_executable(myNode src/myNode.cpp src/widget.cpp)`

Builds program myNode, from myNode.cpp and widget.cpp

`target_link_libraries(myNode ${catkin_LIBRARIES})`

Links node myNode to dependency libraries

Basic ROS commands: **roscore**

roscore is the first thing that you should run when starting ROS.

```
$ roscore
```

Collection of nodes and programs that are pre-requisites of a ROS-based system.

It starts up:

- The ROS Master
- A rosout logging node.

Basic ROS commands: **rosrun**

rosrun executes a ROS node.

```
$ rosrun <package_name> <node_name>
```

Example

```
$ rosrun hokuyo_node hokuyo_node
```



Publishes on topic: Scan

Scan [Topic]

hokuyo_node

Basic ROS commands: **rosnode**

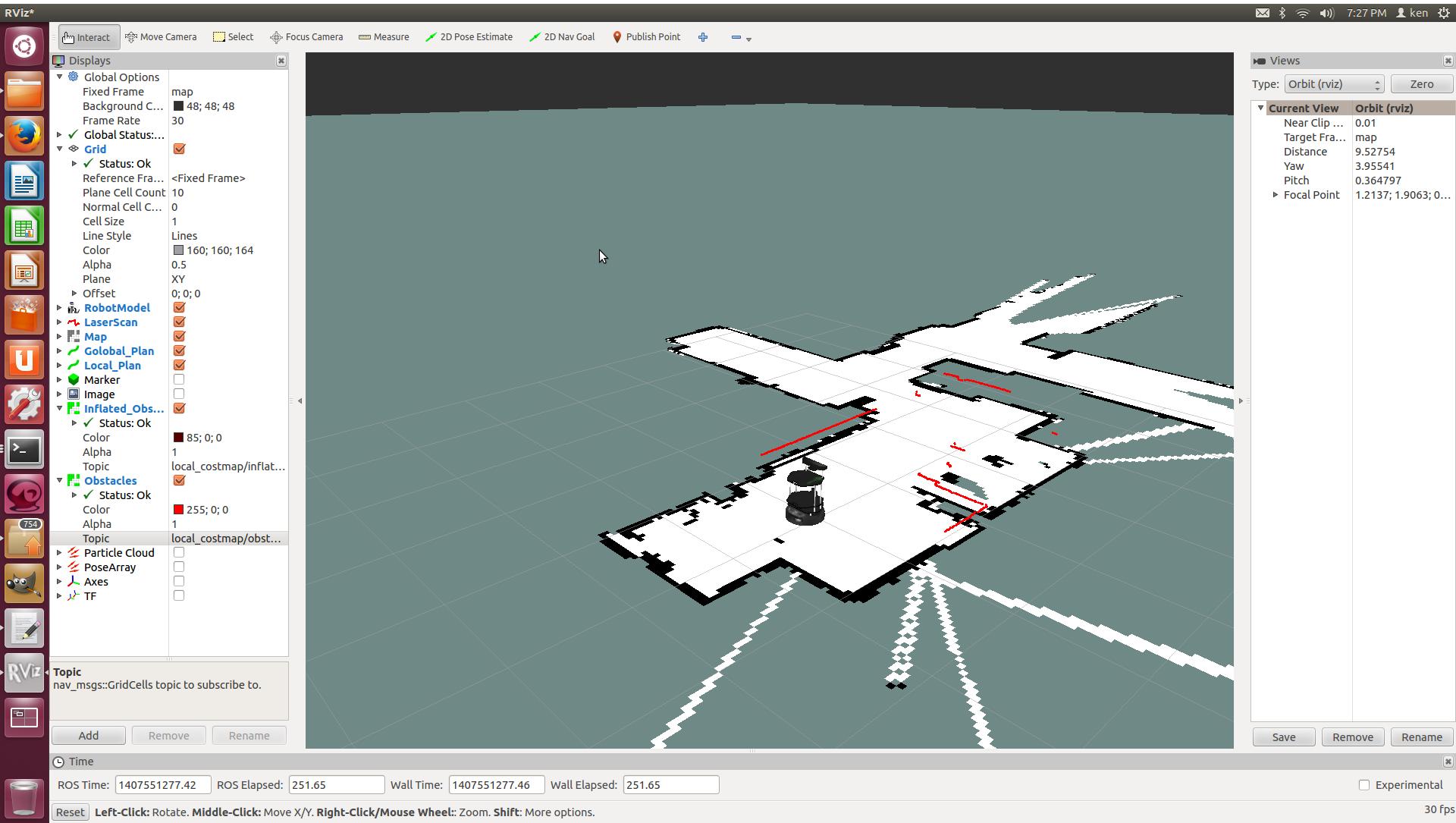
Command	Description
<code>rosnode list</code>	List all active nodes
<code>rosnode info node_name</code>	Display information about a node
<code>rosnode kill node_name</code>	Kill running node
<code>Rosnode ping node_name</code>	Test connectivity to an active node

Basic ROS commands: `rostopic`

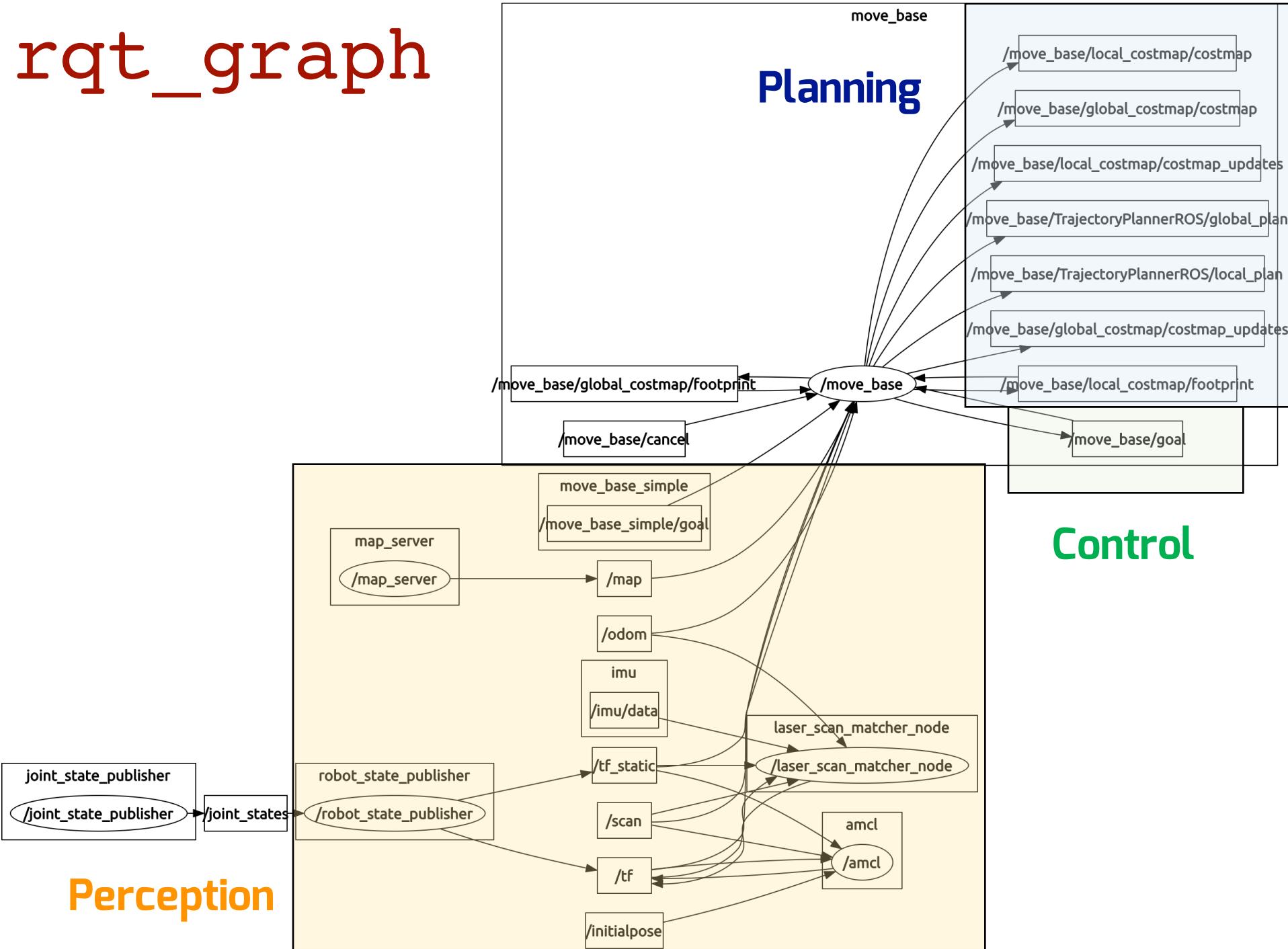
Command	Description
<code>rostopic list</code>	List all topics currently subscribed to and/or publishing
<code>rostopic info <topic></code>	Show topic message type, subscribers, publishers etc.
<code>rostopic echo <topic></code>	Echo messages published to the topic on the terminal window
<code>rostopic find <message_type></code>	Find topics of the given message type

3D visualization tool: rviz

```
$ rosrun rviz rviz
```



rqt_graph



But what about the turtles ?



Next time

TurtleSim

Keyboard Control

Practice Session 1