

Expressive distributed and concurrent aspects

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Outline

- 1 Motivation
 - Expressive aspects
 - Aspects for non-sequential systems
- 2 Aspects with explicit distribution (AWED)
 - Transactional replicated caching
 - Language
 - Prototype implementation
- 3 Concurrent Event-based AOP (CEAOP)

A simple AspectJ example

```
aspect UpdateSignaling {  
    pointcut change():  
        execution(void Point.setX(int))  
        || execution(void Point.setY(int))  
        || execution(void Shape+.moveBy(int, int));  
    after() returning: change() {  
        Display.update();  
    }  
}
```

AspectJ characteristics

- **Pointcuts**: match execution events (**joinpoints**)
 - Mostly atomic: denote (sets of) individual execution events
Exception `cflow`
- **Advice**: mainly full Java, `proceed`
- **Aspects**: extensive use of internal and base-program state
- Execution-related vs. static pointcuts (Inter-type declarations)
- Aspect **composition**: necessary for resolution of interactions
AspectJ: only ordering by `dominate`
- Aspect **instantiation**: coarse-grained

The case for AOP

- Crosscutting is a **real problem**
- **Not tractable by traditional means** (OOP, components, etc.), at least without serious re-architecturing
- Corresponding programming tasks are less explicit/**done manually without AOP**

The case against AOP

- AOP as a **low-level transformation** system
- **Beyond logging**, tracing, and monitoring?
- **Semantics?** (In)formal **property analysis/verification**?
 - Properties involve base program, pointcuts, advice, non-local state of aspects and base program
- One reason: reliance on **atomic pointcuts** (e.g. AspectJ's)

Expressive aspect languages: towards robust AOP

- Make **explicit relationships** between execution events
Eliminate use of non-local state
- Means
 - **Richer pointcut languages**
Regular aspects, temporal logic-based aspects, logic pointcuts, etc.
 - **Domain-specific** sublanguages in pointcuts and advice

Aspects and non-sequential systems

- **Large applications**
- Large number of **different concerns** (distribution, persistence, transactions, etc.)
- **Crosscutting equally important** in concurrent and distributed systems than in sequential ones

State-of-the-art

- Surprisingly **few work**
- Predominant approach libraries, etc.
 - **Sequential AOP system with existing infrastructure** for distribution, concurrency
 - Ex.: Spring AOP, JBoss AOP
- Atomic pointcuts, no distribution-centric abstractions: subject to **same expression and correctness problems** than sequential AO programs

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Concurrent Event-based AOP (CEAOP)

Transactional replicated caches

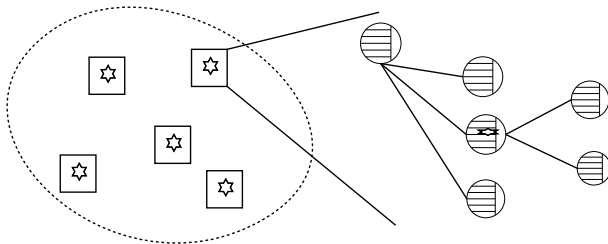


Figure: a) Replicated Caches

b) Zoom of Data structure

- Cache **data structure** deployed on each node
- Data **replication** under control of **transactions**

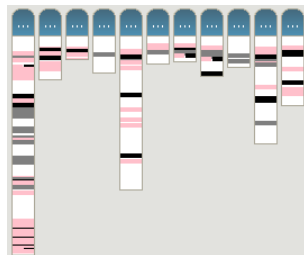
Ex.: JBoss cache (version 1.2)

JBoss cache:

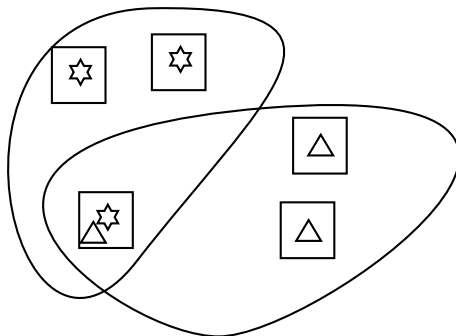
- Crosscutting concerns:
replication,
transactions,
interception filter

Problems:

- **Refactor** replication of transactions
- **Extend** replication policy



Ex.: support cache evolution



- **Don't replicate unnecessarily** huge objects
- Replicate only in case of **interest**

Modularization of distribution concerns

Distribution-specific aspect abstractions:

- Detection of remote events
- Remote execution of code
- Support for distributed state
- Distributed deployment of code

AWED language

- **Remote pointcuts**

- References to remote hosts: `host`, `on`
- Sequence pointcuts: `seq`, `step`

- **Remote advice**

- Asynchronous and synchronous execution: `syncex`
- Synchronization between interacting advice using futures

- **Distributed aspects**

- Deployment: `single` and `all`
- Instantiation: *e.g.*, `perthread`, `perbinding...`
- State sharing: *e.g.*, `global`, `group(Group)`

- See [Benavides et al., AOSD'06], [Benavides et al., DOA'06]

Remote pointcuts examples

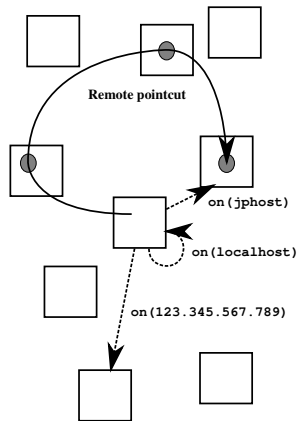
Replication pointcuts for a replicated cache application:

- Using the `host` pointcut:

```
call(* Cache.put(Object,Object))  
  && !host(localhost)
```

- Using the `on` pointcut:

```
call(* Cache.put(Object,Object))  
  && !on(jphost)
```



AWED sequence examples

Replication protocol for a lazy replicated cache (delimit via start/stop)

pointcut replPolicy(String key, Object o):

replS: **seq**(s1: startCache() → s3 || s2,
s2: cachePut(key, o) → s3 || s2,
s3: stopCache() → s1)

pointcut putVal(String key, Object o):

step(replS, s2) && **args**(key, o)

Remote Advice

- 2 synchronization **modes**: a/synchronous
Access to result managed using **futures**
- Management of **groups**
- Ex: replication advice:

```
before(String k, Object o):  
    localCachePut(k, o){  
        addGroup(k);  
        proceed();  
    }
```

Ex.: lazy replication aspect

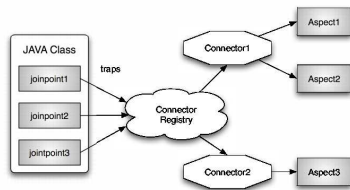
```
all aspect CacheReplication{
  pointcut cachePcut(Object key, Object o):
    call(* Cache.put(Object, Object))
    && args(key,o) && !on(jphost)
    && !within(CacheReplication);

  before(String k, Object o):
    cachePcut(k, o) && on(k){
      Cache.getInstance().put(k, o);
    }
}
```

- Aspect deployed on all hosts
- Matches `put` method in all remote hosts in the group of interest of value `k`
- Replicate call only if interest in that value

Implementation basis: JAsCo Infrastructure

- Tool from SSEL group at Free University of Brussels
- **Dynamic** aspect weaver for **Java**
- Supports **sequence pointcuts**
- **Connector registry** for managing aspect compositions



DJAsCo Infrastructure

- One connector registry per host
- Aspects/Connectors registered in connector registries
- **Joinpoints** propagated among connector registries

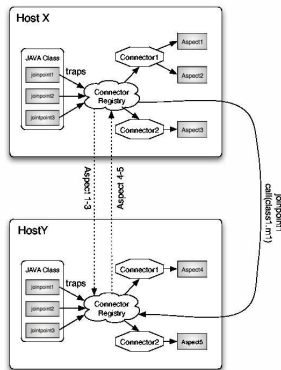


Figure: DJAsCo architecture.

Overview of implementation of features

- Remote pointcuts: JP propagation using **JGroups**
- Cflow: **customized sockets**
- Remote Sequences: extension of **JAsCo sequences**
- Remote advice: Based on **activation of deployed aspects**
- Aspect distribution: **Connector distribution** using JGroups
- Aspect state sharing, parameter passing: **AWED aspects**

On-going applications

- **Web services** [Benavides et al., DOA'06]

- Distributed web services composition
- Use AWED for client-side concern integration
- Cooperation with SSEL group from VUB

- **Toll systems**

- Use aspects for dynamic adaptation of server-side and client-side code
- Cooperation with Siemens AG, Munich, Germany

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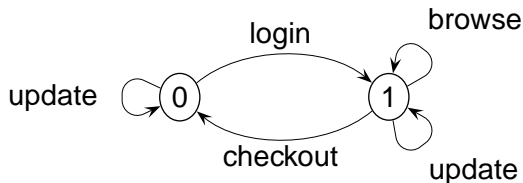
Aspects for concurrency

- Few previous approaches
 - Christa Videira Lopes (now UCLA): COOL
Aspects define mutual exclusion relationships on base methods
 - James H. Andrew (U. Waterloo): aspects as concurrent processes
 - Use of **sequential AO systems** with concurrency libraries
- Problems
 - Several aspects not considered
 - No aspect composition

Concurrent Event-based AOP (CEAOP)

- Definition of base and aspects as **Finite State Processes (FSP)**
- Pointcuts: FSP expressions
- **Synchronization in terms of the aspect structure:**
 - Advice structure: before - **proceed/skip** - after
 - Aspect composition at one execution event
 - Synchronize on **proceed/skip**
 - Execute before, after parts sequentially or concurrently
- **Composition operators** for flexible synchronization
- **Formal weaver definition**
- **Property verification** using Labelled transition system analyzer (LTSA)
- **Prototype** implementation in Java
- See [Douence et al., GPCE'06]

Ex.: model of simple e-commerce program



- (0) Server = login \rightarrow InSession
 | update \rightarrow Server,
- (1) InSession = checkout \rightarrow Server
 | update \rightarrow InSession,
 | browse \rightarrow InSession.

Aspect interaction and synchronization

- Ex. consistency aspect: suppress updates (price changes) in sessions

$$\mu a. (\mathbf{login}; \mu a'. ((\mathbf{update} \triangleright \mathbf{skip} \ \mathbf{log}; a') \sqcap (\mathbf{checkout}; a)))$$
- Ex. safety aspect: rehash and backup views after updates

$$\mu a''. (\mathbf{update} \triangleright \mathbf{rehash} \ \mathbf{proceed} \ \mathbf{backup}; a'')$$
- **Interactions on common execution events**
 Here: **update** events within sessions
- **Composition: synchronize parts of advice** in case of interactions
 Here: backup and logging can be executed concurrently

Instrumentation

- Instrument aspects and base program with **synchronization events**
- Goal: compose aspects and base with common parallel composition
- Ex.: Instrumentation of consistency aspect

$$a = (\text{login} \rightarrow a' \\ | \text{eventB_update} \rightarrow \text{proceedB_update} \rightarrow \text{proceedE_update} \rightarrow \text{eventE_update} \rightarrow a \\ | \text{checkout} \rightarrow a \mid \text{browse} \rightarrow a),$$

$$a' = (\text{eventB_update} \rightarrow \text{skipB_update} \rightarrow \text{skipE_update} \rightarrow \text{log} \rightarrow \text{eventE_update} \rightarrow a' \\ | \text{checkout} \rightarrow a \\ | \text{browse} \rightarrow a' \mid \text{login} \rightarrow a').$$

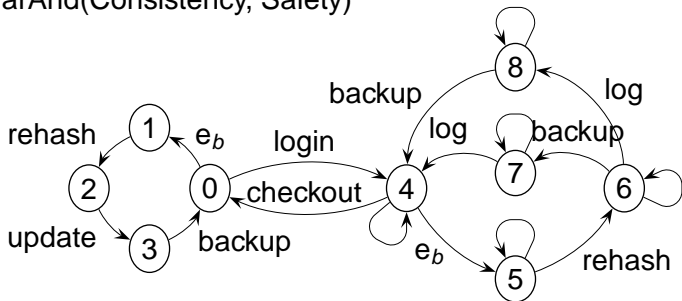
Composition operators: ex. ParAnd

- Concurrent before, concurrent after, proceed base iff both aspects proceed

- Def. (event renaming missing)

$$\begin{aligned}
 & (\text{skipB_e1} \rightarrow (\text{skipB_e2} \rightarrow \text{skipB_e} \rightarrow \text{skipE_e} \rightarrow \text{skipE_e1} \rightarrow \text{skipE_e2} \rightarrow \text{ParAnd} \\
 & \quad | \text{proceedB_e2} \rightarrow \text{skipB_e} \rightarrow \text{skipE_e} \rightarrow \text{skipE_e1} \rightarrow \text{proceedE_e2} \rightarrow \text{ParAnd}) \\
 & | \text{proceedB_e1} \rightarrow (\text{skipB_e2} \rightarrow \text{skipB_e} \rightarrow \text{skipE_e} \rightarrow \text{skipE_e2} \rightarrow \text{proceedE_e1} \rightarrow \text{ParAnd} \\
 & \quad | \text{proceedB_e2} \rightarrow \text{proceedB_e} \rightarrow \text{proceedE_e} \rightarrow \text{proceedE_e1} \rightarrow \text{proceedE_e2} \rightarrow \text{ParAnd})).
 \end{aligned}$$

- Ex.: ParAnd(Consistency, Safety)



Properties

- Safety properties
- Absence of deadlock
- Liveness
- General properties of operators, such as associativity

Conclusion

- Expressive aspects as means to tackle drawbacks of AOP
- Distributed and concurrent applications are subject to numerous crosscutting concerns.
- AOP should be useful for their modularization
- Currently, few approaches: no domain-specific support, correctness difficult to evaluate
- AWED as model for distributed AOP
Remote pointcuts, remote advice, distributed aspects
- CEAOP
Synchronization among aspects and base, composition operators, tool-based property support

Future work

- AWED
 - Composition operators
 - Formal semantics, property support
 - Introduce causality guarantees for distributed aspects
- CEAOP
 - Extend use of composition operators
 - Efficient implementation in mainstream languages

Further information

- <http://www.emn.fr/sudholt>
- **AWED:**
<http://www.emn.fr/x-info/lbenavid/awed.html>
- **CEAOP:** <http://www.emn.fr/x-info/eaop/ceaop.html>