**Jonathan Garita**

University of Texas at Austin Citizenship: Costa Rica

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| Education | | | |
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|  | Ph.D. Candidate, Economics, University of Texas at Austin, 2016-2021 (Expected) | | |
|  | Dissertation Title: *“Essays on the Economic Incidence of Minimum Wage Policies*” | | |
|  | M.S., Economics, University of Texas at Austin, 2018 | | |
|  | Lic., Economics, University of Costa Rica, Honors, 2012 | | |
|  | B.A., Economics, University of Costa Rica, 2011 | | |
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| References | | | |
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|  | Aysegul Sahin (Co-Chair) | | Andreas I. Mueller (Co-Chair) |
|  | Department of Economics | | Department of Economics |
|  | University of Texas at Austin | | University of Texas at Austin |
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|  | Stephen Trejo | |  |
|  | Department of Economics | |  |
|  | University of Texas at Austin | |  |
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| Teaching and Research Fields | | | |
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|  | **Fields:** Macro-Labor Economics | | |
|  | **Sub-Fields:** Applied Microeconomics, Industrial Organization | | |
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| Honors, Scholarships, and Fellowships | | | |
|  | | | |
|  | 2020 | The Washington Center for Equitable Growth Doctoral Grant (US$15,000) | |
|  | 2020 | Graduate Student Data Grant, University of Texas at Austin | |
|  | 2018-2019 | Summer Research Fellowship, University of Texas at Austin | |
|  | 2016 | Graduate Student Fellowship, University of Texas at Austin | |
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| Research Experience and Other Employment | | | |
|  | | | |
|  | 2019 | Research Assistant for Professors Nitya Pandalai-Nayar and Christoph E. Boehm. | |
|  | 2014 – 2016 | Junior Researcher, Economic Research Department, Central Bank of Costa Rica | |
|  | 2013 – 2014 | Research Coordinator. Consejeros Económicos y Financieros S.A., Costa Rica. | |
|  | 2010 – 2013 | Research Assistant. Consejeros Económicos y Financieros S.A., Costa Rica. | |
|  | 2012 | Research Assistant, Institute for Research in Economic Sciences, University of Costa Rica | |
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| Teaching Experience | | | | |
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|  | | Summer 2020 | Probability and Statistics (MA)\*, Teaching Assistant for Professor James Scott, University of Texas at Austin | |
|  | | Spring 2020 | Economics of the European Union\*, Teaching Assistant for Professor Valerie Bencivenga, University of Texas at Austin | |
|  | | Fall 2018, 2020 | International Trade and Investment\*, Teaching Assistant for Professor Nitya Pandalai-Nayar, University of Texas at Austin | |
|  | | Spring 2018 | Energy Economics, Teaching Assistant for Professor Michael Sadler, University of Texas at Austin | |
|  | | Fall, 2017 | Introduction to Macroeconomics, Teaching Assistant for Professor Michael Sadler, University of Texas at Austin | |
|  | | 2013 | Introduction to Economics, Instructor, University of Costa Rica | |
|  | | 2011-2012 | Microeconomic Theory, Public Finance, Teaching Assistant, University of Costa Rica  \**Denotes classes for which I prepared and led regular review sessions* | |
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| Professional Activities | | | | |
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| **Conferences:** | | | | |
| 2020 | | | | Central Bank of Costa Rica, Ministry of National Planning and Economic Policy of Costa Rica, Workshop in Labor Economics-Trier University (Cancelled), Young Economists Symposium (presenter and discussant), Missouri Valley Economic Association, Empirics and Methods in Economics Conference 2020 (presenter and discussant), Econometric Society Winter Meeting 2020 (Scheduled) |
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| **Referee:** | | | | Journal of Econometrics |
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| Pre-Doctoral Work | | | | |
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| **Peer Reviewed Publications** | | | | |
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| * “Misallocation and Productivity in Costa Rica” (2018). OECD Economic Survey of Costa Rica: Research Findings on Productivity, OECD Publishing, Paris. *(With Alonso Alfaro-Urena)* * “Analysis of the transitional dynamics and duration of unemployment in Costa Rica.” Revista de Ciencias Económicas 32.2 (2014). *(With Juan Manuel Castro-Vincenzi and Mariana Odio)* * “Welfare Effects of Trade Liberalization in Costa Rica, 1995-2006” -In Spanish (2013) Revista de Ciencias Económicas 31.2 (2013). *(With Sergio Chacon and Alejandra Lobo)* | | | | |
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| Dissertation Chapters | | | |
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| “Minimum Wages and Firm Dynamics: Evidence From Costa Rica’s Occupation-Based System” (*Job Market Paper*) | | | |
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| This paper analyzes the impact of minimum wages on different margins of firm dynamics, using Costa Rica's occupation-specific minimum wage setting. To this purpose, I assemble rich administrative data covering the universe of workers and firms in the 2006-2017 period to construct firm-level exposure measures to the minimum wage policy, and estimate the impact of differential exposure to the minimum wage on firm outcomes at several year horizons. The analysis yields two important results: First, minimum wages induce firms to increase their labor shares, but with a negative and longstanding impact on their profitability. The positive effect on the labor shares moderates as firms reduce their employment levels and expand their capital stocks. Second, raising minimum wages increases firm exit and lowers firm entry, with an estimated adverse effect on employment of 0.8 percent due to the missing entrants associated with the policy. | | | |
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| “Minimum Wages, Firm Pay Policies, and Employment Flows” | | | |
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| This paper provides new evidence on the minimum wage impact on employment flows. I examine Costa Rica's distinctive occupation-based setting in which minimum wage adjustments are sizable and permanent. I construct firm-level minimum wage exposure measures and transition rates from administrative data from 2006-2017 to estimate short and longer-term responses to the policy. Results indicate that firms increase their pay premiums in compliance with the policy. However, higher minimum wages have a negative and longstanding impact on hiring rates and induce a temporary increase in separation rates. Still, the policy helps firms to retain workers from moving to other firms. I propose a wage-posting model featuring worker and firm heterogeneity and endogenous job creation to rationalize the results. | | | |
| “Minimum Wages and Capital-Labor Substitution” | | | |
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| This paper provides new evidence on the minimum wage impact on employment flows. I examine Costa Rica's distinctive occupation-based setting in which minimum wage adjustments are sizable and permanent. I construct firm-level minimum wage exposure measures and transition rates from administrative data from 2006-2017 to estimate short and longer-term responses to the policy. Results indicate that firms increase their pay premiums in compliance with the policy. However, higher minimum wages have a negative and longstanding impact on hiring rates and induce a temporary increase in separation rates. Still, the policy helps firms to retain workers from moving to other firms. I propose a wage-posting model featuring worker and firm heterogeneity and endogenous job creation to rationalize the results.  **Work in Progress** | | | |
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| “Endogenous Market Power and the Minimum Wage”  Skills    Programs: Stata, R, Matlab, Python (basic)  Languages: English (fluent), Spanish (native), French (basic) | | | |
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