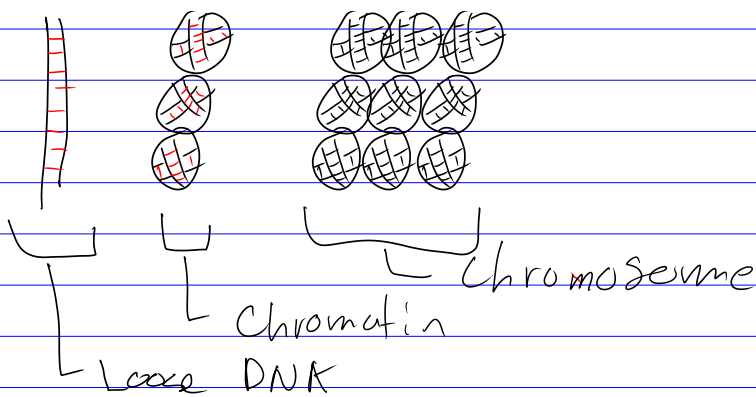


Lecture #3

3 things talked about last Thursday

1. Peoples drawings of DNA from the first lecture
2. RNA and its bases
3. DNA structure and its base pairs

A molecule of DNA

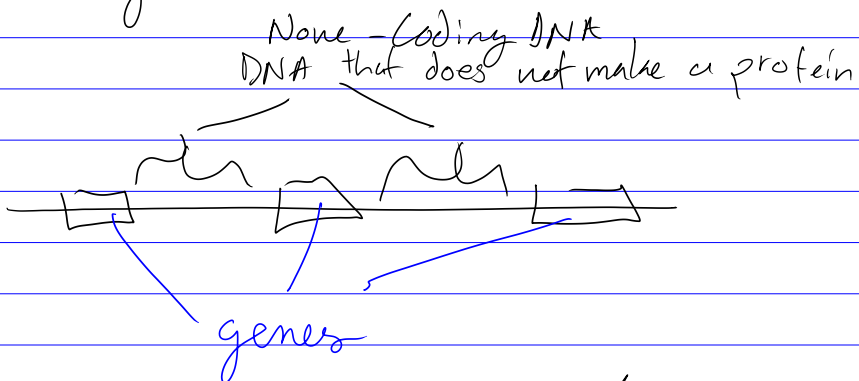


Genes

Gene - a segment of DNA

3 million base pairs in human genome
~ 21,000 genes

Average gene is 3,000 base pairs long.



98% of genome is non-coding DNA

1	A - T	Gene
2	T - A	
3	A - T	
4	G - C	
5	C - G	
6	A - T	Non Coding DNA
7	A - T	
8	T - A	
9	T - A	
10	G - C	
11	C - G	
12	C - G	
13	G - C	
14	T - A	
15	A - T	
16	G - C	
17	A - T	
18	A - T	
19	A - T	
20	C - G	

Cell Theory

Robert Hooke : applied term "cell"

Antonie Leeuwenhoek : first to see a live cell.

Theodor Schwann : disagreed with vitalism
all living things come from cells

Schleiden : Discovered nucleus

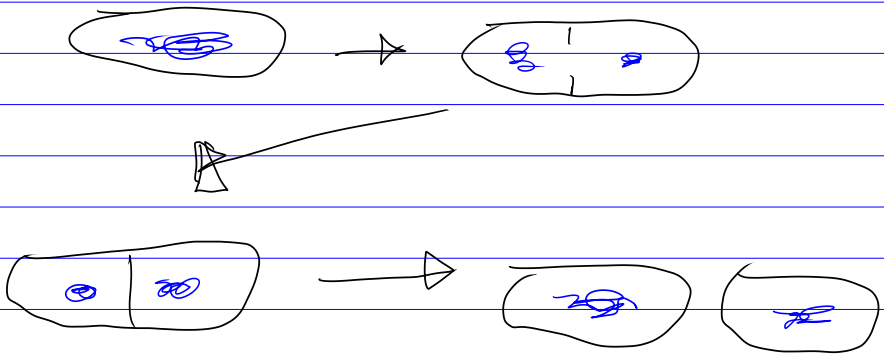
Virchow : Said cells come from pre existing cells

Cell Division:

- ↳ Asexual
- ↳ Sexual

Binary Fission:

- ↳ a type of asexual reproduction
- ↳ occurs in bacteria



Plant Reproduction

- ↳ asexual reproduction
- ↳ using cuttings

Regeneration:

- ↳ asexual reproduction
- ↳ regenerating form from a fragment

Sexual Reproduction

$$\text{egg} + \text{sperm} = \text{zygote}$$

sexual reproduction results in a genetically unique individual

■ Cell Cycle:

Interphase

↳ cell does its job and begins replicating DNA

Meiosis

↳ cell division

■ Cell Division

