

8.1. Inductance Calculator



$$H_\phi = \frac{I}{2\pi r}$$



$$\int_s B ds = \int_0^a B ds + \int_a^b B ds \Rightarrow \begin{cases} \frac{\mu I r}{2\pi a^2} & 0 < r < a \\ \frac{\mu I}{2\pi r} & a < r < b \end{cases}$$

$$\int_s B ds = \int_0^a \frac{\mu I r}{2\pi a^2} dr dz + \int_a^b \frac{\mu I}{2\pi r} dr dz = \mu I \left[\frac{1}{4\pi} + \frac{1}{2\pi} \ln \frac{b}{a} \right] dz$$

$$L = \frac{1}{I} \int_s B ds = \frac{\mu}{2\pi} \left[\frac{1}{2} + \ln \frac{b}{a} \right] dz$$



$$\int_s B ds = \int_{a-d}^a B ds + \int_a^b B ds \Rightarrow \begin{cases} \frac{\mu I r}{2\pi a^2} & a-d < r < a \\ \frac{\mu I}{2\pi r} & a < r < b \end{cases}$$

$$\int_s B ds = \int_{a-d}^a \frac{\mu I r}{2\pi a^2} dr dz + \int_a^b \frac{\mu I}{2\pi r} dr dz =$$

$$= \mu I \left[\frac{2ad - d^2}{4a^2\pi} + \frac{1}{2\pi} \ln \frac{b}{a} \right] dz = \mu I \left[\frac{2ad(1 - \frac{d}{2a})}{4a^2\pi} + \frac{1}{2\pi} \ln \frac{b}{a} \right] dz$$

$$\text{for } \frac{d}{a} \ll 1 \Rightarrow = \mu I \left[\frac{2ad}{4a^2\pi} + \frac{1}{2\pi} \ln \frac{b}{a} \right] dz = \frac{\mu I}{2\pi} \left[\frac{d}{a} + \ln \frac{b}{a} \right] dz$$

$$L = \frac{1}{I} \int_s B ds = \frac{\mu}{2\pi} \left[\frac{d}{a} + \ln \frac{b}{a} \right] dz$$

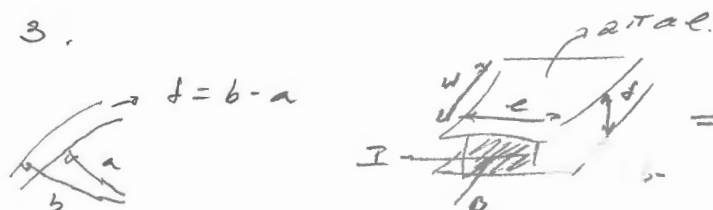
2. External inductance

$$B = \frac{\mu I}{2\pi r} \quad a < r < b$$

$$\int_s B \cdot ds = \int_a^b \frac{\mu I}{2\pi r} dr dz = \frac{\mu I}{2\pi} \ln \frac{b}{a} dz$$

$$L = \frac{1}{I} \int_s B \cdot ds = \frac{\mu}{2\pi} \ln \frac{b}{a} dz$$

3.



$$\Rightarrow L = \mu \frac{d}{w} l = \mu \frac{b-a}{w} l$$

for cylinder $w = 2\pi$

$$\int_s B \cdot ds = \int_0^l \int_a^b \frac{\mu I}{2\pi r} dr dz = \frac{\mu I}{2\pi} \ln \frac{b}{a} l$$

$$\text{for } \frac{d}{a} \ll 1 \Rightarrow \ln \frac{b}{a} \approx b-a$$

$$L = \frac{\mu}{2\pi} (b-a) l.$$