

- some manufacturers' cereals have much more sugar than others
- all of the cereals have a relatively low calorie count
- some of the cereals have a negative value for the "cups" field
- there is a wide range of sodium values
- some cereals have significantly more vitamins than others

To analyze this data, I used Microsoft Excel and manually looked through the data points to pick out trends, outliers, and other interesting information. I also played around with some different graphs to better understand the data.

The main issue I had with this method was that the data was somewhat disorganized. For example, the manufacturers were not all grouped together, with some (like "N") being at the bottom and separated from the rest of the cereals. It was also frustrating to manually count each of the manufacturers to see how many cereals each of them produce.

