## 2015 Qualifying Exam: Mathematics

Caution! Use separate answer books fo Math.-A and Math.-B.

## Math.-A

**Problem 1.** (10 points) Find the limits.

$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\sqrt{1 + \sin^2 x^2} - \cos^3 x^2}{x^3 \tan x}, \quad \lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\int_0^x \sin(xt^3) dt}{x^5}$$

**Problem 2.** (10 points) Determine the following limits if  $\lim_{x\to 0^+} f(x) = A$  and  $\lim_{x\to 0^-} f(x) = B$ 

$$\lim_{x \to 0^{-}} f(x^{2} - x), \ \lim_{x \to 0^{-}} \left( f(x^{2}) - f(x) \right), \ \lim_{x \to 0^{+}} f(x^{3} - x), \ \lim_{x \to 0^{-}} \left( f(x^{3}) - f(x) \right), \ \lim_{x \to 1^{-}} f(x^{2} - x)$$

**Problem 3.** (10 points) Find

$$\int \sin^5 x \cos^4 x \ dx.$$

**Problem 4.** (10 points) Find the solution by utilizing Laplace transformation:

$$y^{(2)}(t) + 3y^{(1)}(t) + 2y(t) = e^{-2t}, \ t > 0,$$

where  $y(0^-) = -2$  and  $y^{(1)}(0^-) = 1$ .

**Problem 5.** (10 points) Green's Formula says that

$$\oint_C \{Ldx + Mdy\} = \int \int_R \left(\frac{\partial M}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial L}{\partial y}\right) dxdy,$$

where C indicates the curve enclosing R, oriented counterclockwise. Let R be the region bounded by the counterclockwise rechtangle with vertices (1,1), (3,1), (3,2), and (1,2). Compute

$$\oint_C \{xydx + xydy\}$$