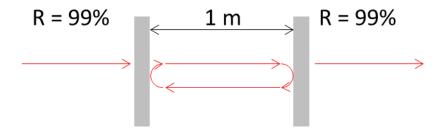
Due date: 3/28

- Calculate FSR of a cavity with length of 1 meter. Compare it with a cavity with length of 1 mm.
- I just bought a distributed feedback laser (DFB) laser with a linewidth of 2 MHz at 1550 nm. What is its coherence length?
- What does LASER stand for? State three main elements of laser.
- What is the difference between Finesse and Q-factor?
- What is the difference between spontaneous emission and stimulated emission?
- What does Population Inversion mean?



- What is the FSR of a cavity with 1-m length?
- If the reflectance of the cavity mirrors is 99%, what is its Q-factor at 1 um?
- What is its photon life time in the cavity?
- Assume a HeNe laser at 632.8 nm. The left mirror has a R1 (radius of curvature) of 2 m and a reflectance of 100%. The right mirror has a R2 of infinity and a reflectance of ≠ 100%. The distance between two mirrors is L = 1 m. The beam waist in the laser cavity is at the plane mirror (R2)
- Determine the spot size W_0 at the beam waist.
- Determine the laser-beam spot size W on the rear laser mirror.

- Determine the complex radius of curvature q(z) at z = 1
 m and z = 0 m.
- What is the half-angle beam divergence for this laser in the far field?
- When $\lambda = 500$ nm, $W_0 = 10$ um, and $z_0 = 1$ mm, what is the q-parameter at the focal point? If there is a lens with f=2 cm at z = 2 cm and z = 4 cm, what is the size and location of the second waist? Use ABCD law.
- We would like to couple light ($\lambda = 1,550 \text{ nm}$) into a single mode fiber (Corning, SMF-28e). Find an optimum condition. If you need a parameter, google it.