

2017 Qualifying Exam: Mathematics

Use separate answer books for Problems 1-5 (Math.-A) and Problems 6-8 (Math.-B)

Problem 1. (5 points) Find the limit

$$\lim_{y \rightarrow 0} \frac{y + \sin(2y)}{y\sqrt{y^2 + 2\sin(y) + 1} - \sqrt{\sin^2(y) - y + 1}}$$

Problem 2. (10 points) Find the solution by using Laplace transformation:

$$y^{(2)}(t) + 2y^{(1)}(t) + y(t) = e^{-t}$$

where $y^{(1)}(0) = 4$ and $y(0) = 2$.

Problem 3. (10 points) Express $f(x, y) = 3x^2y^2\cos(y)$ in the Taylor series expansion up to second order around $(x, y) = (2, 0)$. Note that the answer should be written in the following form:

$$f(x, y) = f(2, 0) + \begin{bmatrix} \cdot & \cdot \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \cdot \\ \cdot \end{bmatrix} + \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} \cdot & \cdot \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \cdot & \cdot \\ \cdot & \cdot \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \cdot \\ \cdot \end{bmatrix}$$

Problem 4. (10 points) Green's Formula says that

$$\oint_C \{Ldx + Mdy\} = \iint_R \left(\frac{\partial M}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial L}{\partial y} \right) dxdy,$$

where C indicates the curve enclosing R , oriented counterclockwise. Let C be the circle $x^2 + y^2 = 1$, oriented counterclockwise. Evaluate the following integral:

$$\oint_C \{(\cos(x^2) - y^2)dx + x^3dy\}$$

Problem 5. (15 points) There is an ellipse defined by $x = 4 \cos(t)$ and $y = 3 \sin(t)$.

(a) (5 points) Find the area enclosed by the ellipse.

(b) (10 points) Find the volume obtained by rotating the ellipse around the x -axis.