

EECE 588 Spring 2019 Homework 2

Due: 3/26/19: In Class (2:00 pm)

(Each problems are 25 points)

1. – The electric field pattern of an antenna is independent of ϕ , and varies across θ as follows:

$$E = \begin{cases} 1 & 0^\circ \leq \theta < 45^\circ \\ 0 & 45^\circ \leq \theta < 90^\circ \\ \frac{1}{2} & 90^\circ \leq \theta < 180^\circ \end{cases}$$

Determine the directivity of the antenna. Assume it is in free-space.

Hint: $U = \frac{r^2 |E|^2}{\eta}$, $D = \frac{4\pi U_{max}}{P_{rad}}$

2.

A ground-based helical antenna is placed at the origin of a coordinate system and it is used as a receiving antenna. The normalized far-zone electric-field by the helical antenna is given by

$$E_a = (j\hat{a}_\theta + 2\hat{a}_\phi) f_o(\theta_o, \phi_o) \frac{e^{-jkr}}{r}$$

A flying aircraft is transmitting towards the antenna (θ_o, ϕ_o) , which far-field electric field is given by

$$E_w = (2\hat{a}_\theta + j\hat{a}_\phi) f_1(\theta_1, \phi_1) \frac{e^{+jkr}}{r}$$

Determine:

1. The polarization of the helical antenna, and sense of rotation (if any)
2. The polarization of the transmitting aircraft, and sense of rotation (if any)
3. Polarization loss

Hint: For the polarization loss, use $PLF = |\hat{\rho}_a \cdot \hat{\rho}_w|^2$

3.

A half-wave dipole antenna is connected to a source of 150 MHz and 100 V, and has an internal resistance of 50 Ω . The antenna has an impedance given by $Z_A = 73 + j42.5 \Omega$, with an ohmic loss given by $R_L = 1.625 \Omega$.

Find:

1. The current going into the antenna
2. The power radiated by the antenna
3. The power dissipated (lost) by the antenna
4. The antenna efficiency

4.

A base station has a dipole antenna installed. It has a maximum directivity of 2.286 dB and has a power source capable of transmitting 10 W. The frequency of operation is 1,900 MHz. The station communicates with an unmanned terrestrial vehicle that drives about 1 km away, which has a dipole antenna with maximum gain of 5.286 dB. Calculate the maximum power transmitted from the station to the vehicle, assuming the antennas polarization matched, there are no matching/reflection losses, maximum efficiencies, and the antennas are pointed along the direction of maximum directivity.