Course outline





Side effects of dirty data

Course outline







Clean data

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Clean data

Chapter 1 - Common data problems

Why do we need to clean data?



Why do we need to clean data?



Why do we need to clean data?



Garbage in Garbage out

Data type constraints

Datatype	Example
Text data	First name, last name, address
Integers	# Subscribers, # products sold
Decimals	Temperature, \$ exchange rates
Binary	Is married, new customer, yes/no,
Dates	Order dates, ship dates
Categories	Marriage status, gender

Python data type
str
int
float
bool
datetime
category



Strings to integers

```
# Import CSV file and output header
sales = pd.read_csv('sales.csv')
sales.head(2)
```

```
SalesOrderID Revenue Quantity
0 43659 23153$ 12
1 43660 1457$ 2
```

```
# Get data types of columns
sales.dtypes
```

```
SalesOrderID int64
Revenue object
Quantity int64
dtype: object
```



String to integers

```
# Get DataFrame information
sales.info()
```

String to integers

```
# Print sum of all Revenue column
sales['Revenue'].sum()
```

'23153\$1457\$36865\$32474\$472\$27510\$16158\$5694\$6876\$40487\$807\$6893\$9153\$6895\$4216..

```
# Remove $ from Revenue column
sales['Revenue'] = sales['Revenue'].str.strip('$')
sales['Revenue'] = sales['Revenue'].astype('int')
```

```
# Verify that Revenue is now an integer
assert sales['Revenue'].dtype == 'int'
```

The assert statement

```
# This will pass
assert 1+1 == 2

# This will not pass
assert 1+1 == 3
```

AssertionError

assert 1+1 == 3
AssertionError:

Traceback (most recent call last)

Numeric or categorical?

```
... marriage_status ...
... 3 ...
... 1 ...
... 2 ...

0 = Never married 1 = Married 2 = Separated 3 = Divorced
```

```
df['marriage_status'].describe()
```

```
marriage_status
...
mean 1.4
std 0.20
min 0.00
50% 1.8...
```

Numeric or categorical?

```
# Convert to categorical
df["marriage_status"] = df["marriage_status"].astype('category')
df.describe()
```

```
marriage_status

count 241

unique 4

top 1

freq 120
```



Let's practice!

CLEANING DATA IN PYTHON



Motivation

movies.head()

```
movie_name avg_rating

The Godfather 5

Frozen 2 3

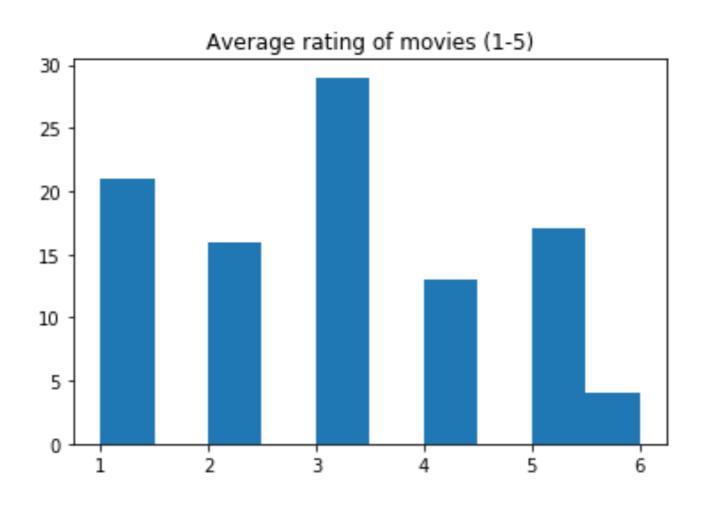
Shrek 4

...
```



Motivation

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
plt.hist(movies['avg_rating'])
plt.title('Average rating of movies (1-5)')
```





Motivation

Can future sign-ups exist?

```
# Import date time
import datetime as dt
today_date = dt.date.today()
user_signups[user_signups['subscription_date'] > dt.date.today()]
```

```
subscription_date
                                                          Country
                      user_name
          01/05/2021
                          Marah
                                                          Nauru
0
          09/08/2020
                         Joshua
                                                          Austria
          04/01/2020
                          Heidi
                                                          Guinea
3
          11/10/2020
                           Rina
                                                          Turkmenistan
          11/07/2020
                      Christine
                                                          Marshall Islands
4
          07/07/2020
5
                         Ayanna
                                                          Gabon
```

How to deal with out of range data?

- Dropping data
- Setting custom minimums and maximums
- Treat as missing and impute
- Setting custom value depending on business assumptions

Movie example

```
import pandas as pd
# Output Movies with rating > 5
movies[movies['avg_rating'] > 5]
```

```
movie_name avg_rating
23 A Beautiful Mind 6
65 La Vita e Bella 6
77 Amelie 6
```

```
# Drop values using filtering
movies = movies[movies['avg_rating'] <= 5]
# Drop values using .drop()
movies.drop(movies[movies['avg_rating'] > 5].index, inplace = True)
# Assert results
assert movies['avg_rating'].max() <= 5</pre>
```

Movie example

```
# Convert avg_rating > 5 to 5
movies.loc[movies['avg_rating'] > 5, 'avg_rating'] = 5

# Assert statement
assert movies['avg_rating'].max() <= 5</pre>
```

Remember, no output means it passed

Date range example

```
import datetime as dt
import pandas as pd
# Output data types
user_signups.dtypes
subscription_date
                     object
                     object
user_name
Country
                     object
dtype: object
# Convert to DateTime
user_signups['subscription_date'] = pd.to_datetime(user_signups['subscription_date'])
```



Assert that conversion happened

assert user_signups['subscription_date'].dtype == 'datetime64[ns]'

Date range example

```
today_date = dt.date.today()
```

Drop the data

```
# Drop values using filtering
user_signups = user_signups[user_signups['subscription_date'] < today_date]
# Drop values using .drop()
user_signups.drop(user_signups[user_signups['subscription_date'] > today_date].index, inplace = True)
```

Hardcode dates with upper limit

```
# Drop values using filtering
user_signups.loc[user_signups['subscription_date'] > today_date, 'subscription_date'] = today_date
# Assert is true
assert user_signups.subscription_date.max().date() <= today_date</pre>
```



Let's practice!

CLEANING DATA IN PYTHON



What are duplicate values?

All columns have the same values

first_name	last_name	address	height	weight
Justin	Saddlemyer	Boulevard du Jardin Botanique 3, Bruxelles	193 cm	87 kg
Justin	Saddlemyer	Boulevard du Jardin Botanique 3, Bruxelles	193 cm	87 kg

What are duplicate values?

Most columns have the same values

first_name	last_name	address	height	weight
Justin	Saddlemyer	Boulevard du Jardin Botanique 3, Bruxelles	193 cm	87 kg
Justin	Saddlemyer	Boulevard du Jardin Botanique 3, Bruxelles	194 cm	87 kg

Why do they happen?



Data Entry & Human Error

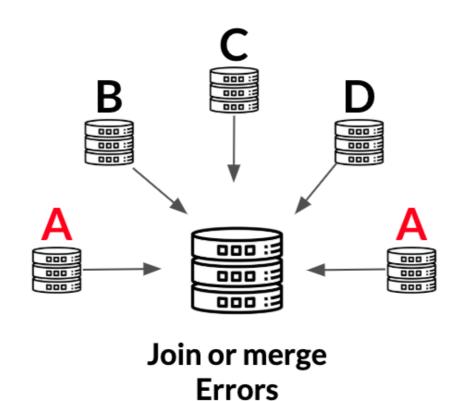
Why do they happen?





Why do they happen?







How to find duplicate values?

```
# Print the header
height_weight.head()
```

	first_name ⁷	last_name	address	height	weight
0	Lane	Reese	534-1559 Nam St.	181	64
1	Ivor	Pierce	102-3364 Non Road	168	66
2	Roary	Gibson	P.O. Box 344, 7785 Nisi Ave	191	99
3	Shannon	Little	691–2550 Consectetuer Street	185	65
4	Abdul	Fry	4565 Risus St.	169	65



How to find duplicate values?

```
# Get duplicates across all columns
duplicates = height_weight.duplicated()
print(duplicates)
```

```
1 False
... ...
22 True
23 False
... ...
```

How to find duplicate values?

```
# Get duplicate rows
duplicates = height_weight.duplicated()
height_weight[duplicates]
```

	first_name	last_name	address	height	weight
100	Mary	Colon	4674 Ut Rd.	179	75
101	l Ivor	Pierce	102-3364 Non Road	168	88
102	2 Cole	Palmer	8366 At, Street	178	91
103	3 Desirae	Shannon	P.O. Box 643, 5251 Consectetuer, Rd.	196	83

The .duplicated() method

subset: List of column names to check for duplication.

keep: Whether to keep first ('first'), last ('last') or all (False) duplicate values.

```
# Column names to check for duplication
column_names = ['first_name','last_name','address']
duplicates = height_weight.duplicated(subset = column_names, keep = False)
```



```
# Output duplicate values
height_weight[duplicates]
```

	first_name l	ast_name		address	height	weight
1	Ivor	Pierce		102-3364 Non Road	168	66
22	Cole	Palmer		8366 At, Street	178	91
28	Desirae	Shannon	P.O. Box 643, 5252	Consectetuer, Rd.	195	83
37	Mary	Colon		4674 Ut Rd.	179	75
100	Mary	Colon		4674 Ut Rd.	179	75
101	Ivor	Pierce		102-3364 Non Road	168	88
102	Cole	Palmer		8366 At, Street	178	91
103	Desirae	Shannon	P.O. Box 643, 5252	Consectetuer, Rd.	196	83

```
# Output duplicate values
height_weight[duplicates].sort_values(by = 'first_name')
```

```
height
                                                                        weight
    first_name last_name
                                                       address
22
          Cole
                  Palmer
                                                                   178
                                                                            91
                                               8366 At, Street
102
          Cole
                 Palmer
                                               8366 At, Street
                                                                   178
                                                                            91
       Desirae
28
                 Shannon P.O. Box 643, 5251 Consectetuer, Rd.
                                                                   195
                                                                            83
103
       Desirae
                                                                            83
                 Shannon P.O. Box 643, 5251 Consectetuer, Rd.
                                                                    196
1
                  Pierce
                                             102-3364 Non Road
                                                                   168
          Ivor
                                                                            66
                  Pierce
101
                                             102-3364 Non Road
                                                                   168
                                                                            88
          Ivor
37
                   Colon
                                                   4674 Ut Rd.
          Mary
                                                                   179
                                                                             75
                   Colon
                                                   4674 Ut Rd.
                                                                             75
100
          Mary
                                                                   179
```

```
# Output duplicate values
height_weight[duplicates].sort_values(by = 'first_name')
```

	first_name	last_name	address	height	weight
22	Cole	Palmer	8366 At, Street	178	91
102	Cole	Palmer	8366 At, Street	178	91
28	Desirae	Shannon	P.O. Box 643, 5251 Consectetuer, Rd.	195	83
103	Desirae	Shannon	P.O. Box 643, 5251 Consectetuer, Rd.	196	83
1	Ivor	Pierce	102-3364 Non Road	168	66
101	Ivor	Pierce	102-3364 Non Road	168	88
37	Mary	Colon	4674 Ut Rd.	179	75
100	Mary	Colon	4674 Ut Rd.	179	75



```
# Output duplicate values
height_weight[duplicates].sort_values(by = 'first_name')
```

	first_name	last_name	address	height	weight
22	Cole	Palmer	8366 At, Street	178	91
102	Cole	Palmer	8366 At, Street	178	91
28	Desirae	Shannon	P.O. Box 643, 5251 Consectetuer, Rd.	195	83
103	Desirae	Shannon	P.O. Box 643, 5251 Consectetuer, Rd.	196	83
1	Ivor	Pierce	102-3364 Non Road	168	66
101	Ivor	Pierce	102-3364 Non Road	168	88
37	Mary	Colon	4674 Ut Rd.	179	75
100	Mary	Colon	4674 Ut Rd.	179	75

```
# Output duplicate values
height_weight[duplicates].sort_values(by = 'first_name')
```

	first_name	last_name	address	height	weight
22	Cole	Palmer	8366 At, Street	178	91
102	Cole	Palmer	8366 At, Street	178	91
28	Desirae	Shannon	P.O. Box 643, 5251 Consectetuer, Rd.	195	83
103	Desirae	Shannon	P.O. Box 643, 5251 Consectetuer, Rd.	196	83
1	Ivor	Pierce	102-3364 Non Road	168	66
101	Ivor	Pierce	102-3364 Non Road	168	88
37	Mary	Colon	4674 Ut Rd.	179	75
100	Mary	Colon	4674 Ut Rd.	179	75



The .drop_duplicates() method

```
subset: List of column names to check for duplication.

keep: Whether to keep first ('first'), last ('last') or all (False') duplicate values.

inplace: Drop duplicated rows directly inside DataFrame without creating new object (True).
```

```
# Drop duplicates
height_weight.drop_duplicates(inplace = True)
```

```
# Output duplicate values
column_names = ['first_name','last_name','address']
duplicates = height_weight.duplicated(subset = column_names, keep = False)
height_weight[duplicates].sort_values(by = 'first_name')
```

	first_name	last_name					address	height	weight
28	Desirae	Shannon	P.O.	Box	643,	5251	Consectetuer, Rd.	195	83
103	Desirae	Shannon	P.O.	Box	643,	5251	Consectetuer, Rd.	196	83
1	Ivor	Pierce					102-3364 Non Road	168	66
101	Ivor	Pierce					102-3364 Non Road	168	88

```
# Output duplicate values
column_names = ['first_name','last_name','address']
duplicates = height_weight.duplicated(subset = column_names, keep = False)
height_weight[duplicates].sort_values(by = 'first_name')
```

	first_name	last_name		address	height	weight
28	Desirae	Shannon	P.O. Box 643, 525	1 Consectetuer, Rd.	195	83
103	Desirae	Shannon	P.O. Box 643, 525	1 Consectetuer, Rd.	196	83
1	Ivor	Pierce		102-3364 Non Road	168	66
101	. Ivor	Pierce		102-3364 Non Road	168	88

The .groupby() and .agg() methods

```
# Group by column names and produce statistical summaries
column_names = ['first_name','last_name','address']
summaries = {'height': 'max', 'weight': 'mean'}
height_weight = height_weight.groupby(by = column_names).agg(summaries).reset_index()
# Make sure aggregation is done
duplicates = height_weight.duplicated(subset = column_names, keep = False)
height_weight[duplicates].sort_values(by = 'first_name')
```

```
first_name last_name address height weight
```

