# New Song Listens Monthly from Spotify

October 27, 2021

# 1 Finding the Number of New Song Listens per Month

### 1.1 Modules

```
[1]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import json
import ast
```

### 1.2 Function Converting String Dictionaries to Literal Dictionaries

The JSON file containing the personal library information is a JSON file with nested objects. When the file is read, the entries are returned as string representations of a Python dictionary. This function is used to convert those string dictionaries to literal dictionaries and put it into an appropriate Pandas DataFrame format.

```
[2]: def strDictsToDF(strDicts):
         11 11 11
         Makes a new Pandas Dataframe object
         from the literal interpretation of another Dataframe
         containing string representations of Python dictionaries.
         To be used when parsing the YourLibrary.json
         Input: DataFrame of dictionaries represented as strings
         Output: DataFrame created from the literal interpretation of those string
      \hookrightarrow dictionaries
                       as actual Python dictionaries.
         for i in range (0, len(strDicts)):
             # The ast module allows literal interpretation of the string
      \rightarrow dictionaries
             temp_dict = ast.literal_eval(str(strDicts.loc[i][0]))
             # This is to find the dictionary keys which will be the column names.
             # However.
             if i == 0:
                  try:
                      output = pd.DataFrame(columns=temp_dict.keys())
                  except:
```

```
print("An exception occurred: Object of Nonetype found in first⊔
→position")
                return
       # Converts the dictionary values into literals and puts them into a_{\sf L}
\rightarrow dataframe row
       try:
           output.loc[i] = temp_dict.values()
       except:
           print("An exception occurred: Object of Nonetype found before
→expected end")
           break
   return output;
```

#### 1.3 JSON Filepaths

These two filepaths are for the two JSON files containing the required information to find new song listens each month.

```
[3]: streamingPath = 'my_spotify_data\MyData\StreamingHistory0.json'
     libraryPath = 'my_spotify_data\MyData\YourLibrary.json'
```

### 1.4 Read the streaming history JSON file

```
[4]: dataStream = pd.read_json(streamingPath)
     dataStream['minsPlayed'] = dataStream['msPlayed']/60000
     dataStream['UniqueID'] = dataStream['artistName'] + ':' +

     →dataStream['trackName']
     dataStream.head(5)
```

```
artistName \
[4]:
                 endTime
     0 2020-09-28 08:07
                                     Hikaru Utada
     1 2020-09-28 18:59 Past Gas by Donut Media
     2 2020-09-29 21:19
                                   Mamak Sessions
     3 2020-10-01 07:14
                                   Mamak Sessions
     4 2020-10-01 14:47
                                   Mamak Sessions
                                                trackName msPlayed minsPlayed \
     0
                         Automatic - Johnny Vicious Remix
                                                             225017
                                                                        3.750283
         The Murder of Racing Legend Mickey Thompson Pt.1
                                                            1587110
                                                                       26.451833
     1
     2 Episode 66 - From Giving Up, To Getting A NETF...
                                                          2934420
                                                                     48.907000
     3 Episode 66 - From Giving Up, To Getting A NETF...
                                                            927154
                                                                     15.452567
     4 Episode 66 - From Giving Up, To Getting A NETF...
                                                            91735
                                                                      1.528917
```

0 Hikaru Utada: Automatic - Johnny Vicious Remix

- 1 Past Gas by Donut Media: The Murder of Racing L...
- 2 Mamak Sessions: Episode 66 From Giving Up, To...
- 3 Mamak Sessions: Episode 66 From Giving Up, To...
- 4 Mamak Sessions: Episode 66 From Giving Up, To...

### 1.5 Read the nested your library JSON file containing multiple objects

The JSON file associated with the user's library is a JSON file with nested objects. There are several objects of varying length and can at some times be empty. In this code implementation, it's known that the object containing artists in a library is not empty. However, it is important to check for other objects if they are empty. This code is also only interested in the yourArtists section of the JSON file containing the library information.

```
[5]: dataLibrary = pd.read_json(libraryPath, orient='index')

# The index entries for tracks, albums, shows, episodes, bannedTracks, otheruare as follows: 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7

yourArtists = strDictsToDF(pd.DataFrame(dataLibrary.iloc[0]))
```

## 1.6 Processing the Data

Generate a new column in the yourArtists dataframe called, "UniqueID." This column is made by combining the artist and track columns with a semicolon splitting them. Then another column is made consisting of just the Spotify track URI, called, "track\_uri."

```
[6]: yourArtists['UniqueID'] = yourArtists['artist'] + ':' + yourArtists['track']
yourArtists_uri = yourArtists['uri'].str.split(":", expand=True)
yourArtists['track_uri'] = yourArtists_uri[2]
```

Find all unique artist names found in the yourArtists dataframe that was created. This will be used later to compare between if a streamed item is a Podcast or not, this will help determine new monthly listens of songs.

```
[7]: uniqueArtistNames = yourArtists['artist'].unique()
print(uniqueArtistNames)
```

```
['DJ Okawari' 'Deb Never' 'Daniel Caesar' 'Marc Rebillet' 'serin oh'
'TOKiMONSTA' 'Ella Mai' 'KYLE' 'Nieman' 'Dumbfoundead' 'Aminé'
'Porter Robinson' 'hushlush' 'Hermitude' 'Doja Cat' 'iri' 'Hikaru Utada'
'ASIAN KUNG-FU GENERATION' 'Khalid' 'MALIYA' 'Jeremy Passion' 'Mat Zo'
'Gavin Turek' 'Rina Sawayama' 'Kehlani' 'Indigo la End' 'MIKNNA' 'LOONA'
'BUMKEY' 'HEIZE' 'Run River North' 'Hyolyn' 'TWICE' 'Lianne La Havas'
'RADWIMPS' 'Flownn' 'BTS' 'King Princess' 'SHACHI' 'Tamia' 'Shawn Wasabi'
' "Snail's House" 'Andrés' 'Toploader' 'AUDREY NUNA'
'Passion Pit' 'ALLMO$T' 'Lake Street Dive' 'Victoria Monét' 'Mahalia'
'IO Echo' 'Carly Rae Jepsen' 'Louis The Child' 'mxmtoon' '88rising'
'Kero Kero Bonito' 'Andrew Huang' 'SATICA' '112' 'autumn keys' 'AKMU'
'Tyler, The Creator' 'Childish Gambino' 'ATARASHII GAKKO!' 'Awkwafina'
```

```
'Drake' 'Nadine Lustre' 'UMI' 'Melissa Polinar' 'Florence + The Machine'
'Lexie Liu' 'Covet' 'Afro Parker' 'Jay Park' 'Majid Jordan' 'Big Wild'
'The Head And The Heart' 'Home' 'Japanese Breakfast' 'Sarah Kang'
'Selah Sue' 'Yuna' 'MYRNE' 'Joe Hertz' 'Honey C' 'Tom Misch'
'Elayna Boynton' 'DOECHII' 'Alina Baraz' 'Vinida Weng' 'Samm Henshaw'
'POLKADOT STINGRAY' 'KANA-BOON' 'Azure' 'KEVIN WOO' 'XXXTENTACION'
'SG Lewis' 'MAX' 'Jessica Domingo' 'Jonas Blue' 'Lauv' 'Marc E. Bassy'
'Vickeblanka' 'OverDoz.' 'Masiwei' 'Dua Lipa' 'BIBI' 'Hayley Kiyoko'
'DANakaDAN' 'yama' 'Rexx Life Raj' 'Shawn Mendes' 'Usher' 'SAINTS'
'Kaskade' 'Labrinth' 'Kenshi Yonezu' 'Gareth.T' 'Tay Walker'
'Lost Souls Of Saturn' 'Kid Quill' 'Beyoncé' 'HONNE' 'The Voidz' 'Soovi'
'Wafia' 'Kero One' 'SHAUN' 'Kanye West' 'Cavetown' 'John Legend'
'Clara Benin' 'Curtis ( )' 'Calvin Harris' 'December Avenue' 'Tinashe'
'Madeon' 'Dijon' 'H.E.R.' 'Jubël' 'Skylar Spence' 'Quinn XCII' 'Lykke Li'
'Swardy' 'Seven Lions' 'Zion.T' 'Jessi' 'Dhira Bongs' 'Shiloh Dynasty'
'Amy Ahn' 'David So' 'Eva Noblezada' 'Katherine Ho' 'GSoul'
'Phoebe Bridgers' 'Weeekly' 'TAMTAM' 'Warren Hue' 'jeebanoff' 'Fiji Blue'
'Breakbot' 'Mizuki Ohira' 'Disclosure' 'BAYNK' 'Joyce Wrice'
'Ariana and the Rose' 'MARINA' 'TV Girl' 'Yang Da Il' 'sky' 'Jooyoung'
'Galdive' 'WILLOW' 'KIDS SEE GHOSTS' 'Estelle' '6LACK' 'Ric Wilson'
'BANKS' 'she9' 'Yayyoung' 'Ed Sheeran' 'Far East Movement' 'Cash Cash'
'Alicia Keys' 'NIKI' 'Arizona Zervas' 'Next Town Down' 'Wolftyla' 'HAIM'
'Moon Sujin' 'dvsn' 'Stevie Wonder' 'Ylona Garcia' 'Orla Gartland'
'keshi' 'Leon Bridges']
```

Generate a master dataframe which is based on the streaming history dataframe. Then create two new columns called, "In Library" and "Podcast." In Library is a column that consists of either 0s or 1s, if both the master dataframe and yourArtists contain the same UniqueID, then that means the track that was streamed is already in the library. Next, the Podcast column is used to determine if the streamed item is a song or a podcast. The artistName column in the master dataframe is compared with the list of uniqueArtistNames found. The list of uniqueArtistNames only list musical artists. Finally, the columns of "album," "UniqueID," and "track\_uri" from yourArtists are merged with the master dataframe.

In order to determine new song listens, the columns of "In Library" and "Podcast" of a given entry must be, 0. Once an entry is determined to be a new listen of a song, then the month when the song was listened to is found and recorded.

```
[9]: newListensMonthly = pd.DataFrame([[0,0], [0,0], [0,0], [0,0], [0,0], ___
      \rightarrow [0,0], [0,0], [0,0], [0,0], [0,0], [0,0]],
                                        index=['01', '02', '03', '04', '05', '06', '106']
      \rightarrow '07', '08', '09', '10', '11', '12'],
                                        columns=['2020', '2021'])
     totalMonthlyListens = pd.DataFrame([[0,0], [0,0], [0,0], [0,0], [0,0], [0,0], [0,0], [0,0], [0,0]
      \rightarrow [0,0], [0,0], [0,0], [0,0], [0,0]],
                                        index=['01', '02', '03', '04', '05', '06', '106']
      \hookrightarrow '07', '08', '09', '10', '11', '12'],
                                        columns=['2020', '2021'])
     newListensPerc = pd.DataFrame([[0,0], [0,0], [0,0], [0,0], [0,0], [0,0], [0,0], __
      \rightarrow [0,0], [0,0], [0,0], [0,0], [0,0]],
                                     index=['01', '02', '03', '04', '05', '06', '07', _
     \hookrightarrow '08', '09', '10', '11', '12'],
                                     columns=['2020', '2021']).astype(float)
     # Calculate how many new song listens occurred each month
     for i in range(0, len(dataTableau)):
         # End time expanded to [year, month, day hour:min]
         expandedTime = dataTableau['endTime'][i].split("-")
         if ((dataTableau['In Library'][i] == 0) and dataTableau['Podcast'][i] == 0):
             newListensMonthly[expandedTime[0]][expandedTime[1]] = ___
      →newListensMonthly[expandedTime[0]][expandedTime[1]] + 1
         elif (dataTableau['Podcast'][i] == 0):
             if ( expandedTime[0] == '2020'):
                  totalMonthlyListens[expandedTime[0]][expandedTime[1]] = ___
      \rightarrowtotalMonthlyListens[expandedTime[0]][expandedTime[1]] + 1
             elif( expandedTime[0] == '2021'):
                  totalMonthlyListens[expandedTime[0]][expandedTime[1]] = ___
      →totalMonthlyListens[expandedTime[0]][expandedTime[1]] + 1
         else:
             continue
     for i in range(0, len(newListensPerc)):
         if not newListensMonthly['2020'][i] is 0:
             newListensPerc['2020'][i] = (newListensMonthly['2020'][i]/
      →totalMonthlyListens['2020'][i])*100
         if not newListensMonthly['2021'][i] is 0:
             newListensPerc['2021'][i] = (newListensMonthly['2021'][i]/
      →totalMonthlyListens['2021'][i])*100
     totalMonthlyListens.rename(columns={'2020':'Total 2020', '2021':'Total 2021'}, __
      →inplace=True)
     newListensPerc.rename(columns={'2020': '% 2020', '2021': '% 2021'}, __
      →inplace=True)
```

```
newListensMonthly = pd.concat([newListensMonthly, totalMonthlyListens, □ → newListensPerc], axis=1)

newListensMonthly.head(12)
```

C:\SPB\_Data\.virtualenvs\Spotify\_Visualization-uYrJ5R7Z\lib\site-packages\ipykernel\_launcher.py:27: RuntimeWarning: invalid value encountered in longlong\_scalars
C:\SPB\_Data\.virtualenvs\Spotify\_Visualization-uYrJ5R7Z\lib\site-packages\ipykernel\_launcher.py:29: RuntimeWarning: invalid value encountered in longlong\_scalars

[9]:		2020	2021	Total 2020	Total 2021	% 2020	% 2021
	01	0	125	0	571	NaN	21.891419
	02	0	83	0	641	NaN	12.948518
	03	0	138	0	447	NaN	30.872483
	04	0	75	0	517	NaN	14.506770
	05	0	77	0	595	NaN	12.941176
	06	0	61	0	583	NaN	10.463122
	07	0	110	0	709	NaN	15.514810
	80	0	85	0	503	NaN	16.898608
	09	0	22	1	364	0.000000	6.043956
	10	80	0	453	0	17.660044	NaN
	11	45	0	277	0	16.245487	NaN
	12	64	0	426	0	15.023474	NaN

Initially, the columns for the DataFrame newListensMonthly is the format of a string that looks like a two digit number. This format is useful when trying to count how many new listens per month occur but this will be changed in the code below which is nicer to display on a plot.

```
[10]: newListensMonthly.rename(index={'01': 'Jan', '02': 'Feb', '03':'Mar', '04':

→'Apr', '05':'May',

'06':'Jun', '07':'Jul', '08':'Aug', '09':

→'Sept', '10':'Oct', '11':'Nov', '12':'Dec'}, inplace=True)
```

### 1.7 Plotting the Data

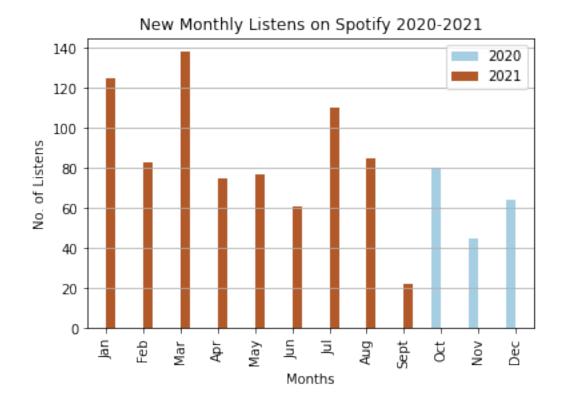
Plot a bar graph of new monthly song listens on Spotify for the given years on one plot.

```
[11]: newListensMonthly.plot.bar(y=['2020', '2021'], xlabel='Months', ylabel='No. of 

→Listens',

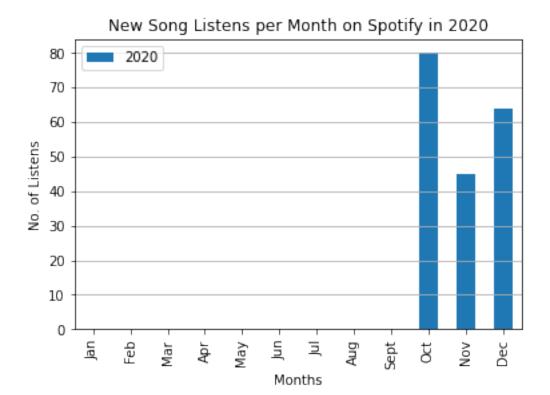
title='New Monthly Listens on Spotify 2020-2021', 

→colormap='Paired').grid(axis='y')
```



Plot a bar graph of the data from 2020.

```
[12]: newListensMonthly.plot.bar(y='2020', xlabel='Months', ylabel='No. of Listens', u title='New Song Listens per Month on Spotify in 2020').grid(axis='y')
```



Plot a bar graph of the data from 2021.

```
[13]: newListensMonthly.plot.bar(y='2021', xlabel='Months', ylabel='No. of Listens', u title='New Song Listens per Month on Spotify in 2021').grid(axis='y')
```

