A short tutorial on the octopus code

[Tutorial based on the 1.4 version] May 21, 2005



```
Running octopus, version 1.4
             (build time - Mon Jan 24 16:22:00 CET 2005)
               The octopus is swimming in g32 (Linux)
Info: Calculation started on 2005/01/26 at 19:01:22
Info: Octopus will run in 3 dimension(s)
Info: Octopus will treat system as periodic in O dimension(s)
Info: Boundary conditions: zero wave-functions
Info: Reading pseudopotential from file:
      '/home/alberto/software/octopus/1.4a/share/octopus/PP/TM2/N.ascii'
     Calculating atomic pseudo-eigenfunctions for specie N ....
Info: I = 0 component used as local potential
 Type = sphere
 Radius [A] =
                 5.000
 Spacing [A] = (0.180, 0.180, 0.180)
                                         volume/point [A^3] = 0.00583
 # inner mesh = 89727
 Grid Cutoff [eV] = 1160.595
Info: Derivatives calculated in real-space
Info: Local Potential in Real Space.
Info: Using FFTs with spherical cutoff
     to solve Poisson equation
Info: FFT allocated with size ( 125, 125, 125) in slot 1
Info: Poisson Cutoff Radius [A] = 11.250000
Info: Exchange and correlation
     Exchange : LDA - non-relat.
     Correlation: LDA - PZ81
Info: Allocating rpsi.
```

Info: Performing initial LCAO calculation.
Info: LCAO basis dimension: 4
Eigenvalues [eV]
#st Eigenvalue Occupation

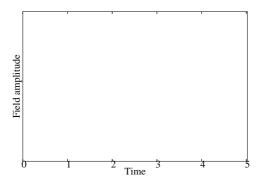
```
OutputWfs = yes
OutputWfsNumber = ''1-4''
OutputDX = yes
OutputAxisX = yes
OutputAxisY = yes
OutputAxisZ = yes
```

You will now notice that the convergence procedure is closed in only one iteration; the reason is that

Exercise 1:

 $\dagger\,$ You may investigate the e $\,$ ects of the di $\,$ erent SCF related va

o Next three columns (headed



```
SystemName="He"
Cal cul ati onMode = gs_start
Di mensi ons=2
NonI nteracti ngEl ectrons = yes
radi us = 10
spaci ng = 0.1
OutputWfs = yes
OutoutPl aneZ = yes
%Speci es
"He" | 4 | 1 | "-2/(1+x^2)^(1/2)-2/(1+y^2)^(1/2)+1/(1+(x-y)^2)^(1/2)"
```