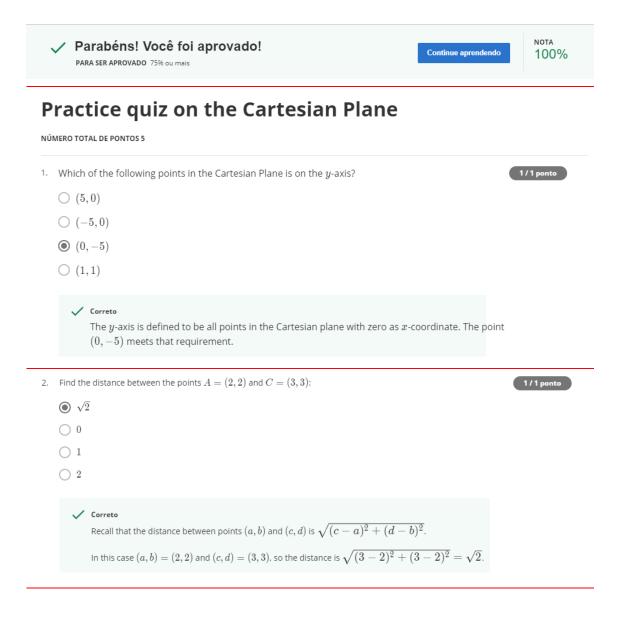


DATA SCIENCE MATH SKILLS COURSE

ANSWERS BY JHONATAS SILVA

WEEK 2 – Quizz 1





| 3 | Find the point-slope form of the equa | tion of the line that goes between | nA = | (1.1) |) and $B =$ | (5.3) |
|---|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------|-------|-------------|-------|

1/1 ponto

- y = \begin {align}\frac12 x \end {align}
- $y -1 = \lambda \{align\}$
- y 1 =\begin {align} \frac12(x-1)\end {align}
- y-3 =\begin {align}\frac12(x-1)\end {align}

✓ Correto

The point-slope form for the equation of a line with slope m that goes through the point (x_0,y_0) is $y-y_0=m(x-x_0)$

In this case, the slope $m = \lceil \{align\} \rceil = \frac{3-1}{5-1} = \frac{2}{n}$

We can choose either A or B for the point on the line, but in neither case do we get this chosen answer.

4. Which of the following points is on the line with equation:

1/1 ponto

- y-1=2(x-2)?
- \bigcirc (0,0)
- \bigcirc (3, 2)
- \bigcirc (2,1)
- \bigcirc (2,3)

✓ Corret

If we plug in 1 for y and 2 for x in the equation of the line, we make a true statement, 0 = 0, so this point lies on the line.

5. Suppose that a line ℓ has slope 2 and goes through the point (-1,0). What is the y-intercept of ℓ ?

1/1 ponto

- 2
- \bigcirc 0
- \bigcirc 1
- \bigcirc -1

✓ Correte

Recall that the y-intercept of ℓ is the y-coordinate of where ℓ hits the y-axis.

Since $(-1,0) \in \ell$, the point on ℓ with x=0 is obtained by running one unit from (-1,0) while rising two units.

This gives y=2 as the y-intercept.



Week 2 - Quizz 2



Parabéns! Você foi aprovado!

PARA SER APROVADO 75% ou mais

83.33%

Practice quiz on Types of Functions

NÚMERO TOTAL DE PONTOS 6

1. Suppose that $A=\{1,2,10\}$ and $B=\{4,8,40\}$. Which of the following formulae do **not** define a function f:A o B?

1/1 ponto

- $\bigcap f(1) = 4, f(2) = 4, \text{ and } f(10) = 4.$
- $\bigcirc \ f(a) = 4a$, for each $a \in A$
- $\bigcap f(1) = 4, f(2) = 40, \text{ and } f(10) = 8.$
- f(1) = 5, f(2) = 8, and f(10) = 40.



A function f:A o B is a rule which assigns an element $f(a)\in B$ to each $a\in A.$ In this case, unfortunately, $f(1) = 5 \notin B$.

2. Suppose that A contains every person in the VBS study (see the second video in the course if you're confused here!). Suppose that $Y = \{+, -\}$ and $Z = \{H, S\}$

0 / 1 ponto

Suppose that $T:A\to Y$ is the function which gives T(a)=+ if person a tests positive and T(a) = - if they test negative.

Suppose that D:A o Z is the function which gives D(a)=H does not actually have VBS and D(a) = S if the person actually has VBS.

Which of the following must be true of person a if we have a false positive?

- $\bigcirc T(a) = + \text{ and } D(a) = S$
- $lefter{}{}$ $T(a) = \operatorname{and} D(a) = H$
- $\bigcirc T(a) = \text{ and } D(a) = S$
- $\bigcirc T(a) = + \text{ and } D(a) = H$

Incorreto

This pair of function values corresponds to a false negative.



| 3 | Consider the function $g: \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}$ defined by $g(x) = x^2 - 1$. Which of the following points are not on the graph of g ? |
|----|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | \bigcirc $(-1,0)$ |
| | \bigcirc (1,0) |
| | \odot $(2,-1)$ |
| | $\bigcirc \ (0,-1)$ |
| | |
| | \checkmark Correto Recall that the graph of g consists of all points (x,y) such that $y=g(x)$. Here $g(2)=3 eq -1$, |
| | so the point $(2,-1)$ is \emph{not} on the graph of g . |
| | |
| 4. | Let the point $A=(2,4)$. Which of the following graphs does not contain the point A ? |
| | \bigcirc The graph of $f(x)=2x$ |
| | \bigcirc The graph of $s(x)=x^2$ |
| | \bigcirc The graph of $g(x)=x+2$ |
| | lacktriangledown The graph of $h(x)=x-1$ |
| | |
| | \checkmark Correto The graph of h consists of all points (x,y) such that $y=h(x)$. Here $h(2)=1 eq 4$, so the point |
| | (2,4) is <i>not</i> on the graph of h . |
| | |
| 5. | Suppose that $h(x)=-3x+4$. Which of the following statements is true? |
| | lacktriangledown b is a strictly decreasing function |
| | igcirc h is a strictly increasing function |
| | $\bigcirc \ \ h$ is neither a strictly increasing function nor a strictly decreasing function. |
| | All statements are correct |
| | ✓ Correto |
| | A function h is called strictly decreasing if whenever $a < b$, then $h(a) > h(b)$ |
| | Cinco the graph of h is a line with negative slape, this is in fact true! |
| | Since the graph of h is a line with negative slope, this is in fact true! |
| 6. | Suppose that $f:\mathbb{R}	o\mathbb{R}$ is a strictly increasing function, with $f(3)=15$ |
| | |
| | Which of the following is a possible value for $f(3.7)$? |
| | Which of the following is a possible value for $f(3.7)$? |
| | |
| | ● 17○ -3 |
| | |
| | ● 17○ -3○ 14.7 |
| | ● 17 ○ -3 ○ 14.7 ○ 3 |
| | ● 17 ○ -3 ○ 14.7 ○ 3 |







Continue aprendendo

пота 100%

| NO | Graded quiz on Cartesian Plane and Types of Function NOTA DO ENVIO MAIS RECENTE 100% | | |
|----|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|
| 1. | Which of the following points in the Cartesian Plane have positive x -coordinate and negative y -coordinate? | | |
| | $\bigcirc (-4,5)$ $\bigcirc (7,-1)$ $\bigcirc (0,0)$ $\bigcirc (5,7)$ | | |
| | \checkmark Correto | | |
| 2. | Which of the following points is in the first quadrant of the Cartesian Plane? $ \bigcirc \ (-5,1) \\ \bigcirc \ (-4,-7) \\ \Large \odot \ (7,11) \\ \bigcirc \ (5,-1) $ | | |
| | Correto The first quadrant is defined to be all points in the Cartesian plane whose coordinates are both positive. | | |
| 3. | Let A,B,C,D be points in the Cartesian Plane, and let the set $S=\{B,C,D\}$ Suppose that the distances from A to B,C,D are $5.3,2.1$, and 11.75 , respectively. Which of the following points is the nearest neighbor to the point A in the set S ? | | |
| | ○ A ○ B ⑥ C ○ D | | |
| | \checkmark Correto $ \hbox{The distance from A to C is 2.1 and that is smaller than the distance from A to any other element of S.} $ | | |



4. Find the distance between the points A=(2,2) and B=(-1,-2).

1/1 ponto

- O 25
- 5
- 0 1
- \bigcirc -25
 - / Corret

Recall that the distance between points (a,b) and (c,d) is $\sqrt{(c-a)^2+(d-b)^2}$

In this case we have:

$$\sqrt{(-1-2)^2 + (-2-2)^2} = \sqrt{(-3)^2 + (-4)^2} = \sqrt{25} = 5$$

5. Find the slope of the line segment between the points A=(0,1) and B=(1,0).

1/1 ponto

- \bigcirc 1
- $\bigcirc \sqrt{2}$
- \bigcirc 0
 - ✓ Correto

The slope of this line segment is $\left(\frac{0-1}{1-0} = -1\right) = -1$

6. Find the point-slope form of the equation of the line with slope -2 that goes through the point (5,4).

1/1 ponto

- y 5 = -2(x 4)
- \bigcirc (5,4)
- y 4 = 2(x 5)
- y-4=-2(x-5)

✓ Correto

The point-slope form for the equation of a line with slope m that goes through the point (x_0,y_0) is $y-y_0=m(x-x_0)$.

In this case, the slope m=-2 is given and the point (5,4) on the line is given.



7. Which of the following equations is for a line with the same slope as y=-3x+2?

1/1 ponto

- y = -3x 8
- 0 y = 5x + 2
- $\bigcirc y = 8x 3$
- $\bigcirc y = 5x$



The slope-intercept formula for a line is y=mx+b, where m is the slope and b is the y-coordinate of the point where the line hits the y-axis.

This line has slope m=-3 which is the same slope as the given line.

8. Which of the following equations is for a line with the same y-intercept as y=-3x+2?

1/1 ponto

- y = 8x 3
- $\bigcirc y = 5x$
- y = -3x 8



The the slope-intercept formula for a line is y=mx+b, where m is the slope and b is the y-coordinate of the point where the line hits the y-axis. This line has a y-intercept of 2 which is the same as the given line.

9. How many lines contain both the point A=(1,1) and the point B=(2,2)?

1/1 ponto

- \bigcirc 2
- O None
- o infinitely many
- 1



The line with equation y=x is the one and only line that meets the stated requirements.



| 0. Suppose that we have two sets, $A=\{a,b\}$ and $Z=\{x,y\}$. How many diff $A	o Z$ are possible? | erent functions $F:$ 1/1 ponto |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| O 1 | |
| There are infinitely many | |
| | |
| ○ There are none | |
| \checkmark Correto $ 	ext{A function } F: A 	o Z 	ext{ is a rule which assigns an element } F(a) \in Z $ | to each element $a \in A.$ |
| There are two elements in A ; namely, a and b . For each of these elements assignment choices we could make: x and y . | ents, there are two |
| Here are the four possible functions: | |
| F(a)=x, F(b)=y , OR | |
| F(a)=y, F(b)=x , OR | |
| F(a)=x, F(b)=x, OR | |
| F(a) = y, F(b) = y. | |
| | |
| $^{1}\cdot$ How many graphs contain both the point $A=(0,0)$ and the point $B=(1$ | 1) 1/1 ponto |
| | |
| O 2 | |
| 2 Infinitely many | |
| | |
| | |
| Infinitely many1 | contain both A and B |
| | |
| Infinitely many1None | |
| Infinitely many $\bigcirc 1$ $\bigcirc \text{ None}$ $\checkmark \text{ Correto}$ $\text{ The graphs of } f(x) = x, g(x) = x^2, h(x) = x^3, s(x) = x^4, \dots \text{ all}$ $12. \text{ Suppose that } g: \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R} is a continuous function whose graph intersects the suppose of the su$ | |
| | |
| Infinitely many 1 None ✓ correto The graphs of $f(x) = x, g(x) = x^2, h(x) = x^3, s(x) = x^4, \ldots$ all 12. Suppose that $g: \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}$ is a continuous function whose graph intersects to once. Which of the following statements is true? g is strictly decreasing. | |

The function g fails the horizontal line test, so it can neither be strictly increasing nor strictly



| 13. | Find the slope of the line segment between the points $A=(1,1)$ and $B=(5,3)$. |
|-----|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | |
| | |

1/1 ponto

| \odot | \begin | {align}\frac1 | 12\end | (align |
|---------|--------|---------------|--------|--------|
|---------|--------|---------------|--------|--------|

O 2

O 4

 $\bigcirc \sqrt{20}$



The slope of this line segment is \begin {align}\frac{3-1}{5-1} = \frac12\end {align}, where 3-1 is the rise and 5-1 is the run.