

# DWTC reloaded: Feature Selection for Classification of HTML Web-Tables

---

Julius Gonsior

October 23, 2017

Final presentation for INF-D-960 Analyse eines Forschungsthemas

DWTC

---

- Contains 125 millions web data tables
- Lastly updated in July 2014
- Extracted from Common Crawl
  - Freely available web crawl
  - 3.6 billions web pages (July '14)
  - 266 TB in total (July '14)

# Classification

- Phase 1: filtering out layout tables
- Phase 2: classification into Relational, Entity, Matrix and Other tables
- Accuracy of Phase 1 was around 90%
- Accuracy of Phase 2 was around 80%, especially bad accuracy for matrix tables  
→ **improvement possible with a better Gold Standard which contains better training samples?**

## Entity

- Describes (mostly) one object
- First row contains attribute names, second row attribute values
- Transposed form possible too

Country	State	Mayor	Population	Elevation
Germany	Saxony	Dirk Hilbert	545.000	113m

## Relation

- Each column represents one attribute, each row one object
- Transposed form possible too

City	Country	Population
Mexico City	Mexico	20,116,842
Shanghai	China	19,210,000
Peking	China	15,796,450
Istanbul	Turkey	14,160,467

## Matrix

- First row or columns contains attribute names
- Other row or columns represents multiple dimensions for the attributes
- Datatype is mostly consistent inside of Matrix table

Means of transport	2013	2008	2003
Car	38%	41%	43%
Bicycle	17%	16%	12%
Pedestrian	24%	22%	24%
Public transport	21%	21%	20%

## Other

- Everything else
- Often garbage tables which contain no information



## Used Features

---

- Global Features are calculated for whole table
- Local Features only for the following rows and columns:
  - First and second row and column
  - Two middlemost rows and columns
  - Last and second to last row and column
- Feature Selection using Wekas implementation of WrapperSubsetEval for RandomForest Classifier

# Global Features

- Cumulative content consistency ✓
- Average cell length ✗
- Average number of rows ✓
- Average number of cols ✓
- Ratio alphabetical cells ✗
- Total amount of rows ✗
- Total amount of columns ✗
- Area size ✗
- Ratio empty cells ✗
- Standard deviation columns ✓
- Standard deviation rows ✗

# Ratio Empty Cells

$$RATIO\_EMPTY\_CELLS = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n X_i, \text{ where } X_i = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{if cell is empty} \\ 0, & \text{else} \end{cases}$$

- $n$  denotes the total amount of cells

$$AREA\_SIZE = t_w * t_h$$

- $t_w$  denotes the width of the table
- $t_h$  denotes the height of the table

$$MAX\_ROWS = \max_{\forall c_i \in C} rows(c_i)$$

- $C$  denotes the set of all rows
- $rows()$  denotes a function counting the amount of cells in a row

# Local Features

- Ratio empty ✓
- Empty variance ✗
- Amount of digits variance ✓
- Average length ✓
- Length Variance ✓
- Ratio anchor ✓
- Ratio image ✓
- Ratio input ✗
- Ratio select ✓
- Ratio colon ✓
- Ratio comma ✓
- Ratio numbers ✓
- Ratio header ✓
- Ratio whitespace ✓
- Ratio special char (non alphanumeric) ✓
- Ratio percentage ✗
- Ratio year ✗
- Ratio only number ✓

*RATIO\_EMPTY*

$$= \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n X_i, \text{ where } X_i = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{if cell is empty} \\ 0, & \text{else} \end{cases}$$

- $n$  denotes the total amount of cells in the respective row/column



# Local Empty Variance

$EMPTY\_VARIANCE =$

$$\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n (c_{ei} - \overline{c_e})^2 \text{ where } \overline{c_e} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n c_{ei}$$

- $n$  denotes the total amount of cells in the respective row/column
- $c_{ei}$  is one if cell  $i$  is empty, zero otherwise

# Local Amount of Digits Variance

*AMOUNT\_OF\_DIGITS\_VARIANCE*

$$= \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n (c_{di} - \overline{c_d})^2 \text{ where } \overline{c_d} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n c_{di}$$

- $n$  denotes the total amount of cells in the respective row/column
- $c_{di}$  denotes the count of digits in the cell  $i$

## Results

---

# 2017 Gold Standard

- Relabeled tables from DWTC-2014
- Distribution over classes:

	Entity	Matrix	Other	Relation
Original classification result	1999	1309	470	1999
New assigned layout class	1798	846	831	2302

- Previous Gold Standard contained less Matrix and Other tables → hopefully the accuracy for those two classes can be improved

## Evaluation of Phase 2: Layout Identification task

Metric	Entity	Relational	Matrix	Other	Weight. Avg.
<b>2014</b>					
Precision	71.22	90.02	35.70	80.89	80.18
Recall	86.87	89.24	17.93	56.90	80.71
F1	77.98	89.50	21.69	65.87	79.35
<b>2017</b>					
Precision	86.7	81.6	87.1	83.6	84.3
Recall	88.6	90.1	79.0	63.8	84.2
F1	87.6	85.6	82.8	72.4	83.9

## Evaluation of Phase 2: Layout Identification task

Relation	Entity	Matrix	Other	← classified as
<b>2017</b>				
<b>2073</b>	106	83	40	Relation
135	<b>1593</b>	8	62	Entity
171	5	<b>668</b>	2	Matrix
160	133	8	<b>530</b>	Other

# Conclusion

---

# Conclusion

- Improved precision and recall for almost every class, especially for matrix tables
- Without changing the Classifier the results could be improved by using a Gold Standard which contained more data points from problematic classes



Questions?