

$$1. \quad {}^0e_{[58]+2} = e_{[58]+2} + 0.5$$

$$e_{[58]+2} = p_{[58]+2}(1 + e_{61}) = p_{[58]+2} \left[ 1 + \frac{e_{60}}{p_{60}} - 1 \right]$$

$$= \frac{l_{61}}{l_{[58]+2}} \times \frac{e_{60}}{p_{60}} = \frac{2210}{3548} \times \frac{1}{(2210/3904)} = \frac{3904}{3549} = 1.100338$$

$${}^0e_{[58]+2} = 1.100338 + 0.5 = 1.6$$

ANSWER: B

$$2. \quad {}_2q_{53}^{(1)} = q_{53}^{(1)} + p_{53}^{(\tau)} \cdot q_{54}^{(1)}$$

$$q_{54}^{(1)} = q_{54}^{(\tau)} - q_{54}^{(2)} = (1 - p_{54}^{(\tau)}) - q_{54}^{(2)} = \left( 1 - \frac{4625}{5000} \right) - 0.040 = 0.035$$

$$p_{53}^{(\tau)} = 1 - q_{53}^{(1)} - q_{53}^{(2)} = 1 - 0.025 - 0.030 = 0.945$$

$${}_2q_{53}^{(1)} = 0.025 + 0.945 \cdot 0.035 = 0.058$$

ANSWER: C

$$3. \quad \text{The probability of death by year 3:}$$

$$0.4 + 0.36 \times 0.20 + 0.24 \times 0.4 = 0.392$$

$$\text{Expected number of deaths} = 1000 \times 0.392 = 392$$

$$\text{Variance of the number of deaths} = 1000 \times 0.392 \times 0.608 = 238.336$$

$$\Pr(X < 375) = \Pr\left(\frac{X - 392}{\sqrt{238.336}} < \frac{375 - 392}{\sqrt{238.336}}\right) = \Pr(Z < -1.10) = \Phi(-1.10) = 0.1357$$

ANSWER: A

$$4. \quad p_{45}^{ILT} = \frac{9,127,246}{9,164,051} = 0.995984$$

$$p_{45}^S = \exp\left(-\int_0^1 \mu_{45+t}^S dt\right) = \exp\left(-\int_0^1 \mu_{45+t}^{ILT} + 0.05 dt\right) = \exp\left(-\int_0^1 \mu_{45+t}^{ILT} dt\right) \times \exp(-0.05)$$

$$= p_{45}^{ILT} e^{-0.05} = 0.995984 \times 0.951229 = 0.947409$$

$$\ddot{a}_{45}^S = 1 + \left(\frac{1}{1.06}\right) p_{45}^S \ddot{a}_{45}^{ILT} = 1 + 0.943396 \times 0.947409 \times 13.9546 = 13.4724$$

$$100\ddot{a}_{45}^S = 1347.24$$

ANSWER: A

Note: This solution has been revised. While the answer is unchanged, the above approach is more appropriate.

5.

$$q_{80}^{Ming} = 0.8q_{80}^{ILT} = 0.06424 \Rightarrow p_{80}^{Ming} = 0.93576$$

$$A_{80}^{Ming} = v p_{80}^{Ming} A_{81}^{ILT} + v q_{80}^{Ming} = \frac{1}{1.06} \times 0.93576 \times 0.680 + \frac{1}{1.06} \times 0.06424 = 0.66090$$

$$100,000 A_{80}^{Ming} = 66,090$$

ANSWER: B

6.

$$Var(Z) = 0.10 E[Z] \Rightarrow v_{25}^{50} p_x (1 - {}_{25}p_x) = 0.10 \cdot v_{25}^{25} p_x$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{(1-0.57)}{(1+i)^{50}} = 0.10 \times \frac{1}{(1+i)^{25}}$$

$$\Rightarrow (1+i)^{25} = \frac{0.43}{0.10} = 4.3 \Rightarrow i = 0.06$$

ANSWER: B

7.

$$P\ddot{a}_{\overline{55:10}|} = 0.51213P + v^{10}_{10}p_{55}\ddot{a}_{65}$$

$$\ddot{a}_{55} = \ddot{a}_{\overline{55:10}|} + v^{10}_{10}p_{55}\ddot{a}_{65}$$

$$v^{10}_{10}p_{55}\ddot{a}_{65} = 12.2758 - 7.4575 = 4.8183$$

$$7.4575P = 0.51213P + 4.8183$$

$$\Rightarrow P = 0.693742738$$

$$\Rightarrow 300P = 208.12$$

ANSWER: E

8.

$$G\ddot{a}_{\overline{70:10}|} = v^{10}_{10}p_{70}\ddot{a}_{80} + 0.05G\ddot{a}_{\overline{70:10}|} + 0.7G$$

$$\ddot{a}_{\overline{70:10}|} = \ddot{a}_{70} - v^{10}_{10}p_{70}\ddot{a}_{80} = 8.5693 - 0.33037 \times 5.905 = 6.61846515$$

$$6.61846515G = 0.33037 \times 5.905 + 6.61846515 \times 0.05 \times G + 0.7G$$

$$\Rightarrow G = 0.34914$$

$$\Rightarrow 100,000G = 34,914$$

ANSWER: D

9.

Actuarial present value of insured benefits:

$$100,000 \left[ \frac{0.95 \times 0.02}{1.06^6} + \frac{0.95 \times 0.98 \times 0.03}{1.06^8} + \frac{0.95 \times 0.98 \times 0.97 \times 0.04}{1.06^8} \right] = 5,463.32$$

$$\Rightarrow P \left( 1 + \frac{0.95}{1.06^5} \right) = 5,463.32 \Rightarrow P = 3,195.12$$

ANSWER: A

10.

$$\begin{aligned}
 G\ddot{a}_{40:20}^{(12)} &= 100,000 \left( \frac{i}{\delta} \right) A_{40} + 200 + 0.04 G\ddot{a}_{40:20}^{(12)} \\
 \ddot{a}_{40:20} &= 14.8166 - 0.27414 \times 11.1454 = 11.7612 \\
 \ddot{a}_{40:20}^{(12)} &= \alpha(12)\ddot{a}_{40:20} - (1 - {}_{20}E_{40})\beta(12) \\
 &= 1.00028 \cdot 11.7612 - (1 - 0.27414) \cdot 0.46812 = 11.4247 \\
 G &= \frac{100,000 \times (0.06 / 0.05827) \times 11.1454}{0.96 \times 11.4247} = 1532.795 \\
 &\Rightarrow G/12 = 128
 \end{aligned}$$

ANSWER: C

11. The earlier the death (before year 20), the larger the loss. Since we are looking for the 95<sup>th</sup> percentile of the present value of benefits random variable, we must find the time at which 5% of the insureds have died. The present value of the death benefit for that insured is what is being asked for.

$$\begin{aligned}
 l_{45} &= 9,164,051 \Rightarrow 0.95l_{45} = 8,705,848 \\
 l_{54} &= 8,712,621 \\
 l_{55} &= 8,640,861
 \end{aligned}$$

So, the time is between ages 54 and 55, i.e. time 9 and time 10.

$$\begin{aligned}
 l_{45} - l_{54} &= 9,164,051 - 8,712,621 = 451,430 \\
 0.05l_{45} &= 458,202.6 \\
 458,203 - 451,430 &= 6,773 \\
 l_{54} - l_{55} &= 8,712,621 - 8,640,861 = 71,760 \\
 6,773 / 71,760 &= 0.0944
 \end{aligned}$$

The time just before the last 5% of deaths is expected to occur is:  $9 + 0.0944 = 9.0944$

The present value of death benefits at this time is:

$$100,000e^{-9.0944(0.06)} = 57,945$$

ANSWER: C

12.

$$\begin{aligned} Var(L_0) &= \frac{{}^2A_{45} - (A_{45})^2}{(d\ddot{a})^2} \\ &= \frac{0.06802 - 0.2012^2}{\left(\frac{.06}{1.06} \times 14.1121\right)^2} = \frac{0.02753856}{0.638078425} = 0.04315858 \end{aligned}$$

$$\sigma(L_0) = 0.207746437$$

$$200,000\sigma(L_0) = 41,549.29$$

ANSWER: A

13.

$$1,000P = 1,000 \frac{A_{35}}{\ddot{a}_{35}} = \frac{128.72}{15.3926} = 8.36246$$

Benefits paid during July 2018:

$$10,000 \times 1,000 \times q_{35} = 10,000 \times 2.01 = 20,100$$

Premiums payable during July 2018:

$$10,000 \times (1 - q_{35}) \times 8.36246 = 9,979.9 \times 8.36246 = 83,456.51$$

Cash flow during July 2018:

$$20,100 - 83,456.51 = -63,356.51$$

ANSWER: A

14.

$$V_1 = 1 - \frac{\ddot{a}_{41}}{\ddot{a}_{40}} = 1 - \frac{14.6864}{14.8166} = 0.008787441$$

$$V_1 = B \times A_{41}$$

$$\Rightarrow 0.008787441 = B \times 0.16869$$

$$\Rightarrow B = 0.052092247$$

$$\Rightarrow 1,000,000B = 52,092.25$$

ANSWER: D

15.

$$A_{65} = (P + W) \times \ddot{a}_{65}$$

$$A_{45} = P\ddot{a}_{45} + W_{20}E_{45} \times \ddot{a}_{65}$$

$$0.4398 = (P + W)(9.8969)$$

$$0.2012 = 14.1121P + W(0.25634)(9.8969)$$

$$P + W = 0.044438157$$

$$\Rightarrow P = 0.044438157 - W$$

$$0.2012 = 14.1121(0.044438157 - W) + W(0.25634)(9.8969)$$

$$\Rightarrow W = 0.03679576$$

$$\Rightarrow 1,000W = 36.79576$$

ANSWER: D

16.

$$V_{10} = 2,290 = B \left( 1 - \frac{\ddot{a}_{x+10}}{\ddot{a}_x} \right) = B \left( 1 - \frac{11.4}{14.8} \right) \Rightarrow B = 9,969.53$$

$$G\ddot{a}_x = 25 + 5\ddot{a}_x + B \times A_x$$

$$A_x = 1 - d\ddot{a}_x = 1 - \left( \frac{0.04}{1.04} \times 14.8 \right) = 0.430769231$$

$$G \times 14.8 = 25 + 5 \times 14.8 + 9,969.53 \times 0.430769231$$

$$\Rightarrow G = 296.86$$

$${}_{10}V^g = 9,969.53A_{x+10} + 5\ddot{a}_{x+10} - 296.86\ddot{a}_{x+10}$$

$$A_{x+10} = 1 - d\ddot{a}_{x+10} = 1 - \left( \frac{0.04}{1.04} \times 11.4 \right) = 0.561538462$$

$${}_{10}V^g = 9,969.53 \times 0.561538462 + 5 \times 11.4 - 296.86 \times 11.4$$

$$\Rightarrow {}_{10}V^g = 2,271.07$$

ANSWER: E

17.

$$AV_6 = [200,000 + 25,000(1 - 0.02) - COI] \times 1.05$$

$$COI = \left( \frac{AV_6 \times 2.5 - AV_6}{1.05} \right) \times \frac{30}{1,000}$$

$$AV_6 = 235,725 - 1.05COI = 235,725 - \frac{30}{1,000} \times (2.5AV_6 - AV_6)$$

$$1.045AV_6 = 235,725 \Rightarrow AV_6 = 225,574.16$$

$$\Rightarrow ADB = AV_6 \times 2.5 - AV_6 = 338,361.24$$

ANSWER: E

18.

$$L_{10} = 10,000A_{35} = 1,287.20$$

$$L_{10}^* = 10,000$$

$$L_{10}^* - L_{10} = 10,000 - 1,287.20 = 8,712.80$$

ANSWER: E

19.

$$(\bar{Ia})_{40:t} = \int_0^t s {}_s p_{40} v^s ds$$

$$\frac{d(\bar{Ia})_{40:t}}{dt} = {}_t p_{40} v^t$$

At  $t = 10.5$ ,

$$10.5 {}_{10.5} E_{40} = 10.5 {}_{10} p_{40 \cdot 0.5} p_{50} v^{10.5}$$

$$= 10.5 {}_{10} E_{40 \cdot 0.5} p_{50} v^{0.5}$$

$$= 10.5 \times 0.53667 \times (1 - 0.5 \times 0.00592)(0.97128586)$$

$$= 5.45703$$

ANSWER: C

**20.** Years of service at age 65:  $15 + (65 - 45) = 35$

Final one-year salary:  $(120,000)(1.04^{20}) = 262,935$

Projected pension:  $(262,935)(35)(0.015) = 138,041$

Actuarial present value of projected pension:

$$\frac{(138,041)(0.552)(10.60)}{1.05^{20}} = 304,415.7$$

Actuarial liability:  $\left(\frac{15}{35}\right)(304,415.7) = 130,464$

Normal cost under projected unit credit with no benefits paid on next year's terminations is:

$$\frac{130,464}{15} = 8,697.6$$

ANSWER: E