# Fall 2018 LTAM

# **Multiple Choice Solutions**

Comments on candidates' performance on the multiple choice questions.

Questions 9, 11, 14, 15 and 19 attracted the lowest number of correct answers.

Questions 2, 4, 7 and 13 attracted the highest number of correct answers.

Overall the average number of correct answers was lower than in recent MLC exams.

#### Question 1: E

## Question 2: B

$$_{5}p_{30} - _{21}p_{30} = e^{-0.3} - e^{-(0.6+0.33)} = 0.35$$

## Question 3: C

$$q_{50}^{(1)} = {}_{0.75}q_{50}^{(1)} + {}_{0.75}p_{50}^{(\tau)} {}_{0.25}q_{50.75}^{(1)}$$

$${}_{0.75}q_{50}^{(1)} = {}_{0.75}q_{50}^{(1)} = 0.75(0.02) = 0.015$$

$$0.02 = {}_{0.75}q_{50}^{(1)} + {}_{0.75}p_{50}^{\prime(1)} {}_{0.25}q_{50.75}^{\prime(1)} \Rightarrow {}_{0.25}q_{50.75}^{\prime(1)} = {}_{0.25}q_{50.75}^{\prime(1)} = {}_{0.25}q_{50.75}^{(1)} = {}_{0.25}q_{50.75}^{\prime(1)} = {}_{0.75}p_{50}^{\prime(1)}$$

$${}_{0.75}p_{50}^{(\tau)} = 0.9_{0.75}p_{50}^{\prime(1)}$$

$$\Rightarrow q_{50}^{(1)} = 0.015 + 0.9_{0.75}p_{50}^{\prime(1)} \left(\frac{0.02 - 0.015}{0.75p_{50}^{\prime(1)}}\right) = 0.015 + 0.9(0.005) = 0.0195$$

## Question 4: D

Paths	Probability
$1 \rightarrow 1 \rightarrow 1 \rightarrow 1$	$0.2^{3}$
$1 \to 1 \to 3 \to 1$	(0.2)(0.5)(0.9)
$1 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 1 \rightarrow 1$	(0.2)(0.5)(0.9)
$1 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 1 \rightarrow 1$	0

⇒Total probability 0.1880

#### Question 5: C

$$\hat{S}(6) = \left(\frac{18}{20}\right) \left(\frac{15}{18}\right) \left(\frac{9}{14}\right) = 0.482$$

#### Question 6: B

$$Prob = 0.76(1 - 0.962 \times 0.25)(1 - 0.964 \times 0.965 \times 0.26) = 0.4376$$

# Question 7: B

$$\hat{S}(15) = e^{-\left(\frac{2}{200} + \frac{2}{192} + \frac{3}{182} + \frac{17}{170}\right)} = 0.8721$$

#### Question 8: C

### Question 9: A

$$\overline{A}_{60:\overline{10}|}^{02} = \overline{A}_{60}^{02} -_{10} p_{60}^{00} v^{10} \overline{A}_{70}^{02} -_{10} p_{60}^{01} v^{10} \overline{A}_{70}^{12} 
= 0.164$$

#### Question 10: E

$$EPV = 9000v^{10} \left( {}_{10}p_{50\ 10}q_{60} \ddot{a}_{60} + {}_{10}p_{50\ 10}q_{60} \ddot{a}_{60} \right)$$
  
=  $9000 \left( {}_{10}E_{50\ 10}q_{60} \ddot{a}_{60} + {}_{10}E_{60\ 10}q_{50} \ddot{a}_{70} \right)$   
=  $5870$ 

#### Question 11: E

$$P(1+0.99v) = 1.9519P$$

EPV Benefits:

$$1000 v^{2}_{2} p_{40} (1+1.04v p_{42}+1.04^{2} v^{2}_{2} p_{42}+...) = 1000 v^{2}_{2} p_{40} (1+e_{42})$$

$$e_{40} = 11.06 = p_{40} +_{2} p_{40} +_{3} p_{40} +... = p_{40} +_{2} p_{40} (1+e_{42})$$

$$\Rightarrow (1+e_{42}) = 10.379$$

$$\Rightarrow P = \frac{9310}{1.9519} = 4770$$

#### Question 12: E

$$P = 100 \frac{(1 - d\ddot{a}_x^{ns})}{\ddot{a}_x^{ns}} = 1.6896$$

EPV Premiums = 1.6896(12.40) = 20.95

EPV Benefits = 
$$100(1 - d\ddot{a}_{x}^{s}) = 40.95$$

EPV Loss at issue = 40.95 - 20.95 = 20

#### Question 13: D

EPV Annuity = 
$$50\,000_{10}E_{55}\ddot{a}_{65} = 402\,040$$
  
EPV Survival Benefit =  $200\,000_{25}E_{55} = 45\,667$   
EPV Premiums minus expenses =  $P(0.95\ddot{a}_{55:\overline{10}} - 0.15) = 7.4682P$   
 $\Rightarrow P = 59\,950$ 

#### Question 14: D

$$P\ddot{a}_{55:65:\overline{10}|} = 55,000_{10}E_{55} \ddot{a}_{65} + 55,000_{10}E_{65} \ddot{a}_{75} - 10,000_{10}E_{55:65} \ddot{a}_{65:75}$$

$${}_{10}E_{55:65} = (1+i)^{10}{}_{10}E_{55:10}E_{65} = 0.53459$$

$$\Rightarrow P = \frac{705,352}{7.7596} = 90,900.6$$

#### Question 15: A

$$\begin{split} &_{10}V = 200000\overline{A}_{75:\overline{10}|}^{1}v^{0.5} - 12P\ddot{a}_{75:\overline{10}|}^{(12)} \\ & \ddot{a}_{75:\overline{10}|}^{(12)} = 7.3203 - \frac{11}{24}(1 - 0.44085) = 7.0640 \\ & \overline{a}_{75:\overline{10}|} = 7.3203 - \frac{1}{2}(1 - 0.44085) = 7.0407 \\ & \overline{A}_{75:\overline{10}|}^{1} = 1 - \delta\overline{a}_{75:\overline{10}|} - {}_{10}E_{75} = 0.21563 \\ & \Rightarrow_{10}V = 18,860 \end{split}$$

#### Question 16: C

$$({}_{5}V^{(0)} + P)(1+i) = p_{55}^{00} {}_{6}V^{(0)} + p_{55}^{01}(200,000) + p_{55}^{02}(100,000)$$

$$\Rightarrow {}_{6}V^{(0)} = 2998.3$$

#### Question 17: A

$$P^* = \frac{200,000A_{51}}{\ddot{a}_{51:\overline{14}|}} = \frac{39,560}{\ddot{a}_{51} - \frac{94579.7}{98457.2}v^{14}\ddot{a}_{65}} = 3851.23$$

$${}_{5}V^{FPT} = 200,000A_{55} - P^*\ddot{a}_{55:\overline{10}|} = 16,164$$

## Question 18: B

$$\Pi_{10} = {}_{9}p_{35}Pr_{10}$$

$$Pr_{10} = ({}_{9}V + P - E)(1.06) - q_{44}(500,000)(1.06)^{(0.5)} - p_{44 \ 10}V = 4070.5$$

$$\Rightarrow \Pi_{10} = 3989$$

# Question 19: E

EPV at age 62 is:

$$5000(1.0268)^{32} \left\{ 1 + (1.0226)(1.0268)vp_{62} + ((1.0226)(1.0268)v)^{2} _{2}p_{62} \right\}$$

$$= 5000(1.0268)^{32} \left\{ 1 + p_{62} + _{2}p_{62} \right\} = 34812$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{EPV at age 30 is: } 34,812_{32}p_{30}v_{5\%}^{32} = 7028$$

# Question 20: A

Projected total salary: 
$$S_{35} \left( 1 + 1.04 + 1.04^2 + ... + 1.04^{29} \right) = S_{35} \frac{1.04^{30} - 1}{0.04} = 56.08 S_{35}$$

Projected final salary:  $S_{35}(1.04)^{29} = 3.12S_{35}$ 

Projected replacement rate:  $\frac{0.02(56.08)}{3.12} = 35.95\%$