EECE3326, Optimization Methods

Department of Electrical and Computer Engineering

Project #5

In this project, you will develop algorithms that find paths through a maze.

The input is a text file containing a collection of mazes. Each maze begins with the number of rows and columns in the maze and a character for every cell in the maze. A cell contains a space if the solver is allowed to occupy the cell. A cell contains X if the solver is not allowed to occupy the cell.

The solver starts at cell (0,0) in the upper left, and the goal is to get to cell (rows-1, cols-1) in the lower right. A legal move from a cell is to move left, right, up, or down to an immediately adjacent cell that contains a space. Moving off any edge of the board is not allowed.

Part a

Functions to handle file I/O and a complete graph class, are included as part of the assignment. In the printout of the graph, the current cell is represented by + and the goal cell is represented by *. Add functions that:

- 1. Create a graph that represents the legal moves between cells. Each vertex should represent a cell, and each edge should represent a legal move between adjacent cells.
- 2. Write a recursive function findPathRecursive that looks for a path from the start cell to the goal cell. If a path from the start to the goal exists, your program should print a sequence of correct moves (Go left, go right, etc.). If no path from the start to the goal exists, the program should print, No path exists.
- 3. Write a function findPathNonRecursive that does the same thing as in 2, but without using recursion.

The code you submit should apply both findPath functions to each maze, one after the other. If a solution exists, the solver should simulate the solution to each maze by calling the maze::print() function after each move.

Example of a maze input file: