HOMEWORK #2:

Recursive Descent Parser

Due Date: Saturday, December the 13th, 11:59.59pm

Write a Recursive Descent Parser using the techniques used in class to recognize valid program of the AL3 Programming Language.

Submission Guidelines:

Submit via 'cssubmit'. Your main file shall be called "al3parser" regardless of extension. (e.g. if you are programming in C++, your main file should be called "al3parser.cpp". If you are programmin in Java your main file should be called "al3parser.java").

Your main file should include your name.

Include any other necessary files in your submission.

Description:

Programs of the AL3 programming language are build from the following tokens:

Tokens:

- Integers are non-empty sequences of digits optionally preceded with either a '+' or '-' sign.
- Decimal numbers are Integers followed by a '.', followed by a non-empty sequence of digits.
- Strings are any non-space sequences of characters enclosed in "".
 e.g. "hello" "abc123".
- Keywords are the following strings: is, +, -, *, /, or, and, not, (,), <, >, = ,
 \$, !, print, if, else, endif, while, endw, routine, endr, run.
- Identifiers are a sequences of digits or letters. The first character must be a letter, and an identifier cannot be a Keyword.

In AL3 tokens are always separated by white-spaces.

Grammar:

Programs in the AL3 programming language conform to the following EBNF grammar:

"RoutineDeclaration " is the start symbol

Terminal symbols are in **bold**. Collections of terminal symbols are in **blue** Brackets, '[' and ']', denote an *optional* section of a rule.

Braces, '{' and '}', denote *repetition* of a rule section (possibly 0 times).

```
Expression := SimpleExpression [ Relation SimpleExpression ]
SimpleExpression := Term { AddOperator Term }
Term := Factor { MulOperator Factor }
Factor := integer | decimal | string | identifier | (Expression) | not Factor
Relation := < | > | =
AddOperator := + | - | or
MulOperator := * | / | and
Assignment := identifier is Expression
RoutineCall := run identifier
IfStatement = if Expression $ StatementSequence [ else StatementSequence ] endif
WhileStatement = while Expression $ StatementSequence endw
PrintStatement = print identifier
Statement := [ Assignment | RoutineCall | IfStatement | WhileStatement |
PrintStatement 1
StatementSequence = Statement { ! Statement }
RoutineDeclaration := routine identifier $ StatementSequence endr
```

Input:

Your Parser should accept input from "standard input" and output to "standard output".

Output:

If the input program is valid, output "CORRECT", otherwize output "INVALID!".

Sample 1:

Input	Output
routine main \$ x is 2 + 2 endr	CORRECT

Sample 2:

Input	Output
<pre>routine fibo \$ x is 1 ! y is 2 ! c is 3 ! while c < 10 \$ x is x + y ! y is x - y ! c is c + 1 endw ! print c ! print x endr</pre>	CORRECT

Sample 3:

Input	Output
	INVALID!

Sample 4:

Input	Output
	INVALID!