

3. Searching Algorithms :: Recursive Binary Search Example 1 (key is found)

Let's trace an example. Let $pList = \{ 3, 7, 9, 11, 13, 17, 19, 23, 29, 31, 37 \}$ and $pKey = 7$.

0. `int index = recursiveBinarySearch(list, 7, 0, list.size() - 1)`

1. `recursiveBinarySearch (pList, pKey = 7, pLow = 0, pHigh = 10)`

Check base case: $0 > 10$ is false

Compute middle: $middle = 5$

Compare $pKey$ to $pList_{middle}$

$7 < 17$ so call `recursiveBinarySearch(pList, 7, 0, 4)` **and return what it returns**

2. `recursiveBinarySearch (pList, pKey = 7, pLow = 0, pHigh = 4)`

Check base case: $0 > 4$ is false

Compute middle: $middle = 2$

Compare $pKey$ to $pList_{middle}$

$7 < 9$ so call `recursiveBinarySearch(pList, 7, 0, 1)` **and return what it returns**

3. `recursiveBinarySearch (pList, pKey = 7, pLow = 0, pHigh = 1)`

Check base case: $0 > 1$ is false

Compute middle: $middle = 0$

Compare $pKey$ to $pList_{middle}$

$7 > 3$ so call `recursiveBinarySearch(pList, 7, 1, 1)` **and return what it returns**

3. Searching Algorithms :: Recursive Binary Search Example 1 (continued)

4. recursiveBinarySearch (pList, pKey = 7, pLow = 1, pHigh = 1)
Check base case: $1 > 1$ is false
Compute middle: $middle = 1$
Compare pKey to $pList_{middle}$
 $7 == 7$ so **return middle = 1 back to Step 3** (*at this point we stop recursing*)
3. recursiveBinarySearch (pList, pKey = 7, pLow = 0, pHigh = 1)
Check base case: $0 > 1$ is false
Compute middle: $middle = 0$
Compare pKey to $pList_{middle}$
 $7 > 3$ so call recursiveBinarySearch(pList, 7, 1, 1) **which returned 1 so return 1 back to Step 2.**
2. recursiveBinarySearch (pList, pKey = 7, pLow = 0, pHigh = 4)
Check base case: $0 > 4$ is false
Compute middle: $middle = 2$
Compare pKey to $pList_{middle}$
 $7 < 9$ so call recursiveBinarySearch(pList, 7, 0, 1) **which returned 1 so return 1 back to Step 1.**
1. recursiveBinarySearch (pList, pKey = 7, pLow = 0, pHigh = 10)
Check base case: $0 > 10$ is false
Compute middle: $middle = 5$
Compare pKey to $pList_{middle}$
 $7 < 17$ so call recursiveBinarySearch(pList, 7, 0, 4) **which returned 1 so return 1 back to Step 0.**
0. `int index = recursiveBinarySearch(list, 7, 0, list.size() - 1)` **which returned 1 so assign 1 to *index*.**