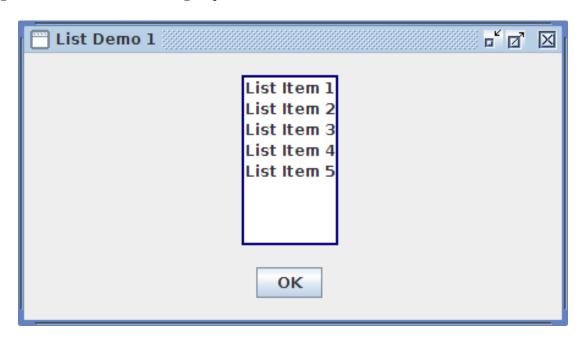
17. GUI Programming :: The JList Class

A GUI **list** is a component that will display a horizontal or vertical list of one or more list items:



To create a list we use the javax.swing.JList class. JList is a **generic class** which means that a JList can store items of any class and when we declare a JList object we have to specify a **type parameter** E which specifies the class of each list item:

JList<E> list = new JList<>(list-of-items-each-of-class-E);

17. GUI Programming :: The *JList* Class (continued)

For example:

```
String[] listItems = new String[5];
for (int i = 0; i < 5; ++i) listItems[i] = "List Item " + (i + 1);
JList<String> list = new JList<>(listItems);
```

A JList has a **selection mode** which must be one of these static constants declared in the javax. swing.ListSelectionModel class:

ListSelectionModel.SINGLE_SELECTION

Only one list item may be selected at a time.

ListSelectionModel.SINGLE_INTERVAL_SELECTION

Only one group of contiguous list items may be selected at a time.

ListSelectionModel.MULTIPLE_INTERVAL_SELECTION

Multiple groups of contiguous list items may be selected.

To specify the SINGLE SELECTION mode:

```
list.setSelectionMode(ListSelectionModel.SINGLE_SELECTION);
```

17. GUI Programming :: The JList Class (continued)

The items in the list may be displayed in one of three layouts:

```
JList.VERTICAL
```

The list items are arranged vertically:

1

2

3

4

. . .

JList.HORIZONTAL_WRAP

The list items are arranged horizontally, wrapping at the right edge when necessary:

```
1 2 3
```

4 5 ...

JList.VERTICAL_WRAP

The list items are arranged vertically, wrapping to the next column when necessary:

```
1 4
```

2 5

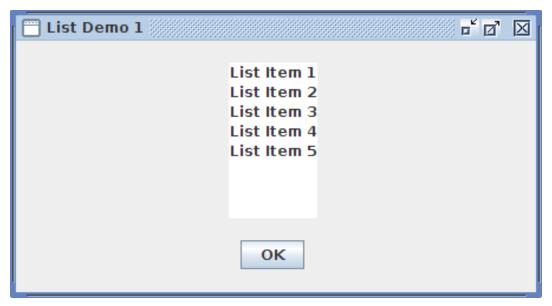
3 ..

To specify the VERTICAL layout:

list.setLayoutOrientation(JList.VERTICAL);

17. GUI Programming :: The JList Class (continued)

By default, the list does not have a border.



To add a border we can use the *javax.swing.BorderFactory* class to create a border. *BorderFactory* can create many types of borders (e.g., beveled, dashed line, solid line, etched). To create a solid line border we call: *BorderFactory.createLineBorder(java.awt.Color color*, **int** *thickness*). For example, to create a dark blue border that with thickness of 2 pixels we call:

BorderFactory.createLineBorder(new Color(0, 0, 128), 2));

Color is a class in the java.awt package. The Color(int red, int green, int blue) method accepts three arguments (each in the range 0–255) that specifies the red, green, and blue components of the desired colors. To add the border to the JList:

list.setBorder(BorderFactory.createLineBorder(new Color(0, 0, 128), 2));