## Major steps in a project (life cycle):

(documents in **bold**)

- 1) Initiating (Pre-project setup)

  - a. Identify projectb. Validate project
    - i. Business case document
      - 1. May include high-level estimated budgets and timelines and feasibility study
  - c. Write project charter
    - i. High-level requirements (product description) document
  - **d.** Get project charter approved
- 2) Planning
  - a. Kick-off meeting
  - b. Scope Planning
    - i. Scope-management plan
    - ii. Scope statement
    - iii. Work breakdown structure (WBS)
      - 1. WBS dictionary
  - c. Project schedule / Schedule baseline
    - i. Define activities by breaking down WBS further to help determine times and dates
    - ii. Activity sequencing and network diagram
    - iii. Activity duration estimating
    - iv. Schedule development
    - v. Sign-off by stakeholders and functional managers who are supplying resources to ensure commitment
  - d. Communications Planning
    - i. Communications plan
    - ii. Resource requirements document = tells required resources for each work package in WBS
    - iii. Resource pool description = list of all the job titles within your company.
    - iv. Responsibility assignment matrix (RAM)
      - 1. RACI chart
  - e. Human Resources Planning
    - i. Organizational planning
    - ii. Staff acquisition
    - iii. Roles and responsibilities document = lists team members & their responsibilities
    - iv. Staffing management plan
  - f. Procurement Planning
    - i. statement of work (SOW) details the goods or services you want to procure.
    - ii. procurement document = to notify prospective sellers of upcoming work
  - g. Cost estimating & Budgeting
  - h. Quality Planning
    - i. Quality management plan
  - Risk Planning
    - i. Risk register
  - Project Management Plan sign-off
  - k. Transition plan describes how product is transitioned to the organization
- 3) Executing
  - a. Project Kick-off meeting
  - **b.** States of team development
    - i. forming, storming, norming, performing, and adjourning.
- 4) Monitoring and Controlling
- 5) Closing

- a. Steps
  - i. obtaining sign-off and acceptance,
  - ii. transferring the product to the organization,

  - iii. releasing project resources,
    iv. closing out contracts,
    v. performing Administrative Closure,
    vi. documenting historical information,
  - vii. conducting post-mortem analysis, and viii. conducting post-project reviews.
- **b.** Main phases:

  - i. Contract Closeoutii. Administrative Closure
- c. Lessons learned document
- d. project close report