Managing the Global Land Crisis



Daniel Nepstad, Director International Program Amazon Scenarios Program September 26, 2011

Outline

- •Evidence of a global land crisis
- •The case for a global, cross-constituency strategy
- •Step 1: Market transformation
- •Step 2: REDD+
- Lessons from Brazil
- Conclusions

Context: The Global Land Crisis

Pressures are Mounting to Convert Tropical Forests to Agriculture

Rising Commodity Prices May Signal a New Era of Scarcity, As Growth in Demand Outstrips Growth in Supply (J. Grantham)

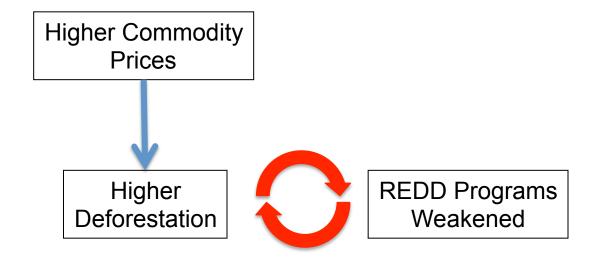


Source: GMO As of 2/28/11

The Global Land Crisis

Growth in > Growth in Supply

A Vicious Cycle Between Commodity Prices and REDD+



Responding to The Global Land Crisis:

Low-Emission Rural <u>Development</u> (LERD)—Broadly Defined

- •Re-Directs Agricultural Expansion Away from Forests
- •Reduces Agricultural Emissions as It Increases Yields
- Alleviates Rural Poverty
- Secures Food Supply
- •Recognizes/Protects Indigenous and Traditional Peoples' Rights
- Conserves Biodiversity, Water Resources, Soil

Responding to The Global Land Crisis:

Low-Emission Rural <u>Development</u> (LERD)—Broadly Defined

- •Multiple Constituencies
- •Tailored to local cultural, economic, political, and ecological conditions

Step One Toward LERD: Market Transformation to Exclude Unsustainable Suppliers

- Commodity Roundtables
 - Low reliance on consumer choice
 - Goal: transform the supply chain, building in the costs of stewardship into commodity prices
 - •Multiple-stakeholder processes; broad acceptance
 - Standards with third party verification
 - Palm Oil (RSPO), Soy (RTRS), Sugar (Bonsucro), Beef (GRSB), Cotton (BCI), Biofuels (RSB), umbrella standard under discussion

- •They are moving fast!
 - •RTRS required for all soy imported by Holland and Belgium by 2015
 - **•**Bonsucro & RTRS: meets Europe renewal fuel directive
 - •RSPO: Certified 10% of world production in first two years

- •Consumer Goods Forum commitment to zero net deforestation by 2020
 - USD 2.8 trillion annual sales
 - 400 manufacturers and retailers
 - Leadership: Unilever and Tesco
 - •Many companies have committed to reduce their emissions: Nutreco, Coca Cola, Unilever, Mars, Danone . ..

- •Carbon "Bundling"
 - Dutch Sustainable Trade Initiative (IDH), WWF, Unilever
 - •Bundling emissions reductions from land-use into supply chains
 - Strong aversion to UN processes

•There is a growing demand for carbon emission offsets within industry that is disconnected from REDD+

Step Two Toward LERD: REDD+

•UNFCCC

- REDD+ progress; but treaty at risk
- Has engaged 45+ nations
- Multiple funding processes building REDD+ capacity
 - •FCPF, UN REDD, REDD+ Partnership, FIP, Bilateral

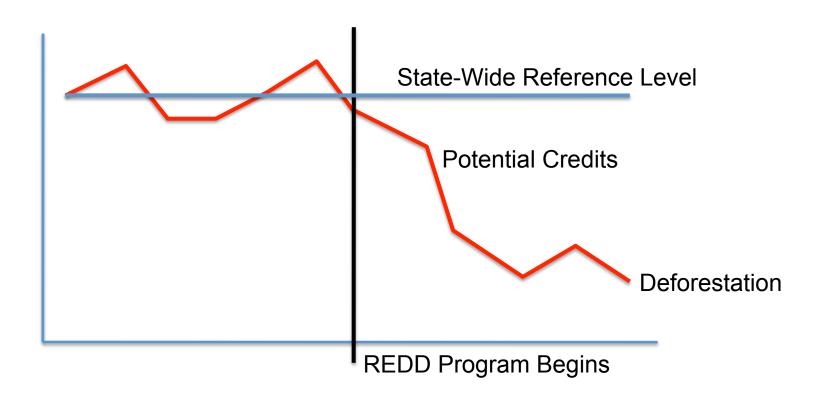
National Processes

•e.g. Brazil, Indonesia, China, Australia, Mexico, Peru, Guyana, Tanzania, Ghana, others

States and Provinces: GCF

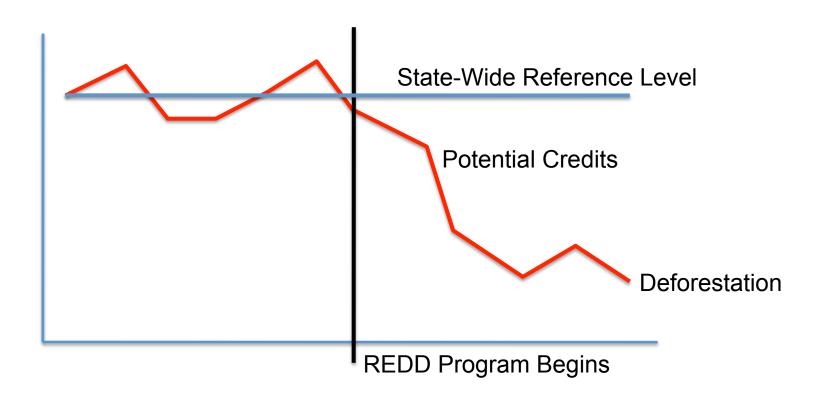
Nearest path to regulated REDD+ market

Step Two Toward LERD: (cont'd) Jurisdiction-wide



We must keep our eye on the state- or province-wide reference level, and the programs, Institutional innovations, and stakeholder engagement necessary to sustainably reduce emissions.

Step Two Toward LERD: (cont'd) Jurisdiction-wide



We must keep our eye on the state- or province-wide reference level, and the programs, Institutional innovations, and stakeholder engagement necessary to sustainably reduce emissions.

Step Two Toward LERD: REDD+ Challenge: Moving Beyond Projects

Projects → → Jurisdictions

- Policy alignment
- Institutional innovation
- •Reduced **transaction costs** (shift away from project-level accounting)
- •Safeguards institutionalized, monitored through census and sampling
- Projects as important laboratories

Step Two Toward LERD: REDD+ Attracting and Re-Directing Private Investment

- REDD finance will not carry the transition to LERD
- •Private investors bring innovation, but they need acceptable levels of risk
- •They don't want to make deals with governments: need for new institutions
- •REDD fast track finance should help agricultural investors become REDD and LERD investors

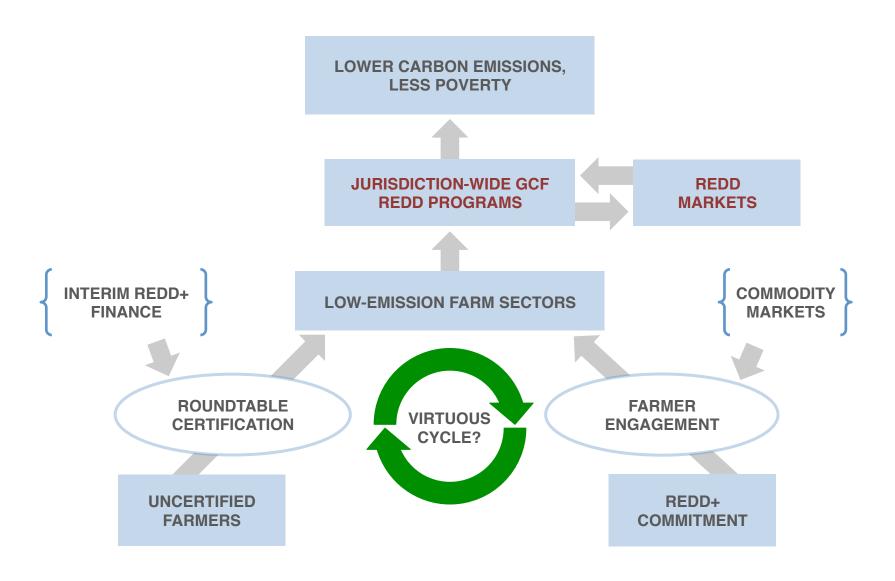
Step Two Toward LERD: REDD+ Financial Instruments

- REDD Bonds
- Floor price for REDD carbon/feed-in tariffs
- Insurance, buffers, credit guarantees

Potential Synergies between REDD+ & Commodity Roundtables

	REDD+	Roundtables	
Restrictions on Deforestation?	YES	YES	
Strong Farmer Engagement?	NO	YES	
Available Funding?	YES	NO	
Social & Environmental Safeguards?	YES	YES	

A Virtuous Cycle Between Roundtables and GCF?



Building a Bridge Between Commodity Roundtables and REDD

A Cross-Sector Alliance









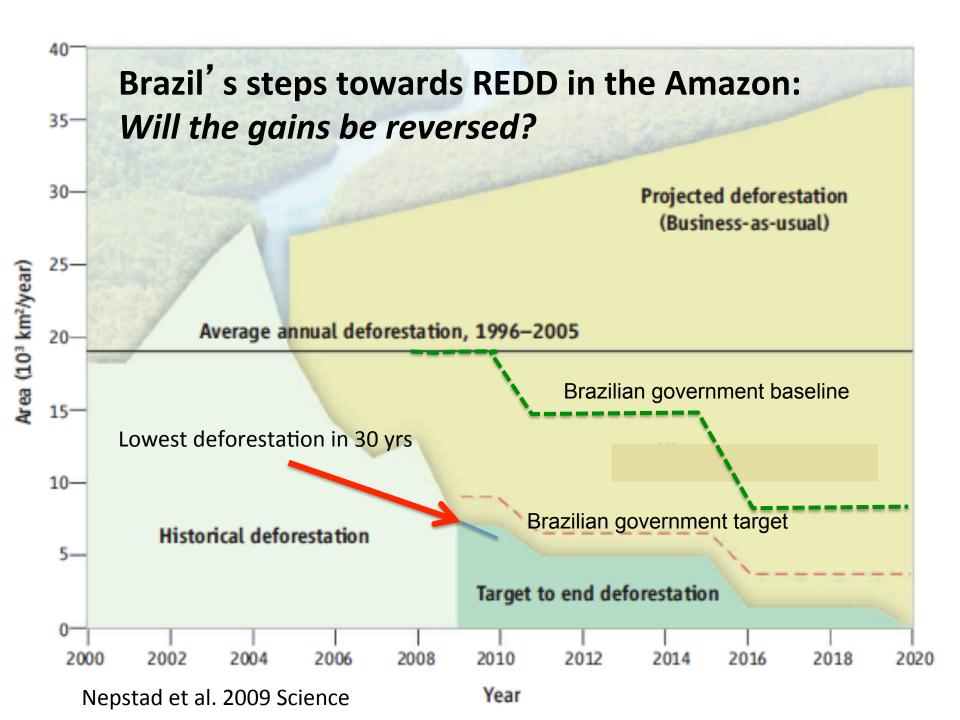




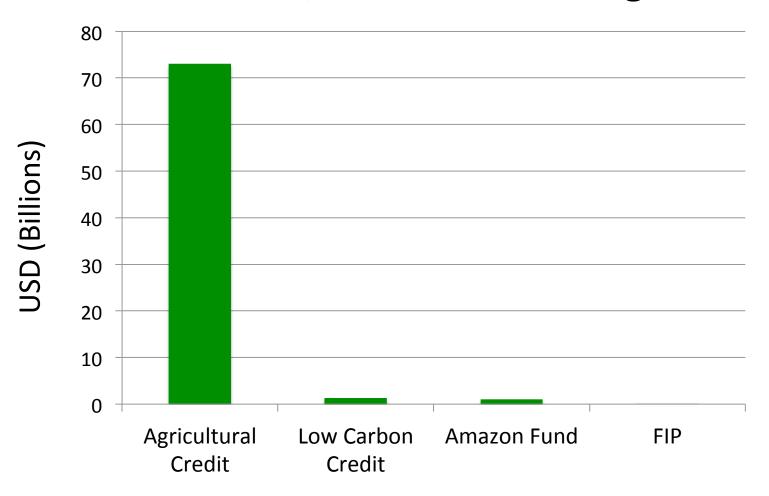




25 Nations Where REDD Finance and Roundtables Overlap

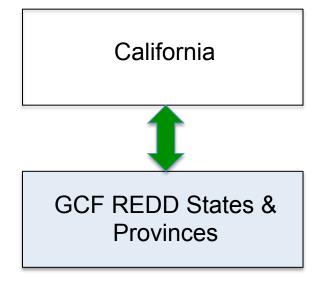


LERD Must Leverage National and State Policies, Credit Lines, Budgets

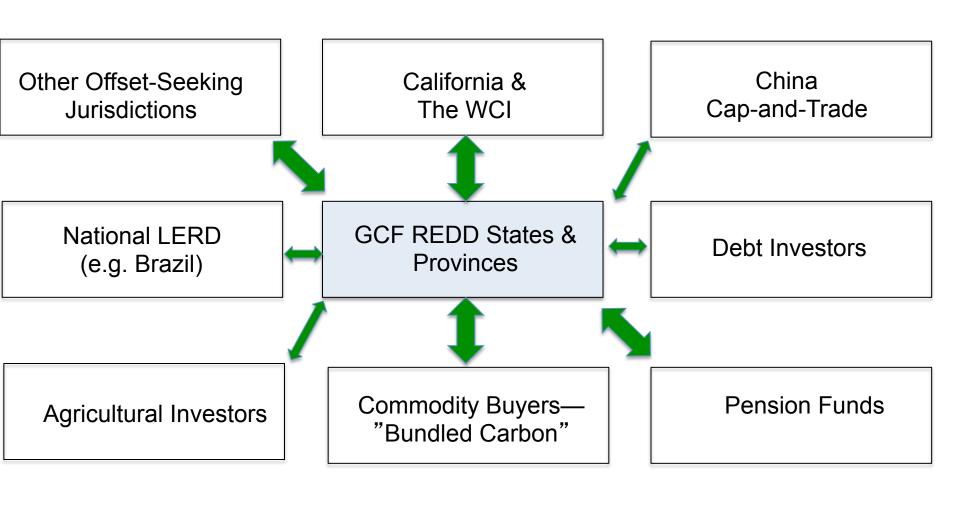


Example: Brazil Agriculture and REDD+ Finance*

The GCF Today



The GCF in 2015?



Aligning REDD+ & Roundtables: 25 nations

=priority

						National	Roundtables/
	FCPF	UN REDD	FIP	Norway	GCF	Low C Ag	Schokland
Argentina	x						RTRS, Bonsucro
Bolivia	X	x					RTRS, Bonsucro
Brazil			X	X	X	X	RTRS, RSPO
Cambodia	X	х					[potential]
Colombia	X						Bonsucro
Costa Rica	x						RSPO, Bonsucro
DRC	x	x	X				[potential]
Ethiopia	x						
Ghana	X		X				RSPO
Guyana	X			X			
Hondurus	X						Bonsucro, RSPO
Kenya	x						
India							ALL
Indonesia	X	X	X	x	X		RSPO
Lao PDR	x		X				
Mexico	x		X		X		Bonsucro
Panama	X	х					
Pap N Guin	X	X					RSPO
Paraguay	X	х					RTRS, Bonsucro
Peru	X		X				RSPO
Rep Congo	x						
Tanzania	x	x					[potential]
Thailand	x						RSPO, Bonsucro
Viet Nam	x	x					[potential]
Zambia		X					[potential]

Key Challenges:

1. Thinking Outside of the UNFCCC Box

2. Rural Development

3. Seeding the virtuous cycle