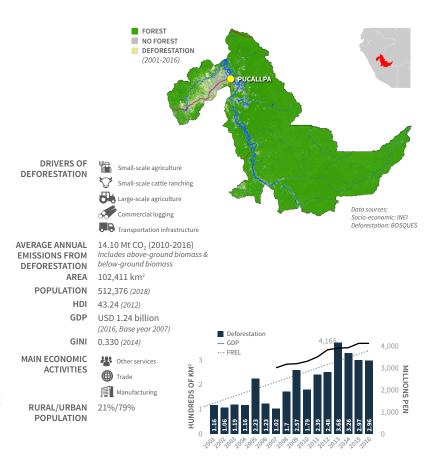
UCAYALI PERU

LOW-EMISSION RURAL DEVELOPMENT (LED-R) AT A GLANCE

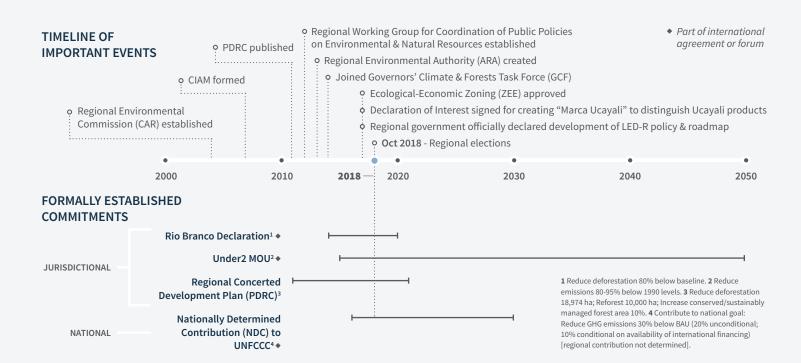
- 1 of 6 Peruvian Amazon regions forming the Interregional Amazonian Council (CIAM) – coordination council of 6 Peruvian regions to strengthen the decentralization process & formulate an inter-regional agenda for Amazon development
- Highest area of palm oil production in Peru (mostly smallscale), primarily for national markets
- The region is becoming more attractive for private & foreign investment, due to infrastructure improvement, successful examples of small-scale palm production, inter alia
- Community forest management projects with native communities promote timber certification & create market links
- 2nd largest Amazon region & 2nd highest forest cover (~9.4 million ha) in Peru
- Over 8.3 million ha of forests (~86%) in forest management units (natural protected areas, forest & conservation concessions, native community forests, & others)

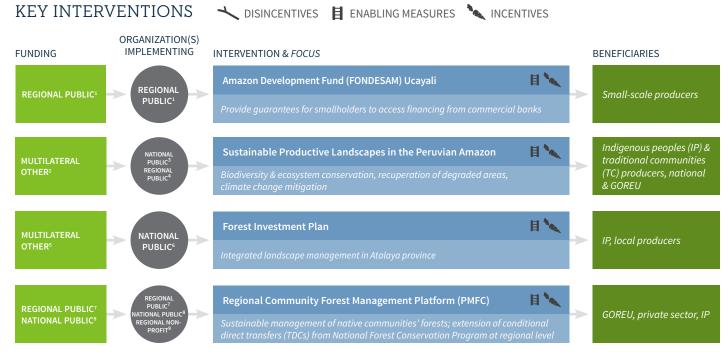


SPOTLIGHT ON INNOVATION

The Amazon Development Fund (FONDESAM) for the region of Ucayali is a trust fund established by the Regional Government of Ucayali (GOREU) with the Development Finance Corporation (COFIDE) as a trustee, to co-finance regional and local investment projects through direct or guaranteed financing. The FONDESAM resources aim to promote the competitiveness and sustainability of the main production chains in the region. In 2017, the Fund contributed to

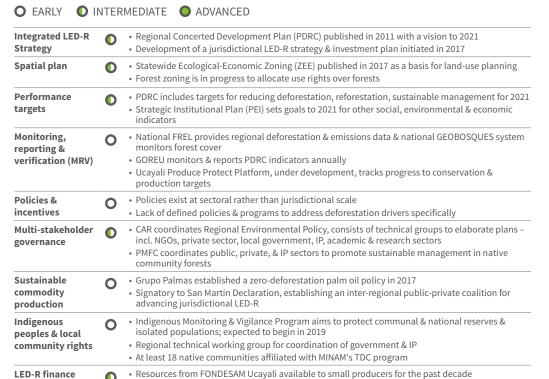
reducing the costs of credit for agricultural producers who participate in a cacao cooperative that incorporates sustainability criteria, one of which is deforestation-free production. In the near future, the GOREU plans to develop and strengthen an investment portfolio for FONDESAM and will include sustainability protocols for its priority investments, in line with the regional LED-R Strategy and investment plan, to be designed in 2018-2019.





1 Administered by the Development Bank of Peru (COFIDE) as a trust of Ucayali Regional Government (GOREU). 2 Global Environmental Facility (GEF) via UNDP. 3 Ministry of Environment (MINAM), Ministry of Agriculture (MINAGRI), National Forest & Wildlife Service (SERFOR). 4 GOREU. 5 World Bank (Climate Investment Funds). 6 MINAM. 7 Regional Office of Natural Resources & Environmental Management, Executive Forest Office of Ucayali, Regional Agricultural Sector of Ucayali, Regional Institute for Development of Native Communities (IRDECON). 8 National Natural Protected Areas Service. 9 Regional AIDESEP Organization Ucayali (ORAU).

PROGRESS TO JURISDICTIONAL SUSTAINABILITY



CHALLENGES & OPPORTUNITIES

CHALLENGES

- Persistence of political & economic centralization hinders regional & local level development
- Sectoral policies & planning instruments are neither integrated nor designed to be complementary & lack territorial approach
- Achieving consensus/reconciling different interests & visions amongst actors
- Lack of communication between regional government agencies

OPPORTUNITIES

- Regional focus on Community Forest Management provides opportunities for native communities' social, economic & cultural development alongside climate change adaptation & mitigation
- Regional LED-R Strategy will be developed in 2018
- Improve regional economy to increase competitiveness
- Portfolio of investments for REDD+ & climate change initiatives for Ucayali exceeds USD 20 million

CITATION | O. David, G. Suárez de Freitas, P. Luna, N. Cisneros. 2018. "Ucayali, Peru" in C. Stickler et al. (Eds.), The State of Jurisdictional Sustainability. San Francisco, CA: Ell; Bogor, Indonesia: CIFOR; Boulder, CO: GCF-TF.

COMPLETE REFERENCES & DATA SOURCES PROVIDED AT www.earthinnovation.org/state-of-jurisdictional-sustainability

TECHNICAL TEAM







Regional Investment Plan prioritized for development with LED-R strategy







