C Programming Language

(10th class)

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Today ...

Review Structure

Dynamic Memory Allocation

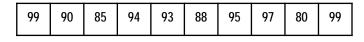
#include<stdlib.h>

- void *malloc(int size);
- void *calloc(int count, int unit_size);
- void *realloc(void* ptr, int size);
- void *free(void *ptr);

```
int scores[10];
```

```
int num = 10;
int *scores = malloc(num*sizeof(int));
/* int *scores = calloc(num, sizeof(int)); */
...
/* I want to add two new students */
scores = realloc(scores, (num+2)*sizeof(int));
/* the memory space is released */
free(scores);
```

scores





scores

99	90	85	94	93	88	95	97	80	99	
		l .					l .			

Struct

■ A data structure that combines data items of different kinds

```
struct mystruct{
  char[10] name;
  int id;
  int scores[3];
} student;
```

```
struct mystruct{
   char[10] name;
   int id;
   int scores[3];
};
...
struct mystruct student;
```

```
typedef struct {
    char[10] name;
    int id;
    int scores[3];
} Mystruct;
...
Mystruct student;
```

■ How to initialize each piece of data in the struct?

```
Mystruct student = {"Albert", 20170000, {100, 100, 100}}
```

```
Mystruct student;

strcpy(student.name, "Albert");

student.id = 20170000;

student.scores[0] = 100;

student.scores[1] = 100;

student.scores[2] = 100;
```

Struct

```
typedef struct mystruct{
    char* name;
    int id;
    int scores[3];
} Mystruct;

Mystruct student;
student.name = "Albert";
student.id = 20170000;
student.scores[0] = 100;
student.scores[1] = 100;
student.scores[2] = 100;
```

Struct

```
typedef struct mystruct{
  char* name;
 int id;
int scores[3];
} Mystruct;
void main() {
  Mystruct student;
  student.name = "Albert";
  student.id = 20170000;
  student.scores[0] = 100;
  student.scores[1] = 100;
  student.scores[2] = 100;
```

```
struct score{
  int math;
  int physics;
  int English;
  double average;
typedef struct mystruct{
  char* name;
  int id;
struct score myScore;
} Mystruct;
void main() {
  Mystruct student;
  student.name = "Albert";
  student.id = 20170000;
 student.myScore.math = 100;
 student.myScore.physics = 100;
 student.myScore.English = 100;
```

Today's program

- Let us write a C program for the library
 - 도서관을 위한 c 프로그램을 작성한다
- In the program, information of each book (1. book title, 2. name of author, 3. volumes (# of books)) should be managed using struct
 - 구조체를 사용하여 각각의 책의 정보(도서 이름, 저자 이름, 권수) 를 관리한다.
- struct variables are stored using linked lists.
 - 각각의 구조체는 linked list로 연결되어 관리된다.

Today's program

- First of all, your program is suppose to show the user the menu
 - 메뉴를 사용자에게 보여준다. (아래 그림과 같이..)
- Get an integer from the user
 - 메뉴(정수) 를 사용자로부터 입력받는다.

```
dhkim@Eins:~/lecture/cProgramming/structure$ ./lib
1. Add a new Book
2. Dispaly all the books in the library of a particular author
3. Dispaly the total number of books in the library
4. Borrow a book
0. Quit program
--> Choose a menu in the list:
```

Today's program

- Your program is supposed to provide the following services
 - 프로그램은 다음과 사용자의 입력에 따라 같은 서비스(메뉴)를 제공해야 한다.
 - Add a book to the library
 - 책을 도서관에 추가한다. (새 책일수도 있고 이미 등록되어 있는 책일수도 있음)
 - Display all books in the library of a particular author
 - 특정 저자 이름 입력시 도서관에서 보관하고 있는 해당 저자의 책 정보들을 화면에 보여준다.
 - Display the total number of books in the library
 - 도서관에서 보관하고 있는 책들의 총 수를 화면에 보여준다.
 - Borrow a book (decrease the number of book by 1)
 - 책을 빌리고자 할때 해당 책이 존재할 경우 권수를 하나 줄이고,
 - 책이 등록되어 있지 않을 경우 경우 존재하지 않음을,
 - 책이 등록은 되어 있으나 모든 책이 대출중 일경우, 남은 책이 없음을 화면에 출력한다.

Add a book to the library

- Get the book title from the user
 - 도서 이름을 입력받는다.
- If the book is already in the library, increase the number of volume
 - 입력받은 도서가 이미 도서관에 등록되어 있으면, 해당 도서의 권수를 하나 증가한다.

- Otherwise, 1) get the author's name and 2) create a new linked list element (struct) containing the book title, author name, and volumes (1) 3) add it to the linked list
 - 도서가 등록되어 있지 않을 경우, 나머지 정보 (저자 이름) 을 입력받아 구조체를 만들고, linked list에 추가한다.

Display all books in the library of a particular author

- Get the author name from the user
 - 저자의 이름을 입력받는다
- Display information of all books written by the author
 - 저자가 쓴 모든 책의 정보를 화면에 출력한다.

```
1. Add a new Book
  Dispaly all the books in the library of a particular author
3. Dispaly the total number of books in the library
4. Borrow a book
Quit program
--> Choose a menu in the list: 2
Input Author: Kim
Book title: cProgramming
Author information: Kim
Number of books in the library: 1
Book title: JAVA Programming
Author information: Kim
 Iumber of books in the library: 1
```

Display the total number of books in the library

- Show the total number of books stored in the library
 - 현재 도서관에 있는 책 (빌려준 책 빼고) 의 권수를 화면에 출력한다.

```
    Add a new Book

Dispaly all the books in the library of a particular author
Dispaly the total number of books in the library
4. Borrow a book
Quit program
--> Choose a menu in the list: 3
total number of books in the library: 2
```

Borrow a book

Borrow a book (decrease the number of book by 1)

```
1. Add a new Book
2. Dispaly all the books in the library of a particular author
3. Dispaly the total number of books in the library
 . Borrow a book
0. Quit program
--> Choose a menu in the list: 4
Input Book title: cProgramming
You should return the book within next 30 days. Here it is.
1. Add a new Book
  Dispaly all the books in the library of a particular author
3. Dispaly the total number of books in the library
4. Borrow a book
0. Quit program
 --> Choose a menu in the list: 4
Input Book title: cProgramming
Oops! Sorry. All books in the library are currently on loan.
```

Main

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdib.h>
#include <string.h>

struct book {
    ....
};

Struct book* library = NULL; /* global variable */
...
```

```
oid main(){
int menu;
while(1){
  printf(
                           <\n");
  printf(
                                                             y\n");
  printf(
                          k\n");
  printf(
  printf(
                          n\n\n");
  printf(
                                           ");
  scanf("%d", &menu);
  switch(menu){
      return;
      addBook();
      break;
      bookbyAuthor();
      break;
      countBooks();
      break;
      borrowBook();
      break;
    default:
               /ou have input a wrong number\n");
      printf("\
      continue;
```

Q and A

