DSA LAB

Assignment 11

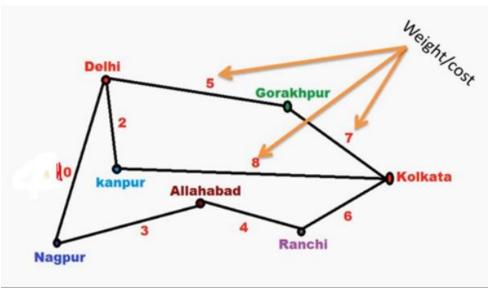
Name: Madhav Jha

Roll no.: E3-48

Branch: CSE (AI & ML)

Write a program to find shortest path from Delhi to Kolkata using Dijkstra and Floyd Warshall Algorithm.

Graph:



Code:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#define MAXNUM 20000

int edges[1000][1000];
int apspArr[1000][1000];
int arr[1000][1000];

char nodes[1000][1000];

void edgesPrint(int n) {
    printf("\n\n | ");
    for (int i = 0;i < n;++i) {
        printf("\n--|");
        for (int i = 0;i < n;++i) {
            printf("\n--|");
        for (int i = 0;i < n;++i) {
            printf("---");
        }
}</pre>
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        printf("\n%d | ", i);
        for (int j = 0; j < n; ++j) {
            if (edges[i][j] == MAXNUM) {
                 printf(" 0 ");
                 continue;
            }
            if (edges[i][j] < 9) {</pre>
                 printf(" ");
            }
            printf("%d ", edges[i][j]);
        }
    printf("\n");
void apspPrint(int n) {
    printf("\n\n | ");
    for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
        printf(" %d ", i);
    }
    printf("\n--|");
    for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
        printf("---");
    }
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        printf("\n%d | ", i);
        for (int j = 0; j < n; ++j) {
            if (apspArr[i][j] == MAXNUM) {
                 printf(" 0 ");
                 continue;
             }
            if (apspArr[i][j] < 9) {</pre>
                 printf(" ");
             }
            printf("%d ", apspArr[i][j]);
        }
    printf("\n");
```

```
int min(int a, int b) {
    return (a < b) ? a : b;
}
void apsp(int n) {
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        for (int j = 0; j < n; j++) {
             apspArr[i][j] = edges[i][j];
        }
    }
    for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
        for (int j = 0; j < n; ++j) {
             for (int k = 0; k < n; ++k) {
                 if (j == i \mid \mid k == i \mid \mid j == k) continue;
                 apspArr[j][k] = min(apspArr[j][k], apspArr[j][i] +
apspArr[i][k]);
        }
    }
int dijkstraAlgo(int a, int b, int n) {
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        for (int j = 0; j < n; j++) {
             arr[i][j] = MAXNUM;
        }
    int isVisited[n];
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        isVisited[i] = 0;
    }
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        if (edges[a][i] != MAXNUM) {
             arr[a][i] = edges[a][i];
        }
    isVisited[a] = 1;
```

```
int prev = a, count = n - 1;
    while (count > 0) {
        int mn = MAXNUM, k = -1;
        for (int j = 0; j < n; j++) {
            if (arr[prev][j] < mn && isVisited[j] == 0) {</pre>
                mn = arr[prev][j];
                k = j;
            }
        }
        if (mn == MAXNUM) continue;
        for (int j = 0; j < n; j++) {
            arr[k][j] = min(arr[prev][j], arr[prev][k] + edges[k][j]);
        isVisited[k] = 1;
        prev = k;
        count--;
    }
    int res = MAXNUM;
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        res = min(res, arr[i][b]);
    return res;
int main(void) {
// #ifndef ONLINE JUDGE
// freopen("input.txt", "r", stdin);
// #endif
    printf("\n\n:::::All Pair Shortest Path::::\n\n");
    int n = 0;
    printf("Enter number of nodes: ");
    scanf("%d", &n);
```

```
printf("\nEnter node/city values/name:\n");
    for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
        printf("Name of node %d: ", i);
        scanf("%s", &nodes[i]);
    }
    for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
        printf("\nNode %d: %s", i, nodes[i]);
    }printf("\n");
    // put all edges as 0
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        for (int j = 0; j < n; ++j) {
            edges[i][j] = MAXNUM;
        }
    }
    int e = 0;
    printf("\nEnter number of edges: ");
    scanf("%d", &e);
    if (e < n - 1) {
        printf("\n\nERROR: Edges should be >= %d\n\n", n - 1);
        return 0;
    }
    printf("\nEnter edges in following format: from to weight \n(e.g.:
2 4 3)\n");
    for (int i = 0; i < e; i++) {
        int a, b, c;
        printf("Edge: ");
        scanf("%d", &a);
        scanf("%d", &b);
        scanf("%d", &c);
        edges[a][b] = c;
        edges[b][a] = c;
    }
    printf("\n\nInitial edge matrix:");
    edgesPrint(n);
    apsp(n);
```

```
int inp = 0;
    do {
        printf("\n\n0. Exit!!!");
        printf("\n1. Find shortest distance between two nodes using
dijkstra algorithm.");
        printf("\n2. Find shortest distance between two nodes using
Floyd Warshall algorithm.");
        printf("\n3. Find shortest distance between all nodes.");
        printf("\nYour Choice: ");
        scanf("%d", &inp);
        int a, b, val;
        switch (inp)
        {
        case 1:
            printf("\nEnter current node number: ");
            scanf("%d", &a);
            printf("Enter destination node number: ");
            scanf("%d", &b);
            val = dijkstraAlgo(a, b, n);
            printf("\nShortest path distance between %s and %s is:
%d", nodes[a], nodes[b], val);
            break;
        case 2:
            printf("\nEnter current node number: ");
            scanf("%d", &a);
            printf("Enter destination node number: ");
            scanf("%d", &b);
            val = apspArr[a][b];
            printf("\nShortest path distance between %s and %s is:
%d", nodes[a], nodes[b], val);
            break;
        case 3:
            printf("\n\nAll Pair Shortest Distance: ");
            apspPrint(n);
            break;
        case 0:
```

```
printf("\nExit...!");
    break;
    default:
        printf("\nERROR: Invalid option!!!\n");
        break;
    }
} while (inp != 0);
printf("\n\n");
return 0;
}
```

Output:

```
PS E:\Google Drive\Classroom\SEM-3\DSA lab-sem3> cd "e:\Google
Drive\Classroom\SEM-3\DSA lab-sem3\lab-11_(graph-traversal)\"
; if ($?) { gcc graphTraversal.c -o graphTraversal } ; if ($?)
{ .\graphTraversal }
:::::All Pair Shortest Path:::::
Enter number of nodes: 7
Enter node/city values/name:
Name of node 0: Delhi
Name of node 1: Gorakhpur
Name of node 2: Kolkata
Name of node 3: Ranchi
Name of node 4: Allahabad
Name of node 5: Nagpur
Name of node 6: Kanpur
Node 0: Delhi
Node 1: Gorakhpur
Node 2: Kolkata
Node 3: Ranchi
Node 4: Allahabad
Node 5: Nagpur
Node 6: Kanpur
Enter number of edges: 8
Enter edges in following format: from to weight
(e.g.: 2 4 3)
Edge: 0 1 5
Edge: 1 2 7
Edge: 2 3 6
Edge: 3 4 4
Edge: 4 5 3
Edge: 5 0 10
Edge: 0 6 2
Edge: 6 2 8
```

```
Initial edge matrix:
                 0 10
2
3
    10
0. Exit!!!
1. Find shortest distance between two nodes using dijkstra
algorithm.
2. Find shortest distance between two nodes using Floyd
Warshall algorithm.
3. Find shortest distance between all nodes.
Your Choice: 1
Enter current node number: 0
Enter destination node number: 2
Shortest path distance between Delhi and Kolkata is: 10
0. Exit!!!
1. Find shortest distance between two nodes using dijkstra
algorithm.
2. Find shortest distance between two nodes using Floyd
Warshall algorithm.
3. Find shortest distance between all nodes.
Your Choice: 2
Enter current node number: 0
Enter destination node number: 2
Shortest path distance between Delhi and Kolkata is: 10
```

- 0. Exit!!!
- 1. Find shortest distance between two nodes using dijkstra algorithm.
- 2. Find shortest distance between two nodes using Floyd Warshall algorithm.
- 3. Find shortest distance between all nodes.

Your Choice: 3

All Pair Shortest Distance:

- 0. Exit!!!
- 1. Find shortest distance between two nodes using dijkstra algorithm.
- 2. Find shortest distance between two nodes using Floyd Warshall algorithm.
- 3. Find shortest distance between all nodes.

Your Choice: 0

Exit...!

PS E:\Google Drive\Classroom\SEM-3\DSA_lab-sem3\lab-11_(graphtraversal)>