MIT Introduction to Statistics 18.05 Reading 3 - Questions

John Hancock

February 9, 2017

Contents

B = 'sum is 7'

2.1

1	References and License	1
2	Problem 1 2.1 Compute $P(B)$; Dice Sum to 7	1 1
1	References and License	
cou Ple Th	e are answering questions in the material from MIT OpenCourseWatrse 18.05, Introduction to Probability and Statistics. Pease see the references section for detailed citation information. The material for the course is licensed under the terms at http://ocw.miu/terms. The are answering the questions in [1].	
2	Problem 1	
	u roll two dice. Consider the following events. = 'first die is 3'	

Compute P(B); Dice Sum to 7

C = 'sum is greater than or equal to 7'

We are rolling two dice so the sample space, Ω , is $\{(x,y) \mid x,y \in \{1,2,3,4,5,6\}\}$ Then B is $\{(x,y) \in \Omega \mid x+y=7\}$. Therefore by inspection $B = \{(1,6),(6,1),(5,2),(2,5),(3,4),(4,3)\}$ There are 36 sequences of integers (x,y) for $(x,y) \in \{1,2,3,4,5,6\}$. There are 6 elements in B, so $P(B) = \frac{6}{36} \approx 0.1667$.

References

[1] Jeremy Orloff and Jonathan Bloom. *Reading Questions 3*. https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/mathema 05-introduction-to-probability-and-statistics-spring-2014/readings/reading-questions-3/.