

# Answers To Questions in Conditional Probability, Independence, Bayes Theorem 18.05

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## 1 References and License

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In this document, we are answering the questions in [1].

We use documentation in for properly writing the L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>Xsource code for this document.

## 2 Probability At Least 3 Heads, Given First Toss Tails

We are tossing a coin four times. Therefore we define the sample space

$$\Omega = \{(x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4), x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4 \in \{H, T\}\} \quad (1)$$

$$|\Omega| = 16$$

We assume all outcomes are equally likely.

$A$  is the event that at we toss heads at least 3 times.

$B$  is the event that we toss tails the first time.

We use the definition of conditional probability to cacluate  $P(A | B)$ .

$$P(A | B) = \frac{P(A \cap B)}{P(B)}, \text{ Provided } P(B) \neq 0 \quad (2)$$

$P(A) = \frac{5}{16}$  since there are 5 elements of  $\Omega$  that represent the event that we toss heads at least three times, and we assume all outcomes are equally likely.

These are:  $(T, H, H, H), (H, T, H, H), (H, H, T, H), (H, H, H, T), (H, H, H, H)$ .

The elements of  $B$  are  $(T, T, T, T), (T, T, T, H), (T, T, H, T), (T, T, H, H), (T, H, T, T), (T, H, T, H), (T, H, H, T), (T, H, H, H)$ .

By inspection  $A \cap B$  is the element  $(T, H, H, H)$ .

We substitute values into 2 to get

$$P(A | B) = \frac{\frac{1}{16}}{\frac{8}{16}} = \frac{1}{8} \quad (3)$$

### 3 Probability First Toss Tails, Given At Least 3 Heads

We use 2 and definitions of the sets  $\Omega$ ,  $A$ ,  $A \cap B$ , and  $B$  that we define in section 1. In addition we assume all outcomes are equally likely.

We use ?? to get

$$P(B | A) = \frac{P(B \cap A)}{P(A)}, \text{ Provided } P(A) \neq 0 \quad (4)$$

The  $\cap$  operator is commutative, so  $P(A \cap B) = P(B \cap A)$ , and we discover  $P(A \cap B)$  in the previous section 1.

Therefore,

$$P(B | A) = \frac{\frac{1}{16}}{\frac{5}{16}} = \frac{1}{5} \quad (5)$$

### 4 Probability Second Ball Red

#### References

- [1] Jeremy Orloff and Jonathan Bloom. *Conditional Probability, Independence, Bayes Theorem 18.05*. Available at [https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/mathematics/18-05-introduction-to-probability-and-statistics-spring-2014/class-slides/MIT18\\_05S14\\_class3slides.pdf](https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/mathematics/18-05-introduction-to-probability-and-statistics-spring-2014/class-slides/MIT18_05S14_class3slides.pdf) (Spring 2014).