# Spark Apply

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Load sparklyr and establish the Spark connection.

## 5.4 Sparklyr Apply

sparklyr provides support to run arbitrary R code at scale within Spark through the function spark\_apply. Thus, most of R's functionality can be distributed across an R cluster. Apache Spark, even with Spark Packages, has a limited range of functions available.

spark\_apply applies an R function to a Spark DataFrame, typically. Spark objects are partitioned so they can be distributed across a cluster. You can use spark\_apply with the default partitions or you can define your own partitions with the group\_by argument. Your R function must return another Spark DataFrame. spark apply will run your R function on each partition and output a single Spark DataFrame.

### 5.4.1 Apply an R function to a Spark Object

Let's apply the identify function, I(), over a list of numbers we created with the sdf len function.

```
sdf_len(sc, length = 5, repartition = 1) %>%
spark_apply(function(e) I(e))
```

```
## # Source: spark<?> [?? x 1]
## id
## <int>
## 1 1
## 2 2
## 3 3
## 4 4
## 5 5
```

#### 5.4.2 Group By

A common task is to apply your R function to specific groups in your data, e.g., computing a regression model for each group. This is done by specifying a group\_by argument.

The following example initially counts the number of rows in the iris data frame for each species.

```
iris_tbl <- copy_to(sc, iris)</pre>
iris_tbl %>%
  spark_apply(nrow, group_by = "Species")
## # Source: spark<?> [?? x 2]
##
     Species
                 result
##
     <chr>
                  <int>
## 1 virginica
                     50
## 2 setosa
                     50
## 3 versicolor
                     50
Now compute the R^2 for a linear model for each species.
iris tbl %>%
  spark_apply(
    function(e) summary(lm(Petal_Length ~ Petal_Width, e))$r.squared,
    names = "r.squared",
    group_by = "Species")
## # Source: spark<?> [?? x 2]
     Species
                r.squared
##
     <chr>>
                     <dbl>
                     0.104
## 1 virginica
## 2 setosa
                     0.110
## 3 versicolor
                     0.619
```

#### 5.4.3 Distributed Packages

With spark\_apply you can use nearly any R package inside Spark.

As an example, we use the broom package to create a tidy data frame from the linear regression output.

```
spark_apply(
  iris_tbl,
  function(e) broom::tidy(lm(Petal_Length ~ Petal_Width, e)),
  names = c("term", "estimate", "std.error", "statistic", "p.value"),
  group_by = "Species")
```

```
## # Source: spark<?> [?? x 6]
##
     Species
                term
                             estimate std.error statistic p.value
##
     <chr>
                <chr>
                                <dbl>
                                          <dbl>
                                                    <dbl>
                                                              <dbl>
## 1 virginica (Intercept)
                                4.24
                                         0.561
                                                     7.56 1.04e- 9
## 2 virginica Petal_Width
                               0.647
                                         0.275
                                                     2.36 2.25e- 2
                                                    22.1 7.68e-27
## 3 setosa
                (Intercept)
                                1.33
                                         0.0600
## 4 setosa
                Petal_Width
                                0.546
                                         0.224
                                                     2.44 1.86e- 2
## 5 versicolor (Intercept)
                                1.78
                                         0.284
                                                     6.28 9.48e- 8
## 6 versicolor Petal_Width
                                1.87
                                         0.212
                                                     8.83 1.27e-11
```

The ability to use R packages in Spark is a killer feature, i.e., it expands the capability of Spark to most of the 13,000+ R packages. There are limitations, however. For example, referencing free variables using closures will not work.

```
spark_disconnect(sc)
```