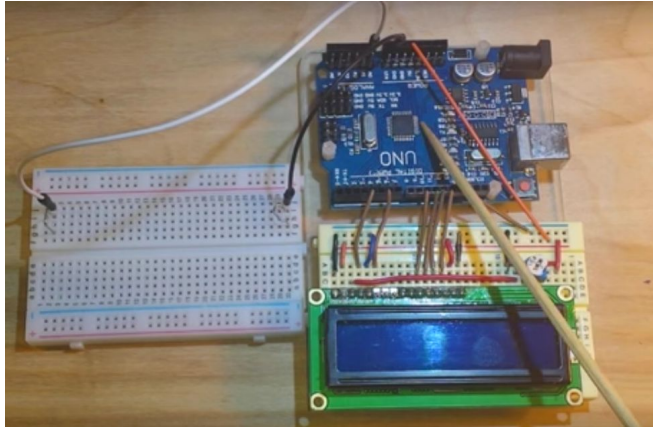


Arduino 18650 Battery Charge Gauge

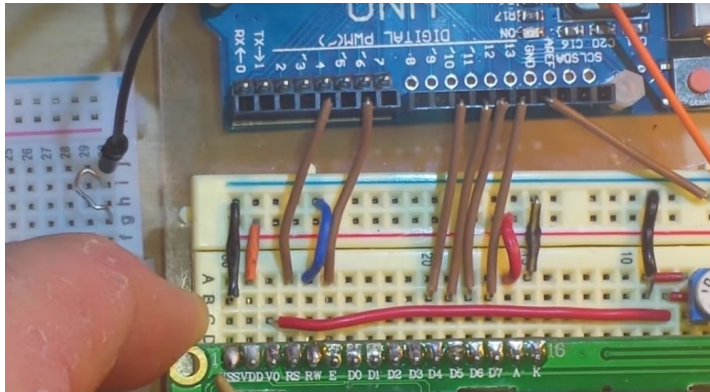
This is a specific battery checker shows the voltage and the percentage and a bar graph indicator .

What I used :

- Arduino Uno
- 16x 2 lcd screen.
- 2x bread boards
- 10k potentiometer



Hooking up the LCD:



- Vss is your ground connect to ground
- Vdd is your 5v connect to 5v
- RS is your right select connects to pin 4
- Rw is read write connect to ground
- E connect to pin 4
- D0, D1, D2, D3 are not used in this case.
- We are only going to use 4 data lines
 - D4 connects to 10
 - D5 connects to 11
 - D6 connects to 12

-

- ## The Code behind it all:

```
#include <LiquidCrystal.h> //we need the library for the lcd display

LiquidCrystal lcd(4, 6, 10, 11, 12, 13); //we need to tell the arduino which pins to use with the lcd

float rawV = 0.0; //a variable with a decimal point to hold battery volt voltage
int batC = 0; //a variable with no decimal point to hold battery percentage
int graph = 0; //a variable with no decimal point to hold the value for the graph

void setup() { //only runs when the Arduino is powered on reset

    lcd.begin(16, 2); //start lcd with 16 columns & 2 rows
    lcd.clear(); //clear any garbage from screen
    pinMode(A0, INPUT); //we will use analog pin 0 to read voltage from 18650
}

void loop() { //runs over and over
```

```

rawV = (analogRead(A0)*4.98)/1024;          //figure out the battery voltage (4.98 is the actual reading of my 5V
pin)

```

```

//some logic to set values

```

Estimated remaining capacity			
Voltage	Sanyo 18650 2600mAh (Red)	Panasonic CGR18650CH 2250mAh	Panasonic NCR18650B 3100/3400mAh
4.2	100%	100%	100%
4.1	91%	93%	94%
4.0	79%	84%	83%
3.9	62%	75%	72%
3.8	42%	64%	59%
3.7	12%	52%	50%
3.6	2%	22%	33%
3.5	0%	9%	15%
3.4	0%	0%	6%
3.3	0%	0%	0%
3.2	0%	0%	0%
Measured 1 hour after discharge min. of 1A & 3A			

```

if (rawV < 3.6){                                //battery @ 3.5V or less
  batC = 0;                                     //% = 0
  graph = 0;                                    //# of graph segments to light
}

if (rawV > 3.5 && rawV < 3.7){                  //battery @ 3.6V
  batC = 2;
  graph = 1;
}

if (rawV > 3.6 && rawV < 3.8){                  //battery @ 3.7V
  batC = 12;
  graph = 4;
}

if (rawV > 3.7 && rawV < 3.9){                  //battery @ 3.8V
  batC = 42;
  graph = 7;
}

if (rawV > 3.8 && rawV < 4.0){                  //battery @ 3.9V
  batC = 62;
  graph = 10;
}

if (rawV > 3.9 && rawV < 4.1){                  //battery @ 4.0V
  batC = 79;
  graph = 13;
}

if (rawV > 4.0 && rawV < 4.2){                  //battery @ 4.1V
  batC = 81;
  graph = 15;
}

if (rawV > 4.19){                              //battery @ 4.2V
  batC = 100;
  graph = 16;
}

//send all the values to the lcd

```

```

    lcd.setCursor(0,0);
    lcd.print("V:");
    lcd.setCursor(3,0);
    lcd.print(rawV);
    lcd.setCursor(10,0);
    lcd.print("%:");
    lcd.setCursor(13,0);
    lcd.print(batC);
    lcd.setCursor(0,1);
    for(int m = 0; m < graph; m++){           //draw the graph (light up m number of segments)
        lcd.write(255);
    }

    delay(1000);                             //wait one second to stabilize

    lcd.clear();                             //clear previous data from lcd

}

```

Reference : <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Eg3p1XFAcG8>