Directions

- 1. Complete the following questions.
- 1. Suppose we encrypt the message "helloworld" using the shift cipher with the key "j". What is the resulting ciphertext?

- 2. Using the English-language shift cipher which of the following plaintexts could correspond to ciphertext "AZC"?
 - (a) "can"
 - (b) "bad"
 - (c) "dog"
 - (d) "run"

3. Suppose we encrypt the message "good" using the vigenere cipher with the key "jar". What is the resulting ciphertext?

4. Convert the hexdecimal number Oxb7 to a decimal number. Convert the hexadecimal number Ox2ce to a binary number.

Binary, Decimal, Hex Table. This can be found at https://www.rapidtables.com/

Binary Number	Decimal Number	Hex Number
0	0	0
1	1	1
10	2	2
11	3	3
100	4	4
101	5	5
110	6	6
111	7	7
1000	8	8
1001	9	9

Binary Number	Decimal Number	Hex Number
1010	10	А
1011	11	В
1100	12	С
1101	13	D
1110	14	Е
1111	15	F

ASCII Table. Find a better picture at http://www.asciitable.com/

Dec HxOct Char	Dec H	< Oct	Html	Chr	Dec	Нх	Oct	Html	Chr	Dec	Нх	Oct	Html Ch	ır
0 0 000 NUL (null)	32 20	040	6#32;	Space	64	40	100	@	0	96	60 1	140	`	•
1 1 001 SOH (start of heading)	33 21	041	6#33;	!	65	41	101	A	A	97	61 1	141	6#97;	a
2 2 002 STX (start of text)	34 22	042	%#34 ;	rr .	66	42	102	B	В	98	62	142	%#98 ;	b
3 3 003 ETX (end of text)	35 23	043	#	#	67	43	103	C	C				6#99;	C
4 4 004 EOT (end of transmission)			%#36;		68	44	104	D	D	100	64	144	d	d
5 5 005 ENQ (enquiry)			6#37;					E					e	
6 6 006 ACK (acknowledge)			6#38;					F	_				6#102;	
7 7 007 BEL (bell)			6#39;					@#71;					@#103;	
8 8 010 <mark>BS</mark> (backspace)			a#40;					6#72;					h	
9 9 011 TAB (horizontal tab))					6#73;					i	
10 A 012 LF (NL line feed, new line)			6#42;					6#74;					j	
ll B 013 VT (vertical tab)			6#43;			_		G#75;					k	
12 C 014 FF (NP form feed, new page)			,					L					l	
13 D 015 CR (carriage return)			6#45;					e#77;					m	
14 E 016 SO (shift out)			6#46;			_		6#78;					n	
15 F 017 SI (shift in)			6#47;					6#79;					o	
16 10 020 DLE (data link escape)			6#48;					P					p	_
17 11 021 DC1 (device control 1)			6#49;					@#81;					q	_
18 12 022 DC2 (device control 2)			2					6#82;					r	
19 13 023 DC3 (device control 3)			3					6#83;					s	
20 14 024 DC4 (device control 4)			4					6#84;					t	
21 15 025 NAK (negative acknowledge)			6#53;		I			6#85;		1			u	
22 16 026 SYN (synchronous idle)			6					6#86;					v	
23 17 027 ETB (end of trans. block)			6#55;					6#87;					6#119;	
24 18 030 CAN (cancel)			6#56;					6#88;					x	
25 19 031 EM (end of medium)			6#57; 6#58;		I			6#89;					6#121;	
26 lA 032 SUB (substitute)			6#50; 6#59;					6#90;					@#122; @#123;	
27 1B 033 ESC (escape) 28 1C 034 FS (file separator)			6#59; 6#60;	•				6#91;	-				%#123; %#124;	
,,			6#61;					6#92;					6#124;	
29 1D 035 GS (group separator) 30 1E 036 RS (record separator)			= >					6#94;	-				%#125; ~	
31 1F 037 US (unit separator)			«#63;					6#95;					x 	
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