

# HCP Vault: Operationalizing for Production





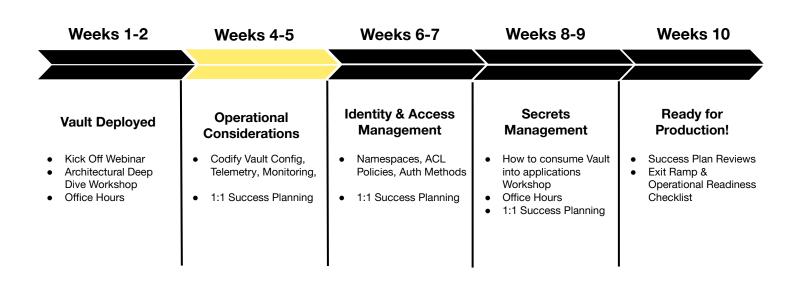
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## Agenda

- Automate HCP Control Plane
- Automate Vault Configuration
- Audit Log
- Telemetry
- Next Steps
- Q & A

#### **HCP Vault Path to Production**





## Automate HCP Control Plane

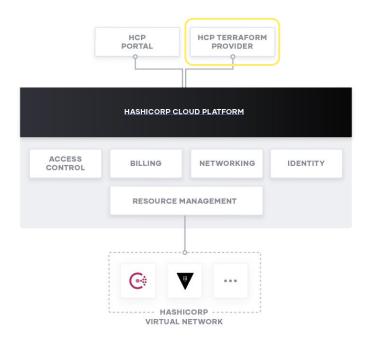


## **HashiCorp Cloud Platform**



#### **Overview**

HashiCorp Cloud Platform supports management of the platform through web interface or it can be integrated with your automation processes by leveraging Terraform, HCP provider, and Vault provider.



## **Service Principals**



#### **Access Controls**

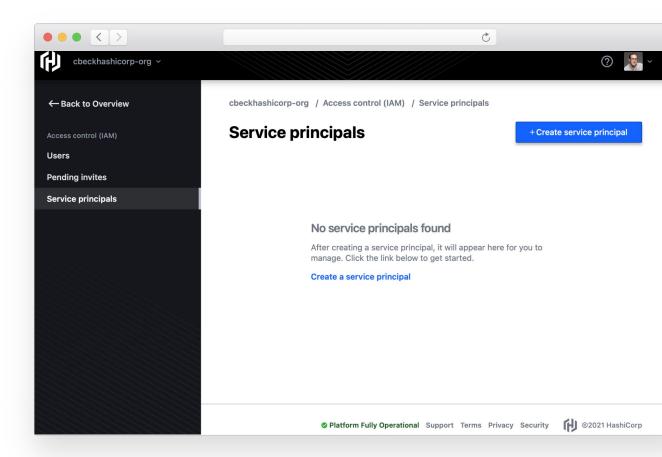
HashiCorp Cloud Platform allows you to grant access to both user and machines. Users will typically have access managed via their user principal that is tied to their identity. Non-human clients or machine users will need to be granted access using service principals.

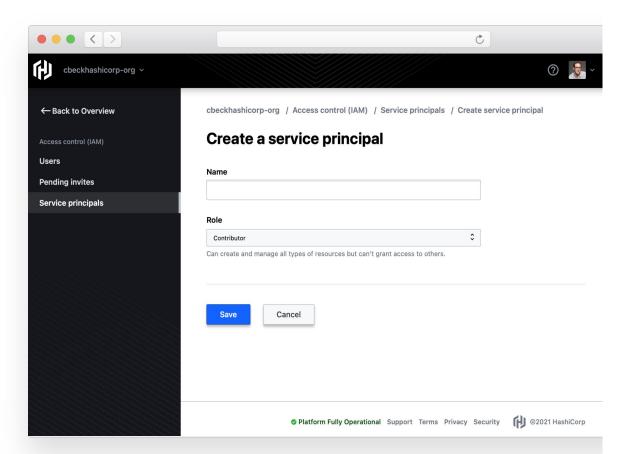
#### **RBAC**

Both user principals and service principles can be assigned one of three roles (viewer, contributor, and admin) depending on the type of operations the user or service will need to perform.



# Creating Service Principals



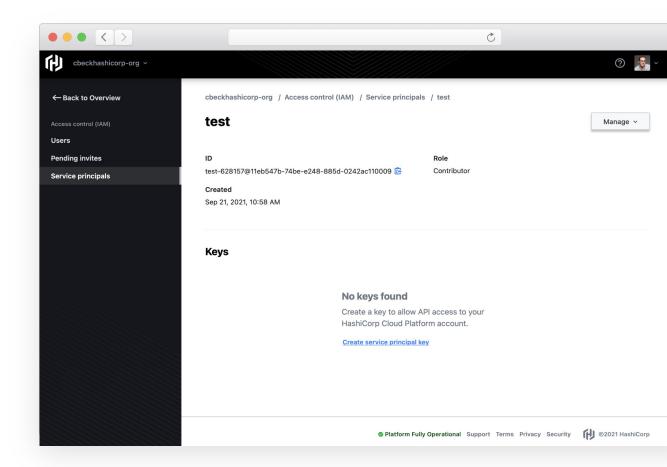


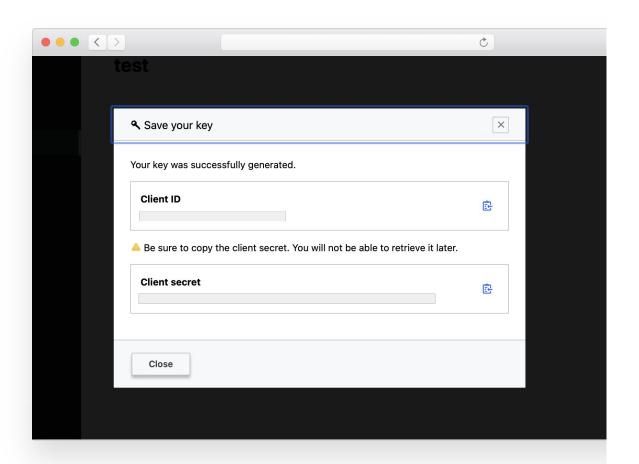


## Service Principal Role Selection



# **Creating Service Principal Key**







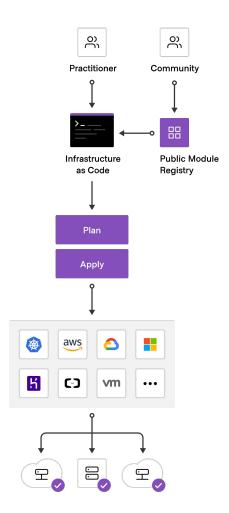
## Service Principal Key Secret

Client secret cannot be retrieved later.

#### **Terraform Overview**

#### **Cloud Infrastructure Automation**

Terraform enables cloud infrastructure automation by codifying your infrastructure as code. Infrastructure and services from any provider can be provisioned in a codified, secure, and automated fashion.

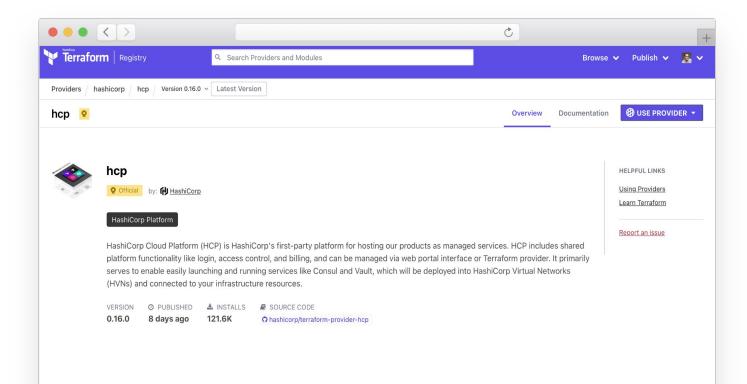




#### **HCP Provider**



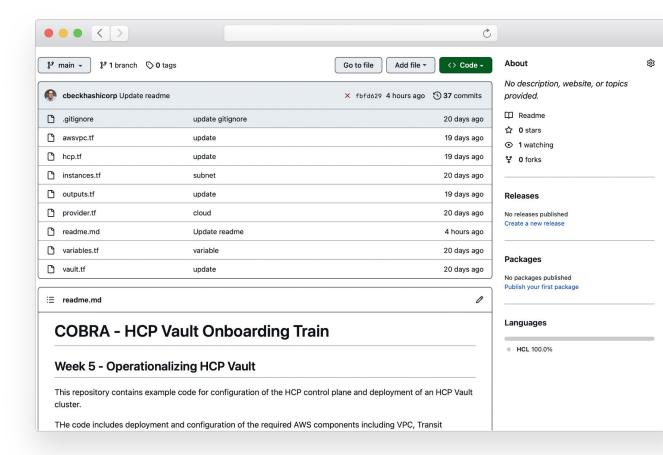
#### Provision and management of control plane resources in HCP





#### **Module**

Code on GitHub



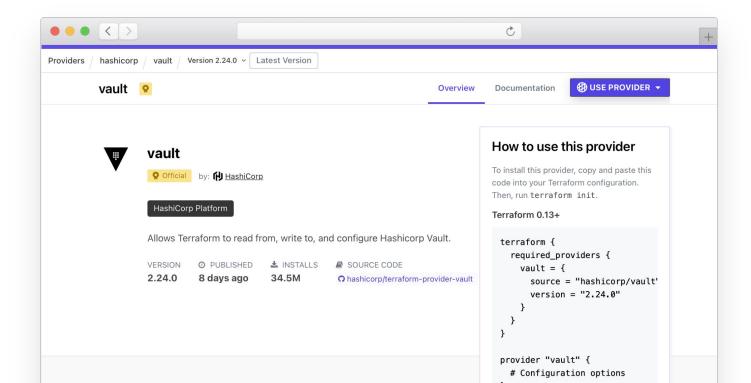
## Automate Vault Configuration



#### **Vault Provider**



Provision namespaces, policies, secrets engines, and auth methods



### **Access HCP Vault using Terraform**



```
CODE EDITOR
data "hcp_vault_cluster" "dev" {
     cluster_id = var.cluster_id
resource "hcp_vault_cluster_admin_token" "token" {
     cluster_id = var.cluster_id
provider "vault" {
               = data.hcp_vault_cluster.dev.vault.private_endpoint_url
     address
     token
               = hcp_vault_cluster_admin_token.token.token
     namespace = "admin"
```

```
• • •
```

```
resource "vault_namespace" "infosec" {
 path = "infosec"
}
provider vault {
 alias
           = "infosec"
 namespace = vault_namespace.infosec.path
resource "vault_policy" "example" {
 provider = vault.infosec
```



## Namespace and Provider Alias



### **Create Policy**

Create auth method for OIDC provider

```
data "vault_policy_document" "dev_user_policy" {
   rule {
                    = "secret/data/development/*"
       path
       capabilities = ["create", "read", "update",
"delete", "list"]
resource "vault_policy" "devusers" {
          = "dev-policy"
   name
   policy = "${data.vault_policy_document.hcl}"
```



## **Enable User Authentication Method**

Create auth method for OIDC provider

```
resource "vault_jwt_auth_backend" "oidcauth" {
                       = "Auth@ OIDC"
   description
   path
                       = "oidc"
                       = "oidc"
   type
   oidc_discovery_url = "https://myco.auth0.com/"
   oidc_client_id
                       = "1234567890"
   oidc_client_secret = "secret123456"
   bound_issuer
                       = "https://myco.auth0.com/"
   tune {
       listing_visibility = "unauth"
```

```
resource "vault_jwt_auth_backend_role" "example" {
 backend
                 = vault_jwt_auth_backend.oidc.path
                 = "test-role"
 role_name
 token_policies = ["default", "dev", "prod"]
 user_claim
                       = "https://vault/user"
 role_type
                       = "oidc"
 allowed_redirect_uris =
["http://localhost:8200/ui/vault/auth/oidc/oidc/callbac
k"]
```



## **Create Auth Role**

Role will define the user claim to authenticate a user and which policy assignments they have in Vault.



## Enable Secrets Engines

```
resource "vault_mount" "kvv2-infosec" {
                                 = "infosec"
  path
                                 = "kv-v2"
  type
resource "vault_mount" "pki-dev" {
  path
                                 = "pki-dev"
                                 = "pki"
  type
  default_lease_ttl_seconds
                                 = 3600
 max_lease_ttl_seconds
                                 = 86400
```

#### **Best Practices**



#### **Protect State**

Terraform, by default, stores state in the working directory where Terraform CLI is executed. Remote State should be used and encrypted. Access to state should be limited by following practice of least privilege.

#### Manage as Code

Treat Terraform configuration files as code. Store in a VCS like Github and practice least privilege for access and who can commit changes. Integrate into CI process and ensure code is tested in dev before pushing to production.

#### **Sensitive Values**

Do not put any secrets in code. Pass any secrets, such as credentials or Vault token by using environment variables. Sensitive values may appear in state if not handled correctly.

## **Audit Log**



## **Audit Log**



#### **Overview**

HCP Vault includes auditing capabilities for all production tier clusters. The logs are written locally and stored in an encrypted S3 bucket.

Audit log retention period varies based on the cluster tier as each tier has different storage capabilities.

#### **Streaming**

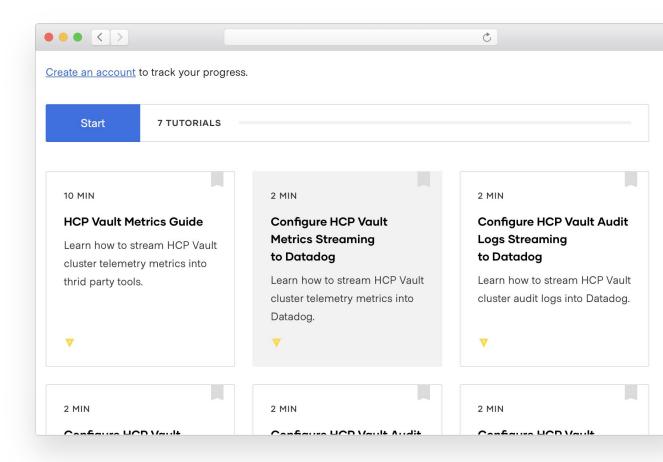
Audit logs can be streamed from any production tier cluster to supported third party logging providers.

Currently, we support audit log streaming to Datadog, Grafana Cloud, and Splunk.



## Setup Guides

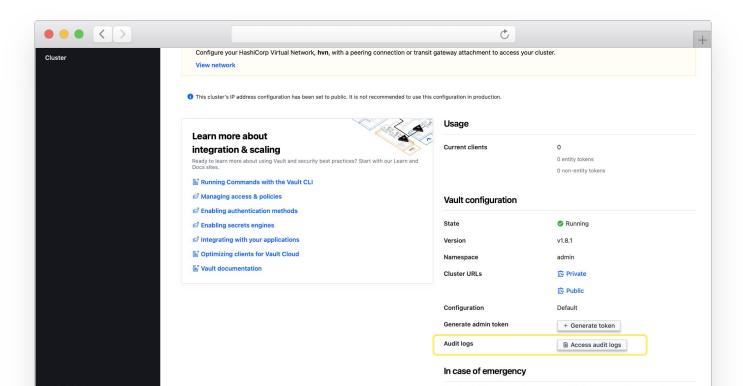
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### **Audit Log Access**



#### Audit Logs appear under Vault configuration on the cluster page



### **Download Audit Logs**



Audit logs can be downloaded in 1 hour increments. Once the audit log has been downloaded you can import that into your monitoring solutions for evaluation.

API access is being evaluated as a future capability. Please watch our blogs and release notes to be notified as capabilities are added.

Download audit logs	X		
You can download the audit logs that cover a <b>1 hour</b> period for this cluster as a gzip archive (.gz) file.  Please specify the start date and time in your local timezone.			
Start date	Start time		
YYYY-MM-DD	Logs will end 60 minutes from this time		
09/23/2021	4:00 PM \$		
<b>≛</b> Download audit logs Close			

## Telemetry



## **Vault Telemetry**



#### **Overview**

HCP Vault supports telemetry monitoring to better understand the metrics and usage of your HCP Vault implementation. Metrics can be streamed to Datadog, Grafana Cloud, and Splunk.

#### **Considerations**

Metrics streaming is currently supported with the three providers listed above. If you are using an additional provider that is not currently supported, contact us with your provider details so we can investigate support in future releases.

Metrics streaming is not supported with development tier clusters.



## **Monitoring Patterns**

Organizations that have successfully adopted Vault at scale typically classify Vault as a tier 0 application as it is typically a dependency for their most critical applications. Below are the three patterns that should be adopted for monitoring the health of Vault.

- 1. Time-series telemetry data
- 2. Log Analytics
- 3. Active Health Checks

## **Metric Types**



#### [C] Counter

Cumulative metrics that increment when an event occurs and are reset at the end of the reporting interval.

#### [G] Gauge

Provides measurements of current values

#### [S] Summary

Provide sample observations of values. Commonly used to measure timing duration of discrete events in the reporting interval.

## **Contributing Factors in Performance**



- Know the expected workload
- Vault System Resources (CPU, MEM, Disk)
- Complexity of the Vault Policies
- Audit Logging
- Network for all the things

## **Key System Metrics**



Metric	Description	What to look for?	
vault.core.unsealed	Status of Vault seal 1 unsealed. 0 sealed	Unexpected changes to 0	
host_cpu_seconds_total	Total CPU time	Heavy	
Host_cpu_seconds_total (idle mode)	Time CPU in idle state	Look for heavy CPU usage or unexpected periods of idle, may	
host_cpu_seconds_total	Total CPU time	indicate incorrect sizing.	
host_memory_total_bytes	Physical RAM available to server	Look for high memory usage or under utilized physical RAM to ensure correct	
host_memory_available_bytes	Unused physical RAM on the server	evetem sizing	

## **Key Usage Metrics**

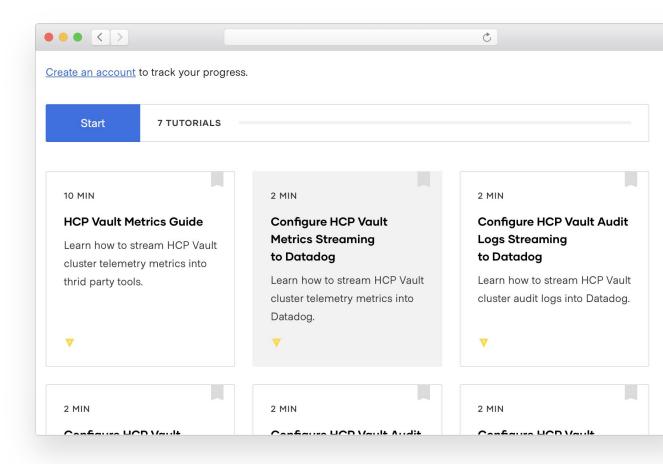


Metric	Description
vault.token.creation	A new service or batch token was created
vault.token.count	Number of service tokens available for use.
vault.token.count.by_auth	Number of existing tokens broken down by the auth method used to create them.
vault.token.count.by_policy	Number of existing tokens, counted in each policy assigned.
vault.token.count.by_ttl	Number of existing tokens, aggregated by their TTL at creation.
vault.secret.kv.count	Count of secrets in key-value stores.
vault.secret.lease.creation	Count of leases created by a secret engine (excluding leases created internally for token expiration.)



## Setup Guides

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## **Next Steps**



## **Next Steps**





Upcoming Schedule:



Week 6 - Namespaces, Authentication, and Policies Webinar - Learn how to implement identity and access management in HCP Vault

Week 7 - Community Office Hours - Bring your questions to this week!

Week 8 - Consuming HCP Vault webinar - Learn how to consume secrets from Vault in your apps and services

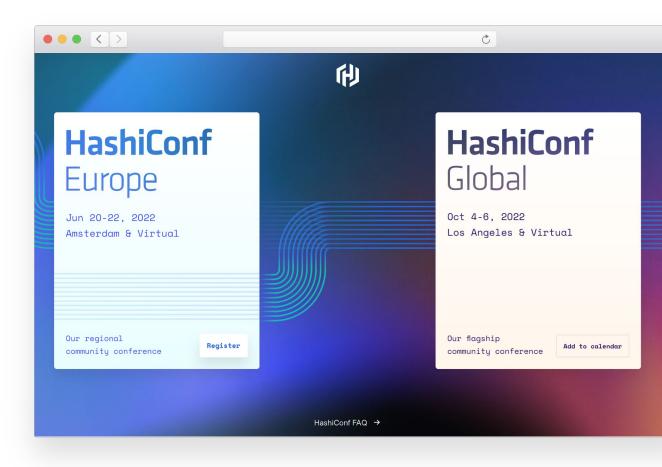
Week 9 - HCP Vault roadmap overview and Q&A with James Bayer, EVP of Secure Product & Engineering

Week 10 - HCP Vault train closing session



#### **HashiConf**

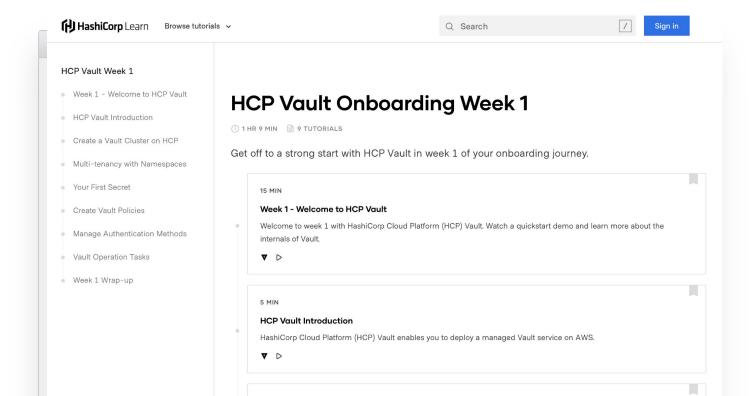
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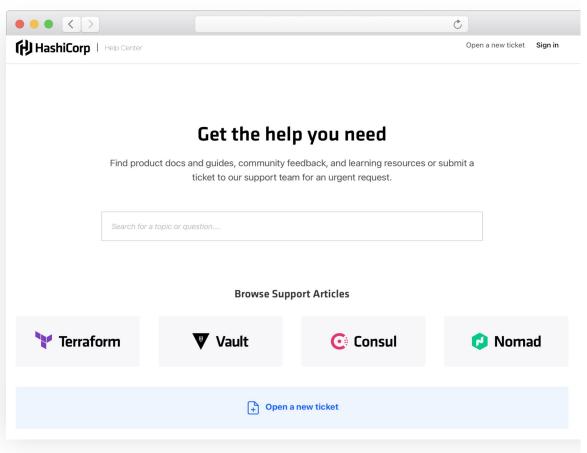






#### Step-by-step guides to implement features in HCP and HCP Vault







## Support

https://support.hashicorp.com

## **Need Additional Help?**



#### **Customer Success**

Contact our Customer Success

Management team with any questions.

We will help coordinate the right

resources for you to get your questions

answered.

customer.success@hashicorp.com

#### **Technical Support**

Something not working quite right?

Engage with HashiCorp Technical

Support by opening a new ticket for your

issue at <u>Hashicorp Support</u>.

## **Q&A**





## Thank You

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