Advent of Code [About] [Events] [Shop] [Settings] [Log Out] jhillierdavis 47* λy 2023 [Calendar] [AoC++] [Sponsors] [Leaderboard] [Stats] --- Day 22: Sand Slabs ---Enough sand has fallen; it can finally filter water for Snow Island. Well, almost. The sand has been falling as large compacted bricks of sand, piling up to form an impressive stack here near the edge of Island Island. In order to make use of the sand to filter water, some of the bricks will need to be broken apart - nay, disintegrated - back into freely flowing sand. The stack is tall enough that you'll have to be careful about choosing which bricks to disintegrate; if you disintegrate the wrong brick, large portions of the stack could topple, which sounds pretty dangerous. The Elves responsible for water filtering operations took a snapshot of the bricks while they were still falling (your puzzle input) which should let you work out which bricks are safe to disintegrate. For example: 1,0,1~1,2,1 0,0,2~2,0,2 0,2,3~2,2,3 0,0,4~0,2,4 2,0,5~2,2,5 0,1,6~2,1,6 1,1,8~1,1,9 Each line of text in the snapshot represents the position of a single brick at the time the snapshot was taken. The position is given as two x,y,zcoordinates - one for each end of the brick - separated by a tilde (\sim) . Each brick is made up of a single straight line of cubes, and the Elves

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were even careful to choose a time for the snapshot that had all of the free-falling bricks at integer positions above the ground, so the whole snapshot is aligned to a three-dimensional cube grid. A line like 2,2,2~2,2 means that both ends of the brick are at the same coordinate - in other words, that the brick is a single cube. Lines like 0,0,10~1,0,10 or 0,0,10~0,1,10 both represent bricks that are two cubes in volume, both oriented horizontally. The first brick extends in the x direction, while the second brick extends in the y direction. A line like $0,0,1\sim0,0,10$ represents a ten-cube brick which is oriented

vertically. One end of the brick is the cube located at 0,0,1, while the

The ground is at z=0 and is perfectly flat; the lowest z value a brick can

have is therefore 1. So, $5,5,1\sim5,6,1$ and $0,2,1\sim0,2,5$ are both resting on

the ground, but 3,3,2~3,3,3 was above the ground at the time of the

other end of the brick is located directly above it at 0,0,10.

snapshot. Because the snapshot was taken while the bricks were still falling, some bricks will still be in the air; you'll need to start by figuring out where they will end up. Bricks are magically stabilized, so they never rotate, even in weird situations like where a long horizontal brick is only supported on one end. Two bricks cannot occupy the same position, so a

falling brick will come to rest upon the first other brick it encounters.

Here is the same example again, this time with each brick given a letter so

1,0,1~1,2,1 <- A [0,0,2~2,0,2 <- B [0,2,3~2,2,3] <- C [0,0,4~0,2,4 <- D $|2,0,5^2,2,5| < - |E|$ [0,1,6~2,1,6] <- F

1,1,8~1,1,9 <- G At the time of the snapshot, from the side so the x axis goes left to right, these bricks are arranged like this: 012 .G. 9 .G. 8 7

FFF 6

BBB 2

.A. 1

..C 3

B.. 2

AAA 1

|--- 0

??? 2

.A. 1

012

.G. 6

.G. 5

AAA 1

--- <u></u>

location:

it can be marked in diagrams:

..E 5 z CCC 3

Rotating the perspective 90 degrees so the y axis now goes left to right,

012 .G. 9 .G. 8 .F. 6 EEE 5 z DDD 4

the same bricks are arranged like this:

012 .G. 6 .G. 5 FFF 4 D.E 3 z

Once all of the bricks fall downward as far as they can go, the stack looks

like this, where ? means bricks are hidden behind other bricks at that

.F. 4 ??? 3 z B.C 2

Again from the side:

- Brick B is one of two bricks supporting brick D and brick E. - Brick C is the other brick supporting brick D and brick E. - Brick D supports brick F. - Brick E also supports brick F.

Now that all of the bricks have settled, it becomes easier to tell which

- Brick A is the only brick supporting bricks B and C.

Your first task is to figure out which bricks are safe to disintegrate. A brick can be safely disintegrated if, after removing it, no other bricks would fall further directly downward. Don't actually disintegrate any bricks - just determine what would happen if, for each brick, only that

still be supported by brick B.

supported by brick E.

- Brick F supports brick G.

bricks are supporting which other bricks:

- Brick G isn't supporting any bricks.

completely surrounded by other bricks; you can squeeze between bricks if you need to. In this example, the bricks can be disintegrated as follows: - Brick A cannot be disintegrated safely; if it were disintegrated, bricks B and C would both fall. - Brick B can be disintegrated; the bricks above it (D and E) would still be supported by brick C.

- Brick C can be disintegrated; the bricks above it (D and E) would

- Brick D can be disintegrated; the brick above it (F) would still be

- Brick E can be disintegrated; the brick above it (F) would still be

brick were disintegrated. Bricks can be disintegrated even if they're

supported by brick D. - Brick F cannot be disintegrated; the brick above it (G) would fall. - Brick G can be disintegrated; it does not support any other bricks.

Figure how the blocks will settle based on the snapshot. Once they've settled, consider disintegrating a single brick; how many bricks could be

safely chosen as the one to get disintegrated?

might sound dangerous, what you really need is a chain reaction.

So, in this example, 5 bricks can be safely disintegrated.

--- Part Two ---Disintegrating bricks one at a time isn't going to be fast enough. While it

You'll need to figure out the best brick to disintegrate. For each brick, determine how many other bricks would fall if that brick were disintegrated.

would fall?

Using the same example as above:

Your puzzle answer was 434.

- Disintegrating brick A would cause all 6 other bricks to fall. - Disintegrating brick F would cause only 1 other brick, G, to fall.

Disintegrating any other brick would cause no other bricks to fall. So, in this example, the sum of the number of other bricks that would fall as a result of disintegrating each brick is 7.

For each brick, determine how many other bricks would fall if that brick

Both parts of this puzzle are complete! They provide two gold stars: **

were disintegrated. What is the sum of the number of other bricks that Your puzzle answer was 61209.

At this point, you should return to your Advent calendar and try another puzzle.

If you still want to see it, you can get your puzzle input.

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