CURRENT EDITING LOCATION (082E)
THIS IS THE ADDRESS THAT IS USUALLY DISPLAYED IN THE ADDRESS SECTION ON THE TEC LED DISPLAY. IT IS THE ADDRESS THAT IS SUBJECT TO MODIFICATION BY JMON.

MONITOR CONTROL BYTE (MCE) (082B)
THIS BYTE CONTAINS THE INFORMATION OF THE CURRENT WORKING STATE OF JMON. THE INFORMATION HELD IN THIS BYTE IS:

1 - THE CURRENT MODE OF JMON.

E.G. DATA, ADDRESS OR FUNCTION (NOT SHIFT AS SHIFT IS TESTED AND HANDLED DURING THE DATA KEY HANDLER ROUTINE). BITS 4 AND 5 ENCODE THE CURRENT MODE IN THE FOLLOWING WAY. BOTH BITS ARE LOW FOR THE DATA MODE, BIT 4 IS HIGH FOR THE ADDRESS MODE, BITS 4 AND 5 ARE HIGH FOR THE FUNCTION MODE. BIT 4 IS CALLED THE ADDRESS/FUNCTION BIT AS THE SOFTWARE ONLY NEEDS TO TEST THIS BIT TO FIND IF EITHER THE ADDRESS OR FUNCTION MODE IS ACTIVE. BIT 5 IS THE FUNCTION MODE ENABLED BIT.

2 - THE NUMBER OF THE CURRENT FUNCTION I.E. 1,2 OR 3.
THIS IS ENCODED IN BITS 2 AND 3. IF NO FUNCTION OR FUNCTION-1 IS ENABLED THEN BOTH BITS ARE LOW. IF FUNCTION-2 IS SELECTED THEN BIT 2 IS HIGH AND BIT 3 IS LOW. IF FUNCTION-3 IS SELECTED THEN BIT 3 IS HIGH AND BIT 2 IS LOW.

3 - THE NUMBER OF NIBBLES ENTERED

THIS IS ENCODED IN BITS 0 AND 1. IF NO NIBBLES HAVE BEEN ENTERED IN THE CURRENT EDITING LOCATION THEN BOTH BIT ARE LOW. IF ONE NIBBLE HAS BEEN ENTERED THEN BIT 0 IS HIGH AND BIT 1 IS LOW IS TWO NIBBLES HAVE BEEN ENTERED THEN BIT 0 IS LOW AND BIT 1 IS HIGH. JMON USES THESE BITS WHEN DECIDING ON THE AUTO-INCREMENT FEATURE. BITS 6 AND 7 ARE NOT USED.

DISPLAY BUFFER ADDRESS - (082C/D)

THE CONTENTS OF 082C/D POINTS TO THE LOCATION IN MEMORY OF THE 6 BYTE DISPLAY BUFFER (0800 FOR JMON AND 0806 FOR THE STEPPER). THE DISPLAY BUFFER ADDRESS POINTS TO THE LOWEST ADDRESS OF THE DISPLAY BUFFER WHICH CONTAINS THE LOW ORDER DATA DISPLAY BYTE.

THE KEY PLANT IS A FAKE KEY STROKE THAT MAY BE GENERATED BY THE "DURING SCAN/KEY LOOP" USER PATCH. THE PLANT ALLOWS JMON'S MONITOR FUNCTIONS TO BE SOFTWARE CONTROLLED E.G. YOU MAY WISH TO VIEW THE CONTENTS OF MEMORY BYTE BY BYTE. WITH THE KEY PLANT YOU CAN SET JMON UP TO AUTOMATICALLY INCREMENT THE CURRENT EDIT LOCATION EVERY FEW SECONDS.

THE PLANT IS IDENTIFIED BY THE USER PATCH STORING THE REQUIRED KEY VALUE IN, AND SETTING BIT 7 OF THE INPUT KEY BUFFER (0820).

AUTO KEY STATUS BYTE (082A)

THIS BYTE HOLDS THE INFORMATION REQUIRED FOR THE AUTO KEY REPEAT SECTION. THE INFORMATION HELD IN THIS BYTE IS EITHER ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:

A "NEXT KEY DETECTION WILL BE A FIRST DETECTION" SO JMON WILL PROCESS THE KEY IMMEDIATELY (BIT 7 HIGH). A TIMER (BITS 0-6) THAT COUNTS A DELAY FOR THE AUTO REPEAT TIMING.

KEY PRESS FLAG (0825)

THIS FLAG IS USED TO REMEMBER IF THE ONE KEY PRESS HAS ALREADY BEEN DETECTED AND PROCESSED. THIS PREVENTS THE SAME KEY BEING PROCESSED EACH TIME THE SOFTWARE FINDS THAT IT IS PUSHED. THIS IS THE WAY IT WORKS:

THE KEY PRESS FLAG IS ZEROED BY THE JMON DEFAULT VARIABLES AND THIS FLAGS A "NO KEY PRESSED" STATE. WHEN A KEY IS DETECTED THEN THIS FLAG IS TESTED AND IF ZERO THEN THE KEY IS ACCEPTED AS A FIRST KEY PRESS. IN THIS CASE THE KEY PRESS FLAG IS THEN SET TO FF TO REMEMBER THE KEY PRESS HAS BEEN DETECTED. IF A KEY IS DETECTED AND THIS FLAG BYTE IS NOT ZERO, THEN THE KEY IS IGNORED. WHEN THE SOFTWARE FINDS THAT NO KEY IS BEING PRESSED, THEN THIS FLAG IS CLEARED TO ALLOW THE NEXT KEY PRESS DETECTED TO BE PROCESSED. THIS FLAG IS USED BY THE RST 08, RST 10 RST 18 AND RST 20 KEYBOARD ROUTINES AS DESCRIBED IN ISSUE 15 TALKING ELECTRONICS AND ALSO THE STEPPER SOFTWARE.

THE AUTO KEY REPEAT ROUTINE DOES NOT USE THIS FLAG BYTE, DO NOT CONFUSE THIS FLAG WITH THE AUTO KEY STATUS BYTE WHICH IS USED BY THE AUTO KEY REPEAT SECTION.

TAPE FILE INFORMATION BLOCK

THIS IS A 12 BYTE BLOCK THAT CONTAINS THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION:

THE START ADDRESS OF THE BLOCK, THE NUMBER OF BYTES IN THE BLOCK, THE FILE NUMBER AND AN OPTIONAL GO ADDRESS OR FFFF IF OPTIONAL GO IS DISABLED. THE OTHER 4 BYTES ARE NOT USED AT THIS STAGE.

THIS BLOCK IS OUTPUTTED AND INPUTTED TO AND FROM THE TAPE ON EACH TAPE OPERATION.

"NEXT PC" BUFFER

THIS IS A TEMPORARY PLACE TO SAVE THE RETURN ADDRESS WHICH IS THEN USED AS THE ACTUAL PC VALUE FOR THE NEXT INSTRUCTION STEPPED.

FORCED HARD RESET

THIS IS ACHIEVED BY HOLDING DOWN A KEY WHEN RELEASING THE RESET. THE HARD RESET CAUSES JMON TO RE-BOOT ITS VARIABLES AND ALSO MASK OFF ALL THE USER PATCHES (EXCEPT THE RESET PATCH). THE MAIN PURPOSE OF A FORCED HARD RESET IS TO RECOVER THE TEC IF A USER PATCH ENTERS A CONTINUOUS LOOP.

CORRECTED 2/11/1989

AT THE START OF JMON, HL IS SAVED IN ITS SINGLE STEPPER PUFFER AND THE SOFT RESET DISPLAY VALUE IS PLACED IN THE CURRENT EDIT LOCATION BUFFER. THE ROUTINE THEN IS CONTINUED AT 006B.

```
0000 22 6E 08 LD (086E), HL ; SAVE HL PART OF REGISTER SAVE 0003 2A 28 08 LD HL, (0828) ; GET SOFT RESET INITIAL EDIT 0006 18 63 JR 006B ; LOCATION AND CONTINUE AT 006B
```

RST 08 AND RST 10 (CF AND D7)

THESE TWO COMBINE TOGETHER TO SIMULATE A HALT INSTRUCTION. THIS IS DONE BY LOOPING UNTIL THE CURRENT (IF ANY) KEY PRESS IS RELEASED (RST 08), AND THEN LOOPING UNTIL A NEW KEY PRESS IS DETECTED (RST 10).

```
0008 E7
                    RST 20
                                    ; TEST FOR KEY PRESS
0009 28 FD
                    JR Z,0008
                                    ; LOOP IF KEY PRESSED
000B 00
                    NOP
                                     ;ELSE
000C 00
                    NOP
                                     : MOVE
000D 00
                                     ;TO
                    NOP
                    NOP
                                     : NEXT
000F 00
                    NOP
                                     ; RST
                    RST 20
0010 E7
                                    ;TEST FOR KEY AGAIN
                    JR NZ,0010
                                    ;LOOP IF KEY NOT PRESSED ;MASK OF JUNK BITS
0011 20 FD
0013 E6 1F
                    AND 1F
0015 ED 47
                    LD I,A
                                     ;STORE IN INTERRUPT REGISTER
0017 C9
                    RET
                                     ; DONE
```

RST 18 (DF) AND RST (20)

RST 18 CALLS THE LED SCAN ROUTINE ONCE THEN MOVES ON INTO RST 20 THAT THEN CALLS A KEYBOARD READ ROUTINE.

THE KEYBOARD MUST BE READ CONTINUOUSLY OVER A PERIOD OF TIME, AS THE DATA AVAILABLE SIGNAL (BIT 6, PORT 3) (USUALLY) PULSES, WHEN A KEY IS PRESSED, IN TIME WITH THE KEY ENCODER CHIP'S SCANNING. IF THE KEY BOARD IS READ ONLY ONCE EVERY SECOND, THEN THE SOFTWARE MAY (AND PROBABLY) WILL TAKE SEVERAL SECONDS TO DETECT THE KEY.

THE NUMBER OF READ CYCLES FOR THE REYBOARD IS LOADED INTO B.

```
PUSH HL
0018 E5
                                  ; SAVE HL
0019 D5
                   PUSH DE
                                  ; AND DE
001A CD 36 08
                                  ; CALL SCAN ROUTINE
                   CALL 0836
001D D1
                   POP DE
                                   ; RECOVER DE
001E E1
                   POP HL
                                   ; AND HL
001F 00
                   NOP
                                   ; NEXT RST
0020 C5
                   PUSH BC
                                  ; SAVE BC
0021 06 20
                   LD B,20
                                   ;B = NUMBER OF KEYBOARD SCAN LOOPS
0023 CD AD 06
                   CALL 06AD
                                  ; CALL KEY READER/VALIDATER
0026 C1
                   POP BC
                                   ; RECOVER BC
0027 C9
                   RET
                                   : DONE
```

RST 28 (EF)

START STEPPING FROM THE INSTRUCTION FOLLOWING THE RST 28

```
EX (SP), HL
LD (0858), HL
                                   GET RETURN ADDRESS FROM THE STACK
0029 22 58 08
                                   ;PUT IN "NEXT PC" BUFFER
002C E3
                   EX (SP), HL
                                   FIX UP STACK
002D FB
                   EI
                                   ; ENABLE INTERRUPTS
002E C9
                   RET
                                   ; STEPPING WILL OCCUR AFTER RETURN
002F FF
                   RST 38
                                   ; SPARE
```

RST 30 (F7)

TEST THE BUSY STATE OF THE LCD AND LOOP WHILE BUSY

```
0030 DB 04
                   IN A, 04
                                   ; READ STATUS BIT FROM LCD
0032 07
                   RLCA
                                   ; PUT IN CARRY
0033 38 FB
                   JR C,0030
                                   ;LOOP IF LCD BUSY
0035 C9
                   RET
                                   ; DONE
0036 FF
                   RST 38
0037 FF
                   RST 38
```

RST 38 (FF)

INTERRUPT HANDLER FOR STEPPER AND BREAK-POINTS

8500	C3 12	03	JP 0	312	; JUMP	TO	STEPPER	ROUTINE
003B	FF		RST	38	; UNUS	ED		
003C	FF		RST	38	; "	71		
003D	FF		ŔST	38	; "	31		
003E	FF		RST	38	; "	71		
003F	FF		RST	38	; "	n		

```
JUMP TABLE FOR EXTERNAL SOFTWARE TO USE JMON ROUTINES
0041 C3 DD 03
                     JP 03DD
                                     ; MENU GATE
0044 C3 79 04
                     JP 0479
                                     ; PERIMETER HANDLER ENTRY
0047 C3 ED 03
                     JP 03ED
                                     ; SOFT MENU ENTRY
004A C3 9F 06
                     JP 069F
                                     ; ERR-IN ENTRY
004D C3 B6 05
                     JP 05B'6
                                     ;PASS/FAIL/MENU
0050 C3 A3 04
                     JP 04A3
                                     ; SOFT PERIMETER HANDLER ENTRY
                     RST 38
0053 FF
                                     ; RESERVED
                     RST 38
0054 FF
0055 FF
                     RST 38
                                     · "
                     RST 38
0056 FF
                                     7"
0057 FF
                     RST 38
                     RST 38
0058 FF
                     RST 38
0059 FF
                     RST 38
005A FF
005B FF
                     RST 38
005C FF
                     RST 38
005D FF
                     RST 38
SHIFT-2 ROUTINE
THIS STORES THE CURRENT EDIT LOCATION IN THE "NEXT PC" BUFFER. THE INTERRUPTS ARE THEN ENABLED AND THE PROGRAM JUMPS TO THE USER ROUTINE TO BE STEPPED. STEPPING OCCURS AT THE
CURRENT EDIT LOCATION (CEL).
                     LD HL, (082E)
LD (0858), HL
005E 2A 2E 08
                                     :PUT CURRENT EDIT LOCATION IN
0061 22 58 08
                                     ; "NEXT PC" BUFFER
                                     ; ENABLE INTERRUPTS
0064 FB
                     ΕI
                        (HL)
                                      :START STEPPING
0065 E9
                     JЪ
NMI HANDLER (IMMEDIATE RETURN)
                                     ; IGNORE NMI
0066 ED 45
                     RETN
0068 FF
                     RST 38
                                     ; RESERVED
0069 FF
                     RST 38
                                     ; FOR
006A FF
                     RST 38
                                      ; A JUMP
CONTINUATION OF MONITOR
                                     ; SET INTERRUPT MODE 1 FOR STEPPER
006B ED 56
006D 22 2E 08
0070 21 76 00
                     LD (082E), HL
                                     ;STORE SOFT RESET INITIAL CEL
                     LD HL,0076
                                     ; LOAD HL WITH RE-ENTRY ADDRESS
                     JP 0318
0073 C3 18 03
                                     ; JUMP TO SAVE REGISTERS
RE-ENTRY POINT AFTER SAVING REGISTERS
0076 31 20 08
0079 CD F7 02
                     LD SP,0820
                                      ; SET STACK
                     CALL 02F7
                                      ; CALL RESET PATCH HANDLER
007C E7
                     RST 20
                                      ;LOOK FOR FORCED HARD RESET
                     JR Z,0086
                                      ; JUMP KEY PRESSED TO HARD RESET
007D 28 07
                                      ; CHECK HARD/RESET FLAG
007F 3A FF 08
                     LD A, (08FF)
                     CP AA
0082 FE AA
                                      ; FOR AA
0084 28 1C
                     JR Z,00A2
                                      ; JUMP TO SOFT RESET IF AA
HARD RESET
MONITOR DEFAULT VARIABLES ARE RE-BOOTED AND USER PATCHES MASKED OFF.
0086 21 OF 07
                     LD HL,070F
                                      ;LOAD HL WITH START OF JMON DEFAULT
0089 11 20 08
008C 01 2B 00
                     LD DE,0820
                                      ; VARIABLES ROM TABLE
                                      ; DE IS THE RAM DE (stination)
                     LD BC,002B
                                      ; AND BC THE COUNT: MOVE TABLE
 OOSF ED BO
                     LDIR
                                     ; MASK OF THE THREE USER PATCHES
; BY PUTTING A RETURN AT THE FIRST
                     LD B,03
 0091 06 03
                     LD A, C9
 0093 3E C9
                     LD (DE), A
INC DE
0095 12
                                      ;LOCATION OF EACH
 0096 13
                      INC DE
 0097 13
 0098 13
                      INC DE
                     DJNZ, 0095
 0099 10 FA
                                      ; INITIALIZE/TEST FOR THE LCD
 009B CD D5 06
                      CALL 06D5
 009E AF
                      XOR A
                                      ; CLEAR HARD/SOFT
 009F 32 FF 08
                     LD (08FF),A
                                      ; RESET FLAG
```

THIS SECTION IS THE SOFT RESET SECTION. IT IS ALSO PART OF THE HARD RESET SECTION.

; "

RST 38

0040 FF

```
00A6 FE C3
                   CP C3
                                  ; AND CALL ITS RESET ROUTINE
                   CALL Z,3800
00A8 CC 00 38
                                  ; IF REQUIRED
                   CALL 083C
                                  ; CALL RESET TONE ROUTINE
00AB CD 3C 08
                                  CLEAR MONITOR CONTROL BYTE
                   XOR A
OOAE AF
                   LD (082B),A
                                  ;0 = DATA MODE, NO NIBBLES ENTERED
00AF 32 2B 08
EACH TIME A KEYBOARD INPUT OR USER PATCH "PLANT", IS PROCESSED, THE PROGRAM JUMPS BACK
TO HERE SO THE DISPLAYS MAY BE UP-DATED.
00B2 2A 2E 08
                   LD HL, (082E)
                                 ;GET CURRENT EDIT LOCATION (CEL)
                                 ;AND DISPLAY BUFFER ADDRESS;AND CONVERT CEL TO DISPLAY CODE
00B5 ED 4B 2C 08
                   LD BC, (082C)
00B9 CD 30 08
                   CALL 0830
00BC 7E
                   LD A, (HL)
                                  ; AND THEN CONVERT CONTENTS OF
00BD CD 33 08
                   CALL 0833
                                  ; CEL TO DISPLAY CODE
00C0 CD 39 08
                   CALL 0839
                                  ; CALL THE SET DOTS ROUTINE
00C3 CD 42 08
                                  ; CALL SCAN/KEY/LCD/PATCH ROUTINE
                   CALL 0842
THE SECTION BELOW IS EXECUTED WHEN EITHER A KEY OR KEY "PLANT" IS DETECTED IN THE
SCAN/KEY/LCD/PATCH ROUTINE ROUTINE
                                  ; POINT HL TO CURRENT EDIT LOCATION
                   LD HL, (082E)
00C6 2A 2E 08
                                  ;PRESERVE INPUT KEY IN C
00C9 4F
                   LD C, A
                   LD A, (082B)
BIT 4,A
                                  ; GET MONITOR CONTROL BYTE (MCB)
00CA 3A 2B 08
                                  ; TEST FOR ADDRESS OR FUNCTION MODE
00CD CB 67
00CF 47
                   LD B, A
                                  ;STORE MCB IN B
00D0 79
                   LD A, C
                                  GET INPUT KEY BACK IN A
                                  ;JUMP IF ADDRESS OR FUNCTION MODE ;TEST FOR "+"
00D1 20 2F
                   JR NZ,0102
00D3 FE 10
                   CP 10
                                  ; JUMP IF NOT TO TEST FOR "-"
                   JR NZ, OOE3
00D5 20 0C
"+" KEY HANDLER (WHEN IN DATA MODE ONLY)
00D7 23
                                  ; ADD 1 TO CURRENT EDIT LOCATION
                   INC HL
COMMON CEL AND MCB UP-DATER
SEVERAL SECTIONS JUMP HERE TO STORE AN UP-DATED CEL AND CLEAR THE NIBBLE COUNTER.
00D8 22 2E 08
                   LD (082E), HL ; STORE CEL
                   LD A, B
                                  GET MCB
00DB 78
COMMON MCB UP-DATER
SOME KEY HANDLER SECTION THAT DON'T REQUIRE A NEW CEL (OR HAVE ALREADY STORED IT) JUMP
HERE.
OODC E6 FC
                   AND FC
                                  ;CLEAR NIBBLE COUNTER
                   LD (082B),A
JR 00B2
00DE 32 2B 08
                                  ; STORE MCB
                                  ; JUMP BACK TO UPDATE DISPLAY
00E1 18 CF
                                  ; TEST FOR "-"
                   CP 11
00E3 FE 11
                   JR NZ,00EA
                                  ; JUMP IF NOT TO TEST FOR "GO"
00E5 20 03
"-" KEY HANDLER (WHEN IN DATA MODE ONLY)
00E7 2B
                   DEC HL
                                  ; DECREASE CEL ADDRESS BY ONE
                                  ; JUMP TO COMMON CEL AND MCB UP-DATER
                   JR 00D8
00E8 18 EE
                                  ; TEST FOR GO
OOEA FE 12
                   CP 12
                   JR NZ,0102
                                  ; JUMP IF NOT TO TEST FOR "AD"
00EC 20 14
"GO" HANDLER (WHEN IN DATA MODE ONLY)
                                  ; TEST FOR ALTERNATE GO ADDRESS
 00EE 3A 23 08
                   LD A, (0823)
                   CP AA
                                  ; IF (0823)=AA
 OOF1 FE AA
                   JR Z,00FA
                                  ; JUMP IF SET FOR ALTERNATE GO ADDR
 00F3 28 05
                                  ; ELSE GET CURRENT EDIT LOCATION
                   LD HL, (082E)
 00F5 2A 2E 08
 00F8 18 03
                   JR 00FD
                                  ; SKIP ALTERNATE JUMP ADDRESS FETCH
 00FA 2A 28 08
                   LD HL, (0828)
                                  GET ALTERNATE GO ADDRESS
 00FD 11 45 08
                   LD DE,0845
                                  ; PUT RETURN ADDRESS ON STACK
                   PUSH DE
 0100 D5
                                  ;START USER EXECUTION
 0101 E9
                   JP (HL)
 TEST HERE FOR ADDRESS KEY. IF THE KEY PRESSED IS NOT THE ADDRESS KEY, THEN A JUMP IS
 PERFORMED. OTHERWISE THE ADDRESS KEY IS PROCESSED.
 0102 FE 13
                   CP 13
                                  : TEST FOR ADDRESS KEY
```

:TEST FOR JMON UTILITIES ROM

00A2 21 00 38

00A5 7E

LD RL,3800

LD A, (HL)

```
0104 20 OF
                   JR NZ.0111
                                   ; JUMP IF NOT TO DATA KEY HANDLER
0106 78
0107 CB 68
                   LD A, B
BIT 5, B
                                   ; GET MONITOR CONTROL BYTE (MCB)
                                   ; TEST FOR FUNCTION MODE AND JUMP TO
0109 20 02
                    JR NZ,010D
                                   ; CLEAR FUNCTION MODE BITS IF SO
010B EE 10
                   XOR 10
                                   ;ELSE TOGGLE ADDRESS MODE BIT
010D E6 D3
                   AND D3
                                   ; CLEAR ALL FUNCTION MODE BITS
010F 18 CB
                   JR OODC
                                   ; LOOP BACK TO COMMON MCB UP-DATER
```

A TEST FOR ADDRESS/FUNCTION MODE IS DONE. IF IN ADDRESS OR FUNCTION MODE A JUMP IS PERFORMED.

```
LD A, B
                                        GET MCB
0111 78
                                        ;TEST FOR ADDRESS OR FUNCTION MODE ;JUMP IF EITHER MODE
                      BIT 4, A
0112 CB 67
                      JR NZ,013B
0114 20 25
```

A TEST FOR SHIFT IS DONE AND A JUMP IS PERFORMED IF IN THE SHIFT MODE TO THE FUNCTION/SHIFT

```
IN A,00
                                 ;TEST FOR THE SHIFT KEY
0116 DB 00
                  BIT 5,A
                                 ; AND JUMP IF SHIFT IS PRESSED
0118 CB 6F
                                 ; TO THE FUNCTION HANDLER
011A 28 34
                  JR Z,0150
```

ANY TIME A DATA KEY IS PRESSED WHILE IN THE DATA MODE, IT IS PROCESSED STARTING HERE.

```
LD A, B
                                      GET MCB
011C 78
                                      ; MASK IT DOWN TO BYTE COUNTER; AND TEST FOR TWO NIBBLES ENTERED
                     AND 03
011D E6 03
                     CP 02
011F FE 02
                                      ; INPUT KEY VALUE BACK IN A
                     LD A, B
0121 78
                     JR NZ,0132
                                      ; JUMP IF NOT READY FOR AUTO INC
0122 20 OE
                                      ; SAVE MCB
0124 F5
                     PUSH AF
0125 3A 27 08
                     LD A, (0827)
                                      ;TEST AUTO INC MASK
                                      ; IF NOT ZERO THEN JUMP AS USER ; HAS SWITCHED OFF AUTO INC MODE
0128 B7
                     OR A
                     JR NZ,012F
0129 20 04
                     INC HL
                                      ;ELSE INCREMENT CEL BEFORE ENTERING
012B 23
012C 22 2E 08
012F F1
                     LD (082E), HL
                                      ; NEW NIBBLE AND STORE NEW CEL
                     POP AF
                                      ; RECOVER MON CONTROL BYTE IN A
0130 E6 FC
                     AND FC
                                      ; CLEAR BYTE COUNTER (BITS 0 AND 1)
                     INC A
                                      ; ADD ONE TO NIBBLE COUNTER
0132 3C
0133 32 2B 08
0136 3A 20 08
                     LD (082B), A
LD A, (0820)
                                      ;STORE IT
                                      GET INPUT KEY FROM INPUT BUFFER
                     JR 014C
                                      JUMP TO ENTER IT
0139 18 11
```

TEST HERE FOR A CONTROL KEY WHILE IN EITHER THE ADDRESS OR FUNCTION MODE AND JUMP TO ENCODE THE FUNCTION NUMBER BITS (2 AND 3 OF MCB). IF NOT A CONTROL KEY, THEN TEST FOR THE FUNCTION MODE AND JUMP TO FUNCTION JUMP CONTROL IF SO, ELSE SERVICE DATA KEY FOR ADDRESS MODE.

```
LD A, (0820)
BIT 4,A
                                           ;GET INPUT KEY FROM INPUT BUFFER
013B 3A 20 08
                                           ;TEST FOR CONTROL KEY (+, - OR GO)
;JUMP IF CONTROL TO FUNCTION ENCODER
013E CB 67
                        JR NZ,0171
0140 20 2F
                                           ; TEST FUNCTION MODE
; JUMP IF SO TO FUNCTION JUMP CONTROL
                        BIT 5,B
0142 CB 68
                        JR NZ,0150
0144 20 0A
```

DATA KEY PRESS WHILE IN THE ADDRESS MODE

```
; POINT HL TO CEL BUFFER
                        LD HL,082E
0146 21 2E 08
                                             ; AND SHIFT IN THE NEW NIBBLE ; AND MOVE THE OTHERS ACROSS
0149 ED 6F
                        RLD
                         INC HL
014B 23
                                             ; THIS RLD USED BY DATA MODE ALSO
; JUMP (VIA A JUMP) TO UP-DATE DISPLAYS
014C ED 6F
                        RLD
                         JR 00E1
014E 18 91
```

FUNCTION AND SHIFT JUMP CONTROL

BITS 2 AND 3 OF THE MONITOR CONTROL BYTE (MCB) ARE THE FUNCTION IDENTIFIER BITS.

IF BOTH ARE ZERO THEN EITHER FUNCTION 1 IS SELECTED OR NO FUNCTION IS SELECTED. BECAUSE THIS IS THE ALSO THE NO FUNCTION MODE ENABLED STATE, THE SHIFT KEY, WHICH DOES NOT AFFECT THE MONITOR CONTROL BYTE, WILL ALSO WILL INVOKE FUNCTION 1. (THEREFORE THIS ROUTINE DOES NOT NEED TO TEST FOR THE SHIFT KEY).

IF BIT 2 IS HIGH THEN FUNCTION 2 IS SELECTED AND IF BIT 3 IS HIGH THEN FUNCTION 3 IS SELECTED.

DURING THIS ROUTINE, HL IS LOADED TO THE BASE OF THE REQUIRED JUMP TABLE MINUS TWO BYTES (ONE ENTRY). THIS IS BECAUSE THE OFFSET PROVIDED FROM THE KEYBOARD HAS BEEN INCREMENTED BY ONE. THIS SAVES TESTING FOR ZERO INPUT WHICH WOULD NOT ALLOW THE TABLE ACCESSING TO WORK CORRECTLY. THE REQUIRED BASE IS FOUND BY EXAMINING THE STATE OF THE BITS 2 AND 3 OF THE MONITOR CONTROL BYTE (MCB) AND LOADING HL ACCORDINGLY.

AS EACH ENTRY IS TWO BYTES LONG, THE TABLE POINTER (THE VALUE INSIDE HL), IS INCREMENTED TWICE FOR EACH DECREMENT OF THE INPUT VALUE (FROM THE KEYBOARD). WHEN THE REQUIRED TABLE

ENTRY IS FOUND, IT IS PUT INSIDE HL (VIA DE) AND THE ROUTINE JUMPS TO PART OF THE "GO" KEY ROUTINE TO CREATE A RETURN ADDRESS ON THE STACK AND EXECUTE THE SELECTED ROUTINE.

```
0150 78
                   T.D. A. R.
                                  ; PUT MONITOR CONTROL BYTE IN A
0151 E6 OC
                   AND OC
                                  ; MASK IT DOWN TO FUNCTION BITS
                   LD HL,07DE
0153 21 DE 07
                                  ; JMON FUNCTION JUMP TABLE BASE -2
0156 28 0A
                   JR Z,0162
                                  ; JUMP IF FUNCTION 1 OR SHIFT
0158 21 BE 08
                   LD HL, 08BE
                                  ;LOAD HL WITH USER TABLE -2
015B FE 04
                   CP 04
                                  ; TEST FOR FUNCTION 2
                   JR Z,0162
015D 28 03
                                  ; JUMP IF FUNCTION 2 (USER FUNCTION)
015F 21 1E 38
                   LD HL,381E
                                  ;OTHERWISE MUST BE FUNCTION 3
0162 3A 20 08
                   LD A, (0820)
                                  ;GET INPUT KEY FROM INPUT BUFFER
0165 3C
                   INC A
                                  ; ADD ONE IN CASE IT WAS ZERO
                   LD B, A
                                  ; PUT IN B TO USE AS A LOOP COUNTER
0166 47
0167 23
                                  ; LOOK THROUGH TABLE
                   INC HL
                   INC HL
                                  FOR RIGHT JUMP VECTOR
0168 23
0169 10 FC
                   DJNZ, 0167
016B 5E
                   LD E, (HL)
                                  ;PUT IT IN HL
016C 23
                   INC HL
                                  :VIA DE
                   LD D, (HL)
016D 56
                                  ; JUMP TO CREATE RETURN ADDRESS AND
                   EX DE, HL
016E EB
                                  ; EXECUTE SELECTED ROUTINE
                   JR 00FD
016F 18 8C
```

FUNCTION NUMBER ENCODER

THIS SECTION ENCODES THE FUNCTION IDENTIFIER BITS (BITS 2 AND 3) IN THE MONITOR CONTROL BYTE (BITS 2 AND 3) THEN SETS THE FUNCTION ENABLE BIT (BIT 5).

THE FUNCTION IDENTIFIER BITS ARE DERIVED FROM THE LEAST TWO SIGNIFICANT BITS OF THE INPUT

THE FUNCTION IDENTIFIER BITS ARE DERIVED FROM THE LEAST TWO SIGNIFICANT BITS OF THE INPUT CONTROL KEY (+, -, AND GO). THESE ARE SHIFTED LEFT TWICE TO ALIGN THEM TO THE FUNCTION SELECT BITS (BITS 2 AND 3) IN THE MCB. THE INPUT CONTROL KEY IS IN THE ACCUMULATOR ON ENTRY AND THE MONITOR CONTROL BYTE (MCB) IN B.

```
AND 03
                                  ; MASK DOWN CONTROL KEY
0171 E6 03
                   RLCA
                                  SHIFT IT LEFT TWICE TO ALIGN BITS 0
0173 07
                                  ; AND 1 TO FUNCTION IDENTITY BITS IN MCB
0174 07
                   RLCA
0175 F6 20
                   OR 20
                                  ; SET FUNCTION MODE ENABLED FLAG
0177 4F
0178 78
                   LD C, A
                                  ; SAVE IN C
                                  GET CURRENT MCB
                   LD A, B
                   EG DMA
                                  ; CLEAR ANY PREVIOUS FUNCTION BITS
0179 E6 D3
                                  ; MERGE TOGETHER
                   OR C
'017B B1
017C 32 2B 08
                   LD (082B),A
                                  ; STORE MCB
                                  ; JUMP VIA JUMPS TO UP-DATE DISPLAYS
                   JR 014E
017F 18 CD
```

THIS IS THE SCAN/KEY/LCD/PATCH ROUTINE. THIS ROUTINE LOOPS SCANNING THE LED DISPLAY AND SERVICING THE "DURING LOOP" USER PATCH UNTIL A KEY PRESS IS VALIDATED BY THE AUTO-KEY REPEAT SECTION. THE INPUT KEY IS RETURNED IN THE ACCUMULATOR AND IN THE INPUT BUFFER AT 0820 WITH THE ZERO FLAG SET AND CARRY CLEARED.

THREE PATCHES ARE SUPPORTED IN THIS ROUTINE. THEY ARE A PATCH BEFORE LOOP, A PATCH DURING THE LOOP AND A PATCH AFTER A VALID KEY PRESS.

THE "PLANT" IS A VALUE INSERTED INTO THE INPUT BUFFER (0820) BY THE DURING LOOP PATCH. THE "PLANT" VALUE IS IDENTIFIED BY BIT 7 OF THE INPUT BUFFER BEING SET. BIT 7 IS RESET BEFORE RETURNING TO SERVICE THE PLANT.

THIS ROUTINE USES A BYTE AT 082A, CALLED THE AUTO KEY STATUS BYTE AS A FLAG AND TIMER TO GENERATE THE AUTO REPEAT DELAY.

```
0181 CD 48 08
                   CALL 0848
                                   ; CALL LCD ROUTINES
0184 CD 4B 08
                   CALL 084B
                                   ; CALL PRE-SCAN USER PATCH
0187 CD 36 08
                   CALL 0836
                                   ; CALL SCAN
                   CALL 084E
                                   ; CALL USER "DURING LOOP" PATCH
018A CD 4E 08
                   LD HL,0820
                                   ; TEST KEY INPUT BUFFER BIT 7 FOR A
018D 21 20 08
                   BIT 7, (HL)
RES 7, (HL)
                                   ;"PLANT" INSERTED BY USER DURING ; PATCH: RESET BIT 7 RETURN TO
0190 CB 7E
0192 CB BE
                   RET NZ
                                   ; SERVICE "PLANT" IF BIT 7 NOT ZERO
0194 CO
                   RST 20
                                   TEST FOR KEY PRESS VIA RST 20
0195 E7
                   LD HL,082A
                                   ; SET HL TO POINT TO AUTO KEY STATUS
0196 21 2A 08
0199 38 04
                   JR C,019F
                                   ; JUMP IF A KEY IS PRESSED
                   LD (HL),80
                                   ;ELSE SET AUTO KEY STATUS TO
019B 36 80
                                   ; NO KEY STATE AND CONTINUE LOOP
019D 18 E8
                   JR 0187
019F CD CA 06
                   CALL 06CA
                                   ; CALL UNIVERSAL KEY INPUTTER
                                   ; TEST AUTO KEY STATUS FOR FIRST KEY
01A2 CB 7E
                   BIT 7, (HL)
                   JR NZ,01B6
                                   ; JUMP IF SO TO SET LONG KEY DELAY
01A4 20 10
01A6 35
01A7 20 DE
                                   ;ELSE COUNT DOWN KEY DELAY
                   DEC (HL)
                   JR NZ,0187
                                   ;LOOP IF NOT READY FOR KEY REPEAT
                                   ;ELSE SET SHORT TIME DELAY BETWEEN
01A9 36 OC
                   LD (HL), OC
                   CALL 0851
                                   ; KEYS: CALL USER "AFTER KEY" PATCH
01AB CD 51 08
                    CALL 083F
                                   ; CALL KEY TONE
01AE CD 3F 08
01B1 AF
                                   ; SET ZERO FLAG AND CLEAR CARRY
                    XOR A
```

```
01B2 3A 20 08
                   LD A, (0820)
                                   ; PUT INFUT KEY IN A
01B5 C9
                    RET
                                    ; AND RETURN FOR KEY SERVICE
01B6 36 70
                    LD (HL),70
                                    ; SET KEY TIMER FOR LONG DELAY
01B8 18 F1
                    JR 01AB
                                    ; JUMP TO SERVICE PATCH, TONE ETC.
THIS IS THE LED SCAN ROUTINE.
01BA 06 20
                    LD B, 20
                                    ;B IS THE SCAN BIT
                    LD HL, (082C)
                                   GET ADDRESS OF DISPLAY BUFFER
01BC 2A 2C 08
                    LD A, (HL)
OUT (02), A
                                   ; GET FIRST BYTE
01BF 7E
01C0 D3 02
                                    ; AND OUTPUT IT TO SEGMENTS
                    LD A, B
                                    GET SCAN BIT
01C2 78
                    OUT (01), A
01C3 D3 01
                                    ;OUTPUT IT TO COMMONS
01C5 06 40
01C7 10 FE
                    LD B,40.
DJNZ,01C7
                                    ; CREATE SHORT
                                    ; DELAY IN B
01C9 23
                    INC HL
                                    ; INCREASE HL TO NEXT DISPLAY BYTE
01CA 47
                    LD B, A
                                    GET SCAN BIT BACK IN B
                    XOR A
                                    ; CLEAR THE LAST PORT OUTPUTTED TO
01CB AF
01CC D3 01
                    OUT (01), A
                                    ;TO PREVENT "GHOSTING"
                    RRC B
                                    ; SHIFT SCAN BIT ACROSS TO NEXT
01CE CB 08
01D0 30 ED
                    JR NC, 01BF
                                    ; COMMON: WHEN SCAN BIT FALLS INTO
                    OUT (02),A
                                    ; CARRY SCAN IS TERMINATED: CLEAR
01D2 D3 02
                    RET
                                    ; PORT 2 AND RETURN
01D4 C9
THIS ROUTINE CONVERTS HL TO DISPLAY CODE AND STORE THE DISPLAY CODE IN A BUFFER POINTED
TO BY BC.
01D5 7C
                    LD A, H
                                    ; PUT H IN A
01D6 CD 33 08
                    CALL 0833
                                    CONVERT A TO DISPLAY CODE
01D9 7D
                    LD A.L
                                    ; NOW DO FOR L
THIS SECTION CONVERTS THE BYTE IN A TO TWO DISPLAY BYTES.
01DA F5
                    PUSH AF
                                    ; SAVE A
01DB 07
                    RLCA
                                    ; SHIFT MSN TO LSN PLACE
                                    FOR NIBBLE AT A TIME CONVERSION
01DC 07
                    RLCA
01DD 07
                    RLCA
                    RLCA
01DE 07
                    CALL 01E3
                                    ; CONVERT FIRST NIBBLE
01DF CD E3 01
                                    ; RECOVER A TO CONVERT SECOND NIBBLE ; MASK OF HIGH NIBBLE
                    POP AF AND OF
01E2 F1
01E3 E6 OF
                                    ; SET DE TO BASE OF CONVERSION
; TABLE: ADD A TO BASE
01E5 11 D0 07
                    LD DE,07D0
                    ADD A.E
01E8 83
01E9 5F
                    LD E, A
                                    UPDATE POINTER
                    LD A, (DE)
01EA 1A
                                    GET DISPLAY CODE
                    LD (BC), A
INC BC
                                    ;STORE IN DISPLAY BUFFER
01EB 02
01EC 03
                                    ; INCREMENT DISPLAY BUFFER POINTER
01ED C9
                    RET
                                    ; NIBBLE CONVERSION DONE
```

SET DOTS
THIS ROUTINE SETS THE DOTS IN THE DISPLAY BUFFER. IF IN ADDRESS MODE THEN 4 DOTS ARE SET
IN THE ADDRESS DISPLAY BUFFER, IF IN A FUNCTION MODE, THEN ONE DOT IN THE ADDRESS DISPLAY
- RIGHT MOST FOR FUNCTION 1 SECOND RIGHT FOR FUNCTION 2 AND THIRD RIGHT FOR FUNCTION 3.
IF IN THE DATA MODE THEN 2 DOTS IN THE DATA DISPLAY BUFFER OR ONE DOT, ON THE RIGHTMOST
DISPLAY, IF TWO NIBBLES HAVE BEEN ENTERED AND IN THE AUTO-INCREMENT MODE.

```
01EE 06 02
                                  ; SET B FOR 2 DOTS
                   LD B,02
01F0 2A 2C 08
                   LD HL, (082C)
                                  ; PUT DISPLAY BUFFER IN HL
01F3 3A 2B 08
                   LD A, (082B)
                                  ;GET MONITOR CONTROL BYTE (MCB)
01F6 CB 67
                   BIT 4, A
                                   ;TEST FOR ADDRESS OR FUNCTION MODE
01F8 28 1A
                   JR 2,0214
                                   ; JUMP IF NOT TO DO DATA DOTS
                   BIT 5,A
01FA CB 6F
                                   TEST ONLY FOR FUNCTION MODE
01FC 20 08
                   JR NZ,0206
                                   ; JUMP IF FUNCTION MODE
01FE 06 04
                   LD B, 04
                                   ; ADDRESS MODE SO SET B FOR 4 DOTS
                   SET 4, (HL)
                                   ; SET DOT IN DISPLAY BUFFER
0200 CB E6
                   INC HL
                                   ; NEXT LOCATION
0202 23
0203 10 FB
                   DJNZ, 0200
                                   ; DO 4 TIMES
                   RET
0205 C9
                                   ; DONE
                   DEC B
                                   ;FUNCTION MODE: SET B FOR ONE DOT
0206 05
                   BIT 3,A
                                   ;TEST FOR FUNCTION 3
0207 CB 5F
                   JR NZ,0211
                                   ; JUMP IF FUNCTION 3 TO ADD HL+1
0209 20 06
020B CB 57
                   BIT 2, A
                                   ;TEST FOR FUNCTION 2
020D 20 01
020F 23
                   JR NZ, 0210
                                   ; JUMP IF FUNCTION 2 TO ADD HL+2
                                   ; INCREMENT HL TO POINT TO THE
                   INC HL
                    INC HL
                                   ; REQUIRED DISPLAY BYTE
0210 23
0211 23
                   INC HL
```

```
0212 18 EC
                    JR 0200
                                    JUMP TO SET DOT
                    INC HL
0214 23
                                    ;DATA MODE: HL NOW POINTS TO SECOND
                                    ; LEFT MOST DISPLAY BUFFER: SAVE MCB
0215 4F
                    LD C, A
                                    ; IN C: TEST AUTO INCREMENT ENABLE
0216 3A 27 08
                    LD A, (0827)
0219 B7
                    OR A
                                    :FLAG
021A 20 F3
                    JR NZ.020F
                                    ; JUMP IF NO AUTO INCREMENT TO SET BOTH
                    BIT 1,C
021C CB 49
                                    ;DATA DOTS: TEST BYTE COUNTER FOR 2
                    JR Z.020F
021E 28 EF
                                    ; NIBBLES: JUMP IF NOT TO SET BOTH DATA
                    INC HL
                                    ; DOTS: ELSE SKIP DOT ON ONE DISPLAY
0220 23
0221 05
                                    ; AND DECREASE DOT COUNT FROM 2 TO 1
                    JR 020F
0222 18 EB
                                     JUMP TO ADJUST HL AND SET DOTS
MASKABLE RESET TONE ROUTINE
IF 0822 IS NOT ZERO THEN NO TONE
0224 CD 3F 08
                    CALL 083F
                                    ; CALL TONE
MASKABLE TONE ROUTINE
                    LD A, (0822)
                                    ; TEST SOUND MASK
0227 3A 22 08
                    OR A
022A B7
                                    ; NO TONE IF NOT ZERO
                    RET NZ
022B C0
                    LD C, 40
                                    ;LOAD C WITH PERIOD
022C OE 40
                    LD L,31
                                     ; LOAD L WITH NUMBER OF CYCLES
022E 2E 31
                                     ;CLEAR A
                    XOR A
0230 AF
                    OUT (01),A
                                     OUT TO SPEAKER
0231 D3 01
                    LD B,C
0233 41
                    DJNZ,0234
0234 10 FE
                                     ; DELAY FOR PERIOD
0236 EE 80
                    XOR 80
                                     ; TOGGLE SPEAKER BIT
0238 2D
                    DEC L
                                     ; DECREMENT CYCLE COUNT
0239 20 F6
                    JR NZ,0231
                                     ;LOOP UNTIL ZERO
                    RET
                                     : DONE
023B C9
LCD ROUTINE
IF 0821 IS NOT ZERO, THEN LCD HAS BEEN MASKED OFF BY EITHER THE USER OR THE LCD INTIALIZER/TESTER ROUTINE AND NO ACTION IS TAKEN ON THE LCD. THE RST 30 (F7) IS USED
EXTENSIVELY TO TEST AND WAIT FOR THE LCD BUSY FLAG. THROUGHOUT THESE NOTES, THE INVISIBLE INTERNAL CURSOR ON THE LCD IS REFERRED TO AS THE CURSOR, WHILE THE ">" ON THE LCD IS
REFERRED TO AS THE PROMPT.
023C 3A 21 08
                    LD A, (0821)
                                     ; TEST LCD MASK
023F B7
                     OR A
                                     ; NOT ZERO = LCD NOT REQUIRED OR FITTED
0240 CO
                    RET NZ
                     LD A,80
                                     ; SET LCD CURSOR TO HOME
0241 3E 80
0243 D3 04
                     OUT (04), A
0245 F7
                     RST 30
                                     ; WAIT UNTIL LCD READY
0246 CD 53 02
                     CALL 0253
                                     ; CALL SET-UP AND OUTPUT FIRST LINE
                     LD A, CO
0249 3E CO
                                     ; SET CURSOR TO BOTTOM LINE
                     OUT (04), A
024B D3 04
                     RST 30
024D F7
                                     ; WAIT
                     CALL 025A
024E CD 5A 02
                                     ; CALL ROUTINE TO OUTPUT BOTTOM LINE
                     JR 0286
0251 18 33
                                     ; JUMP TO PROMPT ROUTINE
SET-UP
MODIFY CURRENT EDIT LOCATION ADDRESS IN HL SO THAT IT POINTS TO A BYTE AT AN ADDRESS
ENDING IN EITHER 0 OR 8.
                     LD HL. (082E)
                                    GET CEL AND PUT LOW BYTE IN A
0253 2A 2E 08
                                     THEN MASK OFF THE 3 LOWEST BITS AS THE ADDR OF THE FIRST BYTE ON
                     LD A.L
0256 7D
0257 E6 F8
                     AND F8
                                     ; THE LCD WILL END WITH 0 OR 8
0259 6F
                     LD L.A
OUTPUT A LINE
 025A CD 6C 02
                     CALL 026C
                                     ;CALL "HL TO ASCII OUTPUT"
                                     ; SET B FOR 4 BYTES ON A LINE
 025D 06 04
                     LD B,04
                                     ;LOAD A WITH ASCII SPACE
                     LD A, 20
 025F 3E 20
                     OUT (84), A
RST 30
                                     ; CHARATER AND OUTPUT IT
 0261 D3 84
                                     ;WAIT
 0263 F7
                                     GET BYTE TO DISPLAY
 0264 7E
                     LD A, (HL)
                                     CONVERT AND OUTPUT IT
 0265 CD 71 02
                     CALL 0271
 0268 23
                     INC HL
                                     ; POINT TO NEXT BYTE
                                     ; DO FOR 4 BYTES
 0269 10 F4
                     DJNZ, 025F
                     RET
                                     ; DONE
 026B C9
```

CONVERT HL TO ASCII (VIA CONVERT A) AND OUTPUT IT

```
02PF 28 06
                    JR 2,02C7
                                    ; JUMP IF FUNCTION MODE TO OUT 3 BYTES
                                    ;OUT (HL) TO (C) B=B-1
;HL=HL+1: WAIT FOR LCD BUSY FLAG
02C1 ED A3
                    OUTI
                    RST 30
02C3 F7
02C4 20 FB
02C6 C9
                    JR NZ,02C1
                                    ;LOOP UNTIL B=0
                                    ; DONE
                    RET
02C7 06 03
                    LD B, 03
                                    ;ONLY THREE BYTES FOR FUNCTION MODE
02C9 CD C1 02
                    CALL 02C1
                                    ; CALL THE OUTPUT ROUTINE ABOVE
02CC 7A
                    LD A, D
                                    ; PUT MCB (SHIFTED RIGHT TWICE) IN A
02CD E6 03
                    AND 03
                                    ; MASK IT DOWN TO GET JUST THE FUNCTION
02CF C6 31
                    ADD A,31
                                    ; NUMBER BITS: ADD ASCII "1"
02D1 18 AF
                    JR 0282
                                    ; JUMP TO OUTPUT FUNCTION NUMBER
```

-END OF MONITOR ROUTINES- (EXCEPT KEYBOARD READER AT 06AD)

LCD PROMPT MOVING ROUTINES. (SHIFT AND FUNCTION 1)

THESE ROUTINES ALTER THE CURRENT EDIT LOCATION ADDRESS AND STORE IT IN ITS BUFFER. WHEN THE RETURN IS DONE, JMON IS RE-ENTERED AT 00B2 (VIA THE SOFT RE-ENTRY JUMP AT 0845, THE ADDRESS OF WHICH HAS BEEN PLACED ON THE STACK BY PART OF THE "GO" ROUTINE).

```
LD DE,0004
02D3 11 04 00
                                   :DE= +4
02D6 2A 2E 08
                   LD HL, (082E)
                                  ; PUT CEL IN HL
                                   ; ADD TO GET NEW CEL
02D9 19
                   ADD HL, DE
                   LD (082E), HL
                                   ; STORE IN CEL BUFFER
02DA 22 2E 08
                                   ; DONE
02DD C9
                   RET
02DE 11 FC FF
                   LD DE, FFFC
                                   ;DE= -4
                                   JUMP TO ADD
                   JR 02D6
02E1 18 F3
02E3 11 FF FF
                   LD DE, FFFF
                                   ;DE= -1
02E6 18 EE
                   JR 02D6
                                   JUMP TO ADD
02E8 11 01 00
                   LD DE,0001
                                   ;DE= +1
                                   JUMP TO ADD
                   JR 02D6
02EB 18 E9
02ED 11 08 00
                   LD DE,0008
                                   ;DE+ +8
02F0 18 E4
02F2 11 F8 FF
                   JR 02D6
                                   JUMP TO ADD
                   LD DE, FFF8
                                   ;DE= -8
                                   JUMP TO ADD
                   JR 02D6
02F5 18 DF
```

RESET PATCH CHECKER.

TESTS FOR PATCH REQUIREMENT AND UP TO THE FIRST 256 BYTES OF THE PATCH ROUTINE. THE CHECKSUM FEATURE ENSURES A WAY TO CHECK THAT THE PATCH OR PATCH VARIABLES HAVE NOT BEEN CORRUPTED BY A SYSTEM CRASH, OTHERWISE YOU MAY NEVER REGAIN CONTROL OF THE COMPUTER UNLESS CORRUPTED BY A SISTEM CRASH, OTHERWISE 100 MAI NEVER REGAIN CONTROL OF THE COMPUTER UNLESS YOU TURN IT OFF, (AND LOSE THE CONTENTS OF YOUR MEMORY - YOU CANNOT RECOVER IT BY A FORCED HARD RESET AS THE USER PATCH IS EXECUTED BEFORE THE FORCED HARD RESET TEST). (A FORCED HARD RESET IS WHEN A KEY IS HELD DOWN WHEN THE RESET KEY IS RELEASED).

IF YOU HAVE A NON VOLATILE MEMORY AT 0800 THE SITUATION WOULD BE ABSOLUTELY HOPELESS

WITHOUT THIS CHECKER ROUTINE.

A VARIABLE CAN BE PASSED TO YOUR PATCH ROUTINE IN THE "C" REGISTER. TO DO THIS THE VARIABLE IS PLACED AT ADDRESS LOCATION 08B3.

```
02F7 3A B0 08
02FA FE AA
                      LD A, (08B0)
                                       ; TEST FOR RESET PATCH REQUIRED
                      CP AA
                                       ; RETURN IF NOT ; PUT NO OF BYTES IN B VARIABLE IN C
                      RET NZ
02FC C0
02FD ED 4B B3 08
                     LD BC, (08B3)
                                       ;START IN HL
;CLEAR A
0301 2A B1 08
                      LD HL, (08B1)
                      XOR A
0304 AF
                      ADD A, (HL)
INC HL
                                       ; ADD CHECKSUM
0305 86
0306 23
                      DJNZ,0305
LD HL,08B5
                                       ;UNTIL B=0
0307 10 FC
                                       ;POINT TO REQUIRED CHECKSUM
0309 21 B5 08
                                       ;TEST FOR EQUAL
;ABORT IF NOT
                      CP (HL)
030C BE
                      RET NZ
030D C0
                                       ;ELSE GET START ADDR
                      LD HL, (08B6)
030E 2A B6 08
                                       AND DO RESET PATCH
                      JP (HL)
0311 E9
```

STEPPER ROUTINE

THE STEPPER ROUTINE IS BROKEN UP INTO SEVERAL SECTIONS. THE FIRST IS THE REGISTER SAVE, WHERE ALL THE Z80 USER REGISTERS ARE STORED IN MEMORY.

```
LD (0870), HL ; STORE HL IN ITS REGISTER STACK SPOT
0312 22 70 08
                  LD HL,0344
                                 ; LOAD HL WITH RETURN ADDRESS
0315 21 44 03
```

MONITOR JUMPS TO HERE ON RESET TO PRESERVE USER REGISTERS.

```
;STORE RE-ENTRY ADDRESS IN BUFFER ;GET ADDRESS OF INSTRUCTION JUST
                         LD (0860), HL
0318 22 60 08
031B 2A 58 08
                         LD HL, (0858)
                                            ;STEPPED AND PUT IT IN "NEXT PC"
;BUFFER: SAVE STACK POINTER VALUE
                        LD (0868), HL
LD (087E), SP
031E 22 68 08
0321 ED 73 7E 08
                                             ; GET RETURN ADDR, THIS IS THE ADDRESS
                         POP HI
0325 E1
```

```
0326 22 58 08
                   LD (0858), HL ; OF NEXT BYTE TO STEP: STORE IN
                   LD SP,087L
0329 31 7E 08
                                  ; "NEXT PC" BUFFER: LOAD REGISTER DUMP
032C 08
                   EX AF, AF
                                  ; STACK: PUSH ALTERNATE REGISTERS
032D D9
                   EXX
                                  ;FIRST
                   PUSH HL
                                  ; SAVE ALL REGISTERS
032E E5
                   PUSH DE
032F D5
                   PUSH BC
0330 C5
                   PUSH AF
0331 F5
                   PUSH IY
0332 FD E5
0334 DD E5
                   PUSH IX
0336 08
                   EX AF, AF'
0337 D9
                   EXX
                   DEC SP
0338 3B
0339 3B
                   DEC SP
                   PUSH DE
033A D5
                   PUSH BC
033B C5
033C F5
                   PUSH AF
033D 2A 60 08
                   LD HL, (0860)
                                  ; RE-ENTER CALLING ROUTINE VIA
                   JP (HL)
                                  ; THE ADDRESS IT SUPPLIED AT 0860
0340 E9
0341 31 6A 08
                   LD SP,086A
                                  ; SHIFT 7 ROUTINE START (REG DISPLAY)
```

THE REGISTERS HAVE BEEN SAVED. NOW THE DISPLAY AND KEYBOARD HANDLER IS SET UP. THE STACK IS DECREMENTED BY TWO TO POINT TO THE "PC" BUFFER. THE ADDRESS IN THE "PC" BUFFER IS THE ADDRESS OF THE INSTRUCTION JUST STEPPED.

THE NUMBER OF THE FIRST REGISTER (1 FOR "PC") IS PUT INTO THE CURRENT REGISTER NUMBER BUFFER.

```
0344 21 06 08 LD HL,0806 ; CREATE NEW DISPLAY BUFFER
0347 22 2C 08 LD (082C), HL ;
034A 3B DEC SP ; DECREASE SP BY 2 TO POINT TO THE
034B 3B DEC SP ; "PC" BUFFER
```

WHEN UP-DATING THE DISPLAY, THE ROUTINE MAY JUMP BACK TO HERE IF THE FIRST DISPLAY IS REQUIRED.

```
034C 3E 01 LD A,01 ;SET UP FOR THE FIRST REGISTER (PC) 034E 32 5A 08 LD (085A),A ;DISPLAY
```

OR HERE IF IT HAS ALTERED THE CURRENT REGISTER NUMBER IN ITS STORAGE LOCATION (085A).

```
0351 3A 5A 08 LD A, (085A) ; DISPLAY LOOP STARTS HERE
```

HL IS LOADED WITH THE STACK POINTER VALUE, (WHICH POINTS TO THE "PC" BUFFER), MINUS TWO. THE TWO IS SUBTRACTED BECAUSE AN EXTRA TWO WILL BE ADDED TO HL DURING THE REGISTER BUFFER CALCULATOR (IMMEDIATELY BELOW) AS THE NUMBER OF THE FIRST REGISTER IS 1 AND NOT ZERO.

```
0354 21 FE FF
0357 39
                    LD HL, FFFE
                                    ;HL=-2
                    ADD HL, SP
                                    ;HL=SP-2
                    INC HL
0358 23
                                    ; INCREMENT HL TO POINT TO THE
                    INC HL
                                    ; CURRENT REGISTER BUFFER
0359 23
                                    ; INDICATED BY THE NUMBER IN A
                    DEC A
035A 3D
                    JR NZ,0358
035B 20 FB
```

HI, NOW POINTS TO THE CURRENT REGISTER BUFFER. THIS SECTION PUTS THE REGISTER(S) CONTENT(S) INTO HL AND CONVERTS IT TO DISPLAY CODE AND STORE THE DISPLAY CODE IN THE DISPLAY BUFFER.

```
;GET 16 BIT VALUE
                   LD A. (HL)
035D 7E
                                  ; AND PUT IT
                   INC HL
035E 23
                   LD H, (HL)
                                  BACK INTO
035F 66
                                  ; HL
0360 6F
                   LD L, A
                   LD BC, (082C)
                                  ; PUT DISPLAY BUFFER ADDRESS IN BC
0361 ED 4B 2C 08
                   CALL 0830
                                  ; CALL HL TO DISPLAY CODE ROUTINE
0365 CD 30 08
```

THIS SECTION CALCULATES THE ADDRESS OF THE REGISTER NAME FOR THE DATA DISPLAYS. THESE ARE STORED IN A TABLE. THE REQUIRED REGISTER NAME IS THEN TRANSFERRED TO THE DISPLAY BUFFER.

```
GET REGISTER NUMBER
                     LD A, (085A)
0368 3A 5A 08
                                       ; PUT NEXT DISPLAY BUFFER
036B C5
                     PUSH BC
                                       ;LOCATION INTO DE(stination);BC IS THE NUMBER OF DATA DISPLAYS
                     POP DE
036C D1
036D 01 02 00
                     LD BC,0002
0370 21 92 07
                     LD HL,0792
                                       ; HL=THE BASE OF THE NAME TABLE
0373 09
                                       ; ADD TO HL 2 FOR EACH
                     ADD HL, BC
                                       REGISTER NUMBER TO ACCESS THE CURRENT REGISTER NAME
0374 3D
0375 20 FC
                      DEC A
                      JR NZ,0373
0377 ED B0
                     LDIR
                                       ; MOVE REGISTER NAME INTO RAM
```

THE SCAN AND KEYBOARD ROUTINE ARE NOW CALLED (VIA THE RST 18). IF A VALID KEY IS PRESSED, THEN THE ZERO FLAG IS SET WHEN THE RST RETURNS.

```
; SCAN/KEY READ RST
; (HL)=AUTO STEP CONTROL/TIMER BYTE
                     RST 18
                     LD HL,0824
037A 21 24 08
037D 28 0B
                     JR Z,038A
                                      ; JUMP IF VALID KEY PRESSED
```

NO KEY IS PRESSED SO THE ROUTINE CHECKS FOR THE AUTO REPEAT MODE ENABLED FLAG (BIT 7 AUTO STEP CONTROL/TIMER BYTE, ZERO IS AUTO STEP ENABLED) AND DECREMENTS THE COUNTER IF IT IS. IF THE COUNTER REACHES ZERO, THEN IT IS RELOADED AND THE ROUTINE JUMPS TO RECOVER THE REGISTERS AND STEP THE NEXT INSTRUCTION. IF NOT IN THE AUTO MODE OR THE COUNTER DOES NOT REACH ZERO, THEN THE ROUTINE LOOPS BACK TO SCAN THE DISPLAY AND WAIT FOR EITHER A KEY PRESS OR FOR THE COUNTER TO REACH ZERO.

```
BIT 7, (HL)
JR NZ,0379
                                   ; TEST FOR AUTO INCREMENT JUMP IF NOT
037F CB 7E
                                  ; ENABLED TO SCAN/KEY READ LOOP
0381 20 F6
                                   ; DECREMENT COUNTER: LOOP TO
                   DEC (HL)
0383 35
                   JR NZ,0379
                                   ; SCAN/KEY READ UNTIL COUNT=0
0384 20 F3
```

AT THIS POINT THE AUTO-STEP DELAY HAS REACHED ZERO AND IS RELOADED WITH THE DELAY VALUE. A JUMP IS THEN DONE TO RECOVER THE REGISTERS AND STEP THE NEXT INSTRUCTION.

```
; RESET AUTO STEP DELAY, JUMP TO RECOVER ; REGISTERS AND STEP NEXT INSTRUCTION
                            LD (HL),30
0388 18 22
                            JR 03AC
```

KEY PROCESSING STARTS HERE

THE AUTO-STEP IS DISABLED AND THEN THE KEY IS IDENTIFIED AND HANDLED. THE AUTO-STEP WILL BE RE-ENABLED IF THE KEY PRESSED IS A DATA KEY.

038A 47	LD B, A	;SAVE KEY
038B 36 FF	LD (HL), FF	; SET AUTO STEP CONTROL/TIMER BIT 7
038D 21 5A 08	LD HL,085A	; THUS DISABLING THE AUTO REPEAT MODE
0390 78	LD A, B	POINT HL TO CURRENT REG No. BUFFER
0391 FE 10	CP 10	;PUT INPUT IN A, TEST IT FOR "+"
0393 20 08	JR NZ,039D	;JUMP IF NOT TO TEST FOR "-"

"+" KEY HANDLER

THE CURRENT REGISTER NUMBER IS INCREMENTED AND THEN CHECK TO SEE THAT IT HAS NOT EXCEEDED THE HIGHEST REGISTER NUMBER (OC). IF IT HAS, THE ROUTINE JUMPS TO RESET THE CURRENT REGISTER NUMBER WITH 1, OTHERWISE IT JUMPS TO THE DISPLAY LOOP.

0395 34	INC (HL)	; INCREMENT REGISTER NUMBER
0396 7E	LD A, (HL)	; AND CHECK TO SEE IF IT LARGER
0397 FE OD	CP OD	; THAN HIGHEST REG No. (OC): IF LOWER
0399 38 B6	JR C,0351	; THAN OD JUMP TO DISPLAY LOOP ELSE
039B 18 AF	JR 034C	JUMP TO SET REGISTER NUMBER TO 1
039D FE 11	CP 11	; TEST FOR "-"
039F 20 07	JR NZ,03A8	; JUMP IF NOT

ONE IS TAKEN FROM THE CURRENT REGISTER NUMBER AND THEN IT IS CHECKED FOR ZERO. IF IT BECOMES ZERO, THEN THE CURRENT REGISTER NUMBER IS SET TO THE HIGHEST REGISTER NUMBER (OC) TO WRAP-AROUND TO DISPLAY THE LAST REGISTER.

03A1 35	DEC (HL)	; SUBTRACT 1 FROM REGISTER NUMBER
03A2 20 AD	JR NZ,0351	JUMP IF NOT O TO UP-DATE DISPLAY
03A4 36 OC	LD (HL),OC	;ELSE SET TO LAST REGISTER
03A6 18 A9	JR 0351	; AND UP-DATE

TEST FOR "GO"

03A8 FE 12	CP 12	TEST FOR "GO" AND JUMP IF NOT
03AA 20 1A	JR NZ,03C6	TO TEST FOR "AD" OR DATA KEY

THE GO KEY CAUSES STEPPING EXECUTION TO CONTINUE.
BEFORE STEPPING IS CONTINUED THOUGH, THE KEYBOARD IS READ AND THE PROGRAM LOOPS UNTIL ALL KEYS ARE RELEASED. THIS IS TO SEPARATE KEY PRESSES MEANT FOR THE STEPPER AND THOSE FOR THE ROUTINE BEING STEPPED. ONCE ALL KEYS ARE RELEASED, ALL THE REGISTERS ARE POPPED OF THE REGISTER DISPLAY STACK, THE STACK IS RESTORED TO ITS "REAL" POSITION AND THE INTERRUPTS RE-ENABLED. THE RETURN ADDRESS FOR THE ROUTINE BEING STEPPED, STILL THERE ON THE TOP OF THE REAL STACK, IS USED AS THE RETURN ADDRESS.

```
; WAIT UNTIL ALL KEYS ARE RELEASED
                  RST 20
03AC E7
03AD 28 FD
                  JR Z,03AC
                                ; BEFORE RESTARTING
```

```
03AF E1
                       FOP HL
                                          ; RECOVER ALL
03B0 F1
                       POF AF
                                          ; REGISTERS
03B1 C1
                       POP BC
                                           ; IN
03B2 D1
                       POP DE
                                          ; THE
03B3 E1
                       POP HL
                                           ; REVERSE
03B4 DD E1
                       POP IX
                                           CORDER
                       POP IY
03B6 FD E1
                                          ; TO
                        EX AF, AF'
0.3B8 08
                                           ; HOW
                        EXX
03B9 D9
                                           : THEY
                       POP AF
                                           ; STORED
03BA F1
                       POP BC
03BB C1
03BC D1
                       POP DE
                        POP HL
03BD E1
                        EX AF, AF'
03BE 08
03BF D9
                        EXX
03C0 ED 7B 7E 08
                       LD SP, (087E)
                                          ; AND STACK POINTER
                                           ; RE-ENABLE THE INTERRUPTS
03C4 FB
                        ET
                                           ; RET TO STEP NEXT INSTRUCTION
03C5 C9
                        RET
TEST FOR "AD" KEY (RETURN TO JMON)
03C6 FE 13
                        CP 13
                                           ;TEST FOR "ADDR" KEY
                        JR NZ,03CB
03C8 20 01
                                           ; JUMP IF NOT TO ASSUME DATA KEY
                        RST 00
                                           ; RETURN TO MONITOR
03CA C7
DATA KEY HANDLER (ENABLE AUTO STEP)
                        LD A, 20
                                           ; SET AND ENABLE AUTO STEP IN THE
03CD 32 24 08
                        LD (0824),A
                                          ; CONTROL/TIMER BYTE (BIT 7 LOW, 20
                        JR 0379
                                           ; CYCLES): JUMP TO DISPLAY LOOP
03D0 18 A7
-END OF STEPPER-
START OF MENU
MENU IS SET-UP FOR TAPE ROUTINE HERE
THE VARIABLES ARE MOVED FROM ROM TO RAM AND THE DISPLAY BUFFER IS SET TO 0800.
03D2 21 7C 07
                        LD HL,077C
                                           ;LOAD HL WITH START OF TAPE
03D5 11 80 08
                        LD DE,0880
                                           ; VARIABLES: DE IS RAM DE(stination)
03D8 01 18 00
                        LD BC,0018
                                           ;BC IS THE COUNT
O3DB ED BO
                        LDIR
                                           ; SHIFT VARIABLES
                        LD HL,0800
03DD 21 00 08
                                           ;PUT DISPLAY BUFFER AT 0800
03E0 22 2C 08
                        LD (082C), HL
MENU DISPLAY LOOP STARTS HERE
THE MENU ENTRY NUMBER (MEN), HOLDS THE NUMBER OF THE CURRENT MENU ENTRY ON THE DISPLAY. ALL ACTIONS OF THE MENU DRIVER CENTRE AROUND THIS BYTE.

THE DISPLAY ON THE TEC LED DISPLAY IS GENERATED BY SHIFTING BOTH THE DATA AND ADDRESS
DISPLAY CODES INTO THE RAM DISPLAY BUFFER.
ALL THE POSSIBLE DATA AND ADDRESS DISPLAY CODES ARE STORED IN SEPARATE TABLES IN ROM
THE BASE OF EACH IS ADDRESSED BY THE CONTENTS OF MEMORY LOCATIONS 0895 (DATA TABLE), AND
0893 (ADDRESS TABLE).
THE FIRST MENU ENTRY IS DENOTED BY A ZERO VALUE IN THE MENU ENTRY NUMBER
                                                                                                    (MEN)
MEANS THAT THE POSSIBLE ZERO CONDITION MUST BY DETECTED AND THE TABLE ENTRY CALCULATOR SECTION SKIPPED OVER. WHEN ACCESSING THE DISPLAY TABLES, THE MENU ENTRY NUMBER IS DECREMENTED UNTIL ZERO AND EACH TIME AN OFFSET EQUAL TO THE LENGTH OF EACH TABLE ENTRY (4 FOR ADDR AND 2 FOR DATA TABLES) IS ADDED TO THE POINTERS.

AFTER THE REQUIRED ENTRIES ARE FOUND, THEY ARE MOVED INTO THE RAM DISPLAY BUFFER.
```

```
LD A, (088F)
03E3 3A 8F 08
                                     ; GET MENU ENTRY NUMBER (MEN)
                                    ;DE POINTS TO DATA DISPLAY TABLE ;HL POINTS TO ADDR DISPLAY TABLE
03E6 ED 5B 95 08
                    LD DE, (0895)
03EA 2A 93 08
                    LD HL, (0893)
                    LD BC,0004
                                     ;BC IS BOTH AN INDEX OFFSET AND
03ED 01 04 00
                                     ; BYTE COUNTER (USED BELOW): TEST
03F0 B7
                    OR A
                                     ; A AND SKIP CALCULATOR IF ZERO
03F1 28 06
                    JR Z,03F9
03F3 09
                    ADD HL, BC
                                     ; ADD 4 TO HL TO POINT TO NEXT ADDR
                                     ; DISPLAY AND 2 TO DE FOR NEXT DATA
03F4 13
                    INC DE
                    INC DE
                                     ; DISPLAY
03F5 13
03F6 3D
03F7 20 FA
                    DEC A
                                     ;DO UNTIL A=0
                    JR NZ, 03F3
                    PUSH HL
                                     ; SAVE ADDR FOINTER (not required)
03F9 E5
                    PUSH DE
                                     ; AND DATA POINTER
03FA D5
03FB 11 00 08
03FE ED B0
                    LD DE,0800
                                     ; SHIFT ACROSS ADDR DISPLAY
                    LDIR
                                     ;TO 0800 (BC=0004 FROM ABOVE)
                    POP HL
                                     ; POP DATA DISPLAY ADDR INTO HL
0400 E1
```

```
0401 0E 02 LD C,02 ;SET BC TO SHIFT DATA DISPLAY BYTES
0403 ED B0 LDIR ;SHIFT THE BYTES TO DISPLAY RAM
0405 E1 POP HL ;CLEAN UP STACK
```

THIS SECTION CALLS THE SCAN/KEY/LCD/PATCH ROUTINE.

WHEN A KEY IS DETECTED A KEY HANDLER ROUTINE IS CALLED. THIS KEY HANDLER IS COMMON TO BOTH THE MENU DRIVER AND THE PERIMETER HANDLER AND IS DOCUMENTED ON FURTHER.

IF THE "GO" KEY WAS PRESSED, THE ZERO FLAG WILL BE SET WHEN THE COMMON KEY HANDLER RETURNS AND THE ROUTINE JUMPS TO THE GO HANDLER. IF NOT, THEN A (UNUSED BY JMON) ROUTINE (AT 0897) IS CALLED AND FINDS AN IMMEDIATE RETURN.

THE RETURN INSTRUCTION WAS PLACED AT 0897 WHEN THE TAPE'S MENU VARIABLES WERE SHIFTED FROM ROM TO RAM (SEE 0793).

A JUMP THEN LOOPS BACK TO THE MAIN DISPLAY LOOP TO UP-DATE THE DISPLAYS IN CASE OF A NEW MENU ENTRY NUMBER (MEN) BEING PROVIDED BY THE KEY HANDLER.

THE GO HANDLER IS A SIMPLE TABLE ENTRY CALCULATOR THAT USES THE MENU ENTRY NUMBER TO INDEX THROUGH A TABLE OF THREE BYTE JUMPS. LIKE THE DISPLAY CALCULATOR, THE ZERO POSSIBILITY IS TESTED FOR AND THE CALCULATOR SECTION IS SKIPPED OVER IF ZERO. WHEN THE REQUIRED TABLE ENTRY IS POINTED TO BY HL, IT IS THEN JUMPED TO VIA JP (HL), AND THE TABLE ENTRY, ITSELF BEING A 3 BYTE JUMP THEN JUMPS TO THE SELECTED MENU ENTRY'S ROUTINE.

```
CALL 0842
                                     ; CALL SCAN/KEY/LCD/PATCH ROUTINE
0406 CD 42 08
0409 21 8F 08
040C CD B2 04
                                     ; POINT HL TO MENU ENTRY NUMBER
                    LD HL,088F
                     CALL 04B2
                                     ; CALL COMMON KEY HANDLER
                    JR Z,0416
CALL 0897
                                     ; JUMP IF KEY WAS "GO" ELSE CALL TO
040F 28 05
0411 CD 97 08
                                     ; RETURN INSTRUCTION (UNUSED BY JMON)
                     JR 03E3
                                     ;LOOP TO MAIN DISPLAY LOOP
0414 18 CD
MENU "GO" KEY HANDLER
                    LD HL,(0891) ; POINT HL TO BASE OF JUMP TABLE LD A,(088F) ; GET MENU ENTRY NUMBER
0416 2A 91 08
                     LD A, (088F)
0419 3A 8F 08
041C B7
                     OR A
                                     ; TEST FOR ZERO
041D 28 06
                     JR Z,0425
                                     ; SKIP CALCULATOR IF ZERO
041F 23
                     INC HL
                                     ;FIND JUMP VECTOR FOR THE CURRENT
                     INC HL
                                     ; MENU HEADING
0420 23
0421 23
                     INC HL
0422 3D
0423 20 FA
                     DEC A
                     JR N2,041F
                     JP (HL)
                                     ; AND JUMP TO THE REQUIRED ROUTINE
0425 E9
```

PERIMETER HANDLER SET-UP ROUTINES FOR THE TAPE SOFTWARE

WHEN GO IS PRESSED IN THE MENU HANDLER, ONE OF THE IMMEDIATE FOLLOWING ROUTINES IS EXECUTED (WHEN THE MENU IS WORKING WITH THE TAPE SOFTWARE). THESE ROUTINES SET-UP THE VARIABLES FOR THE MAIN TAPE FUNCTIONS (SAVE, TEST CS, TEST BL AND LOAD). THE TWO TESTS AND THE LOAD ROUTINE IS BASICALLY THE ONE ROUTINE, EXCEPT THAT EACH HAS ITS OWN PRIVATE SIGN-ON BYTE. LATER YOU WILL SEE THE THE ROUTINE TO LOAD OR TEST IS BASICALLY THE SAME AND THIS "SIGN-ON BYTE" SEPARATES THE DIFFERENT FUNCTIONS AT THE CRITICAL STAGE.

THE COMMON SECTION FOR THE LOAD AND TESTS, SETS THE PERIMETER HANDLER TO HAVE TWO WINDOWS, ONE FOR THE FILE NUMBER AND ONE FOR THE OPTIONAL START ADDRESS. IT ALSO SETS THE OPTIONAL START WINDOW TO FFFF (NO OPTIONAL START ADDRESS BY DEFAULT) AND PUTS THE EXECUTING ADDRESS OF THE LOAD/TESTS ROUTINE IN THE PERIMETER "GO" JUMP ADDRESS BUFFER.

THE SAVE SET-UP SETS THE NUMBER OF WINDOWS TO 4 AND STORES THE EXECUTING ADDRESS OF THE

THE SAVE SET-UP SETS THE NUMBER OF WINDOWS TO 4 AND STORES THE EXECUTING ADDRESS OF THE SAVE PREAMBLE ROUTINE IN THE PERIMETER "GO" JUMP ADDRESS BUFFER (0888).

THE 4 TAPE SAVE WINDOWS ARE: THE FILE NUMBER, THE START, THE END AND THE OPTIONAL AUTO

THE 4 TAPE SAVE WINDOWS ARE: THE FILE NUMBER, THE START, THE END AND THE OPTIONAL AUTO GO ADDRESS.

ALL THE ABOVE ROUTINES HAVE A COMMON SET-UP AREA. THIS COMMON AREA STORES THE ROUTINE'S JUMP ADDRESS, IN HL, AND THE NUMBER OF WINDOWS, IN A, BOTH PROVIDED FROM THEIR OWN DEDICATED SECTION. THE COMMON AREA ALSO CLEARS THE "ACTIVE WINDOW NUMBER" TO ZERO SO THAT THE PERIMETER HANDLER WILL BE ENTERED WITH THE FIRST WINDOW (FILE NUMBER) SHOWING.

"LOAD" SET-UP

0426 AF XOR A ; CLEAR A FOR LOAD SIGN-ON BYTE

COMMON AREA FOR LOAD AND TESTS

0427 32 8A 08	LD (088A),A	; SAVE SIGN-ON BYTE IN BUFFER
042A 3E 01	LD A, 01	;LOAD A WITH NUMBER OF WANTED
042C 21 FF FF	LD HL, FFFF	; WINDOWS -1 (2 WINDOWS): SET
042F 22 9A 08	LD (089A), HL	OPTIONAL START WINDOW TO FFFF
0432 21 31 05	LD HL,0531	;LOAD HL WITH "GO" ADDR OF LOAD/TEST
0435 18 OD	JR 0444	ROUTINE: JUMP TO STORE HL AND A

"TEST BLOCK" SET-UP

0437 3E 02 LD A, 02 ; 2=TEST BLOCK SIGN-ON BYTE

```
0439 18 80
                    JP 0427
                                   AGUNE TO TEST/TANK CONTOR AREA
"TEST CHECKSUM" SET-UP
043B 3E 03
                    LD A, 03
                                   ; 3=TEST CHECKSUM SIGN-ON BYTE
043D 18 FA
                    JR 0439
                                    ; JUMP TO TEST/LOAD COMMON AREA
SAVE SET-UP
                                   ; POINT HL TO START OF SAVE PRE-AMBLE
043F 21 50 04
                    LD HL,0450
                    LD A, 03
0442 3E 03
                                    ; SET UP FOR 4 WINDOWS
COMMON AREA FOR ALL SET-UPS
0444 22 88 08
                    LD (0888), HL ; STORE HL AND A
                    LD (0887),A
0447 32 87 08
044A AF
                    XOR A
                                    ; SET MEN TO FIRST WINDOW (FILE NUMBER)
044B 32 86 08
                    LD (0886), A
044E 18 23
                    JR 0473
                                    JUMP TO PERIMETER HANDLER
SAVE ROUTINE PRE-AMBLE
THE SAVE PREAMBLE FITS IN BETWEEN THE PERIMETER HANDLER AND THE ACTUAL SAVE ROUTING. THE
PURPOSE OF IT IS TO SHIFT ACROSS THE FILE NUMBER, THE START ADDRESS AND THE OPTIONAL GO
ADDRESS. IT ALSO CALCULATES THE LENGTH OF THE BLOCK AND TRANSFERS IT ACROSS TO THE TAPE FILE INFORMATION BLOCK WHICH IS OUTPUTTED TO THE TAPE.
IF THE END IS LOWER THAN THE START THE ROUTINE WILL JUMP TO DISPLAY "Err -In".
                    LD HL, (089E)
                                   ; SHIFT OPTIONAL GO TO OUTPUT BUFFER
0450 2A 9E 08
0453 22 AA 08
                    LD (08AA).HL
                    LD HL, (089A)
0456 2A 9A 08
                                    ; SHIFT START ADDRESS OF BLOCK
0459 22 A6 08
                    LD (08A6), HL
                                    ; TO TAPE FILE OUTPUT BUFFER
045C EB
                    EX DE, HL
                                    ; PUT START OF BLOCK IN DE
045D 2A 9C 08
                    LD HL, (089C)
                                    GET END OF BLOCK IN HL
                    OR A
0460 B7
                                    ; CLEAR CARRY
0461 ED 52
                    SBC HL, DE
                                    ; CALCULATE NUMBER OF BYTES IN
                    INC HL
0463 23
                                    ;BLOCK (DIFFERENCE +1)
                    JP C 004A
                                    ; JUMP IF CARRY TO "Err-In"
0464 DA 4A 00
0467 22 A8 08
                    LD (08A8), HL ; STORE COUNT IN FILE INFO OUTPUT
·046A 2A 98 08
                    LD HL, (0898)
                                   ; SHIFT FILE NUMBER TO
                    LD (08A4), HL ; TAPE FILE INFO OUTPUT BUFFER
046D 22 A4 08
                    JP 04F0
                                    JUMP TO SAVE OUTPUT ROUTINE
0470 C3 F0 04
FINAL TAPE SET-UP BEFORE THE PERIMETER HANDLER. THIS PLACES FFFF IN THE OPTIONAL GO WINDOW
BEFORE ENTERING THE PERIMETER HANDLER.
                    LD HL, FFFF
                                    ; PUT FFFF IN OPTIONAL GO WINDOW
0473 21 FF FF
0476 22 9E 08
                    LD (089E), HL
PERIMETER HANDLER
THE PERIMETER HANDLER ROUTINE IS SIMILAR TO THE MENU DRIVER. THE MAYOR DIFFERENCES ARE
LISTED BELOW:
THE PERIMETER HANDLER CREATES ITS OWN ADDRESS DISPLAY CODES BY CONVERTING THE CONTENTS
OF THE ACTIVE WINDOW TO DISPLAY CODE AND THEREFORE DOES NOT REQUIRE A TABLE OF ADDRESS
DISPLAY CODES.
ANOTHER DIFFERENCE IS THE ADDRESS OF THE ROUTINE TO BE EXECUTED ON A "GO" PRESS IS SUPPLIED
BY THE CALLING ROUTINE. THEREFORE THE PERIMETER HANDLER DOESN'T REQUIRE A JUMP TABLE AND
ASSOCIATED CALCULATER.
THE ONLY OTHER MAYOR DIFFERENCE IS THAT THE PERIMETER HANDLER HAS ITS OWN BUILT IN DATA
KEY HANDLER WHILE THE MENU DOES NOT.
THE FRONT SECTION BELOW CALCULATES THE ADDRESS OF THE ACTIVE WINDOW AND THE ADDRESS OF
THE DATA DISPLAY FROM THE DISPLAY TABLE.

THE MENU ENTRY NUMBER FROM THE MENU DRIVER HAS AN EQUIVALENT HERE. IT IS THE ACTIVE WINDOW
NUMBER AND IS USED IN IDENTICAL FASHION.
                    LD A, (0886)
                                    ; GET NUMBER OF ACTIVE WINDOW
 0479 3A 86 08
                                    ;GET ADDRESS OF FIRST (FILE) WINDOW+1
;GET BASE OF DATA DISPLAY TABLE
;TEST ACTIVE WINDOW NUMBER FOR ZERO
                    LD HL, (0884)
047C 2A 84 08
 047F ED 5B 82 08
                    LD DE, (0882)
 0483 B7
                     OR A
                                    ; SKIP CALCULATOR IF ZERO
; FINE CURRENT DATA DISPLAY
                     JR Z,048D
 0484 28 07
 0486 13
                     INC DE
                     INC DE
                                    ; AND WINDOW
 0487 13
```

0488 23

0489 23

048A 3D

048B 20 F9

INC HL

INC HL

DEC A JR NZ,0486 IFTER THE ADDRESS+1 OF THE ACTIVE WINDOW IS CALCULATED, IT IS STORED IN A BUFFER (AT 088C). EACH TIME A DATA KEY IS PRESSED, HL IS LOADED FROM THIS BUFFER AND THEREFORE POINTS TO THE ACTIVE WINDOW. THE DATA CAN THEN BE SHIFTED INTO THE ACTIVE WINDOW IMMEDIATELY. 048D 22 8C 08 LD (088C), HL ;STORE ACTIVE WINDOW ADDRESS+1

BELOW THE DATA DISPLAY BYTES ARE PUT INTO THE DATA SECTION OF THE DISPLAY BUFFER VIA HL.

```
; PUT DATA DISPLAY ADDRESS IN HL
0490 EB
                  EX DE.HL
                                 ;GET RIGHT-HAND DISPLAY BYTE IN A
0491 7E
                  LD A, (HL)
0492 23
                   INC HL
                                 ; AND LEFT-HAND IN H
0493 66
                  LD H, (HL)
                                 ; PUT RIGHT-HAND BYTE IN L
                  LD L, A
                                 ;HL HOLDS THE DATA DISPLAY BYTES
0494 6F
0495 22 04 08
                  LD (0804),HL
                                ; STORE DATA DISPLAY IN BUFFER
```

BELOW THE 16 BIT CONTENTS OF THE ACTIVE WINDOW ARE CONVERTED TO DISPLAY CODE ARE PLACED IN THE ADDRESS SECTION OF THE DISPLAY BUFFER.

```
EX DE, HL
                                    ;GET ACTIVE WINDOW ADDRESS FROM DE
0498 EB
                                    ;AND TRANSFER ;THE 16 BIT CONTENTS OF THE ACTIVE
                    LD A, (HL)
DEC HL
0499 7E
049A 2B
                                    ; WINDOW INTO HL
                    LD L, (HL)
049B 6E
                                    ; READY TO COVERT TO DISPLAY CODE
049C 67
                    LD H, A
                    LD BC,0800
                                    ; BC=DISPLAY BUFFER START
049D 01 00 08
.04A0 CD 30 08
                    CALL 0830
                                    ; CALL CONVERSION HL TO DISPLAY CODE
```

THE DISPLAY BUFFER IS NOW SET-UP AND THE SCAN/KEY LOOP IS CALLED. WHEN A KEY IS PRESSED, A COMMON KEY HANDLER IS CALLED.

THE COMMON KEY HANDLER DOES ALL THE REQUIRED PROCESSING FOR THE "+", "- " AND "AD" KEYS. IF EITHER THE "GO" AR A DATA KEY IS PRESSED, THEN THE HANDLER RETURNS WITH THE FLAGS SET

TO SIGNIFY THESE KEYS.

IF "GO" IS PRESSED THEN THE ZERO FLAG IS SET AND THE "GO" HANDLER BELOW IS EXECUTED. IF A DATA KEY IS PRESSED THEN THE ZERO FLAG IS CLEAR (NOT ZERO) AND CARRY FLAG IS CLEAR THE DATA KEY HANDLER IS EXECUTED IF THESE CONDITIONS ARE MET.

```
04A3 CD 42 08
                  CALL 0842
                                 ; CALL SCAN/KEY/LCD/PATCH ROUTINE
                  LD HL,0886
                                 ; POINT HL TO ACTIVE WINDOW NUMBER
04A6 21 86 08
04A9 CD B2 04
                  CALL 04B2
                                 ; CALL COMMON KEY HANDLER
                  JR NZ,04C4
                                 ; JUMP IF NOT GO KEY TO TEST FOR DATA
04AC 20 16
04AE 2A 88 08
                  LD HL, (0888)
                                OR CONTROL KEY: ELSE GET JUMP ADDRESS
                  JP (HL)
                                 ; STORED BY SET-UP AND GO
04B1 E9
```

COMMON KEY HANDLER

BECAUSE THE PERIMETER HANDLER AND THE MENU DRIVER ARE VERY SIMILAR, THEY ARE ABLE TO SHARE A COMMON KEY HANDLER.

THE ACTION OF THE KEY HANDLER IS AS FOLLOWS:

IF THE "AD" KEY IS PRESSED, THEN THE RETURN ADDRESS IS POPPED OFF THE STACK AND A RETURN IS DONE TO THE CALLING ROUTINE (USUALLY JMON). IF THE "GO" KEY IS PRESSED, THEN THE ZERO FLAG WILL BE SET AND A RETURN DONE. IT IS THEN UP TO THE CALLING ROUTINE TO SERVICE THE "GO" KEY.

A DATA KEY WILL BE FLAGGED BY SETTING THE CARRY FLAG AND CLEARING THE ZERO FLAG. LIKE THE "GO" KEY, THE CALLING ROUTINE MUST DECIDE WHAT IT IS TO DO WITH THE DATA KEY (THERE IS A BUILT IN DATA KEY HANDLER FOR THE PERIMETER HANDLER).

IF EITHER THE "+" OR "-" KEYS ARE PRESSED THEN A SPECIAL ROUTINE IS CALLED. THIS ROUTINE WILL ALTER THE CURRENT NUMBER OF THE ACTIVE WINDOW OR MENU ENTRY. THE RESULT IS THAT WHEN THE DISPLAY IS UP-DATED, THE DISPLAYS WILL BE SHIFTED TO EITHER THE NEXT DISPLAY FOR "+" OR TO THE PREVIOUS ONE FOR "- " AND WRAP-AROUND IF REQUIRED.

```
; IS THE KEY "+"
                   CP 10
04B2 FE 10
                   JR Z,04D1
CP 11
                                   ; JUMP IF SO TO "+" HANDLER
04B4 28 1B
                                   ; IS IT "-"
04B6 FE 11
                   JR Z,04D1
CP 13
                                   ; JUMP IF SO TO "-" HANDLER
04B8 28 17
                                   ; IS IT "AD"
04BA FE 13
                    JR NZ,04C0
                                   JUMP IF NOT TO TEST FOR "GO"
04BC 20 02
                                   CLEAN UP STACK
                   POP HT
04BE E1
                                   ; RETURN TO JMON (OR CALLING ROUTINE)
04BF C9
                   RET
                                   ; IS IT "GO"; CLEAR CARRY IF NOT IF GO C=1 Z=1
04C0 FE 12
                    CP 12
04C2 3F
                    CCF
                                   ; IF DATA SET Z=0 C=0: RETURN
                   RET
```

BELOW IS THE PERIMETER HANDLER DATA KEY HANDLER/DISCRIMINATOR
IF THE KEY WAS "+" OR "-" THEN IT HAS ALREADY BEEN HANDLED AND THIS CONDITION IS FLAGGED
BY THE CARRY BEING SET. IN THIS CASE, A JUMP IS DONE BACK TO THE MAIN BODY TO UP-DATE
THE DISPLAY OTHERWISE THE DATA KEY VALUE IS SHIFTED INTO THE ACTIVE WINDOW.

```
04C4 38 B3 JR C,0479 ; JUMP IF KEY WAS "+" OR "-" 04C6 2A 8C 08 LD HL, (088C) ; POINT HL TO ACTIVE WINDOW+1
```

```
FOIRT TO LOW OFDER EYFL SHIFT IN DATA KEY VALUE
0409 2E
                     DEC EL
04CA ED 6F
                     RLD
                      INC HL
                                       ; AND SHIFT OTHER NIBELES
04CD ED 6F
                     RLD
                                       ; ACROSS
                      JR 0479
04CF 18 A8
                                       ; JUMP BACK TO UP-DATE DISPLAY
```

THIS ROUTINE IS CALLED FROM THE COMMON KEY HANDLER IF EITHER "+" OR "-" HAVE BEEN PUSHED.

THIS ROUTINE WILL EITHER INCREMENT OR DECREMENT THE MEMORY LOCATION ADDRESSED BY HL FOR THE "+" AND "-" KEY RESPECTIVELY. HL WAS LOADED BY THE CALLING ROUTINE TO POINT TO ITS MAIN CONTROLLING BYTE. THIS IS EITHER THE CURRENT MENU ENTRY NUMBER (MENU DRIVER), OR MAIN CONTROLLING BITE. THIS IS EITHER THE CORRECT PERC ENTRY NUMBER (MENU DRIVER), OR THE ACTIVE WINDOW NUMBER (PERIMETER HANDLER), BOTH OF WHICH HAVE BEEN DESCRIBED PREVIOUSLY. AFTER INCREMENTING OR DECREMENTING (HL), THIS ROUTINE THEN CHECKS THAT THE VALUE IN (HL) IS NOT GREATER THAT THE BYTE AT HL+1 (WHICH IS THE MAXIMUM NUMBER OF DISPLAYS LESS 1). KEEP IN MIND, IF IT UNDERFLOWED FROM ZERO IT WILL BECOME FF AND BE HIGHER THAN (HL). THIS SECOND BYTE (AT HL+1) IS THE NUMBER OF ALLOWABLE DISPLAYS-1 AND WAS PROVIDED BY THE ROM TABLE FOR THE (TAPE) MENU DRIVER, AND PROVIDED BY THE PERIMETER HANDLER SET-UP ROUTINES (REFER TO 042A AND 0442).

IF THE FIRST BYTE BECOMES HIGHER THAN THE SECOND, THEN THE ROUTINE CHECKS TO SEE WHICH KEY WAS PRESSED. IF THE "+" KEY WAS, THEN (HL) IS CLEARED. THIS WILL CAUSE MENU OR PERIMETER HANDLER TO SHOW ITS FIRST DISPLAY WHEN RE-ENTERED.

IF THE KEY WAS "-", THEN THE MAXIMUM NUMBER OF DISPLAYS-1 (WHICH IS THE SAME AS THE NUMBER OF THE FINAL DISPLAY) IS TRANSFERRED INTO (HL) (THE NUMBER OF THE CURRENT DISPLAY). THIS WILL CAUSE THE LAST DISPLAY TO BE SHOWN WHEN THE MENU DRIVER OR PERIMETER HANDLER IS RE-ENTERED.

IF THERE IS NO UNDERFLOW OR OVERFLOW THEN THE ROUTINE RETURNS JUST AFTER IT HAS EITHER INCREMENTED OR DECREMENTED THE CURRENT NUMBER OF THE MENU ENTRY NUMBER OR ACTIVE WINDOW

WHEN THE MENU DRIVER OR PERIMETER HANDLER ARE RE-ENTERED, THEY WILL SHOW THE NEXT DISPLAY FOR "+" OR THE PREVIOUS FOR "-" AND WRAP-AROUND AUTOMATICALLY IF REQUIRED.

```
04D1 4F
                                     ; SAVE INPUT KEY VALUE IN C
04D2 23
                     INC HL
                                     ; PUT MAX NUMBER OF DISPLAYS-1
                     LD B, (HL)
                                     ; IN B
0403 46
                                     ;RESET HL TO POINT TO CURRENT NUMBER;WAS KEY "+" OR "-"? BIT 0 WILL TELL;PUT CURRENT NUMBER IN A
                     DEC HL
04D4 2B
                     RRCA
04D5 OF
                     LD A, (HL)
04D6 7E
                                      ; JUMP IF KEY WAS "-"
                     JR C,04DB
04D7 38 02
                     INC A
04D9 3C
                                      :INCREASE A BY 2
                     INC A
04DA 3C
04DB 3D
                     DEC A
                                      ; DECREASE A BY ONE
                                      ;ADD 1 TO MAX NUMBER-1: IS CURRENT
04DC 04
                     INC B
04DD B8
                     CP B
                                      ; NUMBER EQUAL OR GREATER THAN MAX?
                     JR NC,04E5
04DE 30 05
                                      ; JUMP IF SO TO UNDER/OVERFLOW HANDLER
04E0 77
                     LD (HL), A
                                      ;ELSE STORE UPDATED CURRENT NUMBER
                     XOR A
04E1 AF
                                      ; SET ZERO FLAG
04E2 3D
                     DEC A
                                      ; CHANGE ZERO FLAG TO 0
                     SCF
                                      ; AND SET CARRY
04E3 37
                                      ; DONE
04E4 C9
                     RET
                     BIT 0,C
                                      ; TEST FOR "+" OR "-"
04E5 CB 41
                                      ; JUMP IF "-" TO SET CURRENT NUMBER
; TO LAST DISPLAY: ELSE SET FIRST
04E7 20 03
                     JR NZ,04EC
04E9 AF
                     XOR A
                     JR 04E0
                                      ; DISPLAY: JUMP TO STORE NEW NUMBER
04EA 18 F4
                     DEC B
                                      ; CORRECT MAX NUMBER-1
04EC 05
04ED 78
                     LD A, B
                                      ; SET A TO LAST DISPLAY NUMBER
04EE 18 F0
                                      ; JUMP TO STORE LAST DISPLAY NUMBER
                     JR 04E0
```

THIS IS THE TAPE OUTPUT ROUTINE

THE ACTION IS AS FOLLOWS:

A LEADER OF LOW FREQUENCY TONE IS OUTPUTTED FOLLOWED BY THE FILE INFORMATION BLOCK. AFTER THE FILE INFORMATION BLOCK IS OUTPUTTED FOLLOWED BY THE FILE INFORMATION BLOCK.

AFTER THE FILE INFORMATION BLOCK IS OUTPUTTED, SEVERAL SECONDS OF HIGH FREQUENCY MIDDLE SYNC IS OUTPUTTED. THE TIME IT TAKES TO OUTPUT THE MIDDLE SYNC IS USED BY THE TAPE INPUT ROUTINE TO DISPLAY THE FILE NUMBER.

THE DATA TO BE SAVED ON TAPE IS BROKEN UP INTO BLOCKS OF 256 BYTES AND OUTPUTTED WITH A THE DATA TO BE SAVED ON TAPE IS BROKEN OF INTO BLOCKS OF 256 BYTES AND OUTPUTTED WITH A CHECKSUM AT THE END OF EACH BLOCK. A COUNTER IS SHOWN ON THE TEC LED DISPLAY THAT SHOWS HOW MANY COMPLETE BLOCKS LEFT (UP TO 16 BLOCKS).

IF THERE IS AN ODD SIZE BLOCK, IT IS OUTPUTTED AS THE LAST BLOCK.

AFTER ALL THE BLOCKS HAVE BEEN OUTPUTTED, AN END OF FILE HIGH FREQUENCY TONE IS OUTPUTTED.

```
;HL HAS NUMBER OF LEADER CYCLES
04F0 21 00 30
                    LD HL,3000
                                    ; CALL LOW TONE
                    CALL 0680
04F3 CD 80 06
                                    ;HL IS START OF FILE INFORMATION BLOCK
04F6 21 A4 08
                    LD HL,08A4
                                    ;LOAD B WITH NUMBER OF BYTES TO BE ;OUTPUTTED: ZERO A FOR CHECKSUM
04F9 06 0C
                    LD B, OC
                    XOR A
04FB AF
                    CALL 064B
                                    ; CALL OUT BLOCK
04FC CD 4B 06
                                    ; LD HL WITH MID SYNC CYCLE COUNT
04FF 21 00 50
                    LD HL,5000
```

```
0502 CD 84 00
                  CALL 0684
                                 ; CALL HIGH TONE
0505 2A A6 0E
                  LD HL, (08A6) ; LOAD HL WITH START OF OUTPUT BLOCK
```

OUTPUT LOOP STARTS HERE

THE DISCUSSION BELOW ON THE BYTE COUNTER AND BLOCK FORMATION APPLIES TO THE TAPE INPUT LOOP ALSO. THE TAPE INPUT LOOP DESCRIPTION WILL REFER YOU BACK TO THESE NOTES.

THE BYTE COUNT IS PUT INTO BC AND THEN A ROUTINE TO CONVERT B (THE TOTAL NUMBER OF FULL BLOCKS TO BE OUTPUTTED) TO DISPLAY FORMAT AND OUTPUT IT IS CALLED.

THE CONVERSION ROUTINE ALSO TESTS B FOR ZERO. IF B IS NOT ZERO, THE ROUTINE RETURNS WITH THE ZERO FLAG CLEAR (NOT ZERO) AND THE HIGH ORDER BYTE OF THE BYTE COUNT IN B IS DECREMENTED BY ONE AND STORED IN ITS BUFFER. THIS COUNTS DOWN THE BLOCKS. B IS THEN ZEROED SO THAT A FULL BLOCK (256 BYTES) WILL BE OUTPUTTED ON RETURNING.

IF THE HIGH ORDER BYTE OF THE BYTE COUNT (IN B) IS ZERO (NO FULL BLOCK OF 256 BYTES) THEN C (THE LOW ORDER BYTE OF THE COUNT) IS TRANSFERRED INTO B AND THE ZERO FLAG IS SET.

THE CONVERSION THEN RETURNS WITH THE NUMBER (IF ANY) OF REMAINING BYTES IN B.
AFTER THE CONVERSION ROUTINE HAS RETURNED, A JUMP IS DONE IF THE ZERO FLAG IS CLEAR (DENOTING A NOT ZERO STATE). THIS JUMP SKIPS AHEAD TO SAVE THE FLAGS AND OUTPUT ONE FULL

IF THE ZERO FLAG IS SET, THEN THE ROUTINE BELOW CHECKS TO SEE IF THE LOW ORDER BYTE (FROM C) THAT HAS BEEN PLACED IN B, IS ZERO. IF THE LOW ORDER BYTE IS ZERO, THEN ALL THE BYTES HAVE BEEN OUTPUTTED. THE ROUTINE THEN JUMPS TO DISPLAY "-END-S".

THE LOW ORDER BYTE OF THE COUNT IS NOT ZERO THEN THE ZERO FLAG IS SET AND SAVED ON THE STACK BEFORE WHAT ARE NOW KNOWN TO BE THE LAST IS OUTPUTTED.

BEFORE THE DATA IS SENT TO THE TAPE, A SHORT HIGH TONE SYNC IS OUTPUTTED TO COVER THE SOFTWARE OVERHEAD OF THE TAPE INPUT ROUTINE, AND A IS ZEROED TO BE USED AS THE CHECK-SUM.

```
0508 ED 4B A8 08 LD BC, (08A8) ; LOAD BC WITH NUMBER OF BYTES
050C CD C9 05
                  CALL 05C9
                                 ; CALL ROUTINE TO DISPLAY BLOCK COUNT
                  JR NZ, 0516
050F 20 05
                                 ; AND TEST LENGTH: JUMP IF FULL BLOCK
                                 ; TO OUTPUT: TEST LOW BYTE OF COUNT
                  LD A, B
0511 78
                                 ; IN B IS ZERO AND JUMP TO DISPLAY
                  OR A
0512 B7
                  JR Z,0526
                                 ;"-END-S" IF SO
0513 28 11
```

THE XOR A INSTRUCTION BELOW SETS THE ZERO FLAG TO SIGNIFY THAT THE BLOCK ABOUT TO BE OUTPUTTED IS THE FINAL BLOCK. THE ROUTINE WILL THEN DISPLAY "-END-S" (AFTER A SHORT END SYNC TONE) .

```
0515 AF
                   XOR A
                                   ;SET ZERO FLAG
                   PUSH AF
                                   ; AND SAVE ON STACK
.0516 F5
```

AT THIS POINT IF THE ZERO FLAG ON THE STACK IS CLEAR (NOT ZERO STATE), THEN AFTER THE CURRENT BLOCK IS OUTPUTTED, THE ROUTINE WILL LOOP BACK TO START OF THE OUTPUT LOOP TO SEE IF THERE IS ANY MORE BYTES TO BE OUTPUTTED.

```
0517 D9
                   EXX
                                  ; SWAP REGISTERS
                   LD HL,0214
                                  ; LOAD HL FOR SHORT BURST OF
0518 21 14 02
051B CD 84 06
                   CALL 0684
                                  : HIGH TONE
                   EXX
                                  ; SWAP BACK REGISTERS
051E D9
                   XOR A
                                  ; ZERO A FOR CHECKSUM
051F AF
                   CALL 064B
0520 CD 4B 06
                                  ; CALL OUTBLOCK
                   POP AF
                                  ; RECOVER FLAGS AND JUMP IF
0523 F1
                   JR NZ,0508
                                  ; THERE MIGHT BE MORE TO OUTPUT
0524 20 E2
```

ALL BLOCKS HAVE BEEN OUTPUTTED SO FINISH WITH A SHORT END TONE AND SET-UP END DISPLAY "-END-S".

```
;LOAD HL WITH SHORT END TONE
                  LD HL, 1000
0526 21 00 10
                  CALL 0684
                                 ; CALL HIGH TONE
0529 CD 84 06
                                 ;LD A TO INDEX "END-S DISPLAY
                  LD A, 05
052C 3E 05
                  JP 03E6
                                 JUMP BACK TO MENU
052E C3 E6 03
```

THIS IS THE START OF THE TAPE INPUT SECTION. THE ACTION HERE IS TO DETECT A VALID LEADER BY COUNTING 1000H CYCLES OF LOW FREQUENCY TONE. AFTER THIS HAS BEEN DETECTED, THE ROUTINE WAITS UNTIL IT DETECTS THE START BIT OF THE FILE INFORMATION BLOCK. THE BLOCK IS THEN LOADED IN AND A CHECK-SUM COMPARE IS DONE. IF AN ERROR IS DETECTED, THE ROUTINE JUMPS TO DISPLAY "FAIL -XX", OTHERWISE THE FILE NUMBER IS CONVERTED TO DISPLAY FORMAT AND DISPLAYED FOR A FEW SECONDS.

```
;LOAD BC TO COUNT 1000 CYCLES
0531 01 00 10
                  LD BC, 1000
0534 CD 30 06
                                 ; CALL PERIOD
                   CALL 0630
                                  ; LOOP UNTIL LOW TONE IS DETECTED
0537 38 F8
                   JR C, 0531
                                  COUNT LONG
                  DEC BC
0539 OB
                                  ; PERIODS
053A 78
                  LD A, B
                                 ; IF BC REACHES ZERO THEN IT IS
                   OR C
053B B1
                                 ; ACCEPTED THAT A VALID FILE FOLLOWS
                   JR NZ, 0534
053C 20 F6
                                 :LOAD B TO INPUT 12 BYTES AND
053E 06 0C
                  LD B, OC
```

```
0540 21 A4 08
                   LD HL,08A4
                                  ; POINT HL TO FILE INFO BLOCK INPUT
0543 CD 30 06
                                  ;BUFFER: CALL PERIOD
                   CALL 0630
0546 30 FB
                   JR NC, 0543
                                  ; AND WAIT FOR LOW TONE TO END
0548 CD E7 05
                   CALL 05E7
                                  ; CALL INBLOCK TO GET FILE INFO BLOCK
054B 20 54
                   JR NZ,05A1
                                  JUMP NOT ZERO TO FAIL LOAD ROUTINE
054D 01 00 08
                   LD BC,0800
                                  ; LOAD BC TO POINT TO DISPLAY BUFFER
0550 2A A4 08
                   LD HL, (08A4)
                                  ; PUT FILE NUMBER INTO HL
                   CALL 0830
0553 CD 30 08
                                  ; CONVERT HL TO DISPLAY CODE
                                  ;PUT "F" IN DISPLAY BUFFER ;FOR "FILE"
0556 3E 47
                   LD A, 47
                   LD (0805),A
0558 32 05 08
                                  ;LD BC WITH THE DISPLAY ON TIME
                   LD BC,01F2
055B 01 F2 01
055E C5
                   PUSH BC
                                  ; SAVE ON STACK
                   CALL 0836
055F CD 36 08
                                  ; CALL SCAN
                   POP BC
                                  ; RECOVER BC
0562 C1
0563 OB
                   DEC BC
                                  ; DECREMENT
0564 78
                   LD A, B
                                  ; AND LOOP UNTIL
0565 B1
                   OR C
                                  ;BC IS ZERO
0566 20 F6
                   JR NZ,055E
```

AFTER A FILE INFORMATION BLOCK IS LOADED AND THE FILE NUMBER DISPLAYED, A TEST IS DONE ON THE REQUIRED FILE NUMBER WINDOW. FIRST IT IS TESTED FOR FFFF (LOAD/TEST NEXT FOUND FILE). IF FFFF, THE ROUTINE SKIPS AHEAD TO LOAD/TEST THE FILE. OTHERWISE THE REQUIRED FILE NUMBER IS SUBTRACTED FROM THE JUST LOADED FILE NUMBER, IF THE RESULT IS ZERO THEN THE FILE IS THE ONE SELECTED AND IS LOADED/TESTED.

THE FILE IS THE ONE SELECTED AND IS LOADED/TESTED.

THE OPTIONAL START WINDOW IS THEN TESTED FOR FFFF. IF IT IS, THE START ADDRESS FROM THE TAPE IS USED. IF THE OPTIONAL START BUFFER HAS SOMETHING OTHER THAT FFFF, THEN THE ADDRESS HERE IS USED AS THE START ADDRESS TO LOAD/TEST THE TAPE.

```
0568 2A 98 08
                   LD HL, (0898) ; TEST FOR FFFF IN FILE NAME WINDOW
056B 23
056C 7C
                   INC HL
                   LD A, H
056D B5
                   OR T.
                                  ; JUMP IF FILE WINDOW IS FFFF
056E 2B
                   DEC HL
                   JR Z,057A
056F 28 09
                                  ; TO INPUT FILE REGARDLESS OF ITS NUMBER
0571 ED 5B A4 08
                   LD DE, (08A4)
                                  ; ELSE TEST THAT INPUT FILE NAME
0575 B7
                   OR A
                                   ; IS THE SAME AS THE ONE IN THE FILE
0576 ED 52
                   SBC HL, DE
                                   ; NUMBER WINDOW AND JUMP IF NOT
0578 20 B7
                   JR NZ,0531
                                  ; SELECTED FILE TO LOOK FOR NEXT FILE
057A 2A 9A 08
                   LD HL, (089A)
                                  ; TEST THAT OPTIONAL START ADDRESS
057D 23
057E 7C
                   INC HL
                                   ; IS FFFF
                   LD A, H
057F B5
                   OR L
0580 2B
                   DEC HL
0581 20 03
                   JR NZ,0586
                                   ; JUMP IF NOT, ELSE USE START ADDRESS
0583 2A A6 08
                   LD HL, (08A6)
                                  ;PROVIDED FROM THE TAPE
```

THE MAIN LOAD/TEST ROUTINE STARTS HERE.

REFER TO THE DESCRIPTION OF THE BYTE COUNT AND BLOCK FORMATION AT THE OUTPUT SECTION ROUTINE (SEE 508).

WHEN ALL THE BLOCKS HAVE BEEN INPUTTED AND THE ROUTINE JUMPS TO DISPLAY PASS/FAIL -Ld ON THE LED DISPLAY.

HL IS POINTING TO THE PLACE IN MEMORY WHERE THE FILE WILL BE LOADED/TESTED.

```
0586 ED 4B A8 08
                     LD BC, (08A8)
                                       ; PUT NUMBER OF BYTES INTO BC
                      CALL 05C9
058A CD C9 05
                                       ; CALL B CONVERT AND TEST
058D 20 05
058F 78
                                       ; JUMP IF NOT ZERO AS THERE IS AT
                      JR NZ,0594
                                       ; LEAST ONE FULL BLOCK TO LOAD/TEST
; CHECK THAT B (FORMALLY C)=0
                      LD A, B
0590 B7
                      OR A
                                       ; JUMP IF SO AS ALL BYTES DONE
; ELSE SET ZERO FLAG TO REMEMBER
                      JR Z,059D
0591 28 0A
0593 AF
                      XOR A
                      PUSH AF
                                       ; SAVE FLAGS ON STACK
0594 F5
                                       ;CALL INBLOCK
;JUMP IF LOAD/TEST FAILED
;RECOVER FLAGS
0595 CD E3 05
                      CALL 05E3
                      JR NZ,05A0
POP AF
0598 20 06
059A F1
                      JR NZ,0586
                                       ;LOOP IF THERE MIGHT BE MORE
059B 20 E9
                                       ; SET ZERO (SUCCESS) FLAG
                      XOR A
059D AF
                                       ; JUMP TO END HANDLER
                      JR 05A1
059E 18 01
                                       CLEAN UP STACK
05A0 D1
                      POP DE
                                       ; JUMP IF FAILED LOAD/TEST
                      JR NZ,05B4
05A1 20 11
```

THE LOAD/TEST HAS PASSED. TEST HERE FOR OPTIONAL AUTO-GO AND FOR LOAD OPERATION (NO AUTO-GO FOR TEST OPERATIONS). START EXECUTION AT AUTO-GO ADDRESS IF REQUIRED.

```
05A3 2A AA 08 LD HL, (08AA) ; PUT OPTIONAL GO ADDRESS IN HL
05A6 23 INC HL ; TEST FOR FFFF
05A7 7C LD A, H ; AND JUMP
```

```
; IF FFFF
05A8 B5
                   OF: L
05A9 2B
                   DEC HL
                                   ; AS THERE
                   JR Z,05B3
05AA 28 07
                                  ; IS NO AUTO-GO
                                  ; TEST THAT A LOAD OPERATION WAS
05AC 3A 8A 08
                   LD A, (088A)
05AF B7
                   OR A
                                   : DONE
05B0 20 01
                   JR NZ,05B3
                                   ; SKIP JUMP IF IT WAS A TEST
05B2 E9
                   JP (HL)
                                  ; ELSE AUTO START THE PROGRAM
05B3 AF
                    XOR A
                                   ; SET ZERO FLAG AS TEST PASSED
```

THE POST LOAD/TEST MENU DISPLAYS ARE SET UP HERE. IF THE LOAD/TEST FAILED THE ZERO FLAG IS CLEAR THE ROUTINE WILL POINT TO THE "FAIL" DISPLAY. OTHERWISE IT IS SET TO POINT TO THE "PASS" DISPLAY. THE DATA DISPLAY IS CALCULATED BY ADDING THE MENU ENTRY NUMBER OF THE JUST PERFORMED OPERATION X2, TO THE TABLE BASE OF POST LOAD/TEST DATA DISPLAYS. (THE MENU ENTRY NUMBER IS STILL THE SAME AS IT WAS WHEN "GO" WAS PRESS FROM THE MENU).

```
05B4 11 68 07
05B7 21 5C 07
                   LD DE,0768
                                   ;LOAD DE TO BASE OF DATA DISPLAY
                   LD HL,075C
                                   ; TABLE AND HL "FAIL" DISPLAY
                                   ; TABLE:
                   JR NZ,05BD
05BA 20 02
                                   ; ADJUST HL TO PASS IF ZERO
05BC 2E 58
                   LD L,58
                   LD A, (088F)
                                   ; FIND WHAT OPERATION WAS PERFORMED
05BE 3A 8F 08
                                   ; AND DOUBLE VALUE AND ADD TO HL TO
05C1 07
                   RLCA
                                   ; POINT DE AT POST TAPE OPERATION
05C2 83
                   ADD A,E
                                   ;DATA DISPLAY ENTRY (SEE 0768-0771)
05C3 5F
                   LD E, A
                   NOP
05C4 00
                                   ; (FROM FIXED ERROR)
05C5 AF
                   XOR A
                                   ;ZERO A
                                   ; JUMP TO SOFT MENU ENTRY
05C6 C3 47 00
                   JP 0047
```

THIS IS THE CONVERT/TEST B ROUTINE.

THE VALUE IN B IS CONVERTED AND OUTPUTTED TO PORT 2.

THEN B IS TESTED AND ONE OF THE FOLLOWING OPERATIONS IS PERFORMED. IF B=0 THEN C IS TRANSFERRED INTO B AND THE ZERO FLAG IS SET. IF B IS NOT 0 THEN B IS DECREMENTED, THE COUNT IS UP-DATED IN ITS BUFFER AND THE ZERO FLAG AND B IS CLEARED.

```
; PUT HIGH BYTE OF COUNT IN A
05C9 78
                    LD A, B
05CA E6 OF
                     AND OF
                                     ; MASK TO ONE DIGIT
05CC 11 D0 07
                     LD DE,07D0
                                     ; POINT DE TO DISPLAY CODE TABLE
05CF 83
                     ADD A.E
                                     :ADD A
05D0 5F
                     LD E, A
                                     GET DISPLAY VALUE
                     LD A, (DE)
05D1 1A
05D2 D3 02
                     OUT 02, A
                                     ; OUTPUT IT TO DISPLAY
                     LD A, B
                                     ; TEST HIGH BYTE
05D4 78
                     OR A
05D5 B7
                                     ; FOR ZERO
                                     ; JUMP IF ZERO
; ELSE DECREASE COUNT BY ONE BLOCK
05D6 28 09
                     JR Z, 05E1
                    LD (08A8),BC ;ELSE DECREAS
;STORE COUNT
LD B,00 ;LOAD B TOTAL
05D8 05
05D9 ED 43 A8 08
05DD 06 00
                                     ;LOAD B FOR 256 BYTE OUTPUT BLOCK
                                     ; CLEAR ZERO FLAG
05DF B7
                     OR A
                                     : DONE
05E0 C9
                     RET
                     LD B,C
                                     ; PUT LAST BLOCK SIZE IN B
05E1 41
05E2 C9
                     RET
                                     ; DONE
```

THIS BLOCK LOADS/TESTS THE BYTES IN FROM THE TAPE. THE NUMBER OF BYTES IS HELD IN B ON INPUT. AFTER THE SUB-ROUTINE THAT INPUTS A BYTE IS CALLED, A TEST AND JUMP IS DONE. THE TEST AND JUMP SELECT THE REQUIRED CODE TO PERFORM A LOAD OR TEST AS SELECTED FROM THE MENU BY THE USER. THE CHECK-SUM LOADED FROM THE TAPE HAS HAD ONE ADDED TO IT BY THE TAPE OUTPUT ROUTINE. THIS ADDED ONE IS REMOVED IN THIS ROUTINE BEFORE THE CHECK-SUM COMPARE IS DONE.

```
LD A, (088A)
                                   ; GET CURRENT OPERATION
05E3 3A 8A 08
                                   ; SAVE IN C
05E6 4F
                    LD C.A
                                    ; CLEAR A FOR CHECKSUM
                    XOR A
05E7 AF
                                   ; SAVE CHECKSUM
                    PUSH AF
05E8 F5
                   CALL 060B
BIT 1,C
                                   ; CALL GET BYTE
05E9 CD 0B 06
                                    ; TEST FOR CURRENT OPERATION
05EC CB 49
                                   ; JUMP IF A EITHER TEST
; ELSE STORE INPUTTED BYTE IN MEMORY
                    JR NZ,05FE
05EE 20 0E
05F0 73
                    LD (HL), E
                                    ; POINT TO NEXT LOCATION
05F1 23
                    INC HL
                    POP AF
                                    ;GET CHECKSUM
05F2 F1
                                   ; ADD TO NEW BYTE
                    ADD A,E
05F3 83
                                   ; DO UNTIL BLOCK DONE
05F4 10 F2
                    DJNZ,05E8
05F6 F5
                    PUSH AF
                                    ; SAVE CHECKSUM
                    CALL 060B
                                    GET TAPE CHECKSUM
05F7 CD 0B 06
                                   GET MEMORY CHECKSUM
                    POP AF
05FA F1
                    DEC E
                                    ; CORRECT TAPE CHECKSUM
05FB 1D
                                   ; TEST CHECKSUMS TO SET FLAGS
05FC BB
                    CP E
05FD C9
                    RET
                                    :BLOCK DONE
```

```
OFFE CE 41
                   BIT 0,C
                                   FIRST FOR WHICH TEST
                                   ; JUMP IF CHECKSUM ONLY TEST
0600 28 FO
                   JR Z, 05F2
                   POP AF
0602 F1
                                   GET CHECKSUM
                                   ; SAVE IN D
0603 57
                   LD D.A
                   LD A, E
                                   GET INPUT BYTE
0604 7B
                   CP (HL)
                                   ; TEST TO MEMORY
0605 BE
0606 23
0607 7A
                                   ; POINT TO NEXT LOCATION
                   INC HL
                   ID AID
                                   ; PUT CHECKSUM BACK IN A
                   JR Z,05F3
                                   ; JUMP TO MAIN LOOP IF ALL OK
0608 28 E9
                                   ; RETURN IF ERROR
060A C9
                   RET
THIS ROUTINE INPUTS A SINGLE BYTE.
```

```
060B CD 18 06
                   CALL 0618
                                  :GET START BIT
060E 16 08
                   LD D,08
                                  ;LOAD D FOR 8 BITS
                   CALL 0618
0610 CD 18 06
                                  ; GET BIT
0613 CB 1B
                  RR E
                                  ; PUT IT IN E
                   DEC D
0615 15
                   JR NZ,0610
                                  :DO FOR EIGHT BITS.
0616 20 FB
```

THIS ROUTINE INPUTS A SINGLE BIT

THE STRUCTURE OF EACH BIT IS IMPORTANT TO UNDERSTAND AT THIS POINT. A LOGIC O IS REPRESENTED BY 4 SHORT PERIODS FOLLOWED BY 1 LONG PERIOD AND A LOGIC 1 BY 2 SHORT PERIODS AND 2 LONG PERIODS. THESE ARE HIGH SPEED FIGURES. FOR LOW SPEED THE ABOVE COUNTS ARE DOUBLED. THE BITS ARE DECODED BY COUNTING THE RATIO OF SHORT PERIODS TO LONG PERIODS. A COMPLICATED METHOD OF COUNTING IS USED TO RESULT IN THE BIT VALUE BEING REFLECTED IN BIT 7 OF L. THE ROUTINE IS TERMINATED WHEN A SHORT PERIOD THAT FOLLOWED A LONG PERIOD IS DETECTED. LONG PERIOD IS FLAGGED WITH BIT O OF H. THE "SHORT AFTER LONG" PERIOD USED FOR TERMINATION IS ACTUALLY THE FIRST CELL OF THE NEXT BIT.
THE VALUE OF THE BIT INPUTTED IS THEN PUT INTO THE CARRY FLAG.

```
:SWAP REGISTERS
                    EXX
0618 D9
0619 21 00 00
061C CD 30 06
                    LD HL,0000
                                   ; ZERO HL
                    CALL 0630
                                   ; CALL TO MEASURE PERIOD
                    JR C,0627
                                   ; JUMP IF SHORT PERIOD
061F 38 06
                                    ; SET HIGH ORDER BIT OF L TO ONES
0621 2D
                    DEC L
                    DEC L
0622 2D
                                    ; REMEMBER THAT THE LONG PERIOD
                    SET 0,H
0623 CB C4
                    JR 061C
                                    ; HAS BEEN DETECTED: LOOP BACK
0625 18 F5
0627 2C
                    INC L
                                    ; SHORT PERIOD SO ADD ONE TO L
                    BIT 0,H
                                   ;TEST FOR SHORT AFTER LONG PERIOD ; JUMP IF NOT
0628 CB 44
062A 28 F0
                    JR Z,061C
                                    ; END OF BIT: PUT BIT 7, L INTO
062C CB 15
                    RL L
                    EXX
                                    ; CARRY: SWAP REGISTERS
062E D9
062F C9
                                    ; INPUT BIT IN CARRY
```

THIS ROUTINE INPUTS AND MEASURES THE PERIOD OF EACH TAPE CELL AND COMPARES IT TO THE THRESHOLD BETWEEN A SHORT AND LONG PERIOD. THE CELL IS ALSO ECHOED ON THE TEC SPEAKER.

```
;ZERO DE FOR PERIOD MEASUREMENT ;TEST TAPE LEVEL
0630 11 00 00
                      LD DE,0000
                      IN A, 03
0633 DB 03
0635 13
0636 17
                      INC DE
                                        ;TIME PERIOD
                                        ; PUT TAPE LEVEL INTO CARRY
                      RLA
0637 30 FA
0639 AF
                      JR NC,0633
                                       ;LOOP UNTIL IT GOES HIGH
;ECHO IT ON
;THE TEC SPEAKER
                      XOR A
063A D3 01
063C DB 03
                      OUT (01),A
                      IN A, 03
                                        ; MEASURE SECOND HALF OF CYCLE
063E 13
063F 17
                                        ; IN THE SAME FASHION AS ABOVE
                      INC DE
                      RLA
0640 38 FA
0642 3E 84
                      JR C,063C
                                        ; THIS TIME LOOP UNTIL TAPE LEVEL
                      LD A,84
                                        ; GOES LOW: ECHO IT ON TEC SPEAKER
                      OUT (01), A
0644 D3 01
0646 7B
                      LD A.E
                                        ; GET PERIOD MEASUREMENT
                                        ; COMPARE IT TO THRESHOLD
0647 FE 1A
                      CP 1A
                                        ; TO SET FLAGS: DONE
0649 C9
```

THIS ROUTINE OUTPUTS A BLOCK TO THE TAPE. THE NUMBER OF BYTES IS HELD IN B AND THE BLOCK IS ADDRESS BY HL. AFTER ALL THE BYTES HAVE BEEN OUTPUTTED, THE CHECKSUM +1, WHICH WAS ADDED UP AS EACH BYTE WAS OUTPUTTED, IS SENT TO THE TAPE.

```
EX AF, AF'
                                   GET CHECKSUM IN A
064A 08
                                   ; PUT BYTE TO BE OUTPUTTED IN E
                    LD E, (HL)
064B 5E
                    ADD A,E
                                   ; ADD FOR CHECKSUM
064C 83
                   EX AF, AF'
CALL 0657
                                   ; SAVE IN ALTERNATE AF
064D 08
                                   CALL OUT BYTE
064E CD 57 06
                                   POINT TO NEXT BYTE
                    INC HL
0651 23
```

```
0652 10 FC
                    DJRZ, 064A
                                    ;LO FOR ALL BYTES IN THE ELOCK
                    EX AF, AF'
0654 08
                                    ; GET CHECKSUM
0655 3C
                    INC A
                                    ; INCREASE IT BY ONE
0656 5F
                    LD E.A
                                    ; PUT IT IN E
THIS ROUTINE OUTPUTS A SINGLE BYTE IN E TO THE TAPE. THE FORMAT IS 1 START BIT, EIGHT
DATA BITS AND 1 STOP BIT.
0657 16 08
                    LD D.08
                                    ;SET D FOR 8 BITS
0659 B7
                    OR A
                                    ; CLEAR CARRY AND CALL OUTBIT
                                    ; TO OUTPUT BINARY ZERO FOR START BIT
065A CD 66 06
                    CALL 0666
                    RR E
                                    ; PUT FIRST BIT IN CARRY
065D CB 1B
065F CD 66 06
                    CALL 0666
                                    ; CALL OUT BIT
0662 15
                    DEC D
0663 20 F8
                    JR NZ,065D
                                    ;DO FOR 8 BITS
0665 37
                    SCF
                                    ; SET CARRY TO OUTPUT STOP BIT (1)
THIS ROUTINE OUTPUTS A SINGLE BIT. IF THE CARRY IS SET, THEN A LOGIC 1 IS OUTPUTTED
OTHERWISE A LOGIC 0.
A 1 IS REPRESENTED BY 2 SHORT AND 2 LONG PERIODS.

A 0 IS REPRESENTED BY 4 SHORT PERIODS AND 1 LONG PERIOD.

L IS LOADED WITH DOUBLE THE LOW SPEED CYCLE COUNT AS IT IS USED TO COUNT THE HALF CYCLES
IN THE TONE ROUTINE. IF THE HIGH SPEED SAVE IS SELECTED, THEN THE CYCLE COUNT WILL BE
HALVED IN THE TONE ROUTINE.
                                    ; SWAP REGISTERS
0666 D9
                    EXX
0667 26 00
0669 38 09
                    LD H,00
                                    ; ZERO H
                    JR C,0674
                                    ; JUMP IF BINARY 1 IS TO BE OUTPUTTED
                                    ; LOAD L WITH HIGH TONE CYCLE COUNT
066B 2E 10
                    LD L, 10
066D CD 84 06
                    CALL 0684
                                     ; CALL HIGH TONE
0670 2E 04
                    LD L,04
                                     ;LOAD L WITH LOW TONE CYCLE COUNT
                                    ; JUMP TO LOW TONE
; LOAD L FOR HIGH TONE CYCLE COUNT
0672 18 07
                    JR 067B
0674 2E 08
                    LD L,08
                    CALL 0684
0676 CD 84 06
                                     ; FOR BINARY ONE: CALL HIGH TONE
0679 2E 08
                    LD L,08
                                     ; LOAD L FOR LOW TONE CYCLE COUNT
067B CD 80 06
                    CALL 0680
                                     ; CALL LOW TONE
                                     ; SWAP BACK REGISTERS
067E D9
                    EXX
067F C9
                    RET
                                     ; DONE
SET-UP FOR LOW TONE (LONG PERIOD)
0680 OE 29
                    LD C, 29
                                     ; LOAD C FOR LOW TONE
0682 18 02
                    JR 0686
                                     ; JUMP TO TONE ROUTINE
SET-UP FOR HIGH TONE (SHORT PERIOD)
0684 OE 11
                    LD C, 11
                                     ;LOAD C FOR HIGH TONE
TONE ROUTINE
TESTS FOR LOW SPEED SAVE. IF SO THEN IT HALVES THE CYCLE COUNT IN I.
0686 3A 8F 08
0689 B7
                     LD A, (088F)
                                     :FIND WHICH SPEED
                     OR A
                                     ; ZERO = HIGH SPEED
                                     JUMP IF LOW SPEED
068A 20 02
068C CB 3D
                     JR NZ,068E
                                     ;ELSE HALVE CYCLE COUNT
                     SRL L
                    LD DE,0001
LD A,84
 068E 11 01 00
0691 3E 84
                                     TURN ON SPEAKER AND MIDDLE DISPLAY
                     OUT (01), A
 0693 D3 01
                    LD B, C
 0695 41
                    DJNZ,0696
XOR 80
 0696 10 FE
                                     ; PERIOD DELAY
 0698 EE 80
                                     ; TOGGLE SPEAKER BIT
                     SBC HL, DE
                                     ;DECREASE CYCLE COUNT
;JUMP IF NOT ALL CYCLES DONE
 069A ED 52
                     JR NZ,0693
 069C 20 F5
                                     ;ELSE RETURN
 069E C9
                     RET
 THIS ROUTINE SETS UP THE "ERR-IN DISPLAY ON THE PERIMETER HANDLER.
 069F 21 52 07
                     LD HL,0752
                                     ;POINT HL TO "Err-In" DISPLAY
                                     ; CODE AND DE TO RAM DEstination
 06A2 11 00 08
                     LD DE,0800
 06A5 01 06 00
                     LD BC,0006
                                     ;BC (ount)
 06A8 ED B0
                     LDIR
                                     ; MOVE BLOCK
 06AA C3 50 00
                     JP 0050
                                     ; JUMP TO SOFT PERIMETER ENTRY
```

----END OF TAPE ROUTINES----

THIS ROUTINE IS THE KEYBOARD READER/VALIDATER

THE ACTION IS AS FOLLOWS:

A SHORT LOOP LOOKS FOR A KEY PRESS. IF NO KEY IS PRESSED, THEN THE KEY PRESS BUFFER (0825) IS CLEARED THE ZERO AND THE CARRY FLAG CLEARED AND THE ROUTINE RETURNS.

IF A KEY IS FOUND, THEN THE REMAINING LOOP COUNTS ARE WORKED OFF IN A DUMMY LOOP TO ENSURE EOUAL TIME IN EXECUTING THE ROUTINE.

IF IT IS THE FIRST TIME THAT THE KEY HAS BEEN DETECTED, THEN THE KEY PRESS FLAG WILL BE CLEAR. (IT WAS CLEARED BY THE MONITOR VARIABLES ON RESET). THE ROUTINE TESTS FOR THIS CONDITION AND IF TRUE THEN THE KEY IS ACCEPTED AS "VALID" AND FLAGGED BY A SET CARRY AND SET ZERO FLAG AND THE KEY PRESS FLAG IS SET TO INDICATE THE A KEY HAS BEEN DETECTED. THE INPUT IS THEN PLACED IN BOTH THE "I" REGISTER AND THE ACCUMULATOR. IF A KEY IS DETECTED BUT FOUND NOT TO BE VALID, I.E. IT HAS ALREADY BEEN DETECTED AND PROCESSED, THEN THE CARRY WILL BE SET BUT THE ZERO CLEARED. THIS ALLOWS THE AUTO KEY REPEAT SECTION TO KNOW THAT A KEY IS STILL BEING HELD DOWN. THE AUTO KEY REPEAT SECTION MAKE UP ITS OWN MIND WHETHER IT IS VALID OR NOT.

```
IN A, (03)
                                  ; TEST FOR KEY PRESSED
06AD DB 03
06AF CB 77
                   BIT 6,A
06B1 28 08
                   JR Z,06BB
                                  ; JUMP IF KEY PRESSED
                                  ;LOOP LOOKING FOR KEY UNTIL B=0
06B3 10 F8
                   DJNZ, 06AD
06B5 AF
                   XOR A
                                  ;CLEAR KEY PRESS FLAG
                   LD (0825),A
06B6 32 25 08
06B9 3D
                   DEC A
                                  ; SET A TO FF AND CLEAR ZERO FLAG
06BA C9
                   RET
                                  ; DONE
                   LD A, (0825)
06BB 3A 25 08
                                  ; GET KEY PRESS FLAG
06BE B7
                   OR A
                                  ; TEST FOR ZERO
06BF 20 00
                   JR NZ,06C1
                                  ; DUMMY JUMP TO EQUALIZE TIME
                                  ;FINISH LOOP
                   DJNZ,06BB
06C1 10 F8
                   SCF
                                  ; SET CARRY
06C3 37
                   JR NZ,06BA
                                  ; DUMMY JUMP TO RETURN
06C4 20 F4
06C6 3D
                   DEC A
                                  ; SET KEY PRESS FLAG TO FF
                   LD (0825),A
IN A,(00)
06C7 32 25 08
                                  GET INPUT KEY FROM ENCODER CHIP
06CA DB 00
06CC E6 1F
                   AND 1F
                                  ; MASK OFF UNUSED BITS
                   BIT 7,A
                                  ; SET ZERO FLAG (THINK ABOUT IT!)
06CE CB 7F
                   SCF
                                  ; SET CARRY
06D0 37
                   LD (0820),A
                                  ;STORE INPUT KEY
06D1 32 20 08
06D4 C9
                   RET
                                  ; DONE
```

THIS ROUTINE IS CALLED ONCE ON EVERY HARD RESET. IT INITIALIZES THE LCD THEN TESTS THAT IT IS THERE (IT CANNOT DO IT THE OTHER WAY AROUND AS THE LCD NEEDS TO BE INITIALIZED BEFORE IT WILL RESPOND INTELLIGENTLY). IF THE LCD IS FITTED THEN THE ROUTINE WILL READ IN AN ASCII SPACE CHARACTER (20H) OR IF THE LCD IS NOT, JUNK FROM THE DATA BUSS. 20H IS SUBTRACTED FROM WHATEVER IS READ IN AND THE RESULT IS STORED IN THE LCD ENABLE BUFFER. IF THE RESULT IS ZERO THEN THE LCD IS ENABLED. IT IS VITAL TO KNOW IF THE LCD IS FITTED, OTHERWISE THE ROUTINE WHICH READS THE BUSY FLAG MAY LOOP FOREVER.

```
06D5 21 B5 07
                    LD HL,07B5
                                     ; POINT HL TO LCD INITIALIZE TABLE
06D8 01 04 04
                    LD BC,0404
                                     ;B=4 BYTES, C=PORT 4
06DB 11 00 05
                    LD DE,0500
                                     ; DELAY BETWEEN
                                     ; EACH BYTE
                    DEC DE
06DE 1B
06DF 7A
                    LD A, D
                                     ; AS PER
06E0 B3
                    OR E
                                     ; LCD MANUFACTER'S
                    JR NZ,06DE
                                     ; INSTRUCTIONS
06E1 20 FB
                                     ;OUTPUT (HL) TO (C). HL=HL=1,B=B-1;JUMP IF B NOT 0
06E3 ED A3
                    OUTI
06E5 20 F4
                    JR NZ, 0.6DB
06E7 10 FE
                    DJNZ,06E7
                                     ; SHORT DELAY
                                     ; INPUT FROM LCD TO SEE IF IT'S THERE ; SUBTRACT ASCII SPACE, IF LCD FITTED
06E9 DB 84
                    IN A, (84)
                    SUB 20
06EB D6 20
06ED 32 21 08
                    LD (0821),A
                                     ; RESULT WILL BE ZERO: STORE THIS IN
                    RET
                                     ; LCD MASK: DONE
06F0 C9
                    RST 38
06F1 FF
                    RST 38
RST 38
06F2 FF
06F3 FF
06F4 FF
                    RST 38
                    RST 38
06F5 FF
                    RST 38
06F6 FF
06F7 FF
                    RST 38
                    RST 38
06F8 FF
06F9 FF
                    RST 38
                    RST 38
06FA FF
                    RST 38
06FB FF
                    RST 38
O6FC FF
                    RST 38
O6FD FF
O6FE FF
                    RST 38
O6FF FF
                    RST 38
```

JMON'S TABLES PAGE

AT 0700 IS THE TAPE'S MENU JUMP TABLE.

0700	СЗ	ЗF	04	HIGH SPEED SAVE
0703	СЗ	ЗF	04	LOW SPEED SAVE
0706	СЗ	3B	04	TEST BLOCK
0709	СЗ	37	04	TEST CHECKSUM
070C	сз	26	04	LOAD TAPE

BELOW ARE THE JMON DEFA STATE UNLESS OTHERWISE	AULT RESET VARIABLES (A ZERO IS THE ACTIVE STATED).	RAM LOCATION
070F 00 0710 00 0711 00 0712 FF 0713 FF 0714 00 0715 FF 0716 00 0717 00 0A 0719 70 071A 00 071B 00 08	KEY BUFFER LCD ON/OFF FLAG SOUND ON/OFF GO AT ALTERNATE GO ADDRESS IF AA STEPPER KEY CONTROL/TIMER KEY PRESSED FLAG UNUSED AUTO INCREMENT ON/OFF ALT GO ADDR/SOFT RESET EDIT LOCATION AUTO KEY REPEAT TIMER MONITOR CONTROL BYTE DISPLAY BUFFER ADDRESS	0820 0821* 0822* 0823* 0824 0825 0826 0827* 0828* 082A 082B 082C*
071D 00 09	INITIAL EDITING LOCATION	082E

BELOW ARE THE JMON INDIRECT JUMP ADDRESSES. THIS TABLE IS SHIFTED DOWN TO 0830 ON A HARD RESET.

071F C3 D5 01	CONVERT HL TO DISPLAY CODE	0830
0722 C3 DA 01	CONVERT A TO DISPLAY CODE	0833
0725 C3 BA 01	LED SCAN ROUTINE	0836
0728 C3 EE 01	SET LED DOTS	0839
072B C3 24 02	RESET TONES	083C
072E C3 27 02	TONE	083F
0731 C3 81 01	SCAN/KEY/LCD/PATCH LOOP	0842
0734 C3 B2 00	SOFT JMON ENTRY	0845
0737 C3 3C 02	LCD ROUTINE	0848

BELOW ARE THE DISPLAY TABLES FOR THE TAPE'S MENU ADDRESS DISPLAYS AND THE "ERR-IN" DISPLAY THAT IS SUPERIMPOSED OVER THE PERIMETER HANDLER.

```
073A A7 6F EA C7 "SAVE"
073E A7 6F EA C7 "SAVE"
0742 C6 C7 A7 C6 "TEST"
0746 C6 C7 A7 C6 "TEST"
074A C2 EB 6F EC "LOAD"
074E 04 C7 64 EC "-End"
0752 04 C7 44 44 28 64 "-Err In"
0758 4F 6F A7 A7 "PASS'
075C 47 6F 28 C2 "FAIL
```

BELOW ARE THE TAPE'S MENU DATA DISPLAYS.

0760	04	6E	"-H"
0762	04	C2	"-L"
0764	E6	C2	"bL"
0766	СЗ	Α7	"CS"
0768	04	С6	"-t"
076A	04	Α7	"-s"
076C	C6	E 6	"tb"
076E	С3	A 7	"CS"
0770	C2	EC	"Ld"

0772 - 077B (UNUSED)

^{*} DENOTES CONTROL BYTES DESIGNED TO BE USER ALTERED (IN RAM).

BELOW IS THE PERIMETER HANDLER COMMAND STRING FOR THE TAPE SOFTWARL.

077C 00 FF C6 07 99 08 00 03 (FF FF; THE JUMP ADDRESS FOR THE TAPE ROUTINES IS SUPPLIED BY THE POST MENU SET-UP ROUTINES, SEE 0426-044E).

0786 - 0788 FF (RESERVED FOR COMMAND STRING EXPANSION).

BELOW IS THE TAPE'S MENU DRIVER COMMAND STRING.

0789 FF FF 00 04 00 07 3A 07 60 07

TAPE'S SOFTWARE MENU DATA KEY HANDLER ROUTINE JUMP VECTOR (A RETURN INSTRUCTION).

0793 C9

BELOW IS THE STEPPERS DATA DISPLAY CODES.

0794	4F	ÇЗ	"PC"
0796	6F	47	"AF"
0798	E6	CЗ	"BC"
079A	EC	C7	"dE"
079C	6E	C2	"HL"
079E	28	6E	"IX"
07A0	28	ÆΕ	"IY"
07A2	7F	57	"AF' "
07A4	F6	DЗ	"BC' "
07A6	FC	D7	"dE' "
07A8	7E	D2	"HL' "
07AA	A 7	4F	"SP"

07AC FF (UNUSED)

START OF STAGGERED TABLE OF JMON MODE WORDS FOR LCD

07AD 44 61 74 61 "Data" 07B1 41 64 64 72 "Addr"

LCD INITIALIZATION CODES

07B5 38 01 06 0C

THE REST OF THE JMON MODE WORD TABLE FOR LCD

07B9 46 73 2D "Fs-"

07BC FF (UNUSED)

ADDRESS TABLE OF THE LCD PROMPT LOCATIONS.

07BD 84 87 8A 8D C4 C7 CA CD 80

TAPE'S PERIMETER HANDLER DATA DISPLAYS

07C6 04 47 "-F"
07C8 04 A7 "-S"
07CA 04 C7 "-E"
07CC 04 E3 "-G"

07CD - 07CF FF (UNUSED)

BELOW ARE THE DISPLAY CODE EQUIVALENTS OF THE HEX DIGITS O TO F LISTED IN ASCENDING ORDER.

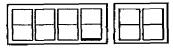
07D0 EB 28 CD AD 2E A7 E7 29 EF 2F 6F E6 C3 EC C7 47

FINALLY AT 07E0 IS THE FUNCTION-1 AND SHIFT JUMP ADDRESSES.

07E0 D2 03 E3 02 5E 00 FF FF D3 02 AE 00 DE 02 41 03 07F0 ED 02 E8 02 F2 02 FF FF

SEGMENT TARGET GAME

By Mr. S Clarke, 2774 Segment Target is a simple game in which you must hit the moving segment in the bottom right of the address section. i.e.



Shoot when the highlighted segment is illuminated.

As each target is hit, the next one moves even FASTER! Any key can be used to shoot. Your score is stored at 08FF (in HEX)

SEGMENT TARGET, as presented below, has been written to run with the MON-1 series MONitors. By changing the LD A,I (ED 57) to RST 20/NOP (E7,00) as described in the section on running old programs with JMON in issue 15, it will run equally as well with JMON.

Don't be content to just play SEG-MENT TARGET GAME, see if you can improve on it!

-JIM

0900	11 00 38	LD DE,3800
0903	ED 53 A6 09	LD (09A6),DE
0907	3E 00	LD À,00
0909		LD (08FF),A
	21 80 09	
090F	7E	LD A,(HL)
0910	47	LD B,A
0911		INC HL
0912		LD A,(HL)
0913		LD C,A
0914	23	INC HL
0915	/8 FF FF	LD A,B
0916	FE FF	CP FF
	CA 6B 09	JP Z,096B
	D3 01	OUT (01),A
091D	/9 D2 D2	LD A,C OUT (02),A
0020	D3 02 CD 2E 09	CALL 092E
0920	CD 3A 09	CALL 093A
	FE 12	CP 12
0920	CA 0C 09	JP Z,090C
0920 002B	C3 0F 09	JP 090F
092D	ED 5B A6 09	
0932		DEC DE
0933	7 A	LD A,D
0934	FÈ 00	CP 00
0936		RET Z
	C3 32 09	JP 0932
093A	ED 57/E7,00	LD A,I
093C		LD E,A
	3E FF	LD A,FF
	ED 47	LD I,Á
0941		LD A,E

0948 0949 094A 094C 094D 0951 0953 0958 095B 095C 095S 0964 0968 096A 096B 096E 0972	C8 78 FE 04 C0 79 FE 80 C0 3E 03 D3 01 3E FF D3 02 CD 2E 09 3A FF 08 3C 32 FF 08 ED 5B A6 09 15 ED 53 A6 09 3E 12 C9 11 00 BF ED 53 A6 09 3E FF D3 01	CP FF RET Z LD A,B CP 04 RET NZ LD A,C CP 80 RET NZ LD A,03 OUT (01),A LD A,FF OUT (02),A CALL 092E LD A,(08FF),A LD (08FF),A LD DE,(09A6),DE LD A,12 RET LD DE,BF00 LD (09A6),DE LD A,FF OUT (01),A LD A,FF
0974		LD À,FF "
0978 097A 097D		OUT (02),A CALL 092E RST 00

0980 20 01 10 01 08 01 04 01 0988 04 08 04 04 08 04 10 04 0990 20 04 20 40 20 80 10 80 0998 08 80 04 80 02 80 01 80 09A0 FF

WHIRL

by Jeff Kennett 3218

This clever routine for the 8x8 display continuously rotates the display around 90 degrees and produces quite an interesting effect. After a while the eyes are fooled and it begins to look like anything other than a rotating arrow head. One staff member thought it looked like a plus sign trying to rap dance!

Experiment with the values in the table at 0A00 and the delay at 0927/8 to see what dazzling effects you can produce!

-	•	
0900	CD 27 09	CALL 0927
0903	11 08 0A	LD DE,0A08
0906	06 08	LD B,08
80A0	C5	PUSH BC
0909	06 08	LD B,08
090B	21 00 0A	LD HL,0A00
090E	AF	XOR A
090F	CB 06	RLC (HL)
0911	1F	RRA
0912	23	INC HL
0913	10 FA	DJNZ 090F
0915	12	LD (DE),A
0916	13	INC DE
0917	C1	POP BC
0918	10 EE	DJNZ 0908
091A	01 08 00	LD BC,0008
091D	11 00 0A	LD DE,0A00

21 08 0A ED B0 18 D9 06 50 C5 06 80 21 00 0A 7E D3 05	LD HL,0A08 LDIR JR 0900 LD B.06 PUSH BC LD B,80 LD HL,0A00 LD A,(HL) OUT (05),A LD A,B
D3 06	OUT (06),A
06 40	LD B,40
10 FE	DJNŽ 0937
47	LD B,A
AF	XOR A
D3 06	OUT (06),A
23	INC HL
CB 08	RRC B
30 ED	JRNC 092F
C1	POP BC
10 E4	DJNZ 0929
C9	RET
	ED B0 18 D9 06 50 C5 06 80 21 00 0A 7E D3 05 78 D3 06 06 40 10 FE 47 AF D3 06 23 CB 08 30 ED C1 10 E4

0A00: 18 30 60 FF FF 60 30 18

HEX TO BCD CONVERSION

By James Doran 3259

This SUB-ROUTINE will convert a hex number in A into its decimal equivalent and store the result in BC.

The hex number is held in A on entry.

The routine works by counting up in decimal while counting down the HEX number until zero.

This means that low numbers are converted quickly while larger numbers take longer.

The decimal counter is achieved by the use of the DECIMAL ADJUST ACCUMULATOR (DAA) instruction.

0900	06 00	LD B.00
0902	4F	LD C.A
0903	3E 00	LD A.00
0905	3C	INC Á
0906	27	DAA
0907	30 02	JR NC,+2
0909	04	INC B
090A	3 F	CCF
090B	0D	DEC C
090A	20 F7	JR NZ,-9
090C	4F	LD C,A
090D	C9	RET

Exit: BC = packed BCD equivalent of two hex digits in A.

The above routine is useful as a HEX to BCD conversion SUB-ROUTINE, but keep in mind the disadvantage of the length of time being very dependent on the magnitude of the HEX number to be converted.