My full project and interactive visualization can be found at this URL:

https://mybinder.org/v2/gh/jhoglund1/DTSA-5304/main?urlpath=voila%2Frender%2FDTSA5304-Final.ipynb

(It may take some time to load).

In case the URL doesn't load for some reason, I am pasting all my text below as well as screenshots of my visualization.

#### Data

After some research, I selected a dataset from ProRepublica's Data Store. This dataset is comprised of data relating to regular and alternative U.S. schools within the same school district. According to the Department of Education, an alternative school is established "to serve at-risk students whose needs are not being met in the traditional school setting". This data collected by ProRepublica is for the 2013-2014 school year is categorized by school districts and its state. Also included is data relating to pupil funding, the percentage of schools that have a counselor, the average student to teacher ratio, the percentage of teachers who are in their first or second year of teaching, the percentage of teachers who are absent more than 10 school days, and the graduation rates. These factors are included for both alternative schools and regular schools in the same school district.

## Goals

After some preliminary investigation of the dataset, I was interested in examining the differences between the regular and alternative schools for each factor. Of all the available metrics, I thought that the graduation rate was the most general and the easiest to assess. I was curious to see if any of the other factors had any sort of effect on the graduation rates across the school districts.

### Task

**Goal:** To create an exploratory visualization to gain knowledge about how alternative schools compare to regular schools across the U.S.

### Means:

- Conducted through a scatter plot with graduation rates (y-axis) vs various factors users can select by hand
- Scatter plots for both regular and alternative schools

#### Characteristics:

- High level trend comparison between regular and alternative schools for each factor
- Low level point by point comparison of each school district

**Target:** Uses a relative reference frame, comparing against two points of data within the dataset

#### Workflow:

- Users can:
  - Select different x-axes to look at
  - Click on points to identify other points in the same region
  - Click on points to do a regular vs alternative comparison of the specific school district

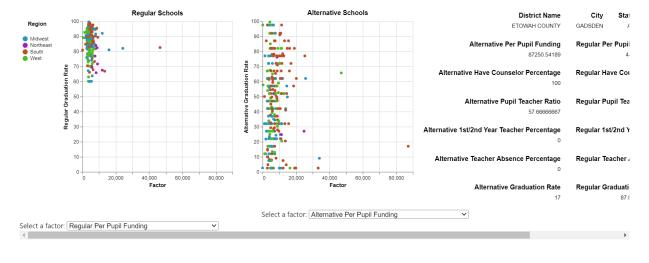
**Roles:** Anyone can execute this task

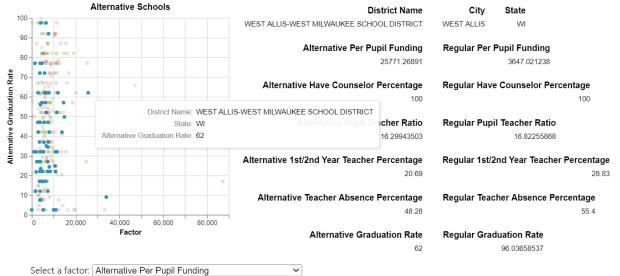
# **Visualization**

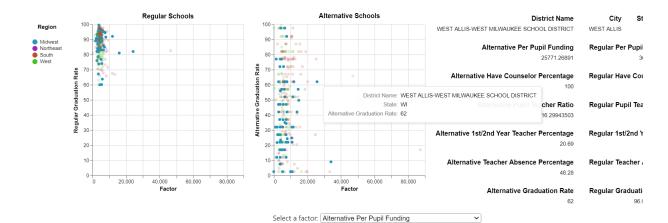
#### How to Use:

- Users can hover over points in each scatterplot to receive preliminary information about the point.
- Users can click on individual points in each scatterplot.
  - This will highlight all the points in the scatterplot that are in the same region of the U.S. A legend is on the left-most side.
  - This will change the data table on the right-most side to present data for that individual school district.
- Users can click anywhere on a scatterplot that is not a point to remove the region highlighting.
- Users can select through the two dropdowns to change the x-axis for each scatterplot.
  - The left-most dropdown changes the left scatterplot (regular schools) and the right-most dropdown changes the right scatterplot (alternative schools).

# **Screenshots of Visualization:**







Select a factor: Regular Per Pupil Funding





# **Design Summary**

# **Key Elements**

- 1. High level Regular vs Alternative School comparison
  - o The largest part of the visualization is the two scatterplots depicting data relating to regular schools and alternative schools. The y-axis is the graduation rate and the x-axis is a dropdown of other pieces of data that can be assessed against the y-axis. These charts allow the user to see a high level overview of general trends

for regular school and alternative schools as well as make comparisons between the two.

- 2. Low level Point by Point Regular vs Alternative School comparison
  - Within each scatterplot is the ability to click on an individual point. This action gives a hover overview of the point with information on the schools' location and its graduation rate. This action also updates the data table on the right side with specific information for that selected school district. This allows the user to identify specific information about individual points and make point to point comparisons between the regular and alternative schools.
- 3. Variable X-axis
  - For both scatterplots, the x-axis is determined by a dropdown menu that contains other information from the dataset. This allows the user to compare different factors against the graduation rate and determine if there are any correlations between the factors and the graduation rate.
- 4. Regional selection
  - When a point is selected from within a scatterplot, all the other points from that same region of the U.S. are also highlighted. This gives the user another avenue of exploration to see how and if the region has any correlation to the graduation rate and how it compares between regular and alternative schools.

# **Evaluation**

**Target Question:** Since this is an exploratory visualization for this dataset, I am interested in determining if users are able to navigate and understand the visualization well and if they are able to gain meaningful insights from visualization. I determine "meaningful" to be anything that they learn that is new information or is unique or interesting to them.

**Testers:** I recruited my family and work colleagues to evaluate my design.

**Evaluation Measures / Approach / Instantiation:** I used insight depth as my primary evaluation measure. With this method, I was able to understand how easy my design was to follow and what kind of insights my visualization produces. I employed journaling as my main evaluation technique. I gave my testers access to my visualization with a few instructions on how to use the tool. I asked them to explore and note any insights they discover and also to note any deficiencies and/or bugs in the design.

# Criteria / Results:

My evaluation criteria include:

- testers are able to quickly and fully use and understand all parts of the visualization
- testers are able to gain information and understanding about the data that they did not know previously

Based on these criteria, my visualization accomplished its goal. Users were able to explore and understand the visualization with little difficulty as well as gain new and interesting knowledge about the data. The users also provided good feedback about ways to improve the design, which I will discuss in my Synthesis section.

# **Synthesis**

**Findings:** From this visualization, myself and my users were able to learn some interesting things about this data. Some common threads include gaining an understanding that there is very little correlation between each of the given x-axis factors and graduation rates for both alternative schools and regular schools. There is, however, a much larger variance in the results for alternative schools pretty much across the board for all the factors when compared to regular schools. From my journaling study, one user noted that region is the most influential factor related to graduation rates. They hypothesize that culture and environment may contribute to alternative school graduation rates.

What worked well: I think the best element of my visualization is having both a high level and low level approach the same data. Users are able to look at broad trends as well as specific numbers for an individual school. This gives the users the ability to learn more about specific points, but it doesn't force them to. I think another element that worked well was the variable x-axis. This allows the user to have the freedom to investigate several different avenues of trends and relationships in an interactive and concise way.

Ways to improve: There are several ways that this visualization could be better. One way includes making it so clicking on a point in one chart will highlight the same point in the other chart. This would help with visual point to point comparisons on the scatterplots themselves and help the user not be as reliant on the data table. Another improvement could include linking the data together enough behind the scenes so that only one x-axis dropdown is needed. This would save the user some time having to update both dropdowns to do comparisons. There are also several visual improvements that I was unable to get to work, like aligning the text properly in the data table and lining up the dropdown menus better.