# DB2®9 for z/OS Reference Guide

A guide to help with daily activities on DB2® 9 for z/OS

YL&A, Inc. www.ylassoc.com www.db2expert.com Produced by:

YL&A, Inc 2743 S. Veterans Pkwy #226 Springfield, IL 62704 info@vlassoc.com

08/17/2007

#### **Notice and Disclaimer**

This DB2® 9 for z/OS Family Reference Guide was developed to help users in their daily activities in administrating and programming in DB2 on all platforms. There are no guarantees expressed or implied with the contents in this guide. YL&A, Inc., is not liable for any loss or damage, direct or indirect, resulting from usage of this reference guide.

We want to provide a quality and useful reference for users. Please notify us of any mistakes or errors in this reference guide at *info@ylassoc.com*.

The syntax diagrams and tables were reprinted with permission from the IBM Corporation. Much of the material in this guide has copyrights held by the IBM Corporation.

DB2 is a registered trademark of the IBM Corporation. Windows is a registered trademark of the Microsoft Corporation. Unix is a registered trademark of the Open Group.

# Reading the IBM® Syntax Diagrams

Read the syntax diagrams from left to right, from top to bottom, following the path of the line.

The >> symbol indicates the beginning of a statement.	
The> symbol indicates that the statement syntax is continued on the next	line.
The > symbol indicates that a statement is continued from the previous line	
The>< symbol indicates the end of a statement.	•
Diagrams of syntactical units other than complete statements start with the	
> symbol and end with the> symbol.	
Required items appear on the horizontal line (the main path).	
>> required item	><
Optional items appear below the main path.	
>>required_item	_><
optional_item_	
If an optional item appears above the main path, that item has no effect on the	ne
execution of the statement and is used only for readability.	
_optional_item_	
>>required_item	_><
If you can choose from two or more items, they appear vertically, in a stack.	
If you must choose one of the items, one item of the stack appears on the ma	ain path.
>>required_itemrequired_choice1	><
_required_choice2_	
If choosing one of the items is optional, the entire stack appears below the m	nain path.
>>required_item	><
optional choice1	
optional choice2	
If one of the items is the default, it appears above the main path and the rem	aining choices
are shown below.	Ü
default choice	
>> required item	><
optional choice	-
optional choice	
An arrow returning to the left, above the main line, indicates an item that can	be repeated
<	oo .opoutou.
>> required item repeatable item	><
If the repeat arrow contains a comma, you must separate repeated items wit	h a comma
>> required item repeatable item	><
A repeat arrow above a stack indicates that you can repeat the items in the s	
open all a serve a class maiotics that you can repeat the items in the c	

Keywords appear in uppercase (for example, FROM). They must be spelled exactly as shown. Variables appear in all lowercase letters (for example, column-name). They represent user-supplied names or values. If punctuation marks, parentheses, arithmetic operators, or other such symbols are shown, you must enter them as part of the syntax.

DB2	20
LANGUAGE ELEMENTS	20
SPECIAL REGISTERS	20
Host Variables	
FUNCTIONS	
TABLE FUNCTION	
EXPRESSIONS	
LABELED DURATIONS	21
CASE EXPRESSIONS	22
CAST	22
NEXT VALUE EXPRESSION	23
PREVIOUS VALUE EXPRESSION	23
ROW CHANGE EXPRESSION	23
OLAP	23
Predicates	24
BASIC PREDICATE	24
QUANTIFIED PREDICATE	24
BETWEEN PREDICATE	24
DISTINCT PREDICATE	25
EXISTS PREDICATE	25
IN PREDICATE	25
LIKE PREDICATE	25
NULL PREDICATE	25
XMLEXISTS	25
SEARCH CONDITIONS	25
COLUMN FUNCTIONS	26
AVG	26
CORRELATION	
COUNT	
COUNT BIG	
COVARIANCE OR COVARIANCE_SAMP	
MAX	26
MIN	
STDDEV	
STDDEV SAMP	
SUM	
VARIANCE OR VARIANCE SAMP	
VAINANGE OR VAINANGE SAIVIT	

SCALAR FUNCTIONS       27         ABS       27         ACOS       27         ADD_MONTHS       27         ASCII       27         ASCII_CHR       27         ASCII_STR       27         ASIN       27         ATAN       27         ATANH       27         ATAN2       27         BIGINT       27         BLOB       28         BINARY       28         CSID_ENCODING       28         CHAR       28         CHARA       28         CHARACTER_LENGTH       29         COALESCE       29         COLLATION_KEY       29         CONCAT       29         CONCAT       29         COSH       29         DAYOFMONTH       30         DAYOFWEEK       30         DAYOFWEEK ISO       30         DECFLOAT SORTKEY       30	XMLAGG	27
ACOS	SCALAR FUNCTIONS	27
ACOS	ABS	27
ADD_MONTHS		
ASCII		
ASCII_CHR 27 ASCII_STR 27 ASIN 27 ATAN 27 ATAN 27 ATANH 27 ATANE 27 BIGINT 27 BIGINT 27 BIOB 28 BINARY 28 CCSID_ENCODING 28 CEILING 28 CHAR 28 CHARACTER_LENGTH 29 COALESCE 29 COALESCE 29 COLLATION_KEY 29 CONCAT 29 CONCAT 29 COS 29 COSH 29 DAYCHOMONTH 30 DAYOFWEEK 30 DAYOFWEEK 30 DAYOFWEEK 30 DAYOFYEAR 30 DAYOFYEAR 30 DAYOFYEAR 30 DAYOFYEAR 30 DECFLOAT 31 DECFLOAT 31 DECFLOAT 31 DECFLOAT 31 DECFLOAT 31 DECFLOAT		
ASCII_STR		
ASIN		
ATAN		
ATANH		
ATAN2		
BIGINT       27         BLOB       28         BINARY       28         CCSID_ENCODING       28         CEILING       28         CHARA       28         CHARACTER_LENGTH       29         COALESCE       29         COLLATION_KEY       29         COMPARE_DECFLOAT       29         CONCAT       29         COS       29         COSH       29         DAYE       29         DAY       29         DAYOFWEEK       30         DAYOFWEEK, ISO       30         DAYOFYEAR       30         DAYS       30         DBCLOB       30         DECFLOAT_SORTKEY       30         DECFLOAT_SORTKEY       30         DECIMAL OR DEC       30         DECRYPT       31         DEGREES       31         DIFFERENCE       31         DIFFERENCE       31         DIGITS       31		
BLOB       28         BINARY       28         CCSID_ENCODING       28         CELING       28         CHAR       28         CHARACTER_LENGTH       29         CLOB       29         COALESCE       29         COLLATION_KEY       29         COMPARE_DECFLOAT       29         COS       29         COSH       29         DATE       29         DAY       29         DAYOFMONTH       30         DAYOFWEEK       30         DAYOFWEEK_ISO       30         DAYOFYEER       30         DAYS       30         DBCLOB       30         DECFLOAT       30         DECFLOAT_SORTKEY       30         DECIMAL OR DEC       30         DECRYPT       31         DEGREES       31         DIFFERENCE       31         DIGITS       31		
BINARY       28         CCSID_ENCODING       28         CEILING       28         CHAR       28         CHARACTER_LENGTH       29         CLOB       29         COALESCE       29         COLATION_KEY       29         COMPARE_DECFLOAT       29         CONCAT       29         COS       29         COSH       29         DAYE       29         DAYOFMONTH       30         DAYOFWEEK       30         DAYOFWEEK ISO       30         DAYOFWEEK ISO       30         DAYS       30         DBCLOB       30         DECFLOAT       30         DECFLOAT SORTKEY       30         DECRYPT       31         DEGREES       31         DIFFERENCE       31         DIFFERENCE       31         DIGITS       31		
CCSID_ENCODING       28         CEILING       28         CHAR       28         CHARACTER_LENGTH       29         CLOB       29         COALESCE       29         COLLATION_KEY       29         COMPARE_DECFLOAT       29         CONCAT       29         COS       29         COSH       29         DAYE       29         DAYOFMONTH       30         DAYOFWEEK       30         DAYOFWEEK ISO       30         DAYOFWEEK ISO       30         DAYOFYEAR       30         DECFLOAT       30         DECFLOAT_SORTKEY       30         DECFLOAT_SORTKEY       30         DECRYPT       31         DEGREES       31         DIFFERENCE       31         DIGITS       31		
CEILING       28         CHAR       28         CHARACTER_LENGTH       29         CLOB       29         COALESCE       29         COLLATION_KEY       29         COMPARE_DECFLOAT       29         CONCAT       29         COSH       29         COSH       29         DAYE       29         DAYOFMONTH       30         DAYOFWEEK       30         DAYOFWEEK_ISO       30         DAYOFYEAR       30         DAYS       30         DBCLOB       30         DECFLOAT_SORTKEY       30         DECFLOAT_SORTKEY       30         DECRYPT       31         DEGREES       31         DIFFERENCE       31         DIGITS       31		
CHAR       28         CHARACTER_LENGTH       29         CLOB       29         COALESCE       29         COLLATION_KEY       29         COMPARE_DECFLOAT       29         CONCAT       29         COS       29         COSH       29         DATE       29         DAY       29         DAYOFMONTH       30         DAYOFWEEK       30         DAYOFWEEK_ISO       30         DAYOFYEAR       30         DAYS       30         DBCLOB       30         DECFLOAT       30         DECFLOAT       30         DECFLOAT SORTKEY       30         DECRYPT       31         DEGREES       31         DIFFERENCE       31         DIGITS       31		
CHARACTER_LENGTH       29         CLOB		
CLOB.       29         COALESCE       29         COLLATION_KEY.       29         COMPARE_DECFLOAT       29         CONCAT       29         COS.       29         COSH       29         DATE.       29         DAY       29         DAYOFMONTH       30         DAYOFWEEK ISO       30         DAYOFYEAR       30         DAYOFYEAR       30         DBCLOB       30         DECFLOAT       30         DECFLOAT SORTKEY       30         DECIMAL OR DEC       30         DECRYPT       31         DEGREES       31         DIFFERENCE       31         DIGITS       31		
COALESCE       29         COLLATION_KEY       29         COMPARE_DECFLOAT       29         CONCAT       29         COS       29         COSH       29         DATE       29         DAY       29         DAYOFMONTH       30         DAYOFWEEK       30         DAYOFWEEK_ISO       30         DAYOFYEAR       30         DBCLOB       30         DECFLOAT       30         DECFLOAT_SORTKEY       30         DECIMAL OR DEC       30         DECRYPT       31         DEGREES       31         DIFFERENCE       31         DIGITS       31		
COLLATION_KEY       29         COMPARE_DECFLOAT       29         CONCAT       29         COS       29         COSH       29         DATE       29         DAY       29         DAYOFMONTH       30         DAYOFWEEK_ISO       30         DAYOFYEAR       30         DAYOFYEAR       30         DBCLOB       30         DECFLOAT       30         DECFLOAT_SORTKEY       30         DECIMAL OR DEC       30         DECRYPT       31         DEGREES       31         DIFFERENCE       31         DIGITS       31		
COMPARE_DECFLOAT       29         CONCAT       29         COS       29         COSH       29         DATE       29         DAY       29         DAYOFMONTH       30         DAYOFWEEK       30         DAYOFWEEK_ISO       30         DAYOFYEAR       30         DBCLOB       30         DECFLOAT       30         DECFLOAT_SORTKEY       30         DECIMAL OR DEC       30         DECRYPT       31         DEGREES       31         DIFFERENCE       31         DIGITS       31		
CONCAT       29         COS       29         COSH       29         DATE       29         DAY       29         DAYOFMONTH       30         DAYOFWEEK ISO       30         DAYOFYEAR       30         DAYS       30         DBCLOB       30         DECFLOAT       30         DECFLOAT_SORTKEY       30         DECIMAL OR DEC       30         DECRYPT       31         DEGREES       31         DIFFERENCE       31         DIGITS       31		
COS.       29         COSH.       29         DAY.       29         DAYOFMONTH.       30         DAYOFWEEK.       30         DAYOFWEEK_ISO.       30         DAYOFYEAR.       30         DAYS.       30         DBCLOB.       30         DECFLOAT.       30         DECFLOAT_SORTKEY.       30         DECIMAL OR DEC.       30         DECRYPT.       31         DEGREES.       31         DIFFERENCE.       31         DIGITS.       31		
COSH       29         DATE       29         DAY       29         DAYOFMONTH       30         DAYOFWEEK       30         DAYOFYEAR       30         DAYS       30         DBCLOB       30         DECFLOAT       30         DECFLOAT_SORTKEY       30         DECIMAL OR DEC       30         DECRYPT       31         DEGREES       31         DIFFERENCE       31         DIGITS       31		
DATE       29         DAY       29         DAYOFMONTH       30         DAYOFWEEK       30         DAYOFWEEK_ISO       30         DAYOFYEAR       30         DAYS       30         DBCLOB       30         DECFLOAT       30         DECFLOAT_SORTKEY       30         DECIMAL OR DEC       30         DECRYPT       31         DEGREES       31         DIFFERENCE       31         DIGITS       31		
DAY       29         DAYOFMONTH       30         DAYOFWEEK       30         DAYOFWEEK_ISO       30         DAYOFYEAR       30         DAYS       30         DBCLOB       30         DECFLOAT       30         DECFLOAT_SORTKEY       30         DECIMAL OR DEC       30         DECRYPT       31         DEGREES       31         DIFFERENCE       31         DIGITS       31		
DAYOFMONTH       30         DAYOFWEEK       30         DAYOFWEEK_ISO       30         DAYOFYEAR       30         DAYS       30         DBCLOB       30         DECFLOAT       30         DECFLOAT_SORTKEY       30         DECIMAL OR DEC       30         DECRYPT       31         DEGREES       31         DIFFERENCE       31         DIGITS       31		
DAYOFWEEK       30         DAYOFWEEK_ISO       30         DAYOFYEAR       30         DAYS       30         DBCLOB       30         DECFLOAT       30         DECFLOAT_SORTKEY       30         DECIMAL OR DEC       30         DECRYPT       31         DEGREES       31         DIFFERENCE       31         DIGITS       31		
DAYOFWEEK_ISO       30         DAYOFYEAR       30         DAYS       30         DBCLOB       30         DECFLOAT       30         DECFLOAT_SORTKEY       30         DECIMAL OR DEC       30         DECRYPT       31         DEGREES       31         DIFFERENCE       31         DIGITS       31		
DAYOFYEAR       30         DAYS       30         DBCLOB       30         DECFLOAT       30         DECFLOAT_SORTKEY       30         DECIMAL OR DEC       30         DECRYPT       31         DEGREES       31         DIFFERENCE       31         DIGITS       31		
DAYS       30         DBCLOB       30         DECFLOAT       30         DECFLOAT_SORTKEY       30         DECIMAL OR DEC       30         DECRYPT       31         DEGREES       31         DIFFERENCE       31         DIGITS       31		
DBCLOB		
DECFLOAT       30         DECFLOAT_SORTKEY       30         DECIMAL OR DEC       30         DECRYPT       31         DEGREES       31         DIFFERENCE       31         DIGITS       31		
DECFLOAT_SORTKEY       30         DECIMAL OR DEC       30         DECRYPT       31         DEGREES       31         DIFFERENCE       31         DIGITS       31		
DECIMAL OR DEC.       30         DECRYPT.       31         DEGREES.       31         DIFFERENCE.       31         DIGITS.       31	DECELOAT SORTKEY	30
DECRYPT       31         DEGREES       31         DIFFERENCE       31         DIGITS       31		
DEGREES		
DIFFERENCE		
DIGITS31		
DOUBLE OR DOUBLE PRECISION		
	DOUBLE OR DOUBLE PRECISION	31

DSN XMLVALIDATE	. 31
EBCDIC_CHR	. 31
EBCDIC STR	. 31
ENCRYPT	. 32
EXP	. 32
EXTRACT	. 32
FLOAT	. 32
FLOOR	
GENERATE UNIQUE	
GETHINT	
GETVARIABLE	
GRAPHIC	
HEX	
HOUR	
IDENTITY_VAL_LOCAL()	
IFNULL	
INSERT	
INTEGER OR INT	
JULIAN DAY	
LAST DAY	
LCASE OR LOWER	
LEFT	
LENGTH	
LN	
LOCATE	
LOCATE_IN_STRING	
LOG10	
LOWER	
LPAD	
LTRIM	_
MAX	
MICROSECOND	
MIDNIGHT_SECONDS	
MIN	
MINUTE	
MOD.	
MONTH	
MONTHS BETWEEN	
NEXT DAY	35
NORMALIZE_DECFLOAT	. 55 35
NORMALIZE_STRING	35
NULLIF	. JJ
OVERLAY	
OVERLAT	. აა

POSITION	
POSSTR	. 35
POWER	. 35
QUANTIZE	. 35
QUARTER	. 35
RADIANS	. 35
RAISE ERROR	. 35
RAND	. 35
REAL	. 36
REPEAT	. 36
REPLACE	. 36
RID	
RIGHT	
ROUND	
ROUND_TIMESTAMP	
ROWID	
RPAD	
RTRIM	
SECOND	
SIGN	
SIN	
SINH	
SMALLINT	
SOUNDEX	
SOAPHTTPC AND SOAPHTTPV	
SPACE	_
SQRT	
STRIP	
SUBSTR	
SUBSTRING	
TAN	
TANH	
TIME	
TIMESTAMP	
TIMESTAMPADD	
TIMESTAMP FORMAT	
TIMESTAMP ISO	
TIMESTAMP_ISO	
TOTALORDER	
TRANSLATE	
TRUNCATE	
TRUNC_TIMESTAMP	
UCASE OR UPPER	. 38

	38
UNICODE STR	
VALUE	38
VARBINARY	38
VARCHAR	39
VARCHAR FORMAT	39
VARGRAPHIC	39
WEEK	
WEEK ISO	39
XMLATTRIBUTES	39
XMLCOMMENT	40
XML2CLOB	40
XMLCONCAT	40
XMLDOCUMENT	40
XMLELEMENT	40
XMLFOREST	40
XMLNAMESPACE	40
XMLPARSE	41
XMLPI	41
XMLQUERY	41
XMLSERIALIZE	41
XMLTEXT	41
YEAR	11
	4
QUERIES	42
QUERIES	<b>42</b>
SUBSELECTselect-clause	42 42
QUERIES	42 42
SUBSELECTselect-clause	42 42 42
QUERIES  SUBSELECT  select-clause  FULLSELECT  STATEMENTS	4242424446
SUBSELECTselect-clause	42 42 44 46
SUBSELECTselect-clause	4242444646
SUBSELECT Select-clause FULLSELECT  ALLOCATE CURSOR ALTER DATABASE ALTER FUNCTION (EXTERNAL)	4242464646
SUBSELECT	42424446464646
SUBSELECT	424246464646464648
SUBSELECT	424646464646464648
SUBSELECT	4246464646464646464650
SUBSELECT	42424646464646464650
SUBSELECT	424646464646464648495051
SUBSELECT	4246464646464646464550515253
SUBSELECT	42424646464646464950515253

ALTER TRUSTED CONTEXT	59
ALTER VIEW	60
ASSOCIATE LOCATORS	60
BEGIN DECLARE SECTION	60
CALL	
CLOSE	61
COMMENT ON	61
COMMIT	62
CONNECT (Type 1 or Type 2)	62
CREATE ALIAS	62
CREATE AUXILIARY TABLE	62
CREATE DATABASE	
CREATE FUNCTION (EXTERNAL SCALAR)	63
CREATE FUNCTION(EXTERNAL TABLE)	65
CREATE FUNCTION (SOURCED)	
CREATE FUNCTION (SQL SCALAR)	69
CREATE GLOBAL TEMPORARY TABLE	70
CREATE INDEX	71
CREATE PROCEDURE (EXTERNAL)	73
CREATE PROCEDURE (SQL - EXTERNAL)	75
CREATE PROCEDURE (SQL-NATIVE)	77
CREATE ROLE	80
CREATE SEQUENCE	80
CREATE STOGROUP	81
CREATE SYNONYM	81
CREATE TABLE	81
CREATE TABLESPACE	85
CREATE TRIGGER	
CREATE TRUSTED CONTEXT	87
CREATE TYPE	87
CREATE VIEW	
DECLARE CURSOR	
DECLARE GLOBAL TEMPORARY TABLE	
DECLARE STATEMENT	
DECLARE TABLE	91
DECLARE VARIABLE	
DELETE	
DESCRIBE CURSOR	
DESCRIBE INPUT	
DESCRIBE OUTPUT	
DESCRIBE PROCEDURE	
DESCRIBE TABLE	
DROP	93

END DECLARE SECTION	. 94
EXCHANGE	. 94
EXECUTE	. 94
EXECUTE IMMEDIATE	. 95
EXPLAIN	
FETCH	. 95
FREE LOCATOR	. 96
GET DIAGNOSTICS	
GRANT	. 97
GRANT (COLLECTION PRIVILEGES)	. 97
GRANT (DATABASE PRIVILEGES)	
GRANT (TYPE OR JAR PRIVILEGES)	. 98
GRANT (FUNCTION OR PROCEDURE PRIVILEGES)	. 98
GRANT (PACKAGE PRIVILEGES)	
GRANT (PLAN PRIVILEGES)	100
GRANT (SCHEMA PRIVILEGES)	100
GRANT (SEQUENCE PRIVILEGES)	
GRANT (SYSTEM PRIVILEGES)	
GRANT (TABLE OR VIEW PRIVILEGES)	
GRANT (USE PRIVILEGES)	
HOLD LOCATOR	
INCLUDE	102
INSERT	
LABEL ON	
LOCK TABLE	
MERGE	
OPEN	
PREPARE	
REFRESH TABLE	
RELEASE	
RELEASE SAVEPOINT	
RELEASE (CONNECTION)	
RENAME	
REVOKE	
REVOKE (COLLECTION PRIVILEGES)	
REVOKE (DATABASE PRIVILEGES)	
REVOKE (TYPE OR JAR PRIVILEGES)	
REVOKE (FUNCTION OR PROCEDURE PRIVILEGES)	
REVOKE (PACKAGE PRIVILEGES)	
REVOKE (PLAN PRIVILEGES)	
REVOKE (SCHEMA PRIVILEGES)	
REVOKE (SEQUENCE PRIVILEGES)	110
REVOKE (SYSTEM PRIVILEGES)	110

			_
	REVOKE (TABLE OR VIEW PRIVILEGES)		
	REVOKE (USE PRIVILEGES)	1	11
	ROLLBACK		
	SAVEPOINT		
	SELECT INTO		
	SET CONNECTIONSET CURRENT APPLICATION ENCODING SCHEME	1	12
	SET CURRENT DEBUG MODESET CURRENT DEBUG MODE		
	SET CURRENT DECFLOAT ROUNDING MODE	1	10 12
	SET CURRENT DEGREE		
	SET CURRENT LOCALE LC CTYPE	1	13
	SET CURRENT MAITAINED TABLE TYPES FOR OPTIMIZATION	1.	13
	SET CURRENT OPTIMIZATION HINT		
	SET CURRENT PACKAGE PATH		
	SET CURRENT PACKAGESET		
	SET CURRENT PRECISION		
	SET CURRENT REFRESH AGE		
	SET CURRENT RULES	1	14
	SET CURRENT ROUTINE VERSION		
	SET CURRENT SQLID	1	14
	SET ENCRYPTION PASSWORD	1	14
	SET HOST VARIABLE ASSIGNMENT		
	SET PATHSET SCHEMA		
	SET TRANSITION VARIABLE		
	SIGNAL SQLSTATE		
	TRUNCATE		
	UPDATE		
	VALUES		
	VALUES INTO		
	WHENEVER		
_	OMMANDO	4	_
	OMMANDS1		
	-ACCESS DATBASE(DB2)	1	19
	-ALTER BUFFERPOOL	1	19
	-ALTER GROUPBUFFERPOOL	1	19
	-ALTER UTILITY	12	20
	-ARCHIVE LOG		
	-BIND PACKAGE		
	-BIND PLAN		
	-CANCEL THREAD		
	CHANGE IMS		
	DCLGEN	1:	23

DISPLAY IMS	123
-DISPLAY ARCHIVE	124
-DISPLAY BUFFERPOOL	124
-DISPLAY DATABASE	124
-DISPLAY DDF	125
-DISPLAY FUNCTION SPECIFIC	
-DISPLAY GROUP	126
-DISPLAY GROUPBUFFERPOOL	
-DISPLAY LOCATION	
-DISPLAY LOG	126
-DISPLAY PROCEDURE	
-DISPLAY PROFILE	
-DISPLAY RLIMIT	
-DISPLAY THREAD	
-DISPLAY TRACE	
-DISPLAY UTILITY	
DSN TSO	
DSNC (CICS ATTACHMENT FACILITY)	
DSNC DISCONNECT (CICS ATTACHMENT FACILITY)	
DSNC DISPLAY (CICS ATTACHMENT FACILITY)	130
DSNC MODIFY(CICS ATTACHMENT FACILITY)	
DSNC STOP (CICS ATTACHMENT FACILITY)	130
DSNC START (CICS ATTACHMENT FACILITY)	
DSNH (TSO CLIST)	
END	130
FREE PACKAGE	
FREE PLAN	131
MODIFY ADMTPROC, APPL=SHUTDOWN	131
MODIFY ADMTPROC, APPL=SHUTDOWN	131
MODIFY IRLMPROC, ABEND	
MODIFY IRLMPROC, DIAG	131
MODIFY IRLMPROC, PURGE	131
MODIFY IRLMPROC, SET	
MODIFY IRLMPROC, STATUS	
-MODIFY TRACE (DB2)	132
REBIND PACKAGE	
REBIND PLAN	
REBIND TRIGGER PACKAGE	
-RECOVER BSDS	
-RECOVER INDOUBT	
-RECOVER POSTPONED	
-REFRESH DB2, EARLY	
-RESET GENERICLU	135

-RESET INDOUBT	126
RUN	
-SET ARCHIVE	
-SET LOG	
-SET SYSPARM	
SPUFI	
/SSR	
/START IMS	
-START DATABASE	
-START DB2	
-START DDF	
-START FUNCTION SPECIFIC	138
-START ADMTPROC	
-START IRLMPROC	
-START PROCEDURE	
-START PROFILE	
-START RLIMIT	
-START TRACE	
STOP	
STOP ADMTPROC	
-STOP DATABASE	
-STOP DB2	142
-STOP DDF	
-STOP FUNCTION SPECIFIC	142
STOP IRLMPROC	142
-STOP PROCEDURE	142
-STOP PROFILE	142
-STOP RLIMIT	
-STOP TRACE	
-TERM UTILITY	
TRACE IMS	
TRACE CT	145
SQL CONTROL STATEMENTS	116
SQL CONTROL STATEMENT	146
Assignment	
CALL	146
CASE	146
COMPOUND	
IF	
GET DIAGNOSTICS	
GOTO	
LEAVE	148

LOOPREPEATWHILE	148
SQL PROCEDURE STATEMENT	148
PLAN TABLE	149
DSN_PREDICAT_TABLE	155
DSN_STRUCT_TABLE	157
DSN_PGROUP_TABLE	158
DSN_PTASK_TABLE	159
DSN_FILTER_TABLE	160
DSN_DETCOST_TABLE	161
DSN_SORT_TABLE	162
DSN_SORTKEY_TABLE	163
DSN_PGRANGE_TABLE	164
DSN_VIEWREF_TABLE	165
DSN_QUERY_TABLE	165
DSN_STATEMNT_TABLE	167
DSN_FUNCTION_TABLE	169
DSN_STATEMENT_CACHE_TABLE	170
DSNZPARMS	172

BIND PARAMETERS	179
DB2 LIMITS	182
IDENTIFIER LENGTH LIMITS	182
NUMERIC LIMITS	
String Length Limits	
DATETIME LIMITS	184
DB2 LIMITS ON SQL STATEMENTS	
DB2 SYSTEM LIMITS	186
SQL COMMUNICATION AREA (SQLCA)	187
THE REXX SQLCA	190
GET DIAGNOSTICS	192
STATEMENT INFORMATION	
CONNECTION INFORMATION	
PREDICATES	195
IFCIDS	197
EXCEPTIONS	209
DETERMINING PARTITION FROM PAGE NUMBER	212
CATALOG TABLES	214
SYSIBM.IPLIST	214
SYSIBM.IPNAMES	
SYSIBM.LOCATIONS	
SYSIBM.LULIST	
SYSIBM.LUMODES	
SYSIBM.LUNAMES	
SYSIBM.MODESELECT	
SYSIBM.SYSAUXRELSSYSIBM.SYSCHECKDEP	
SYSIBM.SYSCHECKS	
5 . 5.55 i 50i iE5i to	220

SYSIBM.SYSCHECKS2	. 221
SYSIBM.SYSCOLAUTH	
SYSIBM.SYSCOLDIST	
SYSIBM.SYSCOLDIST_HIST	
SYSIBM.SYSCOLDISTSTATS	. 224
SYSIBM.SYSCOLSTATS	
SYSIBM.SYSCOLUMNS	
SYSIBM.SYSCOLUMNS_HIST	
SYSIBM.SYSCONSTDEP	
SYSIBM.SYSCONTEXT	. 234
SYSIBM.SYSCONTEXTAUTHIDS	235
SYSIBM.SYSCOPY	236
SYSIBM.SYSCTXTTRUSTATTRS	240
SYSIBM.SYSDATABASE	. 241
SYSIBM.SYSDATATYPES	. 242
SYSIBM.SYSDBAUTH	
SYSIBM.SYSDBRM	. 245
SYSIBM.SYSDEPENDENCIES	
SYSIBM.SYSDUMMY1	247
SYSIBM.SYSENVIRONMENT	. 247
SYSIBM.SYSFIELDS	. 248
SYSIBM.SYSFOREIGNKEYS	249
SYSIBM.SYSINDEXES	249
SYSIBM.SYSINDEXES_HIST	253
SYSIBM.SYSINDEXPART	
SYSIBM.SYSINDEXPART_HIST	
SYSIBM.SYSINDEXSPACESTATS	
SYSIBM.SYSINDEXSTATS	260
SYSIBM.SYSINDEXSTATS_HIST	
SYSIBM.SYSJARCLASS_SOURCE	. 261
SYSIBM.SYSJARCONTENTS	. 261
SYSIBM.SYSJARDATA	. 261
SYSIBM.SYSJAROBJECTS	262
SYSIBM.SYSJAVAOPTS	
SYSIBM.SYSJAVAPATHS	262
SYSIBM.SYSKEYCOLUSE	263
SYSIBM.SYSKEYS	. 263
SYSIBM.SYSKEYTARGETS	263
SYSIBM.SYSKEYTARGETSTATS	265
SYSIBM.SYSKEYTARGETS_HIST	265
SYSIBM.SYSKEYTGTDIST	266
SYSIBM.SYSKEYTGTDISTSTATS	
SYSIBM.SYSKEYTGTDIST_HIST	268

SYSIBM.SYSLOBSTATS	.269
SYSIBM.SYSLOBSTATS HIST	
SYSIBM.SYSOBJROLEDEP	
SYSIBM.SYSPACKAGE	
SYSIBM.SYSPACKAUTH	
SYSIBM.SYSPACKDEP	.277
SYSIBM.SYSPACKLIST	
SYSIBM.SYSPACKSTMT	
SYSIBM.SYSPARMS	.280
SYSIBM.SYSPKSYSTEM	.282
SYSIBM.SYSPLAN	
SYSIBM.SYSPLANAUTH	
SYSIBM.SYSPLANDEP	
SYSIBM.SYSPLSYSTEM	
SYSIBM.SYSRELS	
SYSIBM.SYSRESAUTH	
SYSIBM.SYSROLES	.290
SYSIBM.SYSROUTINEAUTH	. 291
SYSIBM.SYSROUTINES	
SYSIBM.SYSROUTINESTEXT	.298
SYSIBM.SYSROUTINES OPTS	. 298
SYSIBM.SYSROUTINES SRC	
SYSIBM.SYSSCHEMAAUTH	
SYSIBM.SYSSEQUENCEAUTH	
SYSIBM.SYSSEQUENCEDEP	.301
SYSIBM.SYSSEQUENCES	
SYSIBM.SYSSTMT	
SYSIBM.SYSSTOGROUP	.305
SYSIBM.SYSSTRINGS	.306
SYSIBM.SYSSYNONYMS	. 306
SYSIBM.SYSTABAUTH	
SYSIBM.SYSTABCONST	
SYSIBM.SYSTABLEPART	.309
SYSIBM.SYSTABLEPART_HIST	.312
SYSIBM.SYSTABLES	.314
SYSIBM.SYSTABLES HIST	.318
SYSIBM.SYSTABLESPACE	. 319
SYSIBM.SYSTABLESPACESTATS	. 322
SYSIBM.SYSTABSTATS	. 325
SYSIBM.SYSTABSTATS_HIST	
SYSIBM.SYSTRIGGERS	. 326
SYSIBM.SYSUSERAUTH	. 327
SYSIBM.SYSVIEWDEP	. 329

SYSIBM.SYSVIEWS	330
SYSIBM.SYSVOLUMES	
SYSIBM.SYSXMLRELS	
SYSIBM.SYSXMLSTRINGS	
SYSIBM.SYSUSERNAMES	
SYSIBM.XSRCOMPONENT	
SYSIBM.XSROBJECTS	
SYSIBM.XSROBJECTCOMPONENTS	
SYSIBM.XSROBJECTGRAMMER	
SYSIBM.XSROBJECTHIERARCHIES	
SYSIBM.XRSOBJECTPROPERTY	
SYSIBM.XSRPROPERTY	335
<b>UPDATEABLE CATALOG STATISTICS</b>	336
IBM UTILITIES	220
BACKUP SYSTEM	338
CATENFM	338
CATMAINT	
CHECK DATA	
CHECK INDEX	
CHECK LOB	
COPY	
COPYTOCOPY	
DIAGNOSE	
EXEC SQL	
LISTDEF	
LOAD	
MERGECOPY	
MODIFY RECOVERY MODIFY STATISTICS	
OPTIONS	
QUIESCE	
REBUILD INDEX	
RECOVER	
REORG INDEX	
REORG TABLESPACE	
REPAIR	
REPORT	
RESTORE SYSTEM	
RUNSTATS	
STOSPACE	

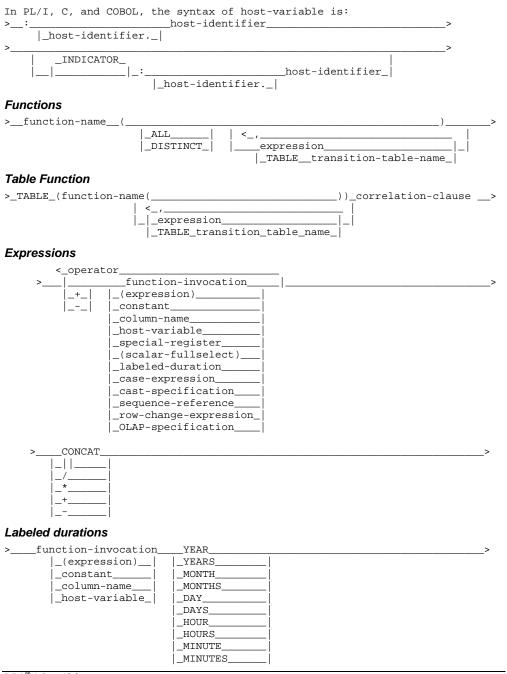
TEMPLATEUNLOAD	
SQL POSITIVE RETURN CODES	367
SQL ERROR RETURN CODES	370
RESOURCE TYPES	393

# **Language Elements**

# Special registers

CURRENT APPLICATION ENCODING SCHEME	
CURRENT CLIENT_ACCTNG	
CURRENT CLIENT_APPLNAME	
CURRENT CLIENT_USERID	
CURRENT CLIENT_WRKSTNNAME	
_CURRENT DATE	
_CURRENT_DATE	
CURRENT DEBUG MODE	
CURRENT DECFLOAT ROUNDING MODE	
CURRENT DEGREE	
_LOCALE_	
CURRENT  LC_CTYPE	
CURRENT LC CTYPE	
TABLEFOR OPTIMIZATI	ON
CURRENT MAINTAINED  TYPES	
CURRENT MEMBER	
CURRENT OPTIMIZATION HINT	
CURRENT PACKAGE PATH	
CURRENT PACKAGESET	
_CURRENT PATH_	
OTATA	
CURRENT PRECISION	
CURRENT REFRESH AGE	
CURRENT ROUTINE VERSION	
CURRENT RULES	
_CURRENT SCHEMA	
CURRENT SCHEMA	
CURRENT SERVER	
CURRENT SQLID	
_CURRENT TIME	
CONNENT TIME	
CURRENT TIME	
_CURRENT TIMESTAMP	
CORRENT TIMESTAMP	
CURRENT_TIMESTAMP	
· · ·	
CURRENT TIMEZONE	
SESSION_USER	
_USER	
ariables	
nables	
st-identifier	
st-identifier   _INDICATOR_     _:host-identifier_	

DB2 UDB V8 for Z/OS 20



_SECOND	
_SECONDS	
_MICROSECONI	>
_MICROSECONI	os_

#### CASE expressions

•	_ELSE NULL
>CASEsearched-when-clause	-1
i	_ELSEresult-expression_
>END	>
searched-when-clause:	
<	
>WHENsearch-conditionTHEN	result-expression >  _NULL
	_NULL
simple-when-clause:	
<expressionwhenexpression< td=""><td>TUEN regult-evareagion</td></expressionwhenexpression<>	TUEN regult-evareagion
>expressionwhenexpression	_NULL
CAST	
>CAST(expressionA	C data time \
A	.bdata-type/
parameter-marker_	
data-type:	
>built-in-data-typ  _schema   _distinct-type-na	PE>
_schema   _distinct-type-na	.me_
built-in data-type:	
**	
>SMALLINT  	>
_INT	
_BIGINT   (5,0)	
DECIMAL	
_DEC	_
_(34)_	
_DECFLOAT_	
_(53)	
FLOAT	
PRECISION_	
_ _DOUBLE     (1 OCTETS)	
CHARACTER	
	_CCSIDASCII
_CHAR	
	CCSID_ integer
CHARACTER LARGE OBJECT	/_ _
_CHAR   (_lob-len_)	)_    _CCSID_ASCII   _FOR_SBCSDATA_
CLOB	_EBCDIC
	CCSID_ integer
(1 CODEUNITS16)_   GRAPHIC	
	L GGGTD AGGTT

DB2<sup>®</sup> 9 for z/OS

#### DB2® V9 for z/OS Reference Guide

VARGRAPHIC(length)	
BINARY VARYING _(integer)     VARBINARY   (1M)	
_BINARY LARGE OBJECT	
DATE   _TIME   _TIMESTAMP_    ROWID	
XML_	
length:	
>_integer  _CODEUNITS16_	>
_CODEUNITS32_   _OCTETS	
Lob-length:	
>_integer	>
NEXT VALUE expression	
>NEXT VALUE FOR sequence-name	>
PREVIOUS VALUE expression	
>PREVIOUS VALUE FOR sequence-name	>
ROW CHANGE expression	
>_ROW CHANGETIMESTAMPFORtable-designator TOKEN	>
OLAP	
>ranking-specification  _numbering-specification_	>
<pre>ranking-specification: &gt;RANK()_OVER_(window-order-cla  _DENSE_RANK_ </pre>	use_)_>

numbering-specification:
>ROW_NUMBER()_OVER_(window-order-clause_)_>
_window-partition-clause_  window-partition-clause:
<_,
>_PARTITION BY partition-expression >
window-order-clause:
<_,
NULLS LAST  ASC       >_ORDER BYsort-key-expression        ASC NULLS FIRST  NULLS FIRST  DESC_     _  DESC_NULLS LAST
Predicates
>basic predicate>
Basic predicate
>>expression_ =expression><
_<>
Quantified predicate         >>expression =SOME(fullselect1)>           _ANY            _<>  _ALL            _<<
BETWEEN predicate
>expressionBETWEENexpression_ANDexpression><

LNOT\_ DISTINCT predicate \_expression\_IS\_\_\_\_ \_DISTINCT FROM\_\_expression\_\_\_\_\_ |\_(row-value-expression)\_IS\_\_\_\_DISCTINCT FROM\_(row-value-expression)\_| |\_NOT\_| **EXISTS** predicate >\_\_EXISTS(fullselect)\_\_\_\_ IN predicate LIKE predicate \_\_\_\_\_LIKE\_\_pattern-expression\_\_\_\_\_> >\_\_match-expression\_\_\_ \_ESCAPE\_\_escape-expression\_| NULL predicate >\_\_expression\_\_IS\_ \_NULL **XMLEXISTS** >\_XMLEXISTS\_(\_xquery-expression-constant\_\_\_ \_BY REF\_ |\_PASSING\_|\_\_\_\_|xquery-argument\_ xquery-argument >\_\_xquery-context-item-expression\_\_\_ \_xquery-context-item-expression\_AS\_identifier\_| Search conditions \_\_\_predicate\_ |\_NOT\_| |\_(search-condition)\_| \_\_\_predicate\_\_\_

DB2® 9 for z/OS 25

|\_OR\_\_| |\_NOT\_| |\_(search-condition)\_|

#### **Column Functions**

# AVG \_expression)\_\_\_ **CORRELATION** >\_CORRELATION(expression-1, expression-2)\_\_\_\_\_ COUNT COUNT\_BIG >\_COUNT\_BIG( COVARIANCE or COVARIANCE\_SAMP >\_\_COVARIANCE\_\_\_\_(expression-1, expression-2)\_\_\_\_> \_COVARIANCE\_SAMP\_| MAX \_\_MAX(\_|\_\_\_\_|\_expression)\_ |\_DISTINCT\_| MIN STDDEV STDDEV\_SAMP \_\_ALL\_\_\_\_ >\_\_STDDEV\_SAMP(\_| \_\_\_\_| \_expression)\_\_\_\_\_\_> |\_DISTINCT\_|

SUM



# **VARIANCE or VARIANCE SAMP** \_VARIANCE\_ \_expression)\_ \_VARIANCE\_SAMP\_| \_DISTINCT\_ **XMLAGG** >\_\_\_\_XMLAGG(XML-expression\_\_\_ \_ORDER BY\_sort-key\_ sort-key \_DESC\_ column-name \_expression\_| **Scalar functions** ABS >\_\_ABS(numeric-expression)\_\_\_\_\_ **ACOS** >\_\_ACOS(numeric-expression)\_\_\_ **ADD MONTHS** >\_\_ADD\_MONTHS(expression,numeric-expression)\_\_\_\_ >\_ASCII(string-expression)\_\_\_\_\_ ASCII\_CHR >\_ASCII\_CHR(expression)\_\_\_ ASCII\_STR >\_ASCII\_CHR(string-expression)\_\_\_\_\_ >\_\_ASIN(numeric-expression)\_\_\_\_\_ **ATAN** >\_\_ATAN(numeric-expression)\_\_\_\_\_ **ATANH** >\_\_ATANH(numeric-expression)\_\_\_ ATAN2 >\_\_ATAN2(numeric-expression1,numeric-expression2)\_\_\_ **BIGINT** Numeric to Big Integer: >\_BIGINT(numeric-expression\_

>_BIGINT(string-expression>
BLOB
> BLOB(expression ) >
>BLOB(expression)>
BINARY
>_BINARY(string-expression)>
_,_integer_
CCSID_ENCODING
>CCSID_ENCODING(expression)>
CEILING
>CEILING(expression)>
CHAR
Datetime to Character:
>CHAR(datetime-expression)>  _,ISO   _USA   _EUR   _JIS   _LOCAL_
Character to Character:
>CHAR(character-expression)>  ,_integer
,CODEUNITS16_   _, _CODEUNITS32_   _OCTETS
Graphic to Character:
>CHAR(graphic-expression)>
Integer to Character: >CHAR(integer-expression)>
Decimal to Character: >CHAR(decimal-expression)>
Decimal floating-Point to Character: >CHAR(decimal-floating-point-expression)>
Floating-Point to Character: >CHAR(floating-point-expression)>
Row ID to Character: >CHAR(row-ID-expression)>

28 DB2<sup>®</sup> 9 for z/OS

### CHARACTER\_LENGTH Character sting: >\_\_CHARACTER\_LENGTH(character-expression\_\_,\_ CODEUNITS16\_ \_CODEUNITS32\_ \_OCTETS\_ Graphic string: >\_\_CHARACTER\_LENGTH(graphic-expression\_\_,\_\_CODEUNITS16\_ |\_CODEUNITS32\_| CLOB Character to CLOB: >\_\_CLOB(character-expression \_,\_integer |\_,|\_CODEUNITS16\_ \_CODEUNITS32\_ \_OCTETS\_ GRAPHIC to CLOB: >\_\_CLOB(graphic-expression\_ \_,\_integer |\_,|\_CODEUNITS16\_ \_CODEUNITS32\_ **COALESCE** \_\_COALESCE\_\_\_(expression\_\_,expression|\_)\_\_ COLLATION\_KEY >\_\_COLLATION\_KEY(string-expression, collation-name COMPARE\_DECFLOAT >\_\_COMPAR\_DECFLOAT(decfloat-expression1,decfloat-expression2\_ **CONCAT** \_\_CONCAT\_\_\_\_(expression1,expression2)\_ |\_"||"\_\_\_| cos >\_\_COS(numeric-expression)\_ **COSH** >\_\_COSH(numeric-expression)\_ DATE >\_\_DATE(expression)\_\_ DAY >\_\_DAY(expression)\_

	-
DAYOFMONTH	
>DAYOFMONTH(expression)	
DAYOFWEEK	
>DAYOFWEEK(expression)	
DAYOFWEEK_ISO	
>DAYOFWEEK_ISO(expression)>	
DAYOFYEAR	
>DAYOFYEAR(expression)>	
DAYS	
>DAYS(expression)>	
DBCLOB	
Character to DBCLOB:	
>DBCLOB(character-expression)>  ,_integer	
_, _CODEUNITS16_	
_CODEUNITS32_	
GRAPHIC to DBCLOB	
>_DBCLOB(graphic-expression)>	
>DBCLOB(graphic-expression)>  ,_integer	
_, _CODEUNITS16_   _CODEUNITS32_	
_005101110512_	
DECFLOAT	
numeric to DECFLOAT:	
_	
string to DECFLOAT: ,34_	
>DEC_FLOAT _(_string-expression  )>	
DECFLOAT_SORTKEY	
>_DECFLOAT_SORTKEY_ (_decfloat-expression_)>	
DECIMAL or DEC	
<pre>Jumeric to decimal: &gt;DECIMAL(numeric-expression)&gt;</pre>	
>DECIMAL(numeric-expression)>  _DEC	
_scale_  String to decimal:	
>_DECIMAL_(string-expression)>  _DEC	
,decimal-char_	

#### **DECRYPT** \_DECRYPT\_BINARY\_ \_\_(encrypted-expression \_ \_DECRYPT\_BIT\_ \_DECRYPT\_CHAR\_ \_DECRYPT\_DB\_ \_\_\_\_\_password-string-expression\_ | |\_,\_\_ccsid-constant\_ **DEGREES** >\_\_DEGREES(expression)\_ **DIFFERENCE** >\_\_DIFFERENCE(expression1, expression2)\_\_\_ **DIGITS** >\_\_DIGITS(expression)\_ DOUBLE or DOUBLE\_PRECISION \_numeric-expression\_ \_DOUBLE\_PRECISION\_| |\_string-expression\_\_| DSN\_XMLVALIDATE CLOB input with an XML schema name: >\_\_DSN\_XMLVALIDATE(clob-expression, varchar-expression\_\_\_)\_ CLOB input with namespace and location hint URIs: >\_\_DSN\_XMLVALIDATE(clob-expression, varchar-expression1, varcharexpression1)\_ BLOB input with an XML schema name: >\_\_DSN\_XMLVALIDATE(blob-expression, varchar-expression\_\_\_)\_\_ ${\tt BLOB}$ input with namespace and location hint URIs: >\_\_DSN\_XMLVALIDATE(blob-expression, varchar-expression1, varcharexpression1)\_ Varchar input with an XML schema name: >\_\_DSN\_XMLVALIDATE(varchar-expression, varchar-expression\_\_\_)\_\_ Varchar input with namespace and location hint URIs: >\_DSN\_XMLVALIDATE(varhchar-expression1,varchar-expression2,varcharexpressn3)\_> EBCDIC\_CHR >>\_\_EBCDIC(expression)\_ EBCDIC STR >>\_\_EBCDIC\_STR(string-expression)\_\_\_

ENCRYPT
>>ENCRYPT_TDES(data-string-expression>
>
EXP
>_EXP(numeric-expression)>
EXTRACT
<pre>Extract date values: &gt;_EXTRACT(_YEAR)_FROMdate-expression)&gt;</pre>
>_EXTRACT(HOUR)_FROMtime-expression)>
FLOAT
>FLOAT(numeric-expression)>
FLOOR
>FLOOR(numeric-expression)>
GENERATE UNIQUE
>GENERATE_UNIQUE()>
GETHINT
>GETHINT(encrypted-data)>
GETVARIABLE
>GETVARIABLE(string-constant
GRAPHIC
Character to Graphic: >GRAPHIC(character-expression)>  ,_integer   ,_CODEUNITS16
Graphic to Graphic:  >GRAPHIC(graphic-expression)>   ,_integer   ,_CODEUNITS16   _CODEUNITS32_
HEX
>HEX(expression)>

HOUR	
>HOUR(expression)>	
IDENTITY_VAL_LOCAL()	
>IDENTITY_VAL_LOCAL()>	
IFNULL	
>IFNULL(expression,expression)>	
INSERT	
>_INSERT(source-string,start,length,insert-string)_>	•
INTEGER or INT	
>INTEGER(numeric-expression)>	
JULIAN_DAY	
>JULIAN_DAY(expression)>	
LAST_DAY	
>LAST_DAY(date-expression)>	
<pre>LCASE or LOWER &gt;LCASE(expression)&gt;  _LOWER_ </pre>	
LEFT	
Character string: >_LEFT(character-expression,length)>  ,_CODEUNITS16   _CODEUNITS32_   _OCTETS	
Graphic string:	
>_LEFT(graphic-expression,length)>	
_CODEUNITS32_  Binary string: >_LEFT(binary-expression,length)>  ,_CODEUNITS16   _CODEUNITS32_	
LENGTH	
>LENGTH(expression)>	
LN	
>LN(numeric-expression)>	
LOCATE	
>_LOCATE(search-string,source-string)>	

552 02001	.01010110
_CODEUNITS32_   _OCTETS	
LOCATE_IN_STRING	
>_LOCATE(source-string,search-string	_>
_,_start   _,instance_	
>)	_><
_,_CODEUNITS16   _CODEUNITS32_   _OCTETS	
LOG10	
>LOG10(numeric-expression)	_>
LOWER	
>_LOWER(string-expression))  _,_locale-name_   _,_integer_	_>
LPAD	
>LPAD(string-expression,integer)	_>
LTRIM >LTRIM(string-expression)	
	_^
MAX	
<	_>
MICROSECOND	
>_MICROSECOND(expression)	>
-	
MIDNIGHT_SECONDS >MIDNIGHT_SECONDS(expression)	
MIN	
<	_>
MINUTE	_
>_MINUTE(expression)	>
MOD >MOD(numeric-expression1,numeric-expression2)	
MONTH	
>MONTH(expression)	_>
MONTHS_BETWEEN	
>MONTHS_BETWEEN(expression1,expression2)	_>

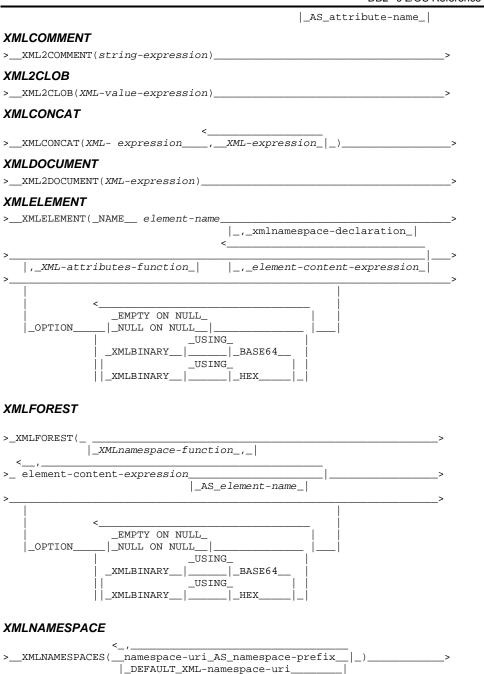
NEXT_DAY
>NEXT_DAY(expression,string-expression)>
NORMALIZE_DECFLOAT
>NORMALIZE_DECFLOAT(decfloat-expression)>
NORMALIZE_STRING
NFC >NORMALIZE_STRING(unicode-string,_/_NFD/  _NFKC_   _,_integer_   _NFKD_
NULLIF
>NULLIF(expression,expression)>
OVERLAY
>_OVERLAY(source-string>
>_PLACING_insert-string_FROM_startUSINGCODEUNITS16)>
POSITION
>_POSTITION(search-string,source-string_,_ CODEUNITS16)>  _CODEUNITS32_   _OCTETS
POSSTR
>POSSTR(source-string,search-string)>
POWER
>POWER(numeric-expression1,numeric-expression2)>
QUANTIZE
>QUANTIZE(numeric-expression,exp-expression)>
QUARTER
>_QUARTER(expression)>
RADIANS
>RADIANS(numeric-expression)>
RAISE ERROR
>RAISE_ERROR(sqlstate,diagnostic-string)>
RAND
>_RAND()>  _expression_
_expression_

REAL	
>REAL(numeric-expression)	>
_string-expression	
REPEAT	
>REPEAT(string-expression,integer)	>
REPLACE	
>REPLACE(source-string, search-string, replace-string)	>
RID	
>RID(table-designator)	>
RIGHT	
>RIGHT(string-expression,length);  ,_CODEUNITS16   _CODEUNITS32_   _OCTETS	>
ROUND	
>ROUND(numeric-expression1,numeric-expression2)	>
ROUND_TIMESTAMP	
>ROUND_TIMESTAMP(timestamp-expression;  ,format-string_	>
_,format-string_	
ROWID	
>ROWID(expression)	>
RPAD	
>RPAD(string-expression,integer):  _,_pad_	>
RTRIM	
>RTRIM(string-expression)	>
SECOND	
>SECOND(expression)	>
SIGN	
>SIGN(numeric-expression)	>
SIN	
>SIN(numeric-expression)	>
SINH	
>SINH(numeric-expression)	>
SMALLINT	
>SMALLINT(numeric-expression)  _string-expression	>

SOUNDEX
>SOUNDEX(expression)>
SOAPHTTPC and SOAPHTTPV
>SOAPHTTPC(endpoint_url, soap_action, soap_body)>  _SOAPHTTPV_
SPACE
>SPACE(numeric-expression)>
SQRT
>SQRT(numeric-expression)>
STRIP
>_STRIP(string-expression)>  ,BOTH   ,B
SUBSTR
>SUBSTR(string-expression,start)>  ,length_
SUBSTRING
Character: >_SUBSTRING(character-expression,start,,_CODEUNITS16)_>  _,length_
Graphic: >_SUBSTRING(graphic-expression, start,,_CODEUNITS16)>
Binary: >_SUBSTRING(binary-expression,start,)>
TAN
TAN
>TAN(numeric-expression)>
TANH
>TANH(numeric-expression)>
TIME
>TIME(expression)>
TIMESTAMP
>TIMESTAMP(expression)>

TIMESTAMPADD
>TIMESTAMPADD(interval, number, timestamp)>
TIMESTAMP_FORMAT
>TIMESTAMP_FORMAT(string-expression,format-string)>
TIMESTAMP_ISO
>_TIMESTAMP_ISO(expression)>
TIMEGTAMPDIE
<pre>TIMESTAMPDIFF &gt;TIMESTAMPDIFF(numeric-expression,string-expression)&gt;</pre>
>IIMESTAMEDIFF (Numeric expression, string-expression)
TOTALORDER
>TOTALORDER(decfloat-expression1,decfloat-expression2)>
TRANSLATE
>_TRANSLATE(expression)_>
TRANSLATE (expression
_,pad-character_
TRUNCATE
>TRUNCATE(numeric-expression1,numeric-expression2)>
TRUNC_TIMESTAMP
>TRUNC_TIMESTAMP_(expression1)>
_,format-string_
UCASE or UPPER
>UCASE(string-expression)>  _UPPER_
_UPPER_   ,_locale-name_   ,_integer_
UNICODE
>UNICODE(string-expression)>
UNICODE_STR
,UTF-8_
>UNICODE_STR_(string-expression)_   > UNICODE_STR_(string-expression)_ _,UTF16_
VALUE
<
>VALUE_(expression_, expression_ _)>
VARBINARY
>VARCHAR(string-expression)>
1

# **VARCHAR** Varchar to Character: >\_\_\_VARCHAR(character-expression \_,\_integer \_CODEUNITS16\_ CODEUNITS32 \_OCTETS\_ Graphic to Varchar: >\_\_\_VARCHAR(graphic-expression \_,\_integer \_CODEUNITS16\_ \_CODEUNITS32\_ Datetime to Varchar: >\_\_\_VARCHAR(datetime-expression\_ Integer to Varchar: >\_\_VARCHAR(integer-expression)\_ Decimal to Varchar: >\_\_\_VARCHAR(decimal-expression |\_,\_\_decimal-character\_| Decimal floating-Point to Varchar: >\_\_VARCHAR(decimal-floating-point-expression)\_ Floating-Point to Varchar: >\_\_VARCHAR(floating-point-expression)\_\_ Row ID to Varchar: >\_\_VARCHAR(row-ID-expression)\_\_\_ VARCHAR\_FORMAT >\_\_VARCHAR\_FORMAT(expression,format-string)\_\_ **VARGRAPHIC** Character to Vargraphic: >\_\_\_VARGRAPHIC(character-expression\_ \_,\_integer\_ \_,\_\_CODEUNITS16\_| |\_CODEUNITS32\_| Graphic to Vargraphic: >\_\_\_VARGRAPHIC(graphic-expression \_,\_integer\_\_ \_\_\_\_CODEUNITS16\_| \_CODEUNITS32\_ WEEK >\_\_WEEK(expression)\_ WEEK\_ISO >\_\_WEEK\_ISO(expression)\_ **XMLATTRIBUTES** >\_\_XMLATTRIBUTES(\_attribute-value-expression\_



XMLPARSE
STRIP WHITESPACE
XMLPI
>_XMLPI(NAME_pi-name)
,_string-expression_
XMLQUERY
>_XMLQUERY(xquery-expression-constant)>
_BY REF_    _PASSING_  _xquery-argument_  BY REF
_RETURNING SEQUENCE_  EMPTY ON EMPTY_ >-
<pre>Xquery-argument: &gt;xquery-context-item-expression&gt;   _,           </pre>
XMLSERIALIZE
CONTENT >_XMLSERIALIZE(_  _XML-expression AS data-type>
<
VERSION'I.U'
EXCLUDING XMLDECLARATION    _INCLUDING XMLDECLARATION
data-type:
>
XMLTEXT
>_XMLTEXT(_string-expression)>
YEAR
>_YEAR(expression)>

# Queries

#### subselect

```
>>__select-clause__from-clause_
                                |_where-clause_|
      |_group-by-clause_| |_having-clause_|
      |_order-by-clause_| |_fetch-first-clause_|
select-clause
    SELECT
               DISTINCT
          expression_
                        _AS_
                      _____________column-name__
             _table-name_
           _view-name_
           _correlation-name_
from-clause:
>>___FROM___table-reference_
table-reference:
>>____single-table_
|_nested-table-expression_
       _table-function-reference_
       _data-change-table-reference_
       _joined-table_
       _table-locator-reference_
single-table:
>>___table-name_
   _view-name_
                                 _| |_correlation-clause_|
table-locator-reference:
>>__TABLE_(_table-locator-variable_LIKE_table-name_)
                                                     |_correlation-name_|
nested-table-expression:
>>_____(fullselect)__correlation-clause_____
   _TABLE_
table-function-reference:
>>_TABLE_(function-name(_
```

42 DB2® 9 for z/OS

\_expression\_

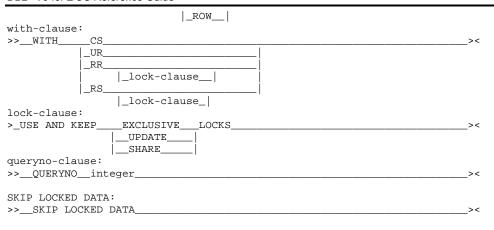
\_\_TABLE\_\_transition\_table\_name\_|

# DB2® V9 for z/OS Reference Guide

BEL VOIGI EI GOT KOIGI GIOGO GAIAG
>table-UDF-cardinality-clause) > >correlation-clause ><
<pre>table-UDF-cardinality-clause: &gt;&gt;_CARDINALITYinteger-constant&gt;&lt;</pre>
<pre>data-change-table-reference: &gt;&gt;FINAL_TABLE_(INSERT statement)</pre>
correlation-clause: _AS_
>>  correlation-name><
joined-table:
INNER
For INNER, LEFT OUTER, and RIGHT OUTER joins: >>_search-condition><
For FULL OUTER joins: < AND
>>full-join-expression_=_full-join-expression_ ><
full-join-expression: >>column-name
<pre>where-clause: &gt;&gt;_WHEREsearch-condition&gt;</pre>
group-by-clause: <_,
>>GROUP BYgrouping-expression_ ><
having-clause: >>_HAVINGsearch-condition><
order-by-clause: <_,

_ASC   >_ORDER BYsort-key_   _	_><
sort-key: >column-name  _integer   _expression	_><
fetch-first-clause:1 >>FETCH FIRST  ROWONLY	_><
fullselect	
>subselect	>
>  _order-by-clause_   _fetch-first-clause_	><
select-statement:	
>  _WITHcommon-table-expression_	>
>fullselect	>
common-table-expression: >common-table-expression-name	>
>(fullselect)	_><
read-only-clause: >>FOR_READ_ONLY	_><
update-clause:	
<_,	_><
optimize-for-clause: >>OPTIMIZE FORintegerROWS	_><
44 DB2	2® 9 for z/O

S



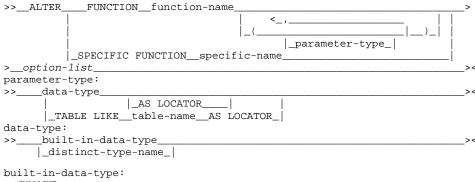
### **Statements**

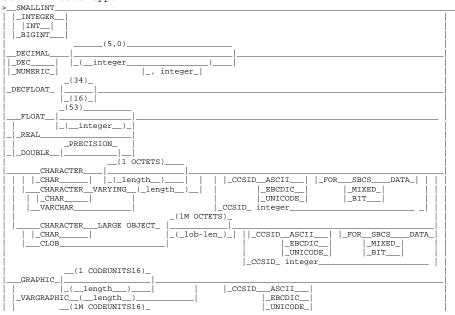
### **ALLOCATE CURSOR**

>>\_\_ALLOCATE\_\_cursor-name\_CURSOR FOR RESULT SET\_\_rs-locator-variable\_\_\_\_>

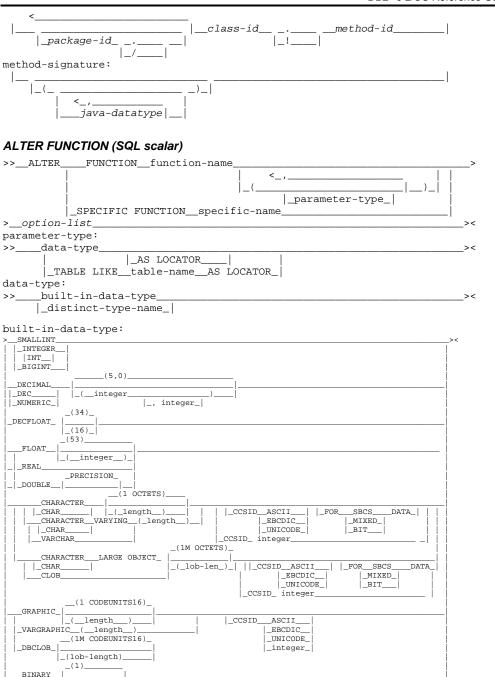
#### **ALTER DATABASE**

## **ALTER FUNCTION (external)**





_DBCLOB_	
_(lob-length)	
(1)	
_(integer)_	
BINARY VARYING _(integer)     VARBINARY	
(1M)	
DATE   _TIME	
_TIMESTAMP_    ROWID	
_ROWID	
options-list	
>> EXTERNAL LANGUAGE ASSEMBLE >	
_C	
NAME'string' COBOL	
_identifier	
DADAMETED CTVIE COI NOT DETERMINICATO	
>PARAMETER STYLESQL	
>RETURNS NULL ON NULL INPUTCONTAINS SQL>	
CALLED ON NULL INPUT   READS SQL DATA	
_MODIFIES SQL DATA	
NO FAMILIAN NO CONTROLL	
>NO EXTERNAL ACTIONNO SCRATCHPAD> EXTERNAL ACTION  SCRATCHPADlength	
>_PACKAGE PATH package path>	
_NO PACKAGEPATH	
>NO FINAL CALLALLOW PARALLELNO DBINFO>	
_FINAL CALL   _DISALLOW PARALLEL_   _DBINFO	
>CARDINALITYintegerNO COLLID> COLLIDcollection-id_	
>_WLM ENVIRONMENTname	
>_ASUTIMENO LIMITSTAY RESIDENTNO>	
_LIMITinteger_   _YES_	
>PROGRAM TYPESUBSECURITYDB2>   MAIN   USER	
_MAIN_	
>_ STOP AFTER SYSTEM DEFAULT FAILURES>	
_STOP AFTER-integer-FAILURES	
CONTINUE AFTER FAILURE	
>_RUN OPTIONSrun-time-options>	
>INHERIT SPECIAL REGISTERS STATIC DISPATCH><	
TREE OF BETTE WEGISTERS	
external-java-routine-name	
method-name	
_jar-name:_   _method-signature_	
jar-name	
method-name:	



_VARBINARY
_BLOB   _(integer)  
DATE   TIME
TIMESTAMP_
option-list:
>>_LANGUAGE SQLNOT DETERMINISTIC>   _DETERMINISTIC
>>  _EXTERNAL ACTION
_NO EXTERNAL ACTION_   _READS SQL DATA_
>_STATIC DISPATCHCALLED ON NULL INPUT><
ALTER INDEX
>>_ALTER INDEXindex-name>
_REGENERATE_  <
> _>
BUFFERPOOLbpname   _CLOSE
COPYNO   _YES_
_YES_   _PIECESIZEintegerK
  _M_   _G_
_using-block
_free-block   _gbpcache-block
CLUSTER
NOT CLUSTER_
COMPRESS NO     _COMPRESS YES_
_COMPRESS YES_    NOT PADDED
_ASC
_ADD COLUMN_(column name_  _)_   _DESC   _RANDOM_
>>
\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
<
_ALTER partition-element

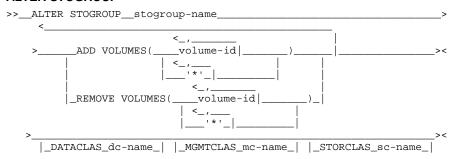
_using-block   _free-block   _gbpcache-block_	
using-block	
<pre></pre>	_><
<	
>>FREEPAGEinteger	_><
partition-element >>PARTITIONinteger	
REXX   REXX   REXX   GENERAL	

_DBINFO	
NO COLLID	
NO COMMID    _COLLIDcollection-id_	
1 1 = = 1	
WLM ENVIRONMENTname	
_(name,*)_	
_ASUTIMENO LIMIT	
_LIMITinteger_	
_STAY RESIDENTNO	
_YES_	
_PROGRAM TYPESUB	
_SECURITYDB2_	
_DEFINER_	
_RUN OPTIONSrun-time-options	
_COMMIT ON RETURNNO	
_YES_	
_ INHERIT SPECIAL REGISTERS	
DEFAULT SPECIAL REGISTERS	
CALLED ON NULL INPUT	
STOP AFTER SYSTEM DEFAULT FAILURES	
STOP AFTER integer FAILURES	
· !-	
CONTINUE AFTER FAILURE	
DISALLOW DEBUG MODE	
_ALLOW DEBUG MODE	
_DISABLE DEBUG MODE	
external-java-routine-name	
_jar-name:_   _method-signature_	
jar-id	1
·	
method-name	
<u> </u>	
_package-id	
_/	
method-signature	
-\-  -/-	
:	
java-datatype	
ALTER PROCEDURE (SQL - external)	
>>ALTER PROCEDUREprocedure-nameoption-list	>
<	
>DYNAMICRESULTSETSinteger	><
_identifier_	
NOT DETERMINISTIC	
1——	
_DETERMINISTIC	
CONTAINS SQL	
_READS SQL DATA	

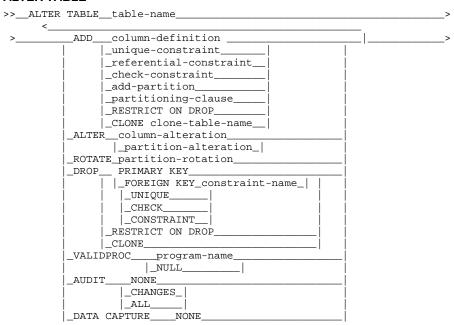
_MODIFIES SQL DATA_
NO COLLID
COLLID_collection-id_
WLM ENVIRONMENTname   (name,*)_
_ASUTIMENO LIMIT
_LIMITinteger_
STAY RESIDENTNO   YES
PROGRAMTYPE SUB
_SECURITYDB2
_RUN OPTIONSrun-time-options
_COMMIT ON RETURNNO
_ INHERIT SPECIAL REGISTERS   DEFAULT SPECIAL REGISTERS
STOP AFTER SYSTEM DEFAULT FAILURES
STOP AFTER integer FAILURES
_CONTINUE AFTER FAILURE
ALTER PROCEDURE (SQL - native)
>_ALTER PROCEDUREprocedure-name>
1
_ALTERACTIVE VERSION _option-list><
_ACTIVE VERSION
_REPLACE_  _routine-specification
VERSION routine-version-id   _ADD VERSIONroutine-version-id routine-specification
_ACTIVATE VERSION_routine-version-id
_ACTIVE VERSION
_REGENERATE
VERSIONroutine-version-id_   _DROP_VERSIONroutine-version-id
_broi variation_loadine verbion id
Routine-specification:
>SQL-routine-body_>
_option-list_
_()_
<
_parameter decidration  _
ALTER SEQUENCE
>> ALTER SEQUENCE sequence-name >
>>_ALTER SEQUENCEsequence-name>
>RESTART

```
|_INCREMENT BY__numeric-constant_____
|_NO MINVALUE_______
|_MINVALUE___numeric-constant__|
|_NO MAXVALUE_________
|_MAXVALUE___numeric-constant__|
|_NO CYCLE______|
|_CYCLE_____|
|_CYCLE_____|
|_CACHE____integer-constant__|
|_NO ORDER________
```

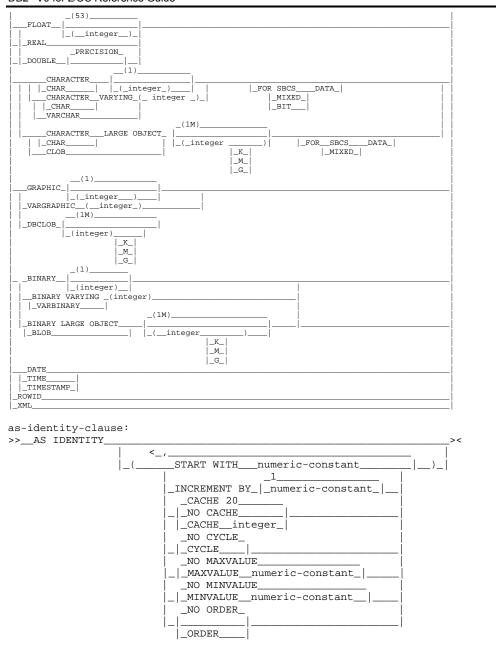
#### **ALTER STOGROUP**



#### **ALTER TABLE**



_CARDINALITY_
NOT_VOLATILE
_VOLATILE    MATERIALIZED
MATERIADIZED_
_ MATERIALIZED_
_DROP_  _QUERY  MATERIALIZED_
MAIERIABIZED_  _ALTER_  QUERYmqt-alt_
_RENAME COLUMN source-column-name
_TO target-column-name
column-definition:
_COLUMN_
>>
<
> ><    _NOT NULL
_WITH_
CURRENT SQLID
NULL_
_cast-function-name_(_constant)_
SESSION_USER
NULL
_GENERATEDALWAYS
_BY DEFAULT_   _as-identity-clause_
as-row-change-timestamp-cls_
_references-clause
FIELDPROCprogram-name
_AS SECURITY LABEL
data-type:
>>built-in-data-type><
_distinct-type-name
built in time:
<pre>built-in-type: &gt;_SMALLINT</pre>
_INTEGER        INT
_BIGINT
(5,0)
_DEC
_NUMERIC_
-//-

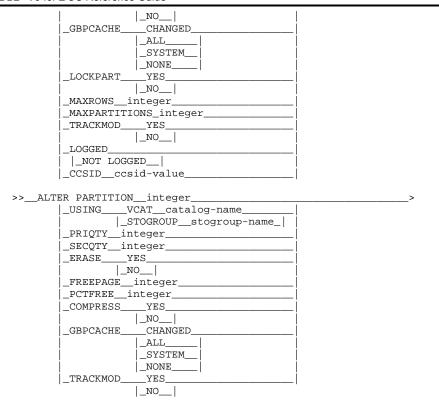


as-row-change-timestamp-clause:

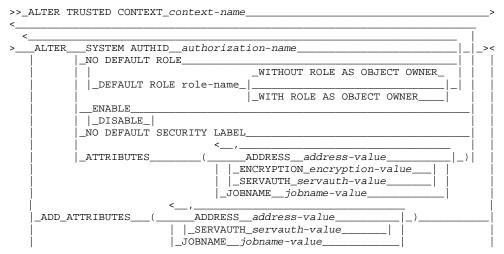
>>FOR EACH ROW ON UPDATE AS ROW CHANGE TIMESTAMP> unique-constraint:	
>>PRIMARY KEY(column-name _)><  _CONSTRAINTconstraint-name_   _UNIQUE	
referential-constraint: <_,	
references-clause: >>_REFERENCEStable-name>	
<_,	
_ON DELETERESTRICT   _NO ACTION_   _CASCADE   _SET NULL	
_ENFORCED	
_CONSTRAINTconstraint-name_  add-partition:	
<pre>partitioning-clause:</pre>	
>>_PARTITION_BY_  (partition-expression_ _)	
partitioning-expression:    NULLS LAST_	
partition-element:	
_AT_	
partition-alteration:  _AT_	
_MAXVALUE_   column-alteration: _COLUMN_ >>-  _column-name_SET_DATA_TYPE_altered-data-type><	

222 10 10. 2 00 110.000 00.00	
	i
identity-alteration_	-¦
addition_   _generation_alteration_	-1
altered-data-type:	
artered data type.	
>_SMALLINT	<
INTEGER	
INT	
_BIGINT	
DECIMAL	
_DEC	
_NUMERIC_	
(34)    _DECFLOAT	
_(53)	
FLOAT	
PRECISION_	
DOUBLE	
(1)	
_CHAR	
CHARACTER_VARYING_(_integer_)  _MIXED_	
_CHAR	
VARCHAR	
_CHAR	
CLOB	
GRAPHIC_	
_(_integer)	
_VARGRAPHIC(_integer_)  (1)	
BINARY	
_(integer)	
BINARY VARYING _(integer)	
_VARBINARY	
generation-alteration:	
_BY DEFAULT_	
identity-aleration:	
>>_RESTART ><	
_WITH_numeric-constant	
SET INCREMENT BYnumeric-constant	
SET_NO MINVALUE	
_MINVALUE_numeric-constant	
_SETNO MAXVALUE	
MAXVALUE_numeric-constant	
_SET_NO CYCLE	
CYCLE_numeric-constant	
_SETNO ORDER	
partition-rotation:	
_AT_	

>>PAR'	TITION FIRST TO LASTENDING	>
	<_,	
>(	constant_ _)_ RESET	><
	_MAXVALUE_    MINVALUE	
I	_MINVALUE_	
material	lized-query-definition:	
	ullselect_) refreshable-table-options	>
	<u> </u>	
refresha	able-table-options:	
>>DATA	A INITIALLY DEFERREDREFRESH DEFERRED	>
<_		
>	MATAMATATED DV GVOMEN	><
	_MAINTAINED BY SYSTEM_	
	-    _MAINTAINED BY USER	
i	_ENABLE QUERY OPTIMIZATION	
į		
·	_DISABLE QUERY OPTIMIZATION_	
	lized-query-table-alteration:	
>>SET	refreshable-table-alterations	>
£b.	able-table-alteration:	
rerresma	<	
>>	MAINTAINED BY SYSTEM	>
	ENABLEQUERY OPTIMIZATION	
	DISABLE_	
AI TER 1	TABLESPACE	
>>ALTE	ER TABLESPACEtable-space-name   _database-name	>
	_uacabase=name	
>	BUFFERPOOL bpname	><
	LOCKSIZE ANY	_
	_TABLE	
	_PAGE	
	_ROW	
	_LOB	
	_LOCKMAXSYSTEM	
	_integer_	
	_CLOSEYES	
	NO	
	_USINGVCATcatalog-name	
	_STOGROUPstogroup-name_	
	_PRIQTYinteger	
	_SECQTYinteger	
	_ERASEYES	
	_NO	
	_FREEPAGEinteger	
	_PCTFREEinteger	
	_COMPRESSYES	



### ALTER TRUSTED CONTEXT



	1
•	
ser-clause: <_,	
>ADD USE FORauthorization-name	><
user-options _   without Authentication_  _PUBLIC	
	'
<pre>_ &lt;_,authorization-name</pre>	
user-options _  _WITHOUT AUTHENTICATION_	
_PUBLIC   _WITH AUTHENTICATION	
Company to the control of the cont	
_DROP USE FORauthorization-name   PUBLIC	
se-options:	
-	
>  _ROLE_role-name_	>
_WITHOUT AUTHENTIC	and the second s
>	_>< ION
ALTER VIEW	
>ALTER VIEWview-nameREGENERATE	>
ASSOCIATE LOCATORS	
_RESULT SET_	
>_ASSOCIATE_   LOCATOR  _LOCATORS_	>
<_,	
(rs-rocator-variable_ )	
WITH PROCEDUREprocedure-name   host-variable	><
_nosc-variable	
BEGIN DECLARE SECTION	
>_BEGIN DECLARE SECTION	><
CALL	
>_CALLprocedure-name	>
_host-variable  >	><
_()_	
0	DB2® 9 for z/OS

## CLOSE

>>\_CLOSE\_cursor-name\_\_\_\_\_><

# **COMMENT ON**

>>	COMMENT ON>
>	_ALIASalias-nameIS_string-constant_><
	_COLUMNtable-namecolumn-name
	view-name
	_TYPEdistinct-type-name
	FUNCTIONfunction-name
ļ	<_,
ļ	
. !	_parameter-type_
!	SPECIFIC FUNCTIONspecific-name
!	_INDEX_ index-name
!	PACKAGE_collection-id.package-name
!	_VERSION Ver-id_
	_PLAN_plan-name
-	_ACTIVE VERSION      _PROCEDURE_procedure-name_
ł	_PROCEDORE_procedure-name_   _VERSION_rt-ver-id
ł	VERSION_IC-VEI-IQ     _SEQUENCE_sequence-name
'	_TABLEtable-name
	_view-name
	TRIGGER_trigger-name
	<_,
	table-name_(_column-nameISstring-constant_ )
para	meter-type
>>	data-type><
	_AS LOCATOR
	ı-type
>>	built-in-data-type><
	_distinct-type-name_
	t-in-data-type
	ALLINT>< NTEGER
	INT_
_E	IGINT
DE	CIMAL
	C
 	MERIC_
_DEC	FLOAT_
-	_(16)_  (53)
F	LOAT_
_	_(integer)_
- -	EAL    PRECISION_
_ _E	OUBLE_

(1) CHARACTER
CHARACTER
(1)
_K_   _M_   _G_  _(1)
BINARY     (integer)    BINARY_VARYING(integer)    VARBINARY
BINARY LARGE OBJECT
_G_  DATE
_TIME   _TIMESTAMP_  ROWID
COMMIT
_WORK_ >COMMIT ><
CONNECT (Type 1 or Type 2)
>>CONNECT><
_TOlocation-name     _host-variable_   _authorization_
_authorization
uthorization >USERhost-variableUSINGhost-variable><
>USEKNOSC-VALIABLEUSINGNOSC-VALIABLE
CREATE ALIAS
>CREATE ALIASalias-nameFORtable-name><  _view-name
CREATE AUXILIARY TABLE
>CREATEAUXILIARYTABLEaux-table-nameIN>
table-space-nameSTOREStable-name>
_database-name

```
_COLUMN__column-name
                                                                                   |_PART__integer_|
 CREATE DATABASE
 >>__CREATE DATABASE__database-name
                            _BUFFERPOOL__bpname
                           _INDEXBP__bpname
                           _AS____WORKFILE
                                                                                               |_FOR__member-name_|
                                                                       _SYSDEFLT_
                             _STOGROUP__|_stogroup-name_|
                          _CCSID_
                                                              _ASCII_
                                                              _EBCDIC
                                                            _UNICODE_
 CREATE FUNCTION (external scalar)
>>__CREATE FUNCTION__function-name
                                                                                                                                           _parameter-declaration_|_
 >__RETURNS_
                                                                                                                                               _option-list_
                                                   _data-type2_
                                                                                               _AS LOCATOR_
                                               _data-type3__CAST FROM__data-type4_
                                                                                                                                                                                      _AS LOCATOR_
parameter-declaration:
                                                                                  _parameter-type
              _parameter-name_|
parameter-type:
                 _data-type_
                                                                       _AS LOCATOR_
               _TABLE LIKE_
                                                                    _table-name_
                                                                                                                      _AS LOCATOR_
                                                              _view-name___
data-type:
 >>____built-in-data-type_
              built-in-data-type:
       _SMALLINT_
       _INTEGER
      BIGINT
                                                     _(5,0)_
       DECIMAL
                                    ____integer_
   _DEC_
    _NUMERIC_
                                                                             _, integer_|
                                    (34)
    _DECFLOAT_
                                 ____|
|_(16)_|
                                _(53)__
          FLOAT
                              _(__integer__)_
                                   PRECISION
                     CHARACTER_
               ____CHARACTER__ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | __ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | ___ | _
                                                                                                                                                                                               _SBCS____DATA_|
|_MIXED_|
```

	_UNICODE_
VARCHAR     (1M)	
CHARACTER LARGE OBJECT	CCSID_ASCII   _FORSBCSDATA_
GRAPHIC	
	DASCII     _EBCDIC
	_UNICODE_   _integer_
BINARY	
BINARY VARYING _(integer)      _VARBINARY     (1M)	
_BINARY LARGE OBJECT     _BLOB   _(integer)_	
DATE	
_TIMESTAMP_   _ROWID_	
option-list: >>	>
_SPECIFIC_specific-name_	<
_PARAMETE	CR CCSID_ ASCII _  
	_VARCHARNULTERM
> EXTERNAL	_STRUCTURE_  LANGUAGE ASSEMBLE >
NAME'string'	
_identifier_	_COBOL   _JAVA
	_OAVA   _PLI
_PARAMETER STYLE DB2SQLNOT DETE	RMINISTICFENCED
>_   _ _  _PARAMETER STYLE JAVA   _DETERMIN	
RETURNS NULL ON NULL INPUT_	_READS SQL DATA
>	_ >  _NO SQL
	_NO SQL   _MODIFIES SQL DATA_
EVTERNAL ACTION NO CODATO	_CONTAINS SQL
_EXTERNAL ACTION NO SCRATCH	
_NO EXTERNAL ACTION_     _SCRATCHPAL	
_NO FINAL CALLALLOW PARALLEL_	_length_  NO DBINFO_

>
COLLIDcollection-id_
_ASUTIME NO LIMITSTAY RESIDENT NO
>
PROGRAM TYPE SUBSECURITY DB2
_STOP AFTER SYSTEM DEFAULT FAILURES  >
_STOP AFTER integer FAILURES   _CONTINUE AFTER FAILURE  >
_RUN OPTIONSrun-time-options_ INHERIT SPECIAL REGISTERSSTATIC DISPATCH
_DEFAULT SPECIAL REGISTERS_  external-java-routine-name
_jar-name:_   _method-signature_  jar-name
method-name
<   class-id . method-id
_/  method-signature
_(
, — · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
CREATE FUNCTION(external table)
>>CREATE FUNCTIONfunction-name>
>_(>
`_,  parameter-declaration_ _  < ,
>RETURNS_TABLE_(_column-name data-type _)_option-list_><  _AS_LOCATOR_
parameter-declaration:
_parameter-name_
parameter-type: >>data-type ><
_TABLE LIKEtable-nameAS LOCATOR_
_view-name  data-type:
>>built-in-data-type><

_distinct-type-name_
puilt-in-data-type:
SMALLINT >
Integer
<u>  187                                   </u>
BIGINT
(5,0)
DECIMAL
DEC (integer)
NUMERIC_
(34)
_DECFLOAT_
_(16)_
_(53)
FLOAT_
DOUBLE
CHARACTER
_CHAR  (_integer_)   CCSIDASCII   _FORSBCSDATA_
CHARACTERVARYING(_integer_)
_CHAR
CHARACTERLARGE OBJECT_
CLOB   EBCDIC   MIXED
UNICODE
(1)
GRAPHIC_
_(integer)
VARGRAPHIC(_ integer_) EBCDIC
(1M)  UNICODE_
_DBCLOB_
_(Integer)   _K_
_(1)
_BINARY_
_(integer)
BINARY VARYING _(integer)
_VARBINARY
(1M)
_BINARY LARGE OBJECT     _BLOB   _(_integer)
L Integer   K
x     _M_
  _G_
DATE
_TIMESTAMP_
ROWID
ption-list:
- >
_SPECIFIC_specific-name_    <
_PARAMETER CCSID_ ASCII _
_UNICODE_
_VARCHARNULTERM
'- <del>-</del>
_STRUCTURE_
EXTERNALLANGUAGEASSEMBLE>
_NAME string'
   JAVA

_PLI
>_
_PARAMETER STYLE JAVA   _DETERMINISTIC
_RETURNS NULL ON NULL INPUTREADS SQL DATA
>_
_CALLED ON NULL INPUT   NO SQL
_CONTAINS SQL  EXTERNAL ACTION NO SCRATCHPAD
BATERNAL ACTIONNO SCRATCHPAD
_length_
_NO PACKAGE PATH
>_ >
_PACKAGE PATH package-path_
_NO FINAL CALLNO DBINFO_
NO COLLID
>_ >
_COLLIDcollection-id_
_(name)_
>>
_CARDINALITY_integer
_ASUTIME NO LIMITSTAY RESIDENT NO > _         >
_PROGRAM TYPE SUBSECURITY DB2
>
_PROGRAM TYPE MAIN_   _SECURITYUSER
DEFINER
_STOP AFTER SYSTEM DEFAULT FAILURES
>_  >
STOP AFTER integer FAILURES
_CONTINUE AFTER FAILURE
_RUN OPTIONSrun-time-options_ INHERIT SPECIAL REGISTERSSTATIC DISPATCH_ >      ><
>_ ><
_DEFAULT SPECIAL REGISTERS_
CREATE FUNCTION (sourced)
•
>>_CREATE FUNCTION_function-name> >(
parameter-declaration_ _
>> RETURNSdata-type2
>>
_SPECIFICspecific-name_   _PARAMETER CCSIDASCII
_EBCDIC
_UNICODE_
>SOURCEfunction-name><

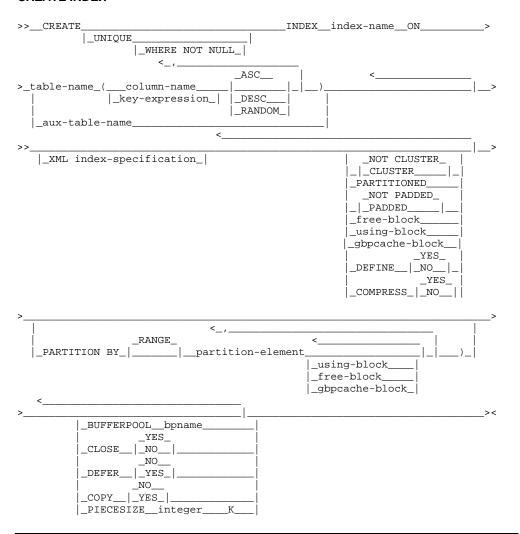
BB2 0200110
_SPECIFICspecific-name
<_,
parameter-type_ _
parameter-declaration:
>>
_parameter-name_
parameter-type:
>>data-type
_AS LOCATOR
_TABLE LIKEtable-nameAS LOCATOR_
_view-name
data-type:
>>built-in-data-type>
_distinct-type-name_  built-in-data-type:
>_SMALLINT
_INTEGER
(5,0)
DECIMAL    _DEC
NUMERIC   _   _, integer
(34)_ DECFLOAT
(53)   FLOAT
FLOAT_
(1)
CHARACTER
CHARACTER_VARYING_(_integer_)
_CHAR
_(1M)
CHARACTERLARGE OBJECT_
CLOB  CCSIDASCII   _FOKSBCSDATA_   CLOB  EBCDIC   _MIXED_
_UNICODE_
(1)  GRAPHIC_
_DBCLOB_
_M_
BINARY
(integer)
BINARY VARYING _(integer)       _VARBINARY
_(1M)
_BINARY LARGE OBJECT        _BLOB   _(integer)
_K_
DATE
TIME

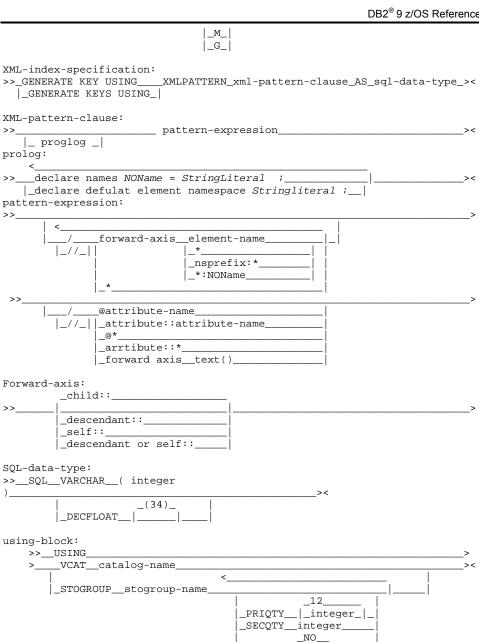
# **CREATE FUNCTION (SQL Scalar)**

>>_CREATE FUNCTION_function-name(
<_,
parameter-declaration_
>RETURNSdata-type2
_option-list
_LANGUAGE SQL_
> option-list RETURN-statement><
parameter-declaration:
>> parameter-namedata-type1><
data-type:
>>built-in-data-type><
_distinct-type-name_  built-in-data-type:
> SMALLINT >-
(5,0)
DECIMAL      DEC
_DEC
_(34)_
DECFLOAT_     (16)_
(53)
FLOAT
PRECISION_
CHARACTER
_CHAR  (_integer_)     _CCSIDASCII   _FORSBCSDATA_      CHARACTERVARYING(_integer_)_  EBCDIC  MIXED_
_CHAR
VARCHAR
CHARACTER_ LARGE OBJECT_
_CHAR   (integer )   _CCSID_ASCII   _FORSBCSDATA_     CLOB
(1)
_VARGRAPHIC(_ integer_)
(1M)   _UNICODE_      _UNICODE_
(integer)
(1)
_(integer)
BINARY VARYING _(integer)
_VARBINARY     (1M)
BINARY LARGE OBJECT
_BLOB   _(integer)    

_M_   _G_	
DATE	
_ROWID	
option-list:	
_SPECIFICspecific-name_   _PARAMETER CCSID_ ASCII   _EBCDIC   _UNICODE_	
_NOT DETERMINISTICEXTERNAL ACTION >	
_DETERMINISTIC	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
CREATE GLOBAL TEMPORARY TABLE	
>>CREATE GLOBAL TEMPORARY TABLE_table-name_(column-spec_ _)>  _LIKEtable-name   _view-name_	
>>  _CCSIDASCII	
_EBCDIC   _UNICODE_	
column-spec: >>columne-name_data-type>	
_NOT NULL_	
data-type: >>built-in-data-type>	
_distinct-type_name_	
built-in-data-type:	
INTEGER_	
_(34)_  _DECFLOAT_	
FLOAT	
(1)	

## **CREATE INDEX**





\_0\_\_\_

free-block:

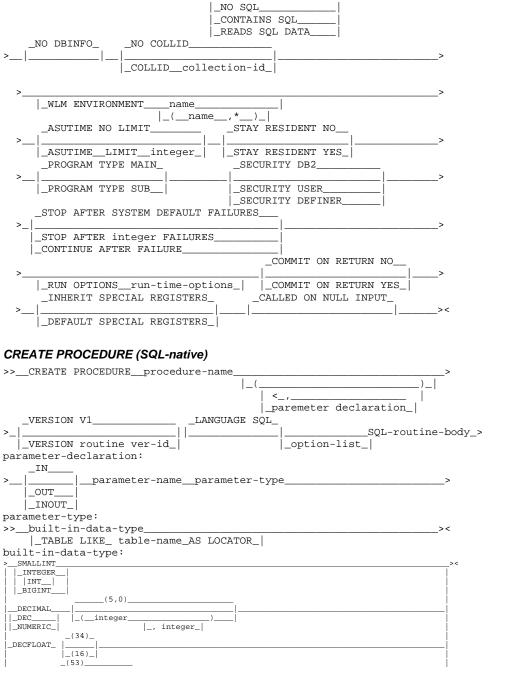
\_ERASE\_\_|\_YES\_|

>>FREEPAGE _integer_	><
_PCTFREE _integer_ _	
gbpcache-block:CHANGED_	
>>_GBPCACHE_ _ALL	><
_NONE	
partition-element:	
_AT_ <_,INCLUSIVE_ >>PARTITIONinteger_ENDING  _(constant_ _)_    _MAXVALUE_   _MINVALUE_	_><
CREATE PROCEDURE (external)	
>>_CREATE PROCEDUREprocedure-name	_>
<	
>(  )option-list  _parameter-declaration_	_><
parameter-declaration:	
_IN	
> _OUT parameter-type	_>
parameter-type:	
>>data-type	_><
_AS LOCATOR	
_TABLE LIKEtable-nameAS LOCATOR_   _view-name	
data-type:	
>>built-in-data-type	_><
_distinct-type-name_	
built-in-data-type: > SMALLINT	><
_INTEGER        INT	
Leigint	
(5,0)	
DEC	
_(34)_	
DECFLOAT_	
(53)   FLOAT	
_ _REAL    PRECISION	
_ _DOUBLE      (1)	
CHARACTER	
_CHAR	
(1M)	
(1) graphic_	

_VARGRAPHIC_(_ integer_)	
_DBCLOB_     _(integer)   _K_	
[_M_]  _G_  _(1)	
BINARY    (integer)	_
_BINARY VARYING _(integer)   _VARBINARY (1M)	
_BINARY LARGE OBJECT	_
_K_   _M_   _G_	
_DATE  _TIME  _TIMESTAMP_	_
ROWID	_
ption-list: _DYNAMIC RESULT SET 0	
>>   DYNAMICRESULTSETinteger_	>
>	>
_EBCDIC	
_STRUCTURE  >EXTERNALLANGUAGEASSEMBLE	>
_identifier_	
_PLI   _REXX	
_PARAMETER STYLE SQL	
  _GENERAL	
GENERAL WITH NULLS   JAVA	
_NOT DETERMINISTICFENCED_	
>      DETERMINISTIC	>
_CALLED ON NULL INPUTMODIFIES SQL DATA_	>
_READS SQL DATA	
_NO PACAKGE PATH  >	>
_PACKAGE PATH package-path  _NO DBINFONO COLLID	
>_	>
	OB2 <sup>®</sup> 9 for z/OS
<del>,</del>	,DZ 9 101 Z/US

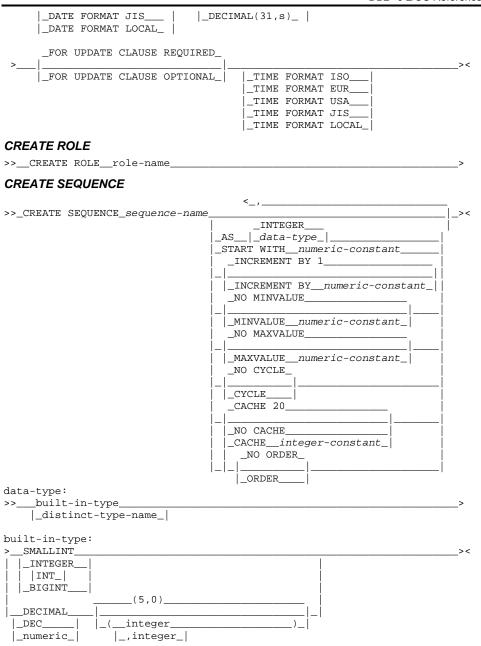
>	
	WLM ENVIRONMENTname
	_(name,*)_
	_ASUTIME NO LIMITSTAY RESIDENT NO
>	
	_ASUTIMELIMITinteger_   _STAY RESIDENT YES_
	PROGRAM TYPE MAIN
>	
	_PROGRAM TYPE SUB
	_SECURITY DEFINER
	_STOP AFTER SYSTEM DEFAULT FAILURES
>_	
	_STOP AFTER integer FAILURES
ı	_CONTINUE AFTER FAILURE
_	_COMMIT ON RETURN NO
<b>_</b>	_RUN OPTIONSrun-time-options_   _COMMIT ON RETURN YES_
	INHERIT SPECIAL REGISTERSCALLED ON NULL INPUT_
_	_INHERIT SPECIAL REGISTERSCALLED ON NULL INPUT_
_	  _DEFAULT SPECIAL REGISTERS_
>	_DBLYOH OLDCIVE KDOIDIBKO_
	_ALLOW DEBUG MODE
	DISABLE DEBUG MODE
ter	nal-java-routine-name
	jar-name:_   _method-signature_
	ame
	 jar-id
	schema-name
	d-name
tho	d-signature
·	\ \_,\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
	java-datatype
REA	TE PROCEDURE (SQL - external)
С	REATE PROCEDURE_procedure-name>
	<_,
>	_(  )option-list>
_	
	eter-declaration:
	_IN
. 1	
!	parameter-name_
-	
	_INOUT
	eter-type:

_AS LOCATOR   _TABLE LIKEtable-nameAS LOCATOR_	
_view-name  built-in-data-type:	
>_SMALLINT	_><   
(5,0)   DECIMAL	  - 
(53)   FLOAT  	  - 
_ REALPRECISION_	
(1)	_
_CHAR	
(1)    graphic_	_
_(integer)	
_DBCLOB_    (integer)	
K_    M_      G_	
	_ _ 
_K_    _M_	
	_
_TIMESTAMP_	
option-list: _FENCED_	
>>_LANGUAGE SQL	>
>_	>
>	>
_FARAMETER	
_NOT DETERMINISTIC_	_
>_	•
_CALLED ON NULL INPUTMODIFIES SQL DATA_ >	>
	2D0® 0 f 10



FLOAT	
PRECISION    _DOUBLE	
(1)	
_CHAR	
(1M)   CHARACTERLARGE OBJECT_	
CLOB   _EBCDIC   _MIXED_     _UNICODE_	
(1) 	
_K_   _M_	
_G_   (1)	
(integer) BINARY VARYING _(integer)	
_VARBINARY  (1M)	
BINARY LARGE OBJECT	
_K_   _M_	
_G_  DATE	
TIME	
option-list:	
_NOT DETERMINISTICMODIFIES SQL DATA_	
>>_  >	
_CALLED ON NULL INPUTDYNAMIC RESULT SETS 0	
_DISALLOW DEBUG MODE_   _PARAMETER CCSID ASCII	
_ALLOW DEBUG MODE    _PARAMETER CCSID EBCDIC   _DISABLE DEBUG MODE    _PARAMETER CCSID UNICODE_	
>>	
_QUALIFIERschema_name_  >	
_PACKAGE OWNERauthorization_name_	
_ASUTIME NO LIMITCOMMIT ON RETURN NO >_         >	
_ASUTIME LIMITinteger_   _COMMIT ON RETURN YES_	
_INHERIT SPECIAL REGISTERS_ > >	
_DEFAULT SPECIAL REGISTERS_  _STOP AFTER SYSTEM DEFAULT FAILURES_	
>>	

_STOP AFTERintegerFAILURES
_CONTINUE AFTER FAILURE  >>
_WLM ENVIRONMENT FOR DEBUG MODEname_  _CURRENT DATA NODEGREE 1
>
_DEFER PREPARE    _CURRENT DATA YES_   _DEGREE ANY_   _NODEFER PREPARE_
_DYNAMICRULES RUN
> >  _DYNAMICRULES BIND
_DYNAMICRULES DEFINEBIND_
_DYNAMICRULES DEFINERUN    DYNAMICRULES INVOKEBIND
DYNAMICRULES INVOKERUN
>> APPLICATION ENCODING SCHEME ASCII
_APPLICATION ENCODING SCHEME EBCDIC
_APPLICATION ENCODING SCHEME UNICODE_
_WITHOUT EXPLAINWITHOUT IMMEDIATE WRITE_
>
ISOLATION LEVEL CS WITHOUT KEEP DYNAMIC
_ISOLATION LEVEL RS_   _WITH KEEP DYNAMIC   _ISOLATION LEVEL RR_
_ISOLATION LEVEL UR_
_OPTHINT
>>  _SQL PATHschema_name
SQL PATH_schema_name_list
_SQL PATHSESSION_USER or USER_   _SQL PATHDEFAULT
_RELEASE AT COMMIT
>
_RELEASE AT DEALLOCATE
VALIDATE RUN
_ROUNDING DEC_ROUND_DOWN   _ROUNDING DEC_ROUND_FLOOR
_ROUNDING DEC_ROUND_HALF_DOWN_
_ROUNDING DEC_ROUND_HALF_EVEN_   _ROUNDING DEC_ROUND_HALF_UP
_ROUNDING DEC_ROUND_UP
>>  _DATE FORMAT ISO
_DATE FORMAT EUR  DECIMAL(31)
_DATE FORMAT USA   _DECIMAL(15,s)_



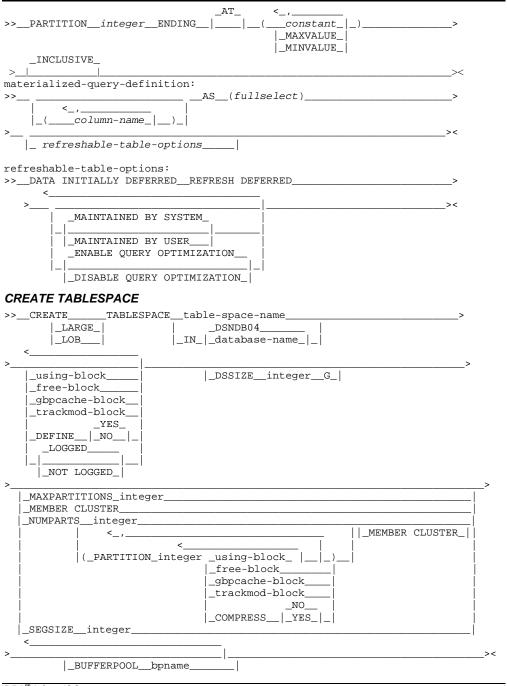
### **CREATE STOGROUP**

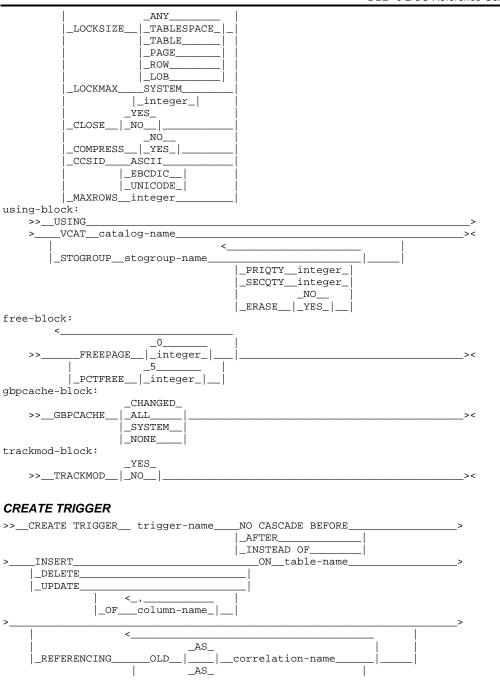
```
>>__CREATE STOGROUP__stogroup-name__VOLUMES(_
                                              _volume-id|
>__VCAT__catalog-name_
   |_DATACLASdc-name_| |_MGMTCLASmc-name_| |_STORCLASsc-name_|
CREATE SYNONYM
>>__CREATE SYNONYM__synonym_
   >__FOR__authorization-name.___table-name_
                               _view-name___
CREATE TABLE
>>__CREATE TABLE__table-name_
        _column-definition_
        |_unique-constraint_
        |_referential-constraint_
        _check-constraint_
    _LIKE___table-name__
                        _copy-options_
        _view-name__
      _as-result-table_
    _materialized-query-definition_
         _IN
                                 table-space-name
             _database-name._|
        _IN DATABASE__database-name
       _partitioning-clause_
       _EDITPROC__program-name_
       _NONE_
       _AUDIT__|_CHANGES_
              _ALL__
       _OBID__integer__
      _CCSID_
               __ASCII_
              _EBCDIC
              _UNICODE_
          _NOT VOLATILE_
                           _CARDINALITY_
                          CARDINALITY_
          _VOLATILE
                   NO
       APPEND
                  _YES_
column-definition:
>>__column-name__data-type__
```

> >>	
NOT NULL	
PRIMARY KEY	
_CONSTRAINTconstraint-name_    _UNIQUE	
_references-clause	
_CHECK(check-condition)	
_WITH_	
_constant	
SESSION_USER	
_USER	
CURRENT SQLID	
_cast-function-name_(constant_)	
SESSION_USER	
_USER	
_CURRENT SQLID_   _NULL	
BY DEFAULT   as-identity-clause	
as-row-change-timestamp-clause_	
_references-clause	
_column-constraint_	
_FIELDPROCprogram-name	
_(constant_ _)_	
_AS SECURITY LABEL	
_IMPLICITY HIDDEN	
data-type:	
>>built-in-data-type><	
_distinct-type-name_	
h	
<pre>built-in-data-type: &gt;_SMALLINT</pre>	
>_SMALLINI><   _INTEGER	
_BIGINT	
DECIMAL	
_DEC	
_NOMERIC_	
DECFLOAT_	
FLOAT	
PRECISION_	
(1) CHARACTER	
CHAR     (integer )     FOR SBCS DATA	
CHAR	
_(1M)	
CHARACTERLARGE OBJECT_	
CLOB	

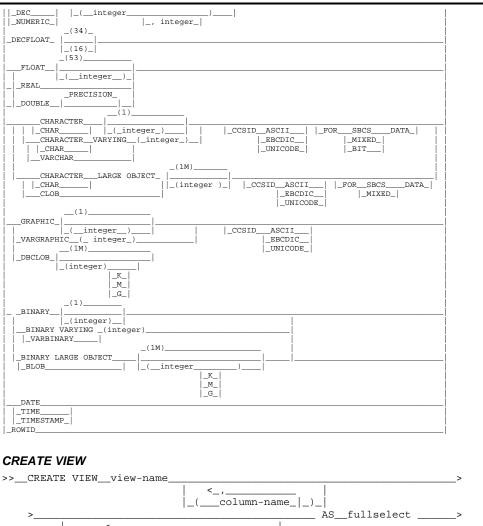
GRAPHIC_	
(1M)	
_DBCLOB	
j ' '  _K_  '	
_(1)	
BINARY	
BINARY VARYING _(integer)	
(IM)	
_BLOB   _(integer)	
_G_	
DATE   TIME	
LIMESTAMP	
_ROWID XML	
as-identity-clause:	
>>_AS IDENTITY><	
<_,	
_(START WITH_ _numeric-constant_  )_	
_1    _INCREMENT BY_ _numeric-constant_	
CACHE 20	
_NO CYCLE_	
_NO MAXVALUE	
_ _MAXVALUEnumeric-constant_	
_NO MINVALUE	
_ _MINVALUEnumeric-constant	
_NO ORDER_	
-	
1_000_1	
as-row-change-timestamp-clause:	
>>FOR EACH ROWON UPDATEAS ROW CHANGETIMESTAMP><	
column-constraint:	
>>PRIMARY KEY><	
_CONSTRAINT_constraint-name_    _UNIQUE	
_references clause   _CHECK(_check-condition_)	
unique-constraint:	
<_,	
>>PRIMARY KEY(column-name_ )><	
referential-constraint:	
< <u>-,</u>	
>>	

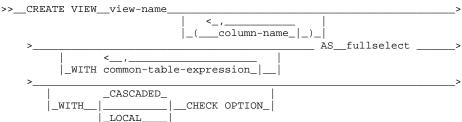
_CONSTRAINT_constraint-name_  >references-clause_	><
references-clause:	_
>>REFERENCEStable-name	>
<_,    _(column-name_ _)_	><
_CASCADE	
_SET NULL	
_ENFORCEDENABLE QUERY OPTIMIZATION_	><
NOT ENFORCED	
check-constraint:	
>>CHECK(check-condition)  _CONSTRAINTconstraint-name_	_><
_CONSTRAINTconstraint-name_  as-result_table:	
AS_(fullselect)_WITH NO DATA	><
\ \	_
_(column-name_ _)_	
copy-options:	
COLUMN ATTRIBUTES_	
_EXCLUDING IDENTITY	
>>_V_	_>
COLUMN ATTRIBUTES_	
COLUMN ATTRIBUTES_	
_EXCLUDING ROW CHANGE TIMESTAMP_	
COLUMN ATTRIBUTES      INCLUDING ROW CHANGE TIMESTAMP_	
_INCLODING ROW CHANGE IIMESTAMP_	
_EXCLUDING  DEFAULTS_	
_COLUMN	
_INCLUDING  DEFAULTS_   _USING TYPE DEFAULTS	
partitioning-clause:	
>>PARTITION BY  (_partition-expression_ _)  _SIZE	>
_SIZE  EVERY_ integer-constant_G_	—1
<_ ,	
>(_partition-element )	><
partition-expression:	
_NULLS LASTASC	
>>column-name	><
_DESC_	
partition-element:	



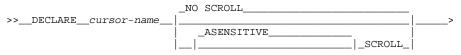


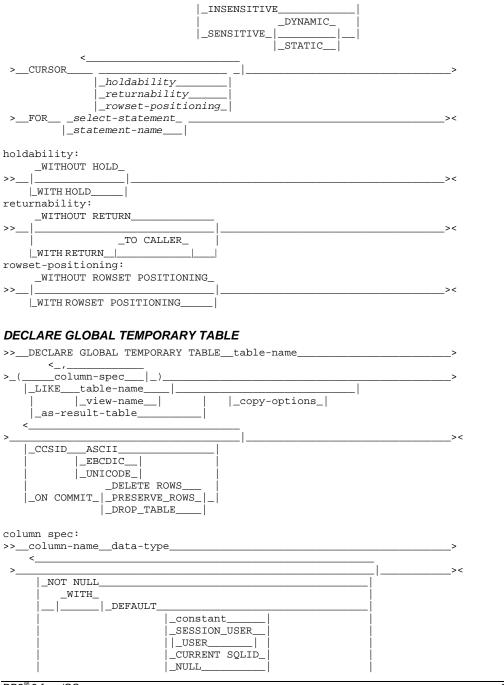
NEW correlation-name
_AS_
_NEW TABLE  identifier_
>FOR EACH ROWMODE DB2SQLtriggered-action><
_FOR EACH STATEMENT  triggered-action
>>SQL trigger body>
_WHEN(search-condition)_
>BEGIN ATOMICtriggered-SQL-statement;_ END><
CREATE TRUSTED CONTEXT
>> _CREATED TRUSTED CONTEXTcontext-name>
>_BASED UPON CONNECTION USING SYSTEM AUTHID_authorization-name> NO DEFAULT ROLE DISABLE
>
without role as Object Owner_    _enable_
_DEFAULT ROLE_role-name_   _      WITH ROLE AS OBJECT OWNER
_NO DEFAULT SECURITY LABEL
>_
_DEFAULT SECURITY LABEL seclabel-name  <_,
>_ATTRIBUTES(ADDRESSaddress-value>
LENCRYPTION_encryption-value
_SERVAUTH_servauth-value
>>
<_,
_WITH USE FORauthorization-name    >   user-options
WITHOUT AUTHENTICATION
_PUBLIC
_WITH AUTHENTICATION
user-options:WITHOUT AUTHENTICATION_
>>
_ROLE_role-name_  _SECURITY LABEL_seclabel-name_  _WITH AUTHENTICATION
CREATE TYPE
>>CREATE TYPE_distinct-type-name_AS_source-data-type>
source-data-type:
>_SMALLINT><  INTEGER
INT
_BIGINT   (5,0)
DECIMAL





# **DECLARE CURSOR**





552 0 2 00 1 to	ororioo our
_GENERATEDALWAYS	
_BY DEFAULT_   _as-identity-clause_	
data-type:	
	_><
_distinct_type_name_	
built-in-type:	
>_SMALLINT	><
_INTEGER	
BIGINT_	
(5,0)	
_DEC	
_(34)_	
FLOAT   	
(1)	
CHARACTER	
(1)  GRAPHIC_	
_(integer)	
BINARY	
_VARBINARY   DATE	
_TIMESTAMP_	
as-result-table:	
	•<
copy-options:	
_COLUMN ATTRIBUTES_	
_EXCLUDING IDENTITY	
COLUMN ATTRIBUTES_	
INCLUDING IDENTITY  _	
_COLUMN_	
_EXCLUDING_     _DEFAULTS_	
	•<
COLUMN  _INCLUDING_  _DEFAULTS_	
INCHODING_  _BETAOLIS_   _USING TYPE DEFAULTS	
as-identity-clause:	
	·<
<_,	
_(START WITH_ _numeric-constant_  )_	
_1	

\_QUERYNO\_\_integer\_|

\_table-name\_\_\_ |\_view-name\_\_|

\_host-variable\_

\_integer-constant\_\_

\_FOR ROW\_

include-column:

```
_INCREMENT BY_|_numeric-constant_|
                          _CACHE 20_
                           _NO CACHE_
                          _CACHE__integer_
                           _NO CYCLE_
                          _CYCLE_
                           _NO MAXVALUE_
                          |_MAXVALUE__numeric-constant_
                           _NO MINVALUE_
                           _MINVALUE__numeric-constant_
                           NO ORDER_
                           ORDER
DECLARE STATEMENT
               _statement-name_|__STATEMENT_
>>__DECLARE_
DECLARE TABLE
>>_DECLARE__table-name
          _view-name_
>_TABLE(column-name__built-in-data-type_
                    |_distinct-type-name_||_NOT NULL_
                                          _NOT NULL WITH DEFAULT_
DECLARE VARIABLE
                                     _CCSID EBCDIC_
>>_DECLARE__host-variable|_VARIABLE_
                                     _CCSID ASCII_
                                                      _FOR SBCS DATA__
                                                      _FOR MIXED DATA_
                                    _CCSID UNICODE_
                                                      _FOR BIT DATA_
                                   _CCSID__integer_
DELETE
searched delete:
>>__DELETE FROM__
                  _table-name_
                   |_view-name__| |_correlation-name_|
     _include-column_|
                        _SET assignment-clause_|
       _WHERE__search-condition_
                                    _isolation-clause_
                                    _SKIP LOCKED DATA_
```

DB2<sup>®</sup> 9 for z/OS 91

OF ROWSET\_

>>INCLUDE(column-namedata-type)	><
data-type:	
>>built-in type	><
_distinct_type_name_	
built-in-type:	
>_SMALLINT	><
_INTEGER        INT	
_BIGINT   (5,0)	
	i
_NUMERIC_   _, integer_	
(34)_ _DECFLOAT_	
_(16)_	i
(53)  FLOAT	
_PRECISION_	İ
_ _DOUBLE	
CHARACTER	
CHARACTERVARYING(_integer_)	
(1)  GRAPHIC_	İ
_(integer)	
_VARGRAPHIC(_ integer_)   (1)	
BINARY	i
(integer)     _BINARY VARYING _(integer)	
TIME	I
_TIMESTAMP_	
assignment-clause:	
<	
>>column-nameexpression    NULL	><
<_, <_,	
_(_column-name _)_(expression )	
NULL	
_row-fullselect	
isolation-clause: >>_WITHRR	><
_RS_	<del></del> · ·
_cs_	
DESCRIBE CURSOR	
>>DESCRIBE CURSORcursor-nameINTOdescriptor-name	><
_host-variable_	
DESCRIBE INPUT	
>>DESCRIBE INPUTstatement-nameINTOdescriptor-name	><

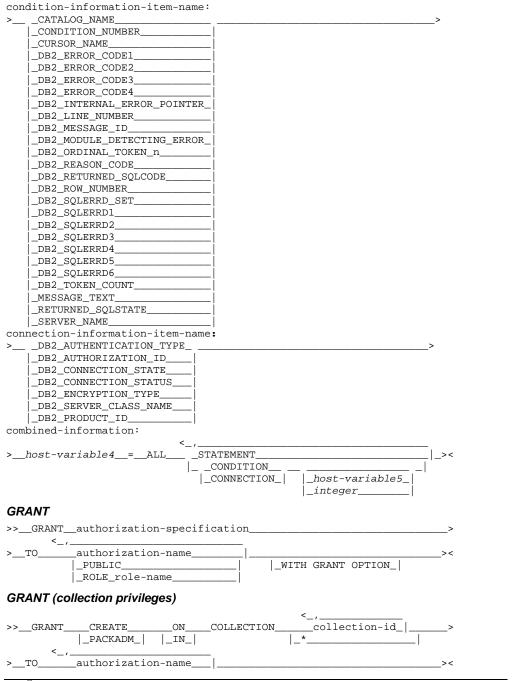
>\_\_SMALLINT\_\_

#### **DESCRIBE OUTPUT** \_OUTPUT\_ >>\_DESCRIBE\_|\_ \_\_|\_statement-name\_\_\_\_INTO\_\_descriptor-name\_ \_NAMES\_ \_USING\_ |\_LABELS\_|\_ \_ANY\_ \_BOTH\_ **DESCRIBE PROCEDURE** >>\_\_DESCRIBE PROCEDURE\_ \_procedure-name\_\_ \_\_\_INTO\_\_descriptor-name\_\_\_>< \_host-variable\_\_\_ **DESCRIBE TABLE** >>\_DESCRIBE\_TABLE\_\_\_host-variable\_\_\_\_\_INTO\_\_descriptor-name\_ \_NAMES\_ \_USING\_ \_LABELS\_| \_ANY\_ \_BOTH\_ DROP >>\_DROP\_ \_ALIAS\_\_alias-name\_ \_DATABASE\_\_database-name\_ \_TYPE\_ \_\_distinct-type-name\_\_\_RESTRICT\_ \_FUNCTION\_\_\_function-name\_ RESTRICT \_parameter-type\_| \_SPECIFIC FUNCTION specific-name\_ \_INDEX\_\_index-name\_ \_\_\_\_PACKAGE\_\_collection-id.package-id\_ \_VERSION\_ \_\_version-id\_| \_PROCEDURE\_\_procedure-name\_\_RESTRICT \_ROLE\_role-name\_\_RESTRICT\_ \_SEQUENCE\_\_sequence-name\_ \_SPECIFIC\_\_\_FUNCTION\_\_\_specific-name\_\_RESTRICT\_ \_STOGROUP\_\_stogroup-name\_ \_SYNONYM\_\_synonym\_ TABLE table-name \_TABLESPACE\_ \_table-space-name\_ \_database-name.\_| \_TRIGGER\_\_trigger-name\_ \_VIEW\_\_view-name\_ parameter type: >>\_\_\_\_data-type\_\_ \_AS LOCATOR\_ data type: >>\_\_\_\_built-in-data-type\_ \_\_distinct-type-name\_| built-in-data-type:

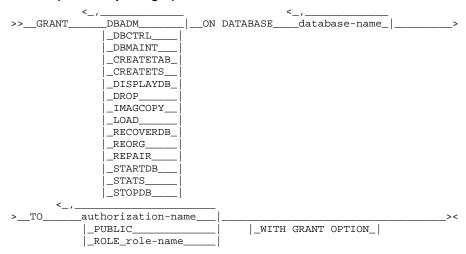
_INTEGER        INT	
(5,0)   DECIMAL	
(34)   _DECFLOAT_      _(16)	
(53)   FLOAT   	
PRECISION_    _ _DOUBLE       (1)	
CHARACTER	
CHARACTERLARGE OBJECT_	
_G_   BINARY	
DATE	
_ROWID	
<pre>END DECLARE SECTION &gt;&gt;_END DECLARE SECTION</pre>	
EXCHANGE	
>>_EXCHANGE DATA BETWEEN TABLE table-name1_AND_table-name2><	
EXECUTE	
>>_EXECUTE_statement-name>	
>><	
USINGhost-variable_   _DESCRIPTORdescriptor-name_   _ multiple-row-insert	
multi-row-insert:	

```
_ _host-variable-array_ |
               _host-variable____
     _USING DESCRIPTOR__descriptor-name_|
    |_FOR_ _host-variable____ _ROWS_|
          _integer-constant_|
EXECUTE IMMEDIATE
>>__EXECUTE IMMEDIATE___
                        _string-expression_
                        _host-variable_
EXPLAIN
>>__EXPLAIN
 >_ __ _PLAN__
                                      _FOR_sql-statement_
    |_ALL__| |_SET QUERYNO=integer_|
    _STMTCACHE_
                ALL
                _STMTID__ _id-host-variable_
                         _integer-constant_|
                _STMTTOKEN__ _token-host-variable_
                            _string-constant____
   _MONITORED_STMTS__scope-specification_
Scope-specification:
>>__SCOPE__AUTHID__authid-str__IPADDR__ip-address_
         _PLAN_plan-name_
                         |_COLLECTION-colctn-name_PACKAGE-pckge-name_|
FETCH
                                _fetch-orientation_
>>__FETCH_
           _INSENSITIVE_
           _SENSITIVE_
>__cursor-name
                 __ single-row-fetch _
                   _ multiple-row-fetch
fetch-orientation:
>_ _BEFORE_
   _AFTER_
  ___row-positioned_
   ___rowset-positioned_
row-positioned:
    _NEXT_
 PRIOR
 _FIRST
 _LAST_
  _CURRENT
 _ABSOLUTE_ _host-variable_
            |_integer-constant_|
 _RELATIVE_ _host-variable__
            _integer-constant_|
```

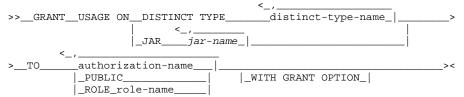
rowset-positioned:
_NEXT_ROWSET>
_PRIOR ROWSET
FIRST ROWSET
_LAST ROWSET
_CURRENT ROWSET
_ROWSET STARTING ATABSOLUTEhost-variable
_RELATIVE_   _integer-constant_  single-row-fetch:
> : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :
<
_INTOhost-variable
_INTO DESCRIPTOR descriptor-name_
multiple-row-fetch:
_FORhost-variableROWS_
_integer-constant_
>
_INTONOSt-variable-array    _INTO DESCRIPTOR descriptor-name_
_INTO DESCRIPTOR descriptor-name_
FREE LOCATOR
>> FREE LOCATOR host_variable
GET DIAGNOSTICS
>>GET DIAGNOSTICSstatement-information><
condition-information _
combined-information _
statement-information:
<_,
>host-variable1=_  statement-information-item-name  _ >
_host-variable1=_DB2_GET_DIAGNOSTICS_DIAGNOSTICS
statement-information-item-name:
<_,
DB2_NUMBER_PARAMETER_MARKERS
DB2 NUMBER RESULT SETS
DB2_RETURN_STATUS
DB2_SQL_ATTR_CURSOR_HOLD
DB2_SQL_ATTR_CURSOR_ROWSET
DB2_SQL_ATTR_CURSOR_SCROLLABLE_
DB2_SQL_ATTR_CURSOR_SENSITIVITY_
DB2_SQL_ATTR_CURSOR_TYPE
NUMBER
_ROW_COUNT
condition-information:
>CONDITIONhost-variable2>
< <u>_,</u>
>host-variable3 =condition-information-item-name >
connection-information-item-name



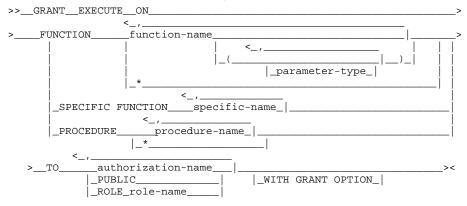
### GRANT (database privileges)

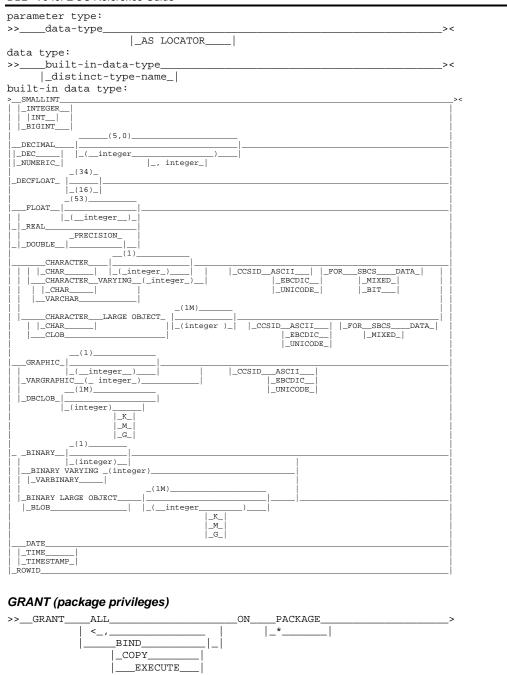


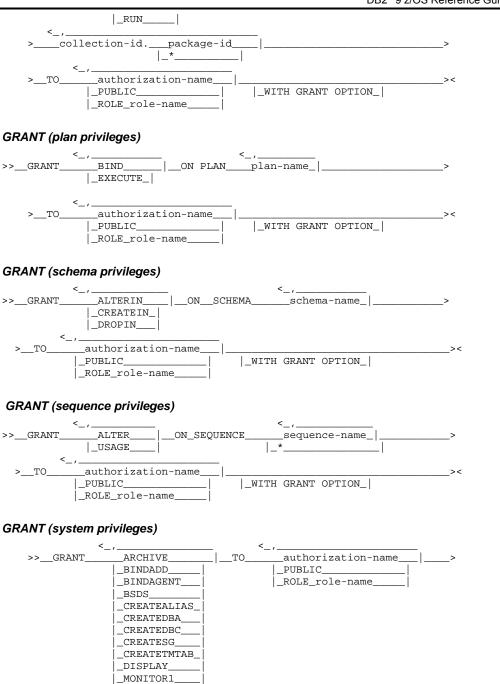
## GRANT (type or JAR privileges)

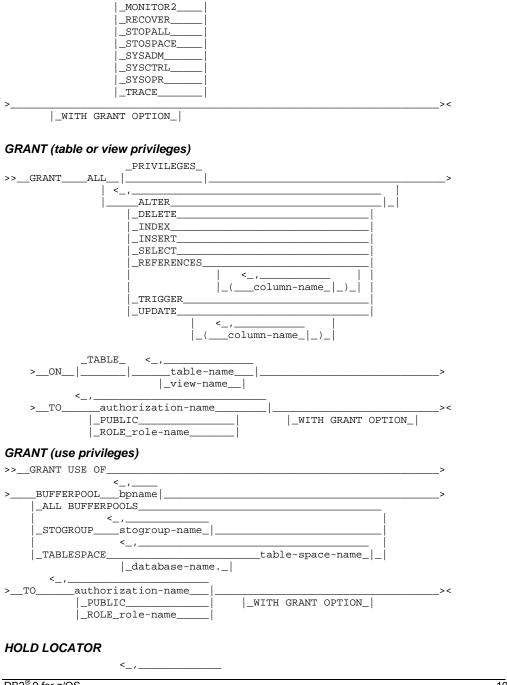


### GRANT (function or procedure privileges)









>>HOLD LOCATORhost_variable_ >	·<
INCLUDE	
>>INCLUDESQLCA>	<
_SQLDA	
_member-name_	
INSERT	
>>INSERT_INTOtable-name	_
_view-name	
_\COTumn=name_	_
_include-column_   _OVERRIDING USER VALUE_	
	· <
DEFAULT	
_NULL	
_(expression _)_	
_NULL	
<_,	
WITH common-table-expression	
_fullselect	
WITHRR   _QUERYNOinteger_	
_RS_	
CS	
_multi-row-insert	
·	
include-column:	
<_,	
>>INCLUDE(column-nmaedata-type_ _)><	
data-type:	
>> built-in type><	
1 111	
built-in-type:	
>_SMALLINT	_><
_INTEGER        INT	}
_BIGINT	i
(5,0)	İ
DECIMAL DEC	-
_DEC	}
_(34)_	İ
DECFLOAT_	-
	-
(53)  FLOAT	<u>.</u> i
	į
REAL	!
	1
-	İ
CHARACTER	.

_CHAR    _(_integer_)_     _FORBITDATA_    _CHARACTER_VARYING_(_integer_)_     _CHARACTER_VARYING_(_integer_)_	
multi-row-insert: >>VALUESexpression>  host-variable-array_   NULL   DEFAULT   (expression _)_   host-variable-array_   NULL DEFAULT   DEFAULT	
> >	
LOCK TABLE  >>_LOCK TABLEtable-name	
>>_MERGE INTOtable-name>	10

_include-column_	
>USING_source-table_ON_search-condition><	
<pre> </pre> <pre> </pre> <pre> </pre> <pre> <pre> <pre> <pre> <pre> <pre> <pre> </pre> <pre> <pre> <pre> <pre> <pre> </pre> <pre> <pre> <pre> <pre> <pre> </pre> <pre> </pre> <pre> <pre> <pre> <pre> <pre> <pre> <pre> </pre> </pre> <pre>  <pre> =""><td></td></p<></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre>	
_NOT ATOMIC CONTINUE ON SQL EXCEPTION_   _QUERYNO_integer_	
<pre>include-column:</pre>	
>>_INCLUDE_(_column-namedata-type_ _)><	
<pre>data-type: &gt;&gt;built-in type&gt;&lt;      _distinct_type_name_  built-in-type:</pre>	
>_SMALLINT><	
INTEGER	
_TIME   _TIMESTAMP_	
source-table:  _AS_	><
<pre>values-single-row: &gt;&gt;expression&gt;&lt;</pre>	<

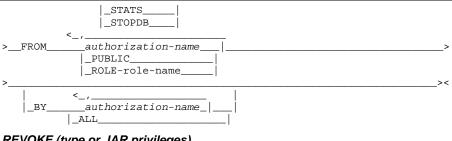
DBE VOTOL E GO TROIGION GUIGO	
NULL	
values-multiple-row:	
Top 1	
>>expressionFORhost-variableROWS><    _host-variable-array_	
Matching-condition:	
>>MATCHED><	:
_NOT_  Modification-operation: >>UPDATE SETassignment-clause><  _insert-operation	:
Assignment-clause:	
<pre>&lt;,</pre>	:
DEFAULT   NULL    <, <,    _(_column-name )(expression )   DEFAULT	
_NULL	
insert-operation	
>>_INSERTVALUESexpression><	
OPEN	
>> OPEN cursor-name ><	
<_,   _USINGhost-variable_   _DESCRIPTORdescriptor-name_	
PREPARE	
>> PREPARE statement-name >	
INTO descriptor-name	
NAMES    _USING _LABELS_     _ANY   _BOTH  >FROMstring-expression><	
FROM_host-variable	
ATTRIBUTESattr-host-variable_	
attribute-string	

` <del></del>	
ASENSITIVE	><
INSENSITIVE	
SENSITIVESTATIC	
_DYNAMIC_	
_NO SCROLL_	
_ _SCROLL	
_holdability	
_returnability	
_rowset-positioning	
_fetch-first-clause	
read-only-clause	
_update-clause	
_optimize-clause	
_isolation-clause	
FOR MULTIPLE ROWS	
_FOR SINGLE ROW	
_ATOMIC_	
_	
_NOT ATOMIC CONINUE ON SQLEXCEPTION_	
_SKIP LOCKED DATA	
ldability:	
	><
_WITHOUT HOLD_	
_WITH HOLD	
curnability:	
	><
_WITHOUT RETURN	><
_WITHOUT RETURN    _TO CALLER	><
_WITHOUT RETURN   _TO CALLER_    _WITH RETURN_  _	><
_WITHOUT RETURN    _TO CALLER_    _WITH RETURN_  _  wset-positioning:	
_WITHOUT RETURN    _TO CALLER_    _WITH RETURN_  _  wset-positioning:	><
_WITHOUT RETURN    _TO CALLER_    _WITH RETURN_     wset-positioning :  _WITHOUT ROWSET POSITIONING_	
_WITHOUT RETURN    _TO CALLER_    _WITH RETURN_  _  wset-positioning:	
_WITHOUT RETURN    _TO CALLER_    _WITH RETURN_     wset-positioning :  _WITHOUT ROWSET POSITIONING_	
_WITHOUT RETURN	
_WITHOUT RETURN    _TO CALLER_    _WITH RETURN_     wset-positioning :  _WITHOUT ROWSET POSITIONING_	
_WITHOUT RETURN_  TO CALLER_    _WITH RETURN_   _  wset-positioning :  _WITHOUT ROWSET POSITIONING_    _WITH ROWSET POSITIONING	><
_WITHOUT RETURN	
_WITHOUT RETURN	><
_WITHOUT RETURN	><
_WITHOUT RETURN_  TO CALLER_    _WITH RETURN_      wset-positioning :  WITHOUT ROWSET POSITIONING_    WITH ROWSET POSITIONING_     EFRESH TABLE  REFRESH_TABLE table-name_  QUERYNO integer_	><
_WITHOUT RETURN   TO CALLER   _wITH RETURN_    wset-positioning :   _WITHOUT ROWSET POSITIONING   _WITH ROWSET POSITIONING   _WITH ROWSET POSITIONING   _WITH ROWSET POSITIONING   -WITH ROWSET POSITIONING   -WITH ROWSET POSITIONING   -WITH ROWSET POSITIONING   -WITHOUT RETURN	><
_WITHOUT RETURN	><
_WITHOUT RETURN_  TO CALLER_     _wITH RETURN_    _wset-positioning :   _WITHOUT ROWSET POSITIONING_     _wITH ROWSET POSITIONING_     _WITH ROWSET POSITIONING_     _WITH ROWSET POSITIONING_     _WITH ROWSET POSITIONING_     _WITH ROWSET POSITIONING_     _QUERYNO integer_	><
_WITHOUT RETURN   TO CALLER   _with return_    wset-positioning :   _WITHOUT ROWSET POSITIONING   _with rowset positioning   _with rowset positioning   _with rowset positioning   _with rowset positioning   _with rowset positioning   _with rowset positioning   _with rowset positioning   _with return   _QUERYNO integer   _Location-name   _host-variable   _CURRENT	><
_WITHOUT RETURN_    TO CALLER_    _wITH RETURN_    _wset-positioning :   _WITHOUT ROWSET POSITIONING_    _wITH ROWSET POSITIONING_    _wITH ROWSET POSITIONING_    _wITH ROWSET POSITIONING    _wITH ROWSET POSITIONING    _wITH ROWSET POSITIONING    _wITH ROWSET POSITIONING    _wITH ROWSET POSITIONING    _wITHOUT RETURN    _QUERYNO integer    _AUDITION    _CURRENT    _CURRENT    _SQL    _SQL	><
_WITHOUT RETURN   TO CALLER   _with return_    wset-positioning :   _WITHOUT ROWSET POSITIONING   _with rowset positioning   _with rowset positioning   _with rowset positioning   _with rowset positioning   _with rowset positioning   _with rowset positioning   _with rowset positioning   _with return   _QUERYNO integer   _Location-name   _host-variable   _CURRENT	><
_WITHOUT RETURN_  TO CALLER_    with return_     set-positioning :   _WITHOUT ROWSET POSITIONING_    _WITH ROWSET POSITIONING     _WITH ROWSET POSITIONING    QUERYNO integer_    QUERYNO integer_    CURRENT    CURRENT    SQL_	><
_WITHOUT RETURN	><
_WITHOUT RETURN_  _WITH RETURN_   wset-positioning :  _WITHOUT ROWSET POSITIONING_  _WITH ROWSET POSITIONING_  _WITH ROWSET POSITIONING_  _QUERYNO integer_    _QUERYNO integer_    _CUERENT_   _CURRENT_   _SQL_   _ALL_	><
_WITHOUT RETURN_    TO CALLER_    _wITH RETURN_    _wset-positioning :   _WITHOUT ROWSET POSITIONING_    _wITH ROWSET POSITIONING_    _wITH ROWSET POSITIONING_    _wITH ROWSET POSITIONING    _wITH ROWSET POSITIONING    _wITH ROWSET POSITIONING    _wITH ROWSET POSITIONING    _wITH ROWSET POSITIONING    _wITHOUT RETURN    _QUERYNO integer    _AUDITION    _CURRENT    _CURRENT    _SQL    _SQL	><
_WITHOUT RETURN_  TO CALLER_   with return_     weet-positioning :  WITHOUT ROWSET POSITIONING   WITH ROWSET POSITIONING   WITH ROWSET POSITIONING   WITH ROWSET POSITIONING   QUERYNO integer_   QUERYNO integer_   CURENT   CURRENT   SQL   ALL	><

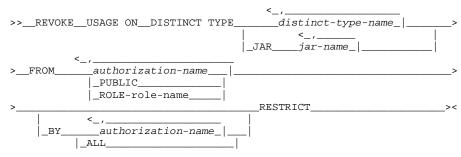
### RELEASE (connection) \_location-name >>\_\_RELEASE\_\_ \_host-variable\_ \_\_ \_CURRENT\_ \_SQL\_ ALL RENAME \_|\_source-table-name\_\_TO\_\_new-table-identifier\_\_>< >>\_\_RENAME |\_INDEX\_\_source-index-name\_\_TO\_\_new-index-identifier\_\_\_| **REVOKE** >>\_\_REVOKE\_\_authorization-specification\_ \_authorization-name\_ PUBLIC \_ROLE-role-name\_ \_RESTRICT\_ \_BY\_ \_authorization-name\_ \_ALL\_ REVOKE (collection privileges) >>\_\_REVOKE\_ \_CREATE\_ \_COLLECTION \_collection-id\_ \_IN\_ \_ON\_| |\_PACKADM\_| \_FROM\_ \_authorization-name \_PUBLIC\_ \_ROLE-role-name BY \_authorization-name\_ \_ALL\_ REVOKE (database privileges) >>\_\_REVOKE\_ \_DBADM\_ \_ON DATABASE\_\_ \_database-name\_| \_DBCTRL\_ \_DBMAINT\_ \_CREATETAB\_ \_CREATETS\_ \_DISPLAYDB\_ \_DROP\_ \_IMAGCOPY\_ \_LOAD\_ \_RECOVERDB\_ \_REORG\_ \_REPAIR\_

DB2<sup>®</sup> 9 for z/OS 107

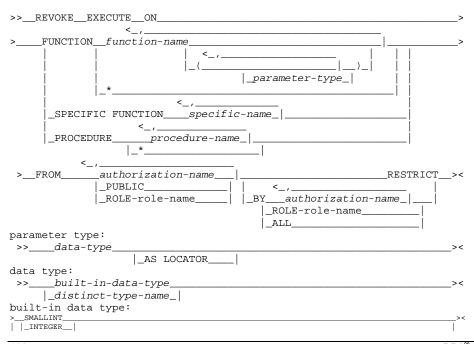
\_STARTDB\_



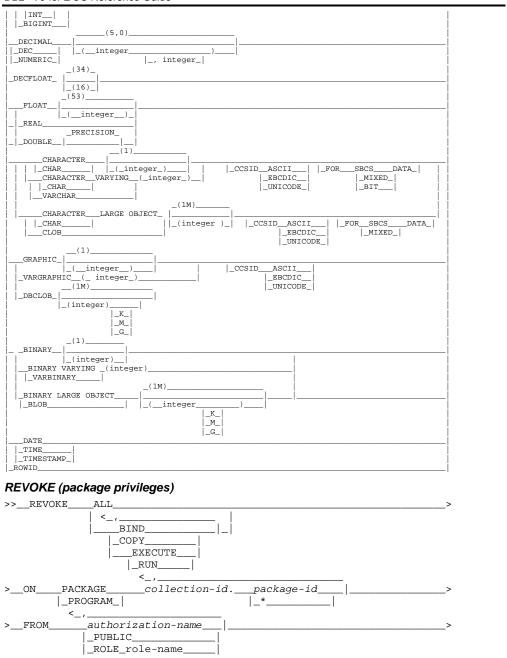
## REVOKE (type or JAR privileges)



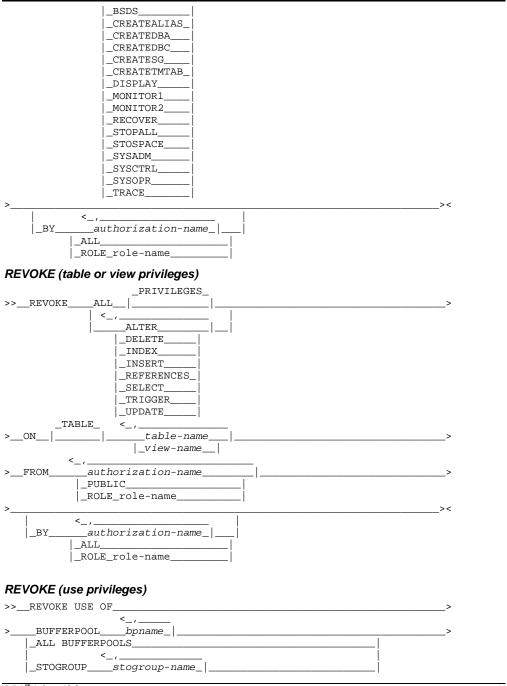
### REVOKE (function or procedure privileges)



<\_,\_



```
_BY_
               _authorization-name_|
           _ALL
           _ROLE_role-name
REVOKE (plan privileges)
                 BIND
>>___REVOKE
                               ON PLAN
                                           _plan-name_
                _EXECUTE_
             _authorization-name_
>__FROM_
             _PUBLIC_
             _ROLE_role-name
              _authorization-name_
            ALL
           _ROLE_role-name
REVOKE (schema privileges)
>>__REVOKE
                 ALTERIN
                                                 _schema-name_
                                ON_
                                    SCHEMA
                _CREATEIN_
                _DROPIN_
  _FROM_
             _authorization-name
             _PUBLIC_
            _ROLE_role-name
               _authorization-name_
            _ALL
           _ROLE_role-name
REVOKE (sequence privileges)
>>__REVOKE
                                    _SEQUENCE_
                 ALTER
                                ON_
               _USAGE
  _FROM_
             _authorization-name
             _PUBLIC_
            _ROLE_role-name
                                               _RESTRICT_
     _BY_
              _authorization-name
           _ALL
           _ROLE_role-name
REVOKE (system privileges)
                 _ARCHIVE_
>>___REVOKE_
                                   _FROM_
                                              _authorization-name_
                 _BINDADD_
                                              _PUBLIC_
                _BINDAGENT
                                              _ROLE_role-name_
```



```
_TABLESPACE_
                                       _table-space-name_|_|
                     _database-name._|
  _FROM_
            _authorization-name_
            _PUBLIC_
            _ROLE_role-name
             _authorization-name_
    BY
          _ALL_
         _ROLE_role-name_
ROLLBACK
                WORK
>>__ROLLBACK_
                          _TO SAVEPOINT
                                          _svpt-name_|
SAVEPOINT
>>__SAVEPOINT__svpt-name_
                            |_UNIQUE_|
>__ON ROLLBACK RETAIN CURSORS
     _ON ROLLBACK RETAIN LOCKS
SELECT INTO
>>__select-clause__INTO_
                         __host-variable_|_from-clause
                                                      |_where-clause_|
   _group-by-clause_| |_having-clause_| |_order-by-clause_|
                                 |_QUERYNO__integer_|
     _SKIP_LOCKED_DATA_
    _WITH_
             RR
             _RS_
             _cs_
            _UR_|
    _FETCH FIRST_
                           _ROW_
                                   _ONLY_
                         |_ROWS_|
SET CONNECTION
>>__SET CONNECTION_
                     _location-name
                   _host-variable__
SET CURRENT APPLICATION ENCODING SCHEME
                 _APPLICATION_
                                                   _=_
112
```

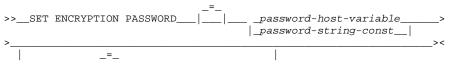
>>\_\_SET CURRENT MAINTAINED\_|\_\_\_\_|\_TYPES\_| >\_\_\_ALL\_ \_SYSTEM\_ \_SESSION\_USER\_ \_USER\_ \_host-variable\_

#### SET CURRENT OPTIMIZATION HINT

>>\_\_SET CURRENT OPTIMIZATION HINT =\_\_\_\_string-constant\_\_

DB2® 9 z/OS Reference Guide \_host-variable\_ SET CURRENT PACKAGE PATH >>\_\_SET CURRENT PACKAGE PATH\_ \_collection-id\_ SESSION USER \_USER\_ \_CURRENT PACKAGE PATH \_CURRENT PATH\_ \_host-variable |\_string-constant SET CURRENT PACKAGESET >>\_\_SET CURRENT PACKAGESET =\_ SESSION USER ||\_USED\_\_ \_string-constant\_ \_host-variable\_ SET CURRENT PRECISION >>\_\_SET CURRENT PRECISION =\_\_\_string-constant \_host-variable\_\_\_| SET CURRENT REFRESH AGE >>\_\_SET CURRENT REFRESH AGE \_numeric-constant\_ \_ANY\_ \_host-variable **SET CURRENT RULES** >>\_\_SET CURRENT RULES =\_\_ \_string-constant\_ \_host-variable\_ SET CURRENT ROUTINE VERSION >>\_\_SET CURRENT ROUTINE VERSION\_| \_routine-version-id\_ \_string-constant\_ \_host-variable\_ **SET CURRENT SQLID** >>\_\_SET CURRENT SQLID =\_ \_SESSION\_USER\_ ||\_USER\_\_ \_string-constant\_ \_host-variable\_

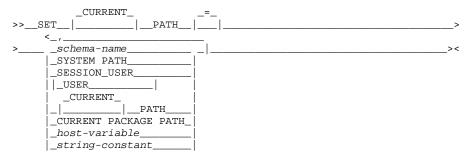
#### SET ENCRYPTION PASSWORD



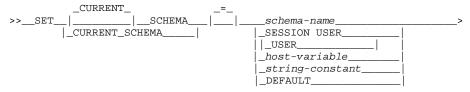
```
|_WITH HINT_|___|hint-host-variable___
|_hint-string-const__|
```

#### SET HOST VARIABLE ASSIGNMENT

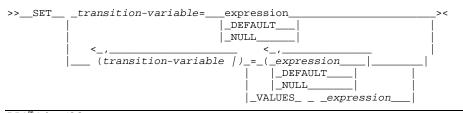
#### SET PATH



### SET SCHEMA



#### SET TRANSITION VARIABLE



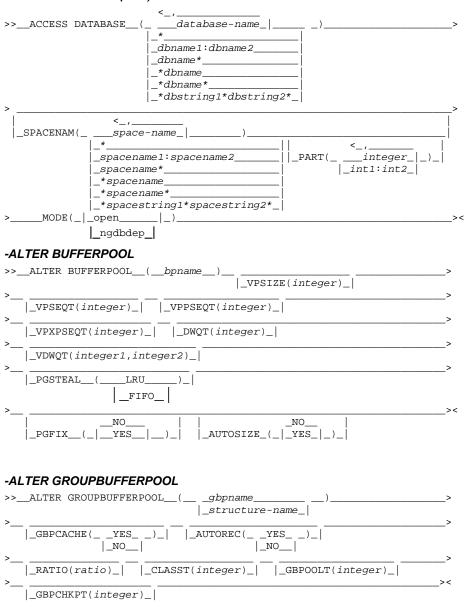
_NULL	
_NULL  transition variable	
>>	
SIGNAL SQLSTATE	
VALUE_ >>SIGNALSQLSTATE_   sqlstate-string-constant >	
TRUNCATE	
_TABLEDROP STORAGE_ >>TRUNCATE_  table-name >	
_IGNORE DELETE TRIGGERS > _RESTRICT WHEN DELETE TRIGGERS ><  _IMMEDIATE_	
UPDATE	
searched update:  >>_UPDATEtable-name   _view-name   _correlation-name_   _include_column_   >SETassignment-clause   _WHEREsearch-condition_	_>
> SKIP LOCKED DATA_	><
positioned update: >>_UPDATEtable-nameSET_assignment-clause  _view-name   _correlation-name_  >_WHERE CURRENT OF_cursor-name	>
_FOR ROWhost-variableOF ROWSET_   integer-constant  include-column:	
<_,	><
data-type: >>built-in type	><
built-in-type: smallINT	><
140	O® O f-

_INTEGER	
_BIGINT	
DECIMAL    _DEC	
NUMERIC_	
(53)	
(1)  GRAPHIC_	
(1)  BINARY	
VARBINARY   DATE	
TIME  TIMESTAMP_	
assignment clause:	
<_,	
>>column-name=expression	.><
_(column-name_ _)=(expression )_	
_DEFAULT	
_row-fullselect	
VALUES	
>>VALUESexpression><	
_(expression _)_	
VALUES INTO	
<pre></pre>	
_CURRENT SERVER     _CURRENT PACKAGESET	
_CURRENT PACKAGE PATH_	
<_,   _(expression _)_	

	_NULL			
WHENEVER				
>>WHENEVER_	NOT FOUND	CONTINUE		><
	_SQLERROR	GOTO	_host-label_	
	SOLWARNING	l GO TO I		

#### Commands

#### -ACCESS DATBASE(DB2)



\_FLAG(\_|\_W\_|\_)

#### -ALTER UTILITY >>\_\_ALTER\_\_UTILITY\_\_(\_utility-id\_\_)\_\_REORG\_ \_REBUILD\_ \_DEADLINE(\_ \_NONE\_\_\_ |\_timestamp\_| \_TERM\_ DRAIN -ARCHIVE LOG >>\_\_ARCHIVE LOG\_ \_SCOPE (MEMBER) SCOPE (GROUP) \_MODE(QUIESCE)\_ |\_TIME(nnn)\_| NO |\_WAIT(\_|\_YES\_|\_)\_ \_CANCEL OFFLOAD\_ -BIND PACKAGE \_\_collection-id\_\_) >>\_BIND PACKAGE\_( \_location-name.\_| \_OWNER(authorization-id)\_| enable-block |\_QUALIFIER(qualifier-name)\_| MEMBER(dbrm-member-name) |\_LIBRARY(dbrm-pds-name)\_| \_COPY(collection-id.package-id) \_COPYVER(version-id)\_ \_COMPOSITE\_ |OPTIONS(|\_COMMAND\_\_\_|)| \_ACTION\_\_\_(REPLACE) \_DEFER(PREPARE)\_ |\_NODEFER(PREPARE)\_| |\_REPLVER(version-id)\_| \_(ADD) NO CURRENTDATA(\_|\_YES\_|\_) ||\_DYNAMICRULES(\_RUN\_)\_ \_DBPROTOCOL\_ \_\_DRDA\_ \_PRIVATE\_ \_DEGREE(\_|\_ANY\_|\_)\_| \_BIND\_ \_DEFINEBIND\_ DEFINERUN INVOKEBIND \_INVOKERUN\_ |\_ENCODING(\_ \_ASCII\_\_\_)\_|

120 DB2® 9 for z/OS

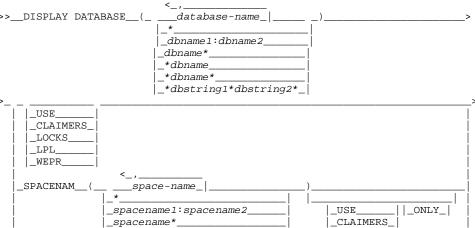
|\_EBCDIC\_\_\_|

_UNICODE_	•
>	>
NONE >	<u> </u>
	>
<pre></pre>	
>>	><    _   _   _
-BIND PLAN  >>_BIND	> >
>	e)_  >
	>

_PRIVATE_
_ENCODING(ASCII)_
_IMMEDWRITE(NO)_  _ISOLATION(RR)_  NO
NONE >_REOPT_( _ALWAYS_ )
>>
_ROUNDING(_CELING)   _DOWN   _FLOOR   _HALFDOWN_   _HALFEVEN_   _HALFUP   _UP  enable-block:
>>
member-block:
>>MEMBER(dbrm-member-name_ _)
_PKLIST(collection-idpackage-id _)_   _location-name  _*   *

-CANCEL THREAD >>\_\_CANCEL\_\_ \_THREAD(token)\_ /CHANGE IMS >>\_\_/CHANGE\_\_ \_SUBSYS\_\_subsystem-name\_ \_SUBSYS\_\_ALL\_ \_SUBSYS\_\_subsystem-name\_\_OASN\_\_schedule-number\_ >\_\_RESET\_ **DCLGEN** >>\_\_DCLGEN\_\_TABLE(\_ \_table-name\_ \_)\_\_ |\_view-name\_\_| \_\_\_\_\_ |\_AT(location-name)\_| >\_\_LIBRARY(library name\_ \_(member-name)\_| \_/password\_ |\_ACTION(\_|\_REPLACE\_|\_)\_| \_LANGUAGE ( \_C\_ \_IBMCOB\_ \_CPP\_ |\_NAMES(prefix)\_| |\_STRUCTURE(structure-name)\_| \_APOST\_ |\_DBCSSYMBOL(\_\_G\_\_)\_| |\_N\_| \_NO\_\_ \_LABEL\_|\_YES\_| \_NO\_ \_YES\_ |\_COLSUFFIX(\_|\_YES\_|\_)\_| \_DBCSDELIM(\_|\_NO\_\_|\_)\_| \_NO\_ STD \_INDVAR(\_|\_YES\_|\_)\_| \_RMARGIN\_(\_|\_WIDE\_|\_)\_ /DISPLAY IMS \_SUBSYS\_\_ >>\_\_\_/DISPLAY\_\_\_ \_subsystem-name\_ \_SUBSYS\_ \_ALL\_ \_OASNSUBSYS\_\_\_subsystem-name\_| \_OASN\_\_SUBSYS\_\_ALL\_

# DB2® 9 z/OS Reference Guide -DISPLAY ARCHIVE >>\_\_DISPLAY ARCHIVE\_ -DISPLAY BUFFERPOOL (\_ACTIVE\_ >>\_\_DISPLAY BUFFERPOOL\_ \_bpname\_| \_INTERVAL\_ \_ACTIVE\_ \_DETAIL(\_ \_LIST( \_ACTIVE\_ LSTATS\_ \_DBNAME(\_ \_database-name\_ \_name1:name2\_ \_name\* |\_GBPDEP(\_ \_YES\_ \_)\_| |\_NO\_\_| \_SPACENAM( \_space-name\_| \_name1:name2\_ \_name\* \_CASTOWNR(\_ \_YES\_ \_)\_| \_NO\_\_| -DISPLAY DATABASE >>\_\_DISPLAY DATABASE\_ \_database-name\_



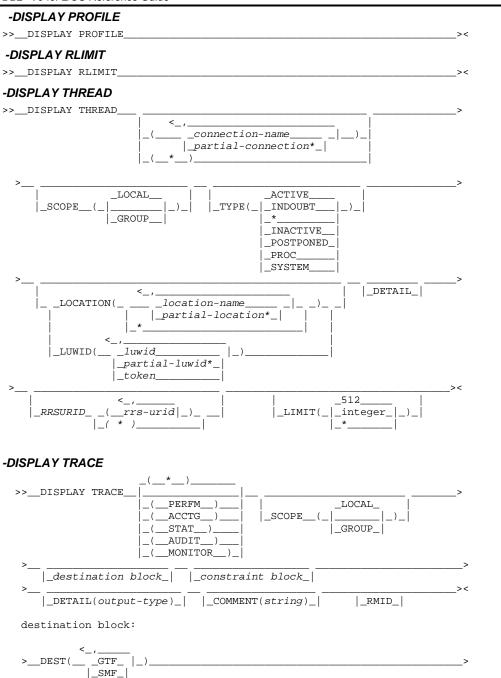
BBL 10 to B G Not did to the state	
	1
_*spacename*	i
*spacestring1*spacestring2*   WEPR	i
ONLY	i
.= -	
>	><
_PART(integer_ )_	
_integer1:integer2_	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
>	><
_50	
_LIMIT(_ _integer_ _)_	
>	><
_AFTER_  _ACTIVE_  _RESTRICT()_  _ADVISORY()	_
<_,	
_ACHKP _       ICOPY_ _	
COPY	
RECP	
_LPL	
_REORP	
_RO	
STOP	
UTRO	
UTRW	
-DISPLAY DDF	
>> DISPLAY DDF	><
>>_DISPLAT DDF	
-DISPLAY FUNCTION SPECIFIC	
>>DISPLAY FUNCTION SPECIFIC	_>
(*.*)	
>_	_>
<_,	
_(schema.specific-function-name _)_	
_schema.partial-name*	
>	_><
_LOCAL_	
_SCOPE(_  _)_	
GROUP	
11	

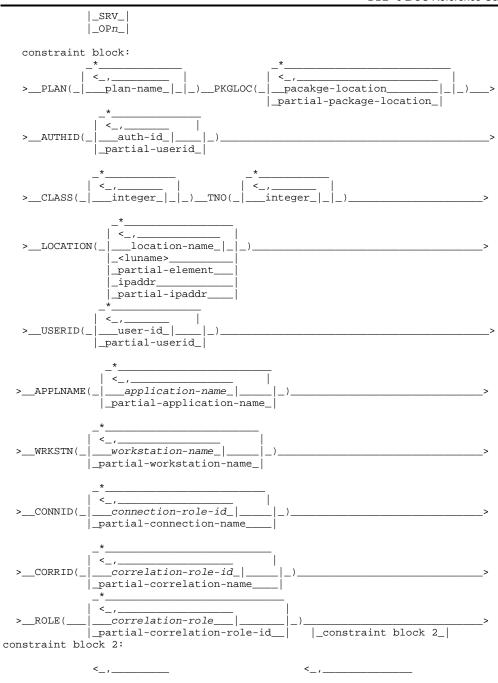
# -DISPLAY GROUP >>\_\_DISPLAY GROUP\_ \_\_\_\_\_ -DISPLAY GROUPBUFFERPOOL >>\_\_DISPLAY GROUPBUFFERPOOL\_ \_gbpname\_ \_structure-name\_ \_MDETAIL \_GCONN\_ INTERVAL\_ MCONN \_NOCACHE\_ \_GDETAIL \_NO INTERVAL \_CONNLIST\_\_(\_ |\_YES\_| -DISPLAY LOCATION >>\_\_DISPLAY LOCATION\_ location-name. \_partial-location\* \_-\_<luname>\_ \_ipaddr\_ \_DETAIL\_ -DISPLAY LOG >>\_\_DISPLAY LOG\_ -DISPLAY PROCEDURE >>\_\_DISPLAY PROCEDURE \_schema.procedure-name\_ \_schema.partial-name\*\_ \_procedure-name \_partial-name\*\_ \_LOCAL\_

126 DB2® 9 for z/OS

\_SCOPE\_

\_GROUP\_



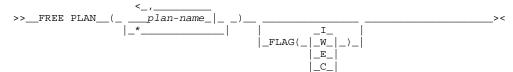


>XPLAN(plan-name_ )XPKGLOC(package-location_ )>
_partial-plan-name_   _partial-pkge-location_
<_,
>XPKGCOL(package-collection-id )>
_partial-package-collection-id_
<_,
>XPKGPROG(package-program-name )>
_partial-package-program-name
<_,,
>_XAUTHID(authorization-id
partial-authorization-id
<_, <_,
>_XLOC(location-name_ )XUSERID_(userid_ )>
_partial-location-name   _partial-userid_
parerar rocation name
  _partial <luname> </luname>
pattrar <runame>   _ipaddr </runame>
  _partial-ipaddr
<_,
_partial-application-name_
YUDY OTDI /
>_XWRKSTN(workstation-name  )>
_partial-workstation-name_
<
>_XCONNID(connection-role-id_ )>
_partial-connection-name
<_,
>_XCORRID(correlation-role-id_ )>
_partial-correlation-name
<
>_XROLE(correlation-role )>
_partial-correlation-role-id_
DIEDLAY LITH ITV
-DISPLAY UTILITY
>>DISPLAY UTILITY(utility-id
_partial-utility-id*_
_*
>><
<_,
_MEMBER(member-name _)_
DSN TSO
>>_DSN>
DSN DSN
-
_group-attachment-name_
>>
TEST(integer)_
_RETRY(_ _integer_ _)_
><
YES  ASUSER(userid)_
_GROUP(_ _NO _)_
DD0® 0.5

# DSNC (CICS attachment facility) \_db2 command\_ \_destination\_| DSNC DISCONNECT (CICS attachment facility) >>\_\_DSNC DISCONNECT\_\_plan-name\_\_\_\_\_ DSNC DISPLAY (CICS attachment facility) >>\_\_DSNC DISPLAY\_\_ \_PLAN\_\_ \_ |\_plan-name\_| \_TRANSACTION\_\_\_ |\_transaction-id\_| \_destination\_| DSNC MODIFY(CICS attachment facility) >>\_\_DSNC MODIFY\_\_ \_DESTINATION\_\_old\_\_new\_ |\_TRANSACTION\_\_transaction-id\_\_integer\_| DSNC STOP (CICS attachment facility) \_QUIESCE\_ >>\_\_DSNC STOP\_\_ \_|\_FORCE\_ DSNC START (CICS attachment facility) >>\_\_DSNC STRT\_ \_ssid\_\_| **DSNH (TSO CLIST)** >>\_\_DSNH\_\_INPUT(data-set-name)\_ \_clist-parameter\_|\_| **END** >>\_\_\_END\_ FREE PACKAGE >>\_\_FREE PACKAGE\_ \_collection-id\_.\_package-id |\_location-name.||\_\*\_ \_version-id\_ 130 DB2® 9 for z/OS



#### FREE PLAN



#### MODIFY admtproc, APPL=SHUTDOWN

>>\_MODIFY\_\_admtproc,APPL\_\_\_\_\_\_><
\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_><

#### MODIFY admtproc, APPL=SHUTDOWN

#### MODIFY IRLMPROC, ABEND

>>\_MODIFY\_irlmproc,ABEND\_| \_\_\_\_\_ ><
\_\_NODUMP

#### MODIFY IRLMPROC, DIAG

#### MODIFY IRLMPROC, PURGE

>>\_MODIFY\_irlmproc,PURGE,db2name\_\_\_\_\_><

### MODIFY IRLMPROC, SET

### **MODIFY IRLMPROC, STATUS**

\_,irlmx\_\_ >>\_\_MODIFY\_\_irlmproc,STATUS\_|\_\_\_\_|\_><

|\_,ALLD\_\_| |\_,ALLI\_\_| |\_,MAINT\_\_| |\_,STOR\_\_\_| |\_,TRACE\_

## -MODIFY TRACE (DB2)

*
   <,
>>_MODIFY TRACE_(PERFM)CLASS(_  integer   _   _)>
>TNO(integer)IFCID(_ ifcid_nbr _ _)>
_COMMENT(string)_  >
*    _constraint-block-2_      <,      _ROLE(_ connection-role  _)_
constraint block 2:
<pre>&gt;XPLAN(plan-name_ )XPKGLOC(package-location_ )&gt;  _partial-plan-name_ </pre>
>_XPKGCOL(package-collection-id _)>  _partial-package-collection-id_  <_,
>_XPKGPROG(package-program-name  _)>  _partial-package-program-name
>XAUTHID(authorization-id _)>  _partial-authorization-id
>_XLOC(location-name_ _)XUSERID_(userid_ )>  _partial-location-name
>XAPPNAME(application-name_ )>  _partial-application-name_
>XWRKSTN(workstation-name_ )>  _partial-workstation-name_
<pre>&gt;_XCONNID(</pre>

```
>__XCORRID(
                _correlation-role-id_|
             _partial-correlation-name_
                _correlation-role___|
 >__XROLE(_
             |_partial-correlation-role-id_|
REBIND PACKAGE
>>__REBIND PACKAGE
                       collection-id_
                                       _package-id_
     location-name._|
                                                        _version-id_
|_OWNER(auth-id)_|
                     _QUALIFIER(qualifier-name)_|
                                                   __CURRENTDATA(_YES_
                                                                 _NO_|
                                                            _)_||_DEFER(PREPARE)_
                                                   _DBPROTOCOL_(_
                  _DRDA_
                PRIVATE_
                              _NODEFER(PREPARE)_
   _DYNAMICRULES(__RUN_
                   _BIND
                   _DEFINE
                   _INVOKE_
 |_ENCODING(_ _ASCII__
             _EBCDIC_
                          |_EXPLAIN(_|_YES_|_)_|
                                                         _FLAG(_|_W_|
             _UNICODE_
                                                                 _E_
                                                                 _C_
             _ccsid_
                                ______
|_ISOLATION(_ _RR_ _)_|
   |_IMMEDWRITE_(_NO_)_|
               _YES_
                                             _RS_
                                             _CS_
                                             _UR_
                                             _NC_
                                                |_OPTHINT_(_'hint-id'
                                    _NONE_
                 _NO_
                          |_REOPT(|_ALWAYS_|)_|
  _KEEPDYNAMIC(_|_YES_|_)_|
                                    _ONCE_
                                    _AUTO_
                              __DEALLOCATE_
  PATH(___schema-name_
         _USER_
               _RUN_
   _VALIDATE(_|_BIND_|_)_
REBIND PLAN
>>__REBIND PLAN___(_
                      _plan-name_|_ _)_
                                       _OWNER(authorization-id)_|
```

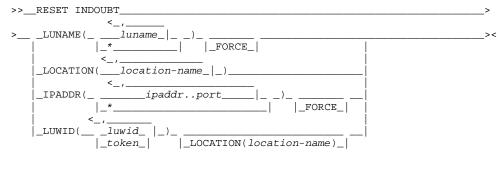


_QUALIFIER(qualifier-name)_  >
_NOPKLIST
_NODEFER(PREPARE)_  _ACQUIRE(USE)  _CACHESIZE(decimal-value)_   _DEFER(PREPARE)
_CURRENTDATA(NO)_   _CURRENTSERVER(location-name)_   _YES_
_DBPROTOCOL(DRDA)_
_DISCONNECT(EXPLICIT)_   _DYNAMICRULES(RUN)_   _AUTOMATIC   _BIND_   _CONDITIONAL_
_ENCODING(ASCII)_   _EXPLAIN(NO)_   I  _EBCDIC   _YES_   _FLAG(_ _W_ _)_   _UNICODE_   _E_   _ccsid   C_
_IMMEDWRITE(NO)_  _ISOLATION(RR)_  NO
NONE
enable-block
_ENABLE(*)

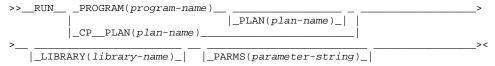
	_IMSMPP(imsid_ _)
REBIND TRIGGER PACKAGE >>_REBIND TRIGGER PACKAGE(	collection-idpackage-id_)_> _location-name   _*   *  >
	NCODING(_ASCII_)
_II    _FLAG(_ _W_ _)   _E   _C	>
_IMMEDWRITE(NO)   .  _YES_  -	_ISOLATION(RR)_  _RELEASE(COMMIT)_   _RS   _CS   _UR   _NC
-RECOVER BSDS >>RECOVER BSDSRECOVER INDOUBT	><
>>RECOVER INDOUBT	
-RECOVER POSTPONED	NCEL_
-REFRESH DB2, EARLY >>REFRESH DB2, EARLY	><
-RESET GENERICLU	
>>RESET GENERICLU(	luname><  _netid.luname_

135

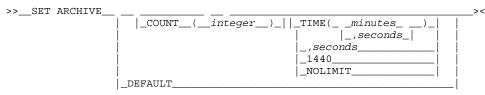
#### -RESET INDOUBT



#### **RUN**



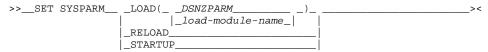
#### -SET ARCHIVE



#### -SET LOG



#### -SET SYSPARM

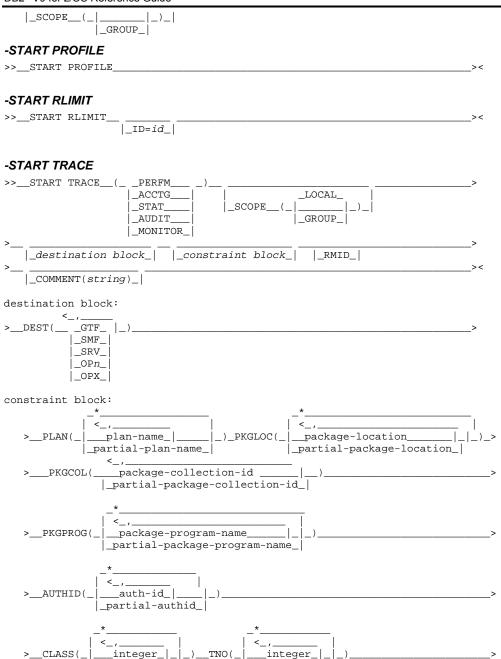


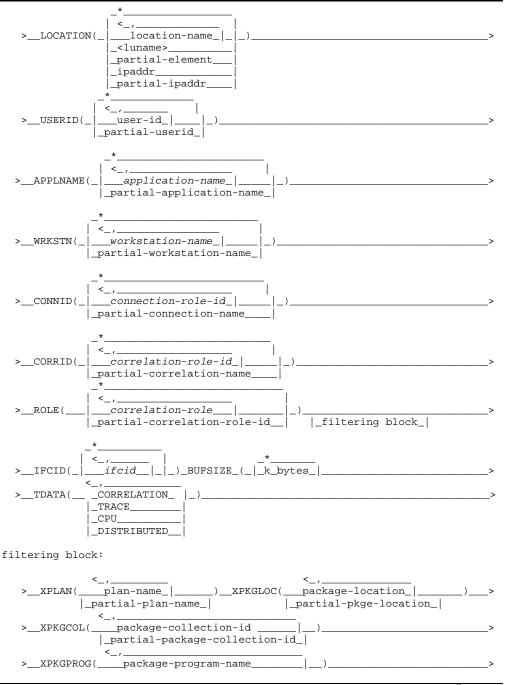
#### **SPUFI**

|\_DIST(jcl-substitution)\_|

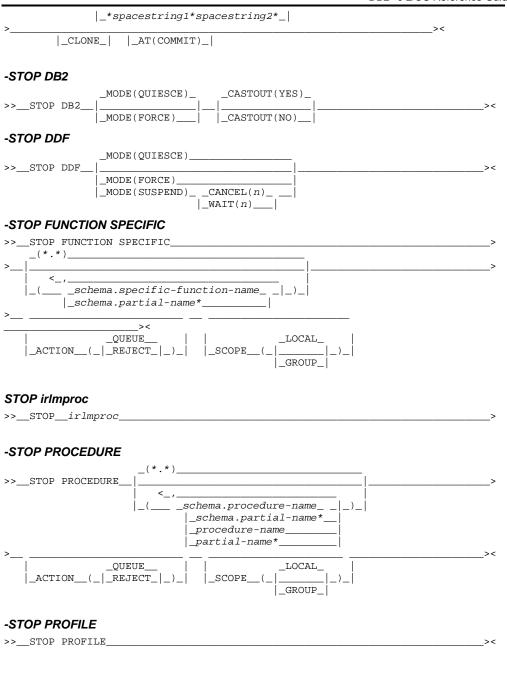
## /SSR >>\_\_/SSR\_\_subsystem-command\_ /START IMS >>\_\_\_/START \_SUBSYS \_\_subsystem-name\_ \_SUBSYS\_\_ALL\_ -START DATABASE >>\_\_START DATABASE\_ \_database-name\_ \_dbname1:dbname2\_ \_dbname\*\_ \_\*dbname\_ \_\*dbname\*\_ \_\*dbstring1\*dbstring2\*\_| \_SPACENAM(\_ space-name\_| \_spacename1:spacename2 \_spacename\*\_ \_\*spacename\_ \_\*spacename\*\_ \_\*spacestring1\*spacestring2\*\_ \_CLONE\_ \_PART(\_ \_integer\_ |\_integer1:integer2\_\_| RW \_\_ACCESS(\_|\_RO\_ \_UT \_FORCE\_ -START DB2 >>\_\_START DB2\_ \_DSNZPARM\_ |\_PARM(\_|\_module name\_|\_)\_| \_NO\_ \_ACCESS(\_|\_MAINT\_|\_)\_| |\_LIGHT(\_|\_YES\_|\_)\_

# -START DDF >>\_\_START DDF\_ -START FUNCTION SPECIFIC >>\_\_START FUNCTION SPECIFIC \_(\*.\*)\_ \_\_\_\_schema.specific-function-name\_ |\_schema.partial-name\*\_\_\_ \_LOCAL\_ \_SCOPE\_ \_GROUP\_ -START admtproc >>\_\_START\_\_irlmproc,\_ \_TRACE=\_\_ON\_ \_OFF\_ -START irImproc >>\_\_START\_\_irlmproc,\_ \_DEADLOK='iiii,kkkk'\_ \_\_IRLMGRP='irlm-group-name\_ \_IRLMID=n\_ \_IRLMNM=irlmname\_ \_LOCKTABL=irlmltnm\_ \_MAXCSA=nnn\_ \_MAXUSRS=nnn\_ \_\_PC=\_ \_YES\_ |\_NO\_\_\_| \_PGPROT=\_ \_YES\_ \_\_NODISCON\_ -START PROCEDURE >>\_\_START PROCEDURE\_ \_(\_\_\_ \_schema.procedure-name\_ \_schema.partial-name\*\_ \_procedure-name \_partial-name\* \_LOCAL\_



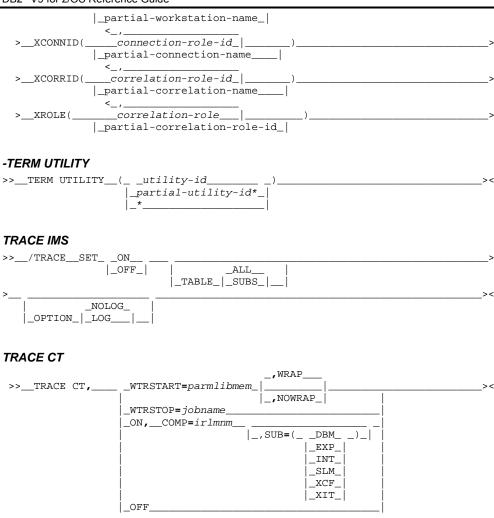




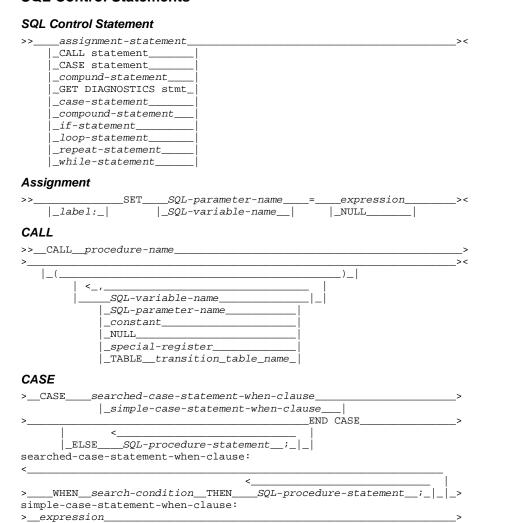


#### -STOP RLIMIT >>\_\_STOP RLIMIT\_ -STOP TRACE >>\_\_STOP TRACE\_\_\_(\_ \_PERFM \_ACCTG\_ LOCAL\_ \_STAT\_ \_SCOPE\_ \_GROUP\_ \_AUDIT\_ \_MONITOR\_ |\_destination block\_| |\_constraint block\_| | | |\_RMID\_| |\_COMMENT(string)\_| destination block: <\_,\_\_ >\_\_\_DEST(\_ \_GTF \_SMF \_SRV \_OPn\_ constraint block: \_\_package-location\_ \_plan-name\_|\_ \_PLAN(\_ \_)\_PKGLOC(\_| |\_partial-package-location\_| |\_partial-plan-name\_| \_PKGCOL(\_\_\_\_package-collection-id \_ |\_partial-package-collection-id\_| >\_\_\_PKGPROG(\_ \_\_package-program-name\_ \_partial-package-program-name\_ \_AUTHID(\_ \_\_auth-id\_| \_partial-authid\_ | <\_,\_\_ \_integer\_|\_|\_)\_\_ >\_\_CLASS(\_|\_ \_TNO(\_| integer\_|\_|\_) >\_\_LOCATION(\_ \_location-name\_| \_<luname>\_ \_partial-element \_ipaddr\_ \_partial-ipaddr\_

>USERID(_ user-id_  _)>  _partial-userid_
-*
*
-*
-*    <_,  >CORRID(_ correlation-role-id_  _)  partial-correlation-name
-*   <_,     >ROLE( correlation-role  _)  partial-correlation-role-id   _filtering block_
filtering block:
<_, <_,
<_,
>XPKGPROG(package-program-name  )>  _partial-package-program-name
<_,
<pre>&gt;_XLOC(location-name_ _)</pre>
<pre>&gt;_XAPPNAME(application-name_ )&gt;  _partial-application-name_ </pre>
<_,

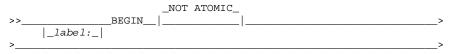


#### **SQL Control Statements**



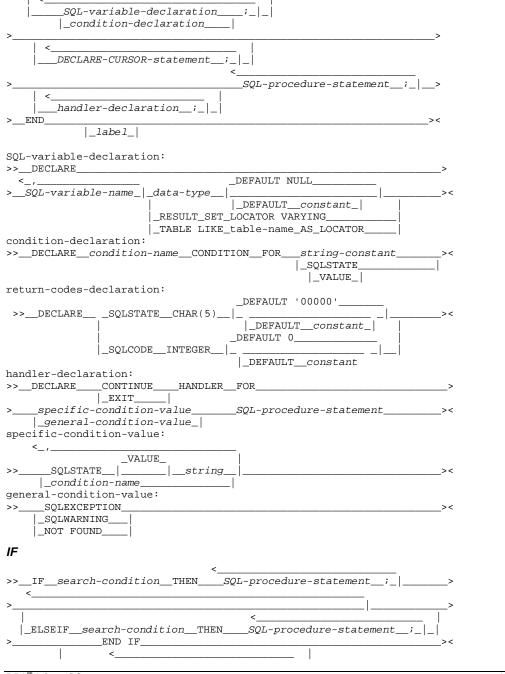
#### Compound

>\_\_\_\_WHEN\_\_expression\_\_THEN\_\_



146 DB2® 9 for z/OS

\_\_SQL-procedure-statement\_\_;\_|



_ELSESQL-procedure-statement;_ _
GET DIAGNOSTICS
>>GET_DIAGNOSTICSSQL-variable-name =ROW_COUNT>
GOTO
>>GOTOlabel>
LEAVE
>>LEAVElabel>
LOOP
>>LOOPSQL-procedure-statement;_ _END LOOP:
>>· 
REPEAT
NEF EAT
>>REPEATSQL-procedure-statement;_
WHILE
>>WHILE_search-condition_DO:  _label:_
<
>SQL-procedure-statement,_ _END WHILE>  _label_
SQL Procedure statement
>>assignment-statement>
_get-diagnostics-statement_
_goto-statement
_if-statement
_leave-statement
_loop-statement
_repeat-statement
_while-statement
_nested-SQL-statement

#### Plan Table

Contains information about access paths for queries that were explained or hints.

Column name	Description
QUERYNO	A number intended to identify the statement being explained. For a row produced by an EXPLAIN statement, specify the number in the QUERYNO clause. For a row produced by non-EXPLAIN statements, specify the number using the QUERYNO clause, which is an optional part of the SELECT, INSERT, UPDATE, and DELETE statement syntax. Otherwise, DB2 assigns a number based on the line number of the SQL statement in the source program.  FETCH statements do not each have an individual QUERYNO assigned to them. Instead, DB2 uses the QUERYNO of the DECLARE CURSOR statement for all corresponding FETCH statements for that cursor.  When the values of QUERYNO are based on the statement number in the source program, values greater than 32,767 are reported as 0. Hence, in a very long program, the value is not guaranteed to be unique. If QUERYNO is not unique, use the value of TIMESTAMP, which is always unique.
QBLOCKNO	A number that identifies each query block within a query. The value of the numbers are not in any particular order, nor are they necessarily consecutive.
APPLNAME	The name of the application plan for the row. Applies only to embedded EXPLAIN statements executed from a plan or to statements explained when binding a plan. Blank if not applicable.
PROGNAME	The name of the program or package containing the statement being explained. For statements explained dynamically, such as with QMF or SPUFI, the associated plan/package is listed. Blank if not applicable.
PLANNO	The number of the step in which the query indicated in QBLOCKNO was processed. This column indicates the order in which the steps were executed.
METHOD	A number (0, 1, 2, 3, or 4) that indicates the join method used for the step:  0 = First table accessed, continuation of previous table accessed, or not used.  1 = Nested loop join. For each row of the present composite table, matching rows of a new table are found and joined.  2 = Merge scan join. The present composite table and the new tables are scanned in the order of the join columns, and matching rows are joined.  3 = Sorts needed by ORDER BY, GROUP BY, SELECT DISTINCT, UNION, a quantified predicate, or an IN predicate. This step does not access a new table.  4 = Hybrid join. The current composite table is scanned in the order of the join-column rows of the new table. The new table is accessed using list prefetch.
CREATOR	The creator of the new table accessed in this step; blank if METHOD is 3.

TABNO	The name of a table, materialized query table, created or declared temporary table, materialized view, or materialized table expression. The value is blank if METHOD is 3. The column can also contain the name of a table in the form DSNWFQB(qblockno). DSNWFQB(qblockno) is used to represent the intermediate result of a UNION ALL, an INTERSECT ALL, an EXCEPT ALL, or an outer join that is materialized. If a view is merged, the name of the view does not appear. UDSN_BIM_TBL(qblockno) is used to represent the work file of a star join dimension table.
ACCESSTYPE	The method of accessing the new table:
	DI = By an intersection of multiple DOCID lists to return the final DOCID list. DU = By a union of multiple DOCID lists to return the final DOCID list.
	DX = By an XML index scan of the index named in ACCESSNAME to return a DOCID list.
	E = By direct row using a row change timestamp column. I = By an index (identified in ACCESSCREATOR and ACCESSNAME).
	I1 = By a one-fetch index scan.
	M = By a multiple index scan (followed by MX, MI, or MU).
	MX = By an index scan on the index named in ACCESSNAME.
	When the access method MX follows the access method DX, DI, or DU, the table is accessed by the DOCID index using the DOCID list returned by DX, DI, or DU.
	MI = By an intersection of multiple indexes.
	MU = By a union of multiple indexes.
	N = By an index scan when the matching predicate contains the IN keyword.
	P = By a dynamic index ANDing scan.
	R = By a table space scan.
	RW = By a work file scan of the result of a materialized user- defined table function.
	V = By buffers for an INSERT statement within a SELECT.
	Blank = Not applicable to the current row.
MATCHCOLS	For ACCESSTYPE I, I1, N, MX, or DX, the number of index keys
	used in an index scan; otherwise, 0.
ACCESSCREATOR	For ACCESSTYPE I, I1, N, MX, or DX, the creator of the index; otherwise, blank.
ACCESSNAME	For ACCESSTYPE I, I1, N, MX, or DX, the name of the index; for ACCESSTYPE P, DSNPJW( <i>mixopseqno</i> ) is the starting pair-wise join leg in MIXOPSEQNO; otherwise, blank.
INDEXONLY	Whether access to an index alone is enough to carry out the step, or whether data, too, must be accessed. Y = Yes; N = No.
SORTN_UNIQ	Whether the new table is sorted to remove duplicate rows. Y =
SORTN_JOIN	Yes; N = No.  Whether the new table is sorted for join method 2 or 4. Y = Yes; N = No.
CODIN ODDEDDY	-
SORTN_ORDERBY	Whether the new table is sorted for ORDER BY. Y = Yes; N = No.
SORTN_GROUPBY	Whether the new table is sorted for GROUP BY. Y = Yes; N = No.
SORTC_UNIQ	Whether the composite table is sorted to remove duplicate rows. Y = Yes; N = No.

CODTO JOIN	
SORTC_JOIN	Whether the composite table is sorted for join method 1, 2, or 4. Y = Yes; N = No.
SORTC_ORDERBY	Whether the composite table is sorted for an ORDER BY clause or a quantified predicate. Y = Yes; N = No.
SORTC_GROUPBY	Whether the composite table is sorted for a GROUP BY clause. Y = Yes; N = No.
TSLOCKMODE	An indication of the mode of lock to be acquired on the new table or its table space or table space partitions. If the isolation can be determined at bind time, the values are:  IS = Intent share lock IX = Intent exclusive lock S = Share lock U = Update lock X = Exclusive lock SIX = Share with intent exclusive lock N = UR isolation; no lock If the isolation cannot be determined at bind time, the lock mode determined by the isolation at runtime is shown by the following values.  NS = For UR isolation, no lock; for CS, RS, or RR, an S lock. NIS = For UR isolation, no lock; for CS, RS, or RR, an IS lock. NSS = For UR isolation, no lock; for CS or RS, an IS lock; for RR, an S lock. SS = For UR, CS, or RS isolation, an IS lock; for RR, an S lock. The data in this column is right-justified. For example, IX appears as a blank followed by I followed by X. If the column contains a blank, no lock is acquired. If the access method in the ACCESSTYPE column is DX, DI, or DU, no latches are acquired on the XML index page, and no lock is acquired on the new base table data page or row, nor on the XML table and the corresponding table spaces. The value of TSLOCKMODE is blank in this case.
TIMESTAMP	Usually, the time at which the row is processed, to the last 0.01 second. If necessary, DB2 adds 0.01 second to the value to ensure that rows for two successive queries have different values.
REMARKS	A field into which you can insert any character string of 254 or fewer characters.
PREFETCH	Whether data pages are to be read in advance by prefetch: D = Optimizer expects dynamic prefetch S = Pure sequential prefetch L = Prefetch through a page list Blank = Unknown at bind time or no prefetch
COLUMN_FN_EVAL	When a SQL aggregate function is evaluated: R = While the data is being read from the table or index S = While performing a sort to satisfy a GROUP BY clause Blank = After data retrieval after any sorts
MIXOPSEQ	The sequence number of a step in a multiple index operation: 1, 2, n = For the steps of the multiple index procedure (ACCESSTYPE is MX, MI, MU, DX, DI, or DU) 0 = For any other rows

	DDZ 92/03 Neieleilice
VERSION	The version identifier for the package. Applies only to an embedded EXPLAIN statement executed from a package or to a statement that is explained when binding a package. Blank if not applicable.
COLLID	The collection ID for the package. Applies only to an embedded EXPLAIN statement executed from a package or to a statement that is explained when binding a package. Blank if not applicable. The value DSNDYNAMICSQLCACHE indicates that the row is for a cached statement.
ACCESS_DEGREE	The number of parallel tasks or operations activated by a query. This value is determined at bind time; the actual number of parallel operations used at execution time could differ. The column contains 0 if there is a host variable.
ACCESS_PGROUP_ID	The identifier of the parallel group for accessing the new table. A parallel group is a set of consecutive operations, executed in parallel, that have the same number of parallel tasks. This value is determined at bind time; it could change at execution time.
JOIN_DEGREE	The number of parallel operations or tasks used in joining the composite table with the new table. This value is determined at bind time and can be 0 if there is a host variable. The actual number of parallel operations or tasks used at execution time could be different.
JOIN_PGROUP_ID	The identifier of the parallel group for joining the composite table with the new table. This value is determined at bind time; it could change at execution time.
SORTC_PGROUP_ID	The parallel group identifier for the parallel sort of the composite table.
SORTN_PGROUP_ID	The parallel group identifier for the parallel sort of the new table.
PARALLELISM_MODE	The kind of parallelism, if any, that is used at bind time: I = Query I/O parallelism C = Query CP parallelism X = Sysplex query parallelism
MERGE_JOIN_COLS	The number of columns that are joined during a merge scan join (Method = 2).
CORRELATION_NAME	The correlation name of a table or view that is specified in the statement. If there is no correlation name, the column is blank.
PAGE_RANGE	Whether the table qualifies for page range screening, so that plans scan only the partitions that are needed. Y = Yes; blank = No.
JOIN_TYPE	The type of an outer join:  F = Full outer join  L = Left outer join  S = Star join  Blank = Inner join or no join  RIGHT OUTER JOIN converts to a LEFT OUTER JOIN when you use it, so that JOIN_TYPE contains L.
GROUP_MEMBER	The member name of the DB2 that executed EXPLAIN. The column is blank if the DB2 subsystem was not in a data sharing environment when EXPLAIN was executed.
IBM_SERVICE_DATA	IBM use only.

WHEN_OPTIMIZE	When the access path was determined: blank = At bind time, using a default filter factor for any host variables, parameter markers, or special registers. B = At bind time, using a default filter factor for any host variables, parameter markers, or special registers; however, the statement is reoptimized at runtime using input variable values for input host variables, parameter markers, or special registers. The bind option REOPT(ALWYAS), REOPT(ONCE), or REOPT(AUTO), must be specified for reoptimization to occur. R = At runtime, using input variables for any host variables, parameter markers, or special registers. The bind option REOPT(ALWAYS), REOPT(ONCE), or REOPT(AUTO) must be specified for this to occur. For each query block, the type of SQL operation performed. For	
QBLOCK_TYPE	ror each query block, the type of SQL operation performed. For the outermost query, the column identifies the statement type. Possible values:  SELECT = SELECT   INSERT   UPDATE = UPDATE   UPDATE = UPDATE   UPDATE = DELETE   SELUPD = SELECT with FOR UPDATE OF   DELCUR = DELETE   WHERE CURRENT OF CURSOR   UPDCUR = UPDATE   WHERE CURRENT OF CURSOR   CORSUB = Correlated subquery   NCOSUB = Noncorrelated subquery   TABLEX = Table expression   TRIGGR = WHEN clause on CREATE TRIGGER   UNION = UNION   UNIONA = UNION ALL   INTERS = INTERSECT   INTERS = INTERSECT   INTERA = INTERSECT ALL   EXCEPT = EXCEPT   EXCEPTA = EXCEPT ALL   EXCEPTA = EXCEPT   EXCEPTA = EXCEPT   EXCEPTA = EXCEPT   EXCEPTA = EXCEPT   EXCEPTA = EXCEPT   EXCEPTA = EXCEPT   EXCEPTA = EXCEPTA   EXC	
BIND_TIME	For non-cached static SQL statements, the time at which the plan or package for the statement or query block was bound. For cached static and dynamic statements, the time at which the statement entered the cache. For non-cached static, cached static, and cached dynamic statements, this is a full-precision timestamp value. For non-cached dynamic SQL statements, this is the value contained in the TIMESTAMP column of PLAN_TABLE appended by four zeroes.	
OPTHINT	A string that you use to identify this row as an optimization hint for DB2. DB2 uses this row as input when choosing an access path.	
HINT_USED	If DB2 used one of your optimization hints, it puts the identifier for that hint (the value in OPTHINT) in this column.	
PRIMARY_ACCESSTYPE	Indicates whether direct row access will be attempted first:  D = DB2 will try to use direct row access. If it cannot use direct row access at runtime, it uses the access path described in the ACCESSTYPE column of PLAN_TABLE.  T = The base table or result file is materialized into a work file, and the work file is accessed via sparse index access. If a base table is involved, ACCESSTYPE indicates how the base table is accessed.  Blank = DB2 will not try to use direct row access.	

PARENT QBLOCK	Number that indicates the QBLOCKNO of the parent query.
TABLE TYPE	The type of new table:
	B = Buffers for SELECT from INSERT, SELECT from UPDATE,
	SELECT from MERGE, or SELECT from DELETE statement.
	C = Common table expression
	F = Table function
	M = Materialized guery table
	Q = Temporary intermediate result table (not materialized). For the
	name of the view or nested table expression, a value of Q
	indicates that the materialization was virtual and not actual.
	Materialization can be virtual when the view or nested table
	expression definition contains a UNION ALL that is not distributed.
	R = Recursive common table expression
	S = Subquery (correlated or non-correlated)
	T = Table
	W = Work file
	The value of the column is null if the guery uses GROUP BY,
	ORDER BY, or DISTINCT, which requires an implicit sort.
TABLE_ENCODE	The encoding scheme of the table. If the table has a single CCSID
_	set, possible values are:
	A = ASCII
	E = EBCDIC
	U = Unicode
	M = The table contains multiple CCSID sets.
TABLE_SCCSID	The SBCS CCSID value of the table. If column TABLE_ENCODE
	is M, the value is 0.
TABLE_MCCSID	The mixed CCSID value of the table. If column TABLE_ENCODE
	is M, the value is 0.
TABLE_DCCSID	The DBCS CCSID value of the table. If column TABLE_ENCODE
	is M, the value is 0.
ROUTINE_ID	IBM use only.
CTREF	If the referenced table is a common table expression, the value is
	the top-level query block number.
STMTTOKEN	A user-specified statement token.
PARENT_PLANNO	Corresponds to the plan number in the parent query block where a
	correlated subquery is involved. Or, for non-correlated subqueries,
	corresponds to the plan number in the parent query block that
	represents the work file for the subquery.

## DSN\_PREDICAT\_TABLE

Contains information about all the predicates in a query.

Column name	Description
QUERYNO	A number used to help identify the query being explained. It is not a
	unique identifier. Using a negative number will cause problems. The
	possible sources are:
	The statement line number in the program
	The QUERYNO clause
	The EXPLAIN statement
	The EDM unique token in the statement cache
QBLOCKNO	A number used to identify each query block within a query.
APPLNAME	The application plan name.
PROGNAME	The program name (binding an application) or the package name
	(binding a package).
PREDNO	A number used to identify a predicate within a query.
TYPE	A string used to indicate the type or the operation of the predicate.
	The possible values are:
	AND
	OR
	EQUAL
	RANGE
	BETWEEN
	l IN
	LIKE
	NOT LIKE
	EXISTS
	NOTEXIST
	SUBQUERY
	HAVING
	OTHERS
LEFT_HAND_SIDE	If the left-hand side (LHS) of the predicate is a table column
	(LHS_TABNO > 0, this column indicates the column name. Other
	possible values are:
	VALUE
	COLEXP
	NONCOLEXP
	CORSUB
	NONCORSUB
	SUBQUERY
	EXPRESSION
LEET HAND DNG	Blanks
LEFT_HAND_PNO	If the LLIC of the predicate is a table column, this polymer indicates a
LHS_TABNO	If the LHS of the predicate is a table column, this column indicates a
	number that uniquely identifies the corresponding table reference
LUC ORNO	within a query.
LHS_QBNO	If the LHS of the predicate is a table column, this column indicates a
	number that uniquely identifies the corresponding table reference
DICLIT LIAND SIDE	within a query.
RIGHT_HAND_SIDE	If the right-hand side (RHS) of the predicate is a table column

	(RHS_TABNO > 0), this column indicates the column name. Other
	possible values are:
	VALUE
	COLEXP
	NONCOLEXP
	CORSUB
	NONCORSUB
	SUBQUERY
	EXPRESSION
	Blanks
RIGHT_HAND_PNO	If the predicate is a compound predicate (AND/OR), this column
	indicates the second child predicate. However, this column is not
	reliable when the predicate tree consolidation happens.
RHS_TABNO	If the RHS of the predicate is a table column, this column indicates
_	a number that uniquely identifies the corresponding table reference
	within a query.
RHS_QBNO	If the RHS of the predicate is a subquery, this column indicates a
_	number that uniquely identifies the corresponding query block within
	a query.
FILTER_FACTOR	The estimated filter factor.
BOOLEAN TERM	Whether this predicate can be used to determine the truth value of
_	the whole WHERE clause.
SEARCHARG	Whether this predicate can be processed by data manager (DM)
	stage 1. If it cannot, the relational data service (RDS) stage 2 needs
	to be used to take care of it, which is more costly.
AFTER JOIN	Indicates the predicate evaluation phase:
	A = After join
	D = During join
	Blank = Not applicable
ADDED PRED	Whether the predicate is generated by transitive closure, which
_	means DB2 can generate additional predicates to provide more
	information for access path selection, when the set of predicates
	that belong to a query logically imply other predicates.
REDUNDANT_PRED	Whether the predicate is a redundant predicate, which means
_	evaluation of other predicates in the query already determines the
	result that the predicate provides.
DIRECT_ACCESS	Whether the predicate is direct access, which means one can
_	navigate directly to the row through ROWID.
KEYFIELD	Whether the predicate includes the index key column of the
	involved table.
EXPLAIN TIME	The EXPLAIN timestamp.
CATEGORY	IBM internal use only.
CATEGORY B	IBM internal use only.
PRED ENCODE	IBM internal use only.
PRED CCSID	IBM internal use only.
PRED MCCSID	IBM internal use only.
MARKER	Whether the predicate includes host variables, parameter markers,
	or special registers.
PARENT PNO	The parent predicate number. If this predicate is a root predicate
. ,	within a query block, this column is 0.
NEGATION	Whether the predicate is negated via NOT.
LITERALS	The literal value or literal values separated by colon symbols.
CLAUSE	The clause where the predicate exists:
CLAUSE	The clause where the predicate exists.

	HAVING = HAVING clause ON = ON clause WHERE = WHERE clause
GROUP_MEMBER	The member name of the DB2 that executed EXPLAIN. The column is blank if the DB2 subsystem was not in a data sharing environment when EXPLAIN was executed.

### DSN\_STRUCT\_TABLE

Contains information about the query blocks in a query.

Column name	Description
QUERYNO	A number used to help identify the query being explained. It is not a
	unique identifier. Using a negative number will cause problems. The
	possible sources are:
	The statement line number in the program
	The QUERYNO clause
	The EXPLAIN statement
	The EDM unique token in the statement cache
QBLOCKNO	A number used to identify each query block within a query.
APPLNAME	The application plan name.
PROGNAME	The program name (binding an application) or the package name
	(binding a package).
PARENT	The parent query block number of the current query block in the
	structure of SQL text; this is the same as the PARENT_QBLOCKNO
	in the PLAN_TABLE.
ROWCOUNT	The estimated number of rows returned by RDS (query cardinality).
ATOPEN	Whether the query block is moved up for do-at-open processing. The
	value is Y if done-at-open or N otherwise.
CONTEXT	This column indicates the context of the current query block. The
	possible values are:
	TOP LEVEL
	UNION
	UNION ALL
	PREDICATE
	TABLE EXP
	UNKNOWN
ORDERNO	This column is currently not used.
DOATOPEN_PARENT	The parent query block number of the current query block. Do-at-open
	parent if the query block is done-at-open, this value may differ from
	the PARENT_QBLOCKNO in the PLAN_TABLE.
QBLOCK_TYPE	The type of the current query block:
	SELECT
	INSERT
	UPDATE
	DELETE
	SELUPD
	DELCUR
	UPDCUR
	CORSUB
	NCOSUB
	TABLEX
	TRIGGR

	UNION UNIONA CTE This column is equivalent to the QBLOCK_TYPE column in PLAN_TABLE, except for CTE.
EXPLAIN_TIME	The EXPLAIN timestamp.
QUERY_STAGE	IBM internal use only.
GROUP_MEMBER	The member name of the DB2 subsystem that executed EXPLAIN. The column is blank if the DB2 subsystem was not in a data sharing environment when EXPLAIN was executed.

## DSN\_PGROUP\_TABLE

Contains information about the parallel groups in a query.

Column name	Description
QUERYNO	A number used to help identify the query being explained. It is not a
	unique identifier. Using a negative number will cause problems. The
	possible sources are:
	<ul> <li>The statement line number in the program</li> </ul>
	The QUERYNO clause
	The EXPLAIN statement
	The EDM unique token in the statement cache
QBLOCKNO	A number used to identify each query block within a query.
PLANNAME	The application plan name.
COLLID	The collection ID for the package.
PROGNAME	The program name (binding an application) or the package name
	(binding a package).
EXPLAIN_TIME	The explain timestamp.
VERSION	The version identifier for the package.
GROUPID	The parallel group identifier within the current query block.
FIRSTPLAN	The plan number of the first contributing mini-plan associated within
	this parallel group.
LASTPLAN	The plan number of the last mini-plan associated with this parallel
	group.
CPUCOST	The estimated CPU cost of this parallel group in milliseconds.
IOCOST	The estimated total I/O cost of this parallel group in milliseconds.
BESTTIME	The estimated elapsed time for each parallel task for this parallel
	group.
DEGREE	The degree of parallelism for this parallel group determined at bind
	time. The maximum parallelism degree if the table space is large is
	255; otherwise, 64.
MODE	The parallel mode:
	I = I/O parallelism
	C = CPU parallelism
	X = Multiple CPU Sysplex parallelism (highest level)
DEACON	N = No parallelism
REASON	The reason for downgrading parallelism mode.
LOCALCPU	The number of CPUs currently online when preparing the query.
TOTALCPU	The total number of CPUs in Sysplex. LOCALCPU and TOTALCPU
FIDOTDACE	are different only for the DB2 coordinator in a Sysplex.
FIRSTBASE	The table number of the table that on which partitioning is performed.
LARGETS	Value is Y if the table space is large in this group.

PARTKIND	The partitioning type:
FARTRIND	L = Logical partitioning
	P = Physical partitioning
GROUPTYPE	Indicates what operations this parallel group contains: table access,
GROOFTIFE	join, or sort (A, AJ, or AJS).
ORDER	The ordering requirement of this parallel group:
ORDER	N = No order. Results need no ordering.
	T = Natural order. Ordering is required but results already ordered if
	accessed via index.
	K = Key order. Ordering achieved by sort. Results ordered by sort key.
	This value applies only to parallel sort.
STYLF	The input/output format style of this parallel group. Blank for I/O
OTTEE	parallelism. For other modes:
	RIRO = Records IN, Records OUT
	WIRO = Work file IN. Records OUT
	WIWO = Work file IN, Work file OUT
RANGEKIND	The range type:
	K = Key range
	P = Page range
NKEYCOLS	The number of interesting key columns — that is, the number of
	columns that will participate in the key operation for this parallel group.
LOWBOUND	The low bound of the parallel group.
HIGHBOUND	The high bound of the parallel group.
LOWKEY	The low key of range if partitioned by key range.
HIGHKEY	The high key of range if partitioned by key range.
FIRSTPAGE	The fist page in range if partitioned by page range.
LASTPAGE	The last page in range if partitioned by page range.
GROUP_MEMBER	IBM internal use only.
HOST_REASON	IBM internal use only.
PARA_TYPE	IBM internal use only.
PART_INNER	IBM internal use only.
GRNU_KEYRNG	IBM internal use only.
OPEN_KEYRNG	IBM internal use only.

### DSN\_PTASK\_TABLE

Contains information about the parallel tasks in a query.

Column name	Description
QUERYNO	A number used to help identify the query being explained. It is not a unique identifier. Using a negative number will cause problems. The possible sources are:  The statement line number in the program The QUERYNO clause The EXPLAIN statement The EDM unique token in the statement cache
QBLOCKNO	A number used to identify each query block within a query.
APPLNAME	The application plan name.
PROGNAME	The program name (binding an application) or the package name (binding a package).
LPTNO	The parallel task number.
KEYCOLID	The key columns ID (KEY range only).
DPSI	Indicates whether a data partition secondary index (DPSI) is used.

LPTLOKEY	The low key value for this key column for this parallel task (KEY range only).
LPTHIKEY	The high key value for this key column for this parallel task (KEY range only).
LPTLOPAG	The low page information if partitioned by page range.
LPTLHIPAG	The high page information if partitioned by page range.
LPTLOPG#	The lower bound page number for this parallel task (page range or DPSI enabled only).
LPTHIPG#	The upper bound page number for this parallel task (page range or DPSI enabled only).
LPTLOPT#	The lower bound partition number for this parallel task (page range or DPSI enabled only).
KEYCOLDT	The data type for this key column (KEY range only).
KEYCOLPREC	The precision/length for this key column (KEY range only).
KEYCOLSCAL	The scale for this key column (KEY range with decimal data type only).
EXPLAIN_TIME	The EXPLAIN timestamp.
GROUP_MEMBER	The member name of the DB2 that executed EXPLAIN. The column is blank if the DB2 subsystem was not in a data sharing environment when EXPLAIN was executed.

## DSN\_FILTER\_TABLE

Contains information about how predicates are used during query processing.

Column name	Description
QUERYNO	A number used to help identify the query being explained. It is not a
QUENTINO	unique identifier. Using a negative number will cause problems. The
	possible sources are:
	· ·
	The Statement line number in the program
	The QUERYNO clause
	The EXPLAIN statement
	The EDM unique token in the statement cache
QBLOCKNO	A number used to identify each query block within a query.
PLANNO	A number used to identify each mini-plan within a query block.
APPLNAME	The application plan name.
PROGNAME	The program name (binding an application) or the package name
	(binding a package).
COLLID	The collection ID for the package.
ORDERNO	The sequence number of evaluation. Indicates the order in which the
	predicate is applied within each stage.
PREDNO	A number used to identify a predicate within a query.
STAGE	Indicates at which stage the predicate is evaluated. The possible
	values are:
	Matching
	Screening
	Stage 1
	Stage 2
ORDER_CLASS	IBM internal use only.
EXPLAIN_TIME	The EXPLAIN timestamp.
MIXOPSEQ	IBM internal use only.
REEVAL	IBM internal use only.

GROUP MEMBER	The member name of the DB2 subsystem that executed EXPLAIN.
OROOI _WEWBER	
	The column is blank if the DB2 subsystem was not in a data sharing
	environment when EXPLAIN was executed.

### DSN\_DETCOST\_TABLE

Contains information about detailed cost estimation of the mini-plans in a query.

Column name	Description
QUERYNO	A number used to help identify the query being explained. It is not a
	unique identifier. Using a negative number will cause problems. The
	possible sources are:
	The statement line number in the program
	The QUERYNO clause
	The EXPLAIN statement
	The EDM unique token in the statement cache
QBLOCKNO	A number used to identify each query block within a query.
PLANNO	A number used to identify each mini-plan within a query block.
APPLNAME	The application plan name.
PROGNAME	The program name (binding an application) or the package name
	(binding a package).
OPENIO	The Do-at-open I/O cost for the non-correlated subquery.
OPENCPU	The Do-at-open CPU cost for the non-correlated subquery.
OPENCOST	The Do-at-open total cost for the non-correlated subquery.
DMIO	IBM internal use only.
DMCPU	IBM internal use only.
DMTOT	IBM internal use only.
SUBQIO	IBM internal use only.
SUBQCOST	IBM internal use only.
BASEIO	IBM internal use only.
BASECPU	IBM internal use only.
BASETOT	IBM internal use only.
ONECOMPROWS	The number of rows qualified after applying local predicates.
IMLEAF	IBM internal use only.
IMIO	IBM internal use only.
IMPREFH	IBM internal use only.
IMMPRED	IBM internal use only.
IMFF	The filter factor of matching predicates only.
IMSRPRED	IBM internal use only.
IMFFADJ	The filter factor of matching and screening predicates.
IMSCANCST	IBM internal use only.
IMREDSORT	IBM internal use only.
IMMERGCST	IBM internal use only.
IMCPU	IBM internal use only.
IMTOT	IBM internal use only.
IMSEQNO	IBM internal use only.
DMPEREFH	IBM internal use only.
DMCLUDIO	IBM internal use only.
DMPREDS	IBM internal use only.
DMSROWS	IBM internal use only.
DMSCANCST	IBM internal use only.

DMROWS	The number of data manager rows returned (after all stage 1 predicates
	are applied).
DMCOLS	The number of data manager columns.
RDSROWCST	IBM internal use only.
DMPAGECST	IBM internal use only.
DMDATAIO	IBM internal use only.
DMDATACPU	IBM internal use only.
RDSROW	The number of RDS rows returned (after all stage 1 and stage 2
	predicates are applied).
SNCOLS	The number of columns as sort input for a new table.
SNROWS	The number of rows as sort input for a new table.
SNRUNS	The number of runs generated for a sort of a new table.
SNMERGES	The number of merges needed during a sort.
SNIOCOST	IBM internal use only.
SNCPUCOST	IBM internal use only.
SNCOST	IBM internal use only.
SNCSANIO	IBM internal use only.
SNSCANCPU	IBM internal use only.
SNCCOLS	The number of columns as sort input for a composite table.
SCROWS	The number of rows as sort input for a composite table.
SCRECSZ	The record size for a composite table.
SCPAGES	The page size for a composite table.
SCRUNS	The number of runs generated during the sort of a composite table.
SCMERGES	The number of merges needed during a sort of a composite table.
SCIOCOST	IBM internal use only.
SCCPUCOST	IBM internal use only.
SCCOST	IBM internal use only.
SCSCANIO	IBM internal use only.
SCSCANCPU	IBM internal use only.
SCSCANCOST	IBM internal use only.
COMPCARD	The total composite cardinality.
COMPIOCOST	IBM internal use only.
COMPCPUCOST	IBM internal use only.
COMPCOST	The total cost.
JOINCOLS	IBM internal use only.
EXPLAIN TIME	The EXPLAIN timestamp.
GROUP_MEMBER	The member name of the DB2 subsystem that executed EXPLAIN. The
_	column is blank if the DB2 subsystem was not in a data sharing
	environment when EXPLAIN was executed.

# DSN\_SORT\_TABLE

Contains information about sort operations required for a query.

Column name	Description
QUERYNO	A number used to help identify the query being explained. It is not a unique identifier. Using a negative number will cause problems. The possible sources are:  The statement line number in the program The QUERYNO clause The EXPLAIN statement

	The EDM unique token in the statement cache
QBLOCKNO	A number used to identify each query block within a query.
PLANNO	A number used to identify each mini-plan within a query block.
APPLNAME	The application plan name.
PROGNAME	The program name (binding an application) or the package name
	(binding a package).
COLLID	The collection ID for the package.
SORTC	Indicates the reasons for sort of the composite table, using a bitmap of
	the following values:
	G = Group By
	O = Order By
	J = Join
	U = Uniqueness
SORTN	Indicates the reasons for sort of the Composite table. Using a bitmap
	of the following values:
	G = Group By
	O = Order By
	J = Join
	U = Uniqueness
SORTNO	The sequence of the sort.
KEYSIZE	The sum of the lengths of the sort keys.
ORDERCLASS	IBM internal use only.
EXPLAIN_TIME	The EXPLAIN timestamp.
GROUP_MEMBER	The member name of the DB2 subsystem that executed EXPLAIN.
	The column is blank if the DB2 subsystem was not in a data sharing
	environment when EXPLAIN was executed.

### DSN\_SORTKEY\_TABLE

Contains information about sort keys for all the sorts required by a query.

Column name	Description
QUERYNO	A number used to help identify the query being explained. It is not a
	unique identifier. Using a negative number will cause problems. The
	possible sources are:
	The statement line number in the program
	The QUERYNO clause
	The EXPLAIN statement
	<ul> <li>The EDM unique token in the statement cache</li> </ul>
QBLOCKNO	A number used to identify each query block within a query.
PLANNO	A number used to identify each mini-plan within a query block.
APPLNAME	The application plan name.
PROGNAME	The program name (binding an application) or the package name
	(binding a package).
COLLID	The collection ID for the package.
SORTNO	The sequence number of the sort.
ORDERNO	The sequence of the sort key.
EXPTYPE	The type of the sort key. The possible values are:
	COL
	EXP
	QRY
TEXT	The sort key text; can be a column name, a scalar subquery, or
	'Record ID'.

TABNO	A number that uniquely identifies the corresponding table reference within a query.
COLNO	A number that uniquely identifies the corresponding column within a query. Applicable only when the sort key is a column.
DATATYPE	The data type of the sort key. The possible values are: HEXADECIMAL CHARACTER PACKED FIELD FIXED(31) FIXED(15) DATE' TIME VARCHAR PACKED FLD FLOAT TIMESTAMP UNKNOWN DATA TYPE'
LENGTH	The length of the sort key.
CCSID	IBM internal use only.
ORDERCLASS	IBM internal use only.
EXPLAIN_TIME	The EXPLAIN timestamp.
GROUP_MEMBER	The member name of the DB2 subsystem that executed EXPLAIN. The column is blank if the DB2 subsystem was not in a data sharing environment when EXPLAIN was executed.

#### DSN\_PGRANGE\_TABLE

Contains information about qualified partitions for all page range scans in a query. This information is more detailed that the PAGE\_RANGE column of the PLAN\_TABLE, and it includes information about when partitions are eliminated even when the query is scanning an index.

Column name	Description		
QUERYNO	The query number, a number used to help identify the query being explained. It is not a unique identifier. Using a negative number will cause problems. The possible sources are:  The statement line number in the program The QUERYNO clause The EXPLAIN statement The EDM unique token in the statement cache		
QBLOCKNO	A number used to identify each query block within a query.		
RANGE	The sequence number of the current page range.		
FIRSTPART	The starting partition in the current page range.		
LASTPART	The ending partition in the current page range.		
NUMPARTS	The number of partitions in the current page range.		
EXPLAIN_TIME	The EXPLAIN timestamp.		
GROUP_MEMBER	The member name of the DB2 subsystem that executed EXPLAIN. The column is blank if the DB2 subsystem was not in a data sharing environment when EXPLAIN was executed.		

164 DB2<sup>®</sup> 9 for z/OS

### DSN\_VIEWREF\_TABLE

Contains information about all the views and materialized query tables used to process a query.

Column name	Description				
QUERYNO	A number used to help identify the query being explained. It is not a				
	unique identifier. Using a negative number will cause problems. The				
	possible sources are:				
	The statement line number in the program				
	QUERYNO clause     The EXPLAIN statement				
ADDI NAME	The EDM unique token in the statement cache  The application plan name.				
APPLNAME	The application plan name.				
PROGNAME	The program name (binding an application) or the package name (binding a package).				
VERSION	The version identifier for the package. Applies only to an embedded EXPLAIN statement that is executed from a package or to a statement that is explained when binding a package. Blank if not				
	applicable. The value DSNDYNAMICSQLCACHE indicates that the row is for a cached statement.				
CREATOR	Authorization ID of the owner of the object.				
NAME	Name of the object.				
TYPE	The type of the object:				
	<ul><li>V = View</li></ul>				
	<ul> <li>R = MQT that has been used to replace the base table for rewrite</li> </ul>				
	• M = MQT				
MQTUSE	IBM internal use only.				
EXPLAIN_TIME	The EXPLAIN timestamp.				
GROUP_MEMBER	The member name of the DB2 subsystem that executed EXPLAIN.				
	The column is blank if the DB2 subsystem was not in a data sharing				
	environment when EXPLAIN was executed.				

#### DSN\_QUERY\_TABLE

Contains information about an SQL statement and displays the statement before and after query transformation in XML.

Column name	Description
QUERYNO	A number used to help identify the query being explained. It is not a unique identifier. Using a negative number will cause problems. The possible sources are:  • The statement line number in the program  • QUERYNO clause  • The EXPLAIN statement  • The EDM unique token in the statement cache
TYPE	The type of the data in the NODE DATA column.
QUERY_STAGE	The stage during query transformation when this row is populated.
SEQNO	The sequence number for this row if NODE_DATA exceeds the size of its column.
NODE_DATA	The XML data containing the SQL statement and its query block, table, and column information.

EXPLAIN_TIME	The EXPLAIN timestamp.			
QUERY_ROWID	The ROWID of the statement.			
GROUP_MEMBER	The member name of the DB2 subsystem that executed EXPLAIN.			
	The column is blank if the DB2 subsystem was not in a data sharing			
	environment when EXPLAIN was executed.			
HASHKEY	The hash value of the contents in NODE_DATA.			
HASH_PRED	When NODE_DATA contains an SQL statement, this column			
	indicates whether the statement contains a parameter marker literal,			
	a non-parameter marker literal, or no predicates.			

166 DB2<sup>®</sup> 9 for z/OS

### DSN\_STATEMNT\_TABLE

Contains information about queries in the dynamice SQL cache.

Column name	Description			
QUERYNO	A number intended to identify the statement being explained. If			
	QUERYNO is not unique, the value of EXPLAIN_TIME is unique.			
APPLNAME	The name of the application plan for the row, or blank.			
PROGNAME	The name of the program or package containing the statement			
	being explained, or blank.			
COLLID	The collection ID for the package. Applies only to an embedded			
	EXPLAIN statement executed from a package or to a statement			
	that is being explained when binding a package. Blank is not			
	applicable. The value DSNDYNAMICSQLCACHE indicates that			
ODOUR MEMBER	the row is for a cached statement.			
GROUP_MEMBER	The member name of the DB2 that executed EXPLAIN, or blank.			
EXPLAIN_TIME	The time at which the statement is processed. This time is the same as the BIND_TIME column in PLAN_TABLE.			
STMT_TYPE	The type of statement being explained:			
	SELECT = SELECT			
	INSERT = INSERT			
	UPDATE = UPDATE			
	DELETE = DELETE			
	SELUPD = SELECT with FOR UPDATE OF DELCUR = DELETE WHERE CURRENT OF CURSOR			
	UPDCUR = UPDATE WHERE CURRENT OF CURSOR			
COST CATEGORY	Indicates whether DB2 was forced to use default values when			
COST_CATEGORY	making its estimates:  A = DB2 had enough information to make a cost estimate witho using default values.  B = Some condition exists for which DB2 was forced to use			
	default values. See the values in REASON to determine why			
	DB2 was unable to put this estimate in cost category A.			
PROCMS	The estimated processor cost in milliseconds for the SQL			
	statement, rounded up to the next integer value. The maximur			
	value for this cost is 2,147,483,647 milliseconds, which is			
	equivalent to approximately 24.8 days. If the estimated value			
PPOOCH	exceeds this maximum, the column reports the maximum value.			
PROCSU	The estimated processor cost in service units for the SQL			
	statement, rounded up to the next integer value. The maximum value for this cost is 2,147,483,647 service units. If the estimated			
	value exceeds this maximum, the column reports the maximum			
	value.			
REASON	A string that indicates the reasons for putting an estimate into			
1.2.10014	cost category B:			
	HAVING CLAUSE: A subselect in the SQL statement contains a			
	HAVING clause.			
	HOST VARIABLES: The statement uses host variables,			
	parameter markers, or special registers.			
	REFERENTIAL CONSTRAINTS: Referential constraints of the			
	type CASCADE or SET NULL exist on the target table of a			

DELETE statement.  TABLE CARDINALITY: The cardinality statistics are missing for one or more of the tables used in the statement.  UDF: The statement uses user-defined functions.  TRIGGERS: Triggers are defined on the target table of an INSERT, UPDATE, or DELETE statement.  MATERIALIZATION: Statistics are missing because the statement uses materialized views or nested table expressions.  The encoding scheme of the statement. If the statement represents a single CCSID set, possible values are:  A = ASCII E = EBCDIC U = Unicode
If the statement has multiple CCSID sets, the column value is M.
The overall estimated cost of the statement. This cost should be used only for reference purposes.

## DSN\_FUNCTION\_TABLE

Column Name	Description			
QUERYNO	A number intended to identify the statement being explained. If QUERYNO is not unique, the value of EXPLAIN_TIME is unique.			
APPLNAME	The name of the application plan for the row, or blank.			
PROGNAME	The name of the program or package containing the statement being explained, or blank.			
COLLID	The collection ID for the package, or blank.			
GROUP_MEMBER	The member name of the DB2 that executed EXPLAIN, or blank.			
EXPLAIN_TIME	The time at which the statement is processed. This time is the same as the BIND_TIME column in PLAN_TABLE.			
SCHEMA_NAME	The schema name of the function invoked in the explained statement.			
FUNCTION_NAME	The name of the function invoked in the explained statement.			
SPEC_FUNC_ID	The specific name of the function invoked in the explained statement.			
FUNCTION_TYPE	The type of function invoked in the explained statement. Possible values are: SU: Scalar function TU: Table function			
VIEW_CREATOR	If the function specified in the FUNCTION_NAME column is referenced in a view definition, the creator of the view. Otherwise, blank.			
VIEW_NAME	If the function specified in the FUNCTION_NAME column is referenced in a view definition, the name of the view. Otherwise, blank.			
PATH	The value of the SQL path that was used to resolve the schema name of the function.			
FUNCTION_TEXT	The text of the function reference (the function name and parameters). If the function reference is over 1500 bytes, this column contains the first 1500 bytes. For functions specified in infix notation, FUNCTION_TEXT contains only the function name. For example, for a function named /, which overloads the SQL divide operator, if the function reference is A/B, FUNCTION_TEXT contains only /, not A/B.			

### DSN\_STATEMENT\_CACHE\_TABLE

Column name	Description			
STMT ID	An EDM unique token.			
STMT_ID	A user-provided identification string.			
COLLID	Collection ID; value is DSNDYNAMICSQLCACHE.			
PROGRAM_NAME	Name of package or DBRM that performed the initial PREPARE.			
INV DROPALT	Invalidated by DROP/ALTER.			
INV_BROFALT	Invalidated by REVOKE.			
INV_REVORE	Removed from cache by LRU.			
INV_ERO	Invalidated by RUNSTATS.			
CACHED TS	Timestamp when statement was cached.			
USERS	Number of current users of statement. These are the users that			
USERS	have prepared or executed the statement during their current unit of work.			
COPIES	Number of copies of statement owned by all threads in the system.			
LINES	Precompiler line number from the initial PREPARE.			
PRIMAUTH	Primary authorization ID of the user that did the initial PREPARE.			
CURSQLID	CURRENT SQLID of the user that did the initial prepare.			
BIND_QUALIFIER	Bind object qualifier for unqualified table names.			
BIND_ISO	ISOLATION bind option:			
	UR = Uncommitted read			
	CS = Cursor stability			
	RS = Read stability			
	RR =Repeatable read			
BIND_C	DATA CURRENTDATA bind option:			
	Y = CURRENTDATA(YES)			
	N = CURRENTDATA(NO)			
BIND_DYNRL	DYNAMICRULES bind option:			
	B = DYNAMICRULES(BIND)			
DUID DECDE	R = DYNAMICRULES(RUN)			
BIND_DEGRE	CURRENT DEGREE value:			
	A = ANY			
DIND COLDI	1 = 1 CURRENT RULES value:			
BIND_SQLRL	D = DB2			
	S = SQL			
BIND_CHOLD	Cursor WITH HOLD bind option:			
BIND_CHOLD	Y = Initial PREPARE was done for a cursor WITH HOLD			
	N = Initial PREPARE was not done for a cursor WITH HOLD			
STAT TS	Timestamp of stats when IFCID 318 is started.			
STAT EXEC	Number of executions of statement. For a cursor statement, this			
OTAT_EXEC	value is the number of OPENs.			
STAT GPAG	Number of getpage operations performed for statement.			
STAT_SYNR	Number of getpage operations performed for statement.  Number of synchronous buffer reads performed for statement.			
STAT WRIT	Number of synchronous burier reads performed for statement.			
STAT_WRIT	Number of rows examined for statement.			
STAT_EROW STAT PROW	Number of rows examined for statement.  Number of rows processed for statement.			
STAT_PROW	Number of sorts performed for statement.			
STAT_SUKT	Number of sorts performed for statement.			

170 DB2<sup>®</sup> 9 for z/OS

STAT_INDX	Number of index scans performed for statement.	
STAT_RSCN	Number of table space scans performed for statement.	
STAT_PGRP	Number of parallel groups created for statement.	
STAT_ELAP	Accumulated elapsed time used for statement.	
STAT_CPU	Accumulated CPU time used for statement.	
STAT_SUS_SYNIO	Accumulated wait time for synchronous I/O.	
STAT_SUS_LOCK	Accumulated wait time for lock and latch requests.	
STAT_SUS_SWIT	Accumulated wait time for synchronous execution unit switch.	
STAT_SUS_GLCK	Accumulated wait time for global locks.	
STAT_SUS_OTHR	Accumulated wait time for read activity done by another thread.	
STAT_SUS_OTHW	Accumulated wait time for write activity done by another thread.	
STAT_RIDLIMT	Number of times a RID list wasn't used because the number of	
	RIDs would have exceeded one or more DB2 limits.	
STAT_RIDSTOR	Number of times a RID list wasn't used because not enough	
	storage was available to hold the list of RIDs.	
EXPLAIN_TS	When the statement cache table is populated.	
SCHEMA	CURRENT SCHEMA value.	
STMT_TEXT	Statement text.	
STMT_ROWID	Statement ROWID.	
BIND_RA_TOT	The total number of REBIND commands that have been issued for	
	the dynamic statement because of the REOPT(AUTO) option.	
BIND_RO_TYPE	The current specification of the REOPT option for the statement:	
	N = REOPT(NONE)	
	1 = REOPT(ONCE) or its equivalent	
	A = REOPT(AUTO) or its equivalent	
	0 = The current plan is deemed optimal and there is no need for	
	REOPT(AUTO)	

#### **DSNZPARMs**

Parameter	Description	Acceptable values (defaults appear in bold)	Updatable online?
ABEXP	EXPLAIN processing	YES, NO	Yes
ABIND	Auto BIND	YES, NO	Yes
ACCUMACC	DDF/RRSAF accumulation data	<b>NO</b> , 2–65535	Yes
ACCUMUID	Aggregation fields	<b>0</b> –10	Yes
AEXITLIM	Authorization exit limit	0–32676; <b>10</b>	Yes
AGCCSID	ASCII coded character set (graphic)	0-65533	_
ALCUNIT	Allocation units	BLK, TRK, CYL	Yes
ALL/dbname	Start names	ALL, spacenames	_
AMCCSID	ASCII coded character set (mixed)	<b>0</b> –65533	_
APPENSCH	Application encoding	ASCII, <b>EBCDIC</b> , UNICODE, ccsid	_
ARCPFX1	Copy 1 prefix	1-34 char	Yes
ARCPFX2	Copy 2 prefix	1-34 char	Yes
ARCRETN	Retention period	0-9999	Yes
ARCWRTC	WTOR route code	1–16; <b>1,3,4</b>	Yes
ARCWTOR	Write to operator	NO, YES	Yes
ARC2FRST	Read copy 2 archive	NO, YES	Yes
ASCCSID	ASCII coded character set (single-byte)	<b>0</b> –65533	_
ASSIST	Assistant	YES, NO	No
AUDITST	Audit trace	NO, YES, list, *	No
AUTH	Use protection	YES, NO	No
AUTHCACH	Plan authorization cache	0–4096; <b>1024</b>	Yes
BACKODUR	Backout duration	0–255; <b>5</b>	No
BINDNV	Bind new package	BINDADD, BIND	Yes
BLKSIZE	Block size	8192 <b>–28672</b>	Yes
BMPTOUT	IMS BMP timeout	1–254; <b>4</b>	Yes
CACHEDYN	Cache dynamic SQL	NO, YES	Yes
CACHEPAC	Package authorization cache	0–2MB; <b>32K</b>	No
CACHERAC	Routine authorization cache	0–2 MB; <b>32K</b>	No
CATALOG	Catalog alias	1–8 char; <b>DSNCAT</b>	Yes
CDSSRDEF	Current degree	1, ANY	Yes
CHARSET	CCSID used	ALPHANUM, KATAKANA (if SCCSID = 930 or 5026)	_
CHKFREQ	Checkpoint frequency	200K–16 MB rec ( <b>50K</b> ) or 1–60 minutes	Yes
CHGDC	DROP support	1, 2, 3	Yes
CMTSTAT	DDF threads	ACTIVE, INACTIVE	No

172 DB2<sup>®</sup> 9 for z/OS

COMPACT	Compact data	NO, YES	Yes
COMPAT	IBM service	OFF	_
CONDBAT	Max remote	0–25000; <b>64</b>	Yes
	connected		
CONTSTOR	Contract thread	NO, YES	Yes
	storage		
COORDNTR	Coordinator	NO, YES	No
CTHREAD	Max users	1–2000; <b>70</b>	Yes
DBACRVW	DBADM can create	YES, NO	Yes
	view for other authid		
DBPROTCL	Database protocol	DRDA, PRIVATE	Yes
DATE	Date format	ISO, USA, EUR, JIS, LOCAL	_
DB2SUPLD	Serviceability parameter	_	_
DATELEN	Local date length	<b>0</b> , 10–254	_
DDF	DDF startup option	NO, AUTO, COMMAND	No
DEALLCT	Deallocate period	<b>0</b> –1439 min, 0–59 sec, NOLIMIT	Yes
DECARTH	Decimal arithmetic	DEC15, DEC31, 15, 31	_
DECDIV3	Minimum divide scale	NO, YES	No
DECIMAL	Decimal point	, .	_
DEF_DECFLOAT	Decfloat rounding	ROUND_CELING,	_
_ROUND_MODE	mode	ROUND_DOWN,	
		ROUND_FLOOR,	
		ROUND_HALF_DOWN,	
		ROUND_HALF_EVEN,	
		ROUND_HALF_UP,	
DEFLANG	Language default	ROUND_HALF_EVEN	
DEFLANG	Language default	ASM, C, CPP, COBOL, COB2, <b>IBMCOB</b> ,	_
		FORTRAN, PL1	
DEFLTID	Unknown authid	IBMUSER, authid	No
DELIM	String delimiter	DEFAULT, ", '	INO
DESCSTAT	Describe for static	NO, YES	Yes
DISABSCL	SQLWARN1 and 5 for	NO. YES	
DIOADOOL	non-scrollable cursors	NO, 120	
DLDFREQ	Level ID update	0–32767; <b>5</b>	Yes
DEDITIES	frequency	0 02.01, 0	100
DLITOUT	DL/I batch timeout	1–254: <b>6</b>	Yes
DSHARE	Data sharing	Yes, No, blank	No
DSMAX	Data set maximum	1–32767; calculated	Yes
DSQLDELI	Dist SQL string		1_
	delimiter		
DSSTIME	Data set stats time	1–1440; <b>5</b>	Yes
DSCVI	Vary DS control	YES, NO	Yes
	interval		
DYNRULES	Use for dynamic rules	YES, NO	
EDMBFIT	Algorithm for free	YES, NO	Yes
	chain search		
EDMDBDC	EDM DBD cache	<b>5000K</b> –2097152K	Yes
EDMPOOL	EDMPOOL storage	1K-2097152K; calculated	Yes

	1 -:		
EDMOTME	size	0.404057016.5000	) /
EDMSTMTC	EDM statement cache	0–1048576K; <b>5000</b>	Yes
EDDDOD	size	4.0.0	Vac
EDPROP	DROP support	1, 2, 3 EBCDIC, ASCII	Yes
ENSCHEME	Default encoding	EBCDIC, ASCII	_
EVALUNC	scheme Predicate evaluation	YES, NO	Yes
EVALUNC		YES, NO	res
EXTRAREQ	with UR and RS Extra blocks	0 <b>–100</b>	Vac
EXTRAREQ	requestor	0-100	Yes
EXTRASRV	Extra blocks server	0-100	Yes
EXTRASKV	Extended security	NO, YES	Yes
GCCSID	EBCDIC coded	0–65533	162
GCCSID		0-05533	
	character set (graphic byte)		
GRPNAME	Group name	1–8 char; <b>DSNCAT</b>	No
HOPAUTH	Authorization at hop	BOTH, RUNNER	No
HOPAUTH	site	BOTH, RUNNER	INO
IDBACK	Max batch connect	1–2000; <b>40</b>	Yes
IDFORE	Max TSO connect	1–2000; <b>40</b>	Yes
IDTHTOIN	Idle thread timeout	0–9999	Yes
IDXBPOOL	Default buffer pool for	<b>BP0</b> –BPx	Yes
IDABFOOL	user indexes	BF0-BFX	165
IMMEDWRI	Immediate write	NO, YES, PH1	Yes
IMPDB	Create implicit	YES. NO	Yes
IIVII DD	database	TES, NO	163
IMPDSDEF	Define datasets	YES, NO	Yes
IMPTSCMP	Use data	YES, NO	Yes
IIVII TOOWII	compression	120, 110	100
IMPTSSEG	Tablespace type	SEGMENTED,	Yes
	. 42.000400 1,00	PARTITIONED	
INLISTP	IN list elements	1–5000; <b>50</b>	Yes
IRLMAUT	Auto start	YES, NO	No
IRLMPRC	Proc name	IRLMPROC, IRLM	No
		procedure name	
IRLMRWT	Resource timeout	1–3600; <b>60</b>	No
IRLMSID	Subsystem name	IRLM, IRLM name	No
IRLMSWT	Time to autostart	1–3600	Yes
IXQTY	Indexspace default	<b>0</b> –4194304	Yes
	size		
LBACKOUT	Postpone backward	AUTO, YES, NO	No
	log processing		
LC_CTYPE	Locale LC_CTYPE	Valid locale, 0-50 char	_
LEMAX	Maximum LE tokens	0–50; <b>20</b>	No
LOBVALA	User LOB value	1–2097152; <b>2048</b>	Yes
	storage		<u>                                     </u>
LOBVALS	User LOB value	1–510002; <b>2048</b>	Yes
	storage		
LOGAPSTG	Log apply storage	1MB-100MB; <b>100</b>	No
LRDRTHLD	Long-running reader	<b>0</b> –1439 minutes	Yes
	threshold		
MAINTYPE	Current maintenance	NONE, SYSTEM, USER,	Yes

	types for MQTs	ALL	
MAXARCH	Recording max	10 <b>–1000</b>	No
MAXDBAT	Max remote active	0–1999; <b>64</b>	Yes
MAX_NUM_CUR	Max open cursors	0–99999; <b>500</b>	Yes
MAXOFILR	Max open file references	0-MAXUSERS value; <b>100</b>	Yes
MAXKEEPD	Max kept dynamic statements	0–65535; <b>5000</b>	Yes
MAXRBLK	RID pool size	0, 16K–1000000K; calculated	Yes
MAXRTU	Read tape units	1–99; <b>2</b>	Yes
MAXTEMPS	Max temp/stage agent	<b>0</b> –214748364	Yes
MAX_ST_PROC	Max number of stored procedures	0–99999; <b>2000</b>	Yes
MAXTYPE1	Max type 1 inactive	<b>0</b> –MAX REMOTE CON value	Yes
MCCSID	EBCDIC coded character set (mixed byte)	<b>0</b> –65533	_
MEMBNAME	Member name	1–8 char; <b>DSN1</b>	No
MGEXTSZ	Optimize extent sizing	YES, NO	Yes
MINDVSCL			
MINRBLK	Number of ridlists for each ridmap	<b>1</b> , n	
MINSTOR	Thread management	YES, NO	Yes
MIXED	Mixed data	NO, YES	_
MON	Monitor trace	NO, YES	No
MONSIZE	Monitor size	8K to 1MB	No
NEWFUN			_
NPGTHRSH	Use of index after table growth	<b>0</b> , –1, n	Yes
NUMLKTS	Locks per tablespace	0–50000; <b>1000</b>	Yes
NUMLKUS	Locks per user	0–100000; <b>10000</b>	Yes
OFFLOAD	Offload active logs online	NO, YES	•
OJPERFEH	Outer join performance	YES, <b>NO</b>	Yes
OPTPREF		ON, OFF	
OPTHINTS	Optimization hints	NO, YES	Yes
OUTBUFF	Output buffer	40K-400MB; <b>400K</b>	No
PADIX	Pad index by default	YES, NO	Yes
PADNTSTR	Pad null-terminated strings	YES, NO	Yes
PARAMDEG	Degree of parallelism	<b>0</b> –no upper limit	Yes
PARTKEYU	Allow partitioning keys to be updated	YES, NO, or SAME	Yes
PCLOSEN	RO switch checkpoints	1–32767; <b>5</b>	Yes
PCLOSET	RO switch time	1–32767; <b>10</b>	Yes
POOLINAC	Pool thread timeout	0–9999; <b>120</b>	Yes
PRIQTY	Primary quantity	Blank, 1–9999999	Yes
PROTECT	Archive logs protected	NO, YES	Yes
	. 5	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•

	with RACF		
PTASKROL	Include accounting	YES, NO	Yes
	traces for parallel		
	tasks		
QUIESCE	Quiesce period	0–999; <b>5</b>	Yes
RECALL	Recall database	YES, NO	No
RECALLD	Recall delay	0–32767; <b>120</b>	Yes
REFSHAGE	Current refresh age	0, ANY	Yes
REOPTEXT	Reopt automatically	YES, NO	Yes
RESTART/DEFR	Restart or defer	RESTART, DEFER	_
RESTORE_	Recovery/restore	YES, <b>NO</b>	Yes
RECVOER_			
FROMDUMP			
RESTORE_TAPE	Maximum tape units	NOLIMIT, 1–255	Yes
UNITS	December internal	4.00:0	
RESYNC	Resync interval	1–99; <b>2</b>	Yes
RETLWAIT	Retained lock timeout	<b>0</b> –254	Yes
RETVLCFK	Varchar from index	NO, YES	Yes
RGFCOLID	Registration owner	1–8 char; DSNRGCOL	No
RGFDBNAM	Registration database	1–8 char; <b>DSNRGFDB</b>	No
RGFDEDPL	Control all	NO, YES	No
DOEDEELT	applications	ADDI ACCEPT DE IECT	NI-
RGFDEFLT	Unregistered DDL	APPL, <b>ACCEPT</b> , REJECT	No
DOFFCOD	default	Nian alabani mania aban	Na
RGFESCP	ART/ORT escape	Non-alphanumeric char	No
DOEELILLO	character	VEC NO	Na
RGFFULLQ RGFINSTL	Require full names Install DD control	YES, NO NO, YES	No No
RGFINSTL		NO, YES	INO
RGFNMORT	support OBJT registration	1–17 char;	No
RGFINIVIORI	table	DSN_REGISTER_OBJT	INO
RGFNMPRT	APPL registration	1–17 char;	No
IXOI IVIVII IXI	table	DSN_REGISTER_APPL	I NO
RLF	RLF auto start	NO, YES	No
RLFAUTH	Resource authid	SYSIBM, authid	Yes
RLFERR	RLST access error	NOLIMIT, NORUN,	Yes
INCI LINIX	NEOT access circi	1–50000000	103
RLFERRD	RLST access error	NOLIMIT, NORUN,	Yes
		1–50000000	
RLFTBL	RLST name suffix	01, 2 alphanumeric char	Yes
ROUTCDE	WTO route codes	1, 1–14 route codes	No
RRULOCK	U lock for RR/RS	NO. YES	Yes
SCCSID	EBCDIC coded	<b>0</b> -65533	<b>—</b>
	character set (single-		
	byte)		
SECQTY	Secondary quantity	Blank (clist calculated),	Yes
·		1–9999999	
SEQCACH	Sequential cache	BYPASS, SEQ	Yes
SEQPRES	Utility cache option	NO, YES	Yes
SITETYP	Site type	LOCALSITE,	No
1	• •	DECOVEDVOITE	
SJMXPOOL	Star join max pool	RECOVERYSITE	

SJTABLES	Number of tables in star join	1–255; <b>10</b>	Yes
SKIPUNCI	Skip uncommitted inserts	YES, NO	Yes
SMF89	Measured usage pricing	YES, NO	Yes
SMFACCT	SMF accounting	NO, <b>YES(1)</b> , list (1–5,7,8),	No
SMFSTAT	SMF statistics	<b>YES (1,3,4)</b> , NO, list(1–5) ,	No
SMSDCFL	SMS data class for file tablespace	Blank, 1-8 char	Yes
SMSDCIX	SMS data class for index tablespace	Blank, 1-8 char	Yes
SPRMEDX			Yes
SPRMLTD			
SQLDELI	SQL string delimiter	Default, ', "	_
SRTPOOL	Sort pool size	240K-64000K; <b>2MB</b>	Yes
SSID	Subsystem name	DSN, SSID	_
STARJOIN	Enabling star join	<b>Disable</b> , enable, 1, 2– 32768	Yes
STATHIST	Collect historical statistics	SPACE, <b>NONE</b> , ALL, ACCESSPATH	Yes
STATSINT	Time to write RTS stats	1–1440 min; <b>30</b>	Yes
STATROLL	Runstats aggregates partition-level statistics	YES, NO	Yes
STATIME	Statistics time	1–1440 min; <b>30</b>	Yes
STDSQL	Standard SQL language	NO, YES	_
STORMXAB	Max abend count	<b>0</b> –225	Yes
STORPROC	DB2 procedure name	1–8 char; ssnmSPAS	No
STORTIME	Timeout value	5–1800 sec; <b>180</b>	Yes
SUPERRS	Suppress Logrec recording during soft errors	YES, NO	Yes
SVOLARC	Single volume	YES, NO	Yes
SYNCVAL	Statistics sync	<b>NO</b> , 0–59	Yes
SYSADM	System admin 1	SYSADM, authid	Yes
SYSADM2	System admin 2	SYSADM, authid	Yes
SYSOPR1	System operator 1	SYSOPR, authid	Yes
SYSOPR2	System operator 2	SYSOPR; authid	Yes
SYSTEM_LEVEL _BACKUPS	System-level backups	YES, NO	Yes
TBSBP8K	Default 8K BP for user data	Any 8K buffer pool; <b>BP8K0</b>	Yes
TBSBP16K	Default 16K BP for user data	Any 16K buffer pool; BP16K0	Yes
TBSBP32K	Default 32K BP for user data	Any 32K buffer pool; BP32K0	Yes
TBSBPOOL	Default buffer pool for	<b>BP0</b> –BPx	Yes

	user Data		
TCPALVER	TCP/IP already verified	NO, YES	Yes
TCPKPALV	TCP/IP keep alive	ENABLE, DISABLE, 1– 65524	Yes
TIME	Time format	ISO, JIS, USA, EUR, LOCAL	_
TIMELEN	Local time length	0, 8–254	_
TRACLOC	Size of local trace table	<b>16</b> (4K bytes)	
TRACSTR	Trace auto start	NO, YES (1-3), list (1-9)	No
TRACTBL	Trace size	4K-396K; <b>64K</b>	No
TRKRSITE	Remote tracker site usage	NO, YES	No
TSQTY	Default allocation for tablespace	<b>0</b> –4194304	Yes
TSTAMP	Timestamp archives	NO, YES	Yes
TWOACTV	Number of active copies	2, 1	No
TWOARCH	Number of archive copies	2, 1	No
TWOBSDS	Number of BSDSs	YES, NO	No
UGCCSID	Unicode CCSID (graphic)	1208	_
UIFCIDS	Unicode IFCIDS	YES, NO	Yes
UMCCSID	Unicode CCSID (Mixed)	1208	_
UNIT	Device type 1	TAPE, any device	Yes
UNIT2	Device type 2	Device or unit name	Yes
URCHKTH	UR check frequency	0–255	Yes
URLGWTH	UR log write check	0K <b>-1000K</b>	Yes
USCCSID	Unicode CCSID (single-byte)	1208	_
UTILS_DUMP_ CLASS_NAME	Dump class name	Blank, valid DFSMS dump class name	
UTIMOUT	Utility timeout	1–254; <b>6</b>	Yes
VOLTDEVT	Temporary unit name	SYSDA, valid name	Yes
WLMENV	WLM environment	Valid name (1–18 char)	Yes
XLKUPDT	X lock for searched U/D	YES, <b>NO</b>	Yes

#### **Bind Parameters**

Option	Valid values	Plan	Package	Trigger
ACQUIRE	<u>USE</u> , ALLOCATE	X		
Determines whether to	acquire resources specified in the	DBRM at first a	access or allocation	on
ACTION	REPLACE, ADD	X, BO	X, BO	
	REPLACE(RPLVER)		X, BO	
	REPLACE(RETAIN)	X, BO		
Determines whether th	ne object (plan or package) replaces	an existing ob	ject with same na	me or is
new	, , , , ,	· ·	•	
CACHESIZE	Value of PLAN AUTH CACHE;	Х		
	decimal value			
Determines the size (in	n bytes) of the authorization cache a	acquired in the	EDM pool for the	plan
COPY	Collection-id, package-id,		X, BO	
	COPYVER			
Determines that you a	re copying an existing package and	names the pa	ckage	
CURRENTDATA	<u>YES</u> , NO	X	X	X
	require data currency for RO and a	ambiguous cur	sors when isolatio	n level is
CS				
CURRENTSERVER	Location-name	X		
Determines the location	on to connect to before running the p	olan		
DBPROTOCOL	DRDA, PRIVATE	X	X	
Specifies which protoc	col to use when connecting to a rem	ote site that is	identified by a thre	ee-part
name				
DEFER	DEFER(PREPARE),	X	X	
	NODEFER (PREPARE)			
Determines whether to	defer preparation of dynamic SQL	statements tha	at refer to remote (	objects or
to prepare them imme				
DEGREE	<u>1</u> , ANY	X	X	
Determines whether to	attempt to run a query using parall	el processing t	o maximize perfoi	rmance
DEPLOY	(collection-id.package-id),		X	
	COPYVER(version-id)			
Deploys a native SQL		•	-	1
DISCONNECT	EXPLICIT, AUTOMATIC,	X		
	CONDITIONAL			
	ote connections to destroy during c	_		
DYNAMICRULES	RUN, BIND, DEFINEBIND (PKG	X	X	
	ONLY), DEFINERUN (PKG			
	ONLY), INVOKEBIND(PKG			
	ONLY), INVOKERUN(PKG			
	ONLY)		X	
	DEFINEBIND, DEFINERUN, INVOKEBIND, INVOKERUN		\ \ \	
Dotorminos which wal		V ottributos		
ENABLE/ DISABLE	ues apply at runtime for dynamic SC BATCH, CICS, DB2CALL,	X X	l x	1
ENABLE/ DISABLE	DLIBATCH, IMS, IMSBMP,	^	^	
	IMSMPP, RRSAF, *			
	REMOTE		X	
Dotorminos which com			^	1
Determines which con	nections can use the plan or packag	J <del>U</del>		

Option	Valid values	Plan	Package	Trigge
ENCODING	ASCII, EBCDIC, UNICODE, ccsid	Х	X	
Specifies the applicat	ion encoding for all static statements	in the plan or pac	kage (defaults	to
installed selection)	· ·		•	
EXPLAIN	NO, YES	Х	X	Х
Determines whether t	o populate the PLAN_TABLE with info	ormation about th	e SQL statem	ents
FLAG	I, W, E, C	Х	X	Χ
Determines what mes	sages to display		•	•
IMMEDIATE	NO, YES	Х	X	
Determines whether i sets/partitions	mmediate writes will be done for upda	ates made to GBF	P-dependent p	age
ISOLATION	RR, RS, CS, UR, NC	Х	Х	Х
Determines how far to	o isolate an application from the effect	ts of other running	applications	
KEEPDYNAMIC	NO, YES	X	ΪX	
	DB2 keeps dynamic SQL statements a	after commit poin	ts	1
LIBRARY	dbrm-pds-name (can be multiple for PLAN)	X, BO	X, BO	
Determines which par	rtitioned data set to search for DBRMs	s listed in the mer	nber option	
MEMBER	dbrm-member-name (can be multiple for PLAN)	X, BO	X, BO	
Determines what DBF	RMs to include in the plan or package			
OPTHINT	Hint-id	X	X	
Controls whether que	ry optimization hints are used for stati	ic SQL		
OPTIONS	COMPOSITE, COMMAND		X, BC	
Specifies which bind	options to use for the new package			
OWNER	Authorization-id	X	X	
Determines the author	rization ID or the owner of the object	(plan or package)	)	
PACKAGE	Location-name.collection-		X	
	id.package-id (version-id)			
	(*) – Rebind Only		X, RO	
Determines which page	ckage or packages to bind or rebind			
PATH	Schema-name, USER, (schema-name, (USER))	Х	Х	
Determines the SQL	oath that DB2 uses to resolve unquali	fied UDTs, function	ons, and store	d
procedure names			_	_
PATHDEFAULT	Mutually exclusive with PATH	X	X	
qualifier	a package or plan to "SYSIBM", "SYS	FUN", "SYSPRO	C", or plan/pad	ckage
PKLIST or	(Location-name.collection-	X		
NOPKLIST	id.package-id), PKLIST only			
	ckage to include for the package list in	1	*	,
PLAN	Plan-name	X		
	(*)	X, RO		
	n or plans to bind or rebind			
QUALIFIER	Qualifier-name	X	X	
Determines the implication	it qualifier for unqualified names of ob	jects in the plan	or package	
RELEASE	<u>COMMIT</u> , DEALLOCATE	X	X	X
Determines when to r	elease resources that the program us	es, either at comi	mit or at termir	nation
REOPT	ONCE, ALWAYS, AUTO, <b>NONE</b>	X	X	
Specifies whether acc markers, and special	sess path should be determined at rur registers	ntime with host va	riables, param	neter

## DB2® V9 for z/OS Reference Guide

Option	Valid values	Package	Trigger	
ROUNDING	CEILING, DOWN, FLOOR	Χ	X	
	HALFDOWN, <b>HALFEVEN</b> ,			
	HALFUP, UP			
Specifies the rounding	mode at bind time		_	
SQLERROR	NOPACKAGE, CONTINUE X			
Determines whether to create a package if the package contains an SQL error				
SQLRULES	DB2, STD X			
Determines whether a Type 2 connection can be made according to DB2 rules for an existing				
connection				
VALIDATE	RUN, BIND X X			
Determines whether to recheck at runtime "not found" and "not authorized" errors found at bind time				

### **DB2 Limits**

## Identifier Length Limits

Item	Limit
External-java-routine-name	1305 bytes
Name of an alias, auxiliary table, collection, clone table, constraint, correlation, cursor (except for DECLARE CURSOR WITH RETURN or the EXEC SQL utility), distinct type (both parts of two-part name), function (both parts of two-part name), host identifier, index, JARs, parameter, procedure, role, schema, sequence, specific, statement, storage group, savepoint, SQL condition, SQL label, SQL parameter, SQL variable, synonym, table, trigger, view, XML attribute name, XML element name	128 bytes
Name of an authorization ID	8 bytes
Routine version number	124 bytes
Name of a column	30 bytes
Name of cursor that is created with DECLARE CURSOR WITH RETURN	30 bytes
Name of cursor that is created with the EXEC SQL utility	8 bytes
Name of a location	16 bytes
Name of buffer pool name, catalog, database, plan, program, table space	8 bytes
Name of package	8 bytes (Only 8 EBCDIC characters are used for packages that are created with the BIND PACKAGE command. 128 bytes can be used for packages that are created as a result of the CREATE TRIGGER statement.)

#### **Numeric Limits**

Item	Limit
Smallest SMALLINT value	-32768
Largest SMALLINT value	32767
Smallest INTEGER value	-2147483648
Largest INTEGER value	2147483647
Smallest BIGINT value	-9223372036854775808
Largest BIGINT value	9223372036854775807
Smallest REAL value	About -7.2*10(75)
Largest REAL value	About 7.2*10(75)
Smallest positive REAL value	About 5.4*10(-79)
Largest negative REAL value	About -5.4*10(-79)
Smallest FLOAT value	About -7.2*10(75)
Largest FLOAT value	About 7.2*10(75)
Smallest positive FLOAT value	About 5.4*10(-79)
Largest negative FLOAT value	About -5.4*10(-79)

Item	Limit
Smallest DECIMAL value	1 - 10(31)
Largest DECIMAL value	10(31) - 1
Largest DECIMAL precision	31
Smallest DECFLOAT(16) value	-9.99999999999999×10 <sup>384</sup>
Largest DECFLOAT(16) value	9.99999999999999×10 <sup>384</sup>
Smallest positive DECFLOAT(16) value	1.000000000000000×10 <sup>-383</sup>
Largest negative DECFLOAT(16) value	-1.000000000000000×10 <sup>-383</sup>
Smallest DECFLOAT(34) value	-9.99999999999999999999999999999999999
Largest DECFLOAT(34) value	9.999999999999999999999999999999999999
Smallest positive DECFLOAT(34) value	1.000000000000000000000000000000000000
Largest negative DECFLOAT(34) value	-1.000000000000000000000000000000000000
Coefficient length for DECFLOAT values	DECFLOAT(16) is 16 digits; DECFLOAT(34) is 34 digits
Maximum Exponent (Emax) for	DECFLOAT(16) is 384; DECFLOAT(34) is
DECFLOAT values	6144
Minimum Exponent (Emin) for DECFLOAT	DECFLOAT(16) is -383; DECFLOAT(34) is -
values	6143
Bias for DECFLOAT values	DECFLOAT(16) is 398; DECFLOAT(34) is 6176

## String Length Limits

16	1.114	
Item	Limit	
Maximum length of CHAR	255 bytes	
Maximum length of GRAPHIC	127 DBCS characters	
Maximum length of BINARY	255 bytes	
Maximum length of VARCHAR	4046 bytes for 4-KB pages	
	8128 bytes for 8-KB pages	
	16320 bytes for 16-KB pages	
	32704 bytes for 32-KB pages	
Maximum length of VARCHAR that can be	100 bytes after conversion to UTF-8	
indexed by an XML index	,	
Maximum length of VARGRAPHIC	2023 DBCS characters for 4-KB pgs	
	4064 DBCS characters for 8-KB pgs	
	8160 DBCS characters for 16-KB pgs	
	16352 DBCS characters for 32-KB pgs	
Maximum length of VARBINARY	32704 bytes	
Maximum length of CLOB	2 147 483 647 bytes (2GB - 1 byte)	
Maximum length of DBCLOB	1 073 741 824 DBCS characters	
Maximum length of BLOB	2 147 483 647 bytes (2GB - 1 byte)	
Maximum length of a character constant	32704 UTF-8 bytes	
Maximum length of a hexadecimal	32704 hexadecimal digits	

Item	Limit
character constant	
Maximum length of a graphic string constant	32704 UTF-8 bytes
Maximum length of a hexadecimal graphic string constant	32704 hexadecimal digits
Maximum length of a text string used for a scalar expression	4000 UTF-8 bytes
Maximum length of a concatenated character string	2 147 483 647 bytes (2GB - 1 byte)
Maximum length of a concatenated graphic string	1 073 741 824 DBCS characters
Maximum length of a concatenated binary string	2 147 483 647 bytes (2GB - 1 byte)
Maximum length of XML pattern text	4000 bytes after conversion to UTF-8
Maximum length of an XML element or attribute name in an XML document	1000 bytes
Maximum length of a namespace uri	1000 bytes
Maximum length of a namespace un	998 bytes
Largest depth of an internal XML tree	128 levels

#### **Datetime Limits**

Item	Limit
Smallest DATE value (shown in ISO format)	0001-01-01
Largest DATE value (shown in ISO format)	9999-12-31
Smallest TIME value (shown in ISO format)	00.00.00
Largest TIME value (shown in ISO format)	24.00.00
Smallest TIMESTAMP value	0001-01-01-00.00.00.000000
Largest TIMESTAMP value	9999-12-31-24.00.00.000000

#### **DB2 Limits on SQL Statements**

Item	Limit
Maximum number of columns in a table or	750 or fewer (including hidden columns)
view (the value depends on the complexity of	749 if the table is a dependent
the CREATE VIEW statement) or columns	
returned by a table function.	
Maximum number of base tables in a view,	225
SELECT, UPDATE, INSERT, or DELETE	
Maximum number of rows that can be inserted	32767
with a single INSERT or MERGE statement	
Maximum row and record sizes for a table	Dependent on type of table created
Maximum number of volume IDs in a storage	133
group	
Maximum number of partitions in a partitioned	64 for tablespaces that are not defined with
tablespace or partitioned index	LARGE or a DSSIZE greater than 2GB
	4096, depending on what is specified for DSSIZE
	or LARGE and the page size

Item	Limit
Maximum size of a partition (tablespace or	For tablespaces that are not defined with LARGE
index)	or a DSSIZE greater than 2GB:
mask)	4GB, for 1 to 16 partitions
	2GB, for 17 to 32 partitions
	1GB, for 33 to 64 partitions
	For tablespaces that are defined with LARGE:
	4GB, for 1 to 4096 partitions
	For tablespaces that are defined with a DSSIZE
	greater than 2GB:
	64GB, depending on the page size, (1 to 256
	partitions for 4KB, 1 to 512 partitions for 16KB, 1 to
	1024 partitions for 32KB, and 1 to 2048 for 32KB)
Maximum length of an index key	Partitioning index: 255-n
,	Nonpartitioning index that is padded 2000-n
	Nonpartitioning index that is not padded 2000-n-
	2m
	N=number of columns in the key that allow nulls,
	and m is the number of varying length columns in
	the key
Maximum number of expressions in an index key	64
Maximum number of columns in an index key	64
Maximum number of tables in a FROM clause	225 or fewer, depending on the complexity of the
	statement
Maximum number of subqueries in a	224
statement	
Maximum total length of host and indicator	32767 bytes
variables pointed to in an SQLDA	2 147 483 647 bytes (2GB - 1 byte) for a LOB,
	subject to the limitations imposed by the
	application environment and host language
Longest host variable used for insert or update	32704 bytes for a non-LOB
	2 147 483 647 bytes (2GB - 1 byte) for a LOB,
	subject to the limitations imposed by the
	application environment and host language
Longest SQL statement	2097152 bytes
Maximum number of elements in a select list	750 or fewer, depending on whether the select list
	is for the result table of a static scrollable cursor
Maximum number of predicates in a WHERE or HAVING clause	Limited by storage
Maximum total length of columns of a query	4000 bytes
operation requiring a sort key (SELECT	
DISTINCT, ORDER BY, GROUP BY, UNION,	
EXCEPT and INTERSECT, without the ALL	
keyword, and the DISTINCT keyword for	
aggregate functions)	
Maximum total length of columns of a query	32600 bytes
operation requiring a sort and evaluating	
column functions (MULTIPLE DISTINCT and	
GROUP BY)	40000   4
Maximum length of a sort key	16000 bytes
Maximum length of a table check constraint	3800 bytes

Item	Limit
Maximum number of bytes that can be passed	32765 bytes for a non-LOB
in a single parameter of an SQL CALL	2 147 483 647 bytes (2GB - 1 byte) for a LOB,
statement	subject to the limitations imposed by the
	application environment and host language
Maximum number of stored procedures,	16 nesting levels
triggers, and user-defined functions that an	
SQL statement can implicitly or explicitly	
reference	
Maximum length of the SQL path	2048 bytes
Maximum length of a WLM environment name	32 bytes
in a CREATE PROCEDURE, CREATE	
FUNCTION, ALTER PROCEDURE, or ALTER	
FUNCTION statement.	
Maximum number of XPath level in the	50 nesting levels
XMLPATTERN clause of the CREATE INDEX	
statement.	

### **DB2 System Limits**

Item	Limit
Maximum number of concurrent DB2 or	Limited by the EDM pool size, buffer pool size,
application agents	and the amount of storage used by each DB2 or
	application agent
Largest non-LOB table or tablespace	128 terabytes
Largest simple or segmented table space	64 GB
Largest log space	2 <sup>48</sup>
Largest active log data set	4 GB – 1 byte
Largest archive log data set	4 GB – 1 byte
Maximum number of active log copies	2
Maximum number of archive log copies	2
Max number of active log data sets (each copy)	93
Max number of archive log volumes (each copy)	10000
Maximum number of databases accessible to an	Limited by system storage and EDM pool size
application or end user	
Largest EDM pool	The installation parameter maximum depends
	on available space
Maximum number of databases	65271
Maximum number of rows per page	255 for all tablespaces except catalog and
	directory tablespaces, which have a maximum
	of 127
Maximum number of implicitly created databases	60000
Maximum number of indexes on declared global	10000
temporary tables	
Maximum simple or segmented data set size	2GB
Maximum partitioned data set size	See "maximum size of a partition"
Maximum LOB data set size	64GB
Maximum number of rows that can be inserted	32767 rows
with a single INSERT statement	
Maximum number of table spaces that can be	500
defined in a work file database	
Maximum number of tables and triggers that can	11767
be defined in a work file database	

# **SQL Communication Area (SQLCA)**

Assembler,			
COBOL, or	С	Data	
PL/I Name	Name	type	Purpose
SQLCAID	sqlcaid	CHAR(8)	An "eye catcher" for storage dumps, containing the text 'SQLCA'. The sixth byte is 'L' if line number information is returned from parsing a dynamic statement or a native SQL procedure. The sixth byte is not set when processing an external SQL procedure.
SQLCABC	sqlcabc	INTEGER	Contains the length of the SQLCA: 136.
SQLCODE	SQLCODE	INTEGER	Contains the SQL return code.
			0 = Successful execution (though there might have been warning messages).
			Positive = Successful execution, but with an exception condition.
			Negative = Error condition.
SQLERRML	sqlerrml	SMALLINT	Length indicator for SQLERRMC, in the range 0 through 70.0 means that the value of SQLERRMC is not pertinent.
SQLERRMC	sqlerrmc	VARCHAR(70)	Contains one or more tokens, separated by X'FF', that are substituted for variables in the descriptions of error conditions. It may contain truncated tokens. A message length of 70 bytes indicates a possible truncation.
SQLERRP	sqlerrp	CHAR(8)	Provides a product signature and, in the case of an error, diagnostic information such as the name of the module that detected the error. In all cases, the first three characters are 'DSN' for DB2 for z/OS.
SQLERRD(1)	sqlerrd[0]	INTEGER	For a sensitive static cursor, contains the number of rows in a result table when the cursor position is after the last row (that is, when SQLCODE is equal to +100). Can also contain an internal error code.
SQLERRD(2)	sqlerrd[1]	INTEGER	For a sensitive static cursor, contains the number of rows in a result table when the cursor position is after the last row (that is, when SQLCODE is equal to +100). Can also contain an internal error code.

Assembler,			
COBOL, or	С	Data	
PL/I Name	Name	type	Purpose
SQLERRD(3)	sqlerrd[2]	INTEGER	Contains the number of rows that qualified to be deleted, inserted, or updated after an INSERT, MERGE, UPDATE, or DELETE statement. The number excludes rows affected by either triggers or referential integrity constraints. For the OPEN of a cursor for a SELECT with a data change statement or for a SELECT INTO, SQLERRD(3) contains the number of rows affected by the embedded data change statement. The value is 0 if the SQL statement fails, indicating that all changes made in executing the statement canceled. For a DELETE statement the value will be -1 if the operation is a mass delete from a table in a segmented table space and the DELETE statement did not include selection criteria. If the delete was against a view, neither the DELETE statement nor the definition of the view included selection criteria. For a TRUNCATE statement, the value will be -1. For a REFRESH TABLE statement, SQLERRD(3) contains the number of rows inserted into the materialized query table. For a rowset-oriented FETCH, contains the number of rows fetched. For SQLCODES -911 and -913, SQLERRD(3) contains the reason code for the timeout or deadlock. When an error is encountered in parsing a dynamic statement, or when parsing, binding, or executing a native SQL procedure, SQLERRD(3) will contain the line number where the error was encountered. The sixth byte of SQLCAID must be 'L' for this to be a valid line number. This value will be meaningful only if the statement source contains new line control characters. This information is not returned for an external SQL procedure.

188 DB2<sup>®</sup> 9 for z/OS

Assembler, COBOL, or PL/I Name	C Name	Data type	Purpose
SQLERRD(4)	sqlerrd[3]	INTEGER	Generally contains timerons, a short floating-point value that indicates a rough relative estimate of resources required. It does not reflect an estimate of the time required. When preparing a dynamically defined SQL statement, you can use this field as an indicator of the relative cost of the prepared SQL statement. For a particular statement, this number can vary with changes to the statistics in the catalog. It is also subject to change between releases of DB2 for z/OS.
SQLERRD(5)	sqlerrd[4]	INTEGER	Contains the position or column of a syntax error for a PREPARE or EXECUTE IMMEDIATE statement.
SQLERRD(6)	sqlerrd[5]	INTEGER	Contains an internal error code.
SQLWARN0	SQLWARN0	CHAR(1)	Contains a W if at least one other indicator also contains a W; otherwise, contains a blank.
SQLWARN1	SQLWARN1	CHAR(1)	Contains a W if the value of a string column was truncated when assigned to a host variable. Contains an N for non-scrollable cursors and S for scrollable cursors after the OPEN CURSOR or ALLOCATE CURSOR statement. If subsystem parameter DISABSCL is set to YES, the field will not be set to N for non-scrollable cursors.
SQLWARN2	SQLWARN2	CHAR(1)	Contains a W if null values were eliminated from the argument of a column function; not necessarily set to W for the MIN function because its results are not dependent on the elimination of null values.
SQLWARN3	SQLWARN3	CHAR(1)	Contains a W if the number of result columns is larger than the number of host variables. Contains a Z if fewer locators were provided in the ASSOCIATE LOCATORS statement than the stored procedure returned.
SQLWARN4	SQLWARN4	CHAR(1)	Contains a W if a prepared UPDATE or DELETE statement does not include a WHERE clause. For scrollable cursor, contains a D for sensitive dynamic cursors, I for insensitive cursors, and S for sensitive cursors after the OPEN CURSOR or ALLOCATE CURSOR statement; blank if not scrollable. If DSNZPARM DISABSCL is set to YES, it will be set to N for non-scrollable cursors.

Assembler,			
COBOL, or	С	Data	
PL/I Name	Name	type	Purpose
SQLWARN5	SQLWARN5	CHAR(1)	Contains a W if the SQL statement was not executed because it is not a valid SQL statement in DB2 for z/OS. Contains a character value of 1 (read only), 2 (read and delete), or 4 (read, delete, and update) to reflect capability of the cursor after the OPEN CURSOR or ALLOCATE CURSOR statement. If subsystem parameter DISABSCL is set to YES, the field will not be set to N for non-scrollable cursors.
SQLWARN6	SQLWARN6	CHAR(1)	Contains a W if the addition of a month or year duration to a DATE or TIMESTAMP value results in an invalid day (for example, June 31). Indicates that the value of the day was changed to the last day of the month to make the result valid.
SQLWARN7	SQLWARN7	CHAR(1)	Contains a W if one or more nonzero digits were eliminated from the fractional part of a number used as the operand of a decimal multiply or divide operation.
SQLWARN8	SQLWARN8	CHAR(1)	Contains a W if a character that could not be converted was replaced with a substitute character.
SQLWARN9	SQLWARN9	CHAR(1)	Contains a W if arithmetic exceptions were ignored during COUNT or COUNT_BIG processing. Contains a Z if the stored procedure returned multiple result sets.
SQLWARNA	SQLWARNA	CHAR(1)	Contains a W if at least one character field of the SQLCA or the SQLDA names or labels is invalid due to a character conversion error.
SQLSTATE	sqlstate	CHAR(5)	Contains a return code for the outcome of the most recent execution of an SQL statement.

# The REXX SQLCA

Variable	Contents
SQLCODE	The SQL return code.
SQLERRMC	One or more tokens, separated by X'FF', that are substituted for variables in the descriptions of error conditions. It may contain truncated tokens. A message length of 70 bytes indicates a possible truncation.
SQLERRP	A product signature and, in the case of an error, diagnostic information such as the name of the module that detected the error. For DB2 for z/OS, the product signature is "DSN".
SQLERRD.1	For a sensitive static cursor, contains the number of rows in a results table when the cursor position is after the last row (that is, when SQLCODE is equal to +100) Can also contain an internal error code.
SQLERRD.2	For a sensitive static cursor, contains the number of rows in a results table when the cursor position is after the last row (that is, when SQLCODE is equal to +100)

Variable	Contents
	Can also contain an internal error code.
SQLERRD.3	Contains the number of rows that qualified for the operation after an SQL data change statement (but not rows deleted as a result of CASCADE delete). For the OPEN of a cursor for a SELECT with an SQL data change statement or for a SELECT INTO, SQLERRD(3) contains the number of rows affected by the embedded data change statement. Set to 0 if the SQL statement fails, indicating that all changes made in executing the statement were canceled. Set to -1 for a mass delete from a table in a segmented table space, for a truncate operation, or a delete from a view when neither the DELETE statement nor the definition of the view included selection criteria. For rowset-oriented FETCH statements, contains the number of rows returned in the rowset. For SQLCODES -911 and -913, SQLERRD(3) contains the reason code for the timeout or deadlock. After successful execution of the REFRESH TABLE statement, SQLERRD(3) contains the number of rows inserted into the materialized query table. When an error is encountered in parsing a dynamic statement, or when parsing, binding, or executing a native SQL procedure, SQLERRD(3) will contain the line number where the error was encountered. The sixth byte of SQLCAID must be 'L' for this to be a valid line number. This value will be meaningful only if the statement source contains new line control characters. This information is not returned for an external SQL procedure.
SQLERRD.4	Generally contains timerons, a short floating-point value that indicates a rough relative estimate of resources required. This value does not reflect an estimate of the time required to execute the SQL statement. After you prepare an SQL statement, you can use this field as an indicator of the relative cost of the prepared SQL statement. For a particular statement, this number can vary with changes to the statistics in the catalog. This value is subject to change between releases of DB2 for z/OS.
SQLERRD.5	The position or column of a syntax error for a PREPARE or EXECUTE IMMEDIATE statement.
SQLERRD.6	An internal error code.
SQLWARN.0	Blank if all other indicators are blank; W if at least one other indicator also contains a W.
SQLWARN.1	W if the value of a string column was truncated when assigned to a host variable.
SQLWARN.2	W if null values were eliminated from the argument of a column function; not necessarily set to W for the MIN function because its results are not dependent on the elimination of null values.
SQLWARN.3	W if the number of result columns is larger than the number of host variables. Z if the ASSOCIATE LOCATORS statement contains fewer locators than the stored procedure returned.
SQLWARN.4	W if a prepared UPDATE or DELETE statement does not include a WHERE clause. For a scrollable cursor, contains a D for sensitive dynamic cursors, I for insensitive cursors, and S for sensitive cursors after the OPEN CURSOR or ALLOCATE CURSOR statement, blank if not scrollable.
SQLWARN.5	Contains a W if the SQL statement was not executed because it is not a valid SQL statement in DB2 for z/OS. Contains a character value of 1 (read only), 2 (read and delete), or 4 (read, delete, and update) to reflect capability of the cursor after the OPEN CURSOR or ALLOCATE CURSOR statement.
SQLWARN.6	W if the addition of a month or year duration to a DATE or TIMESTAMP value results in an invalid day (for example, June 31). Indicates that the value of the day was changed to the last day of the month to make the result valid.
SQLWARN.7	W if one or more nonzero digits were eliminated from the fractional part of a number that was used as the operand of a decimal multiply or divide operation.

Variable	Contents
SQLWARN.8	W if a character that could not be converted was replaced with a substitute character.
SQLWARN.9	W if arithmetic exceptions were ignored during COUNT DISTINCT processing. Z if the stored procedure returned multiple result sets.
SQLWARN.10	W if at least one character field of the SQLCA is invalid due to a character conversion error.
SQLSTATE	A return code for the outcome of the most recent execution of an SQL statement.

## **GET DIAGNOSTICS**

#### Statement Information

Item	Description	Data type
DB2_GET_DIAGNOSTICS _DIAGNOSTICS	After a GET DIAGNOSTICS statement, if any error or warning occurred, this item contains all of the diagnostics as a single string	VARCHAR(32672)
DB2_LAST_ROW	After a multiple-row FETCH statement, this item contains a value of +100 if the last row in the table is in the rowset that was returned.	INTEGER
DB2_NUMBER_ PARAMETER_MARKERS	After a PREPARE statement, this item contains the number of parameter markers in the prepared statement.	INTEGER
DB2_NUMBER_RESULT_ SETS	After a CALL statement that invokes a stored procedure, this item contains the number of result sets that are returned by the procedure.	INTEGER
DB2_NUMBER_ROWS	After an OPEN or FETCH statement for which the size of the result table is known, this item contains the number of rows in the result table. After a PREPARE statement, this item contains the estimated number of rows in the result table for the prepared statement. For SENSITIVE DYNAMIC cursors, this item contains the approximate number of rows.	DECIMAL(31,0)
DB2_RETURN_STATUS	After a CALL statement that invokes an SQL procedure, this item contains the return status if the procedure contains a RETURN statement.	INTEGER
DB2_SQL_ATTR _CURSOR_HOLD	After an ALLOCATE or OPEN statement, this item indicates whether the cursor can be held CHAR(1) open across multiple units of work (Y or N).	
DB2_SQL_ATTR_ CURSOR_ROWSET	After an ALLOCATE or OPEN statement, this item indicates whether the cursor can use rowset positioning (Y or N).	CHAR(1)
DB2_SQL_ATTR _CURSOR_SCROLLABLE	After an ALLOCATE or OPEN statement, this item indicates whether the cursor is scrollable (Y or N).	CHAR(1)
DB2_SQL_ATTR _CURSOR_SENSITIVITY	After an ALLOCATE or OPEN statement, this item indicates whether the cursor shows updates made by other processes (sensitivity A, I, or S).	CHAR(1)
DB2_SQL_ATTR	After an ALLOCATE or OPEN statement, this	CHAR(1)

Item	Description	Data type
_CURSOR_TYPE	item indicates whether the cursor is declared static (S for INSENSITIVE or SENSITIVE STATIC) or dynamic (D for SENSITIVE DYNAMIC).	
MORE	After any SQL statement, this item indicates whether some conditions items were discarded because of insufficient storage (Y or N).	CHAR(1)
NUMBER	After any SQL statement, this item contains the number of condition items. If no warning or error occurred, or if no previous SQL statement has been executed, the number that is returned is 1.	INTEGER
ROW_COUNT	After DELETE, INSERT, UPDATE, or FETCH, this item contains the number of rows that are deleted, inserted, updated, or fetched. After PREPARE, this item contains the estimated number of result rows in the prepared statement.	DECIMAL(31,0)

## Conditional Data Types

Item	Description	Data type
CATALOG_NAME	This item contains the server name of the	VARCHAR(128)
	table that owns a constraint that caused an	
	error, or that caused an access rule or	
	check violation.	
CONDITION_NUMBER	This item contains the number of the	INTEGER
	condition.	
CURSOR_NAME	This item contains the name of a cursor in an	VARCHAR(128)
	invalid cursor state.	
DB2_ERROR_CODE1	This item contains an internal error code	INTEGER
DB2_ERROR_CODE2	This item contains an internal error code	INTEGER
DB2_ERROR_CODE3	This item contains an internal error code.	INTEGER
DB2_ERROR_CODE4	This item contains an internal error code.	INTEGER
DB2_INTERNAL	For some errors, this item contains a	INTEGER
_ERROR_POINTER	negative value that is an internal error	
	pointer.	
DB2_LINE_NUMBER	Line number where an error is encountered	INTEGER
	in parsing a dynamic statement.	
DB2_MESSAGE_ID	This item contains the message ID that	INTEGER
	corresponds to the message that is	
	contained in the CHAR(10)	
	MESSAGE_TEXT diagnostic item.	
DB2_MODULE_	After any SQL statement, this item indicates	CHAR(8)
DETECTING _ERROR	which module detected the error	
DB2_ORDINAL_TOKEN_n	After any SQL statement, this item contains	VARCHAR(515)
	the nth token, where n is a value from 1 to	
	100.	
DB2_REASON_CODE	After any SQL statement, this item contains	INTEGER
	the reason code for errors that have a	
	reason code token in the message text.	
DB2_RETURNED_SQLCODE	After any SQL statement, this item contains	INTEGER

Item	Description	Data type
	the SQLCODE for the condition.	
DB2_ROW_NUMBER	After any SQL statement that involves multiple rows, this item contains the row number on which DB2 detected the condition.	DECIMAL(31,0)
DB2_TOKEN_COUNT	After any SQL statement, this item contains the number of tokens available for the condition.	INTEGER
MESSAGE_TEXT	After any SQL statement, this item contains the message text associated with the SQLCODE.	VARCHAR(32672)
RETURNED_SQLSTATE	After any SQL statement, this item contains the SQLSTATE for the condition.	CHAR(5)
SERVER_NAME	After a CONNECT, DISCONNECT, or SET CONNECTION statement, this item contains the name of the server specified in the statement.	VARCHAR(128)

#### **Connection Information**

Item	Description	Data type
DB2_AUTHENTICATION_TYPE	This item contains the authentication type (S, C, T or blank).	CHAR(1)
DB2_AUTHORIZATION_ID	This item contains the authorization ID that is used by the connected server.	VARCHAR(128)
DB2_CONNECTION_STATE	This item indicates whether the connection is unconnected (-1), local (0), or remote (1).	INTEGER
DB2_CONNECTION_STATUS	This item indicates whether updates can be committed for the current unit of work (1 for Yes, 2 for No).	INTEGER
DB2_ENCRYPTION_TYPE	This item contains one of the following values that indicates the level of encryption for the Connection:  A = Only the Authentication tokens (authid and password) are encrypted  D = All of the data for the connection is encrypted	CHAR(1)
DB2_SERVER_CLASS_NAME	After a CONNECT or SET CONNECTION statement, this item contains the DB2 server class name.	VARCHAR(128)
DB2_PRODUCT_ID	This item contains the DB2 product signature.	VARCHAR(8)

194 DB2<sup>®</sup> 9 for z/OS

### **Predicates**

Predicate Type	Indexable	Stage 1
COL = value	Υ	Υ
COL = noncol expr	Υ	Υ
COL IS NULL	Υ	Υ
COL op value	Υ	Υ
COL op noncol expr	Υ	Υ
COL BETWEEN value1 AND value2	Υ	Υ
COL BETWEEN noncol expr1 AND noncol expr2	Υ	Υ
value BETWEEN COL1 AND COL2	N	N
COL BETWEEN COL1 AND COL2	N	N
COL BETWEEN expression1 AND expression2	Υ	Υ
COL LIKE 'pattern'	Υ	Υ
COL IN (list)	Υ	Υ
COL <> value	N	Υ
COL <> noncol expr	N	Υ
COL IS NOT NULL	Υ	Υ
COL NOT BETWEEN value1 AND value2	N	Υ
COL NOT BETWEEN noncol expr1 AND noncol	N	Υ
expr2		
value NOT BETWEEN COL1 AND COL2	N	N
COL NOT IN (list)	N	Υ
COL NOT LIKE ' char'	N	Υ
COL LIKE '%char'	N	Υ
COL LIKE '_char'	N	Υ
COL LIKE host variable	Υ	Υ
T1.COL = T2 col expr	Υ	Υ
T1.COL op T2 col expr	Υ	Υ
T1.COL <> T2 col expr	N	Υ
T1.COL1 = T1.COL2	N	N
T1.COL1 op T1.COL2	N	N
T1.COL1 <> T1.COL2	N	N
COL=(noncor subq)	Υ	Υ
COL = ANY (noncor subq)	N	N
COL = ALL (noncor subq)	N	N
COL op (noncor subq)	Υ	Υ
COL op ANY (noncor subq)	Υ	Υ
COL op ALL (noncor subq)	Υ	Y
COL <> (noncor subq)	N	Υ
COL <> ANY (noncor subq)	N	N
COL <> ALL (noncor subq)	N	N
COL IN (noncor subq)	Υ	Υ
(COL1,COLn) IN (noncor subq)	Υ	Υ
COL NOT IN (noncor subq)	N	N
(COL1,COLn) NOT IN (noncor subq)	N	N
COL = (cor subq)	N	N
COL = ANY (cor subq)	N	N
COL = ALL (cor subq)	N	N
COL op (cor subq)	N	N
COL op ANY (cor subq)	N	N

COL op ALL (cor subg)	N	N
COL <> (cor subq)	N	N
COL <> ANY (cor subq)	N	N
COL <> ALL (cor subq)	N	N
COL IN (cor subq)	N	N
(COL1,COLn) IN (cor subq)	N	N
COL NOT IN (cor subq)	N	N
(COL1,COLn) NOT IN (cor subq)	N	N
COL IS DISTINCT FROM value	N	Υ
COL IS NOT DISTINCT FROM value	Υ	Υ
COL IS DISTINCT FROM noncol expr	N	Υ
COL IS NOT DISTINCT FROM noncol expr	Υ	Υ
T1.COL1 IS DISTINCT FROM T2.COL2	N	N
T1.COL1 IS NOT DISTINCT FROM T2.COL2	N	N
T1.COL1 IS DISTINCT FROM T2 col expr	N	Υ
T1.COL1 IS NOT DISTINCT FROM T2 col expr	Υ	Υ
COL IS DISTINCT FROM (noncor subq)	N	Υ
COL IS NOT DISTINCT FROM (noncor subq)	Υ	Υ
COL IS DISTINCT FROM ANY (noncor subq)	N	N
COL IS NOT DISTINCT FROM ANY (noncor subq)	N	N
COL IS DISTINCT FROM ALL (noncor subq)	N	N
COL IS NOT DISTINCT FROM ALL (noncor subq)	N	N
COL IS NOT DISTINCT FROM (cor subq)	N	N
COL IS DISTINCT FROM ANY (cor subq)	N	N
COL IS DISTINCT FROM ANY (cor subq)	N	N
COL IS NOT DISTINCT FROM ANY (cor subq)	N	N
COL IS DISTINCT FROM ALL (cor subq)	N	N
COL IS NOT DISTINCT FROM ALL (cor subq)	N	N
EXISTS (subq)	N	N
NOT EXISTS (subq)	N	N
expression = value	N	N
expression <> value	N	N
expression op value	N	N
expression op (subq)	N	N
XMLEXISTS	Υ	N
NOT XMLEXISTS	N	N

## **IFCIDS**

Trace Type	Class	IFCID	Description
ACCOUNTING	1	3	ALL ACCOUNTING
		106	SYSTEM PARAMETERS IN EFFECT
		239	OVERFLOW FOR PACKAGE ACCOUNTING
	2	200	UDF ENTRY/EXIT SIGNAL
		232	DB2 THREAD ENTRY/EXIT SIGNAL
	3	6	BEGINNING OF A READ I/O OPERATION
		7	CC AFTER READ I/O OPERATION
		8	BEGINNING OF SYNCHRONOUS WRITE I/O
		9	CC OF SYNC OR ASYNC WRITE I/O
		32	BEGIN OF WAIT FOR LOG MANAGER
		33	END OF WAIT FOR LOG MANAGER
		44	LOCK SUSPEND OR IDENTIFY CALL IRLM
		45	LOCK RESUME
		51	SHARED LATCH RESUME. SERVICEABILITY
		52	SHARED LATCH WAIT. SERVICEABILITY
		56	EXCL. LATCH WAIT. SERVICEABILITY
		57	EXCL. LATCH RESUME. SERVICEABILITY
		117	BEGIN THREAD WAIT TIME FOR LOG I/O
		118	END THREAD WAIT TIME FOR LOG I/O
		127	AGENT READY TO SUSPEND PAGE WAIT
		128	PAGE REQUESTOR RESUMED BY I/O INIT.
		170	SUSPEND FOR SYNC EXEC.N UNIT SWITCH
		171	RESUME AGENT WAITING DB2 SERV. TASK
		174	BEGIN ARCHIVE LOG MODE (QUIESCE)
		175	END ARCHIVE LOG MODE (QUIESCE)
		213	BEGIN OF WAIT FOR CLAIM REQUEST
		214	END OF WAIT FOR CLAIM REQUEST
		215	BEGIN OF WAIT FOR DRAIN REQUEST
		216	END OF WAIT FOR DRAIN REQUEST
		226	BEGIN OF SUSPEND FOR PAGE LATCH
		227	END OF SUSPEND FOR PAGE LATCH
		242	BEGIN WAIT FOR SCHED. STORED PROC.
		243	END WAIT FOR SCHED. STORED PROC.
		313	MESSAGES FOR LONG-RUNNING URS.

Trace Type	Class	IFCID	Description
	4	151	USER-DEFINED ACCOUNTING TRACE
	5	187	ENTRY TO AND EXIT FROM IFI
	7	232	DB2 THREAD ENTRY/EXIT SIGNAL
		232	FOR PACKAGE/DBRM LEVEL ACCOUNTING
		240	EVENT SIGNAL FOR PACKAGE ACCOUNTING
	8	6	BEGINNING OF A READ I/O OPERATION
		7	CC AFTER READ I/O OPERATION
		8	BEGINNING OF SYNCHRONOUS WRITE I/O
		9	CC OF SYNC OR ASYNC WRITE I/O
		32	BEGIN OF WAIT FOR LOG MANAGER
		33	END OF WAIT FOR LOG MANAGER
		44	LOCK SUSPEND OR IDENTIFY CALL IRLM
		45	LOCK RESUME
		51	SHARED LATCH RESUME. SERVICEABILITY
		52	SHARED LATCH WAIT. SERVICEABILITY
		56	EXCL. LATCH WAIT. SERVICEABILITY
		57	EXCL. LATCH RESUME. SERVICEABILITY
		117	BEGIN THREAD WAIT TIME FOR LOG I/O
		118	END THREAD WAIT TIME FOR LOG I/O
		127	AGENT READY TO SUSPEND PAGE WAIT
		128	PAGE REQUESTOR RESUMED BY I/O INIT.
		170	SUSPEND FOR SYNC EXEC.N UNIT SWITCH
		171	RESUME AGENT WAITING DB2 SERV. TASK
		174	BEGIN ARCHIVE LOG MODE (QUIESCE)
		175	END ARCHIVE LOG MODE (QUIESCE)
		213	BEGIN OF WAIT FOR CLAIM REQUEST
		214	END OF WAIT FOR CLAIM REQUEST
		215	BEGIN OF WAIT FOR DRAIN REQUEST
		216	END OF WAIT FOR DRAIN REQUEST
		226	BEGIN OF SUSPEND FOR PAGE LATCH
		227	END OF SUSPEND FOR PAGE LATCH
		241	BEGIN/END SUSPENSION OF PACK/DBRM
		242	BEGIN WAIT FOR SCHED. STORED PROC.
		243	END WAIT FOR SCHED. STORED PROC.
AUDIT	1	140	AUTHORIZATION FAILURES
	2	141	EXPLICIT GRANT AND REVOKES
	3	142	CREATES, ALTERS, DROPS – AUDIT

198 DB2<sup>®</sup> 9 for z/OS

Trace Type	Class	IFCID	Description
	4	143	FIRST ATTEMPTED WRITE AUDITED OBJ.
	5	144	FIRST ATTEMPTED READ AUDITED OBJ.
	6	145	AUDIT LOG RECORD OF SOME SQL STMTS
	7	55	ISSUANCE OF SET CURRENT SQLID
		83	END IDENTIFY REQUEST
		87	ENDING OF SIGNON REQUEST
		169	DISTRIBUTED AUTHID TRANSLATION
		312	DCE SECURITY
	8	23	UTILITY START INFORMATION
		24	UTILITY OBJECT OR PHASE CHANGE
		25	UTILITY END INFORMATION
	9	146	USER-DEFINED AUDIT TRACE
MONITOR	1	1	SYSTEM SERVICES
		2	DATABASE SERVICES
		106	SYSTEM PARAMETERS IN EFFECT
		124	CURRENT SQL STATEMENT
		129	VSAM CI'S – DB2 RECOVER LOG
		147	SUMMARY THREAD STATUS RECORD
		148	DETAILED THREAD STATUS RECORD
		149	LOCK INFORMATION FOR A RESOURCE
		150	LOCK INFORMATION FOR AN AGENT IFCID
		202	SYSTEM PARAMETERS
		230	DATA SHARING GLOBAL STATISTICS
		254	GROUP BUFFER POOL USAGE
		306	LOG RECORD RETRIEVAL
		316	PREPARED STMT. CACHE STATISTICS
		317	PREPARED STMT. CACHE STMT. TEXT
	2	232	DB2 THREAD ENTRY EXIT SIGNAL
	3	6	BEGINNING OF A READ I/O OPERATION
		7	CC AFTER READ I/O OPERATION
		8	BEGINNING OF SYNCHRONOUS WRITE I/O
		9	CC OF SYN OR ASYNC WRITE I/O
		32	BEGIN OF WAIT FOR LOG MANAGER
		33	END OF WAIT FOR LOG MANAGER
		44	LOCK SUSPEND OR IDENTIFY CALL IRLM
		45	LOCK RESUME
		51	SHARED LATCH RESUME. SERVICEABILITY

Trace Type	Class	IFCID	Description
		52	SHARED LATCH WAIT. SERVICEABILITY
		56	EXCL. LATCH WAIT. SERVICEABILITY
		57	EXCL. LATCH RESUME. SERVICEABILITY
		117	BEGIN THREAD WAIT TIME FOR LOG I/O
		118	END THREAD WAIT TIME FOR LOG I/O
		127	AGENT READY TO SUSPEND PAGE WAIT
		128	PAGE REQUESTOR RESUMED BY I/O INIT.
		170	SUSPEND FOR SYNC EXEC. UNIT SWITCH
		171	RESUME AGENT WAITING DB2 SERV. TSK
		174	BEGIN ARCHIVE LOG MODE (QUIESCE)
		175	END ARCHIVE LOG MODE (QUIESCE)
		213	BEGIN OF WAIT FOR CLAIM REQUEST
		214	END OF WAIT FOR CLAIM REQUEST
		215	BEGIN OF WAIT FOR DRAIN REQUEST
		216	END OF WAIT FOR DRAIN REQUEST
		226	BEGIN OF SUSPEND FOR PAGE LATCH
		227	END OF SUSPEND FOR PAGE LATCH
		242	BEGIN WAIT FOR SCHED. STORED PROC.
		243	END WAIT FOR SCHED. STORED PROC.
	4	155	USER-DEFINED MONITOR TRACE
	5	187	ENTRY OR EXIT TO IFI
	6	185	DATA CAPTURE INFORMATION
	7	232	DB2 THREAD ENTRY/EXIT SIGNAL
		232	FOR PACKAGE/DBRM-LEVEL ACCOUNTING
		240	EVENT SIGNAL FOR PACKAGE ACCOUNTING
	8	6	BEGINNING OF A READ I/O OPERATION
		7	CC AFTER READ I/O OPERATION
		8	BEGINNING OF SYNCHRONOUS WRITE I/O
		9	CC OF SYN OR ASYNC WRITE I/O
		32	BEGIN OF WAIT FOR LOG MANAGER
		33	END OF WAIT FOR LOG MANAGER
		44	LOCK SUSPEND OR IDENTIFY CALL IRLM
		45	LOCK RESUME
		51	SHARED LATCH RESUME. SERVICEABILITY
		52	SHARED LATCH WAIT. SERVICEABILITY
		56	EXCL. LATCH WAIT. SERVICEABILITY
		57	EXCL. LATCH RESUME. SERVICEABILITY

200 DB2<sup>®</sup> 9 for z/OS

Trace Type	Class	IFCID	Description
		117	BEGIN THREAD WAIT TIME FOR LOG I/O
		118	END THREAD WAIT TIME FOR LOG I/O
		127	AGENT READY TO SUSPEND PAGE WAIT
		128	PAGE REQUESTOR RESUMED BY I/O INIT.
		170	SUSPEND FOR SYNC EXEC. UNIT SWITCH
		171	RESUME AGENT WAITING DB2 SERV. TSK
		174	BEGIN ARCHIVE LOG MODE (QUIESCE)
		175	END ARCHIVE LOG MODE (QUIESCE)
		213	BEGIN OF WAIT FOR CLAIM REQUEST
		214	END OF WAIT FOR CLAIM REQUEST
		215	BEGIN OF WAIT FOR DRAIN REQUEST
		216	END OF WAIT FOR DRAIN REQUEST
		226	BEGIN OF SUSPEND FOR PAGE LATCH
		227	END OF SUSPEND FOR PAGE LATCH
		241	BEGIN/END SUSPENSION OF PACK/DBRM
		242	BEGIN WAIT FOR SCHED. STORED PROC.
		243	END WAIT FOR SCHED. STORED PROC.
PERFORMANCE	1	1	SYSTEM SERVICES
		2	DATABASE SERVICES
		31	EDM POOL FULL CONDITION
		42	A CHECKPOINT STARTED
		43	A CHECKPOINT ENDED
		76	BEGINNING OF END OF MEMORY REQUEST
		77	ENDING OF AN END OF MEMORY REQUEST
		78	BEGINNING OF AN END OF TASK REQUEST
		79	ENDING OF AN END OF TASK REQUEST
		102	DETECTION OF SHORT ON STORAGE
		103	SETTING OFF OF SHORT ON STORAGE
		105	INTERNAL DBID OBID TO DB/TS
		106	SYSTEM PARAMETERS IN EFFECT
		107	DATA SET OPEN/CLOSE INFORMATION
		153	USER-DEFINED EXCEPT-CONDITION TRACE
	2	3	ALL ACCOUNTING
		68	BEGINNING OF A ROLLBACK REQUEST
		69	ENDING OF A ROLLBACK REQUEST
		70	BEGIN COMMIT PHASE 2 REQUEST
		71	END COMMIT PHASE 2 REQUEST

Trace Type	Class	IFCID	Description
		72	BEGINNING OF CREATE THREAD REQUEST
		73	ENDING OF A CREATE THREAD REQUEST
		74	BEGINNING OF TERM. THREAD REQUEST
		75	ENDING OF A TERM. THREAD REQUEST
		80	BEGINNING OF AN ESTABLISH EXIT REQ.
		81	ENDING OF AN ESTABLISH EXIT REQUEST
		82	BEGIN IDENTIFY REQUEST
		83	END IDENTIFY REQUEST
		84	BEGIN PHASE 1 COMMIT REQUEST
		85	END PHASE 1 COMMIT REQUEST
		86	BEGINNING OF SIGNON REQUEST
		87	ENDING OF SIGNON REQUEST
		88	BEGINNING OF A SYNC REQUEST
		89	ENDING OF A SYNC REQUEST
		106	SYSTEM PARAMETERS IN EFFECT
		174	BEGIN ARCHIVE LOG MODE (QUIESCE)
		175	END ARCHIVE LOG MODE (QUIESCE)
	3	22	MINIPLANS GENERATED
		53	END OF DESCR., COMMIT, RLBCK OR ERR
		55	ISSUANCE OF SET CURRENT SQLID
		58	END OF SQL STATEMENT EXECUTION
		59	START OF FETCH SQL STATEMENT EXEC.
		60	START OF SELECT SQL STATEMENT EXEC.
		61	START OF INSERT, UPDATE, DELETE SQL
		62	START OF DDL STATEMENT EXECUTION
		63	SQL STATEMENT TO BE PARSED
		64	START PREPARE SQL STATEMENT EXEC.
		65	START OPEN CURSOR STATIC/DYN SQL
		66	START CLOSE CURSOR STATIC/DYN SQL
		92	START AN ACCESS METHOD SERVICES
		95	SORT STARTED
		96	SORT ENDED
		97	ACCESS METHOD SERVICES CMD COMPL.
		106	SYSTEM PARAMETERS IN EFFECT
		112	ATTRIBUTES PLAN AFTER THREAD ALLOC.
		177	SUCCESSFUL PACKAGE ALLOCATION
		233	START/END CALL TO USER ROUTINE

202 DB2<sup>®</sup> 9 for z/OS

Trace Type	Class	_	Description
		237	SET CURRENT DEGREE INFORMATION
		272	ASSOCIATE LOCATORS INFORMATION
		273	ALLOCATE CURSOR INFORMATION
		324	FUNCTION RESOLUTION INFORMATION
		325	START/END TRIGGER ACTIVATION
		350	COMPLETE SQL STATEMENT
	4	6	BEGINNING OF A READ I/O OPERATION
		7	COMPLETION CODE AFTER READ I/O
		8	BEGINNING OF SYNCHRONOUS WRITE I/O
		9	CC OF SYN OR ASYNC WRITE I/O
		10	BEGINNING OF ASYNC WRITE I/O
		29	START EDM I/O REQ. LOAD DBD OR CT
		30	END OF EDM I/O REQUEST
		105	INTERNAL DBID OBID TO DB/TS
		106	SYSTEM PARAMETERS IN EFFECT
		107	DATA SET OPEN/CLOSE INFORMATION
		127	AGENT READY TO SUSPEND PAGE WAIT
	5	128	PAGE REQUESTOR RESUMED BY I/O INIT.
		226	BEGIN OF SUSPEND FOR PAGE LATCH
		227	END OF SUSPEND FOR PAGE LATCH
		32	BEGIN OF WAIT FOR LOG MANAGER
		33	END OF WAIT FOR LOG MANAGER
		34	LOG MANAGER WAIT FOR READ I/O BEGIN
		35	LOG MANAGER WAIT FOR READ I/O END
		36	LOG MANAGER WAIT FOR NON-I/O BEGIN
		37	LOG MANAGER WAIT FOR NON-I/O END
		38	LOG MGR WAIT ACT. LOG WRITE BEGIN
		39	LOG MGR WAIT ACT. LOG WRITE I/O END
		40	LOG MANAGER ARCHIVE WRITE I/O BEGIN
		41	LOG MANAGER ARCHIVE WRITE I/O END
		104	LOG DATA SET MAPPING
		106	SYSTEM PARAMETERS IN EFFECT
		114	START ARCHIVE READ I/O WAIT
		115	END READ ARCHIVE I/O WAIT ON DASD
		116	END READ ARCHIVE I/O WAIT ON TAPE
		117	BEGIN ARCHIVE READ
		118	END ARCHIVE READ

Trace Type	Class		Description
		119	BSDS WRITE I/O BEGINNING
		120	BSDS WRITE I/O END
		228	START ARCHIVE ALLOCATION WAIT
		229	END ARCHIVE ALLOCATION WAIT
	6	20	LOCKING SUMMARY
		44	LOCK SUSPEND OR AN ID. CALL TO IRLM
		45	LOCK RESUME
		105	INTERNAL DBID OBID TO DB/TS
		106	SYSTEM PARAMETERS IN EFFECT
		107	DATA SET OPEN/CLOSE INFORMATION
		172	UNITS OF WORK INVOLVED IN DEADLOCK
		196	LOCK TIMEOUT DETAILS
		213	BEGINNING OF WAIT FOR DRAIN LOCK
		214	END OF WAIT FOR DRAIN LOCK
		218	SUMMARY OF LOCK AVOIDANCE TECHNIQUE
		337	LOCK ESCALATION OCCURRED
	7	21	DETAIL LOCK REQ.ON RETURN FROM IRLM
		105	INTERNAL DBID OBID TO DB/TS
		106	SYSTEM PARAMETERS IN EFFECT
		107	DATA SET OPEN/CLOSE INFORMATION
		199	BUFFER POOL DATA SET STATISTICS
		223	DETAIL OF LOCK AVOIDANCE TECHNIQUE
	8	13	INPUT TO HASH SCAN
		14	END OF HASH SCAN
		15	INPUT MATCH./NON-MATCH.INDEX SCAN
		16	INPUT TO THE FIRST INSERT
		17	INPUT TO SEQUENTIAL SCAN
		18	END INDEX SCAN, INSERT, SEQ. SCAN
		105	INTERNAL DBID OBID TO DB/TS
		106	SYSTEM PARAMETERS IN EFFECT
		107	DATA SET OPEN/CLOSE INFORMATION
		125	RID LIST PROCESSING USAGE
		221	PARALLEL DEGREE FOR PARALLEL GROUP
		222	PARALLEL GROUP ELAPSED TIME
		231	PARALLEL GROUP COMPLETION
		305	TABLE CHECK CONSTRAINTS
	<u> </u>	311	TEMPORARY TABLES

204 DB2<sup>®</sup> 9 for z/OS

Trace Type	Class		Description
	9	26	WORK FILE OBTAINED FOR SORT
		27	NUMBER OF ORDERED RECORDS SORT RUN
		28	DETAILED SORT INFORMATION
		95	SORT STARTED
		96	SORT ENDED
		106	SYSTEM PARAMETERS IN EFFECT
	10	23	UTILITY START INFORMATION
		24	UTILITY OBJECT OR PHASE CHANGE
		25	UTILITY END INFORMATION
		90	COMMAND TEXT OF ENTERED DB2 COMMAND
		91	COMPLETION STATUS OF A DB2 COMMAND
		105	INTERNAL DBID OBID TO DB/TS
		106	SYSTEM PARAMETERS IN EFFECT
		107	DATA SET OPEN/CLOSE INFORMATION
		108	BEGINNING OF BIND/REBIND
		109	END OF BIND/REBIND
		110	BEGINNING OF FREE PLAN
		111	END OF FREE PLAN
		201	STATUS BEF/AFT ALTER BUFFERPOOL
		256	ATTRIBUTES BEF/AFT ALTER BUFFERPOOL
	11	46	AGENT BEGIN EXEC. UNIT SWITCH
		47	NEW SRB EXECUTION UNIT STARTED
		48	NEW SRB EXECUTION UNIT COMPLETED
		49	BEGIN NEW TCB
		50	END NEW TCB
		51	SHARED LATCH RESUME
		52	SHARED LATCH WAIT
		56	EXCLUSIVE LATCH WAIT
		57	EXCLUSIVE LATCH RESUME
		93	SUSPEND WAS CALLED
		94	EVENT RESUMED
		106	SYSTEM PARAMETERS IN EFFECT
		113	ATTRIBUTES PLAN AFTER AGENT ALLOC.
	12	98	BEGIN GETMAIN/FREEMAIN (NONPOOL)
		99	END GETMAIN/FREEMAIN (NONPOOL)
		100	BEGIN GETMAIN/FREEMAIN (POOL)
		101	END GETMAIN/FREEMAIN (POOL)

Trace Type	Class	IFCID	Description
		106	SYSTEM PARAMETERS IN EFFECT
	13	11	RESULTS OF A VALIDATION EXIT CALL
		12	RESULTS EDIT EXIT CALL ENCODE RECRD
		19	RESULTS EDIT EXIT CALL DECODE A ROW
		105	INTERNAL DBID OBID TO DB/TS
		106	SYSTEM PARAMETERS IN EFFECT
		107	DATA SET OPEN/CLOSE INFORMATION
	14	67	START OF ACCOUNTING COLLECTION
		106	SYSTEM PARAMETERS IN EFFECT
		121	ENTRY ALLOCATING DB2 CONNECTION
		122	EXIT ALLOCATING DB2 CONNECTION
	15	154	USER-DEFINED ROUTINE COND. PERF.
	16	157	DRDS INTER. WITH RDS RDI CALL TYPES
		158	DRDS INTER. WITH CONVERSATION MGR
		159	DRDS REQUESTING LOCATION DATA
		160	REQUESTING AGENT DATA
		161	SERVING AGENT DATA
		162	DISTRIB TRANS. MGR REQ. AGENT DATA
		163	DISTRIB TRANS. MGR RESP. AGENT DATA
		167	CONVERSATION ALLOC. REQUEST QUEUED
		183	DRDS RDS/SCC INTERFACE DATA
	17	211	INFORMATION ABOUT CLAIMS
		212	INFORMATION ABOUT DRAINS
		213	BEGINNING OF WAIT FOR DRAIN LOCK
		214	END OF WAIT FOR DRAIN LOCK
		215	BEGIN OF WAIT OF CLAIM COUNT TO 0
		216	END OF CLAIM COUNT TO GO TO 0
	20	249	EDM POOL DBD INVALIDATION
		250	GROUP BUFFER POOL CON/DISCON
		251	P-LOCK OPERATIONS
		256	ALTER BUFFERPOOL COMMAND
		257	DETAILS OF IRLM NOTIFY REQUEST
		261	GROUP BUFFER POOL CHECKPOINT
		262	GBPOOLT CASTOUT THRESHOLD PROCESSIN
		267	BEGIN CF STRUCT REBLD/EXPAND/CONTR
	0.4	268	END CF STRUCTURE REBLD/EXPAND/CONTR
	21	255	BUFFER REFRESH DUE TO XI

Trace Type	Class	_	Description
		259	P-LOCK REQUEST/NEGOTIATION REQUEST
		263	PAGE SET AND PARTITION CASTOUT DATA
		314	AUTHORIZATION EXIT PARAMETERS
		327	LANGUAGE ENVIRONMENT RUN-TIME INFO
STATISTICS	1	1	SYSTEM SERVICES
		2	DATABASE SERVICES
		105	INTERNAL DBID OBID TO DB/TS
		106	SYSTEM PARAMETERS IN EFFECT
		202	BUFFER POOL ATTRIBUTES
	2	152	USER-DEFINED STATISTICS TRACE
	3	172	UNITS OF WORK INVOLVED IN DEADLOCK
		196	LOCK TIMEOUT DETAILS
		250	CONNECT/DISCONNECT FROM GBP
		258	DATA SET EXTEND INFORMATION.
		330	ACTIVE LOG SHORTAGE
		337	LOCK ESCALATION OCCURRED
	4	191	DATA CAPTURE FOR DDIS ERRORS
		192	DDM LEVEL 6A HEADER ERRORS
		193	UOW DISPOSITION/SQLCODE MISMATCH
		194	INVALID SNA FMH-5 RECEIVED
		195	FIRST FAILURE DATA CAPTURE FOR DRDS
		203	HEURISTIC DECISION OCCURRED
		204	PARTNER COLD START DETECTED
		205	INCORRECT LOGNAME/SYNC. PARMS
		206	SNA COMPARE STATES PROTOCOL ERROR
		207	HEURISTIC DAMAGE OCCURRED
		208	SNA SYNC POINT PROTOCOL ERROR
		209	SYNC POINT COMMUNICATION FAILURE
		210	LOG NAME CHANGED ON WARM START
		235	CONDITIONAL RESTART DATA LOSS
		236	EXCHANGE LOG NAMES PROTOCOL ERROR
		238	DB2 RESTART ERROR
		267	START OF CF STRUCTURE REBUILD
		268	END OF CF STRUCTURE REBUILD
	5	230	DATA SHARING GLOBAL STATISTICS
	7	326	WLM DELAY MONITOR SUPPORT

208 DB2<sup>®</sup> 9 for z/OS

# **Exceptions**

Status	Status Name	Objects	Corrective Action(s)
Code ACHKP	Auxiliary CHECK	Affected Base table space, LOB	Update or delete invalid LOB using SQL     Run CHECK DATA Utility with the appropriate
	Pending	table spaces	SCOPE option to verify the validity of LOBs and XML objects and reset status.
AUXW	Auxiliary Warning	Base Table Space	Update or delete invalid LOBs and XML objects using SQL.     If an orphan LOB exists or a version mismatch exists between the base table and the auxiliary index, use REPAIR to delete the LOB from the LOB table space.     Run CHECK DATA utility to verify the validity of LOBs and XML objects and reset AUXW status.
		LOB Table Space	Update or delete invalid LOBs and XML objects using SQL.     If an orphan LOB exists or a version mismatch exists between the base table and the auxiliary index, use REPAIR to delete the LOB from the LOB table space.     Run CHECK LOB utility to verify the validity of LOBs and XML objects and reset AUXW status.
CHECKP	CHECK Pending	Table space, base table space	Check and correct RI constraints using the CHECK DATA utility.
		Partitioning index, non-partitioning index, index on auxiliary table	Run CHECK INDEX on index.     If errors – run REBUILD INDEX utility
		LOB table space	Use CHECK LOB utility – if errors:  1. Correct defects found in LOB table space with REPAIR utility  2. Run CHECK LOB again
COPY	Copy Pending	Table space, table space partition	*Take an image copy (best action), or use –START DATABASE (db) SPACENAM(ts) ACCESS FORCE or run REPAIR and reset COPY flag.
DBETE		Table space, table space partition, index space, index partition, or logical index partition	Contact IBM Software Support to report the problem. DB2 log records need to be analyzed to diagnose the cause of the problem and determine further actions.
GRECP	GBP Recover Pending	Table space, index space	RECOVER the object, or use START DATABASE command

Status Code	Status Name	Objects Affected	Corrective Action(s)
ICOPY	Informational COPY Pending	Partitioned Index, non- partitioned index, Index on auxiliary table	Copy the affected index
		NOT LOGGED table spaces	Copy the affected table space.
LPL	Logical Page List	Table spaces, index space	* START DATABASE ACCESS R/W or R/O * Run RECOVER or REBUILD INDEX utility * Run LOAD REPLACE * DROP the object
RBDP	REBUILD Pending	Physical or logical index partition	Run the REBUILD or RECOVER utility on the affected index partition
RBDP*		Logical Partitions of non- partitioned secondary indexes	Run REBUILD INDEX PART or RECOVER utility on the affected logical partitions
PSRBD		Non- partitioned secondary index, index on the auxiliary table	Run REBUILD INDEX ALL, the RECOVER utility, or run REBUILD INDEX The following actions also reset the REBUILD status:  * LOAD REPLACE with table space or partition * REPAIR SET INDEX with NORBDPEND on index part – however does not correct inconsistencies .  * Start database ACCESS FORCE – however does not correct inconsistencies * Run REORG INDEX SORTDATA on Index
RECP	RECOVER Pending	Table space Table space partition	Run the RECOVER utility on the affected object Recover the logical partition
		Index on the auxiliary table	Run REBUILD INDEX, RECOVER INDEX or REORG SORTDATA
		Index Space	Run one of the following utilities on the affected index space:  * REBUILD INDEX  * RECOVER INDEX  * REORG INDEX SORTDATA
		Any	The following actions also reset the RECOVER status:  * LOAD REPLACE with table space or partition  * REPAIR SET TABLESPACE or INDEX with NORCVRPEND on index part – however does not correct inconsistencies .  * Start database ACCESS FORCE – however does not correct inconsistencies

Status Code	Status Name	Objects Affected	Corrective Action(s)
REFP	Refresh Pending	Tablespace, or Indexspace	* Run a LOAD REPLACE  * Object will also be in RECP or RBDP status – will need appropriate action taken
REORP	REORG Pending	Tablespace	Perform one of the following:  * LOAD REPLACE entire tablespace  * REORG TABLESPACE SHRLEVEL NONE  * REORG PART n:m SHRLEVEL NONE
		Partitioned Table Space	Rows <= 32KB  1. Run REORG TABLESPACE SHRLEVEL NONE SORTDATA Rows > 32KB  1. Run REORG TABLESPACE UNLOAD ONLY 2. Run LOAD TABLESPACE FORMAT UNLOAD
AREO*	Advisory REORG status	Table Space	Run one of the following utilities:  * REORG TABLESPACE  * LOAD REPLACE  * REPAIR TABLESPACE
		Index Space	Run one of the following utilities:  * REORG TABLESPACE  * LOAD REPLACE  * REORG INDEX  * REPAIR INDEX
RESTP	Restart Pending	Table space, partitions, index spaces, physical index partitions	Objects are unavailable until back-out work is complete or until restart is canceled and a conditional restart or cold start is performed.
WEPR	Write Error Page Range	Page range in error	Run a RECOVER utility on effected data

### **Determining Partition From Page Number**

Use these charts to determine the partition number from a page number displayed in a console message. You first need to know the type of data sets for the table space (EA or non EA-enabled), along with the page size and DSSIZE (if EA-enabled). Use this information to determine how many leading bits of a RID are used to represent the partition number. Convert the hex representation of leading portion of the page number to binary, and then the appropriate number of bits to decimal. Partition numbers begin with zero.

**EA-Enabled Table Spaces (Defined as LARGE or with DSSIZE)** 

DSSIZE	Page	Leading	Example Page	Example Partition Number	Partition	Part
	Size	Bits	Number (First 4	in Binary	Number	
			RID bytes)			
		Part				
		Number				
1GB	4KB	14 bits	X'01000004'	B'00000001000000'	64	65
1GB	8KB	15 bits	X'01000004'	B'000000010000000'	128	129
1GB	16KB	16 bits	X'01000004'	B'0000000100000000'	256	257
1GB	32KB	17 bits	X'01000004'	B'00000001000000000'	512	513
2GB	4KB	13 bits	X'01000004'	B'0000000100000'	32	33
2GB	8KB	14 bits	X'00040040'	B'0000000000001'	1	2
2GB	16KB	15 bits	x′00040040′	B'000000000000010'	2	3
2GB	32KB	16 bits	X'00040040'	B'000000000000100'	4	5
4GB	4KB	12 bits	X'01000004'	B'000000010000'	16	17
4GB	8KB	13 bits	X'06000007'	B'0000011000000'	192	193
4GB	16KB	14 bits	X'007C0005'	B'00000000011111'	31	32
4GB	32KB	15 bits	X'007C0005'	B'000000000111110'	62	63
8GB	4KB	11 bits	X'3FFFFFFF'	B'00111111111'	511	512
8GB	8KB	12 bits	X'3FFFFFFF'	B'001111111111'	1023	1024
8GB	16KB	13 bits	X'3FFFFFFF'	B'0011111111111'	2047	2048
8GB	32KB	14 bits	X'3FFFFFFF'	B'00111111111111'	4095	4096
16GB	4KB	10 bits	X'3FFFFFFF'	B'0011111111'	255	256
16GB	8KB	11 bits	X'06000007'	B'00000110000'	48	49
16GB	16KB	12 bits	X'3FFFFFFF'	B'001111111111'	1023	1024
16GB	32KB	13 bits	X'06000007'	B'0000011000000'	192	193
32GB	4KB	9 bits	X'06000007'	B'000001100'	12	13
32GB	8KB	10 bits	X'06000007'	B'0000011000'	24	25
32GB	16KB	11 bits	X'03F00009'	B'00000011111'	31	32
32GB	32KB	12 bits	X'03F00009'	B'000000111111'	63	64
64GB	4KB	8 bits	X'FFFFFFFF'	B'11111111'	255	256
64GB	8KB	9 bits	X'FFFFFFFF'	B'111111111'	511	512
64GB	16KB	10 bits	X'FFFFFFFF'	B'1111111111'	1023	1024
64GB	32KB	11 bits	X'FFFFFFFF'	B'11111111111'	2047	2048

#### Non EA-Enabled Table Spaces

Number of Parts	Page Size	RID Type	Bits	Example Page Number (First 3 or 4 RID bytes)	Example Partition Number in Binary	Partition Number	Part
1 to 16	4KB	4 byte	4 bits	X'000004'	B'0000'	0	1
1 to 16	8KB	4 byte	5 bits	X'E80005'	B'01111'	15	16
1 to 16	16KB	4 byte	6 bits	X'1E0007'	B'000111'	7	8
1 to 16	32KB	4 byte	7 bits	X'1E0007'	B'0001111'	15	16
17 to 32	4KB	4 byte	5 bits	X'1E0007'	B'00011'	3	4
17 to 32	8KB	4 byte	6 bits	X'1E0007'	B'000111'	7	8
17 to 32	16KB	4 byte	7 bits	X'010008'	B'0000000'	0	1
17 to 32	32KB	4 byte	8 bits	X'010008'	B'00000001'	1	2
33 to 64	4KB	4 byte	6 bits	X'1F8009'	B'000111'	7	8
33 to 64	8KB	4 byte	7 bits	X'1F8009'	B'0001111'	15	16
33 to 64	16KB	4 byte	8 bits	X'1F8009'	B'00011111'	31	32
33 to 64	32KB	4 byte	9 bits	X'1F8009'	B'000111111'	63	64
1 to 4096	4KB	5 byte	12 bits	X'00100004'	B'000000000001'	1	2
1 to 4096	8KB	5 byte	13 bits	x'00100004'	B'0000000000010'	2	3
1 to 4096	16KB	5 byte	14 bits	X'1FFE000B'	B'00011111111111'	2047	2048
1 to 4096	32KB	5 byte	15 bits	X'1FFE000B'	B'0001111111111111'	4095	4096

## **Catalog Tables**

#### SYSIBM.IPLIST

Allows multiple IP addresses to be specified for a given LOCATION. Insert rows into this table when you want to define a remote DB2 data sharing group. The same value for the IPADDR column cannot appear in both the SYSIBM.IPNAMES table and the SYSIBM.IPLIST table. Rows in this table can be inserted, updated and deleted.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
LINKNAME	VAHCHAR(24)	This column is associated with the value specified in the LINKNAME column in the SYSIBM.LOCATIONS table and the SYSIBM.IPNAMES table. The values of the other columns in the SYSIBM.IPNAMES table apply to the server identified by the LINKNAME column in this row.
IPADDR	VARCHAR(254)	<ul> <li>This column contains an IPv4 or IPv6 address, or domain name of a remote TCP/IP host of the server. If WLM Domain Name Server workload balancing is used, this column must contain the member specific domain name. If Dynamic VIPA workload balancing is used, this column must contain the member specific Dynamic VIPA address. The IPADDR column must be specified as follows:</li> <li>An IPv4 address must be left justified and is represented as a dotted decimal address. For example, '123.456.78.912' would be interpreted as an IPv4 address.</li> <li>An IPv6 address must be left justified and is represented as a colon hexadecimal address. An example of an IPv6 address is 2001:0DB8:0000:0000:0008:0800:200C:417A, which can also be expressed in compressed form as 2001:DB8::8:800:200C:417A.</li> <li>A domain name is converted to an IP address by the domain name server where a resulting IPv4 or IPv6 address is determined.</li> </ul>
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	A value of Y means row came from MRM tape.

#### SYSIBM.IPNAMES

Defines the remote DRDA servers DB2 can access using TCP/IP. Rows in this table can be inserted updated, and deleted.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
LINKNAME	VARCHAR(24)	The value specified in this column must match the value specified in the LINKNAME column of the associated row in SYSIBM.LOCATIONS.
SECURITY_OUT	CHAR(1)	This column defines the DRDA security option that is used when local DB2 SQL applications connect to any remote server associated with this TCP/IP host:
		A: The option is "already verified". Outbound connection

Column Name	Data Type	Description
		requests contain an authorization ID and no password. The authorization ID used for an outbound request is either the DB2 user 's authorization ID or a translated ID, depending upon the value of the USERNAMES column. The authorization ID is not encrypted when it is sent to the partner.
		<b>D</b> : The option is 'userid and and security-sensitive data encryption'. Outbound connection requests contain an authorization ID and no password.
		E: The option is 'userid, password, and security sensitive data encryption'. Outbound connection requests contain an authorization ID and a password. The password is obtained from SYSIBM.SYSUSERNAMES table. The USERNAMES column must specify 'O'.
		If the applications connect to any remote server as trusted, the USERNAMES column must specify 'O' or 'S'
		R: The option is "RACF PassTicket". Outbound connection requests contain a userid and a RACF PassTicket. The value specified in the LINKNAME column is used as the RACF PassTicket application name for the remote server.
		The authorization ID used for an outbound request is either the DB2 user 's authorization ID or a translated ID, depending upon the value of the USERNAMES column.
		P: The option is "password". Outbound connection requests contain an authorization ID and a password. The password is obtained from the SYSIBM.USERNAMES table. The USERNAMES column must specify "O".
		If the applications connect to any remote server as trusted, the USERNAMES column must specify 'O' or 'S'
USERNAMES	CHAR(1)	This column controls outbound authorization ID translation. Outbound translation is performed when an authorization ID is sent by DB2 to a remote server.  O: An outbound ID is subject to translation. Rows in the SYSIBM.USERNAMES table are used to perform ID Translation. No translation or "come from" checking is performed on inbound IDs.  S: Row in the SYSIBM.USERNAMES table is used to obtain the system AUTHID used to establish a trusted connection.  Blank: No translation occurs.
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	A value of Y indicates that the row came from the basic machine-readable material (MRM) tape
IPADDR	VARCHAR(254)	This column contains the IP address or domain name of a remote TCP/IP host. The IPADDR column must be specified as follows:  • An IPv4 address must be left justified and is represented as a dotted decimal address. For example, '123.456.78.91' would be interpreted as an IPv4 address.  • An IPv6 address must be left justified and is
		represented as a colon hexadecimal address. An example of an IPv6 address is

Column Name	Data Type	Description
		<ul> <li>2001:0DB8:0000:0000:0008:0800:200C:417A, which can also be expressed in compressed form as 2001:DB8::8:800:200C:417A.</li> <li>A domain name is converted to an IP address by the domain name server where a resulting IPv4 or IPv6 address is determined. call. TCP/IP domain names are not case sensitive.</li> </ul>

#### SYSIBM.LOCATIONS

Contains a row for every accessible remote server. The row associates a LOCATION name with the TCP/IP or SNA network attributes for the remote server. Requesters are not defined in this table .Rows in this table can be inserted, updated, and deleted.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
LOCATION	VARCHAR(128)	A unique location name for the accessible server. This is the name by which the remote server is known to local DB2 SQL applications.
LINKNAME	VARCHAR(128)	Identifies the VTAM or TCP/IP attributes associated with this location. For any LINKNAME specified, one or both of the following statements must be true:  1: A row exists in SYSIBM.LUNAMES whose LUNAME matches the value specified in the SYSIBM.LOCATIONS LINKNAME column. This row specifies the VTAM communication attributes for the remote location.  2: A row exists in SYSIBM.IPNAMES whose LINKNAME matches the value specified in the SYSIBM.LOCATIONS LINKNAME column. This row specifies the TCP/IP communication attributes for the remote location.
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	A value of Y indicates that the row came from the basic machine- readable material (MRM) tape.
PORT	VARCHAR(96)	TCP/IP is used for outbound DRDA connections when the following statement is true:  A row exists in SYSIBM.IPNAMES, where the LINKNAME column matches the value specified in the SYSIBM.LOCATIONS LINKNAME column.  If the above-mentioned row is found, the value of the PORT column is interpreted as follows:  —If PORT is blank ,the default DRDA port (446)is used. —If PORT is nonblank, the value specified for PORT can take one of two forms:  1: If the value in PORT is left justified with 1-5 numeric characters, the value is assumed to be the TCP/IP port number of the remote database server.  2: Any other value is assumed to be a TCP/IP service name, which can be converted to a TCP/IP port number using the TCP/IP getservbyname socket call. TCP/IP service names are not case sensitive.
TPN	VARCHAR(192)	Used only when the local DB2 begins an SNA conversation with another server. When used, TPN indicates the SNA LU 6.2 transaction program name (TPN) that will allocate the

Column Name	Data Type	Description
		conversation. A length of zero for the column indicates the default TPN. For DRDA conversations, this is the DRDA default, which is X'07F6C4C2'. For DB2 private protocol conversations, this column is not used. For an SQL/DS server, TPN should contain the resource ID of the SQL/DS machine.
DBALIAS	VARCHAR(128)	Database alias. The name associated with the server. This name is used to access a remote database server. If DBALIAS is balnk the location name is used to access the remote database server. This column does not change the name of any database objects send to the remote site that contains the location qualifier.
TRUSTED	CHAR(1)	Indicates whether the connection to the remote server can be trusted. This is restricted to TCP/IP only. This column is ignored for connections using SNA.  Y Location is trusted. Access to the remote location requires trusted context defined at the remote location.  N Location is not trusted.
SECURE	CHAR(1)	Indicates the use of the Secure Socket Layer (SSL) protocol for outbound DRDA connections when local DB2 applications connects to the remote database server using TCP/IP.  Y Indicates a secure connection using SSL is required for the outbound DRDA connection.  N Indicates a secure connection is not required for the outbound DRDA connection.

#### SYSIBM.LULIST

Allows multiple LU names to be specified for a given LOCATION. Insert rows into this table when you want to define a remote DB2 data-sharing group. The same value for LUNAME column cannot appear in both the SYSIBM.LUNAMES table and the SYSIBM.LULIST table. Rows in this table can be inserted, updated, and deleted.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
LINKNAME	VARCHAR(24)	The value of the LINKNAME column in the SYSIBM.LOCATIONS table with which this row is associated. This is also the value of the LUNAME column in the SYSIBM.LUNAMES table. The values of the other columns in the SYSIBM.LUNAMES row apply to the LU identified by the LUNAME column in this row of SYSIBM.LULIST.
LUNAME	VARCHAR(24)	The VTAM logical unit name (LUNAME) of the remote database system. This LUNAME must not exist in the LUNAME column of SYSIBM.LUNAMES.
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	A value of Y indicates that the row came from the basic machine- readable material (MRM) tape.

#### SYSIBM.LUMODES

Each row of the table provides VTAM with conversation limits for a specific combination of LUNAME and MODENAME. The table is accessed only during the initial conversation limit negotiation between DB2 and a remote LU. This negotiation is called *change-number-of-sessions* (CNOS) processing. Rows in this table can be inserted, updated, and deleted.

DB2<sup>®</sup> 9 for z/OS 217

Column Name	Data Type	Description
LUNAME	VARCHAR(24)	LU name of the server involved in the CNOS processing.
MODENAME	VARCHAR(24)	Name of a logon mode description in the VTAM logon mode table.
CONVLIMIT	SMALLINT	Maximum number of active conversations between the local DB2 and the other system for this mode. Used to override the number in the DSESLIM parameter of the VTAMAPPL definition statement for this mode.
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	A value of Y indicates that the row name from the basic machine- readable material (MRM) tape.

## SYSIBM.LUNAMES

The table must contain a row for each remote SNA client or server that communicates with DB2. Rows in this table can be inserted, updated, and deleted.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
LUNAME	VARCHAR(24)	Name of the LU for one or more accessible systems. A blank string indicates the row applies to clients whose LU name is not specifically defined in this table.
		All other column values for a given row in this table are for clients and servers associated with the row 's LU name.
SYSMODENAME	VARCHAR(24)	Mode used to establish inter-system conversations. A blank indicates the default mode IBMDB2LM (DB2 private protocol access).
SECURITY_IN	CHAR(1)	This column defines the security options that are accepted by this DB2 when an SNA client connects to DB2:  V: The option is "verify". An incoming connection request must include one of the following: a userid and password, a userid and RACF PassTicket, or a Kerberos security ticket.  A: The option is "already verified". A request does not need a password, although a password is checked if it is sent. With this option, an incoming connection request is accepted if it includes any of the following: a userid, a userid and password, a userid and RACF PassTicket, or a Kerberos security ticket.  If the USERNAMES column contains 'l'or 'B', RACF is not invoked to validate incoming connection requests that contain only a userid.
SECURITY_OUT	CHAR(1)	This column defines the security option that is used when local DB2 SQL applications connect to any remote server associated with this LUNAME:  A: The option is "already verified". Outbound connection requests contain an authorization ID and no password. The authorization ID used for an outbound request is either the DB2 user's authorization ID or a translated ID, depending upon the value of the USERNAMES column.  R: The option is "RACF PassTicket". Outbound connection requests contain a userid and a RACF PassTicket .The server's LU name is used as the RACF PassTicket application name. The authorization ID used for an outbound request is either the DB2 user's authorization ID or a translated ID, depending upon the value of the USERNAMES column.  P: The option is "password". Outbound connection requests contain an authorization ID and a password. The password is

Column Name	Data Type	Description
	,,	obtained from the SYSIBM.USERNAMEs table or RACF, depending upon the value specified in the ENCRYPTPWDS column. The USERNAMES column must specify 'B' or 'O'.
ENCRYPTPSWDS	CHAR(1)	This column only applies to DB2 for OS/390 partners. It is provided to support connectivity to prior releases of DB2 that are unable to support RACF PassTickets. For connections between DB2 Version 5 and later, using the SECURITY_OUT='R' option instead of the ENCRYPTPSWDS='Y' option is recommended.  N: No, passwords are not in internal RACF encrypted format. This is the default.  Y: Yes for outbound requests ,the encrypted password is extracted from RACF and sent to the server .For inbound requests ,the password is treated as encrypted.
MODESELECT	CHAR(1)	Whether to use the SYBIBM.MODESELECT table:  N: Use default modes:IBMDB2LM (for DB2 private protocol) and IBMRDB (for DRDA).  Y: Searches SYSIBM.MODESELECT for appropriate mode name.
USERNAMES	CHAR(1)	This column controls inbound and outbound authorization ID translation, and "come from" checking. Inbound translation and "come from" checking are performed when an authorization ID is received from a remote client. Outbound translation is performed when an authorization ID is sent by DB2 to a remote server. When I,O,or B is specified in this column, rows in the SYSIBM.USERNAMES table are used to perform ID translation. I An inbound ID is subject to translation and "come from " checking. No translation is performed on outbound IDs. O No translation or "come from "checking is performed on inbound IDs. An outbound ID is subject to translation. B An inbound ID is subject to translation and "come from " checking. An outbound ID is subject to translation and "come from " checking. An outbound ID is subject to translation. blank No translation occurs.
GENERIC	CHAR(1)	Indicates whether DB2 should use its real LU name or generic LU name to identify itself to the partner LU, which is identified by this row.  N The real VTAMLU name of this DB2 subsystem Y The VTAM generic LU name of this DB2 subsystem
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	A value of Y indicates that the row came from the basic machine- readable material (MRM)tape.

#### SYSIBM.MODESELECT

Associates a mode name with any conversation created to support an outgoing SQL request. Each row represents one or more combinations of LUNAME, authorization ID, and application plan name. Rows in this table can be inserted, updated, and deleted.

Column Name	Data Type	Description

Column Name	Data Type	Description
AUTHID	VARCHAR(128)	Authorization ID of the SQL request. Blank (the default) indicates that the MODENAME specified for the row is to apply to all authorization IDs.
PLANNAME	VARCHAR(24)	Plan name associated with the SQL request. Blank (the default) indicates that the MODENAME specified for the row is to apply to all plan names.
LUNAME	VARCHAR(24)	LU name associated with the SQL request.
MODENAME	VARCHAR(24)	Name of the logon mode in the VTAM logon mode table to be used in support of the outgoing SQL request. If blank, IBMDB2LM is used for DB2 private protocol connections and IBMRDB is used for DRDA connections.
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	Whether the row came from the basic machine-readable material (MRM) tape: N=No; Y=Yes

#### SYSIBM.SYSAUXRELS

Contains one row for each auxiliary table created for a LOB column. A base tablespace that is partitioned must have one auxiliary table for each partition of each LOB column.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
TBOWNER	VARCHAR(128)	Schema of the base table.
TBNAME	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the base table.
COLNAME	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the LOB column in the base table.
PARTITION	SMALLINT	Partition number if the base tablespace is partitioned. Otherwise, the value is 0.
AUXTBOWNER	VARCHAR(128)	Schema of the owner of the auxiliary table.
AUXTBNAME	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the auxiliary table.
AUXRELOBID	INTEGER	Internal identifier of the relationship between the base table and the auxiliary table.
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	Whether the row came from the basic machine-readable material (MRM) tape: N=No; Y=Yes
RELCREATED	CHAR(1)	The release of DB2 that is used to create the object. Blank if created prior to Version 9.

# SYSIBM.SYSCHECKDEP

Contains one row for each reference to a column in a table check constraint.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
TBOWNER	VARCHAR(128)	Schema of the owner oft he table on which the table check
		constraint is defined.
TBNAME	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the table on which the check constraint is defined.
CHECKNAME	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the check constraint.
COLNAME	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the column that the table check constraint refers to.
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	Whether the row came from the basic machine-readable material
		(MRM) tape: N=No: Y=Yes

#### SYSIBM.SYSCHECKS

Contains one row for each table check constraint.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
TBOWNER	VARCHAR(128)	Schema of the owner of the table on which the table check

Column Name	Data Type	Description
		constraint is defined.
CREATOR	VARCHAR(128)	Authorization ID of the creator of the table check constraint.
DBID	SMALLINT	Internal identifier of the database for the table check
		constraint.
OBID	SMALLINT	Internal identifier of the table check constraint.
TIMESTAMP	TIMESTAMP	Time when the table check constraint was created.
RBA	CHAR(6)	The log RBA when the table check constraint was created.
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	Whether the row came from the basic machine-readable
		material (MRM) tape: N =No, Y=Yes
TBNAME	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the table on which the check constraint is defined.
CHECKNAME	VARCHAR(128)	Table check constraint name.
CHECKCONDITION	VARCHAR(7400)	Text of the table check constraint.
RELCREATED	CHAR(1)	The release of DB2 that is used to create the object. Blank if
		created prior to Version 9.

## SYSIBM.SYSCHECKS2

Contains one row for each table check constraint.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
TBOWNER	VARCHAR(128)	Schema of the owner of the table on which the table check constraint is defined.
TBNAME	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the table on which the check constraint is defined.
CHECKNAME	VARCHAR(128)	Table check constraint name.
PATHSCHEMAS	VARCHAR(2048)	SQL path at the time the table check constraint was created.
		The path is used to resolve unqualified cast function names that are used in the constraint definition.
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	A value of Y indicates that the row came from the basic machine-readable material (MRM) tape.
RELCREATED	CHAR(1)	The release of DB2 that is used to create the object. Blank if
		created prior to Version 9.

## SYSIBM.SYSCOLAUTH

Records the UPDATE or REFERENCES privileges that are held by users on individual columns of a table or view.

Column Name	Data Type	Description	
GRANTOR	VARCHAR(128)	Authorization ID of the user who granted the privileges. Could also be PUBLIC or PUBLIC followed by an asterisk.	
		,	
GRANTEE	VARCHAR(128)	Authorization ID of the user who holds the privilege or the name of an application plan or package that uses the privilege. PUBLIC for a grant to PUBLIC. PUBLIC followed by an asterisk for a grant to PUBLIC AT ALL LOCATIONS.	
GRANTEETYPE	CHAR(1)	Type of grantee:  Blank: An authorization ID  L: Role  P: An application plan or a package. The grantee is a package if COLLID is not blank.	
CREATOR	VARCHAR(128)	Schema of the owner of the table or view on which the update privilege is held.	

Column Name	Data Type	Description	
TNAME	VARCHAR(18)	Name of the table or view.	
	CHAR(12)	Internal use only.	
DATEGRANTED	CHAR(6)	Date the privilege was granted, in the form <i>yymmdd</i> .	
TIMEGRANTED	CHAR(8)	Time the privilege was granted, in the form hhmmssth.	
COLNAME	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the column to which the UPDATE privilege applies.	
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	Whether the row came from the basic machine-readable material (MRM) tape: N=No; Y=Yes.	
COLLID	CHAR(18)	If GRANTEE is a package, its collection name. Otherwise, the value is blank.	
CONTOKEN	CHAR(8)	If GRANTEE is a package, the consistency token of the DBRM from which the package was derived. Otherwise, the value is blank.	
PRIVILEGE	CHAR(1)	Indicates which privilege this row describes:  R Row pertains to the REFERENCES privilege.  Blank Row pertains to the UPDATE privilege.	
GRANTEDTS	TIMESTAMP	Time when the GRANT statement was executed.	
GRANTORTYPE	CHAR(1)	Indicates the type of grantor  L Role	
		Blank Authoriation ID that is not a role	

## SYSIBM.SYSCOLDIST

Contains one or more rows for the first key column of an index key. Rows in this table can be inserted, updated, and deleted.

Column Name	Data Type	Description	
	SMALLINT	Not used	
STATSTIME	TIMESTAMP	If RUNSTATS updated the statistics, the date and time when the last invocation of RUNSTATS updated the statistics.	
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	Whether the row came from the basic machine-readable material (MRM) tape: N=No; Y=Yes	
TBOWNER	VARCHAR(128)	Schema of the owner of the table that contains the column.	
TBNAME	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the table that contains the column.	
NAME	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the column. If NUMCOLUMNS is greater than 1 this name identifies the first column name of the set of columns associated with the statistics.	
COLVALUE	VARCHAR(2000)	Contains the data of a frequently occurring value. FOR BIT DATA the value has a non-character data type, the data might not be printable.	
TYPE	CHAR(1)	The type of statistics gathered:  C Cardinality  F Frequent value  H Histogram Statistics  N Nonpadded frequent value	
CARDF	FLOAT	For TYPE='C', the number of distinct values for the column group. For TYPE='H', the number of distinct values for the column group in a quantile indicated by QUANTILENO.	

Column Name	Data Type	Description	
COLGROUPCOLNO	VARCHAR(254)	Identifies the set of columns associated with the statistics. If the statistics are only associated with a single column, the field contains a zero length. Otherwise, the field is an array of SMALLINT column numbers with a dimension equal to the value in NUMCOLUMNS. This is an updatable column.	
NUMCOLUMNS	SMALLINT	Identifies the number of columns associated with the statistics.	
FREQUENCYF	FLOAT	Gives the percentage of rows in the table with the value specified in COLVALUE when the number is multiplied by 100. For example, a value of 1 indicates 100%. A value of .153 indicates 15.3%.  When TYPE='H', this is the percentage of rows in table which falls in the quantile indicated by QUANTILENO whose range is limited by [LOWVALUE, HIGHVALUE].  Statistics are not collected for an index on a ROWID column.	
QUANTILENO	SMALLINT	Ordinary sequence number of a quantile in the whole consecutive value range, from low to high. This column is not updatable.	
LOWVALUE	VARCHAR(2000)	For TYPE='H', this is the lower bound for the quantile indicated by QUANTILENO. Not used if TYPE is not 'H'. This column is not updatable.	
HIGHVALUE	VARCHAR(2000)	For TYPE='H' this is the higher bound for the quantile indicated by QUANTILENO. Not used if TYPE is not 'H'. This column is not updatable.	

# SYSIBM.SYSCOLDIST\_HIST

Contains rows from SYSCOLDIST. Whenever rows are added or changed in SYSCOLDIST, the rows are also written to the new history table. Rows in this table can be inserted, updated, and deleted.

Column Name	Data Type	Description	
STATSTIME	TIMESTAMP	If RUNSTATS updated the statistics, the date and time when	
		the last invocation of RUNSTATS updated the statistics.	
TBOWNER	VARCHAR(128)	Schema of the owner of the table that contains the column.	
TBNAME	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the table that contains the column.	
NAME	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the column .lf NUMCOLUMNS is greater than 1, this name identifies the first column name of the set of columns associated with the statistics.	
COLVALUE	VARCHAR(2000)	Contains the data of a frequently occurring value. Statistics are not collected for an index on a ROWID column. If the value has a non-character data type, the data might not be printable.	
TYPE	CHAR(1)	printable.  The type of statistics gathered:  C Cardinality  F Frequent value  H Histogram Statistics  N Nonpadded frequent value	

Column Name	Data Type	Description	
CARDF	FLOAT(8)	When TYPE='C', this is the number of distinct values for the column group. When TYPE='H', this is he number of distinct values for the column group in a quantile indicated by QUANTILENO. The value is -1 if statistics have not been gathered.	
COLGROUPCOLNO	VARCHAR(254)	Identifies the set of columns associated with the statistics. If the statistics are only associated with a single column, the field contains a zero length. Otherwise, the field is an array of SMALLINT column numbers with a dimension equal to the value in NUMCOLUMNS.	
NUMCOLUMNS	SMALLINT	Identifies the number of columns associated with the statistics.	
FREQUENCYF	FLOAT(8)	Gives the percentage of rows in the table with the value specified in COLVALUE when the number is multiplied by 100. For example, a value of 1 indicates 100%. A value of .153 indicates 15.3%.  When TYPE='H', this is the percentage of rows in table which falls in the quantile indicated by QUANTILENO whose range is limited by [LOWVALUE, HIGHVALUE].  Statistics are not collected for an index on a ROWID column. The value is -1 if statistics have not been gathered.	
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	A value of Y indicates that the row came from the basic machine-readable material (MRM) tape.	
QUANTILENO	SMALLINT	Ordinary sequence number of a quantile in the whole consecutive value range, from low to high. This column is not updatable.	
LOWVALUE	VARCHAR(2000)	For TYPE='H', this is the lower bound for the quantile indicated by QUANTILENO. Not used if TYPE is not 'H'. This column is not updatable.	
HIGHVALUE	VARCHAR(2000)	For TYPE='H' this is the higher bound for the quantile indicated by QUANTILENO. Not used if TYPE is not 'H'. This column is not updatable.	

#### SYSIBM.SYSCOLDISTSTATS

Contains zero or more rows per partition for the first key column of a partitioning index. Rows are inserted when RUNSTATS scans index partitions of the partitioning index. No row is inserted if the index is a non-partitioning index. Rows in this table can be inserted, updated, and deleted.

Column Name	Data Type	Description	
	SMALLINT	Not used	
STATSTIME	TIMESTAMP	If RUNSTATS updated the statistics, the date and time when the last invocation of RUNSTATS updated the statistics.	
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	Whether the row came from the basic machine-readable material (MRM) tape: N=No, Y=Yes	
PARTITION	SMALLINT	Partition number for the tablespace that contains the table in which the column is defined.	
TBOWNER	VARCHAR(128)	Schema of the owner of the table that contains the column.	

Column Name	Data Type	Description	
TBNAME	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the table that contains the column.	
NAME	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the column. If NUMCOLUMNS is greater than 1, this name identifies the first column name of the set of columns associated with the statistics.	
COLVALUE	VARCHAR(2000)	Contains the data of a frequently occurring value. FOR BIT DATA the value has a non-character data type, the data may not be printable.	
TYPE	CHAR(1)	The type of statistics gathered:  C Cardinality  F Frequent value  H Historgram statistics  N Non-padded frequent value	
CARDF	FLOAT	If TYPE is C, the value is the number of distinct values for the column group. If TYPE is N or TYPE is F, the value is the number of rows or keys in the partition for which the FREQUENCYF value applies. If TYPE is H, the number of distinct values for the column group in a quantile indicated by QUANTILENO.	
COLGROUPCOLNO	VARCHAR(254)	Identifies the set of columns associated with the statistics. If the statistics are only associated with a single column, the field contains a zero length. Otherwise, the field is an array of SMALLINT column numbers with a dimension equal to the value in NUMCOLUMNS. This is an updatable column.	
NUMCOLUMNS	SMALLINT	Identifies the number of columns associated with the statistics.	
FREQUENCYF	FLOAT	Gives the percentage of rows in the table with the value specified in COLVALUE when the number is multiplied by 100. For example, a value of 1 indicates 100%. A value of .153 indicates 15.3%.  When TYPE='H', this is the percentage of rows in table which falls in the quantile indicated by QUANTILENO whose range is limited by [LOWVALUE, HIGHVALUE]. Statistics are not collected for an index on a ROWID column.	
QUANTILENO	SMALLINT	Ordinary sequence number of a quantile in the whole consecutive value range, from low to high. This column is not updatable.	
LOWVALUE	VARCHAR(2000)	For TYPE='H', this is the lower bound for the quantile indicated by QUANTILENO. Not used if TYPE is not 'H'. This column is not updatable.	
HIGHVALUE	VARCHAR(2000)	For TYPE='H' this is the higher bound for the quantile indicated by QUANTILENO. Not used if TYPE is not 'H'. This column is not updatable.	

#### SYSIBM.SYSCOLSTATS

Contains partition statistics for selected columns. For each column, a row exists for each partition in the table. Rows are inserted when RUNSTATS collects either indexed column statistics or non-indexed column statistics for a partitioned tablespace. No row is inserted if the tablespace is non-partitioned. Rows in this table can be inserted, updated, and deleted.

Column Name	Data Type	Description	
HIGHKEY	VARCHAR(2000)	Highest value of the column within the partition. Blank if statistics have not been gathered or the column is an indicator column, a	
		node ID column, or a column of an XML table. If the column has a non-character data type, the data might not be printable. If the	
		partition is empty, the value is a string of length 0.	
HIGH2KEY	VARCHAR(2000)	Second highest value of the column within the partition. Blank if statistics have not been gathered or the column is an indicator column, a node ID column, or a column of an XML table. If the column has a non-character data type, the data might not be printable. If the partition is empty, the value is a string of length 0.	
LOWKEY	VARCHAR(2000)	Lowest value of the column within the partition. Blank if statistics have not been gathered or the column is an indicator column, a node ID column, or a column of an XML table. If the column has a non-character data type, the data might not be printable. If the partition is empty, the value is a string of length 0.	
LOW2KEY	VARCHAR(2000)	Second lowest value of the column within the partition. Blank if statistics have not been gathered or the column is an indicator column, a node ID column, or a column of an XML table. If the column has a non-character data type, the data might not be printable. If the partition is empty, the value is a string of length 0.	
	INTEGER	Number of distinct column values in the partition.	
STATSTIME	TIMESTAMP	If RUNSTATS updated the statistics, the date and time when the last invocation of RUNSTATS updated the statistics.	
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	Whether the row came from the basic machine-readable material (MRM) tape: N=No, Y=Yes	
PARTITION	SMALLINT	Partition number for the tablespace that contains the table in which the column is defined.	
TBOWNER	VARCHAR(128)	Schema of the owner of the table that contains the column.	
TBNAME	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the table that contains the column.	
NAME	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the column.	
COLCARDDATA	VARCHAR(1000)	Internal use only.	
STATS_FORMAT	CHAR(1)	The type of statistics gathered:  Blank Statistics have not been collected or varchar column statistical values are padded  N Varchar column statistical values are not padded  This is an updatable column	

# SYSIBM.SYSCOLUMNS

Contains one row for every column of each table and view.

Column Name	Data Type	Description		
NAME	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the column.		
TBNAME	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the table or view that contains the column.		
TBCREATOR	VARCHAR(128)	Schema of the owner of the table or view that contains the column.		
COLNO	SMALLINT	Numeric place of the column in the table or view; for example 4 (out of 10). An additional row with column number 0 is inserted into SYSCOLUMNS if the definition of the table is incomplete (all required unique indexes have not been created).		
COLTYPE	CHAR(8)	The type of the column specified in the definition of the column:  INTEGER  Large integer  SMALLINT  Small integer		

Column Name	Data Type	Description		
Column Hame	-au iye	FLOAT	Floating-point	
		CHAR	Fixed-length character string	
		VARCHAR	Varying-length character string	
		LONGVAR	Varying-length character string (prior to V9)	
		DECIMAL	Decimal	
		GRAPHIC	Fixed-length graphic string	
		VARGRAPHIC		
		LONGVARG	Varying-length graphic string Varying-length graphic string (prior to V9)	
		DATE Date		
		TIME Time		
		TIMESTMP	Timestamp	
		BLOB	Binary large object	
		CLOB	Character large object	
		DBCLOB	Double Byte Character Large Objects	
		ROWID	ROWID Data Type	
		_	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
		DISTINCT	Distinct Type	
		BIGINT	XML data type Big integer	
		_		
		BINARY	Fixed-length binary string	
		VARBIN	Varying-length binary string	
		DECFLOAT	Decimal floating point	
		Whether a colu	mn described as VARCHAR, LONGVAR, CLOB,	
		VARG, LONGVAR, DBCLOB, or BLOB is a long string column		
			length attribute. A column described as BLOB,	
		CLOB, or DBCLOB is always a long string column.		
LENGTH	SMALLINT	Length attribute of the column or, in the case of a decimal column,		
		its precision. Th	ne number does not include the internal prefixes	
		that are used to	record the actual length and null state, where	
		applicable.	-	
		INTEGER	4	
		SMALLINT	2	
		FLOAT	4 or 8	
		CHAR	Length of string	
		VARCHAR	Maximum length of string	
		LONGVAR	Maximum length of string (prior to V9)	
		DECIMAL	Precision of number	
			Number of DBCS characters	
			Maximum number of DBCS char.(prior to V9)	
			Maximum number of DBCS characters	
		DATE	4	
			3	
		TIMESTMP	10	
		BLOB	4 – The length of the field that is stored in the	
			base table. The maximum length of the LOB	
		0.00	column is found in LENGTH2	
		CLOB	4 – The length of the field that is stored in the	
			base table. The maximum length of the CLOB	
		2201.02	column is found in LENGTH2	
		DBCLOB	4 – The length of the field that is stored in the	
			base table. The maximum length of the CLOB	
			column is found in LENGTH2	
1		ROWID	17 – The maximum length of the stored portion	

	1		9 2/03 Reference Guide	
Column Name	Data Type	Description		
		of the identifier		
		<b>DISTINCT</b> The length of the sour	ce data type	
		XML 6		
		BIGINT 8		
		BINARY Length of String		
		VARBIN Maximum length of str	ing	
20415	CAMALLINIT	DECFLOAT 8 or 16		
SCALE	SMALLINT	Scale of decimal data. Zero if not a dec		
NULLS	CHAR(1)	Whether the column can contain null va	alues:	
		Y = Yes		
		The value can be N for a view column t	hat is derived from an	
		expression or a function. Nevertheless,		
		nulls when an outer select list refers to		
	INTEGER	Not used	it.	
HIGH2KEY	VARCHAR(2000)	Second highest value of the column. Bl	ank if statistics have not	
TIIGHZKLT	VARCHAR(2000)	been gathered, or the column is an indi		
		of an auxiliary table. If the column has		
		the data might not be printable. If the ta		
		string of length 0. This is an updatable		
LOW2KEY	VARCHAR(2000)	Second lowest value of the column. Bla		
LOWZKET	V/ ((\(\text{LOOO}\))	been gathered, or the column is an indicator column or a column		
		of an auxiliary table. If the column has		
		the data might not be printable. If the table is empty, the value is a		
		string of length 0. This is an updatable column.		
UPDATES	CHAR(1)	Whether the column can be updated:		
	,	N = No		
		Y = Yes		
		The value is N if the column is:		
		<ul> <li>Derived from a function or expression</li> </ul>		
		* A column that is defined with the AS	IDENTITY and	
		GENERATED ALWAYS attributes.		
IDIADEOD	OLIAD(4)	The value can be Y for columns of a read-only view.  Whether the row came from the basic machine-readable material		
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)		nachine-readable material	
DEMARKS	VARCHAR(762)	(MRM) tape: N=No ,Y=Yes  A character string provided by the user	with the COMMENT ON	
REMARKS	VARCHAR(762)		with the COMMENT ON	
DEFAULT	CHAR(1)	statement.  The contents of this column are meaning.	actual and if the TVDC	
DEFAULT	CHAR(I)			
		column for the associated SYSTABLES row indicates that this is for a table(T) or a created temporary table (G).		
		lor a table(1) or a created temporary ta	bic (G).	
		Default indicator:		
		A The column has a row ID data to	vpe (COLTYPE='ROWID')	
		and the GENERATED ALWAY		
		B The column has a default value	that depends on	
		the data type of the column.	-	
		Data Type	Default Value	
		Numeric	0	
		Fixed-length char/graphic string	Blanks	
		Fixed-length binary string	Hexidecimal	
		Varying-length string	A string length of 0	
		Date	The current date	
		Time	The current time	

228 DB2<sup>®</sup> 9 for z/OS

Column Name	Data Type	Description
		Timestamp The current timestamp
		The column has a row ID data type (COLTYPE='ROWID'
		and the GENERATED BY DEFAULT attribute.  E The column is defined with the FOR EACH ROW ON
		UPDATE and GENERATED ALWAYS attributes.
		F The column is defined with the FOR EACH ROW ON
		UPDATE and GENERATED BY DEFAULT attributes.
		I The column is defined with the AS IDENTITY and
		GENERATED ALWAYS attributes.
		J The column is defined with the AS IDENTITY and GENERATED BY DEFAULT attributes.
		K The column is defined for the implicit DOCID column for a
		base table that contains XML data.
		L The column is defined with the AS SECURITY LABEL
		attribute
		N The column has no default value.
		The column has a default value that is the value of the SQL authorization ID of the process at
		the time a default value is used.
		U The column has a default value that is the value
		of the SESSION_USER special register at the time a
		default value is used.
		Y If the NULLS column is Y, the column has a default value
		of null.  If the NULLS column is N, the default value depends on
		the data type of the column.
		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
		Data Type Default Value
		Numeric 0 Fixed-length char string Blanks
		Fixed length graphic Blanks
		Fixed length binary Hexadecimal
		Varying-length string A string length of 0
		Date The current date
		Time The current time
		Timestamp The current timestamp
		1 The column has a default value that is the string constant
		found in the DEFAULTVALUE column of this table row.
		2 The column has a default value that is the floating-point
		constant found in the DEFAULTVALUE column of this table
		row. 3 The column has a default value that is the decimal constant
		found in the DEFAULTVALUE column of this table row.
		4 The column has a default value that is the integer constant
		found in the DEFAULTVALUE column of this table row.
		5 The column has a default value that is the hexadecimal
		character string found in the DEFAULTVALUE column of this table row.
		6 The column has a default value that is the UX string found in
		the DEFAULTVALUE column of this table row.
		7 The column has a graphic data type and has a default value
		that is the character string constant found in the

		DB2° 9 z/OS Reference Guide
Column Name	Data Type	Description
		DEFAULTVALUE column of this table row.  8 The column has a character data type and has a default value that is the graphic string constant found in the DEFAULTVALUE column of this table row.  9 The column has a default value that is the DECFLOAT constant found in the DEFAULTVALUE column of this table row.
KEYSEQ	SMALLINT	The column's numeric position within the table's primary key. The value is 0 if it is not part of a primary key.
FOREIGNKEY	CHAR(1)	Applies to character columns only, where it indicates the subtype of the data. A value of B indicates BIT data, and if value of the field MIXED DATA on installation panel DSNTIPF is:  * NO, any other value indicates SBCS data  * YES, an S indicates SBCS and any other value indicates MIXED.  For views defined prior to V7, subtype information is not available and the default (MIXED or SBCS) is used. This is an updatable column.
FLDPROC	CHAR(1)	Whether the column has a field procedure:  N No Y Yes  Blank The column is for a view defined prior to V7. Views defined after V7 contain Y or N.
LABEL	VARCHAR(90)	The column label provided by the user with a LABEL ON Statement; otherwise it is an empty string.
STATSTIME	TIMESTAMP	If RUNSTATS updated the statistics, the date and time when The last invocation of RUNSTATS updated the statistics.
DEFAULTVALUE	VARCHAR(1536)	This field is meaningful only if the column being described is for a table (the TYPE column of the associated SYSTABLES row is T for table or G for created temporary table).  When the DEFAULT column is 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, or 9, this field contains the default value of the column. If the default value is a string constant or a hexadecimal constant (DEFAULT is 1, 5, 6, 7, or 8 respectively), the value is stored without delimiters. If the default value is a numeric constant (DEFAULT is 2, 3, 4, or 9), the value is stored as specified by the user, including sign and decimal point representation, or special constant values, as appropriate for the constant. When the DEFAULT column is S or U and the default value was specified when a new column was defined with the ALTER TABLE statement, this field contains the value of the CURRENT SQLID or SESSION_USER special register at the time the ALTER TABLE statement was executed. Remember that this default value applies only to rows that existed before the ALTER TABLE statement was executed. When the DEFAULT column is L and the column was added as a new column with the ALTER TABLE statement, this field contains the security label of the user at the time the ALTER TABLE statement was executed. Remember that this default value applies only to rows that existed before the ALTER TABLE statement was executed. Remember that this default value applies only to rows that existed before the ALTER TABLE statement was executed. Remember that this default value applies only to rows that existed before the ALTER TABLE statement was executed.

230 DB2<sup>®</sup> 9 for z/OS

Column Name	Data Type	Description
COLCARDF	FLOAT	Estimated number of distinct values in the column. For an
COLOANDI	ILOAI	indicator column, this is the number of LOBs that are not null and
		have a length greater than zero. The value is -1 if statistics have
		not been gathered. The value is -2 for the first column of an index
		of an auxiliary table. This is an updatable column.
COLSTATUS	CHAR(1)	Indicates the status of the definition of a column:
OOLOTATOO	OTIAIX(1)	The definition is incomplete because a LOB table
		space, auxiliary table, or index on an auxiliary
		table has not been created for the column.
		Blank The definition is complete.
LENGTH2	INTEGER	Maximum length of the data retrieved from the column.
LENGTHE	"TI COLIT	Possible values are:
		Not a LOB or ROWID column
		40 For a ROWID column, the length of the returned value
		1 to 2 147 483 647 bytes
		For a LOB column, the maximum length
DATATYPEID	INTEGER	For a built-in data type, the internal ID of the built-in type. For a
	-	distinct type, the internal ID of the distinct type.
SOURCETYPEID	INTEGER	For a built-in data type, 0. For a distinct type, the internal ID of the
OOOKOLI II LID	IIVILOLIX	built-in data type upon which the distinct type is sourced.
TYPEOOUENA	\(ADOLIAD(400)	** *
TYPESCHEMA	VARCHAR(128)	If COLTYPE is 'DISTINCT', the schema of the distinct type.
		Otherwise, the value is 'SYSIBM'.
TYPENAME	VARCHAR(128)	If COLTYPE is 'DISTINCT', the name of the distinct type.
		Otherwise, the value is the same as the value of the COLTYPE
		column. TYPENAME is set only for columns created in V6 or later.
		The value for columns created earlier is not filled in.
CREATEDTS	TIMESTAMP	Timestamp when the column was created. The value is
		'0001-01-01.00.00.00.000000' if the column was created prior to
		migration to Version 6.
STATS_FORMAT	CHAR(1)	Type of statistics gathered:
		Blank Statistics have not been collected or varchar column
		statistical columns are padded  N Varchar column statistical values are padded
PARTKEY	SMALLINT	This is an updateable column  The columns numeric position within the tables partitioning key.
COLSEQ	SIVIALLIINI	The value is 0 if it is not part of the partitioning key.
·	21112111	
PARTKEY_	CHAR(1)	Order of the column in the partitioning key
ORDERING		A Ascending
		D Descending
ALTERRA	TIMEOTAND	Blank Column is not used as part of a partitioning key
ALTERDTS	TIMESTAMP	Timestamp when the alter occurred.
CCSID	INTEGER	CCSID of the column. 0 if the object was created prior to V8 or is
		not a string column
HIDDEN	INTEGER	Indicates whether the column is hidden.
		P Partically hidden
		N Not hidden
		Blank Not hidden
RELCREATED	CHAR(1)	The release of DB2 that is used to create the object.
-		

## SYSIBM.SYSCOLUMNS\_HIST

Contains rows from SYSCOLUMNS. Whenever rows are added or changed in SYSCOLUMNS, the rows are also written to the new history table. Rows in this table can be inserted, updated, and deleted.

Column Name	Data Type	Description	
NAME	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the column.	
TBNAME	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the table or view that contains the column.	
TBCREATOR	VARCHAR(128)	Schema of the	owner of the table or view that contains the
	, , ,	column.	
COLNO	SMALLINT	Numeric place	of the column in the table or view; for example 4
		(out of 10).	·
COLTYPE	CHAR(8)	The type of the	column specified in the definition of the column:
		INTEGER	Large integer
		SMALLINT	Small integer
		FLOAT	Floating-point
		CHAR	Fixed-length character string
		VARCHAR	Varying-length character string
		LONGVAR	Varying-length character string (prior to V9)
		DECIMAL	Decimal
		GRAPHIC	Fixed-length graphic string
			Varying-length graphic string
		LONGVARG	Varying-length graphic string (prior to V9)
		DATE	Date
		TIME	Time
		TIMESTMP	Timestamp
		BLOB	Binary large object
		CLOB	Character large object
		DBCLOB	Double Byte Character Large Objects
		ROWID	ROWID Data Type
		XML	Distinct Type XML data type
		BIGINT	Big integer
		BINARY	Fixed-length binary string
		VARBIN	Varying-length binary string
		DECFLOAT	Decimal floating point
		DEGI EGAI	Beolina neating point
		Whether a colu	mn described as VARCHAR, LONGVAR, CLOB,
			'AR, DBCLOB, or BLOB is a long string column
			length attribute.
LENGTH	SMALLINT		e of the column or, in the case of a decimal column,
			ne number does not include the internal prefixes
			record the actual length and null state, where
		applicable.	
		INTEGER	4
		SMALLINT	2
		FLOAT	4 or 8
		CHAR	Length of string
		VARCHAR	Maximum length of string
		LONGVAR	Maximum length of string
		DECIMAL	Precision of number
			Number of DBCS characters
		VARG	Maximum number of DBCS characters

Column Name	Data Type	Description	
		LONGVARG	Maximum number of DBCS characters
		DATE	4
		TIME	3
		TIMESTMP	10
		BLOB	4 – The length of the field that is stored in the
			base table. The maximum length of the LOB
			column is found in LENGTH2
		CLOB	4 – The length of the field that is stored in the
			base table. The maximum length of the CLOB
			column is found in LENGTH2
		DBCLOB	4 – The length of the field that is stored in the
			base table. The maximum length of the CLOB
			column is found in LENGTH2
		ROWID	17 – The maximum length of the stored portion
			of the identifier.
		DISTINCT	The length of the source data type
		XML	6
		BIGINT	8
		BINARY	Length of String
		VARBIN	Maximum length of string
		DECFLOAT	8 or 16
LENGTH2	INTEGER		gth of the data retrieved from the column. Possible
		values are:	
			a LOB or ROWID column
			a ROWID column, the length of the returned value
			47 483 647 bytes
			B column, the maximum length.
NULLS	CHAR(1)		column can contain null values:
		N=No	
		<b>Y=</b> Yes	
HIGH2KEY	VARCHAR	Second highe	st value of the column. Blank if statistics have not
	(2000)	been gathered	d, or the column is an indicator column or a column
		of an auxiliary	table. If the column has a non-character data type,
		the data migh	t not be printable.
LOW2KEY	VARCHAR		t value of the column. Blank if statistics have not
	(2000)		d, or the column is an indicator column or a column
			table. If the column has a non-character data type,
			t not be printable.
STATSTIME	TIMESTAMP		updated the statistics, the date and time when the
		last invocation	of RUNSTATS updated the statistics.
COLCARDF	FLOAT	Estimated nur	nber of distinct values in the column. For an
		indicator colur	nn, this is the number of LOBs that are not null and
			greater than zero. The value is -1 if statistics have
		not been gath	ered. The value is -2 for the first column of an index
		of an auxiliary	table.
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	Whether the r	ow came from the basic machine-readable material
		(MRM) tape: N	N=No ,Y=Yes
STATS_FORMAT	CHAR(1)	The type of st	atistics gathered:
_			atistics have not been collected or varchar column
			tistical values are padded
			rchar column statistical values are not padded
			atable column

## SYSIBM.SYSCONSTDEP

Records dependencies on check constraints or user-defined defaults for a column.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
BNAME	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the object on which the dependency exists.
BSCHEMA	VARCHAR(128)	Schema of the object on which the dependency exists.
BTYPE	CHAR(1)	Type of object on which the dependency exists:
		F=Function instance
DTBNAME	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the table to which the dependency applies.
DTBCREATOR	CHAR(8)	Schema of the owner of the table to which the dependency
		applies.
DCONSTNAME	VARCHAR(128)	If DTYPE = 'C', the unqualified name of the check constraint. If
		DTYPE = 'D', a column name.
DTYPE	CHAR(1)	Type of object:
		C Check constraint
		D User-defined default constant
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	Whether the row came from the basic machine-readable material
		(MRM) tape: N=No, Y=Yes
DTBOWNER	VARCHAR(128)	Authorization ID of the owner of the table or a zero length string
		for tables that were created in a DB2 release prior to Version 9.
OWNERTYPE	CHAR(1)	Indicates the type of owner:
		blank Authorization ID
		R Role

## SYSIBM.SYSCONTEXT

The SYSIBM.SYSCONTEXT table contains one row for each trusted context.

Column name	Data Type	Description
NAME	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the trusted context.
CONTEXTID	INTEGER	Internal context ID.
DEFINER	VARCHAR(128)	Authorization ID or role that defined the trusted context.
DEFINERTYPE	CHAR(1)	The type of the definer:
		L Role
		blank Authorization ID
SYSTEMAUTHID	VARCHAR(128)	The DB2 primary authorization ID that is used to
		establish the connection. For remote requests,
		SYSTEMAUTHID is derived from the system user ID that
		is provided by an external entity, such as a middleware
		server.
		For local requests, SYSTEMAUTHID depends on one of
		the following sources of the address space:
		BATCH USER parameter on JOB statement
		RRSAF USER parameter on JOB statement or
		RACF user
		TSO TSO logon ID
DEFAULTROLE	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the trusted context default role.
OBJECTOWNERTYPE	CHAR(1)	Specification of ROLE AS OBJECT OWNER on the
		trusted context
		L ROLE AS OBJECT OWNER is specified. A
		role owns any object created in the trusted
		context.
		blank ROLE AS OBJECT OWNER not specified. An

		authorization ID owns any object created in the trusted context.
CREATEDTS	TIMESTAMP	The time when the trusted context is created.
ALTEREDTS	TIMESTAMP	The time when the trusted context is last altered.
ENABLED	CHAR(1)	The status of the trusted context:
		Y Enabled
		N Disabled
ALLOWPUBLIC	CHAR(1)	Whether the connection is allowed to be reused for
		PUBLIC:
		Y Connection reuse is allowed
		N Connection reuse is not allowed
AUTHENTICATEPUBLIC	CHAR(1)	Whether authentication is required for PUBLIC when
		ALLOWPUBLIC is Y:
		Y Authentication token is required for PUBLIC.For
		local requests, the token is the password. For
		remote requests, the token can be a password,
		a RACF passticket, or a KERBEROS token
55, 655, 4755	01145(4)	N Authentication is not required
RELCREATED	CHAR(1)	The release of DB2 that is used to create the object.
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	A value of Y indicates that the row came from the basic
		machine-readable material (MRM) tape.
REMARKS	VARCHAR(762)	A character string that is provided using the COMMENT statement.
DEFAULT-	VARCHAR(24)	Name of the context default RACF security label.
SECURITYLABEL	,	,

# SYSIBM.SYSCONTEXTAUTHIDS

The SYSIBM.SYSCONTEXTAUTHIDS table contains one row for each authorization ID with which the trusted context can be used.

Column name	Data type	Description
CONTEXTID	INTEGER	The internal trusted context ID.
AUTHID	VARCHAR(128)	The primary authorization ID that can reuse a connection
		in the identified trusted context.
AUTHENTICATE	CHAR(1)	Whether authentication is required for the authorization
		ID in the AUTHID column:
		Y Authentication token is required for the
		authorization ID. For local requests, the token
		is
		the password. For remote requests, the token
		can be a password, a RACF passticket, or a
		KERBEROS token
		N Authentication is not required
ROLE	VARCHAR(128)	The role for the authorization ID in the AUTHID column.
		The role supersedes the default role that is defined for
		the trusted context.
CREATEDTS	TIMESTAMP	The time when the authorization ID is added to the
		trusted context.
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	A value of Y indicates that the row came from the basic
		machine-readable material (MRM) tape.
SECURITYLABEL	VARCHAR(24)	RACF security label for AUTHID. The security label
		supersedes the default security label, if any, that is

	defined for the context.

# SYSIBM.SYSCOPY

Contains information needed for recovery.

are available for REĆOVĒR utility)  E RECOVER (to current point) F COPY FULL YES I COPY FULL NO M MODIFY RECOVERY utility P RECOVER TOCOPY or RECOVER TORBA (partial recovery point) Q QUIESCE R LOAD REPLACE LOG(YES) S LOAD REPLACE LOG(NO) V REPAIR VERSIONS utility W REORG LOG(NO) X REORG LOG(NO) Z LOAD LOG(NO) Z LOAD LOG(NO) Z LOAD LOG(YES) T TERM UTILITY command (terminated utility)  ICDATE CHAR(6) Date of the entry in the form yymmdd. For the COPYTOCOPY utility, this value is the date of the original entry, when the primary local site or primary recovery site copy was made.  START_RBA CHAR(6) A 48-bit positive integer that contains the LRSN of a point in the DB2 recovery log. (The LRSN is the RBA in a non-data-sharing environment.) * For ICTYPE I or F, the starting point for all updates since the image copy was taken * For ICTYPE P, the point after the log-apply phase of point-intime recovery * For ICTYPE Q, the point after all data sets have been successfully quiesced * For ICTYPE R, the end of the log before the start of the LOAD utility and before any data is changed * For ICTYPE T, the end of the log when the utility is terminated * For other values of ICTYPE, the end of the log before the	Column Name	Data Type	Description
DSNUM  INTEGER  Data set number within the tablespace. For partitioned tablespaces, this value corresponds to the partition number for a single partition copy, or 0 for a copy of an entire partitioned tablespace or index space.  ICTYPE  CHAR(1)  Type of operation:  A ALTER  B REBUILD INDEX  C CREATE  D CHECK DATA LOG(NO) (no log records for the range are available for RECOVER utility)  E RECOVER (to current point)  F COPY FULL NO  M MODIFY RECOVER TOCOPY or RECOVER TORBA (partial recovery point)  Q QUIESCE  R LOAD REPLACE LOG(YES)  S LOAD REPLACE LOG(NO)  V REPAIR VERSIONS utility  W REORG LOG(NO)  X REORG LOG(NO)  X REORG LOG(YES)  Y LOAD LOG(NO)  Z LOAD LOG(NO)  Z LOAD LOG(YES)  Y LOAD LOG(YES)  Y LOAD LOG(YES)  Y LOAD LOG(YES)  Y LOAD LOG(YES)  Y LOAD LOG(YES)  T TERM UTILITY command (terminated utility)  ICDATE  CHAR(6)  Date of the entry in the form yymmdd. For the COPYTOCOPY utility, this value is the date of the original entry, when the primary local site or primary recovery site copy was made.  START_RBA  CHAR(6)  A 48-bit positive integer that contains the LRSN of a point in the DB2 recovery log. (The LRSN is the RBA in a non-data-sharing environment.)  * For ICTYPE I or F, the starting point for all updates since the image copy was taken  * For ICTYPE P, the point after the log-apply phase of point-intime recovery  * For ICTYPE Q, the point after all data sets have been successfully quiesced  * For ICTYPE R or S, the end of the log before the start of the LOAD utility and before any data is changed  * For ICTYPE T, the end of the log before the start of the LOAD utility and before any data is changed  * For ICTYPE T, the end of the log before the	DBNAME	CHAR(8)	
DSNUM  INTEGER  Data set number within the tablespace. For partitioned tablespaces, this value corresponds to the partition number for a single partition copy, or 0 for a copy of an entire partitioned tablespace or index space.  ICTYPE  CHAR(1)  Type of operation:  A ALTER  B REBUILD INDEX  C CREATE  D CHECK DATA LOG(NO) (no log records for the range are available for RECOVER utility)  E RECOVER (to current point)  F COPY FULL NO  M MODIFY RECOVER TOCOPY or RECOVER TORBA (partial recovery point)  Q QUIESCE  R LOAD REPLACE LOG(YES)  S LOAD REPLACE LOG(NO)  V REPAIR VERSIONS utility  W REORG LOG(NO)  X REORG LOG(NO)  X REORG LOG(YES)  Y LOAD LOG(NO)  Z LOAD LOG(NO)  Z LOAD LOG(YES)  Y LOAD LOG(YES)  Y LOAD LOG(YES)  Y LOAD LOG(YES)  Y LOAD LOG(YES)  Y LOAD LOG(YES)  T TERM UTILITY command (terminated utility)  ICDATE  CHAR(6)  Date of the entry in the form yymmdd. For the COPYTOCOPY utility, this value is the date of the original entry, when the primary local site or primary recovery site copy was made.  START_RBA  CHAR(6)  A 48-bit positive integer that contains the LRSN of a point in the DB2 recovery log. (The LRSN is the RBA in a non-data-sharing environment.)  * For ICTYPE I or F, the starting point for all updates since the image copy was taken  * For ICTYPE P, the point after the log-apply phase of point-intime recovery  * For ICTYPE Q, the point after all data sets have been successfully quiesced  * For ICTYPE R or S, the end of the log before the start of the LOAD utility and before any data is changed  * For ICTYPE T, the end of the log before the start of the LOAD utility and before any data is changed  * For ICTYPE T, the end of the log before the	TSNAME	CHAR(8)	Name of the target tablespace or index space.
A ALTER B REBUILD INDEX C CREATE D CHECK DATA LOG(NO) (no log records for the range are available for RECOVER utility) E RECOVER (to current point) F COPY FULL YES I COPY FULL YES I COPY FULL WES I COPY OF TORBA (partial recovery point) WE REPAIR VERSIONS utility WE REORG LOG(YES) YE COPY COPY WE REPAIR VERSIONS utility WE REORG LOG(YES) YE COPY LOG LOG (WO) YE REPAIR VERSIONS utility WE REORG LOG(YES) YE COPY LOG LOG (WO) YE CAPALL WES TERM UTILITY Command (terminated utility)  ICDATE  CHAR(6)  Date of the entry in the form yymmdd. For the COPYTOCOPY utility, this value is the date of the original entry, when the primary local site or primary recovery site copy was made.  START_RBA  CHAR(6)  A 48-bit positive integer that contains the LRSN of a point in the DB2 recovery log. (The LRSN is the RBA in a non-data-sharing environment.) * For ICTYPE I or F, the starting point for all updates since the image copy was taken * For ICTYPE P, the point after the log-apply phase of point-intime recovery * For ICTYPE Q, the point after all data sets have been successfully quiesced * For ICTYPE R or S, the end of the log before the start of the LOAD utility and before any data is changed * For ICTYPE T, the end of the log when the utility is terminated * For other values of ICTYPE, the end of the log before the	DSNUM	INTEGER	Data set number within the tablespace. For partitioned tablespaces, this value corresponds to the partition number for a single partition copy, or 0 for a copy of an entire partitioned
ICDATE  CHAR(6)  Date of the entry in the form yymmdd. For the COPYTOCOPY utility, this value is the date of the original entry, when the primary local site or primary recovery site copy was made.  START_RBA  CHAR(6)  A 48-bit positive integer that contains the LRSN of a point in the DB2 recovery log. (The LRSN is the RBA in a non-data-sharing environment.)  * For ICTYPE I or F, the starting point for all updates since the image copy was taken  * For ICTYPE P, the point after the log-apply phase of point-intime recovery  * For ICTYPE Q, the point after all data sets have been successfully quiesced  * For ICTYPE R or S, the end of the log before the start of the LOAD utility and before any data is changed  * For ICTYPE T, the end of the log when the utility is terminated  * For other values of ICTYPE, the end of the log before the	ICTYPE	CHAR(1)	A ALTER B REBUILD INDEX C CREATE D CHECK DATA LOG(NO) (no log records for the range are available for RECOVER utility) E RECOVER (to current point) F COPY FULL YES I COPY FULL NO M MODIFY RECOVERY utility P RECOVER TOCOPY or RECOVER TORBA (partial recovery point) Q QUIESCE R LOAD REPLACE LOG(YES) S LOAD REPLACE LOG(NO) V REPAIR VERSIONS utility W REORG LOG(NO) X REORG LOG(NO) X REORG LOG(YES) Y LOAD LOG(NO) Z LOAD LOG(YES)
DB2 recovery log. (The LRSN is the RBA in a non-data-sharing environment.)  * For ICTYPE I or F, the starting point for all updates since the image copy was taken  * For ICTYPE P, the point after the log-apply phase of point-intime recovery  * For ICTYPE Q, the point after all data sets have been successfully quiesced  * For ICTYPE R or S, the end of the log before the start of the LOAD utility and before any data is changed  * For ICTYPE T, the end of the log when the utility is terminated  * For other values of ICTYPE, the end of the log before the	ICDATE	CHAR(6)	Date of the entry in the form yymmdd. For the COPYTOCOPY utility, this value is the date of the original entry, when the
start of the RELOAD phase of the LOAD or REORG utility.  FILESEQNO INTEGER Tape file sequence number of the copy.		CHAR(6)	DB2 recovery log. (The LRSN is the RBA in a non-data-sharing environment.)  * For ICTYPE I or F, the starting point for all updates since the image copy was taken  * For ICTYPE P, the point after the log-apply phase of point-intime recovery  * For ICTYPE Q, the point after all data sets have been successfully quiesced  * For ICTYPE R or S, the end of the log before the start of the LOAD utility and before any data is changed  * For ICTYPE T, the end of the log when the utility is terminated  * For other values of ICTYPE, the end of the log before the start of the RELOAD phase of the LOAD or REORG utility.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
DEVTYPE	CHAR(8)	Device type the copy is on.
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	Whether the row came from the basic machine-readable material (MRM) tape: N=No, Y=Yes
DSNAME	CHAR(44)	For ICTYPE='P' (RECOVER TOCOPY only), 'I', or 'F', DSNAME contains the data set name. Otherwise, DSNAME contains the name of the database and tablespace or index space in the form, <i>database-name.space-name</i> , or DSNAME is blank for any row migrated from a DB2 release prior to Version 4.
ICTIME	CHAR(6)	The time at which this row was inserted, in the form hhmmss. The insertion takes place after the completion of the operation that the row represents. ICTIME is blank for any row that was migrated from Version 1 Release 1 of DB2.
SHRLEVEL	CHAR(1)	SHRLEVEL parameter on COPY (for ICTYPE F or I only):  C Change R Reference blank Does not describe an image copy or was migrated from Version 1 Release 1 of DB2.
DSVOLSER	VARCHAR(1784)	The volume serial numbers of the data set. A list of 6-byte numbers separated by commas. Blank if the data set is cataloged.
TIMESTAMP	TIMESTAMP	The date and time when the row was inserted. This is the date and time recorded in ICDATE and ICTIME. The use of TIMESTAMP is recommended over that of ICDATE and ICTIME, because the latter two columns may not be supported in later DB2 releases.
ICBACKUP	CHAR(2)	Specifies the type of image copy contained in the data set:  Blank LOCALSITE primary copy (first data set named with COPYDDN)  LB LOCALSITE backup copy (second data set named with COPYDDN)  RP RECOVERYSITE primary copy (first data set named with RECOVERYDDN)  RB RECOVERYSITE backup copy (second data set named with RECOVERYDDN)
ICUNIT	CHAR(1)	Indicates the media that the image copy data set is stored on:  D DASD T Tape  blank Medium is neither tape nor DASD, the image copy is from a DB2 release prior to Version 2 Release 3, or ICTYPE is not 'I' or 'F'.
STYPE	CHAR(1)	When ICTYPE=A, the values are:  A A partition was added to a table.  C A column was added to a table and an index in different commit scopes.  E The data set numbers of a base table and its associated clone table are exchanged.  G An index was regenerated  L The logging attribute of the table space was altered to LOGGED.  N An index was altered to not padded  O The logging attribute of the table space was altered to NOT LOGGED.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
		<ul> <li>An index was altered to padded</li> <li>A table was altered to rotate partitions.</li> <li>A column in a table was altered for a numeric data type change and the column is in an index.</li> <li>A column that is in the key of an index that was versioned prior to DB2 Version 8 was altered.</li> </ul>
		When ICTYPE=C, the values are:  L The logging attribute of the table space was altered to LOGGED.  O The logging attribute of the table space was altered to NOT LOGGED.
		When ICTYPE=F, the values are:  A ADD PARTITION execution C DFSMS concurrent copy ("I" instance of the table space) J DFSMS concurrent copy ("J" instance of the table space) R ROTATE FIRST TO LAST S LOAD REPLACE(NO) V ALTER INDEX NOT PADDED W REORG LOG(NO) X REORG LOG(YES) blank DB2 image copy
		The MERGECOPY utility, when used to merge an embedded copy with subsequent incremental copies, also produces a record that contains ICTYPE=F and the STYPE of the original image copy (R, S, W, or X).
		When ICTYPE = M and the MODIFY RECOVERY utility was executed to delete SYSCOPY and/or SYSLGRNX records, the value is R.
		When ICTYPE=O, the values are: R Reordered format B Basic row format
		When ICTYPE=P, the values are: C Recover to a point in time without using logonly with consistency. L Recover to a point in time using logonly without consistency. M Recover to a point in time using logonly with consistency. blank Recover to a point in time without using logonly without consistency. When ICTYPE=Q and option WRITE(YES) is in effect when the
		quiesce point is taken, the value is W.  When ICTYPE=R, S, W, or X and the operation is resetting REORG pending status, the value is A.  When ICTYPE=R, S, W, or X and the operation is first materializing the default value for a row change timestamp

238 DB2<sup>®</sup> 9 for z/OS

column, the value is T.  When ICTYPE=T, this field indicates which COPY utility was terminated by the TERM UTILITY command or the START DATABASE command with the ACCESS(FORCE) option. The values are:  F COPY FULL YES I COPY FULL YES I COPY FULL NO For other values of ICTYPE, the value is blank.  PIT_RBA CHAR(6) When ICTYPE=P, this field contains the LRSN for the point in the DB2 log. (The LRSN is the RBA in a non-data-sharing Environment). For other ICTYPEs, this field is X000000000000. When ICTYPE=P, this field indicates the stop location of a point-in-time recovery, if a record contains ICTYPE=P and PIT_RBA=X00000000000000, the copy pending status is active and a full image copy is required. If such a record is encountered during fallback processing of RECOVER, the recover job fails, and a point-in-time recovery is completed by the fall-back processing of RECOVER, the recover job fails, and a point-in-time recovery is completed by the fall-back processing of RECOVER, the recover job fails, and a SHRLEVEL CHANGE copy completes.  GROUP_NAME CHAR(8)  CHAR(8)  The DB2 data-sharing member name of the DB2 subsystem that performed the operation. This column is blank if the DB2 subsystem was not in a DB2 data-sharing environment at the time the operation. This column is blank if the DB2 subsystem was not in a DB2 data-sharing environment at the time the operation was performed.  OTYPE CHAR(1)  Type of object that the recovery information is for: I Index space I Tablespace T Tablespace T Tablespace T Tablespace  Fartition number of the lowest partition in the range for SYSCOPY records created for REORG and LOAD REPLACE for resetting a REORG pending status. Version number of an index for SYSCOPY records created for a COPY (ICTYPE=F) of an index space (OTYPE=I), (An index is versioned when a NARCHAR column in the index key is lengthened.) The column is valid only for these uses.  HIGHDSNUM  INTEGER  HIGHDSNUM  INTEGER  FLOAT(8)  The number of pages written to the copy data set.  Number of pages written to the copy data	Column Name	Data Type	Description
When ICTYPE=T, this field indicates which COPY utility was terminated by the TERM UTILITY command or the START DATABASE command with the ACCESS(FORCE) option. The values are:  F COPY FULL YES I COPY FULL NO For other values of ICTYPE, the value is blank.  PIT_RBA CHAR(6) When ICTYPE=P, this field indicates the LRSN for the point in the DB2 log. (The LRSN is the RBA in a non-data-sharing Environment). For other ICTYPEs, this field is X000000000000. When ICTYPE=P, this field indicates the stop location of a point-in-time recovery. If a record contains ICTYPE=P and PIT_RBA=X000000000000. When ICTYPE=P, this field indicates the stop location of a point-in-time recovery. If a record contains ICTYPE=P and PIT_RBA=X000000000000. When ICTYPE=P, this field indicates the stop location of a point-in-time recovery is required. PIT_RBA=X00000000000000. When ICTYPE=P and PIT_RBA can be zero if the point-in-time recovery is completed by the fall-back processing of RECOVER, the recover job falls, and a point-in-time recovery is completed by the fall-back processing of RECOVER, or if CTYPE=P from a prior release of DB2. When ICTYPE=F or I and SHRLEVEL=C, this column contains the current RBA or LRSN that corresponds to the point in the DB2 log when the SHRLEVEL CHANGE copy completes.  GROUP_NAME CHAR(8) The DB2 data-sharing member name of the DB2 subsystem that performed the operation. This column is blank if the DB2 subsystem was not in a DB2 data-sharing environment at the time the operation. This column is blank if the DB2 subsystem was not in a DB2 data-sharing environment at the time the operation.  Type of object that the recovery information is for: I Index space I Tablespace T Tablespace T Tablespace  LOWDSNUM INTEGER Partition number of the lowest partition in the range. This column is valid only for Writese uses.  Partition number of the highest partition in the range. This column is valid only for Writese uses.  Partition number of the highest partition in the range. This column is valid only for Writese uses.  Number		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	•
terminated by the TERM UTILITY command or the STÁRT DATABASE command with the ACCESS(FORCE) option. The Values are:  F COPY FULL NO For other values of ICTYPE, the value is blank.  PIT_RBA  CHAR(6)  When ICTYPEE, this field contains the LRSN for the point in the DB2 log, (The LRSN is the RBA in a non-data-sharing Environment). For other ICTYPEs, this field is X00000000000.  When ICTYPEEP, this field indicates the stop location of a point-in-time recovery. If a record contains ICTYPE=P and PIT_RBA=X0000000000000, the copy pending status is active and a full image copy is required. If such a record is encountered during fallback processing of RECOVER, the recover job fails, and a point-in-time recovery is completed by the fall-back processing of RECOVER, or if CTYPE=P from a prior release of DB2.  When ICTYPE=F or I and SHRLEVEL=C, this column contains the current RBA or LRSN that corresponds to the point in the DB2 log when the SHRLEVEL CHANGE copy completes.  GROUP_NAME  CHAR(8)  The DB2 data-sharing member name of the DB2 subsystem that performed the operation. This column is blank if the DB2 subsystem was not in a DB2 data-sharing environment at the time the operation was performed.  OTYPE  CHAR(1)  Type of object that the recovery information is for:  I Index space  T Tablespace  T Tablespace  T Tablespace  T Tablespace  T Tablespace  FAITION number of the lowest partition in the range for SYSCOPY records created for a COPY (ICTYPE=F) of an index space (OTYPE=I). (An index is version number of an index for SYSCOPY records created for a COPY (ICTYPE=F) of an index space (OTYPE=P). (An index is versioned when a VARCHAR column in the index key is lengthened.) The column is valid only for SYSCOPY records created for a COPY (ICTYPE=F) of an index space (OTYPE=I). (An index is versioned when a VARCHAR column in the index key is lengthened.) The column is valid only for SYSCOPY records created for REORG and LOAD REPLACE for resetting REORG pending status.  Number of pages withen to the copy data set.  The number of			
DATABASE command with the ACCESS(FORCE) option. The values are: F COPY FULL NO For other values of ICTYPE, the value is blank.  PIT_RBA CHAR(6) When ICTYPE=P, this field contains the LRSN for the point in the DB2 log., The LRSN is the RBA in a non-data-sharing Environment). For other ICTYPEs, this field is X000000000000. When ICTYPE=P, this field indicates the stop location of a point-in-time recovery. If a record contains ICTYPE=P and PIT_RBA=X0000000000000 the copy pending status is active and a full image copy is required. If such a record is encountered during fallback processing of RECOVER, the recover job falls, and a point-in-time recovery is required. PIT_RBA can be zero if the point-in-time recovery is re			When ICTYPE=T, this field indicates which COPY utility was
DATABASE command with the ACCESS(FORCE) option. The values are: F COPY FULL NO For other values of ICTYPE, the value is blank.  PIT_RBA CHAR(6) When ICTYPE=P, this field contains the LRSN for the point in the DB2 log., The LRSN is the RBA in a non-data-sharing Environment). For other ICTYPEs, this field is X000000000000. When ICTYPE=P, this field indicates the stop location of a point-in-time recovery. If a record contains ICTYPE=P and PIT_RBA=X0000000000000 the copy pending status is active and a full image copy is required. If such a record is encountered during fallback processing of RECOVER, the recover job falls, and a point-in-time recovery is required. PIT_RBA can be zero if the point-in-time recovery is re			terminated by the TERM UTILITY command or the START
PIT_RBA  CHAR(6)  When ICTYPE=P, this field contains the LRSN for the point in the DB2 log. (The LRSN is the RBA in a non-data-sharing Environment). For other ICTYPEs, this field contains the LRSN for the point in the DB2 log. (The LRSN is the RBA in a non-data-sharing Environment). For other ICTYPEs, this field is X'00000000000. When ICTYPE=P, this field indicates the stop location of a point-in-time recovery. If a record contains ICTYPE=P and PIT_RBA-X'000000000000, the copy pending status is active and a full image copy is required. If such a record is encountered during fallback processing of RECOVER, the recover job falls, and a point-in-time recovery is completed by the fall-back processing of RECOVER, the recover job falls, and a point-in-time recovery is required. PIT_RBA can be zero if the point-in-time recovery is completed by the fall-back processing of RECOVER, or if CTYPE=P from a prior release of DB2.  When ICTYPE=F or I and SHRLEVEL=C, this column contains the current RBA or LRSN that corresponds to the point in the DB2 log when the SHRLEVEL CHANGE copy completes by the fall-back processing of RECOVER, or if CTYPE=P from a prior release of DB2.  When ICTYPE=F or I and SHRLEVEL=C, this column contains the current RBA or LRSN that corresponds to the point in the DB2 log when the SHRLEVEL CHANGE copy completes uses subsystem was not in a DB2 data-sharing environment at the time the operation. This column is blank if the DB2 subsystem was not in a DB2 data-sharing environment at the time the operation was performed.  OTYPE  CHAR(1)  INTEGER  Tablespace  LOWDSNUM  INTEGER  Partition number of the lowest partition in the range for SYSCOPY records created for REORG and LOAD REPLACE for resetting a REORG pending status. Version number of an index space (OTYPE=F). (An index is versioned when a VARCHAR column in the index key is lengthened.) The column is valid only for these uses.  Partition number of the highest partition in the range. This column is valid only for these uses.  PARTITION THETED THE ADD T			
PIT_RBA CHAR(6) PIT_RBA CHAR(6)  PIT_RBA CHAR(6)  PIT_RBA CHAR(6)  PIT_RBA CHAR(6)  CHAR(6)  PIT_RBA CHAR(6)  PIT_RBA CHAR(6)  PIT_RBA CHAR(6)  PIT_RBA CHAR(6)  PIT_RBA CHAR(6)  PIT_RBA-RY00000000000  When ICTYPE=P, this field contains the LRSN for the point in the DB2 log. (The LRSN is the RBA in a non-data-sharing Environment), For other ICTYPEs, this field is X00000000000000000000000000000000000			, , ,
PIT_RBA  CHAR(6)  CHAR(6)  When ICTYPE=P, this field contains the LRSN for the point in the DB2 log. (The LRSN is the RBA in a non-data-sharing Environment). For other ICTYPEs, this field is X00000000000000000000000000000000000			F COPY FULL YES
PIT_RBA  CHAR(6)  When ICTYPE=P, this field contains the LRSN for the point in the DB2 log. (The LRSN is the RBA in a non-data-sharing Environment). For other ICTYPEs, this field is X000000000000. When ICTYPE=P, this field indicates the stop location of a point-in-time recovery. If a record contains ICTYPE=P and PIT_RBA=X'000000000000000, the copy pending status is active and a full image copy is required. If such a record is encountered during fallback processing of RECOVER, the recover job falls, and a point-in-time recovery is completed by the fall-back processing of RECOVER, or if CTYPE=P from a prior release of DB2. When ICTYPE=F or I and SHRLEVEL=C, this column contains the current RBA or LRSN that corresponds to the point in the DB2 log when the SHRLEVEL CHANGE copy completes.  The DB2 data-sharing member name of the DB2 subsystem that performed the operation. This column is blank if the DB2 subsystem was not in a DB2 data-sharing environment at the time the operation was performed.  Type of object that the recovery information is for: I Index space T Tablespace  LOWDSNUM  INTEGER  Partition number of the lowest partition in the range for SYSCOPY records created for REORG and LOAD REPLACE for resetting a REORG pending status. Version number of an index for SYSCOPY records created for a COPY (ICTYPE=F) of an index space (OTYPE=I), (An index is versioned when a VARCHAR column in the index key is lengthened.) The column is valid only for these uses.  Partition number of the highest partition in the range. This column is valid only for these uses.  Partition number of the highest partition in the range. This column is valid only for these uses.  Partition number of the highest partition in the range. This column is valid only for these uses.  The number of pages in the tablespace or index at the time of INLINE COPY.  CPAGESF  FLOAT(8)  Total number of pages in the tablespace or index at the time of INLINE COPY.  CHAR(8)  JOBNAME  CHAR(8)  JOBNAME  CHAR(8)  JOBNAME  CHAR(8)  Authorization ID of the utility.			I COPY FULL NO
the DB2 log. (The LRSN is the RBA in a non-data-sharing Environment). For other ICTYPEs, this field is X00000000000.  When ICTYPEs-P, this field indicates the stop location of a point-in-time recovery. If a record contains ICTYPE=P and PIT_RBA=X'000000000000, the copy pending status is active and a full image copy is required. If such a record is encountered during fallback processing of RECOVER, the recover job fails, and a point-in-time recovery is completed by the fall-back processing of RECOVER, the recover job fails, and a point-in-time recovery is completed by the fall-back processing of RECOVER, or if CTYPE=P from a prior release of DB2.  When ICTYPE=F or I and SHRLEVEL=C, this column contains the current RBA or LRSN that corresponds to the point in the DB2 log when the SHRLEVEL CHANGE copy completes.  GROUP_NAME  CHAR(8)  The DB2 data-sharing member name of the DB2 subsystem that performed the operation. This column is blank if the DB2 subsystem was not in a DB2 data-sharing environment at the time the operation was performed.  OTYPE  CHAR(1)  Type of object that the recovery information is for:  I Index space  T Tablespace			For other values of ICTYPE, the value is blank.
the DB2 log. (The LRSN is the RBA in a non-data-sharing Environment). For other ICTYPEs, this field is X00000000000.  When ICTYPEs-P, this field indicates the stop location of a point-in-time recovery. If a record contains ICTYPE=P and PIT_RBA=X'000000000000, the copy pending status is active and a full image copy is required. If such a record is encountered during fallback processing of RECOVER, the recover job fails, and a point-in-time recovery is completed by the fall-back processing of RECOVER, the recover job fails, and a point-in-time recovery is completed by the fall-back processing of RECOVER, or if CTYPE=P from a prior release of DB2.  When ICTYPE=F or I and SHRLEVEL=C, this column contains the current RBA or LRSN that corresponds to the point in the DB2 log when the SHRLEVEL CHANGE copy completes.  GROUP_NAME  CHAR(8)  The DB2 data-sharing member name of the DB2 subsystem that performed the operation. This column is blank if the DB2 subsystem was not in a DB2 data-sharing environment at the time the operation was performed.  OTYPE  CHAR(1)  Type of object that the recovery information is for:  I Index space  T Tablespace	PIT RBA	CHAR(6)	When ICTYPE=P, this field contains the LRSN for the point in
X'0000000000000'. When ICTYPE=P, this field indicates the stop location of a point-in-time recovery. If a record contains ICTYPE=P and PIT_RBA=X'000000000000', the copy pending status is active and a full image copy is required. If such a record is encountered during fallback processing of RECOVER, the recover job fails, and a point-in-time recovery is required. PIT_RBA can be zero if the point-in-time recovery is completed by the fall-back processing of RECOVER, or if CTYPE=P from a prior release of DB2.  When ICTYPE=F or I and SHRLEVEL=C, this column contains the current RBA or LRSN that corresponds to the point in the DB2 log when the SHRLEVEL CHANGE copy completes.  GROUP_NAME  CHAR(8)  The DB2 data-sharing member name of the DB2 subsystem that performed the operation. This column is blank if the DB2 subsystem was not in a DB2 data-sharing environment at the time the operation was performed.  OTYPE  CHAR(1)  Type of object that the recovery information is for:  I Index space  T Tablespace  T Tablespace  T Tablespace  T Tablespace  T Tablespace  INTEGER  Partition number of the lowest partition in the range for SYSCOPY records created for a COPY (ICTYPE=F) of an index space (OTYPE=I). (An index is versioned when a VARCHAR column in the index key is lengthened.) The column is valid only for these uses.  HIGHDSNUM  INTEGER  Partition number of the highest partition in the range. This column is valid only for SYSCOPY records created for REORG and LOAD REPLACE for resetting REORG pending status.  COPYPAGESF  FLOAT(8)  Number of pages written to the copy data set.  The number of pages in the tablespace or index at the time of INLINE COPY.  CPAGESF  FLOAT(8)  The number of changed pages.  JOBNAME  CHAR(8)  Authorization ID of the utility.  AUTHID  CHAR(8)  Authorization ID of the utility.  LOGICAL_PART  INTEGER  LOGICAL_PART  Indicates the logging attribute of the table space at the time the	_	, ,	
When ICTYPE=P, this field indicates the stop location of a point-in-time recovery. If a record contains ICTYPE=P and PIT_RBA=X'0000000000000, the copy pending status is active and a full image copy is required. If such a record is encountered during fallback processing of RECOVER, the recover job fails, and a point-in-time recovery is required. PIT_RBA can be zero if the point-in-time recovery is completed by the fall-back processing of RECOVER, or if CTYPE=P from a prior release of DB2.  When ICTYPE=F or I and SHRLEVEL=C, this column contains the current RBA or LRSN that corresponds to the point in the DB2 log when the SHRLEVEL CHANGE copy completes.  GROUP_NAME  CHAR(8)  The DB2 data-sharing member name of the DB2 subsystem that performed the operation. This column is blank if the DB2 subsystem was not in a DB2 data-sharing environment at the time the operation was performed.  OTYPE  CHAR(1)  Type of object that the recovery information is for:  I Index space T Tablespace  LOWDSNUM  INTEGER  Partition number of the lowest partition in the range for SYSCOPY records created for REORG and LOAD REPLACE for resetting a REORG pending status. Version number of an index for SYSCOPY records created for a COPY (ICTYPE=F) of an index space (OTYPE=I). (An index is versioned when a VARCHAR column in the index key is lengthened.) The column is valid only for these uses.  HIGHDSNUM  INTEGER  Partition number of the highest partition in the range. This column is valid only for these uses.  Partition number of pages written to the copy data set.  NPAGESF  FLOAT(8)  Number of pages written to the copy data set.  The number of pages written to the copy data set.  The number of pages written to the copy data set.  The number of pages written to the copy data set.  The number of pages in the tablespace or index at the time of INLINE COPY.  CPAGESF  FLOAT(8)  Job name of the utility.  Authorization ID of the utility.  Authorization ID of the utility.  Authorization ID of the utility.			Environment). For other ICTYPEs, this field is
point-in-time recovery. If a record contains ICTYPE=P and PIT_RBA=X*00000000000*, the copy pending status is active and a full image copy is required. If such a record is encountered during fallback processing of RECOVER, the recover job falls, and a point-in-time recovery is required. PIT_RBA can be zero if the point-in-time recovery is required. PIT_RBA can be zero if the point-in-time recovery is required. PIT_RBA can be zero if the point-in-time recovery is required. PIT_RBA can be zero if the point-in-time recovery is required. PIT_RBA can be zero if the point-in-time recovery is required. PIT_RBA can be zero if the point-in-time recovery is required. PIT_RBA can be zero if the point-in-time recovery is required. PIT_RBA can be zero if the point-in-time recovery is required. PIT_RBA can be zero if the point-in-time recovery is required. PIT_RBA can be zero if the point-in-time recovery is required. PIT_RBA can be zero if the point-in-time recovery is required. PIT_RBA can be zero if the point in the DB2 subsystem was not in a DB2 log when the SHRLEVEL CHANGE copy completes.  GROUP_NAME  CHAR(8)  The DB2 data-sharing member name of the DB2 subsystem that performed the operation. This column is blank if the DB2 subsystem was not in a DB2 data-sharing environment at the time the operation was performed.  Type of object that the recovery information is for:  I Index space  T Tablespace  LOWDSNUM  INTEGER  Partition number of the lowest partition in the range for SYSCOPY records created for REORG and LOAD REPLACE for resetting a REORG pending status. Version number of an index space (OTYPE=I). (An index is versioned when a VARCHAR column in the index key is lengthened.) The column is valid only for these uses.  Partition number of the highest partition in the range. This column is valid only for SYSCOPY records created for REORG and LOAD REPLACE for resetting REORG pending status.  Number of pages writen to the copy data set.  Number of pages writen to the copy data set.  PATHID CHAR(8)  Job name of the utility			X'000000000000'.
PIT_RBA=X'000000000000000000000000000000000000			When ICTYPE=P, this field indicates the stop location of a
and a full image copy is required. If such a record is encountered during fallback processing of RECOVER, the recover job fails, and a point-in-time recovery is required. PIT_RBA can be zero if the point-in-time recovery is completed by the fall-back processing of RECOVER, or if CTYPE=P from a prior release of DB2.  When ICTYPE=F or I and SHRLEVEL=C, this column contains the current RBA or LRSN that corresponds to the point in the DB2 log when the SHRLEVEL CHANGE copy completes.  GROUP_NAME  CHAR(8)  CHAR(8)  The DB2 data-sharing member name of the DB2 subsystem that performed the operation. This column is blank if the DB2 subsystem was not in a DB2 data-sharing environment at the time the operation was performed.  Type of object that the recovery information is for:  I Index space T Tablespace  LOWDSNUM  INTEGER  Partition number of the lowest partition in the range for SYSCOPY records created for REORG and LOAD REPLACE for resetting a REORG pending status. Version number of an index for SYSCOPY records created for COPY (ICTYPE=F) of an index space (OTYPE=I). (An index is versioned when a VARCHAR column in the index key is lengthened.) The column is valid only for these uses.  Partition number of the highest partition in the range. This column is valid only for SYSCOPY records created for REORG and LOAD REPLACE for resetting REORG pending status.  COPYPAGESF  FLOAT(8)  Number of pages written to the copy data set.  NPAGESF  FLOAT(8)  The number of changed pages.  JOBNAME  CHAR(8)  JOBNAME  CHAR(8)  JOB name of the utility.  AUTHID  CHAR(8)  JOB name of the utility.  AUTHID  CHAR(8)  JOB name of the utility.  LOGICAL PART  INTEGER  Logical partition number.			point-in-time recovery. If a record contains ICTYPE=P and
encountered during fallback processing of RECOVER, the recover job fails, and a point-in-time recovery is required. PIT_RBA can be zero if the point-in-time recovery is completed by the fall-back processing of RECOVER, or if CTYPE=P from a prior release of DB2.  When ICTYPE=F or I and SHRLEVEL=C, this column contains the current RBA or LRSN that corresponds to the point in the DB2 log when the SHRLEVEL CHANGE copy completes.  GROUP_NAME  CHAR(8)  CHAR(8)  The DB2 data-sharing member name of the DB2 subsystem that performed the operation. This column is blank if the DB2 subsystem was not in a DB2 data-sharing environment at the time the operation was performed.  Type of object that the recovery information is for:  I Index space T Tablespace  LOWDSNUM  INTEGER  Partition number of the lowest partition in the range for SYSCOPY records created for REORG and LOAD REPLACE for resetting a REORG pending status. Version number of an index for SYSCOPY records created for a COPY (ICTYPE=F) of an index space (OTYPE=I). (An index is versioned when a VARCHAR column in the index key is lengthened.) The column is valid only for these uses.  HIGHDSNUM  INTEGER  Partition number of the highest partition in the range. This column is valid only for SYSCOPY records created for REORG and LOAD REPLACE for resetting REORG pending status.  COPYPAGESF  FLOAT(8)  Number of pages written to the copy data set.  The number of pages in the tablespace or index at the time of INLINE COPY.  CPAGESF  FLOAT(8)  JOBNAME  CHAR(8)  JOB name of the utility.  AUTHID  CHAR(8)  Authorization ID of the utility.  OLDEST_VERSION  SMALLINT  Version number of the lodest format of data for an object.  LOGICAL_PART  INTEGER  Logical partition number.			PIT_RBA=X'0000000000000', the copy pending status is active
encountered during fallback processing of RECOVER, the recover job fails, and a point-in-time recovery is required. PIT_RBA can be zero if the point-in-time recovery is completed by the fall-back processing of RECOVER, or if CTYPE=P from a prior release of DB2.  When ICTYPE=F or I and SHRLEVEL=C, this column contains the current RBA or LRSN that corresponds to the point in the DB2 log when the SHRLEVEL CHANGE copy completes.  GROUP_NAME  CHAR(8)  CHAR(8)  The DB2 data-sharing member name of the DB2 subsystem that performed the operation. This column is blank if the DB2 subsystem was not in a DB2 data-sharing environment at the time the operation was performed.  Type of object that the recovery information is for:  I Index space T Tablespace  LOWDSNUM  INTEGER  Partition number of the lowest partition in the range for SYSCOPY records created for REORG and LOAD REPLACE for resetting a REORG pending status. Version number of an index for SYSCOPY records created for a COPY (ICTYPE=F) of an index space (OTYPE=I). (An index is versioned when a VARCHAR column in the index key is lengthened.) The column is valid only for these uses.  HIGHDSNUM  INTEGER  Partition number of the highest partition in the range. This column is valid only for SYSCOPY records created for REORG and LOAD REPLACE for resetting REORG pending status.  COPYPAGESF  FLOAT(8)  Number of pages written to the copy data set.  The number of pages in the tablespace or index at the time of INLINE COPY.  CPAGESF  FLOAT(8)  JOBNAME  CHAR(8)  JOB name of the utility.  AUTHID  CHAR(8)  Authorization ID of the utility.  OLDEST_VERSION  SMALLINT  Version number of the lodest format of data for an object.  LOGICAL_PART  INTEGER  Logical partition number.			and a full image copy is required. If such a record is
recover job fails, and a point-in-time recovery is required. PIT_RBA can be zero if the point-in-time recovery is completed by the fall-back processing of RECOVER, or if CTYPE=P from a prior release of DB2. When ICTYPE=F or I and SHRLEVEL=C, this column contains the current RBA or LRSN that corresponds to the point in the DB2 log when the SHRLEVEL CHANGE copy completes.  GROUP_NAME  CHAR(8)  CHAR(8)  The DB2 data-sharing member name of the DB2 subsystem that performed the operation. This column is blank if the DB2 subsystem was not in a DB2 data-sharing environment at the time the operation was performed.  Type of object that the recovery information is for:  I Index space T Tablespace  LOWDSNUM  INTEGER  Partition number of the lowest partition in the range for SYSCOPY records created for REORG and LOAD REPLACE for resetting a REORG pending status. Version number of an index space (DTYPE=I), (An index is versioned when a VARCHAR column in the index key is lengthened.) The column is valid only for these uses.  HIGHDSNUM  INTEGER  Partition number of the highest partition in the range. This column is valid only for syscoPy records created for REORG and LOAD REPLACE for resetting REORG pending status.  COPYPAGESF  FLOAT(8)  Number of pages written to the copy data set.  NPAGESF  FLOAT(8)  The number of changed pages.  JOBNAME  CHAR(8)  Job name of the utility.  AUTHID  CHAR(8)  Authorization ID of the utility.  AUTHID  CHAR(8)  Authorization ID of the utility.  LOGICAL PART  INTEGER  Logical partition number.  Indicates the logging attribute of the table space at the time the			encountered during fallback processing of RECOVER, the
by the fall-back processing of RECOVER, or if CTYPE=P from a prior release of DB2. When ICTYPE=F or I and SHRLEVEL=C, this column contains the current RBA or LRSN that corresponds to the point in the DB2 log when the SHRLEVEL CHANGE copy completes.  GROUP_NAME CHAR(8) The DB2 data-sharing member name of the DB2 subsystem that performed the operation. This column is blank if the DB2 subsystem was not in a DB2 data-sharing environment at the time the operation was performed.  OTYPE CHAR(1) Type of object that the recovery information is for: I Index space T Tablespace  LOWDSNUM INTEGER Partition number of the lowest partition in the range for SYSCOPY records created for REORG and LOAD REPLACE for resetting a REORG pending status. Version number of an index for SYSCOPY records created for a COPY (ICTYPE=F) of an index space (OTYPE=I). (An index is versioned when a VARCHAR column in the index key is lengthened.) The column is valid only for these uses.  HIGHDSNUM INTEGER Partition number of the highest partition in the range. This column is valid only for SYSCOPY records created for REORG and LOAD REPLACE for resetting REORG pending status.  COPYPAGESF FLOAT(8) Number of pages written to the copy data set.  NPAGESF FLOAT(8) Total number of changed pages.  JOBNAME CHAR(8) JOB name of the utility.  AUTHID CHAR(8) AUTHOR CHAR(8) AUTHOR CHAR(8) AUTHOR CHAR(1) Indicates the logging attribute of the table space at the time the			recover job fails, and a point-in-time recovery is required.
a prior release of DB2. When ICTYPE=F or I and SHRLEVEL=C, this column contains the current RBA or LRSN that corresponds to the point in the DB2 log when the SHRLEVEL CHANGE copy completes.  GROUP_NAME  CHAR(8)  The DB2 data-sharing member name of the DB2 subsystem that performed the operation. This column is blank if the DB2 subsystem was not in a DB2 data-sharing environment at the time the operation was performed.  OTYPE  CHAR(1)  Type of object that the recovery information is for: I Index space T Tablespace  LOWDSNUM  INTEGER  Partition number of the lowest partition in the range for SYSCOPY records created for REORG and LOAD REPLACE for resetting a REORG pending status. Version number of an index for SYSCOPY records created for a COPY (ICTYPE=F) of an index space (OTYPE=I). (An index is versioned when a VARCHAR column in the index key is lengthened.) The column is valid only for these uses.  HIGHDSNUM  INTEGER  Partition number of the highest partition in the range. This column is valid only for SYSCOPY records created for REORG and LOAD REPLACE for resetting REORG pending status.  COPYPAGESF  FLOAT(8)  Number of pages written to the copy data set.  The number of pages in the tablespace or index at the time of INLINE COPY.  CPAGESF  FLOAT(8)  JOBNAME  CHAR(8)  JOB name of the utility.  AUTHID  CHAR(8)  Authorization ID of the utility.  OLDEST_VERSION  SMALLINT  Version number of the table space at the time the			
When ICTYPE=F or I and SHRLEVEL=C, this column contains the current RBA or LRSN that corresponds to the point in the DB2 log when the SHRLEVEL CHANGE copy completes.  GROUP_NAME  CHAR(8)  The DB2 data-sharing member name of the DB2 subsystem that performed the operation. This column is blank if the DB2 subsystem was not in a DB2 data-sharing environment at the time the operation was performed.  OTYPE  CHAR(1)  Type of object that the recovery information is for:  I Index space T Tablespace  Partition number of the lowest partition in the range for SYSCOPY records created for REORG and LOAD REPLACE for resetting a REORG pending status. Version number of an index for SYSCOPY records created for a COPY (ICTYPE=F) of an index space (OTYPE=I). (An index is versioned when a VARCHAR column in the index key is lengthened.) The column is valid only for these uses.  HIGHDSNUM  INTEGER  Partition number of the highest partition in the range. This column is valid only for these uses.  Partition number of the highest partition in the range. This column is valid only for SYSCOPY records created for REORG and LOAD REPLACE for resetting REORG pending status.  COPYPAGESF  FLOAT(8)  Number of pages written to the copy data set.  NPAGESF  FLOAT(8)  Total number of changed pages.  JOBNAME  CHAR(8)  JOB name of the utility.  AUTHID  CHAR(8)  Authorization ID of the utility.  OLDEST_VERSION  SMALLINT  LOGICAL_PART  INTEGER  Indicates the logging attribute of the table space at the time the			by the fall-back processing of RECOVER, or if CTYPE=P from
the current RBA or LRSN that corresponds to the point in the DB2 log when the SHRLEVEL CHANGE copy completes.  GROUP_NAME  CHAR(8)  CHAR(8)  The DB2 data-sharing member name of the DB2 subsystem that performed the operation. This column is blank if the DB2 subsystem was not in a DB2 data-sharing environment at the time the operation was performed.  OTYPE  CHAR(1)  Type of object that the recovery information is for:  I Index space  T Tablespace  LOWDSNUM  INTEGER  Partition number of the lowest partition in the range for SYSCOPY records created for REORG and LOAD REPLACE for resetting a REORG pending status. Version number of an index for SYSCOPY records created for a COPY (ICTYPE=F) of an index space (OTYPE=I). (An index is versioned when a VARCHAR column in the index key is lengthened.) The column is valid only for these uses.  HIGHDSNUM  INTEGER  Partition number of the highest partition in the range. This column is valid only for SYSCOPY records created for REORG and LOAD REPLACE for resetting REORG pending status.  COPYPAGESF  FLOAT(8)  Number of pages written to the copy data set.  The number of pages in the tablespace or index at the time of INLINE COPY.  CPAGESF  FLOAT(8)  Total number of changed pages.  JOBNAME  CHAR(8)  Job name of the utility.  AUTHID  CHAR(8)  Authorization ID of the utility.  LOGICAL_PART  INTEGER  Indicates the logging attribute of the table space at the time the			
DB2 log when the SHRLEVEL CHANGE copy completes.  GROUP_NAME  CHAR(8)  The DB2 data-sharing member name of the DB2 subsystem that performed the operation. This column is blank if the DB2 subsystem was not in a DB2 data-sharing environment at the time the operation was performed.  OTYPE  CHAR(1)  Type of object that the recovery information is for:  I Index space  T Tablespace  LOWDSNUM  INTEGER  Partition number of the lowest partition in the range for SYSCOPY records created for REORG and LOAD REPLACE for resetting a REORG pending status. Version number of an index for SYSCOPY records created for a COPY (ICTYPE=F) of an index space (OTYPE=I). (An index is versioned when a VARCHAR column in the index key is lengthened.) The column is valid only for these uses.  HIGHDSNUM  INTEGER  Partition number of the highest partition in the range. This column is valid only for SYSCOPY records created for REORG and LOAD REPLACE for resetting REORG pending status.  COPYPAGESF  FLOAT(8)  Number of pages written to the copy data set.  The number of pages in the tablespace or index at the time of INLINE COPY.  CPAGESF  FLOAT(8)  Total number of changed pages.  JOBNAME  CHAR(8)  JOB name of the utility.  AUTHID  CHAR(8)  Authorization ID of the utility.  OLDEST_VERSION  SMALLINT  LOGICAL_PART  INTEGER  Indicates the logging attribute of the table space at the time the			
GROUP_ NAME  CHAR(8)  The DB2 data-sharing member name of the DB2 subsystem that performed the operation. This column is blank if the DB2 subsystem was not in a DB2 data-sharing environment at the time the operation was performed.  OTYPE  CHAR(1)  Type of object that the recovery information is for:  I Index space  T Tablespace  Partition number of the lowest partition in the range for SYSCOPY records created for REORG and LOAD REPLACE for resetting a REORG pending status. Version number of an index for SYSCOPY records created for a COPY (ICTYPE=F) of an index space (OTYPE=I). (An index is versioned when a VARCHAR column in the index key is lengthened.) The column is valid only for these uses.  HIGHDSNUM  INTEGER  Partition number of the highest partition in the range. This column is valid only for SYSCOPY records created for REORG and LOAD REPLACE for resetting REORG pending status.  COPYPAGESF  FLOAT(8)  Number of pages written to the copy data set.  NPAGESF  FLOAT(8)  The number of pages in the tablespace or index at the time of INLINE COPY.  CPAGESF  FLOAT(8)  Total number of changed pages.  JOBNAME  CHAR(8)  JOB name of the utility.  AUTHID  CHAR(8)  Authorization ID of the utility.  LOGICAL_PART  INTEGER  Indicates the logging attribute of the table space at the time the			
that performed the operation. This column is blank if the DB2 subsystem was not in a DB2 data-sharing environment at the time the operation was performed.  OTYPE  CHAR(1)  Type of object that the recovery information is for:  I Index space T Tablespace  LOWDSNUM  INTEGER  Partition number of the lowest partition in the range for SYSCOPY records created for REORG and LOAD REPLACE for resetting a REORG pending status. Version number of an index for SYSCOPY records created for a COPY (ICTYPE=F) of an index space (OTYPE=I). (An index is versioned when a VARCHAR column in the index key is lengthened.) The column is valid only for these uses.  HIGHDSNUM  INTEGER  Partition number of the highest partition in the range. This column is valid only for SYSCOPY records created for REORG and LOAD REPLACE for resetting REORG pending status.  COPYPAGESF  FLOAT(8)  Number of pages written to the copy data set.  The number of pages written to the copy data set.  The number of pages in the tablespace or index at the time of INLINE COPY.  CPAGESF  FLOAT(8)  Total number of changed pages.  JOBNAME  CHAR(8)  Job name of the utility.  AUTHID  CHAR(8)  Authorization ID of the utility.  LOGICAL_PART  INTEGER  Logical partition number.  LOGGED  CHAR(1)  Indicates the logging attribute of the table space at the time the			
Subsystem was not in a DB2 data-sharing environment at the time the operation was performed.  OTYPE  CHAR(1)  Type of object that the recovery information is for:  I Index space T Tablespace  Partition number of the lowest partition in the range for SYSCOPY records created for REORG and LOAD REPLACE for resetting a REORG pending status. Version number of an index for SYSCOPY records created for a COPY (ICTYPE=F) of an index space (OTYPE=I). (An index is versioned when a VARCHAR column in the index key is lengthened.) The column is valid only for these uses.  HIGHDSNUM  INTEGER  Partition number of the highest partition in the range. This column is valid only for SYSCOPY records created for REORG and LOAD REPLACE for resetting REORG pending status.  COPYPAGESF  FLOAT(8)  Number of pages written to the copy data set.  NPAGESF  FLOAT(8)  The number of pages in the tablespace or index at the time of INLINE COPY.  CPAGESF  FLOAT(8)  JOB name of the utility.  OLDEST_VERSION  SMALLINT  LOGICAL PART  INTEGER  Logical partition number.  LOGGED  CHAR(1)  Indicates the logging attribute of the table space at the time the	GROUP_ NAME	CHAR(8)	
time the operation was performed.  OTYPE  CHAR(1)  Type of object that the recovery information is for:  I Index space T Tablespace  Partition number of the lowest partition in the range for SYSCOPY records created for REORG and LOAD REPLACE for resetting a REORG pending status. Version number of an index for SYSCOPY records created for a COPY (ICTYPE=F) of an index space (OTYPE=I). (An index is versioned when a VARCHAR column in the index key is lengthened.) The column is valid only for these uses.  HIGHDSNUM  INTEGER  Partition number of the highest partition in the range. This column is valid only for SYSCOPY records created for REORG and LOAD REPLACE for resetting REORG pending status.  COPYPAGESF  FLOAT(8)  Number of pages written to the copy data set.  NPAGESF  FLOAT(8)  The number of pages in the tablespace or index at the time of INLINE COPY.  CPAGESF  FLOAT(8)  Job name of the utility.  AUTHID  CHAR(8)  Authorization ID of the utility.  OLDEST_VERSION  SMALLINT  Version number.  LOGICAL PART  INTEGER  Logical partition number.  LOGGED  CHAR(1)  Indicates the logging attribute of the table space at the time the			
OTYPE CHAR(1) Type of object that the recovery information is for:  I Index space T Tablespace  Partition number of the lowest partition in the range for SYSCOPY records created for REORG and LOAD REPLACE for resetting a REORG pending status. Version number of an index for SYSCOPY records created for a COPY (ICTYPE=F) of an index space (OTYPE=I). (An index is versioned when a VARCHAR column in the index key is lengthened.) The column is valid only for these uses.  Partition number of the highest partition in the range. This column is valid only for SYSCOPY records created for REORG and LOAD REPLACE for resetting REORG pending status.  COPYPAGESF FLOAT(8) Number of pages written to the copy data set.  NPAGESF FLOAT(8) Total number of changed pages.  JOBNAME CHAR(8) Job name of the utility.  OLDEST_VERSION SMALLINT Version number of the lodest format of data for an object.  LOGICAL_PART INTEGER Logical partition number.  LOGGED CHAR(1) Indicates the logging attribute of the table space at the time the			
LOWDSNUM  INTEGER  Partition number of the lowest partition in the range for SYSCOPY records created for REORG and LOAD REPLACE for resetting a REORG pending status. Version number of an index for SYSCOPY records created for a COPY (ICTYPE=F) of an index space (OTYPE=I). (An index is versioned when a VARCHAR column in the index key is lengthened.) The column is valid only for these uses.  HIGHDSNUM  INTEGER  Partition number of the highest partition in the range. This column is valid only for SYSCOPY records created for REORG and LOAD REPLACE for resetting REORG pending status.  COPYPAGESF  FLOAT(8)  Number of pages written to the copy data set.  The number of pages in the tablespace or index at the time of INLINE COPY.  CPAGESF  FLOAT(8)  JOBNAME  CHAR(8)  JOB name of the utility.  OLDEST_VERSION  SMALLINT  Version number of the oldest format of data for an object.  LOGICAL_PART  INTEGER  Logical partition number.			
LOWDSNUM  INTEGER  Partition number of the lowest partition in the range for SYSCOPY records created for REORG and LOAD REPLACE for resetting a REORG pending status. Version number of an index for SYSCOPY records created for a COPY (ICTYPE=F) of an index space (OTYPE=I). (An index is versioned when a VARCHAR column in the index key is lengthened.) The column is valid only for these uses.  HIGHDSNUM  INTEGER  Partition number of the highest partition in the range. This column is valid only for SYSCOPY records created for REORG and LOAD REPLACE for resetting REORG pending status.  COPYPAGESF  FLOAT(8)  Number of pages written to the copy data set.  The number of pages in the tablespace or index at the time of INLINE COPY.  CPAGESF  FLOAT(8)  JOBNAME  CHAR(8)  JOB name of the utility.  OLDEST VERSION  SMALLINT  Version number.  LOGICAL PART  INTEGER  Logical partition number.  LOGGED  CHAR(1)  Indicates the logging attribute of the table space at the time the	OTYPE	CHAR(1)	
LOWDSNUM  INTEGER  Partition number of the lowest partition in the range for SYSCOPY records created for REORG and LOAD REPLACE for resetting a REORG pending status. Version number of an index for SYSCOPY records created for a COPY (ICTYPE=F) of an index space (OTYPE=I). (An index is versioned when a VARCHAR column in the index key is lengthened.) The column is valid only for these uses.  HIGHDSNUM  INTEGER  Partition number of the highest partition in the range. This column is valid only for SYSCOPY records created for REORG and LOAD REPLACE for resetting REORG pending status.  COPYPAGESF  FLOAT(8)  Number of pages written to the copy data set.  The number of pages in the tablespace or index at the time of INLINE COPY.  CPAGESF  FLOAT(8)  Job name of the utility.  AUTHID  CHAR(8)  Authorization ID of the utility.  OLDEST_VERSION  SMALLINT  LOGICAL_PART  INTEGER  Logical partition number.  LOGGED  LOGICAL STATE INTEGER  Logical partition number.  Indicates the logging attribute of the table space at the time the			
SYSCOPY records created for REORG and LOAD REPLACE for resetting a REORG pending status. Version number of an index for SYSCOPY records created for a COPY (ICTYPE=F) of an index space (OTYPE=I). (An index is versioned when a VARCHAR column in the index key is lengthened.) The column is valid only for these uses.  HIGHDSNUM  INTEGER  Partition number of the highest partition in the range. This column is valid only for SYSCOPY records created for REORG and LOAD REPLACE for resetting REORG pending status.  COPYPAGESF  FLOAT(8)  Number of pages written to the copy data set.  The number of pages in the tablespace or index at the time of INLINE COPY.  CPAGESF  FLOAT(8)  Total number of changed pages.  JOBNAME  CHAR(8)  Authorization ID of the utility.  OLDEST_VERSION  SMALLINT  LOGICAL_PART  INTEGER  Logical partition number.  LOGGED  CHAR(1)  Indicates the logging attribute of the table space at the time the	LOMBONIUM	INITEGER	
for resetting a REORG pending status. Version number of an index for SYSCOPY records created for a COPY (ICTYPE=F) of an index space (OTYPE=I). (An index is versioned when a VARCHAR column in the index key is lengthened.) The column is valid only for these uses.  HIGHDSNUM  INTEGER  Partition number of the highest partition in the range. This column is valid only for SYSCOPY records created for REORG and LOAD REPLACE for resetting REORG pending status.  COPYPAGESF  FLOAT(8)  Number of pages written to the copy data set.  The number of pages in the tablespace or index at the time of INLINE COPY.  CPAGESF  FLOAT(8)  Total number of changed pages.  JOBNAME  CHAR(8)  Authorization ID of the utility.  OLDEST_VERSION  SMALLINT  LOGICAL_PART  INTEGER  Logical partition number.  LOGGED  INTEGER  Logical partition number.  Indicates the logging attribute of the table space at the time the	LOWDSNUM	INTEGER	
index for SYSCOPY records created for a COPY (ICTYPE=F) of an index space (OTYPE=I). (An index is versioned when a VARCHAR column in the index key is lengthened.) The column is valid only for these uses.  HIGHDSNUM  INTEGER  Partition number of the highest partition in the range. This column is valid only for SYSCOPY records created for REORG and LOAD REPLACE for resetting REORG pending status.  COPYPAGESF  FLOAT(8)  Number of pages written to the copy data set.  The number of pages in the tablespace or index at the time of INLINE COPY.  CPAGESF  FLOAT(8)  Total number of changed pages.  JOBNAME  CHAR(8)  Authorization ID of the utility.  OLDEST_VERSION  SMALLINT  LOGICAL_PART  INTEGER  Logical partition number.  LOGGED  INTEGER  Logical partition of the table space at the time the			
of an index space (OTYPE=I). (An index is versioned when a VARCHAR column in the index key is lengthened.) The column is valid only for these uses.  HIGHDSNUM INTEGER Partition number of the highest partition in the range. This column is valid only for SYSCOPY records created for REORG and LOAD REPLACE for resetting REORG pending status.  COPYPAGESF FLOAT(8) Number of pages written to the copy data set.  NPAGESF FLOAT(8) The number of pages in the tablespace or index at the time of INLINE COPY.  CPAGESF FLOAT(8) Total number of changed pages.  JOBNAME CHAR(8) Job name of the utility.  AUTHID CHAR(8) Authorization ID of the utility.  OLDEST_VERSION SMALLINT Version number of the oldest format of data for an object.  LOGICAL_PART INTEGER Logical partition number.  Indicates the logging attribute of the table space at the time the			
VARCHAR column in the index key is lengthened.) The column is valid only for these uses.  HIGHDSNUM INTEGER Partition number of the highest partition in the range. This column is valid only for SYSCOPY records created for REORG and LOAD REPLACE for resetting REORG pending status.  COPYPAGESF FLOAT(8) Number of pages written to the copy data set.  NPAGESF FLOAT(8) Total number of pages in the tablespace or index at the time of INLINE COPY.  CPAGESF FLOAT(8) Total number of changed pages.  JOBNAME CHAR(8) Job name of the utility.  AUTHID CHAR(8) Authorization ID of the utility.  OLDEST VERSION SMALLINT Version number of the oldest format of data for an object.  LOGICAL PART INTEGER Logical partition number.  Indicates the logging attribute of the table space at the time the			
is valid only for these uses.  HIGHDSNUM  INTEGER  Partition number of the highest partition in the range. This column is valid only for SYSCOPY records created for REORG and LOAD REPLACE for resetting REORG pending status.  COPYPAGESF  FLOAT(8)  Number of pages written to the copy data set.  The number of pages in the tablespace or index at the time of INLINE COPY.  CPAGESF  FLOAT(8)  Total number of changed pages.  JOBNAME  CHAR(8)  AUTHID  CHAR(8)  Authorization ID of the utility.  OLDEST_VERSION  SMALLINT  LOGICAL_PART  INTEGER  Logical partition number.  LOGGED  CHAR(1)  Indicates the logging attribute of the table space at the time the			
HIGHDSNUM  INTEGER  Partition number of the highest partition in the range. This column is valid only for SYSCOPY records created for REORG and LOAD REPLACE for resetting REORG pending status.  COPYPAGESF  FLOAT(8)  Number of pages written to the copy data set.  The number of pages in the tablespace or index at the time of INLINE COPY.  CPAGESF  FLOAT(8)  Total number of changed pages.  JOBNAME  CHAR(8)  AUTHID  CHAR(8)  OLDEST_VERSION  SMALLINT  LOGICAL_PART  LOGICAL_PART  LOGICAL  L			
column is valid only for SYSCOPY records created for REORG and LOAD REPLACE for resetting REORG pending status.  COPYPAGESF FLOAT(8) Number of pages written to the copy data set.  NPAGESF FLOAT(8) The number of pages in the tablespace or index at the time of INLINE COPY.  CPAGESF FLOAT(8) Total number of changed pages.  JOBNAME CHAR(8) Job name of the utility.  AUTHID CHAR(8) Authorization ID of the utility.  OLDEST_VERSION SMALLINT Version number of the oldest format of data for an object.  LOGICAL_PART INTEGER Logical partition number.  LOGGED CHAR(1) Indicates the logging attribute of the table space at the time the	HIGHDSNIIM	INTEGED	
and LOAD REPLACE for resetting REORG pending status.  COPYPAGESF FLOAT(8) Number of pages written to the copy data set.  The number of pages in the tablespace or index at the time of INLINE COPY.  CPAGESF FLOAT(8) Total number of changed pages.  JOBNAME CHAR(8) Job name of the utility.  AUTHID CHAR(8) Authorization ID of the utility.  OLDEST_VERSION SMALLINT Version number of the oldest format of data for an object.  LOGICAL_PART INTEGER Logical partition number.  LOGGED CHAR(1) Indicates the logging attribute of the table space at the time the	I IIOI IDOINUNI	INTEGER	
COPYPAGESF FLOAT(8) Number of pages written to the copy data set.  NPAGESF FLOAT(8) The number of pages in the tablespace or index at the time of INLINE COPY.  CPAGESF FLOAT(8) Total number of changed pages.  JOBNAME CHAR(8) Job name of the utility.  AUTHID CHAR(8) Authorization ID of the utility.  OLDEST_VERSION SMALLINT Version number of the oldest format of data for an object.  LOGICAL_PART INTEGER Logical partition number.  LOGGED CHAR(1) Indicates the logging attribute of the table space at the time the			
NPAGESF FLOAT(8) The number of pages in the tablespace or index at the time of INLINE COPY.  CPAGESF FLOAT(8) Total number of changed pages.  JOBNAME CHAR(8) Job name of the utility.  AUTHID CHAR(8) Authorization ID of the utility.  OLDEST_VERSION SMALLINT Version number of the oldest format of data for an object.  LOGICAL_PART INTEGER Logical partition number.  LOGGED CHAR(1) Indicates the logging attribute of the table space at the time the	COPYPAGESE	FLOAT(8)	
INLINE COPY.  CPAGESF FLOAT(8) Total number of changed pages.  JOBNAME CHAR(8) Job name of the utility.  AUTHID CHAR(8) Authorization ID of the utility.  OLDEST_VERSION SMALLINT Version number of the oldest format of data for an object.  LOGICAL_PART INTEGER Logical partition number.  LOGGED CHAR(1) Indicates the logging attribute of the table space at the time the			
CPAGESF FLOAT(8) Total number of changed pages.  JOBNAME CHAR(8) Job name of the utility.  AUTHID CHAR(8) Authorization ID of the utility.  OLDEST_VERSION SMALLINT Version number of the oldest format of data for an object.  LOGICAL_PART INTEGER Logical partition number.  LOGGED CHAR(1) Indicates the logging attribute of the table space at the time the	INI AULUI	1 LOAT(0)	1 0 1
JOBNAME     CHAR(8)     Job name of the utility.       AUTHID     CHAR(8)     Authorization ID of the utility.       OLDEST_VERSION     SMALLINT     Version number of the oldest format of data for an object.       LOGICAL_PART     INTEGER     Logical partition number.       LOGGED     CHAR(1)     Indicates the logging attribute of the table space at the time the	CPAGESE	FLOAT(8)	
AUTHID CHAR(8) Authorization ID of the utility.  OLDEST_VERSION SMALLINT Version number of the oldest format of data for an object.  LOGICAL_PART INTEGER Logical partition number.  LOGGED CHAR(1) Indicates the logging attribute of the table space at the time the			
OLDEST_VERSION SMALLINT Version number of the oldest format of data for an object.  LOGICAL_PART INTEGER Logical partition number.  LOGGED CHAR(1) Indicates the logging attribute of the table space at the time the		\ /	Authorization ID of the utility.
LOGICAL_PART         INTEGER         Logical partition number.           LOGGED         CHAR(1)         Indicates the logging attribute of the table space at the time the		\ /	
LOGGED CHAR(1) Indicates the logging attribute of the table space at the time the			
		J	

Column Name	Data Tyras	Description
Column Name	Data Type	Description
		Y — indicates that the logging attribute of the table space is
		LOGGED
		<b>N</b> — indicates that the logging attribute of the table spaces is
		NOT LOGGED
		blank — indicates that the row was inserted prior to Version
		9.1. For a non-LOB table spaces or an index space,
		blank indicates that the logging attribute is LOGGED.
TTYPE	CHAR(8)	When ICTYPE=T, TTYPE of B indicates that a broken page
		was detected during copy.
		When ICTYPE = P, R, S, W, X, this column indicates the row
		format for the table space or partition.
		RRF Indicates that the row format is the reordered row
		format
		BRF Indicates that the row format is the basic
		row format
		When ICTYPE = E, this column indicates if the full recovery
		reset the object:
		blank The full recovery reset the object
		N The full recovery did not reset the object
INSTANCE	SMALLINT	When STYPE = E and ICTYPE = A, INSTANCE indicates the
		data set instance number of a base object after an EXCHANGE
		statement completes. The value of the INSTANCE column for
		the last data exchange will match the value of the INSTANCE
		column for the SYSIBM.SYSTABLESPACE table.
		For an image copy, INSTANCE indicates the instance number
		of the current base objects (table and index).
RELCREATED	CHAR(1)	The release of DB2 that is used to create the object. Blank if
		created prior to Version 9

# SYSIBM.SYSCTXTTRUSTATTRS

Contains one row for each list of attributes for a given trusted context.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
CONTEXTID	INTEGER	The internal trusted context ID.
NAME	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the trust attribute. Possible values including the following attributes:  • An IPv4 address is represented as a dotted decimal IP address. An example of an IPv4 address is 9.112.46.111  • An IPv6 address is represented as a colon hexadecimal address. An example of an IPv6 address is 2001:0DB8:0000:0000:0008:0800:2 00C:417A, which can also be expressed in a compressed form as 2001:DB8::8:800:200C:417A  • A domain name which is converted to an IP address by the domain name server where a resulting IPv4 or IPv6 address is determined.
		<ul> <li>A job or started task name for local</li> </ul>

		applications.  • A network access security zone name in the RACF SERVAUTH class.
VALUE	VARCHAR(254)	The value of the trust attribute.
CREATEDTS	TIMESTAMP	The time when the attribute is created.
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	A value of Y indicates that the row came from the basic machine-readable material (MRM) tape.

## SYSIBM.SYSDATABASE

Contains one row for each database, except for database DSNDB01.

ase.
1256
aoc.
database;
•
espace; blank
•
were 32511
as created, the
chine-readable
created the
0'.
MP database.
was created
indicates it is
es.
se is
the a work file
data-sharing
ne DB2
e. This column
created in a
atabase is not
YPE column.
xecuted for the
xoodtod for tife
s
-
BASE
ABASE
S has the value

Column Name	Data Type	Description
		of CREATEDTS.
ENCODING_ SCHEME	CHAR(1)	Default encoding scheme for the database:  E EBCDIC  A ASCII  U UNICODE  blank For DSNDB04, a work file database, and a  TEMP database.
SBCS_CCSID	INTEGER	Default SBCS CCSID for the database. For a TEMP database or a database created in a DB2 release prior to Version 5, the value is 0.
DBCS_CCSID	INTEGER	Default DBCS CCSID for the database. For a TEMP database or a database created in a DB2 release prior to Version 5, the value is 0.
MIXED_CCSID	INTEGER	Default mixed CCSID for the database. For a TEMP database or database created in a DB2 release prior to Version 5, the value is 0.
INDEXBP	CHAR(8)	Name of the default buffer pool for indexes.
IMPLICIT	CHAR(1)	Indicates whether the database was implicitly created: Y The database was implicitly created N The database was explicitly created
CREATORTYPE	CHAR(1)	Indicates the type of creator: blank Authorization ID L Role
RELCREATED	CHAR(1)	The release of DB2 that is used to create the object.

# SYSIBM.SYSDATATYPES

Contains one row for each distinct type defined to the system.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
SCHEMA	VARCHAR(128)	Schema of the distinct type.
OWNER	VARCHAR(128)	Owner of the distinct type.
NAME	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the distinct type.
CREATEDBY	VARCHAR(128)	Schema under which the distinct type was created.
SOURCESCHEMA	VARCHAR(128)	Schema of the source data type.
SOURCETYPE	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the source type.
METATYPE	CHAR(1)	The class of data type: T Distinct type.
DATATYPEID	INTEGER	Internal identifier of the distinct type.
SOURCETYPEID	INTEGER	Internal ID of the built-in data type upon which the distinct
		type is sourced.
LENGTH	INTEGER	Maximum length or precision of a distinct type that is
		sourced on the IBM-defined DECIMAL data type.
SCALE	SMALLINT	Scale for a distinct type that is sourced on the IBM-defined
		DECIMAL type. For all other distinct types, the value is 0.
SUBTYPE	CHAR(1)	Subtype of the distinct type, which is based on the subtype
		of the source type:
		B The subtype is FOR BIT DATA.
		<b>S</b> The subtype is FOR SBCS DATA.
		M The subtype is FOR MIXED DATA.
		<b>blank</b> The source type is not a character type.
CREATEDTS	TIMESTAMP	Time when the distinct type was created.
ENCODING_SCHEME	CHAR(1)	Encoding scheme of the distinct type:

242 DB2<sup>®</sup> 9 for z/OS

Column Name	Data Type	Description
		A ASCII E EBCDIC U UNICODE
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	Whether the row came from the basic machine-readable material (MRM) tape: N=No ,Y=Yes
REMARKS	VARCHAR(762)	A character string provided by the user with the COMMENT ON statement.
OWNERTYPE	CHAR(1)	Indicates the type of owner: blank Authorization ID L Role
RELCREATED	CHAR(1)	The release of DB2 that is used to create the object.

## SYSIBM.SYSDBAUTH

Records the privileges that are held by users over databases.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
GRANTOR	VARCHAR(128)	Authorization ID of the user who granted the privileges. Could
		also be PUBLIC or PUBLIC followed by an asterisk.
GRANTEE	VARCHAR(128)	Application ID of the user who holds the privilege. Could also be
		PUBLIC for a grant to PUBLIC.
NAME	VARCHAR(24)	Database name.
	CHAR(12)	Internal use only.
DATEGRANTED	CHAR(6)	Date the privileges were granted; in the form yymmdd.
TIMEGRANTED	CHAR(8)	Time the privileges were granted; in the form <i>hhmmssth</i> .
GRANTEETYPE	CHAR(1)	Indicates the type of owner:
		blank Authorization ID
		L Role
AUTHHOWGOT	CHAR(1)	Authorization level of the user from whom the privileges were
		received. This authorization level is not necessarily the highest
		authorization level of the grantor.
		blank Not applicable
		C DBCTL
		D DBADM L SYSCTRI
		M DBMAINT S SYSADM
CREATETABAUTH	CHAR(1)	Whether the GRANTEE can create tables within the database:
CREATETABAUTH	CHAR(I)	blank Privilege is not held
		G Privilege held with the GRANT option
		Y Privilege is held without the GRANT option
CREATETSAUTH	CHAR(1)	Whether the GRANTEE can create tablespaces within the
		database:
		<b>blank</b> Privilege is not held
		G Privilege held with the GRANT option
		Y Privilege is held without the GRANT option
DBADMAUTH	CHAR(1)	Whether the GRANTEE has DBADM authority over the
		database:
		blank Privilege is not held
		G Privilege held with the GRANT option
DDOTDI ALITU	OLIA D(4)	Y Privilege is held without the GRANT option
DBCTRLAUTH	CHAR(1)	Whether the GRANTEE has DBCTRL authority over the

Column Name	Data Type	Description
	1	database:
		blank Privilege is not held
		<b>G</b> Privilege held with the GRANT option
		Y Privilege is held without the GRANT option
DBMAINTAUTH	CHAR(1)	Whether the GRANTEE has DBMAINT authority over the
		database:
		blank Privilege is not held
		G Privilege held with the GRANT option
		Y Privilege is held without the GRANT option
DISPLAYDBAUTH	CHAR(1)	Whether the GRANTEE can issue the DISPLAY command for
		the database:
		blank Privilege is not held
		<b>G</b> Privilege held with the GRANT option
		Y Privilege is held without the GRANT option
DROPAUTH	CHAR(1)	Whether the GRANTEE can issue the ALTER DATABASE and
		DROP DATABASE statement:
		blank Privilege is not held
	1	<b>G</b> Privilege held with the GRANT option
		Y Privilege is held without the GRANT option
IMAGCOPYAUTH	CHAR(1	Whether the GRANTEE can use the COPY, MERGECOPY,
		MODIFY, and QUIESCE utilities on the database:
		blank Privilege is not held
		<b>G</b> Privilege held with the GRANT option
		Y Privilege is held without the GRANT option
LOADAUTH	CHAR(1)	Whether the GRANTEE can use the LOAD utility to load tables
		in the database:
		blank Privilege is not held
		<b>G</b> Privilege held with the GRANT option
		Y Privilege is held without the GRANT option
REORGAUTH	CHAR(1)	Whether the GRANTEE can use the REORG utility to reorganize
		tablespaces and indexes in the database:
		blank Privilege is not held
		<b>G</b> Privilege held with the GRANT option
		Y Privilege is held without the GRANT option
RECOVERDBAUTH	CHAR(1)	Whether the GRANTEE can use the RECOVER and REPORT
	1	utilities on tablespaces in the database:
	1	blank Privilege is not held
	1	<b>G</b> Privilege held with the GRANT option
		Y Privilege is held without the GRANT option
REPAIRAUTH	CHAR(1)	Whether the GRANTEE can use the DIAGNOSE and REPAIR
	1	utilities on tablespaces and indexes in the database:
		blank Privilege is not held
		G Privilege held with the GRANT option
		Y Privilege is held without the GRANT option
STARTDBAUTH	CHAR(1)	Whether the GRANTEE can use the START command against
	1	the database:
		blank Privilege is not held
		G Privilege held with the GRANT option
		Y Privilege is held without the GRANT option
STATSAUTH	CHAR(1)	Whether the GRANTEE can use the CHECK and RUNSTATS
		utilities against the database:
	1	blank Privilege is not held
		<b>G</b> Privilege held with the GRANT option

244 DB2<sup>®</sup> 9 for z/OS

Column Name	Data Type	Description
		Y Privilege is held without the GRANT option
STOPAUTH	CHAR(1)	Whether the GRANTEE can issue the STOP command against the database:  blank Privilege is not held G Privilege held with the GRANT option Y Privilege is held without the GRANT option
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	Whether the row came from the basic machine-readable material (MRM) tape: N=No, Y=Yes
GRANTEDTS	TIMESTAMP	Time when the GRANT statement was executed.
GRANTORTYPE	CHAR(1)	Indicates the type of owner: blank Authorization ID L Role

# SYSIBM.SYSDBRM

Contains one row for each DBRM of each application plan.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
NAME	VARCHAR(24)	Name of the DBRM.
TIMESTAMP	CHAR(8)	Consistency token.
PDSNAME	CHAR(132)	Name of the partitioned data set of which the DBRM is a member.
PLNAME	VARCHAR(24)	Name of the application plan of which this DBRM is a part.
PLCREATOR	VARCHAR(128)	Authorization ID of the owner of the application plan.
PRECOMPTIME	CHAR(8)	Time of precompilation in the form <i>hhmmssth</i> . If the LEVEL
		precompiler option is used, then this value does not represent the precompile time.
PRECOMPDATE	CHAR(6)	Date of precompilation in the form yymmdd. If the LEVEL
	. ,	precompiler option is used, then this value does not represent the precompile date.
QUOTE	CHAR(1)	SQL string delimiter for the SQL statements in the DBRM:
		N Apostrophe
		Y Quotation mark
COMMA	CHAR(1)	Decimal point representation for SQL statements in the DBRM:
		N Period
		Y Comma
HOSTLANG	CHAR(1)	The host language used
		B Assembler language
		C OS/VS COBOL
		D C
		F Fortran P PI /I
		2 VS COBOL II or IBM COBOL Release 1 (formerly called
		COBOL/370)
		3 IBM COBOL (Release 2 or subsequent releases)
		4 C++
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	Whether the row came from the basic machine-readable material
.5 (2 4 5	J (1)	(MRM) tape: N=No, Y=Yes
CHARSET	CHAR(1)	Indicates whether the system CCSID for SBCS data was 290
	` ,	(Katakana) when the program was precompiled:
		A No
		K Yes
MIXED	CHAR(1)	Indicates if mixed data was in effect when the application program
		was precompiled.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
		N No
		Y Yes
DEC31	CHAR(1)	Indicates whether DEC31 was in effect when the program was
		precompiled.
		Blank No
		Y Yes
VERSION	VARCHAR(122)	Version identifier for the DBRM.
PRECOMPTS	TIMESTAMP	Time when the DBRM was precompiled.
PLCREATOR	CHAR(1)	Indicates the type of creator:
TYPE		blank Authorization ID
		L Role
RELCREATED	CHAR(1)	The release of DB2 that is used to create the object.

## SYSIBM.SYSDEPENDENCIES

Records the dependencies between objects.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
BNAME	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the object on which another object is dependent. If BTYPE is 'F', the name is the specific name of the function.
BSCHEMA	VARCHAR(128)	Schema or qualifier of the object on which another object is dependent.
BCOLNAME	VARCHAR(128)	Column name of the object on which another object is dependent.
BCOLNO	SMALLINT	Column number of the object on which another object is dependent.
BTYPE	CHAR(1)	Type of object that is identified by BNAME, BSCHEMA, and BCOLNAME  F Function
BOWNER	VARCHAR(128)	Authorization ID of the owner of the object on which another object is dependent.
BOWNERTYPE	CHAR(1)	Type of creator of the object on which another object is dependent:  L Role blank Authorization ID that is not a role
DNAME	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the object that has dependencies on another object.
DSCHEMA	VARCHAR(128)	Schema or qualifier of the object that has dependencies on another object.
DCOLNAME	VARCHAR(128)	Column name of the object that has dependencies on another object.
DCOLNO	SMALLINT	Column number of the object that has dependencies on another object.
DTYPE	CHAR(1)	Type of the object that is identified by DNAME, DSCHEMA, and DCOLNAME:  I Index
DOWNER	VARCHAR(128)	Authorization ID of the owner of the object that has dependencies on another object.
DOWNERTYPE	CHAR(1)	Type of creator of the object that has dependencies on another object:  L Role blank Authorization ID if not a role
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	A value of Y indicates that the row came from the basic machine- readable material (MRM) tape.

# SYSIBM.SYSDUMMY1

Contains one row. The table is used for SQL statements in which a table reference is required, but the contents of the table are not important.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	Whether the row came from the basic machine-readable material
		(MRM) tape: N=No, Y=Yes

## SYSIBM.SYSENVIRONMENT

Records the environment variables when an object is created.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
ENVID	INTEGER	Internal identifier of the
		environment.
CURRENT_SCHEMA	VARCHAR(128)	The current schema.
RELCREATED	CHAR(1)	The release when the environment information is created.
PATHSCHEMAS	VARCHAR(2048)	The schema path.
APPLICATION_ ENCODING_CCSID	INTEGER	The CCSID of the application environment.
ORIGINAL_ ENCODING_CCSID	INTEGER	The original CCSID of the statement text string.
DECIMAL_POINT	CHAR(1)	The decimal point indicator:
		C Comma
		P Period
MIN_DIVIDE_SCALE	CHAR(1)	The minimum divide scale:
		N The usual rules apply for decimal division in SQL
		Y Retain at lease three digits to the right of the decimal
OTDING DELIMITED	OLIAD(4)	point after any decimal division.
STRING_DELIMITER	CHAR(1)	The string delimiter that is used in COBOL string constants:  A Apostrophe (')
		A Apostrophe (') Q Quote (")
SQL STRING	CHAR(1)	The SQL string delimiter that is used in string constants:
DELIMITER	CHAR(I)	A Apostrophe (')
BELIMITER		Q Quote (")
MIXED DATA	CHAR(1)	Uses mixed DBCS data:
		N No mixed data
		Y Mixed data
DECIMAL_	CHAR(1)	The rules that are to be used for CURRENT PRECISION
ARITHMETIC		and when both operands in a decimal operation have a
		precision of 15 or less:
		1 DEC15 specifies that the rules do not allow a
		precision greater than 15 digits
		2 DEC31 specifies that the rules allow a precision of
		up to 31 digits
DATA_FORMAT	CHAR(1)	The date format: I ISO - yyyy-mm-dd J JIS - yyyy-mm-dd U
		USA - mm/dd/yyyy E EUR - dd.mm.yyyy L Locally defined
TIME FORMAT	OLIAD(4)	by an installation exit routine
TIME_FORMAT	CHAR(1)	The time format:
		I ISO - hh.mm.ss

		J JIS - hh.mm.ss U USA - hh:mm AM or hh:mm PM E EUR - hh.mm.ss L Locally defined by an installation exit routine
FLOAT_FORMAT	CHAR(1)	The floating point format:  I IEEE floating point format S System/390 floating point format
HOST_LANGUAGE	CHAR(8)	The host language: ASM C CPP IBMCOB PLI FORTRAN
CHARSET	CHAR(1)	The character set: A Alphanumeric
FOLD	CHAR(1)	FOLD is only applicable when HOST_LANGUAGE is C or CPP. Otherwise FOLD is blank.  N Lower case letters in SBCS ordinary identifiers are not folded to uppercase  Y Lower case letters in SBCS ordinary identifiers are folded to uppercase blank Not applicable
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	A value of Y indicates that the row came from the basic machine-readable material (MRM) tape.
ROUNDING	CHAR(1)	The rounding mode that is used when arithmetic and casting operations are performed on DECFLOAT data:  C ROUND_CEILING D ROUND_DOWN F ROUND_FLOOR G ROUND_HALF_DOWN E ROUND_HALF_EVEN H ROUND_HALF_UP U ROUND_UP

## SYSIBM.SYSFIELDS

Contains one row for every column that has a field procedure.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
TBCREATOR	VARCHAR(128)	Authorization ID of the owner of the table that contains the
		column.
TBNAME	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the table that contains the column.
COLNO	SMALLINT	Numeric place of this column in the table.
NAME	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the column.
FLDTYPE	VARCHAR(24)	Data type of the encoded values in the field:
		INTEGER Large integer
		SMALLINT Small integer
		FLOAT Floating-point
		CHAR Fixed-length character string
		VARCHAR Varying-length character string
		<b>DECIMAL</b> Decimal
		GRAPHIC Fixed-length graphic string
		VARG Varying-length graphic string

Column Name	Data Type	Description
LENGTH	SMALLINT	The length attribute of the field; or, for a decimal field, its
LENGIH	SIVIALLINI	
		precision. The number does not include the internal prefixes that
		can be used to record actual length and null state.
		INTEGER 4
		SMALLINT 2
		FLOAT 8
		CHAR Length of string
		VARCHAR Maximum length of string
		<b>DECIMAL</b> Precision of number
		GRAPHIC Number of DBCS characters
		VARG Maximum number of DBCS characters
SCALE	SMALLINT	Scale if FLDTYPE is DECIMAL; otherwise, the value is 0.
FLDPROC	VARCHAR(24)	For a row describing a field procedure, the name of the
		procedure.
WORKAREA	SMALLINT	For a row describing a field procedure, the size, in bytes, of the
		work area required for the encoding and decoding of the
		procedure.
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	Whether the row came from the basic machine-readable material
	, ,	(MRM) tape: N=No, Y=Yes
EXITPARML	SMALLINT	For a row describing a field procedure, the length of the field
		procedure parameter value block.
PARMLIST	VARCHAR(735)	For a row describing a field procedure, the parameter list
	` ′	following FIELDPROC in the statement that created the
		column, with insignificant blanks removed.
EXITPARM	VARCHAR(1530)	For a row describing a field procedure, the parameter value
	FOR BIT DATA	block of the field procedure (the control block passed to the field
		procedure when it is invoked).

# SYSIBM.SYSFOREIGNKEYS

Contains one row for every column of every foreign key.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
CREATOR	VARCHAR(128)	Authorization ID of the owner of the table that contains the column.
TBNAME	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the table that contains the column.
RELNAME	VARCHAR(128)	Constraint name for the constraint for which the column is part of
		the foreign key.
COLNAME	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the column.
COLNO	SMALLINT	Numeric place of the column in its table.
COLSEQ	SMALLINT	Numeric place of the column in the foreign key.
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	Whether the row came from the basic machine-readable material
		(MRM) tape: N=No, Y=Yes

## SYSIBM.SYSINDEXES

Contains one row for every index.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
NAME	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the index.
CREATOR	VARCHAR(128)	Schema of the owner of the index.
TBNAME	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the table on which the index is defined.
TBCREATOR	VARCHAR(128)	Schema of the owner of the table.
UNIQUERULE	CHAR(1)	Whether the index is unique:

Column Name	Data Type	Description
		D No (duplicates are allowed)
		U Yes
		P Yes, and it is a primary index (As in prior releases of
		DB2, a value of P is used for primary keys that are used
		to enforce a referential constraint.)
		C Yes, and it is an index used to enforce UNIQUE constraint
		N Yes, and it is defined with UNIQUE WHERE
		R Yes, and it is an index used to enforce the uniqueness of a non-primary parent key
		<b>G</b> Yes, and it is an index used to enforce the uniqueness of values in a column defined as ROWID GENERATED BY DEFAULT.
		X Yes, and it is an index used to enformce the uniqueness
		of values in a column that contains XML data
COLCOUNT	SMALLINT	The number of columns in the key.
CLUSTERING	CHAR(1)	Whether CLUSTER was specified when the index was
	, ,	created:
		N No
		Y Yes
CLUSTERED	CHAR(1)	Whether the table is actually clustered by the index:
		N A significant number of rows are not in clustering
		order, or statistics have not been gathered.
		Y Most of the rows are in clustering order.
		blank Not applicable.
		This is an updatable column that can also be changed by the
		RUNSTATS utility.
DBID	SMALLINT	Internal identifier of the database.
OBID	SMALLINT	Internal identifier of the index fan set descriptor.
ISOBID	SMALLINT	Internal identifier of the index page set descriptor.
DBNAME	VARCHAR(24)	Name of the database that contains the index.
INDEXSPACE	VARCHAR(24)	Name of the index space.
	INTEGER	Not used.
	INTEGER	Not used.
NLEAF	INTEGER	Number of active leaf pages in the index. The value is -1 if
		statistics have not been gathered. This is an updatable
		column.
NLEVELS	SMALLINT	Number of levels in the index tree. If the index is partitioned,
		it is the maximum of the number of levels in the index tree for
		all the partitions. The value is -1 if statistics have not been
PPOOL	OLIAD(O)	gathered. This is an updatable column.
BPOOL	CHAR(8)	Name of the buffer pool used for the index.
PGSIZE	SMALLINT	Contains the value 4, 8, 16, or 32 which indicates the size, in KB, of the leaf pages in the index.
ERASERULE	CHAR(1)	Whether the data sets are erased when dropped. The value
		is
		meaningless if the index is partitioned:
		N No
01 00 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	OLIAD(4)	Y Yes
CLOSERULE	CHAR(1)	Whether the data sets are candidates for closure when the
		limit on the number of open data sets is reached:
		N No
		Y Yes

250 DB2<sup>®</sup> 9 for z/OS

Column Name	Data Type	Description
SPACE	INTEGER	Number of kilobytes of DASD storage allocated to the index, as determined by the last execution of the STOSPACE utility. The value is 0 if the index is not related to a storage group, or if STOSPACE has not been run. If the index space is partitioned, the value is the total kilobytes of DASD storage allocated to all partitions that are defined in a storage group.
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	Whether the row came from the basic machine-readable material (MRM) tape: N=No, Y=Yes
CLUSTERRATIO	SMALLINT	Percentage of rows that are in clustering order. For a partitioning index, it is the weighted average of all index partitions in terms of the number of rows in the partition. The value is 0 if statistics have not been gathered. The value is -2 if the index is for an auxiliary table. This is an updatable column.
CREATEDBY	VARCHAR(128)	Primary authorization ID of the user who created the index.
STATSTIME	TIMESTAMP	If RUNSTATS updated the statistics, the date and time when the last invocation of RUNSTATS updated the statistics. The default value is '0001-01-01.00.00.00.000000'. This is an updatable column.
INDEXTYPE	CHAR(1)	The index type:  2    Type 2 index  blank    Type 1 index  D    Data partitioned secondary index  P    Partitioning index
FIRSTKEYCARDF	FLOAT	Number of distinct values of the first key column. This number is an estimate if updated while collecting statistics on a single partition. The value is -1 if statistics have not been gathered. This is an updatable column.
FULLKEYCARDF	FLOAT	Number of distinct values of the key. The value is -1 if statistics have not been gathered. This is an updatable column.
CREATEDTS	TIMESTAMP	Time when the CREATE statement was executed for the index. If the index was created in a DB2 release prior to Version 5, the value is '0001-01-01.00.00.00.000000'.
ALTEREDTS	TIMESTAMP	Time when the most recent ALTER INDEX statement was executed for the index. If no ALTER INDEX statement has been applied, ALTEREDTS has the value of CREATEDTS. If the index was created in a DB2 release prior to Version 5, the value is '0001-01-01.00.00.00.000000'.
PIECESIZE	INTEGER	Maximum size of a data set in kilobytes for non-partitioning indexes. A value of zero (0) indicates that the index is a partitioning index or that the index was created in a DB2 release prior to Version 5.
COPY	CHAR(1)	Whether COPY YES was specified for the index, which indicates if the index can be copied and if SYSIBM.SYSLGRNX recording is enabled for the index.  N No Y Yes
COPYLRSN	CHAR(6)	The value can be either an RBA or LRSN. (LRSN is only for data sharing.) If the index is currently defined as COPY YES, the value is the RBA or LRSN when the index was created with COPY YES or altered to COPY YES, not the current

		DB2 92/03 Releience Guide
Column Name	Data Type	Description
		RBA or LRSN. If the index is currently defined as COPY NO, the value is set to X'000000000000' if the index was created with COPY NO; otherwise, if the index was altered to COPY NO, the value in COPYLRSN is not changed when the index is altered to COPY NO.
CLUSTERRATIOF	FLOAT	When multiplied by 100, the value of the column is the percentage of rows that are in clustering order. For example, a value of .9125 indicates 91.25%. For a partitioning index, it is the weighted average of all index partitions in terms of the number of rows in the partition. The value is 0 if statistics have not been gathered. The value is -2 if the index is for an auxiliary table, a node ID index or an XML index. This is an updatable column.
SPACEF	FLOAT(8)	Kilobytes of DASD storage. The value is –1 if statistics have not been gathered. This is an updatable column.
REMARKS	VARCHAR(762)	A character field string provided by the user with the COMMENT ON statement.
PADDED	CHAR(1)	Indicates whether keys within the index will be padded for vary-length column data.  Y The index contains varying length character or graphic data is padded  N The index contains varying length characters or graphic data that is not padded  Blank The index does not contain varying length or graphic data
VERSION	SMALLINT	The version of the data row format for the index.
OLDEST_VERSION	SMALLINT	The version number describing the oldest format of the data in the index space and any image copies of the index
CURRENT_VERSION	SMALLINT	The version number describing the newest format of the data in the index space. 0 indicates no versioning.
RELCREATED	CHAR(1)	Release of DB2 use to the object. Blank if before V8.
AVGKEYLEN	INTEGER	Average key length within the index.
KEYTARGET_COUNT	SMALLINT	The number of key-targets for an extended index. The value is 0 for a simple index.
UNIQUE_COUNT	SMALLINT	The value is 0 for a simple index or if the index has no unique key. Otherwise, the value is the number of key-targets that are required for the unique key of the index.
IX_EXTENSION_ TYPE	CHAR(1)	Identifies the type of extended index: blank Simple index S Index on a scalar expression N node ID index V XML index
COMPRESS	CHAR(1)	Indicates whether index compression is active:  N Index compression is not active Y Index compression is active
OWNER	VARCHAR(128)	Authorization ID of the owner of the index, empty string for indexes created in a DB2 release prior to Version 9.
OWNERTYPE	CHAR(1)	Indicates the type of owner: blank Authorization ID L Role
DATAREPEAT FACTORF	FLOAT	The anticipated number of data pages that will be touched following an index key order. This statistic is only collected when the STATCLUS subsystem parameter is set to ENHANCED. This number is -1 if statistics have not been

Column Name	Data Type	Description
		collected. The valid value is -1 or any value that is equal to or greater than 1. This is an updatable column.
ENVID	INTEGER	Internal environment identifier.

# SYSIBM.SYSINDEXES\_HIST

Contains rows from SYSINDEXES. Whenever rows are added or changed in SYSINDEXES, the rows are also written to the new history table. Rows in this table can be inserted, updated, and deleted.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
NAME	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the index.
CREATOR	VARCHAR(128)	Schema of the owner of the index.
TBNAME	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the table on which the index is defined.
TBCREATOR	VARCHAR(128)	Schema of the owner of the table.
CLUSTERING	CHAR(1)	Whether CLUSTER was specified when the index was created:
		N No
		Y Yes
NLEAF	INTEGER	Number of active leaf pages in the index. The value is -1 if
		statistics have not been gathered.
NLEVELS	SMALLINT	Number of levels in the index tree .If the index is partitioned, it is
		the maximum of the number of levels in the index tree for all the
		partitions. The value is -1 if statistics have not been gathered.
STATSTIME	TIMESTAMP	If RUNSTATS updated the statistics ,the date and time when the
		last invocation of RUNSTATS updated the statistics. The default
FIDOTICEVOADDE	FLOAT(O)	value is '0001-01-01.00.00.00.000000'.
FIRSTKEYCARDF	FLOAT(8)	Number of distinct values of the first key column. This number is
		an estimate if updated while collecting statistics on a single
FULLYEVOADDE	FLOAT(0)	partition. The value is -1 if statistics have not been gathered.
FULLKEYCARDF	FLOAT(8)	Number of distinct values of the key. The value is -1 if statistics have not been gathered.
CLUSTERRATIOF	FLOAT(8)	Percentage of rows that are in clustering order. For a partitioning
CLUSTERRATIOF	FLOAT(6)	index, it is the weighted average of all index partitions in terms of
		the number of rows in the partition. The value is 0 if statistics have
		not been gathered. The value is -2 if the index is for an auxiliary
		table.
SPACEF	FLOAT(8)	Number of kilobytes of DASD storage allocated to the index space
0.7.02.	. 20/11(0)	partition. The value is -1 if statistics have not been gathered.
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	A value of Y indicates that the row came from the basic
IDIVINLQD	CHAR(1)	machine-readable material (MRM) tape.
AVGKEYLEN	INTEGER	Average key length within the index.
DATAREPEAT	FLOAT	The anticipated number of data pages that will be touched
FACTORF		following an index key order. This statistic is only collected when
		the STATCLUS subsystem parameter is set to ENHANCED. This
		number is -1 if statistics have not been collected. The valid value
		is -1 or any value that is equal to or greater than 1. This is an
		updatable column.

# SYSIBM.SYSINDEXPART

Contains one row for each non-partitioning secondary index and one row for each partition of a partitioning index or data partitioned secondary index.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
PARTITION	SMALLINT	Partition number; Zero if index is not partitioned.
IXNAME	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the index.
IXCREATOR	VARCHAR(128)	Schema of the owner of the index.
PQTY	INTEGER	Primary space allocation in units of 4KB storage blocks. For user-managed data sets, the value is set to the primary space allocation only if RUNSTATS INDEX with UPDATE(ALL) or UPDATE(SPACE) is executed; otherwise, the value is zero.
SQTY	SMALLINT	Secondary space allocation in units of 4KB storage blocks. For user-managed data sets, the value is set to the secondary space allocation only if RUNSTATS INDEX with UPDATE(ALL) or UPDATE(SPACE) is executed; otherwise, the value is zero. If the value does not fit into the column, the value of the column is 0. See the description of column SECQTYI.
STORTYPE	CHAR(1)	Type of storage allocation:  E Explicit, and STORNAME names an integrated catalog facility catalog  I Implicit, and STORNAME names a storage group
STORNAME	VARCHAR(128)	Name of storage group or integrated catalog facility catalog used for space allocation.
VCATNAME	VARCHAR(24)	Name of integrated catalog facility catalog used for space allocation.
LEAFDIST	INTEGER	100 times the average number of leaf pages between successive active leaf pages of the index. The value is -1 if statistics have not been gathered. The value is -2 if the index is a node ID index or an XML index.
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	Whether the row came from the basic machine-readable material (MRM) tape: N=No, Y=Yes
LIMITKEY	VARCHAR(512)	The high value of the limit key of the partition in an internal format. Zero if the index is not partitioned. If any column of the key has a field procedure, the internal format is the encoded form of the value.
FREEPAGE	SMALLINT	Number of pages that are loaded before a page is left as free space.
PCTFREE	SMALLINT	Percentage of each leaf or non-leaf page that is left as free space.
SPACE	INTEGER	Number of kilobytes of DASD storage allocated to the index space partition, as determined by the last execution of the STOSPACE utility. The value is 0 if STOSPACE or RUNSTATS has not been run. The value is updated by STOSPACE if the index is related to a storage group. The value is updated by RUNSTATS if the utility is executed as RUNSTATS INDEX with UPDATE(ALL) or UPDATE(SPACE). The value is -1 if the index was defined with the DEFINE NO clause, which defers the physical creation of the data sets until data is first inserted into the index, and data has yet to be inserted into the index.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
STATSTIME	TIMESTAMP	If RUNSTATS updated the statistics, the date and time
		when the last invocation of RUNSTATS updated the
		statistics. The default value is '0001-01-
		01.00.00.00.000000'.
GBPCACHE	CHAR(1)	Group buffer pool cache option specified for this index or
		index partition.
		blank Only changed pages are cached in the group
		buffer pool.
		A Changed and unchanged pages are cached in
		the group buffer pool.
		N No data is cached in the group buffer pool.
FAROFFPOSF	FLOAT	Number of referred to rows far from optimal position
		because of an insert into a full page. The value is -1 if
		statistics have not been gathered. The value is -2 if the
		index is a node ID index or an XML index. The column is
		not applicable for an index on an auxiliary table.
NEAROFFPOSF	FLOAT	Number of referred to rows near, but not at optimal
		position, because of an insert into a full page. The value is
		-2 if the index is a node ID index or an XML index.
		Not applicable for an index on an auxiliary table.
CARDF	FLOAT	Number of keys in the index that refer to data rows or
		LOBs. The value is -1 if statistics have not been
		gathered.
SECQTYI	INTEGER	Secondary space allocation in units of 4KB storage. For
		user-managed data sets, the value is the secondary
		space allocation in units of 4KB blocks if RUNSTATS
		INDEX with UPDATE(SPACE) or UPDATE(ALL) is
		executed; otherwise, the value is zero.
IPREFIX	CHAR(1)	The first character of the instance qualifier for this index's
		data set name. 'I' or 'J' are the only valid characters for
		this field.
ALTEREDTS	TIMESTAMP	Time when the most recent ALTER INDEX statement was
		executed for the index. If no ALTER INDEX statement has
		been applied, the value is '0001-01-01.00.00.00.000000'.
SPACEF	FLOAT(8)	Kilobytes of DASD storage. The value is –1 if statistics
		have not been gathered. This is an updatable column.
DSNUM	INTEGER	Number of data sets. The value is –1 if statistics have not
EVIENTO	INTEGER	been gathered. This is an updatable column.
EXTENTS	INTEGER	Number of data set extents. The value is –1 if statistics
DOELIDO DEL ELITRICO	INTEGES	have not been gathered. This is an updatable column.
PSEUDO_DEL_ENTRIES	INTEGER	Number of pseudo deleted entries (entries that are
		logically deleted but still physically present in the index).
		For a non-unique index, value is the number of RIDs that
		are pseudo deleted. For a unique index, the value is the
		number of keys and RIDs that are pseudo deleted. The value is –1 if statistics have not been gathered. This is an
		9
LEAFNEAR	INTEGER	updatable column.  Number of leaf pages physically near previous leaf page
LEAFNEAK	INTEGER	for successive active leaf pages. The value is –1 if
		statistics have not been gathered. This is an updatable
		column.
		COIGITIII.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
LEAFFAR	INTEGER	Number of leaf pages located physically far away from previous leaf pages for successive (active leaf) pages accessed in an index scan. The value is –1 if statistics have not been gathered. This is an updatable column.
OLDEST_VERSION	SMALLINT	The version numbers describing the oldest formt of data in the index part and any image copies of the index part.
CREATEDTS	TIMESTAMP	Time when the partition was created.
AVGKEYLEN	INTEGER	Average length of keys within the index.

# SYSIBM.SYSINDEXPART\_HIST

Contains rows from SYSINDEXPART. Whenever rows are added or changed in SYSINDEXPART, the rows are also written to the new history table. Rows in this table can be inserted, updated, and deleted.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
PARTITION	SMALLINT	Partition number; zero if index is not partitioned.
IXNAME	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the index.
IXCREATOR	VARCHAR(128)	Schema of the owner of the index.
PQTY	INTEGER	Primary space allocation in units of 4KB storage blocks.
		Zero if a storage group is used.
SECQTYI	INTEGER	Secondary space allocation in units of 4KB storage. Zero
		if a storage group is used.
LEAFDIST	INTEGER	100 times the average number of leaf pages between
		successive active leaf pages of the index. The value is -1
		if statistics have not been gathered.
SPACEF	INTEGER	Number of kilobytes of DASD storage allocated to the
		index space partition. The value is -1 if statistics have not
		been gathered.
STATSTIME	TIMESTAMP	If RUNSTATS updated the statistics, the date and time
		when the last invocation of RUNSTATS updated the
		statistics. The default value is '0001-01-
		01.00.00.00.000000'.
FAROFFPOSF	FLOAT	Number of referred to rows far from optimal position
		because of an insert into a full page. The value is -1 if
		statistics have not been gathered. The column is not
115150555005		applicable for an index on an auxiliary table.
NEAROFFPOSF	FLOAT	Number of referred to rows near, but not at optimal
		position, because of an insert into a full page. Not
OARRE	FLOAT	applicable for an index on an auxiliary table.
CARDF	FLOAT	Number of keys in the index that refer to data rows or
EVENTO	INTEGER	LOBs. The value is -1 if statistics have not been gathered.
EXTENTS	INTEGER	Number of data set extents. The value is -1 if statistics
DOELIDO DEL ENTRIEO	INITEGER	have not been gathered.
PSEUDO_DEL_ENTRIES	INTEGER	Number of pseudo deleted entries. The value is -1 if
DCNIIIM	INTEGED	statistics have not been gathered.
DSNUM	INTEGER	Data set number within the tablespace. For partitioned
		index spaces, this value corresponds to the partition
		number for a single partition copy, or 0 for a copy of an
		entire partitioned index space. The value is -1 if statistics
		have not been gathered.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	A value of Y indicates that the row came from the basic machine-readable material (MRM) tape
LEAFNEAR	INTEGER	Number of leaf pages physically near previous leaf page for successive active leaf pages. The value is -1 if statistics have not been gathered. This is an updatable column.
LEAFFAR	INTEGER	Number of leaf pages located physically far away from previous leaf pages for successive (active leaf) pages accessed in an index scan. The value is -1 if statistics have not been gathered. This is an updatable column.
AVGKEYLEN	INTEGER	Average length of keys within the index.

# SYSIBM.SYSINDEXSPACESTATS

Contains real time statistics for index spaces. Rows in this table can inserted, updated and deleted.

Column name	Data type	Description
UPDATESTATSTIME	TIMESTAMP	The timestamp when the row was inserted or last updated.
NLEVELS	SMALLINT	The number of levels in the index tree
		A null value indicates that the number of levels is unknown.
NPAGES	INTEGER	The number of distinct pages with active rows in the
		associated table. This is an updatable column.
NLEAF	INTEGER	The number of leaf pages in the index. This is an updatable
		column.
NACTIVE	INTEGER	The number of active pages in the index space or partition.
		This value is equivalent to the number of preformatted
		pages. A null value indicates that the number of active
		pages is unknown.
SPACE	INTEGER	The amount of space, in KB, that is allocated to the index
		space or partition. For multi-piece linear page sets, this
		value is the amount of space in all data sets. A null value
		indicates the amount of space is unknown.
EXTENTS	SMALLINT	The number of extents in the index space or partition. For
		multi-piece index spaces, this value is the number of extents
		for the last data set. For a data set that is striped across
		multiple volumes, the value is the number of logical extents.
		A null value indicates the number of extents is unknown.
LOADRLASTTIME	TIMESTAMP	The timestamp of the last LOAD REPLACE on the index
		space or partition.
		A null value indicates that the LOAD REPLACE utility has
		never been run on the index space or partition or that the
DEDLIN DI ACTTIME	TIMESTAMB	timestamp is unknown.
REBUILDLASTTIME	TIMESTAMP	The timestamp of the last REBUILD INDEX on the index
		space or partition.
		A null value indicates that the timestamp that the REBUILD
DEODOL ACTUME	TIMESTAMB	INDEX was last run is unknown.
REORGLASTTIME	TIMESTAMP	The timestamp of the last REORG INDEX on the index
		space or partition.
		A null value indicates that the REORG INDEX utility has
		never been run on the index space or partition or that the

		timostoma is unknown
DEODOINGEDTO	INTEGER	timestamp is unknown.
REORGINSERTS	INTEGER	The number of index entries that have been inserted since the last REORG, REBUILD INDEX, or LOAD REPLACE on
		the index space or partition.
		A null value indicates that the number of inserted index
		entries is unknown.
REORGDELETES	INTEGER	The number of index entries that have been deleted since
		the last REORG, REBUILD INDEX, or LOAD REPLACE on
		the index space or partition
		A null value indicates that the number of deleted index
		entries is unknown.
REORGAPPENDINSERT	INTEGER	The number of index entries that have been inserted since the last REORG, REBUILD INDEX, or LOAD REPLACE on
		the index space or partition that have a key value that is greater than the maximum key value in the index or
		partition.
		A null value indicates that the number of inserted index
		entries is unknown.
REORGPSEUDODELETES	INTEGER	The number of index entries that have been pseudo-deleted
		since the last REORG, REBUILD INDEX, or LOAD
		REPLACE on the index space or partition. A pseudo-delete
		is a RID entry that has been marked as deleted.
		A null value indicates that the number of pseudo-deleted
		index entries is unknown.
REORGMASSDELETE	INTEGER	The number of mass deletes from a segmented or LOB
		table space, or the number of dropped tables from a
		segmented table space since the last time the REORG or
		LOAD REPLACE utilities were run. A null value indicates
DEODOLEAENEAD	INITEGES	that the number of mass deletes is unknown.
REORGLEAFNEAR	INTEGER	The number of index page splits that occurred since the last
		REORG, REBUILD INDEX, or LOAD REPLACE in which the higher part of the split page was near the location of the
		original page. The higher part of a split page is near the
		original page if the two page numbers differ by 16 or less.
		A null value means that the number of split pages near their
		original pages is unknown.
REORGLEAFFAR	INTEGER	The number of index page splits that occurred since the last
		REORG, REBUILD INDEX, or LOAD REPLACE in which
		the higher part of the split page was far from the location of
		the original page. The higher part of a split page is far from
		the original page if the two page numbers differ by more than 16.
		A null value means that the number of split pages near their
		original pages is unknown.
REORGNUMLEVELS	INTEGER	The number of levels in the index tree that were added or
		removed since the last REORG, REBUILD INDEX, or LOAD REPLACE.
		A null value means that the number of added or deleted
		levels is unknown.
STATSLASTTIME	TIMESTAMP	The timestamp of the last RUNSTATS on the index space or
		partition.
		A null value means that RUNSTATS has never been run on
		the index space or partition, or that the timestamp of the last
		RUNSTATS is unknown.

STATSINSERTS	INTEGER	The number of records or LOBs that have been inserted into the table space or partition since the last time that the RUNSTATS utility was run. A null value indicates that the number of inserted records or LOBs is unknown.
STATSDELETES	INTEGER	The number of index entries that have been deleted since the last RUNSTATS on the index space or partition. A null value means that the number of deleted index entries is unknown.
STATSMASSDELETE	INTEGER	The number of times that the index or index space partition was mass deleted since the last RUNSTATS.  A null value means that the number of mass deletes is unknown.
COPYLASTTIME	TIMESTAMP	The timestamp of the last full image copy on the index space or partition.  A null value means that COPY has never been run on the index space or partition, or that the timestamp of the last full image copy is unknown.
COPYUPDATEDPAGES	INTEGER	The number of distinct pages that have been updated since the last COPY.  A null value indicates that the number of updated pages is unknown.
COPYCHANGES	INTEGER	The number of insert or delete operations since the last COPY.  A null value indicates that the number of insert, update, and delete operations is unknown.
COPYUPDATELRSN	CHAR(6)	The LRSN or RBA of the first update after the last COPY. A null value indicates that the LRSN or RBA is unknown.
COPYUPDATETIME	TIMESTAMP	The timestamp of the first update after the last COPY. A null value indicates that the timestamp is unknown.
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	A value of Y indicates that the row came from the basic machine-readable material (MRM) tape.
DBID	SMALLINT	The internal identifier of the database.
ISOBID	SMALLINT	The internal identifier of the index space page set descriptor.
PSID	SMALLINT	The internal identifier of the table space page set descriptor for the table space associated with the index.
PARTITION	SMALLINT	The data set number within the index space. For partitioned index spaces, this value corresponds to the partition number for a single partition. For non-partitioned table spaces, this value is 0.
INSTANCE	SMALLINT	Indicates if the object is associated with data set 1 or 2. This is an updatable column.
TOTALENTRIES	FLOAT	The number of entries, including duplicate entries, in the index space or partition.  A null value indicates that the number of entries is unknown.
DBNAME	CHAR(8)	The name of the database.
NAME	CHAR(8)	The name of the index.
CREATOR	VARCHAR(1 28)	The schema of the index.
INDEXSPACE	VARCHAR(1 28)	The name of the index space.
LASTUSED	DATE	The date when the index is used for SELECT, FETCH, searched UPDATE, searched DELETE, or used to enforce

	·
	referential integrity constraints. The default value is
	1/1/0001.

#### SYSIBM.SYSINDEXSTATS

Contains one row for each partition of a partitioning index or a data partitioned secondary index. Rows in this table can be inserted, updated, and deleted.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
FIRSTKEYCARD	INTEGER	For the index partition, number of distinct values of the first
		key column.
FULLKEYCARD	INTEGER	For the index partition, number of distinct values of the key.
NLEAF	INTEGER	Number of active leaf pages in the index partition.
NLEVELS	SMALLINT	Number of levels in the partition index tree.
CLUSTERRATIO	SMALLINT	For the index partition, the percentage of rows that are in
		clustering order. The value is 0 if statistics have not been
STATSTIME	TIMESTAMP	gathered.  If RUNSTATS updated the statistics, the date and time
STATSTIVE	TIIVIESTAIVIE	when the last invocation of RUNSTATS updated the statistics.
		The default value is '0001-01-01.00.00.00.000000'.
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	Whether the row came from the basic machine-readable material
	. ,	(MRM) tape: N=No, Y=Yes
PARTITION	SMALLINT	Partition number of the index.
OWNER	VARCHAR(128)	Schema of the owner of the index.
NAME	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the index.
KEYCOUNT	INTEGER	Total number of rows in the partition.
FIRSTKEYCARDF	FLOAT	For the index partition, number of distinct values of the first
		key column.
FULLKEYCARDF	FLOAT	For the index partition, number of distinct values of the key.
KEYCOUNTF	FLOAT	Total number of rows in the partition.
CLUSTERRATIOF	FLOAT	For the index partition, the value, when multiplied by 100,
		is the percentage of rows that are in clustering order. For
		example, a value of .9125 indicates 91.25%. The value is 0
		if statistics have not been gathered.
DATAREPEAT	FLOAT	The anticipated number of data pages that will be touched
FACTORF		following an index key order. This statistic is only collected when
		the STATCLUS subsystem parameter is set to ENHANCED. This
		number is -1 if statistics have not been collected. The valid value
		is -1 or any value that is equal to or greater than 1. This is an
		updatable column.

#### SYSIBM.SYSINDEXSTATS\_HIST

Contains rows from SYSINDEXSTATS. Whenever rows are added or changed in SYSINDEXSTATS, the rows are also written to the new history table. Rows in this table can be inserted, updated, and deleted.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
NLEAF	INTEGER	Number of active leaf pages in the index partition. The value is
		-1 if statistics have not been gathered.
NLEVELS	SMALLINT	Number of levels in the partition index tree. The value is -1 if
		statistics have not been gathered.
STATSTIME	TIMESTAMP	If RUNSTATS updated the statistics, the date and time
		when the last invocation of RUNSTATS updated the statistics.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
		The default value is '0001-01-01.00.00.00.000000'.
PARTITION	SMALLINT	Partition number of the index.
OWNER	VARCHAR(128)	Schema of the owner of the index.
NAME	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the index.
FIRSTKEYCARDF	FLOAT	For the index partition, number of distinct values of the first
		key column. The value is -1 if statistics have not been gathered.
FULLKEYCARDF	FLOAT	For the index partition, number of distinct values of the key. The
		value is -1 if statistics have not been gathered.
KEYCOUNTF	FLOAT	Total number of rows in the partition. The value is -1 if statistics
		have not been gathered.
CLUSTERRATIOF	FLOAT	For the index partition, the value, when multiplied by 100,
		is the percentage of rows that are in clustering order. For
		example, a value of .9125 indicates 91.25%. The value is 0
		if statistics have not been gathered.
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	A value of Y indicates that the row came from the basic
		machine-readable material (MRM) tape.
DATAREPEAT	FLOAT	The anticipated number of data pages that will be touched
FACTORF		following an index key order. This statistic is only collected when
		the STATCLUS subsystem parameter is set to ENHANCED. This
		number is -1 if statistics have not been collected. The valid value
		is -1 or any value that is equal to or greater than 1. This is an
		updatable column.

# SYSIBM.SYSJARCLASS\_SOURCE

Auxiliary table for SYSIBM.SYSCONTENTS, which contains the source code for a Java stored procedure.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
CLASS_SOURCE	CLOB(10M)	The contents of the class in the jar file.

#### SYSIBM.SYSJARCONTENTS

Contains Java class source for installed jar.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
JARSCHEMA	VARCHAR(128)	The schema of the jar file.
JAR_ID	VARCHAR(128)	The name of the jar file.
CLASS	VARCHAR(384)	The class name contained in the jar file.
CLASS_SOURCE_ROWID	ROWID	ID used to support CLOB data type.
CLASS_SOURCE	CLOB(10M)	The contents of the class in the jar file.
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	A value of Y indicates that the row came from the basic machine-readable material (MRM) tape.

# SYSIBM.SYSJARDATA

 $\label{lem:auxiliary table for SYSIBM. SYSJAROBJECTS. \\$ 

Column Name	Data Type	Description
JAR_DATA	BLOB(100M)	The contents of the jar file.

# SYSIBM.SYSJAROBJECTS

Contains binary large object representing the installed jar.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
JARSCHEMA	VARCHAR(128)	The schema of the jar file.
JAR_ID	VARCHAR(128)	The name of the jar file.
OWNER	VARCHAR(128)	Authorization ID of the owner of the jar object.
JAR_DATA_ROWID	ROWID	ID used to support BLOB data type.
JAR_DATA	BLOB(100M)	The contents of the jar file. This is an updatable column.
PATH	VARCHAR(2048)	The URL path of the source jar file. This is an updatable
		column.
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	A value of Y indicates that the row came from the basic
		machine-readable material (MRM) tape.
CREATEDTS	TIMESTAMP	Time when the JAR object was created.
ALTEREDTS	TIMESTAMP	Time when the JAR object was altered.
OWNERTYPE	CHAR(1)	Indicates the type of owner:
		blank Authorization ID
		L Role

# SYSIBM.SYSJAVAOPTS

Contains build options used during INSTALL\_JAR.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
JARSCHEMA	VARCHAR(128)	The schema of the jar file.
JAR_ID	VARCHAR(128)	The name of the jar file.
BUILDSCHEMA	VARCHAR(128)	Schema name for BUILDNAME.
BUILDNAME	VARCHAR(128)	Procedure used to create the routine.
BUILDOWNER	VARCHAR(128)	Authorization ID used to create the routine.
DBMLIB	VARCHAR(256)	PDS name where DBRM is located.
HPJCOMPILE_OPTS	VARCHAR(512)	HPJ compile options used to install the routine.
BIND_OPTS	VARCHAR(2048)	Bind options used to install the routine.
POBJECT_LIB	VARCHAR(256)	PDSE name where program object is located.
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	A value of Y indicates that the row came from the basic
		machine-readable material (MRM) tape.

#### SYSIBM.SYSJAVAPATHS

Contains the complete JAR class resolution path, and records the dependencies that one JAR has on the JARs in its Java path.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
JARSCHEMA	VARCHAR(128)	The schema of the JAR file.
JAR_ID	VARCHAR(128)	The name of the JAR file.
OWNER	VARCHAR(128)	Authorization ID of the owner of the JAR object.
ORDINAL	SMALLINT	The ordinal number of the path element within the JAR's
		Java path.
PE_CLASS_PATTERN	VARCHAR(2048)	The pattern for the names of the classes that are to be
		searched for in this path element's JAR file.
PE_JARSCHEMA	VARCHAR(128)	The schema of this path element's JAR file.

PE_JAR_ID	VARCHAR(128)	The name of this path element's JAR file.
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	A value of Y indicates that the row came from the basic
		machine-readable material (MRM) tape.

# SYSIBM.SYSKEYCOLUSE

Contains a row for every column in a unique constraint (primary key or unique key) from the SYSIBM.SYSTABCONST table.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
CONSTNAME	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the constraint.
TBCREATOR	VARCHAR(128)	Authorization ID of the owner of the table on which the
		constraint is defined.
TBNAME	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the table on which the constraint is defined.
COLNAME	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the column.
COLSEQ	SMALLINT	Numeric position of the column in the key (the first position in the key is 1).
COLNO	SMALLINT	Numeric position of the column in the table on which the constraint is defined.
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	A value of Y indicates that the row came from the basic machine-readable material (MRM) tape.

#### SYSIBM.SYSKEYS

Contains one row for each column of an index key.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
IXNAME	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the index.
IXCREATOR	VARCHAR(128)	Authorization ID of the owner of the index.
COLNAME	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the column of the key.
COLNO	SMALLINT	Numeric position of the column in the table; for example, 4 (out of 10).
COLSEQ	SMALLINT	Numeric position of the column in the key; for example, 4 (out of 4). This value is meaningless for an index that is based on an expression.
ORDERING	CHAR(1)	Order of the column in the key: Blank index is based on an expression  A Ascending  D Descending  R Random
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	Whether the row came from the basic machine-readable material (MRM) tape: N=No, Y=Yes

# SYSIBM.SYSKEYTARGETS

Contains one row for each key-target that is participating in an extended index definition.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
IXNAME	VARCHAR(128)	Qualifier of the index.
IXSCHEMA	VARCHAR(128)	Numeric position of the key-target in the index.
KEYSEQ	SMALLINT	Numeric position of the key-target in the index.
COLNO	SMALLINT	Numeric position of the column in the table if the expression is a single column.

TYPESCHEMA TYPENAME DATATYPEID		Order of the key:
TYPENAME		A Ascending
	VARCHAR(128)	Schema of the data type.
DATATYPEID	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the data type.
	INTEGER	The internal ID of the data type.
SOURCETYPEID	INTEGER	For a built-in data type, this column contains 0. For a distinct
		type, this column contains the internal ID of the built-in type on
		which the distinct type is based.
LENGTH	SMALLINT	The length attribute of the key-target or its precision for a
		decimal key-target. The number does not include the internal
		prefixes that are used to record the actual length and null states,
		when applicable.
		Data type Value of the LENGTH column INTEGER 4
		SMALLINT 2
		FLOAT 4 or 8
		CHAR The length of the string
		VARCHAR The maximum length of the string
		DECIMAL The precision of the number
		GRAPHIC The number of DBCS characters
		VARGRAPHIC The maximum number of DBCS characters
		DATE 4
		TIME 3
		TIMESTAMP 10
		BIGINT 8
		BINARY The length of the string VARBINARY The
		maximum length of the string DECFLOAT 8
LENGTHO	WITEOED	or 16
LENGTH2	INTEGER	The maximum length of the data that is retrieved from the column. Possible values include the following values: 0 Not a
		ROWID column 40 For a ROWID
SCALE	SMALLINIT	
JOALL	SIVIALLIIVI	
NULLS	CHAR(1)	
	J(.)	
		Y Yes. Y also indicates that the index is an XML index.
CCSID	INTEGER	The CCSID of the key. CCSID contains 0 if the key is a non-
		character type key.
SUBTYPE	CHAR(1)	
		subtype of the data:
CDEATERTO	TIMECTAND	
		The release of DP2 is which the key target is created.
RELCREATED	CHAR(I)	
RELCREATED IBMREQD	VARCHAR(4000)	
RELCREATED	VARCHAR(4000)	For an index on a scalar expression, DERIVED_FROM contains
RELCREATED IBMREQD	VARCHAR(4000)	For an index on a scalar expression, DERIVED_FROM contains the text of the scalar expression that is used to generated the
RELCREATED IBMREQD	VARCHAR(4000)	For an index on a scalar expression, DERIVED_FROM contains
	SMALLINT CHAR(1)  INTEGER  CHAR(1)  TIMESTAMP CHAR(1) CHAR(1)	Y Yes. Y also indicates that the index is an XML index.  The CCSID of the key. CCSID contains 0 if the key is a non-character type key.  SUBTYPE applies to character keys only and indicated the

STATSTIME	TIMESTAMP	The timestamp of the most recent RUNSTATS. The default value is '0001-01-01.00.00.00.000000'. STATSTIME is an updatable column.	
CARDF	FLOAT	The number of distinct values for the key-target.	
HIGH2KEY	VARCHAR(2000)	The second highest key-value. HIGH2KEY is an updatable column.	
LOW2KEY	VARCHAR(2000)	The second lowest key-value. LOW2KEY is an updatable column.	
STATS_FORMAT	CHAR(1)	The type of statistics that are gathered:  N VARCHAR column statistical values are not padded blank Statistics have not been collects or VARCHAR column statistical values are padded STATS_FORMAT is an updatable column.	

#### SYSIBM.SYSKEYTARGETSTATS

The SYSIBM.SYSKEYTARGETSTATS table contains partition statistics for selected keytargets. For each key-target, a row exists for each partition in the table. Rows are inserted when RUNSTATS collects indexed key statistics or non-indexed key statistics for a partitioned table space. No row is inserted if the table space is non-partitioned. Rows in this table can be inserted, updated, and deleted.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
IXSCHEMA	VARCHAR(128)	The qualifier of the index.
IXNAME	VARCHAR(128)	The name of the index.
KEYSEQ	SMALLINT	Numeric position of the key-target in the index.
HIGHKEY	VARCHAR(2000)	The highest key value.
HIGH2KEY	VARCHAR(2000)	The second highest key-value.
LOWKEY	VARCHAR(2000)	The lowest key value.
LOW2KEY	VARCHAR(2000)	The second lowest key-value.
PARTITION	SMALLINT	The partition number of the table space.
STATSTIME	TIMESTAMP	The timestamp of the most recent RUNSTATS. The default
		value is '0001-01-01.00.00.00.000000'.
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	A value of Y indicates that the row came from the basic
		machine-readable material (MRM) tape.
STATS_FORMAT	FLOAT	Number of distinct values for the key target.
CARDF	FLOAT	Number of distinct values for the key target.

#### SYSIBM.SYSKEYTARGETS\_HIST

Contains rows from the SYSKEYTARGETS table. Whenever rows are added or changed in SYSKEYTARGETS, the rows are also written to this table. Rows in this table can be inserted, updated, and deleted.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
IXNAME	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the index.
IXSCHEMA	VARCHAR(128)	Qualifier of the index.
KEYSEQ	SMALLINT	Numeric position of the key-target in the index.
TYPESCHEMA	VARCHAR(128)	Schema of the data type.
TYPENAME	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the data type.
DATATYPEID	INTEGER	The internal ID of the data type.

 $DB2^{\circ}9$  for z/OS 265

SOURCETYPEID	INTEGER		ata type, this field contains 0. For a distinct
			contains the internal ID of the built-in type on
			nct type is based.
LENGTH	SMALLINT	Length attribute	e of the column or, in the case of a decimal
		column, its pre	cision. The number does not include the
			s that are used to record the actual length and
		null state, when	
		INTEGER	4
		SMALLINT	2
		FLOAT	4 or 8
		CHAR	Length of string
		VARCHAR	Maximum length of string
		LONGVAR	Maximum length of string (prior to V9)
		DECIMAL	Precision of number
		GRAPHIC	Number of DBCS characters
		LONGVARG	Maximum number of DBCS char.(prior to V9)  Maximum number of DBCS characters
		DATE	4
		TIME	3
		TIMESTMP	10
		BLOB	4 – The length of the field that is stored in the
			base table. The maximum length of the LOB
			column is found in LENGTH2
		CLOB	4 – The length of the field that is stored in the
			base table. The maximum length of the
			CLOB column is found in LENGTH2
		DBCLOB	4 – The length of the field that is stored in
			the base table. The maximum length of the
			CLOB column is found in LENGTH2
		ROWID	17 – The maximum length of the stored
			portion of the identifier
		DISTINCT	The length of the source data type
		XML	6
		BIGINT	8
		BINARY	Length of String
		VARBINARY	Maximum length of string
		DECFLOAT	8 or 16
LENGTH2	INTEGER		length of the data that is retrieved from the
			ble values include the following values: 0 Not a
			n 40 For a ROWID column, the length of the
		value that is re	, 5
SCALE	SMALLINT		ecimal data. SCALE contains 0 if the key is not
JUALL	SIVIALLINI	a decimal key.	comai data. SOALL contains on the key is not
		a decimal key.	

# SYSIBM.SYSKEYTGTDIST

The SYSIBM.SYSKEYTGTDIST table contains one or more rows for the first key-target of an extended index key. Rows in this table can be inserted, updated, and deleted.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
STATSTIME	TIMESTAMP	If the RUNSTATS utility updated the statistics, this column
		contains the date and time when the last invocation of
		RUNSTATS updated the statistics. The default value is

		'0001-01-01.00.00.000000'.
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	The qualifier of the index.
IXSCHEMA	VARCHAR(128)	The name of the index.
IXNAME	VARCHAR(128)	The numeric position of the key-target in the index.
KEYSEQ	SMALLINT	The numeric position of the key-target in the index.
KEYVALUE	VARCHAR(2000)	KEYVALUE contains the data of a frequently occurring
		value. If the value has a non-character data type, the data
		might not be printable.
TYPE		The type of statistics that are gathered:
		C Cardinality
		F Frequent value
		N Non-padded frequent value
		H Histogram statistics
CARDF	FLOAT	When TYPE='C', CARDF contains the number of distinct
		values for the key group.
		When TYPE='H', CARDF contains the number of distinct
		values for the key group in a quantile indicated by
VEVODOLIDIZEVALO	\/ADOLIAD(054)	QUANTILENO.
KEYGROUPKEYNO	VARCHAR(254)	KEYGROUPKEYNO contains a value that identifies the set
		of keys that are associated with the statistics.  KEYGROUPKEYNO contains 0 if the statistics are only
		associated with a single key. If the statistics are associated
		with more than a single key, KEYGROUPKEYNO contains
		an array of SMALLINT key numbers with
NUMKEYS	SMALLINT	The number of keys that are associated with the statistics.
FREQUENCYF	FLOAT	When TYPE='F' or 'N', FREQUENCYF contains the
TREQUENCTI	ILOAI	percentage of entries in the index that have the value that
		is specified in KEYVALUE when the number of entries is
		multiplied by 100. For example, a value of 1 indicates 100
		percent. A value of .153 indicates 15.3 percent.
		When TYPE='H', FREQUENCYF contains the percentage
		of entries in the index that have a value that is in the range
		of the quantile that is indicated in QUALTILENO.
QUANTILENO	SMALLINT	QUANTILENO contains an ordinary sequence number of a
		quantile in the whole consecutive value range, from low to
		high.
LOWVALUE	VARCHAR(2000)	When TYPE='H', LOWVALUE contains the lower bound for
		the quantile that is in QUANTILENO. LOWVALUE is not
		used if TYPE does not equal 'H'.
HIGHVALUE	VARCHAR(2000)	When TYPE='H', HIGHVALUE contains the upper bound
		for the quantile that is in QUANTILENO. HIGHVALUE is
		not used if TYPE does not equal 'H'.

#### SYSIBM.SYSKEYTGTDISTSTATS

The SYSIBM.SYSKEYTGTDISTSTATS table contains zero or more rows per partition for the first key-target of a data-partitioned secondary index. Rows are inserted when RUNSTATS scans a data-partitioned secondary index. No row is inserted if the index is a secondary index. Rows in this table can be inserted, updated, and deleted.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
STATSTIME	TIMESTAMP	If RUNSTATS updated the statistics, STATSTIME contains the

		timestamp of the most recent RUNSTATS. The default value is '0001-01-01.00.00.00.0000000'.
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	A value of Y indicates that the row came from the basic machine-
	- ( )	readable material (MRM) tape.
PARTITION	SMALLINT	The partition number of the table space that contains the index in
1741111011	ON KEEN TI	which the key is defined.
IXSCHEMA	VARCHAR(128)	The qualifier of the index.
IXNAME	VARCHAR(128)	The name of the index.
KEYSEQ	SMALLINT	Numeric position of the key-target in the index.
KEYVALUE		
KEYVALUE	VARCHAR(2000)	KEYVALUE contains the data of a frequently occurring value. If the value has a non-character data type, the data might not be printable.
TYPE	CHAR(1)	The type of statistics that are gathered: C Cardinality F Frequent value N Non-padded frequent value H Histogram statistics
CARDF	FLOAT	When TYPE='C', CARDF contains the number of distinct values for the key group. When TYPE='H', CARDF contains the number of distinct values for the key group in the quantile that is in QUANTILENO.
KEYGROUPKE YNO	VARCHAR(254)	Identifies the set of keys that are associated with the statistics. If the statistics are only associated with a single key, KEYGROUPKEYNO contains a zero length value. Otherwise, KEYGROUPKEYNO contains an array of SMALLINT key numbers that have a dimension that is equal to the value in NUMKEYS.
NUMKEYS	SMALLINT	Identifies the number of keys that are associated with the statistics.
FREQUENCYF	FLOAT	When TYPE='F' or 'N', FREQUENCYF contains the percentage of entries in the index that have the value that is specified in KEYVALUE when the number of entries is multiplied by 100. For example, a value of 1 indicates 100 percent. A value of .153 indicates 15.3 percent. When TYPE='H', FREQUENCYF contains the percentage of entries in the index that have a value that is in the range of the quantile that is indicated in QUALTILENO.
QUANTILENO	SMALLINT	QUANTILENO contains an ordinary sequence number of a quantile in the whole consecutive value range, from low to high.
LOWVALUE	VARCHAR(2000)	When TYPE='H', LOWVALUE is the lower bound for the quantile that is indicated in QUANTILENO. LOWVALUE is not used if TYPE does not equal 'H'.
HIGHVALUE	VARCHAR(2000)	When TYPE='H', HIGHVALUE is the upper bound for the quantile that is indicated in QUANTILENO. HIGHVALUE is not used if TYPE does not equal 'H'.

# SYSIBM.SYSKEYTGTDIST\_HIST

The SYSIBM.SYSKEYTGTDIST\_HIST table contains rows from the SYSKEYTGTDIST table. Whenever rows are added or changed in SYSKEYTGTDIST, the rows are also written to this table. Rows in this table can be inserted, updated, and deleted.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
STATSTIME	TIMESTAMP	If the RUNSTATS utility updated the statistics, this column
		contains the date and time when the last invocation of RUNSTATS

		updated the statistics. The default value is '0001-01-01.00.00.00.000000'.
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	A value of Y indicates that the row came from the basic machine- readable material (MRM) tape.
IXSCHEMA	VARCHAR(128)	The qualifier of the index.
IXNAME	VARCHAR(128)	The name of the index.
KEYSEQ	SMALLINT	The numeric position of the key-target in the index.
KEYVALUE	VARCHAR(2000)	KEYVALUE contains the data of a frequently occurring value. If the value has a non-character data type, the data might not be printable.
TYPE	CHAR(1)	The type of statistics that are gathered: C Cardinality F Frequent value N Non-padded frequent value H Histogram statistics
CARDF	FLOAT	When TYPE='C', CARDF contains the number of distinct values for the key group. When TYPE='H', CARDF contains the number of distinct values for the key group in a quantile indicated by QUANTILENO.
KEYGROUPKE YNO	VARCHAR(254)	KEYGROUPKEYNO contains a value that identifies the set of keys that are associated with the statistics. KEYGROUPKEYNO contains 0 if the statistics are only associated with a single key. If the statistics are associated with more than a single key, KEYGROUPKEYNO contains an array of SMALLINT key numbers with a dimension that is equal to the value in NUMKEYS.
NUMKEYS	SMALLINT	The number of keys that are associated with the statistics.
FREQUENCYF	FLOAT	When TYPE='F' or 'N', FREQUENCYF contains the percentage of entries in the index that have the value that is specified in KEYVALUE when the number of entries is multiplied by 100. For example, a value of 1 indicates 100 percent. A value of .153 indicates 15.3 percent. When TYPE='H', FREQUENCYF contains the percentage of entries in the index that have a value that is in the range of the quantile that is indicated in QUALTILENO.
QUANTILENO	SMALLINT	QUANTILENO contains an ordinary sequence number of a quantile in the whole consecutive value range, from low to high.
LOWVALUE	VARCHAR(2000)	When TYPE='H', LOWVALUE contains the lower bound for the quantile that is in QUANTILENO. LOWVALUE is not used if TYPE does not equal 'H'.
HIGHVALUE	VARCHAR(2000)	When TYPE='H', HIGHVALUE contains the upper bound for the quantile that is in QUANTILENO. HIGHVALUE is not used if TYPE does not equal 'H'.

# SYSIBM.SYSLOBSTATS

Contains one row for each LOB tablespace.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
STATSTIME	TIMESTAMP	Timestamp of RUNSTATS statistics update.
AVGSIZE	INTEGER	Average size of a LOB, measured in bytes, in the LOB tablespace.
FREESPACE	INTEGER	Number of kilobytes of available space in the LOB tablespace.
ORGRATIO	DECIMAL(5,2)	Ratio of organization in the LOB tablespace. A value of 1
		indicates perfect organization of the LOB tablespace. The greater
		the value exceeds 1, the more disorganized the LOB tablespace.
DBNAME	CHAR(8)	Name of the database that contains the LOB tablespace
		named in NAME.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
NAME	CHAR(8)	Name of the LOB tablespace.
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	Whether the row came from the basic machine-readable material (MRM) tape: N=No, Y=Yes

# SYSIBM.SYSLOBSTATS\_HIST

Contains rows from SYSLOBSTATS. Whenever rows are added or changed in SYSLOBSTATS, the rows are also written to the new history table. Rows in this table can be inserted, updated, and deleted.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
STATSTIME	TIMESTAMP	Timestamp of RUNSTATS statistics update.
FREESPACE	INTEGER	Number of kilobytes of available space in the LOB tablespace.
ORGRATIO	DECIMAL(5,2)	Ratio of organization in the LOB tablespace. A value of 1
		indicates perfect organization of the LOB tablespace. The greater
		the value exceeds 1, the more disorganized the LOB tablespace.
DBNAME	VARCHAR(24)	Name of the database that contains the LOB tablespace
		named in NAME.
NAME	VARCHAR(24)	Name of the LOB tablespace.
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	Whether the row came from the basic machine-readable material
		(MRM) tape: N=No, Y=Yes

# SYSIBM.SYSOBJROLEDEP

Contains the dependent objects for each role.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
DEFINER	VARCHAR(128)	The authorization ID or role that created the object.
DEFINERTYPE	CHAR(1)	The type of definer:
		L Role
		blank Authorization ID
ROLENAME	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the role on which there is a dependency.
DSCHEMA	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the schema of the dependent object.
DNAME	VARCHAR(762)	Name of the dependent object.
DTYPE	CHAR(1)	The type of the dependent object in DNAME:
		A Alias
		B Trigger
		D Database
		E Distinct type
		F User-defined function
		I Index
		J Jar
		L Role
		M Materialized query table
		N Trusted context
		O Stored procedure
		Q Sequence
		R Table space
		S Storage group
		T Table
		V View
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	A value of Y indicates that the row came from the basic

	machine-readable material (MRM) tape.

# SYSIBM.SYSPACKAGE

Contains a row for every package.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
LOCATION	VARCHAR(128)	Always contains blanks.
COLLID	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the package collection. For a trigger package, it is the
	, , ,	schema name of the trigger.
NAME	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the package.
CONTOKEN	CHAR(8)	Consistency token for the package. For a package derived from a DB2 DBRM, this is either:  o The "level" as specified by the LEVEL option when the
		package's program was precompiled o The timestamp indicating when the package's program was precompiled, in an internal format.
OWNER	VARCHAR(128)	Authorization ID of the package owner. For a trigger package, the value is the authorization ID of the owner of the trigger, which is set to the current authorization ID (the plan or package owner for static CREATE TRIGGER statement; the current SQLID for a dynamic CREATE TRIGGER statement).
CREATOR	VARCHAR(128)	Authorization ID of the owner of the creator of the package version. For a trigger package the value is determined differently. For dynamic SQL, it is the primary authorization ID of the user who issued the CREATE TRIGGER statement. For static SQL, it is the authorization ID of the plan or package owner.
TIMESTAMP	TIMESTAMP	Timestamp indicating when the package was created.
BINDTIME	TIMESTAMP	Timestamp indicating when the package was last bound.
QUALIFIER	VARCHAR(128)	Implicit qualifier for the unqualified table, view, index, and alias names in the static SQL statements of the package.
PKSIZE	INTEGER	Size of the base section of the package, in bytes.
AVGSIZE	INTEGER	Average size, in bytes, of those sections of the plan that contain SQL statements processed at bind time.
SYSENTRIES	SMALLINT	Number of enabled or disabled entries for this package in SYSIBM.SYSPKSYSTEM. A value of 0 if all types of connections are enabled.
VALID	CHAR(1)	Whether the package is valid:  A The ALTER statement changed the description of the table or base table of a view referred to by the package. For a CREATE INDEX statement involving data sharing, VALID is also marked as "A". The changes do not invalidate the package.  H The ALTER TABLE statement changed the description of the table or base table of a view referred to by the package. For releases of DB2 prior to V5R1, the change invalidates the package.  N No Y Yes
OPERATIVE	CHAR(1)	Y Yes Whether the package can be allocated:
OI LIVATIVE	JII/III(I)	1 Whother the package can be allocated.

VALIDATE  CHAR(1)  Vies  CHAR(1)  Whether validity checking can be deferred until run time: B All checking must be performed at bind time. R Validation is done at run time for tables, views, and privileges that do not exist at bind time. R Validation is done at run time for tables, views, and privileges that do not exist at bind time. R R (repeatable read) S CS (cursor stability) T RS (read stability) U UR (uncommitted read) blank Not specified, and therefore at the level specified for the plan executing the package was last bound or rebound R RELEASE  CHAR(1)  The value used for RELEASE when the package was last bound or rebound: C Value used was COMMIT. D Value used was COMMIT. D Value used was DEALLOCATE. blank Not specified, and therefore the value specified for the plan executing the package; that is, whether information on the package's statements was added to the owner of the PLAN_TABLE table: N No Y Yes  QUOTE  CHAR(1)  CHAR(1)  CHAR(1)  CHAR(1)  Decimal point representation for SQL statements in the package: N Apostrophe Y Quotation mark  COMMA  CHAR(1)  CHAR(1)  CHAR(1)  Decimal point representation for SQL statements in package: N Period Y Comma  Host language for the package's DBRM: B Assembler language C OS/NS COBOL D C F Fortran P PLI 2 VS COBOL II or IBM COBOL Release 1 (formerly called COBOL/370(TM)) I BM COBOL (Release 2 or subsequent releases) 4 C++ blank For remotely bound packages, or trigger packages (I'YPE='T') I Indicates whether the system CCSID for SBCS data was 290 (Katakana) when the program was precompiled:  MIXED  CHAR(1)  Indicates if mixed data was in effect when the package's program was precompiled.	VALIDATE  CHAR(1)  Whether validity checking can be deferred until run time:  B All checking must be performed at bind time.  R Validation is done at run time for tables, views, and privileges that do not exist at bind time.  R R (repeatable read)  S CS (cursor stability)  T RS (read stability)  U UR (uncommitted read)  blank Not specified, and therefore at the level specified for the plan executing the package was last bound or rebound:  RELEASE  CHAR(1)  The value used vas COMMIT.  D Value used was DEALLOCATE.  blank Not specified, and therefore the value specified for the plan executing the package:  EXPLAIN  CHAR(1)  EXPLAIN point specified for the package; that is, whether information on the package's statements was added to the owner of the PLAN_TABLE table:  N No Y Yes  QUOTE  CHAR(1)  CHAR(1)  CHAR(1)  CHAR(1)  CHAR(1)  CHAR(1)  CHAR(1)  Decimal point representation for SQL statements in package:  N Period Y Quotation mark  COMMA  CHAR(1)  Host language for the package's DBRM:  B Assembler language COS/NS COBOL D C F Fortran P PL/I 2 V SCOBOL II or IBM COBOL Release 1 (formerly called COBOL/370(TM)) 3 IBM COBOL (Release 2 or subsequent releases) 4 C++ blank For remotely bound package, or trigger packages (Katakana) when the program was precompiled: K Yes A NO  MIXED  CHAR(1)  Indicates whether the system CCSID for SBCS data was 290 (Katakana) when the program was precompiled: K Yes A NO		T = . =	
VALIDATE  CHAR(1)  Whether validity checking can be deferred until run time:  B All checking must be performed at bind time.  R Validation is done at run time for tables, views, and privileges that do not exist at bind time.  ISOLATION  CHAR(1)  Isolation level when the package was last bound or rebound R RR (repeatable read) S CS (cursor stability) T RS (read stability) U UR (uncommitted read) blank Not specified, and therefore at the level specified for the plan executing the package  RELEASE  CHAR(1)  The value used for RELEASE when the package was last bound or rebound: C Value used was COMMIT. D Value used was DEALLOCATE. blank Not specified, and therefore the value specified for the plan executing the package.  EXPLAIN  CHAR(1)  EXPLAIN option specified for the package; that is, whether information on the package statements was added to the owner of the PLAN_TABLE table: N No Y Yes  QUOTE  CHAR(1)  CHAR(1)  CHAR(1)  Decimal point representation for SQL statements in the package: N Period Y Comma  HOSTLANG  CHAR(1)  Host language for the package's DBRM: B Assembler language C OS/VS COBOL D C F Fortran P PL/I 2 VS COBOL II or IBM COBOL Release 1 (formerly called COBOL/370(TM)) 3 IBM COBOL (Release 2 or subsequent releases) 4 C++ University of the package of the package, or trigger packages  CHARSET  CHAR(1)  Indicates whether the system CCSID for SBCS data was 290 (Katakana) when the program was precompiled: K Yes A No  IMIXED  CHAR(1)  Indicates if mixed data was in effect when the package's program was precompiled:	VALIDATE  CHAR(1)  Whether validity checking can be deferred until run time:  B All checking must be performed at bind time.  R Validation is done at run time for tables, views, and privileges that do not exist at bind time.  ISOLATION  CHAR(1)  Isolation level when the package was last bound or rebound R R R (repeatable read) S CS (cursor stability) I RS (read stability) U UR (uncommitted read) blank Not specified, and therefore at the level specified for the plan executing the package was last bound or rebound: C Value used was COMMIT. D Value used was COMMIT. D Value used was DEALLOCATE. blank Not specified, and therefore the value specified for the plan executing the package.  EXPLAIN  CHAR(1)  EXPLAIN Option specified for the package; that is, whether information on the package; statements was added to the owner of the PLAN_TABLE table: N No Y Yes  QUOTE  CHAR(1)  CHAR(1)  CHAR(1)  CHAR(1)  CHAR(1)  Decimal point representation for SQL statements in the package: N Period Y Comma  HOSTLANG  CHAR(1)  Host language for the package's DBRM: B Assembler language C OSVS COBOL D C F Fortran P PL/I 2 VS COBOL II or IBM COBOL Release 1 (formerly called COBOL/370(TM)) 3 IBM COBOL (Release 2 or subsequent releases) 4 C++ blank For remotely bound packages, or trigger packages (TYPE=TT)  CHAR(1)  Indicates whether the system CCSID for SBCS data was 290 (Katakana) when the program was precompiled: K Yes A No  MIXED  MIXED  CHAR(1)  Indicates if mixed data was in effect when the package's program was precompiled. N Yes	Column Name	Data Type	Description
VALIDATE  CHAR(1)  Whether validity checking can be deferred until run time: B All checking must be performed at bind time. R Validation is done at run time for tables, views, and privileges that do not exist at bind time. R R (repeatable read) S CS (cursor stability) T RS (read stability) U UR (uncommitted read) blank Not specified, and therefore at the level specified for the plan executing the package was last bound or rebound: C Value used was DEALLOCATE. D Value used was DeALLOCATE. D Value used was DeALLOCATE. D Value used was DeAllocATE. D Value used was DeALLOCATE. D Value used was DeALLOCATE. D Value used was DeALLOCATE. D Value used was DeALLOCATE. D Value used was DeALLOCATE. D Value used was DeALLOCATE. D Value used was DeALLOCATE. D Value used was DeALLOCATE. D Value used was DeALLOCATE. D Value used was DeALLOCATE. D Value used was DeALLOCATE. D Value used was DeALLOCATE. D Value used was DeALLOCATE. D Value used was DeALLOCATE. D Value used was DeALLOCATE. D Value used was DeALLOCATE. D Value used was DeALLOCATE. D Value used was DeALLOCATE. D Value used was DeALLOCATE. D Value used was	VALIDATE  CHAR(1)  Whether validity checking can be deferred until run time: B All checking must be performed at bind time. R Validation is done at run time for tables, views, and privileges that do not exist at bind time. R R (repeatable read) S CS (cursor stability) T RS (read stability) T RS (read stability) T RS (read stability) T RS (read stability) T RS (read stability) U UR (uncommitted read) blank Not specified, and therefore at the level specified for the plan executing the package was last bound or rebound: C Value used was COMMIT. D Value used was DEALLOCATE. blank Not specified, and therefore the value specified for the plan executing the package; EXPLAIN  CHAR(1)  EXPLAIN Other packing in the package; that is, whether information on the package; statements was added to the owner of the PLAN_TABLE table: N No Y Yes  QUOTE  CHAR(1)  CHAR(1)  CHAR(1)  Decimal point representation for SQL statements in the package: N Apostrophe Y Quotation mark  COMMA  CHAR(1)			
VALIDATE	Whether validity checking can be deferred until run time:   B			1 . •
B	B All checking must be performed at bind time. R Validation is done at run time for tables, views, and privileges that do not exist at bind time.  ISOLATION CHAR(1) Isolation level when the package was last bound or rebound R R RR (repeatable read) S CS (cursor stability) T RS (read stability) U UR (uncommitted read) blank Not specified, and therefore at the level specified for the plan executing the package was last bound or rebound: C Value used for RELEASE when the package was last bound or rebound: C Value used was COMMIT. D Value used was COMMIT. D Value used was DEALLOCATE. blank Not specified, and therefore the value specified for the plan executing the package; that is, whether information on the package's statements was added to the owner of the PLAN_TABLE table: N No Y Yes  QUOTE CHAR(1) CHAR(1) CHAR(1) CHAR(1) Decimal point representation for SQL statements in the package: N Period Y Comma HOSTLANG CHAR(1) Host language for the package's DBRM: B Assembler language C OS/NS COBOL D C F Fortran P PL/I 2 VS COBOL II or IBM COBOL Release 1 (formerly called COBOL/370(TM)) 3 IBM COBOL (Release 2 or subsequent releases) 4 C++ blank For remotely bound packages, or trigger packages (TYPE=TT)  CHAR(1) Indicates whether the system CCSID for SBCS data was 290 (Katakana) when the program was precompiled: K Yes A No  MIXED CHAR(1) Indicates if mixed data was in effect when the package's program was precompiled. N No	VALIDATE	OLIAD(4)	
R Validation is done at run time for tables, views, and privileges that do not exist at bind time.	R Validation is done at run time for tables, views, and privileges that do not exist at bind time.  ISOLATION  CHAR(1)  Isolation level when the package was last bound or rebound R R RR (repeatable read) S CS (cursor stability) T RS (read stability) U UR (uncommitted read) blank Not specified, and therefore at the level specified for the plan executing the package was last bound or rebound: C Value used was DEALLOCATE. blank Not specified, and therefore the value specified for the plan executing the package.  EXPLAIN  CHAR(1)  EXPLAIN option specified for the package; that is, whether information on the package's extrements was added to the owner of the PLAN_TABLE table: N No Y Yes  QUOTE  CHAR(1)  CHAR(1)  CHAR(1)  CHAR(1)  CHAR(1)  Decimal point representation for SQL statements in the package: N Period Y Quotation mark  COMMA  CHAR(1)  Host language for the package's DBRM: B Assembler language C OS/VS COBOL D C F Fortran P PL/I 2 VS COBOL II or IBM COBOL Release 1 (formerly called COBOL/370(TM)) 3 IBM COBOL (Release 2 or subsequent releases) 4 C++ blank For remotely bound packages, or trigger packages CTYPE=TT)  CHAR(1)  Indicates whether the system CCSID for SBCS data was 290 (Katakana) when the program was precompiled: K Yes A No  MIXED  CHAR(1)  Indicates if mixed data was in effect when the package's program was precompiled. N No Y Yes	VALIDATE	CHAR(1)	Whether validity checking can be deterred until run time:
ISOLATION   CHAR(1)   Isolation level when the package was last bound or rebound R R RR (repeatable read) S CS (cursor stability) T RS (read stability) U UR (uncommitted read)   blank Not specified, and therefore at the level specified for the plan executing the package was last bound or rebound: C Value used for RELEASE when the package was last bound or rebound: C Value used was DEALLOCATE. blank Not specified, and therefore the value specified for the plan executing the package; that is, whether information on the package; that is, whether information on the package; that is, whether information on the package's statements was added to the owner of the PLAN_TABLE table: N No Y Yes  QUOTE CHAR(1)   Decimal point representation for SQL statements in the package: N Period Y Quotation mark  COMMA CHAR(1)   Decimal point representation for SQL statements in package: N Period Y Comma  HOSTLANG CHAR(1)   Host language for the package's DBRM: B Assembler language C OS/VS COBOL D C F F Fortran P PL/I 2 VS COBOL I OR SQL STABLE TERMS P PL/I 2 VS COBOL I OR SQL STABLE TERMS P PL/I 2 VS COBOL I OR SQL STABLE TERMS P PL/I 2 VS COBOL I OR SQL STABLE TERMS P PL/I 2 IN	Privileges that do not exist at bind time.			
Isolation level when the package was last bound or rebound R R RR (repeatable read) S CS (cursor stability) T RS (read stability) U UR (uncommitted read) blank Not specified, and therefore at the level specified for the plan executing the package    RELEASE	Isolation level when the package was last bound or rebound R R RR (repeatable read) S CS (cursor stability) T RS (read stability) U UR (uncommitted read) blank Not specified, and therefore at the level specified for the plan executing the package   RELEASE   CHAR(1)   The value used for RELEASE when the package was last bound or rebound: C Value used was COMMIT. D Value used was DEALLOCATE. blank Not specified, and therefore the value specified for the plan executing the package;   EXPLAIN   Not specified, and therefore the value specified for the plan executing the package; that is, whether information on the package's statements was added to the owner of the PLAN_TABLE table: N No Y Yes   QUOTE   CHAR(1)   SQL string delimiter for SQL statements in the package: N Apostrophe Y Quotation mark   CHAR(1)   Decimal point representation for SQL statements in package: N Period Y Comma   Host language for the package's DBRM: B Assembler language C OS/VS COBOL D C F F Fortran P PL/I 2 VS COBOL II or IBM COBOL Release 1 (formerly called COBOL/370(TMI)) 3 IBM COBOL (Release 2 or subsequent releases) 4 C++ blank For remotely bound packages, or trigger packages (TYPE=TT)   CHAR(1)   Indicates whether the system CCSID for SBCS data was 290 (Katakana) when the program was precompiled: K Yes A No   MIXED   CHAR(1)   Indicates if mixed data was in effect when the package's program was precompiled. N No Y Yes			
R R (repeatable read) S CS (cursor stability) T RS (read stability) U UR (uncommitted read) blank Not specified, and therefore at the level specified for the plan executing the package  RELEASE CHAR(1) The value used for RELEASE when the package was last bound or rebound: C Value used was COMMIT. D Value used was DEALLOCATE. blank Not specified, and therefore the value specified for the plan executing the package.  EXPLAIN CHAR(1) EXPLAIN option specified for the package's statements was added to the owner of the PLAN_TABLE table: N No Y Yes  QUOTE CHAR(1) SQL string delimiter for SQL statements in the package: N Apostrophe Y Quotation mark  COMMA CHAR(1) Decimal point representation for SQL statements in package: N Period Y Comma  HOSTLANG CHAR(1) Host language for the package's DBRM: B Assembler language C OS/VS COBOL D C F Fortran P PL/I 2 VS COBOL II or IBM COBOL Release 1 (formerly called COBOL/370(TM)) 3 IBM COBOL (Release 2 or subsequent releases) 4 C++ blank For remotely bound packages, or trigger packages (TYPE=T')  CHAR(1) Indicates whether the system CCSID for SBCS data was 290 (Katakana) when the program was precompiled: K Yes A No  MIXED  MIXED CHAR(1) Indicates if mixed data was in effect when the package's program was precompiled.	R R (repeatable read) S CS (cursor stability) T RS (read stability) U UR (uncommitted read) blank Not specified, and therefore at the level specified for the plan executing the package was last bound or rebound: C Value used was COMMIT. D Value used was DEALLOCATE. blank Not specified, and therefore the value specified for the plan executing the package was last bound or rebound: C Value used was DEALLOCATE. blank Not specified, and therefore the value specified for the plan executing the package.  EXPLAIN Option specified for the package; that is, whether information on the package's statements was added to the owner of the PLAN_TABLE table: N No Y Yes  QUOTE CHAR(1) SQL string delimiter for SQL statements in the package: N Apostrophe Y Quotation mark  COMMA CHAR(1) Decimal point representation for SQL statements in package: N Period Y Comma  HOSTLANG CHAR(1) Host language for the package's DBRM: B Assembler language C OS/VS COBOL D C F Fortran P PL/I 2 VS COBOL (Release 2 or subsequent releases) 4 C++ blank For remotely bound packages, or trigger packages (TYPE=T')  CHARSET CHAR(1) Indicates whether the system CCSID for SBCS data was 290 (Katakana) when the program was precompiled: K Yes A No  MIXED CHAR(1) Indicates if mixed data was in effect when the package's program was precompiled. N No Y Yes	ISOLATION	CHAD(1)	
S CS (cursor stability) T RS (read stability) U UR (uncommitted read) blank Not specified, and therefore at the level specified for the plan executing the package  RELEASE CHAR(1) The value used for RELEASE when the package was last bound or rebound: C Value used was COMMIT. D Value used was DEALLOCATE. blank Not specified, and therefore the value specified for the plan executing the package.  EXPLAIN CHAR(1) EXPLAIN option specified for the package; that is, whether information on the package's statements was added to the owner of the PLAN_TABLE table: N No Y Yes  QUOTE CHAR(1) CHAR(1) SQL string delimiter for SQL statements in the package: N Apostrophe Y Quotation mark  COMMA CHAR(1) CHAR(1) Decimal point representation for SQL statements in package: N Period Y Comma  HOSTLANG CHAR(1) Host language for the package's DBRM: B Assembler language C OS/VS COBOL D C F Fortran P PL/I 2 VS COBOL II or IBM COBOL Release 1 (formerly called COBOL/370(TM)) 3 IBM COBOL (Release 2 or subsequent releases) 4 C++ blank For remotely bound packages, or trigger packages (TYPE=TT)  CHAR(1) Indicates whether the system CCSID for SBCS data was 290 (Katakana) when the program was precompiled: K Yes A No  MIXED  MIXED CHAR(1) Indicates if mixed data was in effect when the package's program was precompiled.	S CS (cursor stability) T RS (read stability) U R (uncommitted read) blank Not specified, and therefore at the level specified for the plan executing the package was last bound or rebound: C Value used was COMMIT. D Value used was DEALLOCATE. blank Not specified, and therefore the value specified for the plan executing the package; that is, whether information on the package; statements was added to the owner of the PLAN_TABLE table: N No Y Yes  QUOTE CHAR(1) SQL string delimiter for SQL statements in the package: N Period Y Quotation mark  COMMA CHAR(1) Decimal point representation for SQL statements in package: N Period Y Comma  HOSTLANG CHAR(1) Host language for the package's DBRM: B Assembler language C OS/VS COBOL D C F F Fortran P PL/I 2 VS COBOL II or IBM COBOL Release 1 (formerly called COBOL/370(TM)) 3 IBM COBOL (Release 2 or subsequent releases) 4 C++ blank For remotely bound packages, or trigger packages (TYPE=TT)  CHAR(1) Indicates whether the system CCSID for SBCS data was 290 (Katakana) when the program was precompiled: K Yes A No  MIXED CHAR(1) Indicates if mixed data was in effect when the package's program was precompiled. N No Y Yes	ISOLATION	CHAR(I)	
T RS (read stability) U UR (uncommitted read) blank Not specified, and therefore at the level specified for the plan executing the package  RELEASE CHAR(1) The value used for RELEASE when the package was last bound or rebound: C Value used was COMMIT. D Value used was DEALLOCATE. blank Not specified, and therefore the value specified for the plan executing the package.  EXPLAIN Option specified for the package, that is, whether information on the package's statements was added to the owner of the PLAN_TABLE table: N No Y Yes  QUOTE CHAR(1) SQL string delimiter for SQL statements in the package: N Apostrophe Y Quotation mark  COMMA CHAR(1) Decimal point representation for SQL statements in package: N Period Y Comma  HOSTLANG CHAR(1) Host language for the package's DBRM: B Assembler language C OS/VS COBOL D C F Fortran P PL/I 2 VS COBOL II or IBM COBOL Release 1 (formerly called COBOL/370(TM)) 3 IBM COBOL (Release 2 or subsequent releases) 4 C++ blank For remotely bound packages, or trigger packages (TYPE=T')  CHAR(1) Indicates whether the system CCSID for SBCS data was 290 (Katakana) when the program was precompiled: K Yes A No  MIXED  MIXED CHAR(1) Indicates if mixed data was in effect when the package's program was precompiled.	T RS (read stability)  U UR (uncommitted read) blank Not specified, and therefore at the level specified for the plan executing the package  The value used for RELEASE when the package was last bound or rebound:  C Value used was COMMIT.  D Value used was DEALLOCATE. blank Not specified, and therefore the value specified for the plan executing the package;  EXPLAIN CHAR(1) EXPLAIN option specified for the package; that is, whether information on the package; statements was added to the owner of the PLAN_TABLE table:  N No Y Yes  QUOTE CHAR(1) SQL string delimiter for SQL statements in the package: N Apostrophe Y Quotation mark  COMMA CHAR(1) Decimal point representation for SQL statements in package: N Period Y Comma  HOSTLANG CHAR(1) Host language for the package's DBRM: B Assembler language C OS/VS COBOL D C F Fortran P PL/I 2 VS COBOL II or IBM COBOL Release 1 (formerly called COBOL/370(TM)) 3 IBM COBOL (Release 2 or subsequent releases) 4 C++ blank For remotely bound packages, or trigger packages (TYPE=T')  CHAR(1) Indicates whether the system CCSID for SBCS data was 290 (Katakana) when the program was precompiled: K Yes A No  MIXED CHAR(1) Indicates if mixed data was in effect when the package's program was precompiled. N No Y Yes			
RELEASE CHAR(1) The value used for RELEASE when the package was last bound or rebound:  C Value used was COMMIT. D Value used was DEALLOCATE. blank Not specified, and therefore the package was last bound or rebound: C Value used was COMMIT. D Value used was DEALLOCATE. blank Not specified, and therefore the value specified for the plan executing the package.  EXPLAIN CHAR(1) EXPLAIN option specified for the package; that is, whether information on the package's statements was added to the owner of the PLAN_TABLE table: N No Y Yes  QUOTE CHAR(1) SQL string delimiter for SQL statements in the package: N Apostrophe Y Quotation mark  COMMA CHAR(1) Decimal point representation for SQL statements in package: N Period Y Comma  HOSTLANG CHAR(1) Host language for the package's DBRM: B Assembler language C OS/VS COBOL D C F Fortran P PL/I 2 VS COBOL II or IBM COBOL Release 1 (formerly called COBOL/370(TM)) 3 IBM COBOL (Release 2 or subsequent releases) 4 C++ blank For remotely bound packages, or trigger packages (TYPE=TT)  CHAR(1) Indicates whether the system CCSID for SBCS data was 290 (Katakana) when the program was precompiled: K Yes A No  MIXED CHAR(1) Indicates if mixed data was in effect when the package's program was precompiled.	U UR (uncommitted read)   blank Not specified, and therefore at the level specified for the plan executing the package			
RELEASE  CHAR(1)  The value used for RELEASE when the package was last bound or rebound:  C Value used was COMMIT.  D Value used was DEALLOCATE. blank Not specified, and therefore the value specified for the plan executing the package.  EXPLAIN  CHAR(1)  EXPLAIN of the plan executing the package; that is, whether information on the package's statements was added to the owner of the PLAN_TABLE table:  N NO Y Yes  QUOTE  CHAR(1)  CHAR(1)  SQL string delimiter for SQL statements in the package: N Apostrophe Y Quotation mark  COMMA  CHAR(1)  Decimal point representation for SQL statements in package: N Period Y Comma  HOSTLANG  CHAR(1)  Host language for the package's DBRM: B Assembler language C OS/VS COBOL D C F Fortran P PL/I 2 VS COBOL II or IBM COBOL Release 1 (formerly called COBOL/370(TM)) 3 IBM COBOL (Release 2 or subsequent releases) 4 C++ blank For remotely bound packages, or trigger packages (TYPE=T')  Indicates whether the system CCSID for SBCS data was 290 (Katakana) when the program was precompiled: K Yes A No  MIXED  MIXED  CHAR(1)  Indicates if mixed data was in effect when the package's program was precompiled.	RELEASE CHAR(1) The value used for RELEASE when the package was last bound or rebound: C Value used was COMMIT. D Value used was DEALLOCATE. blank Not specified, and therefore the value specified for the plan executing the package.  EXPLAIN CHAR(1) EXPLAIN option specified for the package; that is, whether information on the package's statements was added to the owner of the PLAN_TABLE table: N No Y Yes  QUOTE CHAR(1) CHAR(1) CHAR(1) CHAR(1) Decimal point representation for SQL statements in the package: N Period Y Comma  HOSTLANG CHAR(1) Host language for the package's DBRM: B Assembler language C OS/VS COBOL D C F Fortran P PL/I 2 VS COBOL II or IBM COBOL Release 1 (formerly called COBOL/370(TM)) 3 IBM COBOL (Release 2 or subsequent releases) 4 C++ blank For remotely bound packages, or trigger packages (TYPE=TT) Indicates if mixed data was in effect when the package's program was precompiled. K Yes A No  MIXED CHAR(1) CHAR(1) Indicates if mixed data was in effect when the package's program was precompiled. N No Y Yes			
RELEASE CHAR(1) The value used for RELEASE when the package was last bound or rebound: C Value used was COMMIT. D Value used was DEALLOCATE. blank Not specified, and therefore the value specified for the plan executing the package; that is, whether information on the package's statements was added to the owner of the PLAN_TABLE table: N No Y Yes  QUOTE CHAR(1) SQL string delimiter for SQL statements in the package: N Apostrophe Y Quotation mark  COMMA CHAR(1) Decimal point representation for SQL statements in package: N Period Y Comma  HOSTLANG CHAR(1) Host language for the package's DBRM: B Assembler language C OS/VS COBOL D C F Fortran P PL/I 2 VS COBOL II or IBM COBOL Release 1 (formerly called COBOL/370(TM))) 3 IBM COBOL (Release 2 or subsequent releases) 4 C++ blank For remotely bound packages, or trigger packages (TYPE=T') CHAR(1) Indicates whether the system CCSID for SBCS data was 290 (Katakana) when the program was precompiled: K Yes A No  MIXED CHAR(1) Indicates if mixed data was in effect when the package's program was precompiled.	RELEASE CHAR(1) The value used for RELEASE when the package was last bound or rebound: C Value used was COMMIT. D Value used was DEALLOCATE. blank Not specified, and therefore the value specified for the plan executing the package.  EXPLAIN CHAR(1) EXPLAIN option specified for the package; that is, whether information on the package's statements was added to the owner of the PLAN_TABLE table: N NO Y Yes  QUOTE CHAR(1) SQL string delimiter for SQL statements in the package: N Apostrophe Y Quotation mark  COMMA CHAR(1) Decimal point representation for SQL statements in package: N Period Y Comma  HOSTLANG CHAR(1) Host language for the package's DBRM: B Assembler language C OS/VS COBOL D C F F Fortran P PL/I 2 VS COBOL II or IBM COBOL Release 1 (formerly called COBOL/370(TM)) 3 IBM COBOL (Release 2 or subsequent releases) 4 C++ blank For remotely bound packages, or trigger packages (TYPE=TT)  CHAR(1) Indicates whether the system CCSID for SBCS data was 290 (Katakana) when the program was precompiled: K Yes A No  MIXED CHAR(1) Indicates if mixed data was in effect when the package's program was precompiled. N No Y Yes			
RELEASE  CHAR(1)  The value used for RELEASE when the package was last bound or rebound:  C Value used was COMMIT.  D Value used was DEALLOCATE.  blank Not specified, and therefore the value specified for the plan executing the package.  EXPLAIN  CHAR(1)  EXPLAIN option specified for the package; that is, whether information on the package's statements was added to the owner of the PLAN_TABLE table:  N No Y Yes  QUOTE  CHAR(1)  CHAR(1)  CHAR(1)  Decimal point representation for SQL statements in the package: N Period Y Quotation mark  COMMA  CHAR(1)  Host language for the package's DBRM: B Assembler language C OS/VS COBOL D C F F Fortran P PL/I 2 VS COBOL II or IBM COBOL Release 1 (formerly called COBOL/370(TM)) 3 IBM COBOL (Release 2 or subsequent releases) 4 C++ blank For remotely bound packages, or trigger packages (TYPE='T')  CHAR(1)  Indicates whether the system CCSID for SBCS data was 290 (Katakana) when the program was precompiled: K Yes A No  IMIXED  CHAR(1)  Indicates if mixed data was in effect when the package's program was precompiled.	RELEASE  CHAR(1)  The value used for RELEASE when the package was last bound or rebound:  C Value used was COMMIT. D Value used was DEALLOCATE. blank Not specified, and therefore the value specified for the plan executing the package.  EXPLAIN  CHAR(1)  EXPLAIN option specified for the package; that is, whether information on the package's statements was added to the owner of the PLAN_TABLE table: N NO Y Yes  QUOTE  CHAR(1)  CHAR(1)  CHAR(1)  CHAR(1)  CHAR(1)  CHAR(1)  Decimal point representation for SQL statements in the package: N Period Y Comma  HOSTLANG  CHAR(1)  Host language for the package's DBRM: B Assembler language C OS/VS COBOL D C F Fortran P PL/I 2 VS COBOL II or IBM COBOL Release 1 (formerly called COBOL/370(TM)) 3 IBM COBOL (Release 2 or subsequent releases) 4 C++ blank For remotely bound packages, or trigger packages (TYPE=TT)  CHARSET  CHAR(1)  Indicates whether the system CCSID for SBCS data was 290 (Katakana) when the program was precompiled: K Yes A No Indicates if mixed data was in effect when the package's program was precompiled. N No Y Yes			
bound or rebound: C Value used was COMMIT. D Value used was DEALLOCATE. blank Not specified, and therefore the value specified for the plan executing the package.  EXPLAIN CHAR(1) EXPLAIN option specified for the package; that is, whether information on the package's statements was added to the owner of the PLAN_TABLE table: N No Y Yes  QUOTE CHAR(1) SQL string delimiter for SQL statements in the package: N Apostrophe Y Quotation mark  COMMA CHAR(1) Decimal point representation for SQL statements in package: N Period Y Comma  HOSTLANG CHAR(1) Host language for the package's DBRM: B Assembler language C OS/VS COBOL D C F Fortran P PL/I 2 VS COBOL II or IBM COBOL Release 1 (formerly called COBOL/370(TM)) 3 IBM COBOL (Release 2 or subsequent releases) 4 C++ blank For remotely bound packages, or trigger packages (TYPE='T')  CHARSET CHAR(1) Indicates whether the system CCSID for SBCS data was 290 (Katakana) when the program was precompiled: K Yes A No  Indicates if mixed data was in effect when the package's program was precompiled.	Dound or rebound:   C	RELEASE	CHAR(1)	
D Value used was DEALLOCATE. blank Not specified, and therefore the value specified for the plan executing the package.  EXPLAIN  CHAR(1)  EXPLAIN option specified for the package; that is, whether information on the package's statements was added to the owner of the PLAN_TABLE table:  N No Y Yes  QUOTE  CHAR(1)  CHAR(1)  CHAR(1)  Decimal point representation for SQL statements in the package: N Period Y Comma  CHAR(1)  Host language for the package's DBRM: B Assembler language C OS/VS COBOL D C F F Fortran P PL/I 2 VS COBOL II or IBM COBOL Release 1 (formerly called COBOL/370(TM)) 3 IBM COBOL (Release 2 or subsequent releases) 4 C++ blank For remotely bound packages, or trigger packages (TYPE='T')  CHAR(1)  Indicates whether the system CCSID for SBCS data was 290 (Katakana) when the program was precompiled: K Yes A No  MIXED  CHAR(1)  Indicates if mixed data was in effect when the package's program was precompiled.	D Value used was DEALLOCATE. Not specified, and therefore the value specified for the plan executing the package.  EXPLAIN  CHAR(1)  EXPLAIN option specified for the package; that is, whether information on the package's statements was added to the owner of the PLAN_TABLE table:  N NO Y Yes  QUOTE  CHAR(1)  CHAR(1)  CHAR(1)  CHAR(1)  Decimal point representation for SQL statements in the package: N Period Y Comma  HOSTLANG  CHAR(1)  Host language for the package's DBRM: B Assembler language C OS/VS COBOL D C F F Fortran P PL/I 2 VS COBOL II or IBM COBOL Release 1 (formerly called COBOL/370(TM)) 3 IBM COBOL (Release 2 or subsequent releases) 4 C++ blank For remotely bound packages, or trigger packages (TYPE='T')  CHARSET  CHAR(1)  Indicates whether the system CCSID for SBCS data was 290 (Katakana) when the program was precompiled: K Yes A No  Indicates if mixed data was in effect when the package's program was precompiled. N No Y Yes		` ,	
EXPLAIN  CHAR(1)  EXPLAIN option specified, and therefore the value specified for the plan executing the package: that is, whether information on the package's statements was added to the owner of the PLAN_TABLE table:  N NO Y Yes  QUOTE  CHAR(1)  CHAR(1)  CHAR(1)  CHAR(1)  CHAR(1)  CHAR(1)  Decimal point representation for SQL statements in package: N Period Y Comma  HOSTLANG  CHAR(1)  Host language for the package's DBRM: B Assembler language C OS/VS COBOL D C F Fortran P PL/I 2 VS COBOL II or IBM COBOL Release 1 (formerly called COBOL/370(TM)) 3 IBM COBOL (Release 2 or subsequent releases) 4 C++ blank For remotely bound packages, or trigger packages (TYPE='T')  CHAR(1)  Indicates whether the system CCSID for SBCS data was 290 (Katakana) when the program was precompiled: K Yes A No  Indicates if mixed data was in effect when the package's program was precompiled.	EXPLAIN  CHAR(1)  EXPLAIN option specified for the package; that is, whether information on the package; that i			
EXPLAIN  CHAR(1)  EXPLAIN option specified for the package; that is, whether information on the package's statements was added to the owner of the PLAN_TABLE table:  N NO Y Yes  QUOTE  CHAR(1)	EXPLAIN  CHAR(1)  EXPLAIN option specified for the package; that is, whether information on the package's statements was added to the owner of the PLAN_TABLE table:  N No Y Yes  QUOTE  CHAR(1)  CHAR(1)  CHAR(1)  CHAR(1)  CHAR(1)  Decimal point representation for SQL statements in package:  N Period Y Comma  HOSTLANG  CHAR(1)  Host language for the package's DBRM:  B Assembler language C OS/VS COBOL D C F Fortran P PL/I 2 VS COBOL II or IBM COBOL Release 1 (formerly called COBOL/370(TM)) 3 IBM COBOL (Release 2 or subsequent releases) 4 C++ blank For remotely bound packages, or trigger packages (TYPE=T')  CHAR(1)  Indicates whether the system CCSID for SBCS data was 290 (Katakana) when the program was precompiled: K Yes A No  MIXED  CHAR(1)  Indicates if mixed data was in effect when the package's program was precompiled. N No Y Yes			2 7 4.40 4.00 1.40 2.27 1.22 0.7 1.21
EXPLAIN  CHAR(1)  EXPLAIN option specified for the package; that is, whether information on the package's statements was added to the owner of the PLAN_TABLE table:  N No Y Yes  QUOTE  CHAR(1)  SQL string delimiter for SQL statements in the package: N Apostrophe Y Quotation mark  COMMA  CHAR(1)  Decimal point representation for SQL statements in package: N Period Y Comma  HOSTLANG  CHAR(1)  Host language for the package's DBRM: B Assembler language C OS/VS COBOL D C F F Fortran P PL/I 2 VS COBOL II or IBM COBOL Release 1 (formerly called COBOL/370(TM)) 3 IBM COBOL (Release 2 or subsequent releases) 4 C++ blank For remotely bound packages, or trigger packages (TYPE=T')  CHAR(1)  Indicates whether the system CCSID for SBCS data was 290 (Katakana) when the program was precompiled: K Yes A No  Indicates if mixed data was in effect when the package's program was precompiled.	EXPLAIN  CHAR(1)  EXPLAIN option specified for the package; that is, whether information on the package's statements was added to the owner of the PLAN_TABLE table:  N No Y Yes  CHAR(1)  CHAR(1)  CHAR(1)  CHAR(1)  Decimal point representation for SQL statements in package: N Period Y Comma  CHAR(1)  Host language for the package's DBRM: B Assembler language C OS/VS COBOL D C F Fortran P PL/I 2 VS COBOL II or IBM COBOL Release 1 (formerly called COBOL/370(TM)) 3 IBM COBOL (Release 2 or subsequent releases) 4 C++ blank For remotely bound packages, or trigger packages (TYPE='T')  CHAR(1)  MIXED  CHAR(1)  Indicates whether the system CCSID for SBCS data was 290 (Katakana) when the program was precompiled: K Yes A No  Indicates if mixed data was in effect when the package's program was precompiled. N No Y Yes			
information on the package's statements was added to the owner of the PLAN_TABLE table:  N No Y Yes  QUOTE  CHAR(1)  SQL string delimiter for SQL statements in the package: N Apostrophe Y Quotation mark  COMMA  CHAR(1)  Decimal point representation for SQL statements in package: N Period Y Comma  HOSTLANG  CHAR(1)  Host language for the package's DBRM: B Assembler language C OS/VS COBOL D C F Fortran P PL/I 2 VS COBOL II or IBM COBOL Release 1 (formerly called COBOL/370(TM)) 3 IBM COBOL (Release 2 or subsequent releases) 4 C++ blank For remotely bound packages, or trigger packages (TYPE='T')  CHAR(1)  Indicates whether the system CCSID for SBCS data was 290 (Katakana) when the program was precompiled: K Yes A No  Indicates if mixed data was in effect when the package's program was precompiled.	information on the package's statements was added to the owner of the PLAN_TABLE table:  N NO Y Yes  QUOTE  CHAR(1)  SQL string delimiter for SQL statements in the package: N Apostrophe Y Quotation mark  COMMA  CHAR(1)  Decimal point representation for SQL statements in package: N Period Y Comma  HOSTLANG  CHAR(1)  Host language for the package's DBRM: B Assembler language C OS/VS COBOL D C F Fortran P PL/I 2 VS COBOL II or IBM COBOL Release 1 (formerly called COBOL/370(TM)) 3 IBM COBOL (Release 2 or subsequent releases) 4 C++ blank For remotely bound packages, or trigger packages (TYPE='T')  CHAR(1)  Indicates whether the system CCSID for SBCS data was 290 (Katakana) when the program was precompiled: K Yes A No  MIXED  CHAR(1)  Indicates if mixed data was in effect when the package's program was precompiled. N No Y Yes			
Owner of the PLAN_TABLE table:  N No Y Yes  QUOTE  CHAR(1)  SQL string delimiter for SQL statements in the package: N Apostrophe Y Quotation mark  COMMA  CHAR(1)  Decimal point representation for SQL statements in package: N Period Y Comma  HOSTLANG  CHAR(1)  Host language for the package's DBRM: B Assembler language C OS/VS COBOL D C F Fortran P PL/I 2 VS COBOL II or IBM COBOL Release 1 (formerly called COBOL/370(TM)) 3 IBM COBOL (Release 2 or subsequent releases) 4 C++ blank For remotely bound packages, or trigger packages (TYPE=T')  CHAR(1)  Indicates whether the system CCSID for SBCS data was 290 (Katakana) when the program was precompiled: K Yes A No  MIXED  CHAR(1)  Indicates if mixed data was in effect when the package's program was precompiled.	QUOTE  CHAR(1)  QUOTE  CHAR(1)	EXPLAIN	CHAR(1)	EXPLAIN option specified for the package; that is, whether
QUOTE  CHAR(1)  SQL string delimiter for SQL statements in the package:  N Apostrophe Y Quotation mark  COMMA  CHAR(1)  Decimal point representation for SQL statements in package: N Period Y Comma  HOSTLANG  CHAR(1)  Host language for the package's DBRM: B Assembler language C OS/VS COBOL D C F Fortran P PL/I 2 VS COBOL II or IBM COBOL Release 1 (formerly called COBOL/370(TM)) 3 IBM COBOL (Release 2 or subsequent releases) 4 C++ blank For remotely bound packages, or trigger packages (TYPE=T')  CHAR(1)  Indicates whether the system CCSID for SBCS data was 290 (Katakana) when the program was precompiled: K Yes A No  MIXED  CHAR(1)  Indicates if mixed data was in effect when the package's program was precompiled.	QUOTE  CHAR(1)  CHAR(1)  COMMA  CHAR(1)  COMMA  CHAR(1)  CHAR(1)  Decimal point representation for SQL statements in package:  N Period Y Comma  HOSTLANG  CHAR(1)  Host language for the package's DBRM:  B Assembler language C OS/VS COBOL D C F Fortran P PL/I 2 VS COBOL II or IBM COBOL Release 1 (formerly called COBOL/370(TM))  3 IBM COBOL (Release 2 or subsequent releases) 4 C++ blank For remotely bound packages, or trigger packages (TYPE='T')  CHARSET  CHAR(1)  Indicates whether the system CCSID for SBCS data was 290 (Katakana) when the program was precompiled:  K Yes A No  MIXED  CHAR(1)  Indicates if mixed data was in effect when the package's program was precompiled.  N No Y Yes			
QUOTE  CHAR(1)  SQL string delimiter for SQL statements in the package: N Apostrophe Y Quotation mark  COMMA  CHAR(1)  Decimal point representation for SQL statements in package: N Period Y Comma  HOSTLANG  CHAR(1)  Host language for the package's DBRM: B Assembler language C OS/VS COBOL D C F Fortran P PL/I 2 VS COBOL II or IBM COBOL Release 1 (formerly called COBOL/370(TM)) 3 IBM COBOL (Release 2 or subsequent releases) 4 C++ blank For remotely bound packages, or trigger packages (TYPE=TT)  CHAR(1)  Indicates whether the system CCSID for SBCS data was 290 (Katakana) when the program was precompiled: K Yes A No  MIXED  CHAR(1)  Indicates if mixed data was in effect when the package's program was precompiled.	QUOTE  CHAR(1)  SQL string delimiter for SQL statements in the package:  N Apostrophe Y Quotation mark  COMMA  CHAR(1)  Decimal point representation for SQL statements in package:  N Period Y Comma  HOSTLANG  CHAR(1)  Host language for the package's DBRM:  B Assembler language C OS/VS COBOL D C F Fortran P PL/I 2 VS COBOL II or IBM COBOL Release 1 (formerly called COBOL/370(TM)) 3 IBM COBOL (Release 2 or subsequent releases) 4 C++ blank For remotely bound packages, or trigger packages (TYPE='T')  CHARSET  CHAR(1)  Indicates whether the system CCSID for SBCS data was 290 (Katakana) when the program was precompiled: K Yes A No  MIXED  CHAR(1)  Indicates if mixed data was in effect when the package's program was precompiled. N No Y Yes			
QUOTE  CHAR(1)  SQL string delimiter for SQL statements in the package:  N	QUOTE  CHAR(1)  SQL string delimiter for SQL statements in the package:  N			11 114
COMMA  CHAR(1)  Decimal point representation for SQL statements in package:  N Period Y Comma  HOSTLANG  CHAR(1)  Host language for the package's DBRM:  B Assembler language C OS/VS COBOL D C F Fortran P PL/I 2 VS COBOL II or IBM COBOL Release 1 (formerly called COBOL/370(TM)) 3 IBM COBOL (Release 2 or subsequent releases) 4 C++ blank For remotely bound packages, or trigger packages (TYPE='T')  CHARSET  CHAR(1)  Indicates whether the system CCSID for SBCS data was 290 (Katakana) when the program was precompiled: K Yes A No  Indicates if mixed data was in effect when the package's program was precompiled.	COMMA  CHAR(1)  Decimal point representation for SQL statements in package:  N Period Y Comma  HOSTLANG  CHAR(1)  Host language for the package's DBRM: B Assembler language C OS/VS COBOL D C F Fortran P PL/I 2 VS COBOL II or IBM COBOL Release 1 (formerly called COBOL/370(TM)) 3 IBM COBOL (Release 2 or subsequent releases) 4 C++ blank For remotely bound packages, or trigger packages (TYPE=TT)  CHAR(1)  CHAR(1)  Indicates whether the system CCSID for SBCS data was 290 (Katakana) when the program was precompiled: K Yes A No  Indicates if mixed data was in effect when the package's program was precompiled. N No Y Yes	OHOTE	OLIAD(4)	1 100
COMMA  CHAR(1)  Decimal point representation for SQL statements in package:  N Period Y Comma  HOSTLANG  CHAR(1)  Host language for the package's DBRM:  B Assembler language C OS/VS COBOL D C F Fortran P PL/I 2 VS COBOL II or IBM COBOL Release 1 (formerly called COBOL/370(TM)) 3 IBM COBOL (Release 2 or subsequent releases) 4 C++ blank For remotely bound packages, or trigger packages (TYPE='T')  CHARSET  CHAR(1)  Indicates whether the system CCSID for SBCS data was 290 (Katakana) when the program was precompiled: K Yes A No  Indicates if mixed data was in effect when the package's program was precompiled.	COMMA  CHAR(1)  Decimal point representation for SQL statements in package:  N Period Y Comma  Host language for the package's DBRM:  B Assembler language C OS/VS COBOL D C F Fortran P PL/I 2 VS COBOL II or IBM COBOL Release 1 (formerly called COBOL/370(TM)) 3 IBM COBOL (Release 2 or subsequent releases) 4 C++ blank For remotely bound packages, or trigger packages (TYPE='T')  CHARSET  CHAR(1)  Indicates whether the system CCSID for SBCS data was 290 (Katakana) when the program was precompiled: K Yes A No  MIXED  CHAR(1)  Indicates if mixed data was in effect when the package's program was precompiled. N No Y Yes	QUOTE	CHAR(1)	
COMMA  CHAR(1)  Decimal point representation for SQL statements in package:  N Period Y Comma  HOSTLANG  CHAR(1)  Host language for the package's DBRM: B Assembler language C OS/VS COBOL D C F Fortran P PL/I 2 VS COBOL II or IBM COBOL Release 1 (formerly called COBOL/370(TM)) 3 IBM COBOL (Release 2 or subsequent releases) 4 C++ blank For remotely bound packages, or trigger packages (TYPE='T')  CHARSET  CHAR(1)  Indicates whether the system CCSID for SBCS data was 290 (Katakana) when the program was precompiled: K Yes A No  MIXED  CHAR(1)  Indicates if mixed data was in effect when the package's program was precompiled.	COMMA  CHAR(1)  Decimal point representation for SQL statements in package:  N Period Y Comma  Host language for the package's DBRM:  B Assembler language C OS/VS COBOL D C F Fortran P PL/I 2 VS COBOL II or IBM COBOL Release 1 (formerly called COBOL/370(TM)) 3 IBM COBOL (Release 2 or subsequent releases) 4 C++ blank For remotely bound packages, or trigger packages (TYPE='T')  CHAR(1)  Indicates whether the system CCSID for SBCS data was 290 (Katakana) when the program was precompiled: K Yes A No  Indicates if mixed data was in effect when the package's program was precompiled. N No Y Yes			
HOSTLANG  CHAR(1)  Host language for the package's DBRM:  B Assembler language C OS/VS COBOL D C F Fortran P PL/I 2 VS COBOL II or IBM COBOL Release 1 (formerly called COBOL/370(TM)) 3 IBM COBOL (Release 2 or subsequent releases) 4 C++ blank For remotely bound packages, or trigger packages (TYPE='T')  CHARSET  CHAR(1)  Indicates whether the system CCSID for SBCS data was 290 (Katakana) when the program was precompiled: K Yes A No  MIXED  CHAR(1)  Indicates if mixed data was in effect when the package's program was precompiled.	HOSTLANG  CHAR(1)  Host language for the package's DBRM:  B Assembler language C OS/VS COBOL D C F Fortran P PL/I 2 VS COBOL II or IBM COBOL Release 1 (formerly called COBOL/370(TM)) 3 IBM COBOL (Release 2 or subsequent releases) 4 C++ blank For remotely bound packages, or trigger packages (TYPE='T')  CHARSET  CHAR(1)  Indicates whether the system CCSID for SBCS data was 290 (Katakana) when the program was precompiled: K Yes A No  MIXED  CHAR(1)  Indicates if mixed data was in effect when the package's program was precompiled. N No Y Yes	COMMA	CHAD(1)	
HOSTLANG  CHAR(1)  Host language for the package's DBRM:  B	HOSTLANG  CHAR(1)  Host language for the package's DBRM:  B	COMMA	CHAR(I)	
HOSTLANG  CHAR(1)  Host language for the package's DBRM:  B	HOSTLANG  CHAR(1)  Host language for the package's DBRM:  B			
B Assembler language C OS/VS COBOL D C F Fortran P PL/I 2 VS COBOL II or IBM COBOL Release 1	B Assembler language C OS/VS COBOL D C F Fortran P PL/I 2 VS COBOL II or IBM COBOL Release 1 (formerly called COBOL/370(TM)) 3 IBM COBOL (Release 2 or subsequent releases) 4 C++ blank For remotely bound packages, or trigger packages (TYPE='T')  CHARSET CHAR(1) Indicates whether the system CCSID for SBCS data was 290 (Katakana) when the program was precompiled: K Yes A No  Indicates if mixed data was in effect when the package's program was precompiled. N No Y Yes	HOSTI ANG	CHAR(1)	
C OS/VS COBOL D C F Fortran P PL/I 2 VS COBOL II or IBM COBOL Release 1	C OS/VS COBOL D C F Fortran P PL/I 2 VS COBOL II or IBM COBOL Release 1	110012/110	011111(1)	
D C F Fortran P PL/I 2 VS COBOL II or IBM COBOL Release 1 (formerly called COBOL/370(TM)) 3 IBM COBOL (Release 2 or subsequent releases) 4 C++ blank For remotely bound packages, or trigger packages (TYPE='T')  CHARSET CHAR(1) Indicates whether the system CCSID for SBCS data was 290 (Katakana) when the program was precompiled: K Yes A No  MIXED CHAR(1) Indicates if mixed data was in effect when the package's program was precompiled.	D C F Fortran P PL/I 2 VS COBOL II or IBM COBOL Release 1 (formerly called COBOL/370(TM)) 3 IBM COBOL (Release 2 or subsequent releases) 4 C++ blank For remotely bound packages, or trigger packages (TYPE='T')  CHARSET CHAR(1) Indicates whether the system CCSID for SBCS data was 290 (Katakana) when the program was precompiled: K Yes A No  MIXED CHAR(1) Indicates if mixed data was in effect when the package's program was precompiled. N No Y Yes			
P PL/I 2 VS COBOL II or IBM COBOL Release 1	P PL/I 2 VS COBOL II or IBM COBOL Release 1 (formerly called COBOL/370(TM)) 3 IBM COBOL (Release 2 or subsequent releases) 4 C++ blank For remotely bound packages, or trigger packages (TYPE='T')  CHARSET CHAR(1) Indicates whether the system CCSID for SBCS data was 290 (Katakana) when the program was precompiled: K Yes A No  Indicates if mixed data was in effect when the package's program was precompiled. N No Y Yes			<b>D</b> C
2 VS COBOL II or IBM COBOL Release 1 (formerly called COBOL/370(TM)) 3 IBM COBOL (Release 2 or subsequent releases) 4 C++ blank For remotely bound packages, or trigger packages (TYPE='T')  CHARSET CHAR(1) Indicates whether the system CCSID for SBCS data was 290 (Katakana) when the program was precompiled: K Yes A No  MIXED CHAR(1) Indicates if mixed data was in effect when the package's program was precompiled.	2 VS COBOL II or IBM COBOL Release 1 (formerly called COBOL/370(TM)) 3 IBM COBOL (Release 2 or subsequent releases) 4 C++ blank For remotely bound packages, or trigger packages (TYPE='T')  CHARSET  CHAR(1)  Indicates whether the system CCSID for SBCS data was 290 (Katakana) when the program was precompiled:  K Yes A No  Indicates if mixed data was in effect when the package's program was precompiled.  N No Y Yes			<b>F</b> Fortran
(formerly called COBOL/370(TM))  3 IBM COBOL (Release 2 or subsequent releases)  4 C++  blank For remotely bound packages, or trigger packages (TYPE='T')  CHARSET  CHAR(1) Indicates whether the system CCSID for SBCS data was 290 (Katakana) when the program was precompiled:  K Yes  A No  MIXED  CHAR(1) Indicates if mixed data was in effect when the package's program was precompiled.	(formerly called COBOL/370(TM))  3 IBM COBOL (Release 2 or subsequent releases)  4 C++  blank For remotely bound packages, or trigger packages (TYPE='T')  CHARSET  CHAR(1)  Indicates whether the system CCSID for SBCS data was 290 (Katakana) when the program was precompiled:  K Yes  A No  Indicates if mixed data was in effect when the package's program was precompiled.  N No Y Yes			
3 IBM COBOL (Release 2 or subsequent releases) 4 C++ blank For remotely bound packages, or trigger packages (TYPE='T')  CHARSET CHAR(1) Indicates whether the system CCSID for SBCS data was 290 (Katakana) when the program was precompiled:  K Yes A No  MIXED CHAR(1) Indicates if mixed data was in effect when the package's program was precompiled.	3 IBM COBOL (Release 2 or subsequent releases) 4 C++ blank For remotely bound packages, or trigger packages (TYPE='T')  CHARSET CHAR(1) Indicates whether the system CCSID for SBCS data was 290 (Katakana) when the program was precompiled:  K Yes A No  Indicates if mixed data was in effect when the package's program was precompiled.  N No Y Yes			
## C++    blank   For remotely bound packages, or trigger packages (TYPE='T')    CHARSET   CHAR(1)   Indicates whether the system CCSID for SBCS data was 290 (Katakana) when the program was precompiled:   K	CHARSET  CHAR(1)  CHAR(1)  Indicates whether the system CCSID for SBCS data was 290 (Katakana) when the program was precompiled:  K Yes A No  Indicates if mixed data was in effect when the package's program was precompiled.  N No Y Yes			
blank For remotely bound packages, or trigger packages (TYPE='T')  CHARSET  CHAR(1)  Indicates whether the system CCSID for SBCS data was 290 (Katakana) when the program was precompiled:  K Yes A No  MIXED  CHAR(1)  Indicates if mixed data was in effect when the package's program was precompiled.	CHARSET  CHAR(1)  Indicates whether the system CCSID for SBCS data was 290 (Katakana) when the program was precompiled:  K Yes A No  MIXED  CHAR(1)  Indicates whether the system CCSID for SBCS data was 290 (Katakana) when the program was precompiled:  K Yes A No  Indicates if mixed data was in effect when the package's program was precompiled.  N No Y Yes			
CHARSET  CHAR(1)  Indicates whether the system CCSID for SBCS data was 290 (Katakana) when the program was precompiled:  K Yes A No  MIXED  CHAR(1)  Indicates if mixed data was in effect when the package's program was precompiled.	CHARSET  CHAR(1)  Indicates whether the system CCSID for SBCS data was 290 (Katakana) when the program was precompiled:  K Yes  A No  MIXED  CHAR(1)  Indicates if mixed data was in effect when the package's program was precompiled.  N No  Y Yes			1
CHARSET  CHAR(1)  Indicates whether the system CCSID for SBCS data was 290 (Katakana) when the program was precompiled:  K Yes A No  MIXED  CHAR(1)  Indicates whether the system CCSID for SBCS data was 290 (Katakana) when the program was precompiled:  K Yes A No  Indicates if mixed data was in effect when the package's program was precompiled.	CHARSET  CHAR(1)  Indicates whether the system CCSID for SBCS data was 290 (Katakana) when the program was precompiled:  K Yes  A No  MIXED  CHAR(1)  Indicates whether the system CCSID for SBCS data was 290 (Katakana) when the program was precompiled:  K Yes  A No  Indicates if mixed data was in effect when the package's program was precompiled.  N No  Y Yes			
(Katakana) when the program was precompiled:  K Yes A No  MIXED  CHAR(1)  Indicates if mixed data was in effect when the package's program was precompiled.	(Katakana) when the program was precompiled:  K Yes A No  MIXED  CHAR(1)  Indicates if mixed data was in effect when the package's program was precompiled.  N No Y Yes	CHARCET	CHAD(1)	
MIXED CHAR(1) Indicates if mixed data was in effect when the package's program was precompiled.	MIXED  CHAR(1)  Indicates if mixed data was in effect when the package's program was precompiled.  N No Y Yes	CHARSEI	CHAR(I)	
MIXED CHAR(1) Indicates if mixed data was in effect when the package's program was precompiled.	MIXED  CHAR(1)  Indicates if mixed data was in effect when the package's program was precompiled.  N No Y Yes			
MIXED CHAR(1) Indicates if mixed data was in effect when the package's program was precompiled.	MIXED CHAR(1) Indicates if mixed data was in effect when the package's program was precompiled.  N No Y Yes			1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
program was precompiled.	program was precompiled.  N No Y Yes	MIXED	CHAR(1)	
	N No Y Yes	WII/NED	JII/AIK(1)	
l I <b>N</b> No	Y Yes			1 0 1
117	1 199			1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
1 100		DEC31	CHAR(1)	
	program was precompiled.		\ /	, ,

Column Name	Data Type	Description
Column Name	Data Type	N No
		Y Yes
DEFERPREP	CHAR(1)	Indicates the CURRENTDATA option when the package was bound or rebound:  A Data currency is required for all cursors. Inhibit blocking for all cursors.  B Data currency is not required for ambiguous cursors.  C Data currency is required for ambiguous cursors.
SQLERROR	CHAD(1)	blank The package was created before the CURRENTDATA option was available.  Indicates the SQLERROR option on the most recent
	CHAR(1)	subcommand that bound or rebound the package:  C CONTINUE  N NOPACKAGE
REMOTE	CHAR(1)	Source of the package:  C Package was created by BIND COPY.  D Package was created by BIND COPY with the OPTIONS(COMMAND) option.  K The package was copied from a package that was originally bound on behalf of a remote requester.  L The package was copied with the OPTIONS(COMMAND) option from a package that was originally bound on behalf of a remote requester.  N Package was locally bound from a DBRM.  Y Package was bound on behalf of a remote requester.
PCTIMESTAMP	TIMESTAMP	Date and time the application program was precompiled, or 0001-01-01-00.00.00.0000000 if the LEVEL precompiler option was used, or if the package came from a non-DB2 location.
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	Whether the row came from the basic machine-readable material (MRM) tape: N=No , Y=Yes
VERSION	VARCHAR(122)	Version identifier for the package. The value is blank for a trigger package (TYPE='T').
PDSNAME	VARCHAR(132)	For a locally bound package, the name of the PDS (library) in which the package's DBRM is a member. For a locally copied package, the value in SYSPACKAGE.PDSNAME for the source package. Otherwise, the product signature of the bind requester followed by one of the following:  o The requester's location name if the product is DB2 o Otherwise, the requester' LU name enclosed in angle brackets; for example, " <lusqlds>."</lusqlds>
DEGREE	CHAR(3)	The DEGREE option used when the package was last bound:  ANY DEGREE(ANY)  1 or blank DEGREE(1)  Blank if the package was migrated.
GROUP_MEMBER	VARCHAR(24)	The DB2 data-sharing member name of the DB2 subsystem that performed the most recent bind. This column is blank if the DB2 subsystem was not in a DB2 data-sharing environment when the bind was performed.
DYNAMICRULES	CHAR(1)	The DYNAMICRULES option used when the package was last bound:  B BIND. Dynamic SQL statements are executed with DYNAMICRULES bind behavior.  D DEFINEBIND. When the package is run under

		DB2° 9 z/OS Reference Guide
Column Name	Data Type	Description
		an active stored procedure or user-defined function, dynamic SQL statements in the package are executed with DYNAMICRULES define behavior. When the package is not run under an active stored procedure or user-defined functions, dynamic SQL statements in the package are executed with DYNAMICRULES bind behavior.  E DEFINERUN. When the package is run under an active stored procedure or user-defined function, dynamic SQL statements in the package are executed with DYNAMICRULES define behavior. When the package is not run under an active stored procedure or user-defined function, dynamic SQL statements in the package are executed with DYNAMICRULES run behavior.  H INVOKEBIND. When the package is run under an active stored procedure or user-defined function, dynamic SQL statements in the package are executed with DYNAMICRULES invoke behavior. When the package is not run under an active stored procedure or user-defined function, dynamic SQL statements in the package are executed with DYNAMICRULES bind behavior.  I INVOKERUN. When the package is run under an active stored procedure or user-defined function, dynamic SQL statements in the package are executed with DYNAMICRULES invoke behavior.  When the package is not run under an active stored procedure or user-defined function, dynamic SQL statements in the package is run under an active stored procedure or user-defined function, dynamic SQL statements in the package are executed with DYNAMICRULES invoke behavior.  When the package is not run under an active stored procedure or user-defined function, dynamic SQL statements in the package are executed with DYNAMICRULES run behavior.  R RUN. Dynamic SQL statements are executed with DYNAMICRULES run behavior.  blank DYNAMICRULES is not specified for the package. The package uses the DYNAMICRULES value of the plan to which the package is appended at
REOPTVAR	CHAR(1)	execution time.  Whether the access path is determined again at execution time using input variable values:  A Bind option REOPT(AUTO) indicates that the access path is determined multiple times at execution time depending on the parameter value.  N Bind option REOPT(NONE) indicates that the access path is determined at bind time.  Y Bind option REOPT(ALWAYS) indicates that the access path is determined at execution time for SQL statements with variable values.  1 Bind option REOPT(ONCE) indicates that the access path is determined only once at execution time, using the first set of input variable values, regardless of how many times the same statement is executed.  Whether PREPARE processing is deferred until OPEN is

Column Name	Data Type	Description
Column Name	Data Type	executed:
		Bind option NODEFER(PREPARE) indicates that PREPARE processing is not deferred until OPEN is executed.  Y Bind option DEFER(PREPARE) indicates that PREPARE processing is deferred until OPEN is executed.  blank Bind option not specified for the package. It is inherited from the plan.
KEEPDYNAMIC	CHAR(1)	Whether prepared dynamic statements are to be purged at each commit point:  N The bind option is KEEPDYNAMIC(NO). Prepared dynamic SQL statements are destroyed at commit.  Y The bind option is KEEPDYNAMIC(YES). Prepared dynamic SQL statements are kept past commit.
PATHSCHEMAS	VARCHAR(2048)	SQL path specified on the BIND or REBIND command that bound the package. The path is used to resolve unqualified data type, function, and stored procedure names used in certain contexts. If the PATH bind option was not specified, the value in the column is a zero length string; however, DB2 uses a default SQL path of: SYSIBM, SYSFUN, SYSPROC, package qualifier.
TYPE	CHAR(1)	Type of package. Identifies how the package was created:  blank  BIND PACKAGE command created the package.  T  CREATE TRIGGER statement created the package, and the package is a trigger package.  N  CREATE PROCEDURE or ALTER PROCEDURE statement, or BIND PACKAGE DEPLOY command created the package, and this package is a native SQL routine package.
DBPROTOCOL	CHAR(1)	Whether remote access for SQL with three-part names is implemented with DRDA or DB2 private protocol access:  D DRDA  P DB2 private protocol
FUNCTIONTS	TIMESTAMP	Timestamp when the function was resolved. Set by the BIND and REBIND commands, but not by AUTOBIND.
OPTHINT	VARCHAR(128)	Value of the OPTHINT bind option. Identifies rows in the authid.PLAN_TABLE to be used as input to the optimizer. Contains blanks if no rows in the authid.PLAN_TABLE are to be used as input.
ENCODING_CCSID	INTEGER	The CCSID corresponding to the encoding scheme or CCSID as specified for the bind option ENCODING. The encoding scheme specified on the bind command:  CCSID The specified or derived CCSID  The EBCDIC default CCSID as specified on panel DSNTIPF at installation time.
IMMEDWRITE	CHAR(1)	Indicates when writes of updated group bufferpool dependent pages are to be done. This option is only applicable for datasharing environments.  N Bind option IMMEDWRITE(NO) indicates normal write activity is done.  Y Bind option IMMEDWRITE(YES) indicates that immediate writes are done for updated group buffer pool dependent pages.  1 Bind option IMMEDWRITE(PH1) indicates that

Column Name	Data Type	Description
		updated group bufferpool dependent pages are written at or before phase 1 commit.
RELBOUND	CHAR(1)	The release when the package was bound or rebound.  blank Bound prior to V7  K Bound on V7
REMARKS	VARCHAR(762)	A character string provided by the user with the COMMENT statement.
OWNERTYPE	CHAR(1)	Indicates the type of owner blank Authorization ID L Role
ROUNDING	CHAR(1)	The ROUNDING option used when the package was last bound: C ROUND_CEILING D ROUND_DOWN F ROUND_FLOOR G ROUND_HALF_DOWN E ROUND_HALF_EVEN H ROUND_HALF_UP U ROUND_UP blank The package created in a DB2 release prior to Version 9

# SYSIBM.SYSPACKAUTH

Records the privileges that are held by users over packages.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
GRANTOR	VARCHAR(128)	Authorization ID of the user who granted the privilege. Could also be PUBLIC or PUBLIC followed by an asterisk.
GRANTEE	VARCHAR(128)	Authorization ID of the user who holds the privileges, the name of a plan that uses the privileges or PUBLIC for a grant to PUBLIC.
LOCATION	VARCHAR(128)	Always contains blanks.
COLLID	VARCHAR(128)	Collection name for the package or packages on which the privilege was granted.
NAME	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the package on which the privileges are held. An asterisk (*) if the privileges are held on all packages in a collection.
TIMESTAMP	TIMESTAMP	Timestamp indicating when the privilege was granted.
GRANTEETYPE	CHAR(1)	Type of grantee:  blank An authorization ID  L Role  P An application plan
AUTHHOWGOT	CHAR(1)	Authorization level of the user from whom the privileges were received. This authorization level is not necessarily the highest authorization level of the grantor.  blank Not applicable  A PACKADM (on collection *)  C DBCTL  D DBADM  L SYSCTRL  M DBMAINT  P PACKADM (on a specific collection)  S SYSADM
BINDAUTH	CHAR(1)	Whether GRANTEE can use the BIND and REBIND subcommands against the package:

276 DB2<sup>®</sup> 9 for z/OS

Column Name	Data Type	Description
		blank Privilege is not held
		<b>G</b> Privilege is held with the GRANT option
		Y Privilege is held without the GRANT option
COPYAUTH	CHAR(1)	Whether GRANTEE can COPY the package:
		blank Privilege is not held
		<b>G</b> Privilege is held with the GRANT option
		Y Privilege is held without the GRANT option
EXECUTEAUTH	CHAR(1)	Whether GRANTEE can execute the package:
		blank Privilege is not held
		<b>G</b> Privilege is held with the GRANT option
		Y Privilege is held without the GRANT option
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	Whether the row came from the basic machine-readable
		material (MRM) tape: N=No, Y=Yes
GRANTORTYPE	CHAR(1)	Indicates the type of grantor:
		blank Authorization ID
		L Role

# SYSIBM.SYSPACKDEP

Records the dependencies of packages on local tables, views, synonyms, tablespaces, indexes, aliases, functions, and stored procedures.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
BNAME	VARCHAR(128)	The name of an object that a package depends on.
BQUALIFIER	VARCHAR(128)	The value of the column depends on the type of object:  If BNAME identifies a table space (BTYPE is R), the value is the name of its database.  If BNAME identifies user-defined function, a cast function, a stored procedure, or a sequence (BTYPE is F, O, or Q), the value is the schema name.  If BNAME identifies a role, the value is blank.  Otherwise, the value is the schema of BNAME.
ВТҮРЕ	CHAR(1)	Type of object identified by BNAME and BQUALIFIER:  A Alias  E INSTEAD OF trigger  F User-defined function or cast function  G Global temporary table  I Index  M Materialized query table  O Stored procedure  P Partitioned tablespace  Q Sequence object  R Tablespace  S Synonym  T Table  V View
DLOCATION	VARCHAR(128)	Always contains blanks
DCOLLID	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the package collection.
DNAME	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the package.
DCONTOKEN	CHAR(8)	Consistency token for the package. This is either:  o The "level" as specified by the LEVEL option when the package's program was precompiled

Column Name	Data Type	Description
		o The timestamp indicating when the package's program
		was precompiled, in an internal format.
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	Whether the row came from the basic machine-readable
		material (MRM) tape: N=No, Y=Yes
DOWNER	VARCHAR(128)	Owner of the package.
DTYPE	CHAR(1)	Type of package:
		T Trigger package
		N Native SQL routine package
		blank Not a trigger package
DOWNERTYPE	CHAR(1)	Indicates the type of owner of the package:
		blank Authorization ID
		L Role

# SYSIBM.SYSPACKLIST

Contains one or more rows for every local application plan bound with a package list. Each row represents a unique entry in the plan's package list.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
PLANNAME	VARCHAR(24)	Name of the application plan.
SEQNO	SMALLINT	Sequence number of the entry in the package list.
LOCATION	VARCHAR(128)	Location of the package. Blank if this is local. An asterisk (*) indicates location to be determined at run time.
COLLID	VARCHAR(128)	Collection name for the package. An asterisk (*) indicates that the collection name is determined at run time.
NAME	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the package. An asterisk (*) indicates an entire collection.
TIMESTAMP	TIMESTAMP	Timestamp indicating when the row was created.
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	Whether the row came from the basic machine-readable material (MRM) tape: N=No, Y=Yes

#### SYSIBM.SYSPACKSTMT

Contains one or more rows for each statement in a package.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
LOCATION	VARCHAR(128)	Always contains blanks
COLLID	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the package collection.
NAME	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the package.
CONTOKEN	CHAR(8)	Consistency token for the package. This is either:  o The "level" as specified by the LEVEL option when the package's program was precompiled  o The timestamp indicating when the package's program was precompiled, in an internal format
SEQNO	INTEGER	Sequence number of the row with respect to a statement in the package. The numbering starts with 0.
STMTNO	SMALLINT	The statement number of the statement in the source program. A statement number greater than 32767 is displayed as zero or a or a negative number (see STMTNOI for the statement number).
SECTNO	SMALLINT	The section number of the statement.
BINDERROR	CHAR(1)	Whether an SQL error was detected at bind time:  N No Y Yes

Column Name	Data Type	Description
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	Whether the row came from the basic machine-readable material
IDIVIINEQU	CHAR(I)	(MRM) tape: N=No, Y=Yes
VERSION	VARCHAR(122)	Version identifier for the package.
STMT		All or a portion of the text for the SQL statement that the row
STIVIT	VARCHAR(3500)	
ICOLATION	CHAD(4)	represents. Isolation level for the SQL statement:
ISOLATION	CHAR(1)	
		R RR (repeatable read) T RS (read stability)
		U UR (uncommitted read) L KEEP UPDATE LOCKS for an RS isolation
		blank The WITH clause was not specified on this
		statement. The isolation level is recorded in
		SYSPACKAGE.ISOLATION and in
0747110	OLIAD(4)	SYSPLAN.ISOLATION.
STATUS	CHAR(1)	Status of binding the statement:
		A Distributed - statement uses DB2 private protocol
		access. The statement will be parsed and executed at the
		server using defaults for input variables during access path
		selection.
		B Distributed - statement uses DB2 private protocol access.
		The statement will be parsed and executed at the server
		using values for input variables during access path
		selection. C Compiled - statement was bound successfully using defaults
		for input variables during access path selection.
		E Explain - statement is an SQL EXPLAIN statement. The
		explain is done at bind time using defaults for input variables
		during access path selection.  F Parsed - statement did not bind successfully and
		VALIDATE(RUN) was used. The statement will be rebound
		at execution time using values for input variables during
		access path selection.  G Compiled - statement bound successfully, but REOPT is
		G Compiled - statement bound successfully, but REOPT is specified. The statement will be rebound at execution
		time using values for input variables during access path selection.
		H Parsed - statement is either a data definition statement
		or a statement that did not bind successfully and
		VALIDATE(RUN) was used. The statement will be rebound
		at execution time using defaults for input
		variables during access path selection. Data manipulation
		statements use defaults for input variables during access
		path selection.
		I Indefinite - statement is dynamic. The statement will be
		bound at execution time using defaults for input variables
		during access path selection.
		J Indefinite - statement is dynamic. The statement will be
		bound at execution time using values for input variables
		during access path selection.
		K Control - CALL statement.
		L Bad - the statement has some allowable error. The bind
<u> </u>	ļ	E Dad - the statement has some allowable error. The billu

DB2<sup>®</sup> 9 for z/OS 279

Column Name	Data Type	Description
	,	continues but the statement cannot be executed.  blank The statement is non-executable, or was bound in a DB2 release prior to Version 5.
ACCESSPATH	CHAR(1)	For static statements, indicates if the access path for the statement is based on user-specified optimization hints. A value of 'H' indicates that optimization hints were used. A blank value indicates that the access path was determined without the use of optimization hints, or that there is no access path associated with the statement. For dynamic statements, the value is blank.
STMTNOI	INTEGER	The statement number of the statement in the source program.
SECTNOI	INTEGER	The section number of the statement.
EXPLAINABLE	CHAR(1)	Contains one of the following values:  Y Indicates that the SQL statement can be used with the EXPLAIN function and may have rows describing its access path in the userid.PLAN_TABLE.  N Indicates that the SQL statement does not have any rows describing its access path in the userid.PLAN_TABLE  Blank Indicates that the SQL statement was bound prior to V7.
QUERYNO	INTEGER	The query number of the SQL statement in the source program. SQL statements bound prior to V7 have a default value of –1. Statements bound V7 or later used the value specified on the QUERYNO clause on SELECT, UPDATE, INSERT, DELETE, EXPLAIN, and DECLARE CURSOR or REFRESH TABLE statements. If the QUERYNO clause is not specified, the query number is set to the statement number.

# SYSIBM.SYSPARMS

Contains a row for each parameter of a routine or multiple rows for table parameters (one for each column of the table).

Column Name	Data Type	Description
SCHEMA	VARCHAR(128)	Schema of the routine.
OWNER	VARCHAR(128)	Owner of the routine.
NAME	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the routine.
SPECIFICNAME	VARCHAR(128)	Specific name of the routine.
ROUTINETYPE	CHAR(1)	Type of routine:
		F User-defined function or cast function
		P Stored procedure
CAST_FUNCTION	CHAR(1)	Whether the routine is a cast function:
		N Not a cast function
		Y A cast function
		The only way to get a value of Y is if a user creates a distinct
		type when DB2 implicitly generates cast functions for the
		distinct type.
PARMNAME	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the parameter. For a table parameter, the
		parameter name in the row corresponding to the first column
		of the table is the parameter name specified on CREATE; an
		empty string or blanks are stored for the parameter name for
		the rows corresponding to the remaining columns.
ROUTINEID	INTEGER	Internal identifier of the routine.
ROWTYPE	CHAR(1)	The following values indicate the type of parameter
		described by this row:

Column Name	Data Type	Description
		P Input parameter.
		O Output parameter; not applicable for functions
		B Both an input and an output parameter; not applicable for
		functions
		R Result before casting; not applicable for stored
		procedures
		C Result after casting; not applicable for stored procedures
		S Input parameter of the underlying built-in source function.
		For a sourced function and a given ORDINAL value:
		The row with ROWTYPE = P describes the input  A second of the country of the second of the children (identified).
		parameter of the user-defined function (identified by ROUTINEID).
		<ul> <li>The row with ROWTYPE = S describes the</li> </ul>
		corresponding input parameter of the built-in
		function that is the underlying source function
		(identified by the SOURCESCHEMA and
		SOURCESPECIFIC values).
		A value of 'X' indicates that the row is not used to describe a
		particular parameter of the routine. Instead, for a routine that
		was created prior to Version 9, the row is used to record a
		CCSID for the encoding scheme specified in a PARAMETER CCSID clause, or a DATATYPEID for the
		representation of the variable length character string
		parameters of a LANGUAGE C routine, as specified in a
		PARAMETER VARCHAR clause. For routines created with
		Version 8 (new function mode) or later releases, the CCSID
		is recorded in the PARAMETER CCSID column of
		SYSROUTINES. For routines created with Version 9 or later
		releases, the DATATYPEID information to support
		PARAMETER VARCHAR is recorded in the
		PARAMETER VARCHARFORM column of
		SYSIBM.SYSROUTINES.
ORDINAL	SMALLINT	If ROWTYPE is B, O, P, or S, the ordinal number of the
		parameter within the routine signature. If ROWTYPE is C or
		R, the value is 0. When the ROWTYPE is X, because a
		PARAMETER CCSID is specified for functions or
		procedures created prior to V8, the ORDINAL value is 0.
TYPESCHEMA	CHAR(8)	Schema of the data type of the parameter.
TYPENAME	CHAR(18)	Name of the data type of the parameter.
DATATYPEID	INTEGER	For a built-in data type, the internal ID of the built-in type.
		For
COLIDOETVDEID	INTEGED	a distinct type, the internal ID of the distinct type.
SOURCETYPEID	INTEGER	For a built-in data type, 0. For a distinct type, the internal ID
		of the built-in data type upon which the distinct type is sourced.
LOCATOR	CHAR(1)	Indicates whether a locator to a value, instead of the actual
LOCATOR	CHAR(I)	value, is to be passed as the input value when the routine is
		called:
		N The actual value is to be passed.
		Y A locator to a value is to be passed
TABLE	CHAR(1)	The data type of a column for a table parameter:
		N This is not a table parameter.
		Y This is a table parameter.
	I	i mio io a tabio parameter.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
TABLE COLNO	SMALLINT	For table parameters, the column number of the table.
17.822_002140	ON KEENY!	Otherwise, the value is 0.
LENGTH	INTEGER	Length attribute of the parameter, or in the case of a decimal
		parameter, its precision.
SCALE	SMALLINT	Scale of the data type of the parameter.
SUBTYPE	CHAR(1)	If the data type is a distinct type, the subtype of the distinct
	( )	type, which is based on the subtype of its source type:
		<b>B</b> The subtype is FOR BIT DATA.
		S The subtype is FOR SBCS DATA.
		M The subtype is FOR MIXED DATA.
		<b>blank</b> The source type is not a character type.
CCSID	INTEGER	CCSID of the data type for character, graphic, date, time,
		and timestamp data types. When the ROWTYPE is X and
		ORDINAL is 0, the CCSID column is the CCSID for all
		character and graphic string parameters.
CAST_FUNCTION_ID	INTEGER	Internal function ID of the function used to cast the
		argument, if this function is sourced on another function, or
		result. Otherwise, the value is 0. Not applicable for stored
		procedures.
ENCODING_SCHEME	CHAR(1)	Encoding scheme of the parameter:
		A ASCII
		E EBCDIC
		U UNICODE
IDIADEOD	OLIA D(4)	<b>blank</b> The source type is not a character type.
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	Whether the row came from the basic machine-readable
		material (MRM) tape:
		N No Y Yes
VERSION	VARCHAR(122)	The version identifier for the routine. The column is a zero-
VERSION	VARGHAR(122)	length string if the value of ORIGIN is not 'I' or if the rows
		were created prior to Version 9.
OWNERTYPE	CHAR(1)	Indicates the type of owner:
OWNERTIFE	OHAR(I)	blank Authorization ID
		L Role
	J	L INDIC

# SYSIBM.SYSPKSYSTEM

Contains zero or more rows for every package. Each row for a given package represents one or more connections to an environment in which the package could be executed.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
LOCATION	VARCHAR(128)	Always contains blanks.
COLLID	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the package collection.
NAME	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the package.
CONTOKEN	CHAR(8)	Consistency token for the package. This is either:  o The "level" as specified by the LEVEL option when the package's program was precompiled  o The timestamp indicating when the package's program was precompiled, in an internal format.
SYSTEM	VARCHAR(24)	Environment. Values can be:  BATCH TSO batch  CICS Customer Information Control System  DB2CALL DB2 call attachment facility

Column Name	Data Type	Description
		DLIBATCH DLI batch support facility
		IMSBMP IMS BMP region
		IMSMPP IMS MPP and IFP region
		REMOTE remote application server
ENABLE	CHAR(1)	Indicates whether the connections represented by the row are
		enabled or disabled:
		N Disabled
		Y Enabled
CNAME	VARCHAR(60)	Identifies the connection or connections to which the row applies.
		Interpretation depends on the environment specified by SYSTEM.
		Values can be:
		o Blank if SYSTEM=BATCH or SYSTEM=DB2CALL
		o The LU name for an application server if SYSTEM=REMOTE
		o Either the requester's location (if the product is DB2) or the
		requester's LU name enclosed in angle brackets if
		SYSTEM=REMOTE.
		o The name of a single connection if SYSTEM has any other
		value.
		CNAME can also be blank when SYSTEM is not equal to BATCH or
		DB2CALL. When this is so, the row applies to all servers or
		connections for the indicated environment.
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	Whether the row came from the basic machine-readable material
		(MRM) tape: N=No, Y=Yes

# SYSIBM.SYSPLAN

Contains one row for each application plan.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
NAME	VARCHAR(24)	Name of the application plan.
CREATOR	VARCHAR(128)	Authorization ID of the owner of the application plan.
BINDDATE	CHAR(6)	Date on which the plan was last bound, in the form yymmdd.
VALIDATE	CHAR(1)	Whether validity checking can be deferred until run time:  B All checking must be performed during BIND.  R Validation is done at run time for tables, views, and privileges that do not exist at bind time.
ISOLATION	CHAR(1)	Isolation level for the plan:  R RR (repeatable read)  T RS (read stability)  S CS (cursor stability)  U UR (uncommitted read)

Column Name	Data Type	Description
VALID	CHAR(1)	Whether the application plan is
VALID	CHAR(I)	valid:  A The ALTER TABLE statement changed the description of the table or base table of a view that is referred to by the application plan. For a CREATE INDEX statement involving data sharing, VALID is also marked as 'A'. The change does not invalidate the application plan.  H The ALTER TABLE statement changed the description of the table or base table of a view that is referred to by the application plan. For releases of DB2 prior to Version 5, the change invalidates the application plan.  N No Y Yes
OPERATIVE	CHAR(1)	Whether the application plan can be allocated:
0. 2.02		No; an explicit BIND or REBIND is required before the plan can be allocated     Y Yes
BINDTIME	CHAR(8)	Time of the BIND in the form hhmmssth.
PLSIZE	INTEGER	Size of the base section of the plan, in bytes.
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	Whether the row came from the basic machine-readable material (MRM) tape: N=No, Y=Yes
AVGSIZE	INTEGER	Average size, in bytes, of those sections of the plan that contain SQL statements processed at bind time.
ACQUIRE	CHAR(1)	When resources are acquired:  A At allocation  U At first use
RELEASE	CHAR(1)	When resources are released: C At commit D At deallocation
EXPLAN	CHAR(1)	EXPLAIN option specified for the plan; that is, whether information on the plan's statements was added to the owner's PLAN_TABLE table:  N No Y Yes
EXPREDICATE	CHAR(1)	Indicates the CURRENTDATA option when the plan was bound or rebound:  B Data currency is not required for ambiguous cursors. Allow blocking for ambiguous cursors.  C Data currency is required for ambiguous cursors. Inhibit blocking for ambiguous cursors.  N Blocking is inhibited for ambiguous cursors, but the plan was created before the CURRENTDATA option was available.
BOUNDBY	VARCHAR(128)	Primary authorization ID of the binder of the plan.
QUALIFIER	VARCHAR(128)	Implicit qualifier for the unqualified table, view, index, and alias names in the static SQL statements of the plan.
CACHESIZE	SMALLINT	Size, in bytes, of the cache to be acquired for the plan. A value of zero indicates that no cache is used.
PLENTRIES	SMALLINT	Number of package list entries for the plan. The negative of that number if there are rows for the plan in SYSIBM.SYPACKLIST but the plan was bound in a prior release after fall back.

Column Nama	Doto Tyro	Description
Column Name	Data Type	Description
DEFERPREP	CHAR(1)	Whether the package was last bound with the
		DEFER(PREPARE) option:
		N No Y Yes
OUDDENITOED//ED	\/ADOLIAD(400)	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
CURRENTSERVER	VARCHAR(128)	Location name specified with the CURRENTSERVER option
		when the plan was last bound. Blank if none was specified,
OVOENTRIEO	CMANLLINIT	implying that the first server is the local DB2 subsystem.
SYSENTRIES	SMALLINT	Number of rows associated with the plan in
		SYSIBM.SYSPLSYSTEM. The negative of that number if such rows exist but the plan was bound in a prior release after fall
		back. A negative value or zero means that all connections
DECDEE	CLIAD(2)	are enabled.
DEGREE	CHAR(3)	The DEGREE option used when the plan was last bound:
		ANY DEGREE(ANY)
COLDINEC	CHAD(4)	1 or blank DEGREE(1). Blank if the plan was migrated.
SQLRULES	CHAR(1)	The SQLRULES option used when the plan was last bound: <b>D or blank</b> SQLRULES(DB2)
		S SQLRULES(STD)
		blank A migrated plan
DISCONNECT	CLIAD(1)	The DISCONNECT option used when the plan was last bound:
DISCONNECT	CHAR(1)	E or blank DISCONNECT (EXPLICIT)
		A DISCONNECT (AUTOMATIC)
		C DISCONNECT (AUTOMATIC)
GROUP_MEMBER	VARCHAR(24)	blank
GROUP_INIEINIBER	VARCHAR(24)	that performed the most recent bind. This column is blank if the
		DB2 subsystem was not in a DB2 data-sharing environment
		when the bind was performed.
DYNAMICRULES	CHAR(1)	The DYNAMICRULES option used when the plan was last
DINAMICROLES	CHAR(I)	bound:
		B BIND. Dynamic SQL statements are executed with
		DYNAMICRULES bind behavior.
		blank RUN. Dynamic SQL statements in the plan are
		executed with DYNAMICRULES run behavior.
BOUNDTS	TIMESTAMP	Time when the plan was bound.
REOPTVAR	CHAR(1)	Whether the access path is determined again at execution
INCOL IVAIN	OHAR(I)	timeusing input variable values:
		A Bind option REOPT(AUTO) indicates that the access
		path is determined multiple times at execution time
		depending on the parameter value.
		N Bind option REOPT(NONE) indicates that the access
		path is determined at bind time.
		Y Bind option REOPT(ALWAYS) indicates that the access
		path is determined at execution time for SQL statements
		with variable values.
		1 Bind option REOPT(ONCE) indicates that the access
		path is determined only once at execution time, using
		the first set of input variable values, regardless of how
		many times the same statement is executed.
L	1	and and and and and and and and and and

Column Name	Data Type	Description
KEEPDYNAMIC	CHAR(1)	Whether prepared dynamic statements are to be purged at each commit point:  N The bind option is KEEPDYNAMIC(NO). Prepared dynamic SQL statements are destroyed at commit or rollback.  Y The bind option is KEEPDYNAMIC(YES). Prepared dynamic SQL statements are kept past commit or rollback.
PATHSCHEMAS	VARCHAR(254)	SQL path specified on the BIND or REBIND command that bound the plan. The path is used to resolve unqualified data type, function, and stored procedure names used in certain contexts. If the PATH bind option was not specified, the value in the column is a zero length string; however, DB2 uses a default SQL path of: SYSIBM, SYSFUN, SYSPROC, plan qualifier.
DBPROTOCOL	CHAR(1)	Whether remote access for SQL with three-part names is implemented with DRDA or DB2 private protocol access:  D DRDA P DB2 private protocol
FUNCTIONTS	TIMESTAMP	Timestamp when the function was resolved. Set by the BIND and REBIND commands, but not by AUTOBIND.
OPTHINT	CHAR(8)	Value of the OPTHINT bind option. Identifies rows in the authid.PLAN_TABLE to be used as input to the optimizer. Contains blanks if no rows in the authid.PLAN_TABLE are to be used as input.
ENCODING_CCSID	INTEGER	The CCSID corresponding to the encoding scheme or CCSID as specified for the bind option ENCODING. The encoding scheme specified on the bind command:  CCSID The specified or derived CCSID  The EBCDIC default CCSID as specified on panel DSNTIPF at installation time.
IMMEDWRITE	CHAR(1)	Indicates when writes of updated group bufferpool dependent pages are to be done. This option is only applicable for datasharing environments.  N Bind option IMMEDWRITE(NO) indicates normal write activity is done.  Y Bind option IMMEDWRITE(YES) indicates that immediate writes are done for updated group buffer pool dependent pages.  1 Bind option IMMEDWRITE(PH1) indicates that updated group bufferpool dependent pages are written at or before phase 1 commit.
RELBOUND	CHAR(1)	The release when the package was bound or rebound.  blank Bound prior to V7  K Bound on V7
REMARKS	VARCHAR(128)	A character string provided by the user with the COMMENT statement.
CREATORTYPE	CHAR(1)	Indicates the type of creator: blank Authorization ID L Role

286 DB2<sup>®</sup> 9 for z/OS

Column Name	Data Type	Description
ROUNDING	CHAR(1)	The ROUNDING option used when the plan was last bound:  C ROUND_CEILING  D ROUND_DOWN  F ROUND_FLOOR  G ROUND_HALF_DOWN  E ROUND_HALF_EVEN  H ROUND_HALF_UP U ROUND_UP  blank The plan was created in a DB2 release prior to Version  9.

# SYSIBM.SYSPLANAUTH

Records the privileges that are held by users over application plans.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
GRANTOR	VARCHAR(128)	Authorization ID of the user who granted the privileges.
GRANTEE	VARCHAR(128)	Authorization ID of the user who holds the privileges. Could also
		be PUBLIC for a grant to PUBLIC.
NAME	VARCHAR(24)	Name of the application plan on which the privileges are held.
DATEGRANTED	CHAR(6)	Date the privileges were granted; in the form <i>yymmdd</i> .
TIMEGRANTED	CHAR(8)	Time the privileges were granted; in the form <i>hhmmssth</i> .
AUTHHOWGOT	CHAR(1)	Authorization level of the user from whom the privileges were
		received. This authorization level is not necessarily the highest
		authorization level of the grantor.
		blank Not applicable
		C DBCTL
		<b>D</b> DBADM
		L SYSCTRL
		M DBMAINT
DINIDALITH	OLIAB(4)	S SYSADM
BINDAUTH	CHAR(1)	Whether the GRANTEE can use the BIND, REBIND, or FREE
		subcommands against the plan:
		blank Privilege is not held  G Privilege is held with the GRANT option
		Y Privilege is held without the GRANT option
EXECUTEAUTH	CHAR(1)	Whether the GRANTEE can run application programs that use the
LALCUILAUIII	CHAR(I)	application plan:
		blank Privilege is not held
		G Privilege is held with the GRANT option
		Y Privilege is held without the GRANT option
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	Whether the row came from the basic machine-readable material
IBINITE QB	011111(1)	(MRM) tape: N=No, Y=Yes
GRANTEDTS	TIMESTAMP	Time when the GRANT statement was executed.
GRANTEETYPE	CHAR(1)	Indicates the type of grantee:
	` '	blank Authorization ID
		L Role
GRANTORTYPE	CHAR(1)	Indicates the type of grantor:
	. ,	blank Authorization ID
		L Role

# SYSIBM.SYSPLANDEP

Records the dependencies of plans on tables, views, aliases, synonyms, tablespaces, indexes, functions, and stored procedures.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
BNAME	VARCHAR(128)	The name of an object the plan depends on.
BCREATOR	VARCHAR(128)	If BNAME is a table space, its database. Otherwise, the schema of BNAME. If BNAME is a role, the value is blank.
ВТҮРЕ	CHAR(1)	Type of object identified by BNAME:  A Alias  E INSTEAD OF trigger  F User-defined function or cast function  I Index  L Role  M Materialized query table  O Stored procedure  P Partitioned tablespace  Q Sequence object  R Tablespace  S Synonym  T Table  V View
DNAME	VARCHAR(24)	Name of the plan.
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	Whether the row came from the basic machine-readable material (MRM) tape: N=No, Y=Yes

#### SYSIBM.SYSPLSYSTEM

Contains zero or more rows for every plan. Each row for a given plan represents one or more connections to an environment in which the plan could be used.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
NAME	VARCHAR(24)	Name of the plan.
SYSTEM	VARCHAR(24)	Environment. Values can be:
		BATCH TSO batch
		DB2CALL DB2 call attachment facility
		CICS Customer Information Control System
		DLIBATCH DLI batch support facility
		IMSBMP IMS BMP region
		IMSMPP IMS MPP or IFP region
ENABLE	CHAR(1)	Indicates whether the connections represented by the row are enabled
		or disabled:
		N Disabled
		Y Enabled
CNAME	VARCHAR(60)	Identifies the connection or connections to which the row
		applies. Interpretation depends on the environment specified by
		SYSTEM. Values can be:
		o Blank if SYSTEM=BATCH or SYSTEM=DB2CALL
		o The name of a single connection if SYSTEM has any other value
		CNAME can also be blank when SYSTEM is not equal to BATCH or
		DB2CALL. When this is so, the row applies to all connections for the
		indicated environment.

288 DB2<sup>®</sup> 9 for z/OS

Column Name	Data Type	Description	
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	Whether the row came from the basic machine-readable material	
		(MRM) tape N=No, Y=Yes	

#### SYSIBM.SYSRELS

Contains one row for every referential constraint.

Column Name	Data Type	Description	
CREATOR	VARCHAR(128)	Schema of the owner of the dependent table of the	
	, ,	referential constraint.	
TBNAME	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the dependent table of the referential constraint.	
RELNAME	VARCHAR(128)	Constraint name.	
REFTBNAME	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the parent table of the referential constraint.	
REFTBCREATOR	VARCHAR(128)	Schema of the owner of the parent table.	
COLCOUNT	SMALLINT	Number of columns in the foreign key.	
DELETERULE	CHAR(1)	Type of delete rule for the referential constraint:	
		A NO ACTION	
		C CASCADE	
		N SET NULL	
		R RESTRICT	
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	Whether the row came from the basic machine-readable material	
		(MRM) tape: N=No, Y=Yes	
RELOBID1	SMALLINT	Internal identifier of the constraint with respect to the database	
		that contains the parent table.	
RELOBID2	SMALLINT	Internal identifier of the constraint with respect to the	
		database that contains the dependent table.	
TIMESTAMP	TIMESTAMP	Date and time the constraint was defined. If the constraint is	
		between catalog tables prior to DB2 Version 2 Release 3, the	
IVOMNIED.	\	value is '1985-04-01-00.00.00.000000.'.	
IXOWNER	VARCHAR(128)	Schema of unique non-primary index used for the parent key.	
		'99999999' if the enforcing index has been dropped. Blank if the	
IVALANT	\/ADCHAD(400)	enforcing index is a primary index.	
IXNAME	VARCHAR(128)	Name of unique non-primary index used for a parent key.	
		'9999999' if the enforcing index has been dropped. Blank if the enforcing index is a primary index.	
ENFORCED	CHAR(1)	Enforced by the system or not:	
LINI ONCLD	CHAR(I)	Y Enforced by the system  Y Enforced by the system	
		N Not enforced by the system(trusted)	
CHECKEXISTING	CHAR(1)	Option for checking existing data	
DATA		I Immediately check existing data. If ENFORCED = Y this	
		column will have a value or 'I'	
		N Never check existing data. If ENFORCED = N, this column will	
		have a value of N	
RELCREATED	CHAR(1)	The release of DB2 that is used to create the object.	

#### SYSIBM.SYSRESAUTH

Records CREATE IN and PACKADM ON privileges for collections; USAGE privileges for distinct types; and USE privileges for buffer pools, storage groups, and tablespaces.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
GRANTOR	VARCHAR(128)	Authorization ID of the user who granted the privilege.

	D	
Column Name	Data Type	Description
GRANTEE	VARCHAR(128)	Authorization ID of the user who holds the privilege. Could also be PUBLIC for a grant to PUBLIC.
QUALIFIER	VARCHAR(128)	Qualifier of the tablespace (the database name) if the privilege is for a tablespace (OBTYPE='R'). The schema name of the distinct type if the privilege is for a distinct type (OBTYPE='D'). Otherwise, the value is blank.
NAME	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the buffer pool, collection, DB2 storage group, distinct type, or tablespace. Could also be ALL when USE OF ALL BUFFERPOOLS is granted.
AUTHHOWGOT	CHAR(1)	Authorization level of the user from whom the privileges were received. This authorization level is not necessarily the highest authorization level of the grantor.  blank Not applicable C DBCTL D DBADM L SYSCTRL M DBMAINT S SYSADM P PACKADM (on a specific collection) A PACKADM (on collection *)
OBTYPE	CHAR(1)	Type of object:  B Buffer pool C Collection D Distinct type R Tablespace S Storage group J JAR (Java Archive file)
DATEGRANTED	CHAR(6)	Date the privilege was granted; in the form yymmdd.
TIMEGRANTED	CHAR(8)	Time the privilege was granted; in the form hhmmssth.
USEAUTH	CHAR(1)	Whether the privilege is held with the GRANT option:  G Privilege is held with the GRANT option  Y Privilege is held without the GRANT option  The authority held is PACKADM when the OBTYPE is C (a collection) and QUALIFIER is PACKADM. The authority held is CREATE IN when the OBTYPE is C and QUALIFIER is blank.
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	Whether the row came from the basic machine-readable material (MRM) tape: N=No, Y=Yes
GRANTEDTS	TIMESTAMP	Time when the GRANT statement was executed.
GRANTEETYPE	CHAR(1)	Indicates the type of grantee: blank Authorization ID L Role
GRANTORTYPE	CHAR(1)	Indicates the type of grantor: blank Authorization ID L Role

# SYSIBM.SYSROLES

Contains one row for each role.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
NAME	VARCHAR(128)	The name of the role.
DEFINER	VARCHAR(128)	The authorization ID or role that defined this role listed in the

		NAME column.	
DEFINERTYPE	CHAR(1)	The type of definer:	
		L Role	
		blank Authorization ID	
CREATEDTS	TIMESTAMP	The time when the role is created.	
RELCREATED	CHAR(1)	The release of DB2 that is used to create the role.	
REMARKS	VARCHAR(762)	A character string that is provided using the COMMENT	
		statement.	
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	A value of Y indicates that the row came from the basic	
		machine-readable material (MRM) tape.	

### SYSIBM.SYSROUTINEAUTH

Records the privileges that are held by users on routines. (A routine can be a user-defined function, cast function, or stored procedure.)

Column Name	Data Type	Description	
GRANTOR	VARCHAR(128)	Authorization ID of the user who granted the privilege.	
GRANTEE	VARCHAR(128)	Authorization ID of the user who holds the privilege or the name	
		of a plan or package that uses the privilege. Can also be PUBLIC	
		for a grant to PUBLIC.	
SCHEMA	VARCHAR(128)	Schema of the routine.	
SPECIFICNAME	VARCHAR(128)	Specific name of the routine. An asterisk (*) if the privilege is	
		held on all routines in the schema.	
GRANTEDTS	TIMESTAMP	Time when the GRANT statement was executed.	
ROUTINETYPE	CHAR(1)	Type of routine:	
		F User-defined function or cast function	
		P Stored procedure	
GRANTEETYPE	CHAR(1)	Type of grantee:	
		blank An authorization ID	
		L Role	
		P An application plan or package. The grantee is	
		a package if COLLID is not blank.	
		R Internal use only	
AUTHHOWGOT	CHAR(1)	Authorization level of the user from whom the privileges were	
		received. This authorization level is not necessarily the	
		highest authorization level of the grantor. This field is also used to	
		indicate that the privilege was held on all schemas by the	
		grantor.	
		blank Not applicable	
		1 Grantor had privilege on schema.* at time of grant	
		L SYSCTRL	
EVEOUTE AUTU	OLIAD(4)	S SYSADM	
EXECUTEAUTH	CHAR(1)	Whether GRANTEE can execute the routine:	
		Y Privilege is held without GRANT option.	
001115	\/A B Q \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	G Privilege is held with GRANT option.	
COLLID	VARCHAR(128)	If the GRANTEE is a package, its collection name. Otherwise, the	
CONTOUEN	OLIA D (O)	value is blank.	
CONTOKEN	CHAR(8)	If the GRANTEE is a package, the consistency token of the	
		DBRM from which the package was derived. Otherwise, the value	
IDMDEOD	OLIAD(4)	is blank.	
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	Whether the row came from the basic machine-readable material	

Column Name	Data Type	Description	
		(MRM) tape.	
GRANTORTYPE	CHAR(1)	Indicates the type of grantor: blank Authorization ID L Role	

#### SYSIBM.SYSROUTINES

Contains a row for every routine. (A routine can be a user-defined function, cast function, or stored procedure.)

Column Name	Data Type	Description
SCHEMA	VARCHAR(128)	Schema of the routine.
OWNER	VARCHAR(128)	Owner of the routine.
NAME	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the routine.
ROUTINETYPE	CHAR(1)	Type of routine:
		F User-defined function or cast function
		P Stored procedure
CREATEDBY	VARCHAR(128)	Primary authorization ID under which the routine was created.
SPECIFICNAME	VARCHAR(128)	Specific name of the routine.
ROUTINEID	INTEGER	Internal identifier of the routine.
RETURN_TYPE	INTEGER	Internal identifier of the result data type of the function. The column contains a -2 if the function is a table function.
ORIGIN	CHAR(1)	Origin of the routine:  E External user-defined function or stored procedure  N Native SQL Procedure  Q SQL Function  U Sourced on user-defined function or built-in function  S System-generated function
FUNCTION_TYPE	CHAR(1)	Type of function:  C Column function  S Scalar function  T Table function  blank For a stored procedure (ROUTINETYPE = 'P')
PARM_COUNT	SMALLINT	Number of parameters for the routine.
LANGÜAGE	VARCHAR(24)	Implementation language of the routine: ASSEMBLE C COBOL COMPJAVA JAVA PLI REXX SQL blank ORIGIN is not 'E'.
COLLID	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the package collection to be used when the routine is executed. A blank value indicates the package collection is the same as the package collection of the program that invoked the routine.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
SOURCESCHEMA	VARCHAR(128)	If ORIGIN is 'U' and ROUTINETYPE is 'F', the schema
	, ,	of the source user-defined function ('SYSIBM' for a
		source built-in function). Otherwise, the value is blank.
SOURCESPECIFIC	VARCHAR(128)	If ORIGIN is 'U' and ROUTINETYPE is 'F', the specific
		name of the source user-defined function or source
		built-in function name. Otherwise, the value is blank.
DETERMINISTIC	CHAR(1)	The deterministic option of an external function or a
		stored procedure:
		N Indeterminate (results may differ with a given
		set of input values).
		Y Deterministic (results are consistent).
		blank ROUTINETYPE='F' and ORIGIN is not 'E'
		(the routine is a function, but not an external
		function).
EXTERNAL_ACTION	CHAR(1)	The external action option of an external function:
		N Function has no side effects.
		E Function has external side effects so that
		the number of invocations is important.  blank ORIGIN is not 'E' for the function
		(ROUTINETYPE='F'), or it is a stored
		procedure (ROUTINETYPE='P').
NULL CALL	CHAR(1)	The CALLED ON INPUT option of an external
NOLL_CALL	CHAR(I)	function or stored procedure:
		N The routine is not called if any parameter
		has a NULL value.
		Y The routine is called if any parameter has a
		NULL value.
		blank ROUTINETYPE='F' and ORIGIN is not 'E'
		(the routine is a function, but not an external
		function).
CAST_FUNCTION	CHAR(1)	Whether the routine is a cast function:
_	, ,	N The routine is not a cast function.
		Y The routine is a cast function.
		A cast function is generated by DB2 for a CREATE
		DISTINCT TYPE statement.
SCRATCHPAD	CHAR(1)	The SCRATCHPAD option of an external function:
		N This function does not have a SCRATCHPAD.
		Y This function has a SCRATCHPAD.
		blank ORIGIN is not 'E' for the function
		(ROUTINETYPE='F'), or it is a stored
CODATOLIDAD LENGTH	INTEGER	procedure (ROUTINETYPE='P').
SCRATCHPAD_LENGTH	INTEGER	Length of the scratchpad if the ORIGIN is 'E' for the
		function (ROUTINETYPE='F') and NO SCRATCHPAD is not specified. Otherwise, the value
		is 0.
FINAL CALL	CHAR(1)	The FINAL CALL option of an external function:
I IIVAL_CALL	OHAR(I)	N A final call will not be made to the function.
		Y A final call will be made to the function.
		blank ORIGIN is not 'E' for the function
		(ROUTINETYPE='F'), or it is a stored
		procedure (ROUTINETYPE='P').
	_1	procedure (NOOTHVETTI E-T ).

Column Name	Data Type	Description
PARALLEL	CHAR(1)	The PARALLEL option of an external function:
		A This function can be invoked by parallel tasks.
		D This function cannot be invoked by parallel
		tasks.
		blank ORIGIN is not 'E' for the function
		(ROUTINETYPE='F'), or it is a stored
		procedure (ROUTINETYPE='P').
PARAMETER_STYLE	CHAR(1)	The PARAMETER STYLE option of an external
_	, ,	function or stored procedure:
		D DB2SQL. All parameters are passed to the
		external function or stored procedure
		according to the DB2SQL standard convention.
		G GENERAL. All parameters are passed to the
		stored procedure according to the GENERAL
		standard convention.
		N GENERAL CALL WITH NULLS. All parameters
		The state of the s
		are passed to the stored procedure according to the GENERAL CALL WITH NULLS
FENOED	OLIA D(A)	convention.
FENCED	CHAR(1)	Y Indicates that this routine runs separately
		from the DB2 address space in a WLM
		managed DB2 address space. All user
		defined routines that are not marked with Y in
		this column run in the DB2 address space.
		blank ORIGIN is 'Q' or ORIGIN is 'N'.
SQL_DATA_ACCESS	CHAR(1)	The SQL statements that are allowed in an external
		function or stored procedure:
		C CONTAINS SQL: Only SQL that does not read
		or modify data is allowed.
		M MODIFIES SQL DATA: All SQL is allowed,
		including SQL that reads or modifies data.
		N NO SQL: SQL is not allowed.
		R READS SQL DATA: Only SQL that reads data
		is allowed.
		blank Not applicable.
DBINFO	CHAR(1)	The DBINFO option of an external function or stored
		procedure:
		N No, the DBINFO parameter will not be passed
		to the external function or stored procedure.
		Y Yes, the DBINFO parameter will be passed to
		the external function or stored procedure.
STAYRESIDENT	CHAR(1)	The STAYRESIDENT option of the routine, which
3E3.DE111	J (1)	determines whether the routine is to be deleted from
		memory when the routine ends.
		N The load module is to be deleted from memory
		after the routine terminates.
		Y The load module is to remain resident in memory
		after the routine terminates.
		blank ORIGIN is not 'E'.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
ASUTIME	INTEGER	Number of CPU service units permitted for any single invocation of this routine. If ASUTIME is zero, the number of CPU service units is unlimited. If a routine consumes more CPU service units than the ASUTIME value allows, DB2 cancels the routine.
WLM_ENVIRONMENT	VARCHAR(54)	Name of the WLM environment to be used to run this routine.  When ORIGIN = 'N', this is the name of the WLM ENVIRONMENT FOR DEBUG MODE that is to be used when debugging a native SQL procedure.  The column is blank if ROUTINETYPE = 'F' and ORIGIN is not 'E'. If the ROUTINETYPE = 'P', the value might be blank. If this value is blank the stored procedure cannot be run.
WLM_ENV_FOR_NESTED	CHAR(1)	For nested routine calls, indicates whether the address space of the calling store procedure or user-defined function is used to run the nested stored procedure or user-defined function:  N The nested stored procedure or user-defined function runs in an address space other than the specified WLM environment if the calling stored procedure or user-defined function is not running in the specified WLM environment. 'WLM ENVIRONMENT name' was specified.  Y The nested stored procedure or user-defined function runs in the environment used by the calling stored procedure or user-defined function. 'WLM ENVIRONMENT(name,*)' was specified.  blank WLM_ENVIRONMENT is blank.
PROGRAM_TYPE	CHAR(1)	Indicates whether the routine runs as a Language Environment main routine or a subroutine:  M The routine runs as a main routine.  S The routine runs as a subroutine.  blank ORIGIN is not 'E'.
EXTERNAL_SECURITY	CHAR(1)	Specifies the authorization ID to be used if the routine accesses resources protected by an external security product:  D DB2 - The authorization ID associated with the WLM-established stored procedure address space.  U SESSSION_USER - The authorization ID of the SQL user that invoked the routine.  C DEFINER - The authorization ID of the owner of the routine.  blank ORIGIN is not 'E'.

		DB2 9 2/O3 Releience Guide
Column Name	Data Type	Description
COMMIT_ON_RETURN	CHAR(1)	If ROUTINETYPE = 'P', whether the transaction is always to be committed immediately on successful return (non-negative SQLCODE) from this stored procedure:  N
RESULT_SETS	SMALLINT	If ROUTINETYPE = 'P', the maximum number of ad hoc result sets that this stored procedure can return. If no ad hoc result exists or ROUTINETYPE = 'F', the value is zero.
LOBCOLUMNS	SMALLINT	If ORIGIN = 'E', the number of LOB columns found in the parameter list for this user-defined function.  If no LOB columns are found in the parameter list or ORIGIN is not 'E', the value is 0.
CREATEDTS	TIMESTAMP	Time when the CREATE statement was executed for this routine.
ALTEREDTS	TIMESTAMP	Time when the last ALTER statement was executed for this routine.
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	Whether the row came from the basic machine- readable material (MRM) tape: N=No, Y=Yes
PARM1 - 30	SMALLINT	Internal use only.
IOS_PER_INVOC	FLOAT	Estimated number of I/Os required to execute the routine. The value is -1 if the estimated number is not known.
INSTS_PER_INVOC	FLOAT	Estimated number of machine instructions required to execute the routine. The value is -1 if the estimated number is not known.
INITIAL_IOS	FLOAT	Estimated number of I/Os that are performed the first time or the last time the routine is invoked. The value is -1 if the estimated number is not known.
INITIAL_INSTS	FLOAT	Estimated number of machine instructions that are performed the first time or the last time the routine is invoked. The value is -1 if the estimated number is not known.
CARDINALITY	FLOAT	The predicted cardinality of the routine. The value is -1 if the predicted cardinality is not known.
RESULT_COLS	SMALLINT	For a table function, the number of columns in the result table. Otherwise, the value is 1.
EXTERNAL_NAME	VARCHAR(762)	The path/module/function that DB2 should load to execute the routine. The column is blank if the ORIGIN is not 'E'.
PARM_SIGNATURE	VARCHAR(150)	Internal use only.
RUNOPTS	VARCHAR(762)	The Language Environment run-time options to be used for this routine. An empty string indicates that the installation default Language Environment run-time options are to be used.
REMARKS	VARCHAR(762)	A character string provided by the user with the COMMENT ON statement.
JAVA_SIGNATURE	VARCHAR(3072)	The signature of the jar file:  Blank When PARAMETER STYLE is not JAVA

Column Name	Data Type	Description
CLASS	VARCHAR(384)	The class name contained in the jar file:
	<u> </u>	Blank When PARAMETER STYLE is not JAVA
JARSCHEMA	VARCHAR(128)	The schema of the jar file:
	\/ABOULAB//ABO	Blank When PARAMETER STYLE is not JAVA
JAR_ID	VARCHAR(128)	The name of the jar file:  Blank When PARAMETER STYLE is not JAVA
SPECIAL_REGS	CHAR(1)	The SPECIAL REGISTER option for a routine:
SFLCIAL_REGS	CHAR(1)	I INHERIT SPECIAL REGISTER
		D DEFAULT SPECIAL REGISTER
NUM DEP MQTS	SMALLINT	Number of dependent MQTs. The value is 0 if the row
		does not describe a user defined table function or if no
		MQTs are defined on the table function.
MAX_FAILURES	SMALLINT	Allowable failures for the routine.
PARAMETER_CCSID	INTEGER	A CCSID that specifies how character, graphic, data,
		time, and timestamp data types for system genereated
		parameters to the routine such as message tokens
		and DBINFO should be passed.
VERSION	VARCHAR(122)	The version identifier for a native SQL procedure
		(indicated by the value 'N' in the column ORIGIN). A
		zero length string for the rows that are created prior to Version 9 and for the rows in which the value of
		ORIGIN is not 'N'.
CONTOKEN	CHAR(8)	The consistency token for the routine. The column is
CONTONEN	OTIAI (O)	set to X'20' if the value of ORIGIN is not 'N'
ACTIVE	CHAR(1)	Identifies the active version of the routine: Y The
		routine is the active version. N The routine is not the
		active version. blank The value of ORIGIN is not 'N' or
		the row was created prior to Version 9.
DEBUG_MODE	CHAR(1)	Identifies whether or not this routine is enabled for
		debugging:
		1 This routine is enabled for debugging and can be
		debugged in a client debug session using the DB2
		Unified Debugger.
		This routine is not enabled for debugging.     This routine can never be enabled for debugging.
		blank The LANGUAGE is not specified as JAVA, the
		value of ORIGIN is not 'N', or the row was created
		prior to Version 9.
TEXT_ENVID	INTEGER	Internal identifier of the environment. The column is 0
		if the value of ORIGIN is not 'N' or if the row was
		created prior to Version 9.
TEXT_ROWID	ROWID	ID to support LOB columns for source text.
TEXT	CLOB(2M)	The source text of the CREATE statement or the
		ALTER statement with the body for the routine. The
		column is a zero-length string if the value of ORIGIN is
OMMEDT/DE	OLIAD(I)	not 'N' or if the row was created prior to Version 9.
OWNERTYPE	CHAR(1)	Indicates the type of owner:
		blank Authorization ID
		L Role

Column Name	Data Type	Description
PARAMETER_ VARCHARFORM	INTEGER	A non-zero value that indicates the actual representation, to a LANGUAGE C routine, of any varying length string parameter that appears in the parameter list or RETURNS clause for that routine.
RELCREATED	CHAR(1)	The release of DB2 that is used to create the object. Blank if created prior to Version 9.
PACKAGEPATH	VARCHAR(4096)	The value of the PACKAGE PATH option of the CREATE FUNCTION, CREATE PROCEDURE, ALTER FUNCTION, or ALTER PROCEDURE statement that created or last changed the routine. PACKAGE PATH identifies the package path to use when the routine is executed. A blank value indicates the package path is the same as the package path of the program that invoked the routine.

#### SYSIBM.SYSROUTINESTEXT

An auxiliary table for the TEXT column of SYSIBM.SYSROUTINES and is required to hold the LOB data.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
TEXT	CLOB(2M)	The source text of the CREATE PROCEDURE statement
		for the routine. TEXT can also hold the source text of the
		ALTER PROCEDURE statement for the routine if the
		routine is a native SQL procedure and the SQL procedure
		body is included in the ALTER PROCEDURE statement.

# SYSIBM.SYSROUTINES\_OPTS

Contains a row for each generated routine, such as one created by the DB2 Stored Procedure Builder tool, that records the build options for the routine. Rows in this table can be inserted, updated, and deleted.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
SCHEMA	VARCHAR(128)	Schema of the routine.
ROUTINENAME	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the routine.
BUILDDATE	DATE	Date the routine was built.
BUILDTIME	TIME	Time the routine was built.
BUILDSTATUS	CHAR(1)	Whether this version of the routine's source is the current
		version.
BUILDSCHEMA	VARCHAR(128)	Schema name for BUILDNAME.
BUILDNAME	VARCHAR(128)	Procedure used to create the routine.
BUILDOWNER	VARCHAR(128)	Authorization ID used to create the routine.
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	A value of Y indicates that the row came from the basic
		machine-readable material (MRM) tape.
PRECOMPILE_OPTS	VARCHAR(765)	Precompiler options used to build the routine.
COMPILE_OPTS	VARCHAR(765)	Compiler options used to build the routine.
PRELINK_OPTS	VARCHAR(765)	Prelink-edit options used to build the routine.
LINK_OPTS	VARCHAR(765)	Link-edit options used to build the routine.
BIND_OPTS	VARCHAR(3072)	Bind options used to build the routine.
SOURCEDSN	VARCHAR(765)	Name of the source data set.
DEBUG_MODE	CHAR(1)	Debugging is on or off for this objects

Column Name	Data Type	Description
		Debugging is off.
		1 Debugging is on.

### SYSIBM.SYSROUTINES\_SRC

Contains source for generated routines, such as those created by the DB2 Stored Procedure Builder tool. Rows in this table can be inserted, updated, and deleted.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
SCHEMA	VARCHAR(128)	Schema of the routine.
ROUTINENAME	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the routine.
BUILDDATE	DATE	Date the routine was built.
BUILDTIME	TIME	Time the routine was built.
BUILDSTATUS	CHAR(1)	Whether this version of the routine's source is the current
		version.
SEQNO	INTEGER	Number of the source statement piece in CREATESTMT.
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	A value of Y indicates that the row came from the basic
		machine-readable material (MRM) tape.
CREATESTMT	VARCHAR(7500)	Routine source statement.

#### SYSIBM.SYSSCHEMAAUTH

Contains one or more rows for each user that is granted a privilege on a particular schema in the database.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
GRANTOR	VARCHAR(128)	Authorization ID of the user who granted the privileges or
		SYSADM.
GRANTEE	VARCHAR(128)	Authorization ID of the user or group that holds the privileges.
		Can also be PUBLIC for a grant to PUBLIC.
SCHEMANAME	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the schema or '*' for all schemas.
AUTHHOWGOT	CHAR(1)	Authorization level of the user from whom the privileges were
		received. This authorization level is not necessarily the
		highest authorization level of the grantor.
		This field is also used to indicate that the privilege was held on all
		schemas by the grantor.
		Grantor had privilege on all schemas at time of grant
		L SYSCTRL
		S SYSADM
CREATEINAUTH	CHAR(1)	Indicates whether grantee holds CREATEIN privilege on the
		schema:
		blank Privilege is not held
		<b>G</b> Privilege is held with the GRANT option
		Y Privilege is held without the GRANT option
ALTERINAUTH	CHAR(1)	Indicates whether grantee holds ALTERIN privilege on the
		schema:
		blank Privilege is not held
		<b>G</b> Privilege is held with the GRANT option
		Y Privilege is held without the GRANT option
DROPINAUTH	CHAR(1)	Indicates whether grantee holds DROPIN privilege on the
		schema:
		blank Privilege is not held

Column Name	Data Type	Description
		G Privilege is held with the GRANT option
		Y Privilege is held without the GRANT option
GRANTEDTS	TIMESTAMP	Time when the GRANT statement was executed.
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	Whether the row came from the basic machine-readable material
		(MRM) tape: I V6 dependency indicator; not from MRM tape
GRANTEETYPE	CHAR(1)	Indicates the type of grantee:
		blank Authorization ID
		L Role
GRANTORTYPE	CHAR(1)	Indicates the type of grantor:
		blank Authorization ID
		L Role

# SYSIBM.SYSSEQUENCEAUTH

Records the privileges that are held by users over sequences.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
GRANTOR	VARCHAR(128)	Authorization ID of the user who granted the privileges.
GRANTEE	VARCHAR(128)	Authorization ID of the user or group that holds the privileges or the name of an application plan or package that uses the privileges. PUBLIC for a grant to PUBLIC.
SCHEMA	VARCHAR(128)	Schema of the sequence.
NAME	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the sequence.
GRANTEETYPE	CHAR(1)	Type of grantee:  blank An authorization ID.  L Role P An application plan or package. The grantee is a package if COLLID is not blank.  R Internal use only.
AUTHHOWGOT	CHAR(1)	Authorization level of the user from whom the privileges were received. This authorization level is not necessarily the highest authorization level of the grantor:  L SYSCTRL S SYSADM blank Not applicable
ALTERAUTH	CHAR(1)	Indicates whether grantee holds ALTER privilege on the sequence: blank Privilege is not held. G Privilege is held with the GRANT option. Y Privilege is held without the GRANT option.
USEAUTH	CHAR(1)	Indicates whether grantee holds USAGE privilege on the sequence: blank Privilege is not held. G Privilege is held with the GRANT option. Y Privilege is held without the GRANT option.
COLLID	VARCHAR(128)	If the GRANTEE is a package, its collection name. Otherwise, a string of length zero.
CONTOKEN	CHAR(8)	If the GRANTEE is a package, the consistency token of the DBRM from which the package wasderived. Otherwise, blank.
GRANTEDTS	TIMESTAMP	Time when the GRANT statement was executed.
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	A value of Y indicates that the row came from the basic machine-readable material (MRM) tape.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
GRANTORTYPE	CHAR(1)	Indicates the type of grantor: blank Authorization ID
		L Role

# SYSIBM.SYSSEQUENCEDEP

Records the dependencies of identity columns on tables.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
BSEQUENCEID	INTEGER	Internal identifier of the identity column or sequence.
DCREATOR	VARCHAR(128)	Owner of the object that is dependent on this identity column or sequence.
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	A value of Y indicates that the row came from the basic machine-readable material (MRM) tape.
DNAME	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the object that is dependent on this identity column or sequence.
DCOLNAME	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the identity column. Blank for SQL function rows.
DTYPE	CHAR(1)	The type of object that is dependent on this sequence:  F SQL function I Identity column X Implicit DOCID column that is created on a base tabl with XML blank Represents an identity column created prior to Version 8
BSCHEMA	VARCHAR(129)	The schema name of the sequence, will be a string of length zero for an object created prior to Version 8.
BNAME	VARCHAR(128)	The sequence name (generated by DB2 for an identity column), will be a string of length zero for an object created prior to Version 8.
DSCHEMA	VARCHAR(128)	The qualifier of the object that is dependent on this sequence, will be a string of length zero for an object created prior to Version 8.
DOWNER	VARCHAR(128)	The owner of the object that is dependent on this sequence. This will be a string of length zero for an object that was created prior to Version 9.
DOWNERTYPE	CHAR(1)	The type of owner:  Blank An authorization ID  L A role

### SYSIBM.SYSSEQUENCES

Contains one row for each identity column or user-defined sequence.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
SCHEMA	VARCHAR(128)	Schema of the sequence. For an identity column, the value of TBCREATOR from the SYSCOLUMNS entry for the column.
OWNER	VARCHAR(128)	Owner of the sequence. For an identity column, the value of TBCREATOR from the SYSCOLUMNS entry for the column.
NAME	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the identity column or sequence. (The name for an identity is generated by DB2.)
SEQTYPE	CHAR(1)	Type of sequence object: I An identity column S A user- defined sequence X An implicitly created DOCID column

Column Name	Data Type	Description
		for a base table that contains XML data.
SEQUENCEID	INTEGER	Internal identifier of the identity column or sequence.
CREATEDBY	VARCHAR(128)	Primary authorization ID of the user who created the
		sequence or identity column.
INCREMENT	DECIMAL(31,0)	Increment value (positive or negative, within INTEGER scope).
START	DECIMAL(31,0)	Start value.
MAXVALUE	DECIMAL(31,0)	Maximum value allowed for the data type.
MINVALUE	DECIMAL(31,0)	Minimum value allowed for the data type.  Minimum value allowed for the data type.
CYCLE	CHAR(1)	Whether cycling will occur when a boundary is reached:
CTOLE	CHAR(I)	N No Y Yes
CACHE	INTEGER	Number of sequence values to preallocate in memory for faster access. A value of 0 indicates that values are not to be preallocated.
ORDER	CHAR(1)	Whether the values must be generated in order Y Yes N No
DATATYPEID	INTEGER	For a built-in data type, the internal ID of the built-in type. For a distinct type, the internal ID of the distinct type.
SOURCETYPEID	INTEGER	For a built-in data type, 0. For a distinct type, the internal ID of the built-in data type upon which the distinct type is sourced.
CREATEDTS	TIMESTAMP	Timestamp when the identity column or sequence was created.
ALTEREDTS	TIMESTAMP	Timestamp when the identity column or sequence was ALTERed.
MAXASSIGNEDVAL	DECIMAL(31,0)	Last possible assigned value. Initialized to null when the sequence object is created. Updated each time the next chunk of <i>n</i> values is cached, where <i>n</i> is the value for CACHE.
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	A value of Y indicates that the row came from the basic machine-readable material (MRM) tape.
REMARKS	VARCHAR(254)	Character string provided by user with the COMMENT statement. The value is blank for an identity column.
PRECISION	SMALLINT	The precision defined for a sequence with a decimal or numeric type. Value is 5 for SMALLINT, 10 for INTEGER, or the actual precision specified by the user for the decimal data type. The value is 0 for rows created prior to Version 8.
RESTARTWITH	DECIMAL(31,0)	The RESTART WITH value specified for a sequence during ALTER or NULL. The RESTART WITH value is reset to NULL during the first value generation after the ALTER. The value is NULL if no ALTER with RESTART WITH has happened.
OWNERTYPE	CHAR(1)	Indicates the type of owner: blank Authorization ID L Role
RELCREATED	CHAR(1)	The release of DB2 that is used to create the object. Blank if created prior to Version 9.

### SYSIBM.SYSSTMT

Contains one or more rows for each SQL statement of each DBRM.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
NAME	VARCHAR(24)	Name of the DBRM.
PLNAME	VARCHAR(24)	Name of the application plan.
PLCREATOR	VARCHAR(128)	Authorization ID of the owner of the application plan.
SEQNO	SMALLINT	Sequence number of this row with respect to a statement of the DBRM. The numbering starts with zero.
STMTNO	SMALLINT	The statement number of the statement in the source program. A statement number greater than 32767 is displayed as zero (see STMTNOI for the statement number).
SECTNO	SMALLINT	The section number of the statement.
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	Whether the row came from the basic machine-readable material (MRM) tape:  N No Y Yes
TEXT	VARCHAR(3800)	Text or portion of the text of the SQL statement.
ISOLATION	CHAR(1)	Isolation level for the SQL statement:  R RR (repeatable read)  T RS (read stability)  S CS (cursor stability)  U UR (uncommitted read)  L KEEP UPDATE LOCKS for an RS isolation  X KEEP UPDATE LOCKS for an RR isolation  blank The WITH clause was not specified on this statement. The isolation level is recorded in SYSPACKAGE.ISOLATION and in SYSPLAN.ISOLATION.

Column Name	Data Tyne	Description
STATUS	Data Type	
STATUS	CHAR(1)	Status of binding the statement:  A Distributed - statement uses DB2 private protocol access. The statement will be parsed and executed at the server using defaults for input variables during access path selection.  B Distributed - statement uses DB2 private protocol access. The statement will be parsed and executed at the server using values for input variables during access path selection.  C Compiled - statement was bound successfully using defaults for input variables during access path
		selection.  E Explain - statement is an SQL EXPLAIN statement.  The explain is done at bind time using defaults for input variables during access path selection.
		F Parsed - statement did not bind successfully and VALIDATE(RUN) was used. The statement will be rebound at execution time using values for input variables during access path selection.
		G Compiled - statement bound successfully, but REOPT is specified. The statement will be rebound at execution time using values for input variables during access path selection.
		H Parsed - statement is either a data definition statement or a statement that did not bind successfully and VALIDATE(RUN) was used. The statement will be rebound at execution time using defaults for input variables during access path selection. Data manipulation statements use defaults for input variables during access path selection.
		Indefinite - statement is dynamic. The statement will be bound at execution time using defaults for input variables during access path selection.      Indefinite - statement is dynamic. The statement will be bound at execution time using values for input
		variables during access path selection.  K Control - CALL statement. L Bad - the statement has some allowable error. The bind continues but the statement cannot be executed.  blank The statement is non-executable, or was bound in DB2 release prior to Version 5.
ACCESSPATH	CHAR(1)	For static statements, indicates if the access path for the statement is based on user-specified optimization hints. A value of 'H' indicates that optimization hints were used. A blank value indicates that the access path was determined without the use of optimization hints, or that there is no access path associated with the statement. For dynamic statements, the value is blank.
STMTNOI	INTEGER	The statement number of the statement in the source program.
SECTNOI	INTEGER	The section number of the statement.
EXPLAINABLE	CHAR(1)	Contains one of the following values:

Column Name	Data Type	Description
		Y Indicates that the SQL statement can be used with the EXPLAIN function and may have rows describing its access path in the userid.PLAN_TABLE.  N Indicates that the SQL statement does not have any rows describing its access path in the userid.PLAN_TABLE  Blank Indicates that the SQL statement was bound prior to V7.
QUERYNO	INTEGER	The query number of the SQL statement in the source program. SQL statements bound prior to V7 have a default value of –1. Statements bound V7 or later used the value specified on the QUERYNO clause on SELECT, UPDATE, INSERT, DELETE, EXPLAIN, and DECLARE CURSOR statements. If the QUERYNO clause is not specified, the query number is set to the statement number.
PLCREATOR	CHAR(1)	Indicates the type of creator: blank Authorization ID L Role

# SYSIBM.SYSSTOGROUP

Contains one row for each storage group.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
NAME	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the storage group.
CREATOR	VARCHAR(128)	Authorization ID of the owner of the storage group.
VCATNAME	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the integrated catalog facility catalog.
SPACE	INTEGER	Number of kilobytes of DASD storage allocated to the storage group as determined by the last execution of the STOSPACE utility.
SPCDATE	CHAR(5)	Date when the SPACE column was last updated, in the form yyddd.
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	Whether the row came from the basic machine-readable material (MRM) tape: N=No, Y=Yes
CREATEDBY	VARCHAR(128)	Primary authorization ID of the user who created the storage group.
STATSTIME	TIMESTAMP	If the STOSPACE utility was executed for the storage group, date and time when STOSPACE was last executed.
CREATEDTS	TIMESTAMP	Time when the CREATE statement was executed for the storage group.
ALTEREDTS	TIMESTAMP	Time when the most recent ALTER STOGROUP statement was executed for the storage group. If no ALTER STOGROUP statement has been applied, ALTEREDTS has the value of CREATEDTS.
SPACEF	FLOAT	Kilobytes of DASD storage for the storage group.
DATACLAS	VARCHAR(24)	Name of the SMS data class. Blank if data class is not used.
MGMTCLAS	VARCHAR(24)	Name of the SMS management class. Blank if management class is not used.
STORCLAS	VARCHAR(24)	Name of the SMS storage class. Blank if storage class is not used.
CREATOR TYPE	CHAR(1)	Indicates the type of creator: blank Authorization ID L Role
RELCREATED	CHAR(1)	The release of DB2 that is used to create the object. Blank if created prior to Version 9.

### SYSIBM.SYSSTRINGS

Contains information about character conversion. Each row describes a conversion from one coded character set to another. If OS/390 Version 2 Release 9 is installed, additional conversions that are supported.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
INCCSID	INTEGER	The source CCSID for the character conversion represented by this row.
OUTCCSID	INTEGER	The target CCSID for the character conversion represented by this row.
TRANSTYPE	CHAR(2)	Indicates the nature of the conversion. Values can be:  GG GRAPHIC to GRAPHIC  MM EBCDIC MIXED to EBCDIC MIXED  MS EBCDIC MIXED to SBCS  PM ASCII MIXED to EBCDIC MIXED  PS ASCII MIXED to SBCS  SM SBCS to EBCDIC MIXED  SS SBCS to SBCS  MP EBCDIC MIXED to ASCII MIXED  PP ASCII MIXED to ASCII MIXED  SP SBCS to ASCII MIXED
ERRORBYTE	CHAR(1)	The byte used in the conversion table as an error byte. Null indicates the absence of an error byte.
SUBBYTE	CHAR(1)	The byte used in the conversion table as a substitution character. Null indicates the absence of a substitution character.
TRANSPROC	VARCHAR(24)	The name of a module or blanks. If IBMREQD is 'N', a nonblank value is the name of a conversion procedure provided by the user. If IBMREQD is 'Y', a nonblank value is the name of a DB2 module that contains DBCS conversion tables. The first five characters of the name of a user-provided conversion procedure must not be 'DSNXV'; these characters are used to distinguish user-provided conversion procedures from DB2 modules that contain DBCS conversion tables.
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	Whether the row came from the basic machine-readable material (MRM) tape: N=No , Y=Yes
TRANSTAB	VARCHAR(256)	Either a conversion table or an empty string.

#### SYSIBM.SYSSYNONYMS

Contains one row for each synonym of a table or view.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
NAME	VARCHAR(128)	Synonym for the table or view.
CREATOR	VARCHAR(128)	Authorization ID of the owner of the synonym.
TBNAME	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the table or view.
TBCREATOR	VARCHAR(128)	Schema of the owner of the table or view.
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	Whether the row came from the basic machine-readable material (MRM) tape: N=No, Y=Yes
CREATEDBY	VARCHAR(128)	Primary authorization ID of the user who created the synonym.
CREATEDTS	TIMESTAMP	Time when the CREATE statement was executed for the synonym. The value is '0001-01.01.00.00.00.000000' for

Column Name	Data Type	Description
		synonyms created in a DB2 release prior to Version 5.
CREATORTYPE	CHAR(1)	Indicates the type of creator: blank Authorization ID L Role
RELCREATED	CHAR(1)	The release of DB2 that is used to create the object. Blank if created prior to Version 9.

### SYSIBM.SYSTABAUTH

Records the privileges that users hold on tables and views.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
GRANTOR	VARCHAR(128)	Authorization ID of the user who granted the privileges. Could
	, ,	also be PUBLIC, or PUBLIC followed by an asterisk.
GRANTEE	VARCHAR(128)	Authorization ID of the user who holds the privileges or the
		name of an application plan or package that uses the
		privileges. PUBLIC for a grant to PUBLIC. PUBLIC followed by
		an asterisk for a grant to PUBLIC AT ALL LOCATIONS.
GRANTEETYPE	CHAR(1)	Type of grantee:
		blank An authorization ID
		L Role
		P An application plan or a package. The grantee is a
		package if COLLID is not blank.
DBNAME	VARCHAR(24)	If the privileges were received from a user with DBADM,
		DBCTRL, or DBMAINT authority, DBNAME is the name of the
		database on which the GRANTOR has that authority.
00054700	\/A DOLLA D/400\	Otherwise, DBNAME is blank.
SCREATOR	VARCHAR(128)	If the row of SYSIBM.SYSTABAUTH was created as a result of
		a CREATE VIEW statement, SCREATOR is the schema of the
		owner of a table or view referred to in the CREATE VIEW
STNAME	\/ADCHAD(400)	statement. Otherwise, SCREATOR is the same as TCREATOR.  If the row of SYSIBM.SYSTABAUTH was created as a result of
STNAME	VARCHAR(128)	a CREATE VIEW statement, STNAME is the name of a table or
		view referred to in the CREATE VIEW statement. Otherwise,
		STNAME is the same as TCREATOR.
TCREATOR	VARCHAR(128)	Schema of the owner of the table or view.
TTNAME	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the table or view.
AUTHHOWGOT	CHAR(1)	Authorization level of the user from whom the privileges were
Adminowaan	OTIAIX(1)	received. This authorization level is not necessarily the
		highest authorization level of the grantor.
		<b>blank</b> Not applicable
		C DBCTL
		<b>D</b> DBADM
		L SYSCTRL
		M DBMAINT
		S SYSADM
DATEGRANTED	CHAR(6)	Date the privileges were granted, in the form yymmdd.
TIMEGRANTED	CHAR(8)	Time the privileges were granted, in the form hhmmssth.
UPDATECOLS	CHAR(1)	The value of this column is blank if the value of UPDATEAUTH
		applies uniformly to all columns of the table or view. The value
		is an asterisk (*) if the value of UPDATEAUTH applies to some
		columns but not to others. In this case, rows will exist in
		SYSIBM.SYSCOLAUTH with matching timestamps and

		DB2® 9 z/OS Reference Guide
Column Name	Data Type	Description
		PRIVILEGE = blank. These rows list the columns on which
		update privileges have been granted.
ALTERAUTH	CHAR(1)	Whether the GRANTEE can alter the table:
		blank Privilege is not held
		<b>G</b> Privilege is held with the GRANT option
		Y Privilege is held without the GRANT option
DELETEAUTH	CHAR(1)	Whether the GRANTEE can delete rows from the table or view:
		blank Privilege is not held
		G Privilege is held with the GRANT option
INDEVALITIE	OLIAD(4)	Y Privilege is held without the GRANT option
INDEXAUTH	CHAR(1)	Whether the GRANTEE can create indexes on the table:
		blank Privilege is not held  G Privilege is held with the GRANT option
		G Privilege is held with the GRANT option Y Privilege is held without the GRANT option
INSERTAUTH	CHAR(1)	Whether the GRANTEE can insert rows into the table or view:
INSERTAUTH	CHAR(I)	blank Privilege is not held
		G Privilege is held with the GRANT option
		Y Privilege is held without the GRANT option
SELECTAUTH	CHAR(1)	Whether the GRANTEE can select rows from the table or view:
OLLLOTAOTTI		blank Privilege is not held
		G Privilege is held with the GRANT option
		Y Privilege is held without the GRANT option
UPDATEAUTH	CHAR(1)	Whether the GRANTEE can update rows of the table or view:
		<b>blank</b> Privilege is not held
		<b>G</b> Privilege is held with the GRANT option
		Y Privilege is held without the GRANT option
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	Whether the row came from the basic machine-readable
	` ,	material (MRM) tape: N=No, Y=Yes
COLLID	VARCHAR(128)	If the GRANTEE is a package, its collection name. Otherwise,
		the value is blank.
CONTOKEN	CHAR(8)	If the GRANTEE is a package, the consistency token of the
		DBRM from which the package was derived. Otherwise, the
		value is blank.
REFERENCESAUTH	CHAR(1)	Whether the GRANTEE can create or drop referential
		constraints in which the table is a parent.
		blank Privilege is not held
		G Privilege is held with the GRANT option Y Privilege is held without the GRANT option
DEECOLO	CHAD(4)	
REFCOLS	CHAR(1)	The value of this column is blank if the value of
		REFERENCESAUTH applies uniformly to all columns of the table. The value is an asterisk(*) if the value of
		REFERENCESAUTH applies to some columns but not to
		others. In this case, rows will exist in SYSIBM.SYSCOLAUTH
		with PRIVILEGE = R and matching timestamps that list the
		columns on which reference privileges have been granted.
GRANTEDTS	TIMESTAMP	Time when the GRANT statement was executed.
TRIGGERAUTH	CHAR(1)	Whether the GRANTEE can create triggers in which the table is
MODERATION	J. 17 (1.7)	named as the triggering table:
		blank Privilege is not held
		G Privilege is held with the GRANT option
		Y Privilege is held without the GRANT option
GRANTORTYPE	CHAR(1)	Indicates the type of grantor:
0.0	0.0.4(.)	T managed the type of granter.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
		blank Authorization ID
		L Role

#### SYSIBM.SYSTABCONST

Contains one row for each unique constraint (primary key or unique key) created in DB2 for OS/390 Version 7 or later.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
CONSTNAME	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the constraint.
TBCREATOR	VARCHAR(128)	Schema of the owner of the table on which the constraint is
		defined.
TBNAME	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the table on which the constraint is defined.
CREATOR	CHAR(8)	Authorization ID under which the constraint was created.
TYPE	CHAR(1)	Type of constraint:
		P Primary key
		U Unique key
IXOWNER	VARCHAR(128)	Schema of the index enforcing the constraint or blank if index
		has not been created yet.
IXNAME	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the index enforcing the constraint or blank if index
		has not been created yet.
CREATEDTS	TIMESTAMP	Time when the statement to create the constraint was
		executed.
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	A value of Y indicates that the row name from the basic
	DEFAULT 'N '	machine-readable material (MRM) tape.
COLCOUNT	SMALLINT	Number of columns in the constraint.
CREATORTYPE	CHAR(1)	Indicates the type of creator:
		blank Authorization ID
		L Role
RELCREATED	CHAR(1)	The release of DB2 that is used to create the object. Blank if
		created prior to Version 9.

#### SYSIBM.SYSTABLEPART

Contains one row for each non-partitioned tablespace and one row for each partition of a partitioned tablespace.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
PARTITION	SMALLINT	Partition number; 0 if tablespace is not partitioned.
TSNAME	VARCHAR(24)	Name of the tablespace.
DBNAME	VARCHAR(24)	Name of the database that contains the tablespace.
IXNAME	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the partitioning index. This column is blank if the tablespace is not partitioned.
IXCREATOR	VARCHAR(128)	Schema of the owner of the partitioning index. This column is blank if the tablespace is not partitioned.
PQTY	INTEGER	Primary space allocation in units of 4KB storage blocks. For user-managed data sets, the value is set to the primary space allocation only if RUNSTATS TABLESPACE with UPDATE(ALL) or UPDATE(SPACE) is executed; otherwise, the value is zero. PQTY is based on a value of PRIQTY in the appropriate CREATE or ALTER TABLESPACE statement. Unlike PQTY, however, PRIQTY asks for space

	T	
Column Name	Data Type	Description
		in 1KB units.
SQTY	SMALLINT	Secondary space allocation in units of 4KB blocks. For user-managed data sets, the value is set to the secondary space allocation only if RUNSTATS TABLESPACE with UPDATE(ALL) or UPDATE(SPACE) is executed; otherwise, the value is zero. SQTY is based on a value of SECQTY in the appropriate CREATE or ALTER TABLESPACE statement. Unlike SQTY, however, SECQTY asks for space in 1KB units. If the value does not fit into the column, the value of the column is 0. See the description of column SECQTYI.
STORTYPE	CHAR(1)	Type of storage allocation:
010111112	0.0.0	E Explicit (storage group not used)
		I Implicit (storage group used)
STORNAME	VARCHAR(128)	Name of storage group used for space allocation. Blank if
		storage group not used.
VCATNAME	VARCHAR(24)	Name of integrated catalog facility catalog used for space
		allocation.
CARD	INTEGER	Number of rows in the tablespace or partition or, if the tablespace is a LOB tablespace, the number of LOBs in the tablespace. The value is 2 147 483 647 if the number of rows is greater than or equal to 2 147 483 647. The value is -1 if statistics have not been gathered.
FARINDREF	INTEGER	Number of rows that have been relocated far from their
		original page. The value is -1 if statistics have not been gathered. Not applicable if the tablespace is a LOB tablespace.
NEARINDREF	INTEGER	Number of rows that have been relocated near their original page. The value is -1 if statistics have not been gathered.  Not applicable if the tablespace is a LOB tablespace.
PERCACTIVE	SMALLINT	Percentage of space occupied by rows of data from active tables. The value is -1 if statistics have not been gathered. The value is -2 if the tablespace is a LOB tablespace.
PERCDROP	SMALLINT	Percentage of space occupied by rows of dropped tables. The value is -1 if statistics have not been gathered. The value is 0 for segmented tablespaces. Not applicable if the table is an auxiliary table.
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	Whether the row came from the basic machine-readable material (MRM) tape: N=No, Y=Yes
LIMITKEY	VARCHAR(765)	The high value of the partition in external format. The value is 0 if the tablespace is not partitioned.
FREEPAGE	SMALLINT	Number of pages loaded before a page is left as free space.
PCTFREE	SMALLINT	Percentage of each page left as free space.
CHECKFLAG	CHAR(1)	C The tablespace partition is in a check pending status and there are rows in the table that can violate referential constraints, table check constraints, or both.  blank The tablespace is not a partition, or does not contain rows that may violate referential constraints, table check constraints, or both.
SPACE	INTEGER	Number of kilobytes of DASD storage allocated to the tablespace partition, as determined by the last execution of

Column Name	Data Type	Description
		the STOSPACE utility or RUNSTATS utility. The value is 0 if STOSPACE or RUNSTATS has not been run. The value is updated by STOSPACE if the tablespace is related to a storage group. The value is updated by RUNSTATS if the utility is executed as RUNSTATS TABLESPACE with UPDATE(ALL) or UPDATE(SPACE). The value is -1 if the table space was defined with the DEFINE NO clause, which defers the physical creation of the data sets until data is first inserted into one of the partitions, and data has yet to be inserted.
COMPRESS	CHAR(1)	Indicates the following:  o For a tablespace partition, whether the COMPRESS attribute for the partition is YES. o For a non-partitioned tablespace, whether the COMPRESS attribute is YES for the tablespace. Values for the column can be: Y Compression is defined for the tablespace blank No compression
PAGESAVE	SMALLINT	Percentage of pages saved in the tablespace or partition as a result of defining the tablespace with COMPRESS YES or other compression routines. For example, a value of 25 indicates a savings of 25%, so that the pages required are only 75% of what would be required without data compression. The calculation includes overhead bytes for each row, the bytes required for dictionary, and the bytes required for the current FREEPAGE and PCTFREE specification for the table space or partition. This calculation is based on an average row length, and the result varies depending on the actual lengths of the rows. The value is 0 if there are no savings from using data compression, or if statistics have not been gathered. The value can be negative, if for example, data compression causes an increase in the number of pages in the data set.
STATSTIME	TIMESTAMP	If RUNSTATS updated the statistics, the date and time when the last invocation of RUNSTATS updated the statistics. The default value is '0001-01-01.00.00.00.000000'.
GBPCACHE	CHAR(1)	Group buffer pool cache option specified for this tablespace or tablespace partition.  A Changed and unchanged pages are cached in the group buffer pool.  N No data is cached in the group buffer pool.  S Only changed system pages, such as space map pages that do not contain actual data values, are cached in the group buffer pool.  blank Only changed pages are cached in the group buffe pool.
CHECKRID5B	CHAR(5)	Blank if the table or partition is not in a check pending status (CHECKFLAG is blank), or if the tablespace is not partitioned.  Otherwise, the RID of the first row of the tablespace partition that can violate referential constraints, table check

Column Name	Data Type	Description
		constraints, or both; or the value is X'000000000', indicating
		that any row can
		violate referential constraints.
TRACKMOD	CHAR(1)	Whether to track the page modifications in the space map
		pages:
		N No
		blank Yes
EPOCH	INTEGER	A number that is incremented whenever an operation that
		changes the location of rows in a table occurs.
SECQTYI	INTEGER	Secondary space allocation in units of 4KB storage. For
		user-managed data sets, the value is the secondary space
		allocation in units of 4KB blocks if RUNSTATS
		TABLESPACE with UPDATE(SPACE) or UPDATE(ALL) is
		executed; otherwise, the value is zero.
CARDF	FLOAT	Number of rows in the tablespace or partition, or if the
		tablespace is a LOB tablespace, the number of LOBS in the
		tablespace. The value is -1 if statistics have not been
		gathered.
IPREFIX	CHAR(1)	Number of rows in the tablespace or partition, or if the
		tablespace is a LOB tablespace, the number of LOBs in the
		tablespace. The value is -1 statistics have not been
		gathered.
ALTEREDTS	TIMESTAMP	Time when the most recent ALTER INDEX statement was
		executed for the index. If no ALTER INDEX statement has
		been applied, the value is '0001-01-01.00.00.00.000000'.
SPACEF	FLOAT(8)	Kilobytes of DASD storage. The value is –1 if statistics have
		not been gathered. This is an updatable column.
DSNUM	FLOAT(8)	Number of data sets. The value is -1 if statistics have not
		been gathered. This is an updatable column.
EXTENTS	INTEGER	Number of data set extents. The value is –1 if statistics have
		not been gathered. This is an updatable column.
LOGICAL_PART	SMALLINT	The logical partition for table spaces created with either table
_		or index controlled partitioning.
LIMITKEY_INTERNAL	VARCHAR(512)	The highest value of the limit key of the partition in an
_	, ,	internal format.
OLDEST_VERSION	SMALLINT	The version number of the oldest format of data in the table
_		past and any image copies at the part level.
CREATDTS	TIMESTAMP	Time when the partition was created.
AVGROWLEN	INTEGER	Average length of rows for the table in the table space or part
FORMAT	CHAR(1)	Indicates the format of the rows in the table space or
	` ′	partition:
		R Indicates reordered row format
		blank Indicates basic row format or a LOB tablespace
RELCREATED	CHAR(1)	The release of DB2 that is used to create the object. Blank if
	` ′	created prior to Version 9.
REORG_LR_TS	TIMESTAMP	The time when the REORG or LOAD REPLACE utility last
		occurred. The default value is '0001-01-01.00.00.00.000000'.

#### SYSIBM.SYSTABLEPART\_HIST

Contains rows from SYSTABLEPART. Whenever rows are added or changed in SYSTABLEPART, the rows are also written to the new history table. Rows in this table can be inserted, updated, and deleted.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
PARTITION	SMALLINT	Partition number; 0 if tablespace is not partitioned.
TSNAME	VARCHAR(24)	Name of the tablespace.
DBNAME	VARCHAR(24)	Name of the database that contains the tablespace.
PQTY	INTEGER	Primary space allocation in units of 4KB storage blocks. The value of this column is 0 if a storage group is not used. PQTY is based on a value of PRIQTY in the appropriate CREATE or ALTER TABLESPACE statement.
SECQTYI	SMALLINT	Secondary space allocation in units of 4KB blocks. If a storage group is not used the value is 0.
FARINDREF	INTEGER	Number of rows that have been relocated far from their original page. The value is -1 if statistics have not been gathered. Not applicable if the tablespace is a LOB tablespace.
NEARINDREF	INTEGER	Number of rows that have been relocated near their original page.  The value is -1 if statistics have not been gathered. Not applicable if the tablespace is a LOB tablespace.
PERCACTIVE	SMALLINT	Percentage of space occupied by rows of data from active tables. The value is -1 if statistics have not been gathered. The value is -2 if the tablespace is a LOB tablespace.
PERCDROP	SMALLINT	Percentage of space occupied by rows of dropped tables. The value is -1 if statistics have not been gathered. The value is 0 for segmented tablespaces. Not applicable if the table is an auxiliary table.
SPACEF	FLOAT(8)	Number of kilobytes of DASD storage allocated to the tablespace partition. The value is -1 if statistics have not been gathered.
PAGESAVE	SMALLINT	Percentage of pages saved in the tablespace or partition as a result of defining the tablespace with COMPRESS YES or other compression routines. For example, a value of 25 indicates a savings of 25%, so that the pages required are only 75% of what would be required without data compression. The calculation includes overhead bytes for each row, the bytes required for dictionary, and the bytes required for the current FREEPAGE and PCTFREE specification for the tablespace or partition. This calculation is based on an average row length, and the result varies depending on the actual lengths of the rows. The value is 0 if there are no savings from using data compression, or if statistics have not been gathered. The value an be negative, if for example, data compression causes an increase in the number of pages in the data set.
STATSTIME	TIMESTAMP	If RUNSTATS updated the statistics ,the date and time when the last invocation of RUNSTATS updated the statistics. The default value is '0001-01-01.00.00.00.0000000'.
CARDF	FLOAT(8)	Number of rows in the tablespace or partition ,or if the tablespace is a LOB tablespace , the number of LOBS in the tablespace. The value is -1 if statistics have not been gathered.
EXTENTS	INTEGER	Number of data set extents. The value is -1 if statistics have not been gathered.
DSNUM	INTEGER	Data set number within the tablespace. For partitioned tablespaces, this value corresponds to the partition number for a single partition copy, or 0 for a copy of an entire partitioned tablespace or index space. The value is -1 if statistics have not been gathered.
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	A value of Y indicates that the row came from the basic machine- readable material (MRM) tape.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
AVGROWLEN	INTEGER	Average length of rows for the table in the table space or part

# SYSIBM.SYSTABLES

Contains one row for each table, view, or alias.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
NAME	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the table, view, or alias.
CREATOR	VARCHAR(128)	Schema of the owner of the table, view, or alias.
TYPE	CHAR(1)	Type of object:  A Alias  C Clone table  G Created global temporary table  M Materialized query table  P Implicit table created for XML columns  T Table  V View  X Auxiliary table
DBNAME	VARCHAR(24)	For a table, or a view of tables, the name of the database that contains the tablespace named in TSNAME. For a created temporary table, an alias, or a view of a view, the value is DSNDB06.
TSNAME	VARCHAR(24)	For a table, or a view of one table, the name of the table space that contains the table. For a view of more than one table, the name of a tablespace that contains one of the tables. For a created temporary table, the value is SYSPKAGE. For a view of a view, the value is SYSVIEWS. For an alias, it is SYSDBAUT.
DBID	SMALLINT	Internal identifier of the database; 0 if the row describes a view, alias, or created temporary table. Non-zero if the view has an INSTEAD OF trigger defined.
OBID	SMALLINT	Internal identifier of the table; 0 if the row describes a view, an alias, or a created temporary table. Non-zero if the view has an INSTEAD OF trigger defined.
COLCOUNT	SMALLINT	Number of columns in the table or view. The value is 0 if the row describes an alias.
EDPROC	VARCHAR(24)	Name of the edit procedure; blank if the row describes a view or alias or a table without an edit procedure.
VALPROC	VARCHAR(24)	Name of the validation procedure; blank if the row describes a view or alias or a table without a validation procedure.
CLUSTERTYPE	CHAR(1)	Whether RESTRICT ON DROP applies:  blank No  Y Yes. Neither the table nor any tablespace or database that contains the table can be dropped.
NPAGES	INTEGER	Total number of pages on which rows of the table appear. The value is -1 if statistics have not been gathered, or the row describes a view, an alias, a created temporary table, or an auxiliary table. This is an updatable column.
PCTPAGES	SMALLINT	Percentage of active tablespace pages that contain rows of the table. A page is termed active if it is formatted for rows, regardless of whether it contains any. If the table space is segmented, the percentage is based on the number of active pages in the set of segments assigned to

Column Name	Data Type	Description
	,	the table. The value is -1 if statistics have not been
		gathered, or the row describes a view, alias, created
		temporary table, or auxiliary table. This is an updatable
		column.
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	Whether the row came from the basic machine-readable
		material (MRM) tape: N=No, Y=Yes
REMARKS	VARCHAR(254)	A character string provided by the user with the COMMENT ON statement.
PARENTS	SMALLINT	Number of relationships in which the table is a dependent.
		The value is 0 if the row describes a view, an alias,
		a created temporary table or MQT.
CHILDREN	SMALLINT	Number of relationships in which the table is a parent. The
		value is 0 if the row describes a view, an alias, a created
		temporary table or MQT.
KEYCOLUMNS	SMALLINT	Number of columns in the table's primary key. The value is 0
		if the row describes a view, an alias, or a created temporary
		table.
RECLENGTH	SMALLINT	For user tables, the maximum length of any record in the table. Length is 8+N+L, where:
		The number 8 accounts for the header (6 bytes) and
		the ID map entry (2 bytes).
		N is 10 if the table has an edit procedure, or 0
		otherwise.
		L is the sum of the maximum column lengths. In
		determining a column's maximum length, take into
		account whether the column allows nulls and the data
		type of the column. If the column can contain nulls
		and is not a LOB or ROWID column, add 1 byte for a
		null indicator. Use 4 bytes for the length of a LOB
		column and 19 bytes for the length of a ROWID column.
		If the column has a varying-length data type (for
		example, VARCHAR, CLOB, or BLOB), add 2 bytes for
		a length indicator.
		The value is 0 if the row describes a view, alias, or
		auxiliary table.
STATUS	CHAR(1)	Indicates the status of the table definition:
		I The definition of the table is incomplete.
		The TABLESTATUS column indicates the
		reason for the table definition being incomplete.
		R An error occurred when an attempt wa made to
		regenerate the internal representation of the view.
		X The table has a parent index and the
		table definition is complete.
		<b>blank</b> The table has no parent index, or is a catalog table,
		or the row describes a view or alias. The definition
		of the table, view, or alias is complete.
KEYOBID	SMALLINT	Internal DB2 identifier of the index that enforces uniqueness
		of the table's primary key; 0 if not applicable.
LABEL	VARCHAR(90)	The label as given by a LABEL ON statement; otherwise an
		empty string.
CHECKFLAG	CHAR(1)	C The tablespace that contains the table is in a
		check pending status and there are rows in the

Column Name	Data Turas	Description
Column Name	Data Type	Description table that are violete referential acceptaints
		table that can violate referential constraints, table check constraints, or both.
		R The table is an mgt that may contain in
		consistent data.
		blank The table contains no rows that violate
		referential constraints, table check constraints,
		or both; or the row describes a view, alias, or
		created temporary table.
AUDITING	CHAR(1)	Value of the audit option:
7.0211	011111(1)	A AUDIT ALL
		C AUDIT CHANGE
		<b>blank</b> AUDIT NONE, or the row describes a view,
		an alias, or a created temporary table.
CREATEDBY	VARCHAR(128)	Primary authorization ID of the user who created the table,
		view, or alias.
LOCATION	VARCHAR(128)	Location name of the object of an alias. Blank for a table, a
	, , ,	view, or for an alias that was not defined with a three-part
		object name.
TBCREATOR	VARCHAR(128)	For an alias, the schema of the referred to table or
		view
		<ul> <li>For a base table that is involved in a clone</li> </ul>
		relationship, the name of the creator of the clone
		table
		<ul> <li>For a clone table that is involved in a clone</li> </ul>
		relationship, the name of the creator of the base
		table
		Otherwise, TBCREATOR is blank
TBNAME	VARCHAR(128)	<ul> <li>For an alias, the name for the referred to table or</li> </ul>
		view
		<ul> <li>For a base table that is involved in a clone</li> </ul>
		relationship, the name of the clone table
		For a clone table that is involved in a clone
		relationship, the name of the base table
005.155050	T. 150 T. 1.15	Otherwise, TBNAME is blank
CREATEDTS	TIMESTAMP	Time when the CREATE statement was executed for the
AL TEREBER	TIMEOTAMO	table, view, or alias.
ALTEREDTS	TIMESTAMP	For a table, the time when the latest ALTER TABLE
		statement was applied. If no ALTER TABLE statement has
		been applied, or if the row is for a view or alias, ALTEREDTS has the value of CREATEDTS.
DATACAPTURE	CHAR(1)	Records the value of the DATACAPTURE option for a table:
DATACAFTURE	UTAR(1)	blank No
		Y Yes
		For a created temporary table, DATACAPTURE is always
		blank.
RBA1	CHAR(6)	The log RBA when the table was created. Otherwise, RBA1
	J. II ((0)	is X'00000000000, indicating that the log RBA is not
		known, or that the object is a view, an alias, or a created
		temporary table. For data sharing it is the LRSN.
RBA2	CHAR(6)	The log RBA when the table was last altered. Otherwise,
		RBA2 is X'000000000000' indicating that the log RBA is not
		known, or that the object is a view, an alias, or a created

Column Name	Data Type	Description
		temporary table. RBA1 will equal RBA2 if the table has not been altered. For data sharing it is the LRSN.
PCTROWCOMP	SMALLINT	Percentage of rows compressed within the total number of active rows in the table. This includes any row in a table space that is defined with COMPRESS YES. The value is -1 if statistics have not been gathered, or the row describes a view, alias, created temporary table, or auxiliary table. This is an updatable column.
STATSTIME	TIMESTAMP	If RUNSTATS updated the statistics, the date and time when the last invocation of RUNSTATS updated the statistics. The default value is '0001-01-01.00.00.00.000000'. For a created temporary table, the value of STATSTIME is always the default value. This is an updatable column.
CHECKS	SMALLINT	Number of check constraints defined on the table. The value is 0 if the row describes a view, an alias, or a created temporary table, or if no constraints are defined on the table.
CARDF	FLOAT	Total number of rows in the table or total number of LOBs in an auxiliary table. The value is -1 if statistics have not been gathered or the row describes a view, alias, or created temporary table. This is an updatable column.
CHECKRID5B	CHAR(5)	Blank if the table or partition is not in a check pending status (CHECKFLAG is blank), if the tablespace is not partitioned, or if the table is a created temporary table. Otherwise, the RID of the first row of the tablespace partition that can violate referential constraints, table check constraints, or both; or the value is X'0000000000', indicating that any row can violate referential constraints.
ENCODING_SCHEME	CHAR(1)	Default encoding scheme for tables, views, and local aliases:  E EBCDIC  A ASCII  M Multiple CCSID set or multiple encoding schemes  U UNICODE  blank For remote aliases  The value is 'E' for tables in non-work-file databases and blank for tables in work-file databases created prior to Version 5 or the default database, DSNDB04.
TABLESTATUS	VARCHAR(30)	Indicates the reason for an incomplete table definition:  L Definition is incomplete because an auxiliary table or auxiliary index has not been defined for a LOB column.  P Definition is incomplete because the table lacks a parent index.  R Definition is incomplete because the table lacks a required index on a row ID.  U Definition is incomplete because the table lacks a required index on a unique key.  V An error occurred when an attempt was made to regenerate the internal representation of the view.  blank Definition is complete.
NPAGESF	FLOAT(8)	Number of pages used by the table. The value is –1 if

Column Name	Data Type	Description
		statistics have not been gathered. This is an updatable
		column.
SPACEF	FLOAT(8)	Kilobytes of DASD storage. The value is –1 if statistics have not been gathered. This is an updatable column.
AVGROWLEN	INTEGER	Average length of rows for the tables in the tablespace. If the tablespace is compressed, the value is the compressed row length. If the tablespace is not compressed, the value is the uncompressed row. The value is –1 if statistics have not been gathered.
RELCREATED	CHAR(1)	Release of DB2 that was used to create the object.
NUM_DEPT_MQTS	SMALLINT	Number of dependent MQTs.
VERSION	SMALLINT	Version of the data row format for this table.
PARTKEYCOLNUM	SMALLINT	Number of columns in the partitioning key.
SPLIT_ROWS	CHAR(16)	Value is blank except for VOLATILE tables which will have a
_		Y in the field to indicate to DB2 to use index access on the
		table wheneve possible.
SECURITY_LABEL	CHAR(1)	Only meaningful it TYPE column is T or M. Indicates if table has multi-level security:  Blank No multi-level security
		R Table has multi-level security with row granularity

# SYSIBM.SYSTABLES\_HIST

Contains rows from SYSTABLES. Whenever rows are added or changed in SYSTABLES, the rows are also written to the new history table. Rows in this table can be inserted, updated, and deleted.

Column Name	Data Type	Description	
NAME	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the table, view, or alias.	
CREATOR	VARCHAR(128)	Schema of the owner of the table, view, or alias.	
DBNAME	VARCHAR(24)	For a table, or a view of tables ,the name of the database	
		that contains the tablespace named in TSNAME. For a	
		temporary table, an alias, or a view of a view, the value is DSNDB06.	
TSNAME	VARCHAR(24)	For a table, or a view of one table, the name of the	
		tablespace that contains the table. For a view of more than	
		one table, the name of a tablespace that contains one of the	
		tables. For a temporary table, the value is SYSPKAGE. For a	
		view of a view, the value is SYSVIEWS. For an alias, it is SYSDBAUT	
COLCOUNT	SMALLINT	Number of columns in the table or view. The value is 0 if the	
001000111	OWALLINT	row describes an alias.	
PCTPAGES	SMALLINT	Percentage of active tablespace pages that contain rows of	
		the table. A page is termed active if it is formatted for rows,	
		regardless of whether it contains any. If the tablespace is	
		segmented, the percentage is based on the number of active pages in the set of segments assigned to the table. The	
		value is -1 if statistics have not been gathered, or the row	
		describes a view, alias, temporary table, or auxiliary table.	
PCTROWCOMP	SMALLINT	Percentage of rows compressed within the total number of	
		active rows in the table. This includes any row in a	
		tablespace that is defined with COMPRESS YES. The value	
		is -1 if statistics have not been gathered, or the row	

Column Name	Data Type	Description
		describes a view, alias, temporary table, or auxiliary table.
STATSTIME	TIMESTAMP	If RUNSTATS updated the statistics, the date and time when the last invocation of RUNSTATS updated the statistics. The default value is '0001-01-01.00.00.000000'. For a temporary table, the value of STATSTIME is always the default value.
CARDF	FLOAT(8)	Total number of rows in the table or total number of LOBs in an auxiliary table. The value is -1 if statistics have not been gathered or the row describes a view, alias, or temporary table.
NPAGESF	FLOAT(8)	Total number of pages on which rows of the partition appear. The value is -1 if statistics have not been gathered.
AVGROWLEN	INTEGER	Average row length of the table specified in the tablespace. The value is -1 if statistics have not been gathered.
SPACEF	FLOAT(8)	Kilobytes of DASD storage. The value is -1 if statistics have not been gathered. This is an updatable column.
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	A value of Y indicates that the row came from the basic machine-readable material (MRM) tape.

# SYSIBM.SYSTABLESPACE

Contains one row for each tablespace.

Column Name	Data Type	Description	
NAME	VARCHAR(24)	Name of the tablespace.	
CREATOR	VARCHAR(128)	Authorization ID of the owner of the tablespace.	
DBNAME	VARCHAR(24)	Name of the database that contains the tablespace.	
DBID	SMALLINT	Internal identifier of the database that contains the	
OBID	SMALLINT	tablespace.  Internal identifier of the tablespace file descriptor.	
PSID	SMALLINT	Internal identifier of the tablespace page set descriptor.	
BPOOL	CHAR(8)	Name of the buffer pool used for the tablespace.	
PARTITIONS	SMALLINT	Number of partitions of the tablespace; 0 if the tablespace is	
		not partitioned.	
LOCKRULE	CHAR(1)	Lock size of the tablespace:	
		A Any	
		L Large object (LOB)	
		<b>P</b> Page	
		R Row	
		S Tablespace	
		T Table	
		X Implicitly created XML table space	
PGSIZE	SMALLINT	Size of pages in the tablespace in kilobytes.	
ERASERULE	CHAR(1)	Whether the data sets are to be erased when dropped. The	
		value is meaningless if the tablespace is partitioned.	
		N No erase	
		Y Erase	
STATUS	CHAR(1)	Availability status of the tablespace:	
		A Available	
		C Definition is incomplete because a partitioning index	
		has not been created.	

		DBZ 92/03 Reference Guide
Column Name	Data Type	Description
		P Tablespace is in a check pending status.
		S Tablespace is in a check pending status with the
		scope less than the entire tablespace.
		T Definition is incomplete because no table has been
IMPLICIT	OLIA D(4)	created.
IMPLICIT	CHAR(1)	Whether the tablespace was created implicitly:  N No
		Y Yes
NTABLES	SMALLINT	Number of tables defined in the tablespace.
NACTIVE	INTEGER	Number of active pages in the tablespace. A page is termed
NAOTIVE	INTEGER	active if it is formatted for rows, even if it currently
		contains none. The value is 0 if statistics have not been
		gathered. This is an updatable column.
CLOSERULE	CHAR(1)	Whether the data sets are candidates for closure when the
		limit on the number of open data sets is reached.
		N No
		Y Yes
SPACE	INTEGER	Number of kilobytes of DASD storage allocated to the
		tablespace, as determined by the last execution of the
		STOSPACE utility. The value is 0 if the tablespace is not
		related to a storage group, or if STOSPACE has not been
		run. If the tablespace is partitioned, the value is the total
		kilobytes of DASD storage allocated to all partitions that
IDMDEOD	CHAD(4)	are storage-group defined.  Whether the row came from the basic machine-readable
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	
SEGSIZE	SMALLINT	material (MRM) tape: N=No, Y=Yes  Number of pages in each segment of a segmented
SEGGIZE	SWALLINI	tablespace. The value is 0 if the tablespace is not
		segmented.
CREATEDBY	VARCHAR(128)	Primary authorization ID of the user who created the
0.12.11222.		tablespace.
STATSTIME	TIMESTAMP	If RUNSTATS updated the statistics, the date and time
		when the last invocation of RUNSTATS updated the
		statistics. The default value is '0001-01-
		01.00.00.00.000000'. This is an updatable column.
LOCKMAX	INTEGER	The maximum number of locks per user to acquire for the
		table or tablespace before escalating to the next locking
		level.
		Lock escalation does not occur.
		n, where n > 0, is the maximum number of locks (row,
		page, or LOB locks for the table or tablespace) an
		application process can acquire before lock escalation occurs.
		-1 Represents LOCKMAX SYSTEM. The value of field
		LOCKS PER TABLE(SPACE) on installation panel
		DSNTIPJ determines lock escalation. If the value of
		the field is 0, lock escalation does not occur. If the
		value is n, where n > 0, lock escalation occurs as it
		does for LOCKMAX n.
TYPE	CHAR(1)	The type of tablespace:
		blank The tablespace was created without any of the
		following options: DSSIZE, LARGE, LOB, and
	1	MEMBER CLUSTER.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
	71	The table space was defined with the MEMBER
		CLUSTER option and is not greater than 64
		gigabytes.
		G The table space was defined with the
		MAXPARTITIONS option (a partitioned-by-growth
		table space) with the underlying structure of a
		universal table space.
		K The table space was defined with the MEMBER
		CLUSTER option and can be greater than 64
		gigabytes.
		L The table space can be greater than 64 gigabytes.
		O The table space was defined with the LOB option
		(the table space is a LOB table space).  P Implicit table space created for XML columns.
		P Implicit table space created for XML columns. R Range-partitioned universal table space.
CREATEDTS	TIMESTAMP	Time when the CREATE statement was executed for the
CREATEDIS	TIMESTAIM	tablespace. If the tablespace was created in a DB2 release
		prior to Version 5, the value is
		'0001-01-01.00.00.000000'.
ALTEREDTS	TIMESTAMP	Time when the most recent ALTER TABLESPACE
, ALTEREDIO	T IIVILO 17 WII	statement was executed for the tablespace. If no ALTER
		TABLESPACE statement has been applied, ALTEREDTS
		has the value of CREATEDTS. If the index was created in a
		DB2 release prior to Version 5, the value is
		'0001-01-01.00.00.00.000000'.
ENCODING_SCHEME	CHAR(1)	Default encoding scheme for the tablespace:
_	, ,	E EBCDIC
		A ASCII
		U UNICODE
		<b>blank</b> For tablespaces in a work file database or a
		TEMP database (a database that was created
		AS TEMP, which is for declared temporary tables)
		The value is 'E' for tables in non- work-file databases and
		blank for tables in work-file databases created prior to
SDCS CCSID	INTEGER	Version 5 or the default database, DSNDB04.  Default SBCS CCSID for the tablespace. For a tablespace
SBCS_CCSID	INTEGER	in a TEMP database or a database created in a DB2 release
		prior to Version 5, the value is 0.
DBCS_CCSID	INTEGER	Default DBCS CCSID for the tablespace. For a tablespace
חופסס_כסמח	INTLUER	in a TEMP database or a database created in a DB2 release
		prior to Version 5, the value is 0.
MIXED_CCSID	INTEGER	Default mixed CCSID for the tablespace. For a tablespace
		in a TEMP database or a database created in a DB2 release
		prior to Version 5, the value is 0.
MAXROWS	SMALLINT	The maximum number of rows that DB2 will place on a data
		page. The default value is 255. For a LOB tablespace, the
		value is 0 to indicate that the column is not applicable.
LOCKPART	CHAR(1)	Y LOCKPART YES is specified for the tablespace.
		blank LOCKPART NO is specified, or LOCKPART
		is not specified or not a partitioned tablespace.
LOG	CHAR(1)	Whether the changes to a tablespace are to be logged.
		N This table space has the NOT LOGGED attribute.
		Undo and redo logging for the table space and all

Column Name	Data Type	Description
		indexes for tables in the table space is suppressed. Logging is also suppressed for the auxiliary indexes for all auxiliary tables associated with tables in the table space.  Y This table space has the LOGGED attribute. Normal logging is associated with modifications to this table space, all indexes for tables in this table space, and all auxiliary indexes for all auxiliary tables associated with tables in the table space.  X This LOB or XML table space has the NOT LOGGED attribute. Undo and redo logging for the table space is suppressed. Also, the logging attribute for this LOB or XML table space is linked to the logging attribute of the associated base table space and might not be able to be altered independently. If the logging attribute of the base table space is altered to LOGGED, the logging attribute of the LOB or XML table space will also be altered to LOGGED.
NACTIVEF	FLOAT	Number of active pages in the tablespace. A page is termed active if it is formatted for rows, even if it currently contains none. The value is -1 if statistics have not been gathered. This is an updatable column.
DSSIZE	INTEGER	Maximum size of a data set in kilobytes.
OLDEST_VERSION	SMALLINT	Version number of the oldest format of data in the table space and any image copies.
CURRENT_VERSION	SMALLINT	Version number describing the newest format of data in the table space.
AVGROWLEN	INTEGER	Average length of rows for the tables in the table space or part.
SPACEF	FLOAT	Kilobytes of DASD storage for the storage group.
CREATORTYPE	CHAR(1)	Indicates the type of creator: blank Authorization ID L Role
RELCREATED	CHAR(1)	The release of DB2 that is used to create the object. Blank if created prior to Version 9.
INSTANCE	SMALLINT	INSTANCE indicates the column value of the data set instance number of the current base object (table and index).
CLONE	CHAR(1)	Indicates whether the table space contains any objects that are involved in a clone relationship:  Y Table space contains objects that are involved in a clone relationship  N Table space does not contain any objects that are involved in a clone relationship
MAXPARTITIONS	SMALLINT	Identifies the maximum number of partitions to which the table space can grow. 0 if the table space is not partitioned or is range partitioned but not a universal table space.

# SYSIBM.SYSTABLESPACESTATS

Contains real time statistics for table spaces. Rows in this table can be inserted, updated, and deleted.

Column name	Data type	Description	
<u> </u>	··		
322			DB2® 9 for z/OS

UPDATESTATSTIME	TIMESTAMP	The timestamp when the row was inserted or last updated
NACTIVE	INTEGER	The number of active pages in the table space or partition.
NPAGES	INTEGER	The number of distinct pages with active rows in the partition of the table space. This is an updateable column.
EXTENTS	SMALLINT	The number of extents in the table space or partition. For multi-piece table spaces, this value is the number of extents for the last data set. For a data set that is striped across multiple volumes, the value is the number of logical extents. A null value indicates the value is unknown.
LOADRLASTTIME	TIMESTAMP	The timestamp of the last LOAD REPLACE on the table space or partition.  A null value indicates that the LOAD REPLACE utility has never been run on the table space or partition or that the timestamp is unknown.
REORGLASTTIME	TIMESTAMP	The timestamp of the last REORG on the table space or partition.  A null value indicates that the REORG utility has never been run on the table space or partition or that the timestamp is unknown.
REORGINSERTS	INTEGER	The number of records or LOBs that have been inserted since the last REORG or LOAD REPLACE on the table space or partition. A null value indicates that the number of inserted records or LOBs is unknown.
REORGDELETES	INTEGER	The number of records or LOBs that have been deleted since the last REORG or LOAD REPLACE on the table space or partition.  A null value indicates that the number of deleted records or LOBs is unknown.
REORGUPDATES	INTEGER	The number of rows that have been updated since the last REORG or LOAD REPLACE on the table space or partition. This value does not include LOB updates because LOB updates are really deletions followed by insertions.  A null value indicates that the number of updated rows is unknown.
REORGDISORGLOB	INTEGER	The number of LOBs that were inserted since the last REORG or LOAD REPLACE that are not perfectly chunked. A LOB is perfectly chunked if the allocated pages are in the minimum number of chunks. A null value indicates that the number of not perfectly chunked LOBs is unknown.
REORGUNCLUSTINS	INTEGER	The number of records that were inserted since the last REORG or LOAD REPLACE that are not well-clustered with respect to the clustering index. A record is well-clustered if the record is inserted into a page that is within 16 pages of the ideal candidate page. The clustering index determines the ideal candidate page.  A null value indicates that the number of not well clustered pages is unknown.
REORGMASSDELETE	INTEGER	The number of mass deletes from a segmented or LOB table space, or the number of dropped tables from a segmented table space, since the last REORG or LOAD REPLACE. A null value indicates that the number of mass deletes is unknown.
REORGNEARINDREF	INTEGER	The number of overflow records that were created since the

	1	Lost DEODC or LOAD DEDLACE and were releasted as a
		last REORG or LOAD REPLACE and were relocated near the pointer record. For nonsegmented table spaces, a page is near the present page if the two page numbers differ by 16 or less. For segmented table spaces, a page is near the present page if the two page numbers differ by SEGSIZE*2 or less.  A null value indicates that the number of overflow records that are near the pointer record is unknown.
REORGFARINDEF	INTEGER	The number of overflow records that were created since the last REORG or LOAD REPLACE and were relocated far from
		the pointer record. For nonsegmented table spaces, a page is far from the present page if the two page numbers differ by more than 16. For segmented table spaces, a page is far from the present page if the two page numbers differ by at least (SEGSIZE*2)+1.  A null value indicates that the number of overflow records that are far from the pointer record is unknown.
STATSLASTTIME	TIMESTAMP	The timestamp of the last RUNSTATS on the table space or partition.
STATSINSERTS	INTEGER	The number of records or LOBs that have been inserted since the last RUNSTATS on the table space or partition. A null value indicates that the number of inserted records or LOBs is unknown.
STATSDELETES	INTEGER	The number of records or LOBs that have been deleted since the last RUNSTATS on the table space or partition. A null value indicates that the number of deleted records or LOBs is unknown.
STATSUPDATES	INTEGER	The number of rows that have been updated since the last RUNSTATS on the table space or partition. This value does not include LOB updates because LOB updates are really deletions followed by insertions. A null value indicates that the number of updated records or LOBs is unknown.
STATSMASSDELETE	INTEGER	The number of mass deletes from a segmented or LOB table space, or the number of dropped tables from a segmented table space, since the last RUNSTATS.  A null value indicates that the number of mass deletes is unknown.
COPYLASTTIME	TIMESTAMP	The timestamp of the last full or incremental image copy on the table space or partition.  A null value indicates that the COPY utility has never been run on the table space or partition. A null value can also indicate that the timestamp of the last image copy is unknown.
COPYUPDATEDPAGES	INTEGER	The number of distinct pages that have been updated since the last COPY.  A null value indicates that the number of updated pages is unknown.
COPYCHANGES	INTEGER	The number of insert, delete, and update operations since the last COPY.  A null value indicates that the number of insert, update, and delete operations is unknown.
COPYUPDATELRSN	CHAR(6)	The LRSN or RBA of the first update after the last COPY A null value indicates that the LRSN or RBA is unknown.

COPYUPDATETIME	TIMESTAMP	The timestamp of the first update after the last COPY.
		A null value indicates that the timestamp is unknown.
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	A value of Y indicates that the row came from the basic
		machine-readable material (MRM) tape.
DBID	SMALLINT	The internal identifier of the database.
PSID	SMALLINT	The internal identifier of the table space page set descriptor.
PARTITION	SMALLINT	The data set number within the table space. This column is
		used to map a data set number in a table space to its
		statistics. For partitioned table spaces, this value corresponds
		to the partition number for a single partition. For non-
		partitioned table spaces, this value is 0.
INSTANCE	SMALLINT	Indicates if the object is associated with data set instance 1
		or 2. This is an updatable column.
SPACE	INTEGER	The amount of space, in KB, that is allocated to the table
		space or partition.
		For multi-piece linear page sets, this value is the amount of
		space in all data sets.
TOTALROWS	BIGINT	The number of rows or LOBs in the table space or partition.
DATASIZE	BIGINT	The total number of bytes that row data occupy in the data
		rows or LOB rows. This is an updatable column.
UNCOMPRESSED-	BIGINT	The total number of bytes that row data would have occupied
DATASIZE		in the data rows or LOB rows if the data was not compressed.
		This is an updatable column.
DBNAME	CHAR(8)	The name of the database. This column is used to map a
		database to its statistics.
NAME	CHAR(8	The name of the table space. This column is used to map a
	· ·	table space to its statistics.

## SYSIBM.SYSTABSTATS

Contains one row for each partition of a partitioned tablespace. Rows in this table can be inserted, updated, and deleted.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
CARD	INTEGER	Total number of rows in the partition.
NPAGES	INTEGER	Total number of pages on which rows of the partition appear.
PCTPAGES	SMALLINT	Percentage of total active pages in the partition that contain rows of the table.
NACTIVE	INTEGER	Number of active pages in the partition.
PCTROWCOMP	SMALLINT	Percentage of rows compressed within the total number of active rows in the partition. This includes any row in a table space that is defined with COMPRESS YES.
STATSTIME	TIMESTAMP	If RUNSTATS updated the statistics, the date and time when the last invocation of RUNSTATS updated the statistics.
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	Whether the row came from the basic machine-readable material (MRM) tape: N=No, Y=Yes
DBNAME	VARCHAR(24)	Database that contains the tablespace named in TSNAME.
TSNAME	VARCHAR(24)	Tablespace that contains the table.
PARTITION	SMALLINT	Partition number of the tablespace that contains the table.
OWNER	VARCHAR(128)	Schema of the owner of the table.
NAME	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the table.
CARDF	FLOAT	Total number of rows in the partition.

## SYSIBM.SYSTABSTATS\_HIST

Contains rows from SYSTABLES. Whenever rows are added or changed in SYSTABLES, the rows are also written to the new history table. Rows in this table can be inserted, updated, and deleted.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
NPAGES	INTEGER	Total number of pages on which rows of the partitions appear.
STATSTIME	TIMESTAMP	If RUNSTATS updated the statistics, the date and time when the last invoation of RUNSTATS updated the statistics.
DBNAME	VARCHAR(24)	Database that contains the table space in TSNAME.
TSNAME	VARCHAR(24)	Table space that contains the table.
PARTITION	SMALLINT	Partition number of the table space that contains the table.
OWNER	VARCHAR(128)	Schema of the owner of the table.
NAME	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the table.
CARDF	FLOAT(8)	Total number of rows in the partition. The value is –1 is statistics
		have not been gathered.
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	A value of Y indicates that the row came from the basic machine-readable material (MRM) tape.

### SYSIBM.SYSTRIGGERS

Contains one row for each trigger.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
NAME	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the trigger and trigger package.
SCHEMA	VARCHAR(128)	Schema of the trigger. This implicit or explicit qualifier for the trigger name is also used for the collection ID of the trigger
SEQNO	SMALLINT	package.  Sequence number of this row; the first portion of the trigger
OLQIVO	OWALLINI	definition is in row 1, and successive rows have increasing SEQNO
		values.
DBID	SMALLINT	Internal identifier of the database for the trigger.
OBID	SMALLINT	Internal identifier of the trigger.
OWNER	VARCHAR(128)	Owner of the trigger.
CREATEDBY	VARCHAR(128)	Primary authorization ID of the creator of the trigger.
TBNAME	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the table or view.
TBOWNER	VARCHAR(128)	Qualifier of the name of the table to which this trigger applies.
TRIGTIME	CHAR(1)	Time when triggered actions are applied to the base table,
		relative to the event that activated the trigger:
		B Trigger is applied before the event.
		A Trigger is applied after the event.
		I Trigger is applied instead of the event.
TRIGEVENT	CHAR(1)	Operation that activates the trigger:
		I Insert
		D Delete
		U Update
GRANULARITY	CHAR(1)	Trigger is executed once per:
		S Statement
ODEATERIC	TIMEOTAMO	R Row
CREATEDTS	TIMESTAMP	Time when the CREATE statement was executed for this trigger.
	1	The time value is used in resolving functions, distinct types, and

Column Name	Data Type	Description
		stored procedures. It is also used to order the execution of multiple
		triggers.
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	Whether the row came from the basic machine-readable material
		(MRM) tape: N=No, Y=Yes
TEXT	VARCHAR(6000)	Full text of the CREATE TRIGGER statement.
REMARKS	VARCHAR(762)	A character string provided by the user with the COMMENT ON
		statement.
TRIGNAME	VARCHAR(18)	Unused.
OWNERTYPE	CHAR(1)	Indicates the type of creator:
		blank Authorization ID
		L Role
ENVID	INTEGER	Internal environment identifier.
RELCREATED	CHAR(1)	The release of DB2 that is used to create the object. Blank if
		created prior to Version 9.

## SYSIBM.SYSUSERAUTH

Records the system privileges that are held by users.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
GRANTOR	VARCHAR(128)	Authorization ID of the user who granted the privileges.
GRANTEE	VARCHAR(128)	Authorization ID of the user that holds the privilege. Could
		also be PUBLIC for a grant to PUBLIC.
DATEGRANTED	CHAR(6)	Date the privileges were granted; in the form <i>yymmdd</i> .
TIMEGRANTED	CHAR(8)	Time the privileges were granted; in the form <i>hhmmssth</i> .
AUTHHOWGOT	CHAR(1)	Authorization level of the user from whom the privileges
		were received. This authorization level is not necessarily
		the highest authorization level of the grantor.
		blank Not applicable
		C DBCTL
		<b>D</b> DBADM
		L SYSCTRL
		M DBMAINT
		S SYSADM
BINDADDAUTH	CHAR(1)	Whether the GRANTEE can use the BIND subcommand
		with the ADD option:
		blank Privilege is not held
		<b>G</b> Privilege is held with the GRANT option
		Y Privilege is held without the GRANT option
BSDSAUTH	CHAR(1)	Whether the GRANTEE can issue the RECOVER BSDS
		command:
		blank Privilege is not held
		<b>G</b> Privilege is held with the GRANT option
		Y Privilege is held without the GRANT option
CREATEDBAAUTH	CHAR(1)	Whether the GRANTEE can create databases and
		automatically receive DBADM authority over the new
		databases:
		blank Privilege is not held
		G Privilege is held with the GRANT option
		Y Privilege is held without the GRANT option
CREATEDBCAUTH	CHAR(1)	Whether the GRANTEE can execute the CREATE
		DATABASE statement to create new databases and
		automatically receive DBCTRL authority over the new

Column Name	Data Type	Description
		databases:
		blank Privilege is not held
		<b>G</b> Privilege is held with the GRANT option
		Y Privilege is held without the GRANT option
CREATESGAUTH	CHAR(1)	Whether the GRANTEE can execute the CREATE
		STOGROUP statement to create new storage groups:
		blank Privilege is not held
		<b>G</b> Privilege is held with the GRANT option
		Y Privilege is held without the GRANT option
DISPLAYAUTH	CHAR(1)	Whether the GRANTEE can use the DISPLAY commands:
		blank Privilege is not held
		<b>G</b> Privilege is held with the GRANT option
		Y Privilege is held without the GRANT option
RECOVERAUTH	CHAR(1)	Whether the GRANTEE can use the RECOVER INDOUBT
		command:
		blank Privilege is not held
		G Privilege is held with the GRANT option
		Y Privilege is held without the GRANT option
STOPALLAUTH	CHAR(1)	Whether the GRANTEE can use the STOP command:
		blank Privilege is not held
		<b>G</b> Privilege is held with the GRANT option
		Y Privilege is held without the GRANT option
STOSPACEAUTH	CHAR(1)	Whether the GRANTEE can use the STOSPACE utility:
		blank Privilege is not held
		<b>G</b> Privilege is held with the GRANT option
		Y Privilege is held without the GRANT option
SYSADMAUTH	CHAR(1)	Whether the GRANTEE has system administration
		authority:
		blank Privilege is not held
		<b>G</b> Privilege is held with the GRANT option
		Y Privilege is held without the GRANT option
		GRANTEE has the privilege with the GRANT option for a
		value of either Y or G.
SYSOPRAUTH	CHAR(1)	Whether the GRANTEE has system operator authority:
		blank Privilege is not held
		G Privilege is held with the GRANT option
	0.005	Y Privilege is held without the GRANT option
TRACEAUTH	CHAR(1)	Whether the GRANTEE can issue the START TRACE and
		STOP TRACE commands:
		blank Privilege is not held
		G Privilege is held with the GRANT option
	2	Y Privilege is held without the GRANT option
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	Whether the row came from the basic machine-readable
		material (MRM) tape: N=No, Y=Yes
MON1AUTH	CHAR(1)	Whether the GRANTEE can obtain IFC serviceability data:
		blank Privilege is not held
		G Privilege is held with the GRANT option
		Y Privilege is held without the GRANT option
MON2AUTH	CHAR(1)	Whether the GRANTEE can obtain IFC data:
		blank Privilege is not held
		<b>G</b> Privilege is held with the GRANT option
		Y Privilege is held without the GRANT option

Column Name	Data Type	Description
CREATEALIASAUTH	CHAR(1)	Whether the GRANTEE can execute the CREATE ALIAS
		statement:
		blank Privilege is not held
		<b>G</b> Privilege is held with the GRANT option
		Y Privilege is held without the GRANT option
SYSCTRLAUTH	CHAR(1)	Whether the GRANTEE has SYSCTRL authority:
		<b>blank</b> Privilege is not held
		<b>G</b> Privilege is held with the GRANT option
		Y Privilege is held without the GRANT option
		GRANTEE has the privilege with the GRANT option for a
		value of either Y or G.
BINDAGENTAUTH	CHAR(1)	Whether the GRANTEE has BINDAGENT privilege:
		blank Privilege is not held
		<b>G</b> Privilege is held with the GRANT option
		Y Privilege is held without the GRANT option
ARCHIVEAUTH	CHAR(1)	Whether the GRANTEE is privileged to use the ARCHIVE
		LOG command:
		<b>blank</b> Privilege is not held
		<b>G</b> Privilege is held with the GRANT option
		Y Privilege is held without the GRANT option
GRANTEDTS	TIMESTAMP	Time when the GRANT statement was executed. The value
		is '1985-04-01.00.00.00.000000' for the one installation
		row.
CREATETMTABAUTH	CHAR(1)	Whether the GRANTEE has CREATETMTABAUTH
		privilege:
		<b>blank</b> Privilege is not held
		<b>G</b> Privilege is held with the GRANT option
		Y Privilege is held without the GRANT option
GRANTEETYPE	CHAR(1)	Indicates the type of grantee:
		blank Authorization ID
		L Role
GRANTORTYPE	CHAR(1)	Indicates the type of grantor:
		blank Authorization ID
		L Role
DEBUGSESSIONAUTH	CHAR(1)	Whether the GRANTEE has DEBUGSESSION privilege:
		blank Privilege is not held
		G Privilege is held with the GRANT option
		Y Privilege is held without the GRANT option

# SYSIBM.SYSVIEWDEP

Records the dependencies of views on tables, functions, and other views.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
BNAME	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the object on which the view is dependent. If the object
		type is a function (BTYPE='F'), the name is the specific name of
		the function.
BCREATOR	VARCHAR(128)	Authorization ID of the owner of BNAME. For functions, it is the
		schema name of the BNAME.
BTYPE	CHAR(1)	Type of object:
		<b>F</b> Function
		M Materialized query table
		<b>T</b> Table

Column Name	Data Type	Description
		V View
DNAME	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the view.
DCREATOR	VARCHAR(128)	Schema of the owner of the view.
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	Whether the row came from the basic machine-readable material
		(MRM) tape: N=No, Y=Yes
BSCHEMA	VARCHAR(128)	Schema of BNAME.
DTYPE	CHAR(1)	Type of table
		F SQL Function
		M Materialized
		<b>V</b> View
DOWNER	VARCHAR(128)	Authorization ID of the owner of the view, blank for views that
		were created in a DB2 release prior to Version 9.
OWNERTYPE	CHAR(1)	Indicates the type of owner:
		blank Authorization ID
		L Role

## SYSIBM.SYSVIEWS

Contains one or more rows for each view.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
NAME	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the view.
CREATOR	VARCHAR(128)	Schema of the owner of the view.
SEQNO	SMALLINT	Sequence number of this row; the first portion of the view is on
		row one and successive rows have increasing values of SEQNO.
CHECK	CHAR(1)	Whether the WITH CHECK OPTION clause was specified in the
		CREATE VIEW statement:
		N No
		C Yes with the cascaded semantic
		Y Yes with the <i>local</i> semantic
		The value is N if the view has no WHERE clause.
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	Whether the row came from the basic machine-readable material (MRM) tape: N=No, Y=Yes
TEXT	VARCHAR(1500)	Text or portion of the text of the CREATE VIEW statement.
PATHSCHEMAS	VARCHAR(2048)	SQL path at the time the view was defined. The path is used to
	` ′	resolve unqualified data type and function names used in the
		view definition.
RELCREATED	CHAR(1)	Release of DB2 that was used to create the object:
		Blank Created prior to V7
		K Create on V7
TYPE	CHAR(1)	Type of table
		F SQL Function
		M Materialized Query Table
		<b>V</b> View
REFRESH	CHAR(1)	Refresh mode
		<b>D</b> An MQT with a deferred refresh mode
		Blank Not an MQT
ENABLE	CHAR(1)	Indicates whether an MQT is enabled or disabled for query
		optimization:
		Y Enabled
		N Disabled
	01145(4)	Blank Row describes a view
MAINTENANCE	CHAR(1)	Maintenance Mode

Column Name	Data Type	Description
		S Maintained by system
		U Maintained by user
		Blank Row describes a view
REFRESH_TIME	TIMESTAMP	Timestamp of the REFRESH TABLE statement that last refreshed the data.
ISOLATION	CHAR(1)	Isolation level when the MQT is created or altered from a bas table.
SIGNATURE	VARCHAR(1024)	Contains the internal description. Used for MQT tables
APP_ENCODING_	INTEGER	CCSID of the current application encoding scheme at the time
CCSID		the view was created.
OWNER	VARCHAR(128)	Authorization ID of the owner of the view, blank for views that
		were created in a DB2 release prior to Version 9.
OWNERTYPE	CHAR(1)	Indicates the type of owner:
		blank Authorization ID
		L Role
RELCREATED	CHAR(1)	The release of DB2 that is used to create the object. Blank if created prior to Version 9.

### SYSIBM.SYSVOLUMES

Contains one row for each volume of each storage group.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
SGNAME	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the storage group.
SGCREATOR	VARCHAR(128)	Authorization ID of the owner of the storage group.
VOLID	VARCHAR(18)	Serial number of the volume or * if SMS-managed.
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	Whether the row came from the basic machine-readable material
		(MRM) tape: N=No, Y=Yes
RELCREATED	CHAR(1)	The release of DB2 that is used to create the object. Blank if
		created prior to Version 9.

## SYSIBM.SYSXMLRELS

Contains one row for each XML table that is created for an XML column.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
TBOWNER	VARCHAR(128)	Schema or qualifier of the base table.
TBNAME	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the base table.
COLNAME	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the XML column in the base table.
XMLTBOWNER	VARCHAR(128)	Schema or qualifier of the XML table.
XMLTBNAME	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the XML table.
XMLRELOBID	INTEGER	Internal identifier of the relationship between the base table and the XML table.
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	A value of Y indicates that the row came from the basic machine- readable material (MRM) tape.
CREATEDTS	TIMESTAMP	Time when the XML table was created.
RELCREATED	CHAR(1)	The release of DB2 that is used to create the object.

## SYSIBM.SYSXMLSTRINGS

Each row contains a single string and its unique ID that are used to condense XML data. The string can be an element name, attribute name, name space prefix, or a namespace URI.

Column	Data Type	Description
Name		
STRINGID	INTEGER	Unique ID for the string.
STRING	VARCHAR(1000)	The string data.
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	A value of Y indicates that the row came from the basic machine- readable material (MRM) tape.

### SYSIBM.SYSUSERNAMES

Each row in the table is used to carry out one of the following operations:

- Outbound ID translation
- Inbound ID translation and "come from" checking

Rows in this table can be inserted, updated, and deleted.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
TYPE	CHAR(1)	How the row is to be used: O For outbound translation. I For inbound translation and "come from" checking. S For outbound system AUTHID to establish a trusted connection.
AUTHID	VARCHAR(128)	Authorization ID to be translated. Applies to any authorization ID if blank.
LINKNAME	VARCHAR(24)	Identifies the VTAM or TCP/IP network locations associated with this row. A blank value in this column indicates this name translation rule applies to any TCP/IP or SNA partner. If a nonblank LINKNAME is specified, one or both of the following statements must be true:  o A row exists in SYSIBM.LUNAMES whose LUNAME matches the value specified in the SYSIBM.USERNAMES LINKNAME column. This row specifies the VTAM site associated with this name translation rule.  o A row exists in SYSIBM.IPNAMES whose LINKNAME matches the value specified in the SYSIBM.USERNAMES LINKNAME column. This row specifies the TCP/IP host associated with this name translation rule. Inbound name translation and "come from" checking are not performed for TCP/IP clients.
NEWAUTHID	VARCHAR(128)	Translated value of AUTHID. Blank specifies no translation.
PASSWORD	VARCHAR(24)	Password to accompany an outbound request, if passwords are not encrypted. If passwords are encrypted, or the row is for inbound requests, the column is not used.
IBMREQD	CHAR(1)	Whether the row came from the basic machine-readable material (MRM) tape: N=No, Y=Yes

### SYSIBM.XSRCOMPONENT

An auxiliary table for the BLOB column COMPONENT in SYSIBM.SYSXSROBJECTCOMPONENTS. It is in LOB table space SYSXSRA3.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
COMPONENT	BLOB(30M)	Contents of the XML schema document

### SYSIBM.XSROBJECTS

SYSIBM.XSROBJECTS contains one row for each registered XML schema. Rows in this table can only be changed using static SQL statements issued by the DB2-supplied XSR stored procedures.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
XSROBJECTID	INTEGER	Internal identifier of the XML schema. XSROBJECTID is
		generated as an identity column.
XSROBJECT	VARCHAR(128)	Qualifier of the XML schema name. This is always set to
SCHEMA		'SYSXSR'.
XSROBJECT NAME	VARCHAR(128)	Name of the XML schema.
TARGET	INTEGER	The value of the STRINGID column in
NAMESPACE		SYSIBM.SYSXMLSTRINGS when the target namespace URI of
		the primary XML schema document is stored in
		SYSIBM.SYSXMLSTRINGS
SCHEMA	INTEGER	The value of the STRINGID column in
LOCATION		SYSIBM.SYSXMLSTRINGS when the schema location URI of
		the primary XML schema document is stored in
		SYSIBM.SYSXMLSTRINGS
ROWID	ROWID	ID that is used to support BLOB data type values.
GRAMMAR	BLOB(250M)	The internal binary representation of the XML schema.
PROPERTIES	BLOB(5M)	Additional property information of the entire XML schema.
CREATEDBY	VARCHAR(128)	Authorization ID under which the XML schema was created.
CREATEDTS	TIMESTAMP	The time that the DB2-supplied stored procedure
		XSR_REGISTER was executed for the XML schema.
STATUS	CHAR(1)	Registration status of the XML schema:
		<b>C</b> Complete
		I Incomplete
		T Temporary
RELCREATED	CHAR(1)	The release of DB2 that is used to create the object.
DECOMPOSITION	CHAR(1)	Indicates the decomposition status of the XSR object:
		Y Enabled
		N Not enabled
DECOMPOSITION:	\/ABOULAB/466\	X Inoperative
DECOMPOSITION	VARCHAR(128)	Indicates the version of the XDB map that is used for
_ VERSION	\/A DOLLA D/700\	decomposition
REMARKS	VARCHAR(762)	Character string that contains comments about this XML
		schema.

### SYSIBM.XSROBJECTCOMPONENTS

SYSIBM.XSROBJECTCOMPONENTS contains one row for each component (document) in an XML schema. Rows in this table can only be changed using static SQL statements issued by the DB2-supplied XSR stored procedures.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
XSRCOMPONENTID	INTEGER	Internal identifier of the XML schema document.
		XSRCOMPONENTID is generated as an identity column.
TARGETNAMESPACE	INTEGER	The value of the STRINGID column in

		SYSIBM.SYSXMLSTRINGS when the target namespace URI of the primary XML schema document is stored in
		SYSIBM.SYSXMLSTRINGS.
SCHEMALOCATION	INTEGER	The value of the STRINGID column in
		SYSIBM.SYSXMLSTRINGS when the schema location URI of
		the primary XML schema document is stored in
		SYSIBM.SYSXMLSTRINGS.
ROWID	ROWID	The ID that is used to support BLOB data type values.
COMPONENT	BLOB(30M)	Contents of the XML schema document.
PROPERTIES	BLOB(5M)	If available, additional property information of the XML schema
		document
CREATEDTS	TIMESTAM	The time that the XML schema document was registered.
	Р	· ·
STATUS	CHAR(1)	Registration status of the XML schema:
	` ,	<b>C</b> Complete
		I Incomplete
RELCREATED	CHAR(1)	The release of DB2 that is used to create the object.

### SYSIBM.XSROBJECTGRAMMER

SYSIBM.XSROBJECTGRAMMAR is an auxiliary table for the BLOB column GRAMMAR in SYSIBM.SYSXSROBJECTS. It is in LOB table space SYSXSRA1.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
GRAMMAR	BLOB(250M)	Internal binary representation of the XML schema

### SYSIBM.XSROBJECTHIERARCHIES

SYSIBM.XSROBJECTHIERARCHIES contains one row for each component (document) in an XML schema to record the XML schema document hierarchy relationship. Rows in this table can only be changed using static SQL statements issued by the DB2-supplied XSR stored procedures.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
XSROBJECTID	INTEGER	Internal identifier of the XML schema.
XSRCOMPONENTID	INTEGER	Internal identifier of the XML schema document.
HTYPE	CHAR(1)	Hierarchy type:
		<b>D</b> Document
		P Primary document
TARGETNAMESPACE	INTEGER	The value of the STRINGID column in
		SYSIBM.SYSXMLSTRINGS when the target namespace URI of
		the primary XML schema document is stored in
		SYSIBM.SYSXMLSTRINGS.
SCHEMALOCATION	INTEGER	The value of the STRINGID column in
		SYSIBM.SYSXMLSTRINGS when the schema location URI of
		the primary XML schema document is stored in
		SYSIBM.SYSXMLSTRINGS.
RELCREATED	CHAR(1)	The release of DB2 that is used to create the object.

## SYSIBM.XRSOBJECTPROPERTY

An auxiliary table for the BLOB column PROPERTIES in SYSIBM.SYSXSROBJECTS. It is in LOB table space SYSXSRA2.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
PROPERTIES	BLOB(5M)	Contents of the additional property information of the entire XML
		schema.

## SYSIBM.XSRPROPERTY

An auxiliary table for the BLOB column COMPONENT in SYSIBM.SYSXSROBJECTCOMPONENTS. It is in LOB table space SYSXSRA3.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
COMPONENT	BLOB(5M)	Contents of the additional property information of the XML schema
		document

# **Updateable Catalog Statistics**

The following table shows the catalog statistics that are updateable and used for access path selection.

Table	Statistics
SYSIBM SYSCOLDIST	CARDF
0.0.50.0005.00	COLGROUPCOLNO
	COLVALUE
	FREQUENCYF
	HIGHVALUE
	LOWVALUE
	NUMCOLUMNS
	QUANTILENO
	TYPE
SYSIBM.SYSCOLDISTSTATS	HIGHVALUE
	QUANTILENO
SYSIBM.SYSCOLUMNS	COLCARDF
	HIGH2KEY
	LOW2KEY
SYSIBM.SYSINDEXES	CLUSTERRATIOF
	FIRSTKEYCARDF
	FULLKEYCARDF
	NLEAF
	NLEVELS
	DATAREPEATFACTORF
SYSIBM.SYSINDEXSTATS	DATAREPEATFACTORF
SYSIBM.SYSKEYTARGETS	HIGH2KEY
	LOW2KEY
	STATS_FORMAT
SYSIBM.SYSKEYTARGETSTATS	HIGHKEY
	HIGH2KEY
	LOWKEY
	LOW2KEY
0)(0)[0](0)(0)(0)(0)(0)	STATS_FORMAT
SYSIBM.SYSKEYTGTDIST	CARDF
	KEYGROUPKEYNO
	KEYVALUE
	FREQUENCYF
	HIGHVALUE
	LOWVALUE
	NUMKEYS
	QUANTILENO
SYSIBM.SYSKEYTGTDISTSTATS	TYPE HIGHVALUE
31310W.313NET1G1D13131A13	LOWVALUE
	-
SYSIBM.SYSROUTINES	QUANTILENO CARDINALITY
3 1 3 I DINI. 3 1 3 KUU I IINE 3	INITIAL INSTS
	INITIAL_INSTS INITIAL_IOS
	INITIAL_IUS

# DB2® V9 for z/OS Reference Guide

	INSTS_PER_INVOC IOS_PER_INVOC
SYSIBM.SYSTABLES	CARDF NPAGES NPAGESF PCTROWCOMP
SYSIBM.SYSTABLESPACE	NACTIVE
SYSIBM.SYSTABSTATS	CARDF NPAGES

### **IBM Utilities**

### **BACKUP SYSTEM**

### **CATENFM**

### **CATMAINT**

### CHECK DATA

```
'-SCOPE--+-AUXONLY-+-'
               +-ALL----+
               '-REFONLY-'
  .-AUXERROR--REPORT----.
 '-AUXERROR--INVALIDATE----'
 .-LOBERROR--REPORT----. .-XMLERROR--REPORT----.
 '-LOBERROR--INVALIDATE-' '-XMLERROR--INVALIDATE-'
  '-FOR--EXCEPTION----IN--table-namel--USE--table-name2-+-
  .-DELETE--NO-----. .-EXCEPTIONS--0----.
>--+---->
           .-LOG--YES- | '-EXCEPTIONS--integer-'
  -DELETE--YES--+----
           '-LOG--NO--'
 .-ERRDDN--SYSERR-.
 '-ERRDDN--ddname-'
 .-WORKDDN--SYSUT1--,--SYSUT2-----.
 '-WORKDDN--+-ddname1--,--ddname2----+-'
               .-,--SYSUT2-.
         +-ddname1--+--
         .-SYSUT1-.
         ---->
     .-SYSPUNCH-. | '-SORTDEVT--device-type-'
  '-PUNCHDDN--+-ddname---+-
>--+----><
  '-SORTNUM--integer-'
CHECK INDEX
>>-CHECK--INDEX---
>-+-LIST--listdef-name-----
          '-PART-integer-'
 '-database-name.-'
         .-SHRLEVEL--REFERENCE-.
 '-CLONE-' '-SHRLEVEL--CHANGE----'
 .-DRAIN_WAIT--IRLMRWT value-. .-RETRY--UTIMOUT value-.
>--+--->
 '-DRAIN_WAIT--integer-----' '-RETRY--integer------'
                  .-WORKDDN--SYSUT1-.
>--+----
 '-RETRY_DELAY--integer-' '-WORKDDN--ddname-'
```

### CHECK LOB

```
.-SHRLEVEL--REFERENCE-.
>>-CHECK--LOB--lob-table-space-spec--+-----+--
                      '-SHRLEVEL--CHANGE----'
        .-EXCEPTIONS--0----.
>--drain-spec--+--
         '-EXCEPTIONS--integer-'
        .-SYSPUNCH-. | '-SORTDEVT--device-type-'
  '-PUNCHDDN--+-ddname---+-'
 '-SORTNUM--integer-'
COPY
+-concurrent-spec----+
     '-filterddn-spec----'
 .-SHRLEVEL--REFERENCE-. .-SCOPE--ALL-----.
'-SHRLEVEL--CHANGE----' '--SCOPE---PENDING-'
copy-spec:
                  .-FULL--YES----.
>>-+-LIST--listdef-name--data-set-spec--+-
                 +-FULL--NO----+
'-changelimit-spec'
 '-(num-objects)-' '-TAPEUNITS--(--num-tape-units--)-'
 .-CHECKPAGE-. .-SYSTEMPAGES--YES-.
'-SYSTEMPAGES--NO--'
Concurrent-spec:
.-DSNUM--ALL----.
  V
  '-index-name-spec--' '-DSNUM--integer-----'
>--CONCURRENT-----><
Filterddn-spec:
>>-+-LIST--listdef-name----->
```

```
.-DSNUM--ALL----. | |
  '---+-table-space-spec-+--+----
    '-index-name-spec--' '-DSNUM--integer-----'
>--data-set spec--FILTERDDN--(ddname)--CONCURRENT------<
data-set spec:
>>-+-COPYDDN(-+-ddname1-----+
    | '-,ddname4-----
 | '-,ddname4--' |
Change-limit spec:
>>-CHANGELIMIT-+-----+-><
        '-,percent_value2-'
Tablespace spec:
>>-TABLESPACE--+-----<
         '-database-name.-'
Indexpspace spec:
'-database-name.-'
  '-INDEX--+------
       '-creator-id.-'
COPYTOCOPY
>>-COPYTOCOPY----->
>--+-LIST--listdef-name--from-copy-spec--data-set-spec------>
 V
  '---+-ts-num-spec----+--from-copy-spec--data-set-spec-+-
   '-index-name-spec-'
 '-CLONE-'
ts-num-spec:
'-database-name.-'
 .-DSNUM--ALL----.
>--+-----
            -----><
 '-DSNUM--integer-'
index-name-spec:
```

```
>>-+-INDEXSPACE------>
             '-database-name.-'
  -INDEX--+---------------index-name------
       '-creator-id.-'
  .-DSNUM--ALL----.
                  ----><
from-copy-spec:
  .-FROMLASTCOPY------.
 +-FROMLASTFULLCOPY------
  +-FROMLASTINCRCOPY-----
  '-FROMCOPY----dsn--+--
                '-FROMVOLUME--+-CATALOG--------
                         '-volser--+--'
                               '-FROMSEQNO--n-
data-set-spec:
>>-+-COPYDDN(-+-ddname1-----
     '-,ddname4-'
        | ,_...
'-,ddname4-----
DIAGNOSE
>>-DIAGNOSE--+-diagnose statement-+-----<
        '-END-----'
diagnose-statement:
  '-TYPE(---integer-+-)-
  '-ALLDUMPS-+---
         V
         -(---X'abend-code'-+-)-
  '-NODUMPS-+---
        '-(---X'abend-code'-+-)-'
  '-display statement-' '-wait statement-' '-abend statement-'
display-statement:
```

```
-----+-table-space-name-+----+-+----+
     '-database-name--.-'
                             +-ALL----+ '-CLONE-'
                             +-TABLES--+
                             '-INDEXES-'
 +-TABLESPACE-+-----+-table-space-name-+ '-CLONE-'
          '-database-name.-'
      '-INDEX--index-name-----
wait-statement:
.-----
V
'-INSTANCE--integer-'
       -TRACEID--+-X'trace-id'-+--+-
            '-integer----' '-INSTANCE--integer-'
abend-statement:
>>-ABEND--+-MESSAGE--message-id--+-----
                    '-INSTANCE--integer-' | '-NODUMP-'
      '-TRACEID--+-X'trace-id'-+--+-----
            '-integer----' '-INSTANCE--integer-'
EXEC SQL
>>-EXEC--SQL--+-declare-cursor-spec--------ENDEXEC----><
        '-non-select dynamic SQL statement-'
declare-cursor-spec:
>>-DECLARE--cursor-name--CURSOR--FOR--select-statement-----><
LISTDEF
>>-LISTDEF--list-name----->
 .-----
>-+INCLUDE+-+---++-LIST-ref-list-+-+----++---++---++---++----
 'EXCLUDE' | '-init-obj-spec-' 'CLONED-+-YES-+-''-RI-' +-ALL-+
       '-type-spec-'
                               '-NO--'
                                          +-BASE+
                                          +-LOB-+
                                          '-XML-'
type-spec:
>>-+-TABLESPACES------<---><
  '-INDEXSPACES--+------
```

```
'-COPY--+-NO--+-'
                '-YES-'
init-obj-spec:
>>-+-DATABASE--database-name-+--+
 +-table-space-spec------ '-PARTLEVEL--+----
 +-index-space-spec----+
                             '-(n)-'
  +-table-spec----+
  '-index-spec----'
table-space-spec:
'-database-name.-'
index-space-spec
'-database-name.-'
table-spec
'-creator-id.-'
index-spec
>>-INDEX--+----><
      '-creator-id.-'
LOAD
     .-DATA-. .-INDDN--SYSREC----.
>>-LOAD--+---->
           +-INDDN--ddname-----+ '-PREFORMAT-'
            '-INCURSOR--cursor-name-'
  .-RESUME--NO-. .-SHRLEVEL--NONE-.
                   '-REPLACE--copy-spec-' '-statistics-spec-'
        .-SHRLEVEL--NONE---.
 -RESUME--YES--+-
        '-SHRLEVEL--CHANGE-'
                     .-LOG--YES----..
>--+----
  '-KEEPDICTIONARY-' '-REUSE-' '-LOG--NO--+---------------
                            '-NOCOPYPEND-'
          .-SORTKEYS--0----.
>--workddn-spec--+--->
          +-SORTKEYS--NO----+
          '-SORTKEYS--integer--'
 .-FLOAT(S390)-. .-EBCDIC--.
>--+----
 '-FLOAT(IEEE)-' +-ASCII---+ | .-,-----.
```

```
'-UNICODE-' V
                         '-CCSID(---integer-+-)-'
           .-ENFORCE--CONSTRAINTS-. .-ERRDDN--SYSERR-.
          -+---->
  '-NOSUBS-' '-ENFORCE--NO------' '-ERRDDN--ddname-'
  .-MAPDDN--SYSMAP-. .-DISCARDDN--SYSDISC-.
  '-MAPDDN--ddname-' '-DISCARDDN--ddname--'
  .-DISCARDS--0----.
  '-DISCARDS--integer-' '-SORTDEVT--device-type-'
  '-SORTNUM--integer-'
>--+----
  '-CONTINUEIF(start-+------)=-+-X'byte-string'-------'
'-:end-' '-'character-string'-'
  '-DECFLOAT_ROUNDMODE--+-ROUND_CEILING---+-'
                   +-ROUND_DOWN----+
                   +-ROUND_FLOOR----+
                   +-ROUND_HALF_DOWN-+
                   +-ROUND_HALF_EVEN-+
                   +-ROUND_HALF_UP---+
                   '-ROUND_UP----'
  V
>----INTO-TABLE-spec-+----><
Workddn-spec
  .-WORKDDN(SYSUT1,SORTOUT)-----.
>>-+-----+
  '-WORKDDN--+-(ddname1,ddname2)------
              .-,SORTOUT-. |
          .-SYSUT1-.
           '-(-+-------,ddname2)--'
Copy-spec
         .-(SYSCOPY)-----.
  '-COPYDDN-+------
         +-(ddname1-+----+-)-+
              '-,ddname2-'
          '-(,ddname2)-----
'-RECOVERYDDN(ddname3-+------)-'
                  '-,ddname4-'
statistics-spec
```

```
>>-STATISTICS-----
 .-TABLE--(--ALL--)-.
        '-SAMPLE--integer-'
 .-INDEX--(--ALL--)-.
'-INDEX--(----index-name--correlation-stats-spec-+--)-----
 .-REPORT--NO--. .-UPDATE--ALL-----.
>--+------
 '-REPORT--YES-' '-UPDATE--+-ACCESSPATH-+-'
             +-SPACE----+
             '-NONE----'
 +-ACCESSPATH-+
                    ' -NO-- '
      +-SPACE----+
      '-NONE----'
Correlation-stats-spec
>>-+---->
 '-KEYCARD-'
  .-FREQVAL--NUMCOLS--1--COUNT--10-----.
 +----><
  V
 '----FREQVAL--NUMCOLS--integer--COUNT--integer-+-'
format-spec
+-SQL/DS-----+
      .-COLDEL--','--. .-CHARDEL--'"'----. .-DECPT---'.'--.
'-COLDEL-coldel-' '-CHARDEL-chardel-' '-DECPT-decpt--'
into-table-spec
>>-INTO--TABLE--table-name--+--->
            '-IDENTITYOVERRIDE-'
 .-IGNOREFIELDS--NO--.
>--+---->
 '-IGNOREFIELDS--YES-'
.-INDDN--SYSREC----..
 346
```

```
+-INDDN-ddname+----++
           '-PREFORMAT-'
                                'DISCARDDN-ddname '
                             '-INCURSOR--cursor-name----
  '-WHEN-+-SQL/DS='table-name'------
      '-field selection criterion-'
  '-(---field specification-+-)-'
resume-spec
  .-RESUME--NO-.
            '-REPLACE--+------
                    '-REUSE-' '-copy-spec-'
  '-RESUME--YES------
>--+----><
  '-KEEPDICTIONARY-'
Field-selection-criteria
'-(start-+----+)-' +-'character-string'-+
'-:end-' +-G'graphic-string'--
'-N'graphic-string'--'
field specification
>>-field-name--+--->
          '-POSITION(start-+-----)-'
                     '-:end-'
  +-CHAR--+----+
       +-BIT--(length)--strip-spec-+
       +-MIXED--strip-spec----+
       +-BLOBF-----+
       +-CLOBF--+---+
             '-MIXED-'
       '-DBCLOBF-----'
  +-VARCHAR--+----+
         +-BIT----+
         +-MIXED----+
         +-BLOBF-----+
         +-CLOBF--+--+
               '-MIXED-'
        -DBCLOBF----
  +-GRAPHIC-+----+-strip-spec-+
        '-EXTERNAL-' '-(length)-'
  +-VARGRAPHIC--strip-spec-----
  +-SMALLINT-----+
        '-EXTERNAL-+-----
```

```
'-(length)-'
  +-BIGINT-----
  +-BINARY-+----+-strip-spec-----
       '-(length)-'
  +-+-VARBINARY-----+-strip-spec---
  '-BINARY VARYING-'
  +-decimal-spec-----
  +-FLOAT-+----+---
      '-EXTERNAL-' '-(length)-'
  +-DATE--EXTERNAL--+-----
            '-(length)-'
  +-TIME--EXTERNAL--+---+-
  | '-(length)-'
  +-TIMESTAMP--EXTERNAL--+---+-
  | '-(length)-'
  +-ROWID-----
  +-BLOB-----
  +-CLOB-+----
      '-MIXED-'
  +-DBCLOB-----
        .-(34)-----
  +-DECFLOAT--+------
        +-(16)-----+
         '-EXTERNAL--+-----
                '-(length)-'
       .-WHITESPACE-.
      '-|PRESERVE--+-----
  +-NULLIF--field selection criterion----+
  '-DEFAULTIF--field selection criterion-'
Strip spec
.-BOTH----.
      '-STRIP--+-----
 '-TRUNCATE-'
decimal spec
       .-PACKED-----.
+-ZONED------
      '-EXTERNAL-+------------------------
                .-,0----.
```

### **MERGECOPY**

```
>>-MERGECOPY-----
>--+-LIST--listdef-name------
  '-database-name.-'
                            '-DSNUM--integer-'
       .-WORKDDN--SYSUT1-.
>--+---->
 '-CLONE-' '-WORKDDN--ddname-'
  .-NEWCOPY--NO-. .-COPYDDN--SYSCOPY-----.
   ------
           +-COPYDDN(ddname1-+----+)----+
                    '-,ddname2-'
           +-COPYDDN(,ddname2)----+
           ',ddname4'
         .-COPYDDN--SYSCOPY----.
         +-COPYDDN(ddname1-+------------)-+ '-RECOVERYDDN(ddname3)'
                 ',ddname2-'
         '-COPYDDN(,ddname2)-----'
```

#### **MODIFY RECOVERY**

```
>>-MODIFY--RECOVERY------
>--+-LIST--listdef-name----->
  '-TABLESPACE--+-----table-space-name-'
            '-database-name.-'
  .-DSNUM--ALL----.
  '-DSNUM--integer-' '-CLONE-'
>--+-DELETE-+---
        +-AGE-+-integer-+--+
            '-(*)----'
         -DATE-+-integer-+-
             '-(*)----'
  .
'-RETAIN----+-LAST--(--integer--)-------------
          +-LOGLIMIT-----+
          '-GDGLIMIT-+-----
                  +-LAST--(--integer--)-+
                  '-LOGLIMIT----'
```

### **MODIFY STATISTICS**

### **OPTIONS**

>>-OPTIONS----->

### **QUIESCE**

#### REBUILD INDEX

```
>>-REBUILD-----
'-PART--integer-' |
       +-(ALL)--table-space-spec-----+
       '-LIST--listdef-name-----'
  '-INDEXSPACE-+(----+----+-)-+'
            '-database-name.-'
                          '-PART-int-'
            '-(ALL)-table-space-spec-----
 .-SHRLEVEL--REFERENCE----.
'-SHRLEVEL--CHANGE--change-spec-'
                             '-|CLONE-'
 .-SCOPE--ALL----.
 '-SCOPE--PENDING-' '-REUSE-' '-SORTDEVT--device-type-'
 '-SORTNUM--integer-' '-stats-spec-'
```

```
table-space-spec
>>-TABLESPACE--+---->
        '-database-name.-'
>--+---><
 '-PART--integer-'
change-spec
 .-MAXRO--integer-. .-LONGLOG--CONTINUE-.
>>-+---->
  '-MAXRO--DEFER---' +-LONGLOG--TERM----+
             '-LONGLOG--DRAIN----'
 .-DELAY--1200----.
>--+---><
 '-DELAY--integer-'
drain-spec
 .-{\tt DRAIN\_WAIT--IRLMRWT\ value-.\ .-RETRY--UTIMOUT\ value-.}
'-DRAIN_WAIT--integer-----' '-RETRY--integer-----'
>--+----><
 '-RETRY_DELAY--integer-'
stats-spec
        .-REPORT--NO--.
>>-STATISTICS--+---->
        '-REPORT--YES-'
 .-UPDATE--ALL-----
 '-UPDATE--+-ACCESSPATH-+-' '-HISTORY--+-ALL--------
       +-SPACE----+
                   +-ACCESSPATH-+
       '-NONE----'
                       +-SPACE----+
                        '-NONE----'
>--+----><
 '-FORCEROLLUP--+-YES-+-'
          '-NO--'
correlation-stat-spec
  '-KEYCARD-' .-FREQVAL--NUMCOLS--1--COUNT--10-----
| V
 '---FREQVAL--NUMCOLS--integer--COUNT--integer-+-
RECOVER
>>-RECOVER------>
>--+-LIST--listdef-name------
```

```
V
       .-DSNUM--ALL----.
   ---object-+----+-
         '-DSNUM--integer----'
        .-DSNUM--ALL----.
  +-object--+----+-recover-options-spec----+
       '-DSNUM--integer----'
  '-object--PAGE--page-number--+-----
                   '-CONTINUE-'
                   .-LOGRANGES--YES----.
  '-CLONE-' +-LOCALSITE----+
        '-RECOVERYSITE-' '-LOGRANGES--NO-----
REORG INDEX
>>-REORG--+-INDEX--LIST--listdef-name-+--+---------->
      '-index-name-spec-----' '-REUSE-' '-CLONE-'
  .-SHRLEVEL NONE-----.
'-SHRLEVEL-+-REFERENCE--deadline-spec--drain-spec-------
        '-CHANGE--deadline-spec--drain-spec--change-spec-'
>--+----
 '-LEAFDISTLIMIT-+-------------
           '-integer-' '-REPORTONLY-'
 .-UNLOAD--CONTINUE----.
  '-UNLOAD--+-PAUSE------' '-stats-spec-----'
       '-ONLY----'
 .-WORKDDN--(SYSUT1)-.
>--+----><
 '-WORKDDN--(ddname)-' '-PREFORMAT-'
index-name-spec
'-creator-id.-'
  '-database-name.-'
 '-PART--integer-'
```

drain-spec

deadline-spec

352 DB2® 9 for z/OS

'-labeled-duration-expression-'

```
>>-+-----
  '-DRAIN_WAIT--integer-'
                    '-RETRY--integer-'
'-RETRY_DELAY--integer-'
change-spec
                   .-DRAIN--WRITERS-.
       | '-DRAIN--ALL----'
  -MAXRO--+-integer-+----
      '-DEFER---'
 .-LONGLOG--CONTINUE--. .-DELAY--1200----.
>--+--->
 '-LONGLOG--+-TERM--+-' '-DELAY--integer-'
        '-DRAIN-'
 .-TIMEOUT--TERM--.
 '-TIMEOUT--ABEND-'
Labeled-duration-expression
>>-+-CURRENT_DATE----->
  '-CURRENT_TIMESTAMP-'
+-YEARS----+
              +-MONTH----+
              +-MONTHS----+
               +-DAY----+
               +-DAYS----+
               +-HOUR----+
               +-HOURS----+
               +-MINUTE----+
               +-MINUTES----+
               +-SECOND----+
               +-SECONDS----+
               +-MICROSECOND--+
               '-MICROSECONDS-'
stats-spec
         .-REPORT--NO--.
>>-STATISTICS--+---->
         '-REPORT--YES-'
  .-UPDATE--ALL-----.
>--+--->
  '-UPDATE--+-ACCESSPATH-+-' '-HISTORY--+-ALL--------
                         +-ACCESSPATH-+
        +-SPACE---+
        '-NONE----'
                          +-SPACE----+
                          '-NONE----'
```

```
>>-REORG--TABLESPACE-----------
'-database-name.-'
                     '-PART-+-integer-------
                        '-integer1:integer2-'
            .-SCOPE ALL----.
 '-|CLONE-' '-REUSE-' '-SCOPE PENDING-' '-REBALANCE-'
              .-YES-.
 .-LOG--YES-. .-SORTDATA--+-NO--+-.
>--+----
 '-LOG--NO--'
                    '-NOSYSREC-'
>--copy-spec---->
 .-SHRLEVEL NONE-----
>--+----
 '-SHRLEVEL--+-REFERENCE--deadline-spec--drain-spec----------
       '-CHANGE--deadline-spec--drain-spec--table-change-spec-'
    -----+-
         .-10----.
                      .-10----.
 '-integer-'
                      '-integer-' '-REPORTONLY-'
  .-UNLOAD--CONTINUE---.
| '-KEEPDICTIONARY-' '-statistics-spec-'
  '-UNLOAD--PAUSE-----'
 +-UNLOAD--ONLY-----
 '-UNLOAD--EXTERNAL--+-
            '-NOPAD-' | .----
                 V
                ---FROM-TABLE-spec-+-
 .-PUNCHDDN--SYSPUNCH-. .-DISCARDDN--SYSDISC-.
 '-PUNCHDDN--ddname---' '-DISCARDDN--ddname--'
--+---->
 '-reorg tablespace options-'
V
```

```
'-DISCARD--+----FROM-TABLE-spec-+-'
        '-NOPAD-'
copy-spec
 .-COPYDDN(SYSCOPY)-----.
 '-,ddname2-----
'-RECOVERYDDN(ddname3-+------)-'
               '-,ddname4-'
deadline-spec
  .-DEADLINE--NONE----...
'-DEADLINE--+-timestamp------------
         '-labeled-duration-expression-'
drain-spec
  '-DRAIN_WAIT--integer-' '-RETRY--integer-'
                    .-MAXRO----.
>--+---->
                   '-MAXRO--+-integer-+-'
 '-RETRY_DELAY--integer-'
                           '-DEFER---'
 .-DRAIN--WRITERS-. .-LONGLOG--CONTINUE--.
 '-DRAIN--ALL----' '-LONGLOG--+-TERM--+-'
                     '-DRAIN-'
 .-DELAY--1200----. .-TIMEOUT--TERM--.
>--+-----><
 '-DELAY--integer-' '-TIMEOUT--ABEND-'
table-change-spec
>>-MAPPINGTABLE--table-name-----<
Labeled-duration-expression
>>-+-CURRENT_DATE------>
 '-CURRENT_TIMESTAMP-'
>---+- + -+--constant--+-YEAR--------------><
              +-YEARS----+
               +-MONTH----+
               +-MONTHS----+
               +-DAY----+
               +-DAYS----+
```

```
+-HOUR----+
                 +-HOURS----+
                 +-MINUTE----+
                 +-MINUTES----+
                 +-SECOND----+
                 +-SECONDS----+
                 +-MICROSECOND--+
                 '-MICROSECONDS-'
statistics-spec
>>-STATISTICS------>
   .-TABLE--(--ALL--)-.
                   '-SAMPLE--integer-'
  \ \tau
                   .-COLUMN--ALL----.
  '---TABLE-(-table-name-)--+---------+--+--+---
                    '-SAMPLE--integer-' | .-,---- | V | |
                                    '-COLUMN(-colname-)+-
   .-INDEX--(--ALL--)-.
>--+-+---->
  '-INDEX--(----index-name--correlation-stats-spec-+--)-
  .-REPORT--NO--. .-UPDATE--ALL-----.
  '-REPORT--YES-' '-UPDATE--+-ACCESSPATH-+-'
                    +-SPACE----+
                     '-NONE----'
  +-ACCESSPATH-+
                                 '-NO--'
         +-SPACE----+
         '-NONE----'
correlation-stat-spec
  '-KEYCARD-' .-FREQVAL--NUMCOLS--1--COUNT--10-----.
  V
  '---FREQVAL--NUMCOLS--integer--COUNT--integer-+-
FROM-TABLE spec
>>-FROM--TABLE--table-name----->
  +----><
  '-WHEN--(--selection-condition-spec--)-'
selection-codition spec
```

```
'-selection condition-'
  .-----
'-+-AND-+--+-predicate-------
   '-OR--' '-selection condition-'
predicate
>>-+-basic predicate---+------<
 +-BETWEEN predicate-+
 +-IN predicate----+
 +-LIKE predicate---+
 '-NULL predicate----'
basic predicate
>>-column-name--+- = --+----->
        +- <> -+
        +- > --+
        +- < --+
        +- >= -+
        '- <= -'
>--+-constant-----><
 '-labeled-duration-expression-'
between predicate
>>-column-name--+-----
        '-NOT-'
>--+-constant----->
 '-labeled-duration-expression-'
>--+-constant-----><
 '-labeled-duration-expression-'
IN predicate
                v |
>>-column-name--+-----<
        '-NOT-'
LIKE predicate
>>-column-name--+---->
        '-NOT-'
>--+----><
 '-ESCAPE--string-constant-'
NULL predicate
```

```
>>-column-name--IS--+----><
          '-NOT-'
Reorg tablespace options
 .-UNLDDN--SYSREC-.
>>-+-----
 '-UNLDDN--ddname-' '-SORTDEVT--device-type-'
'-SORTNUM--integer-' '-PREFORMAT-'
REPAIR
>>-REPAIR----->
  .-OBJECT-. .-LOG--YES-.
                V
 +-+-----+-+---+-set statement-+-+-+
       '-LOG--NO--' | '-locate block--' | |
| '-dbd-statement-----' |
 +-level-id statement-----+
 '-versions statement-----'
 '-CLONE-'
level-id statement
>>-LEVELID----->
'-database-name.-'
 '-index-name-spec-----
 '-PART--integer-'
versions statement
>>-VERSIONS----->
'-database-name.-'
 -index-name-spec-----
index-name spec
'-creator-id.-'
 '-INDEXSPACE-+-------------------index-space-name-'
       '-database-name.-'
REPORT
>>-REPORT----->
                        .-INDEX NONE-.
'-tablespace-name-spec' '-INDEX ALL-' | 'info' |
358
                                  DB2® 9 for z/OS
```

```
'-index-list-spec-----'
 '-TABLESPACESET--+--------table-space-name-spec--
             '-TABLESPACE-'
                                       '-SHOWDSNS-'
Index-list-spec
'-database-name.-'
           -LIST--listdef-name--
  '
'-INDEX--+-+------
        | '-creator-id.-'
        '-LIST--listdef-name----
info-options
 .-DSNUM--ALL----.
'-DSNUM--integer-' '-CURRENT-' '-SUMMARY-'
                       .-ARCHLOG--1----.
  '-LOCALSITE-' '-RECOVERYSITE-' '-ARCHLOG--+-2---+-'
table-space-name-spec
>>-+-----<
  '-database-name.-'
RESTORE SYSTEM
>>-RESTORE SYSTEM-----
            '-DUMPCLASS-(dcl)-' '-RSA-(key-label)--
   '--TAPEUNITS-+----+-
            '-(num-tape-units)-'
RUNSTATS
>>-RUNSTATS--TABLESPACE----->
>-+-LIST--listdef-name------
      -----+-table-space-name-+-----
 '-database-name.-'
                            .-FORCEROLLUP--NO--.
                     '-PART-integer--+
                            '-FORCEROLLUP--YES-'
  '-SAMPLE--integer-'
            .-SAMPLE--25----.
```

```
.-(--ALL--)-.
  '-INDEX-+-+
                 --+--correlation-stats-spec----
           V
        '-(----index-name-
                        '-PART--integer-'
  .-SHRLEVEL--REFERENCE-. .-REPORT--NO--.
>--+-----
  '-SHRLEVEL--CHANGE----' '-REPORT--YES-'
  .-UPDATE--ALL-----. .-HISTORY--NONE-----.
  '-UPDATE--+-ACCESSPATH-+-' '-HISTORY--+-ALL---------
                            +-ACCESSPATH-+
'-SPACE----'
        +-SPACE----+
'-NONE-----'
>--+----><
  '-SORTDEVT--device-type-' '-SORTNUM-integer--'
column-spec
  .-COLUMN--(--ALL--)-----.
                 V
  '-COLUMN--(---column-name-+--)-
colgoup-spec
             ·-,------
٧,
>>---COLGROUP--(----column-name-+--)--|colgroup-stats-spec-+---><
colgroup-stats-spec
                      .-MOST--.
  -FREQVAL--COUNT--integer--+-----
                      +-BOTH--+
                      '-LEAST-'
  .-NUMQUANTILES--100----.
  '-HISTOGRAM--+----+-
           '-NUMQUANTILES--integer-'
Correlation-stat-spec
>>-+----
  '-KEYCARD-'
  V .-FREQVAL--NUMCOLS--1--COUNT--10--MOST-----. |
   +-FREQVAL--NUMCOLS--integer--COUNT--integer--+----+
                                     +-BOTH--+
                                     '-LEAST-'
             .-NUMCOLS--1--NUMQUANTILES--100-----.
```

```
.-NUMQUANTILES--100----.
           -
-NUMCOLS--integer--+------
                       '-NUMQUANTILES--integer-'
STOSPACE
                 V
TEMPLATE
>>-TEMPLATE--template-name--DSN--name-expression------
>--+---->
 '-common-options-' +-disk-options-+
'-tape-options-'
  '-SUBSYS--name--LRECL--int--RECFM--+---+
                       +-FB-+
                       +-V--+
                       ' -VB- '
name-expression
 V
>>---qualifier-expression-+-
 '-(parenthetical-expression)-'
qualifier expression
>>---+-character-expression------
   '-&variable-+----'
           '-(start-+----'
                  '-,length-'
Common-options
  .-UNIT--SYSALLDA-.
'-BUFNO--integer-' '-DATACLAS--name-' '-MGMTCLAS--name-'
>--+----
 '-STORCLAS--name-' +-RETPD integer-+
'-EXPDL' date'--'
                 '-VOLCNT--integer-'
        v |
  '-VOLUMES--(---volser-+-)-'
```

.-GDGLIMIT--99----.

```
>--+---->
  '-UNCNT--integer-' '-GDGLIMIT--integer-'
  '-DISP--(--+-NEW-+--,--+-DELETE--+--,--+-DELETE--+--)-'
        +-OLD-+ +-KEEP----+ +-KEEP----+
+-SHR-+ +-CATLG---+ +-CATLG---+
'-MOD-' '-UNCATLG-' '-UNCATLG-'
>--+----><
  '-LIMIT(n-+-CYL-+-,new_template)-'
        +-GB--+
        '-MB--'
disk-options
  .-SPACE--CYL-----.
       '-(primary,secondary)-' +-TRK-+
  .-PCTPRIME--100----.
>--+---->
  '-PCTPRIME--integer-' '-MAXPRIME--integer-'
  .-NBRSECND--10----.
 '-NBRSECND--integer-' '-DIR--integer-'
 '-DSNTYPE--+-LIBRARY-+-'
        +-PDS----+
         +-HFS----+
         '-NULL----'
tape-options
                        .-TRTCH--NONE----.
 .-STACK--NO--.
'-STACK--YES-' '-JES3DD--ddname-' '-TRTCH--+-COMP---+-'
                               '-NOCOMP-'
UNLOAD
                       V
>>-UNLOAD--+-DATA--from-table-spec----+
                        '-from-table-spec-'
       +-source-spec----+
                  '-from-table-spec-'
       '-LIST--listdef-name-----
'-CLONE-'
source-spec
```

```
'-database-name.-'
  '-PART-+-integer-------
       '-int1--:--int2-'
 +-FROMCOPY--data-set-name--+----+-
                '-FROMVOLUME-+-CATALOG-------------------------
                       '-vol-ser--+-----'
'-FROMSEQNO--n-----'
 -FROMCOPYDDN--ddname-----
Unload-spec
  .-PUNCHDDN--SYSPUNCH----.
>>-+---->
  '-PUNCHDDN--+-ddname-------
          '-template-name-'
  .-UNLDDN--SYSREC----
>--+--->
  '-UNLDDN--+-ddname----- +- +-EBCDIC--+
         '-template-name-' +-ASCII---+
'-UNICODE-'
        .-,---- | '-NOSUBS-' '-NOPAD-'
  .
'-CCSID(---integer-+-)-'
          .-COLDEL--','----. .-CHARDEL--'"'----. .-DECPT--'.'---.
 '-COLDEL--coldel-' '-CHARDEL--chardel-' '-DECPT--decpt-'
  .-FLOAT--S390-. .-MAXERR--1----.
  '-FLOAT--IEEE-' '-MAXERR--integer-'
  .-SHRLEVEL--CHANGE--ISOLATION--CS--+--
                           '-SKIP LOCKED DATA-'
'-SHRLEVEL-+-CHANGE--ISOLATION--UR-+-----'
         '-REFERENCE-----'
  '-DECFLOAT_ROUNDMODE--+-ROUND_CEILING---+-'
                  +-ROUND_DOWN----+
                  +-ROUND_FLOOR----+
                  +-ROUND_HALF_DOWN-+
                  +-ROUND_HALF_EVEN-+
                  +-ROUND_HALF_UP---+
                  '-ROUND_UP----'
from-table spec
>>-FROM--TABLE--table-name----->
  .-HEADER--OBID-----.
>--+--->
  '-HEADER--+-NONE-----
         '-CONST--+-'string'-----
               '-X'hex-string'-'
  '-SAMPLE--decimal-' '-LIMIT--integer-'
```

```
V
  '-(---field-specification-+-)-'
  '-WHEN--(selection-condition)-'
field spec
          .-POSITION(*)----.
>>-field-name--+---------
          '-POSITION(start)-'
'-(length)-' +-TRUNCATE----+
                '-+-BLOBF---+--template-name-'
                 +-CLOBF---+
                 '-DBCLOBF-'
  '-(length)-' +-strip-spec----+
                  '-+-BLOBF---+--template-name-'
                   +-CLOBF---+
                   '-DBCLOBF-'
  +-GRAPHIC-+----
        '-EXTERNAL-' '-(length)-' '-TRUNCATE-'
  +-VARGRAPHIC-+----+-strip-spec-----
          '-(length)-'
  +-SMALLINT-----
  +-INTEGER--+------
         '-EXTERNAL-+-------
                '-(length)-'
  +-BIGINT-----
        '-(length)-' '-TRUNCATE-'
  +-+-VARBINARY-----
  | '-BINARY VARYING-'
  +-strip-spec-----
         .-PACKED---.
  +-DECIMAL--+----
         +-ZONED----+ | .-,0----. | '-EXTERNAL-' '-(length-+------)-'
                          '-,scale-'
  +-FLOAT-+----
       '-EXTERNAL-' '-(length)-'
  +-DOUBLE-----
  +-REAL------
  +-DATE--EXTERNAL--+---+-
              '-(length)-'
  +-TIME--EXTERNAL--+----
              '-(length)-'
  +-TIMESTAMP--EXTERNAL--+----
                  '-(length)-'
  +-CONSTANT--+-'string'-----
          '-X'hex-string'-'
  +-ROWID-----
```

 $B2^{\circ}$  9 for z/OS

```
'-(length)-' '-TRUNCATE-'
       '-(length)-' '-TRUNCATE-'
  +-DBCLOB-+----+
        '-(length)-' '-TRUNCATE-'
          .-(34)-----.
  +-DECFLOAT--+----+-
          +-(16)-----+
          '-EXTERNAL--+--------
                   '-(length)-'
  '-XML-----
strip spec
        .-BOTH----.
  '-STRIP--+---
        +-TRAILING-+ | |

'-LEADING--' +-'strip-char'-----+

'-X'strip-char'-----'
>--+------
  '-TRUNCATE-'
selection-codition spec
>>-+-predicate------>
  '-selection condition-'
  V
   '-+-AND-+--+-predicate-------
     '-OR--' '-selection condition-'
predicate
>>-+-basic predicate---+------<
  +-BETWEEN predicate-+
  +-IN predicate----+
  +-LIKE predicate---+
  '-NULL predicate----'
basic predicate
>>-column-name--+- = --+---->
           +- <> -+
           +- > --+
           +- < --+
           +- >= -+
           '- <= -'
>--+-constant-----><
  '-labeled-duration-expression-'
between predicate
>>-column-name--+---->
           '-NOT-'
```

```
>--+-constant----->
 '-labeled-duration-expression-'
>--+-constant-------<
 '-labeled-duration-expression-'
IN predicate
                  V
>>-column-name--+-----<
         '-NOT-'
LIKE predicate
>>-column-name--+---->
        '-NOT-'
>--+----><
 '-ESCAPE--string-constant-'
NULL predicate
>>-column-name--IS--+-----><
Labeled-duration-expression
>>-+-CURRENT_DATE----->
 '-CURRENT_TIMESTAMP-'
 .----.
 V
>---+- + -+--constant--+-YEAR--------------><
  1 = = = 1
              +-YEARS----+
              +-MONTH----+
              +-MONTHS----+
              +-DAY----+
              +-DAYS----+
              +-HOUR----+
              +-HOURS----+
              +-MINUTE----+
              +-MINUTES----+
              +-SECOND----+
              +-SECONDS----+
              +-MICROSECOND--+
              '-MICROSECONDS-'
```

## **SQL Positive Return Codes**

000	SUCCESSFUL EXECUTION
+012	THE UNQUALIFIED COLUMN NAME column-name WAS INTERPRETED AS A
.000	CORRELATED REFERENCE
+098	A DYNAMIC SQL STATEMENT ENDS WITH A SEMICOLON
+100	ROW NOT FOUND FOR FETCH, UPDATE OR DELETE, OR THE RESULT OF A QUERY IS AN EMPTY TABLE
+110	SQL UPDATE TO A DATA CAPTURE TABLE NOT SIGNALED TO ORIGINATING SUBSYSTEM
+111	THE SUBPAGES OPTION IS NOT SUPPORTED FOR TYPE 2 INDEXES
+117	THE NUMBER OF INSERT VALUES IS NOT THE SAME AS THE NUMBER OF OBJECT COLUMNS
+162	TABLESPACE database-name.tablespace-name HAS BEEN PLACED IN CHECK PENDING
+203	THE QUALIFIED COLUMN NAME column-name WAS RESOLVED USING A NON-UNIQUE OR UNEXPOSED NAME
+204	name IS AN UNDEFINED NAME
+205	column-name IS NOT A COLUMN OF TABLE table-name
+206	column-name IS NOT A COLUMN OF AN INSERTED TABLE, UPDATED TABLE, OR ANY TABLE IDENTIFIED IN A FROM CLAUSE
+218	THE SQL STATEMENT REFERENCING A REMOTE OBJECT CANNOT BE EXPLAINED
+219	THE REQUIRED EXPLANATION TABLE table-name DOES NOT EXIST
+220	THE COLUMN column-name IN EXPLANATION TABLE table-name IS NOT DEFINED PROPERLY
+231	CURRENT POSITION OF CURSOR cursor-name IS NOT VALID FOR THE SPECIFIED FETCH ORIENTATION OF THE CURRENT ROW OR ROWSET
+236	SQLDA INCLUDES integer1 SQLVAR ENTRIES, BUT integer2 ARE REQUIRED FOR integer3 COLUMNS
+236	SQLDA INCLUDES integer1 SQLVAR ENTRIES, BUT integer2 ARE REQUIRED FOR integer3 COLUMNS
+238	SQLDA INCLUDES integer1 SQLVAR ENTRIES, BUT integer2 SQLVAR ENTRIES ARE NEEDED FOR integer3 COLUMNS BECAUSE AT LEAST ONE OF THE COLUMNS BEING DESCRIBED IS A LOB
+239	SQLDA INCLUDES integer1 SQLVAR ENTRIES, BUT integer2 ARE REQUIRED FOR integer3 COLUMNS BECAUSE AT LEAST ONE OF THE COLUMNS BEING DESCRIBED IS A DISTINCT TYPE
+252	A NON-ATOMIC statement STATEMENT SUCCESSFULLY PROCESSED ALL REQUESTED ROWS, WITH ONE OR MORE WARNING CONDITION
+304	A VALUE WITH DATA TYPE data-type1 CANNOT BE ASSIGNED TO A HOST VARIABLE BECAUSE THE VALUE IS NOT WITHIN THE RANGE OF THE HOST VARIABLE IN POSITION position-number WITH DATA TYPE data-type2
+331	THE NULL VALUE HAS BEEN ASSIGNED TO A HOST VARIABLE BECAUSE THE STRING CANNOT BE TRANSLATED. REASON reason-code, CHARACTER code-point, HOST VARIABLE position-number
+339	THE SQL STATEMENT HAS BEEN SUCCESSFULLY EXECUTED, BUT THERE MAY BE SOME CHARACTER CONVERSION INCONSISTENCIES
+347	THE RECURSIVE COMMON TABLE EXPRESSION name MAY CONTAIN AN INFINITE LOOP
+354	A ROWSET FETCH STATEMENT MAY HAVE RETURNED ONE OR MORE ROWS OF
	·

	DATA. HOWEVER, ONE OR MORE WARNING CONDITIONS WERE ALSO
	ENCOUNTERED. USE THEGET DIAGNOISTICS STATEMENT FOR MORE INFROMATION
	REGARDING THE CONDITIONS THAT WERE ENCOUNTERED.
+361	COMMAND WAS SUCCESSFUL BUT RESULTED IN THE FOLLOWING: msg-token
+364	
+364	DECFLOAT EXCEPTION exception-type HAS OCCURRED DURING operation-type
	OPERATION, POSITION position-type
+385	ASSIGNMENT TO AN SQLSTATE OR SQLCODE VARIABLE IN AN SQL ROUTINE routine-
	name MAY BE OVERWRITTEN AND DOES NOT ACTIVATE ANY HANDLER.
+394	ALL USER SPECIFIED OPTIMIZATION HINTS USED DURING ACCESS PATH SELECTION
+395	USER SPECIFIED OPTIMIZATION HINTS ARE INVALID (REASON CODE = 'reason-code').
	THE OPTIMIZATION HINTS ARE IGNORED.
+402	LOCATION location IS UNKNOWN
_	
+403	THE LOCAL OBJECT REFERENCED BY CREATE ALIAS STATEMENT DOES NOT
	EXISTS
+434	clause IS A DEPRECATED FEATURE
+438	APPLICATION RAISED WARNING WITH DIAGNOSTIC TEXT: test
+440	NO routine-type BY THE NAME routine-name HAVING COMPATIBLE ARGUMENTS WAS
	FOUND
+445	VALUE value HAS BEEN TRUNCATED
+462	EXTERNAL FUNCTION OR PROCEDURE name (SPECIFIC NAME specific-name) HAS
1402	RETURNED A WARNING SQLSTATE, WITH DIAGNOSTIC TEXT text
+464	PROCEDURE proc RETURNED num QUERY RESULT SETS, WHICH EXCEEDS THE
T404	
	DEFINED LIMIT integer
+466	CREATE PROCEDURE proc RETURNED num QUERY RESULTS SETS
+494	NUMBER OF RESULT SETS IS GREATER THAN NUMBER OF LOCATORS
+495	ESTIMATED PROCESSOR COST OF estimate-amount1 PROCESSOR SECONDS
	(estimate-amount2 SERVICE UNITS) IN COST CATEGORY cost-category EXCEEDS A
	RESOURCE LIMIT WARNING THRESHOLD OF limit- amount SERVICE UNITS
+535	THE RESULT OF THE POSITIONED UPDATE OR DELETE MAY DEPEND ON THE
+535	THE RESULT OF THE POSITIONED UPDATE OR DELETE MAY DEPEND ON THE ORDER OF THE ROWS
+535	
	ORDER OF THE ROWS  THE REFERENTIAL OR UNIQUE CONSTRAINT name HAS BEEN IGNORED BECAUSE
+541	ORDER OF THE ROWS  THE REFERENTIAL OR UNIQUE CONSTRAINT name HAS BEEN IGNORED BECAUSE IT IS A DUPLICATE
	ORDER OF THE ROWS  THE REFERENTIAL OR UNIQUE CONSTRAINT name HAS BEEN IGNORED BECAUSE IT IS A DUPLICATE  auth-id DOES NOT HAVE THE PRIVILEGE TO PERFORM OPERATION operation ON
+541 +551	ORDER OF THE ROWS  THE REFERENTIAL OR UNIQUE CONSTRAINT name HAS BEEN IGNORED BECAUSE IT IS A DUPLICATE  auth-id DOES NOT HAVE THE PRIVILEGE TO PERFORM OPERATION operation ON OBJECT object-name
+541 +551 +552	ORDER OF THE ROWS  THE REFERENTIAL OR UNIQUE CONSTRAINT name HAS BEEN IGNORED BECAUSE IT IS A DUPLICATE  auth-id DOES NOT HAVE THE PRIVILEGE TO PERFORM OPERATION operation ON OBJECT object-name  auth-id DOES NOT HAVE THE PRIVILEGE TO PERFORM OPERATION operation
+541 +551 +552 +558	ORDER OF THE ROWS  THE REFERENTIAL OR UNIQUE CONSTRAINT name HAS BEEN IGNORED BECAUSE IT IS A DUPLICATE  auth-id DOES NOT HAVE THE PRIVILEGE TO PERFORM OPERATION operation ON OBJECT object-name  auth-id DOES NOT HAVE THE PRIVILEGE TO PERFORM OPERATION operation  THE WITH GRANT OPTION IS IGNORED
+541 +551 +552	ORDER OF THE ROWS  THE REFERENTIAL OR UNIQUE CONSTRAINT name HAS BEEN IGNORED BECAUSE IT IS A DUPLICATE  auth-id DOES NOT HAVE THE PRIVILEGE TO PERFORM OPERATION operation ON OBJECT object-name  auth-id DOES NOT HAVE THE PRIVILEGE TO PERFORM OPERATION operation  THE WITH GRANT OPTION IS IGNORED  THE ALTER, INDEX, REFERENCES, AND TRIGGER PRIVILEGES CANNOT BE GRANTED
+541 +551 +552 +558 +561	ORDER OF THE ROWS  THE REFERENTIAL OR UNIQUE CONSTRAINT name HAS BEEN IGNORED BECAUSE IT IS A DUPLICATE  auth-id DOES NOT HAVE THE PRIVILEGE TO PERFORM OPERATION operation ON OBJECT object-name  auth-id DOES NOT HAVE THE PRIVILEGE TO PERFORM OPERATION operation  THE WITH GRANT OPTION IS IGNORED  THE ALTER, INDEX, REFERENCES, AND TRIGGER PRIVILEGES CANNOT BE GRANTED PUBLIC AT ALL LOCATIONS
+541 +551 +552 +558	ORDER OF THE ROWS  THE REFERENTIAL OR UNIQUE CONSTRAINT name HAS BEEN IGNORED BECAUSE IT IS A DUPLICATE  auth-id DOES NOT HAVE THE PRIVILEGE TO PERFORM OPERATION operation ON OBJECT object-name  auth-id DOES NOT HAVE THE PRIVILEGE TO PERFORM OPERATION operation  THE WITH GRANT OPTION IS IGNORED  THE ALTER, INDEX, REFERENCES, AND TRIGGER PRIVILEGES CANNOT BE GRANTED
+541 +551 +552 +558 +561	ORDER OF THE ROWS  THE REFERENTIAL OR UNIQUE CONSTRAINT name HAS BEEN IGNORED BECAUSE IT IS A DUPLICATE  auth-id DOES NOT HAVE THE PRIVILEGE TO PERFORM OPERATION operation ON OBJECT object-name  auth-id DOES NOT HAVE THE PRIVILEGE TO PERFORM OPERATION operation  THE WITH GRANT OPTION IS IGNORED  THE ALTER, INDEX, REFERENCES, AND TRIGGER PRIVILEGES CANNOT BE GRANTED PUBLIC AT ALL LOCATIONS
+541 +551 +552 +558 +561	ORDER OF THE ROWS  THE REFERENTIAL OR UNIQUE CONSTRAINT name HAS BEEN IGNORED BECAUSE IT IS A DUPLICATE  auth-id DOES NOT HAVE THE PRIVILEGE TO PERFORM OPERATION operation ON OBJECT object-name  auth-id DOES NOT HAVE THE PRIVILEGE TO PERFORM OPERATION operation  THE WITH GRANT OPTION IS IGNORED  THE ALTER, INDEX, REFERENCES, AND TRIGGER PRIVILEGES CANNOT BE GRANTED PUBLIC AT ALL LOCATIONS  A GRANT OF A PRIVILEGE WAS IGNORED BECAUSE THE GRANTEE ALREADY HAS
+541 +551 +552 +558 +561 +562	ORDER OF THE ROWS  THE REFERENTIAL OR UNIQUE CONSTRAINT name HAS BEEN IGNORED BECAUSE IT IS A DUPLICATE  auth-id DOES NOT HAVE THE PRIVILEGE TO PERFORM OPERATION operation ON OBJECT object-name  auth-id DOES NOT HAVE THE PRIVILEGE TO PERFORM OPERATION operation  THE WITH GRANT OPTION IS IGNORED  THE ALTER, INDEX, REFERENCES, AND TRIGGER PRIVILEGES CANNOT BE GRANTED PUBLIC AT ALL LOCATIONS  A GRANT OF A PRIVILEGE WAS IGNORED BECAUSE THE GRANTEE ALREADY HAS THE PRIVILEGE FROM THE GRANTOR
+541 +551 +552 +558 +561 +562 +585	ORDER OF THE ROWS  THE REFERENTIAL OR UNIQUE CONSTRAINT name HAS BEEN IGNORED BECAUSE IT IS A DUPLICATE  auth-id DOES NOT HAVE THE PRIVILEGE TO PERFORM OPERATION operation ON OBJECT object-name  auth-id DOES NOT HAVE THE PRIVILEGE TO PERFORM OPERATION operation  THE WITH GRANT OPTION IS IGNORED  THE ALTER, INDEX, REFERENCES, AND TRIGGER PRIVILEGES CANNOT BE GRANTED PUBLIC AT ALL LOCATIONS  A GRANT OF A PRIVILEGE WAS IGNORED BECAUSE THE GRANTEE ALREADY HAS THE PRIVILEGE FROM THE GRANTOR  THE SCHEMA NAME schema-name APPEARS MORE THAN ONCE IN THE CURRENT PATH
+541 +551 +552 +558 +561 +562	ORDER OF THE ROWS  THE REFERENTIAL OR UNIQUE CONSTRAINT name HAS BEEN IGNORED BECAUSE IT IS A DUPLICATE  auth-id DOES NOT HAVE THE PRIVILEGE TO PERFORM OPERATION operation ON OBJECT object-name  auth-id DOES NOT HAVE THE PRIVILEGE TO PERFORM OPERATION operation  THE WITH GRANT OPTION IS IGNORED  THE ALTER, INDEX, REFERENCES, AND TRIGGER PRIVILEGES CANNOT BE GRANTED PUBLIC AT ALL LOCATIONS  A GRANT OF A PRIVILEGE WAS IGNORED BECAUSE THE GRANTEE ALREADY HAS THE PRIVILEGE FROM THE GRANTOR  THE SCHEMA NAME schema-name APPEARS MORE THAN ONCE IN THE CURRENT PATH  COMPARISON FUNCTIONS ARE NOT CREATED FOR A DISTINCT TYPE BASED ON A
+541 +551 +552 +558 +561 +562 +585 +599	ORDER OF THE ROWS  THE REFERENTIAL OR UNIQUE CONSTRAINT name HAS BEEN IGNORED BECAUSE IT IS A DUPLICATE  auth-id DOES NOT HAVE THE PRIVILEGE TO PERFORM OPERATION operation ON OBJECT object-name  auth-id DOES NOT HAVE THE PRIVILEGE TO PERFORM OPERATION operation  THE WITH GRANT OPTION IS IGNORED  THE ALTER, INDEX, REFERENCES, AND TRIGGER PRIVILEGES CANNOT BE GRANTED PUBLIC AT ALL LOCATIONS  A GRANT OF A PRIVILEGE WAS IGNORED BECAUSE THE GRANTEE ALREADY HAS THE PRIVILEGE FROM THE GRANTOR  THE SCHEMA NAME schema-name APPEARS MORE THAN ONCE IN THE CURRENT PATH  COMPARISON FUNCTIONS ARE NOT CREATED FOR A DISTINCT TYPE BASED ON A LONG STRING DATA TYPE
+541 +551 +552 +558 +561 +562 +585 +599 +610	ORDER OF THE ROWS  THE REFERENTIAL OR UNIQUE CONSTRAINT name HAS BEEN IGNORED BECAUSE IT IS A DUPLICATE  auth-id DOES NOT HAVE THE PRIVILEGE TO PERFORM OPERATION operation ON OBJECT object-name  auth-id DOES NOT HAVE THE PRIVILEGE TO PERFORM OPERATION operation  THE WITH GRANT OPTION IS IGNORED  THE ALTER, INDEX, REFERENCES, AND TRIGGER PRIVILEGES CANNOT BE GRANTED PUBLIC AT ALL LOCATIONS  A GRANT OF A PRIVILEGE WAS IGNORED BECAUSE THE GRANTEE ALREADY HAS THE PRIVILEGE FROM THE GRANTOR  THE SCHEMA NAME schema-name APPEARS MORE THAN ONCE IN THE CURRENT PATH  COMPARISON FUNCTIONS ARE NOT CREATED FOR A DISTINCT TYPE BASED ON A LONG STRING DATA TYPE  A CREATE/ALTER ON OBJECT object-name HAS PLACED OBJECT IN utility PENDING
+541 +551 +552 +558 +561 +562 +585 +599 +610 +625	ORDER OF THE ROWS  THE REFERENTIAL OR UNIQUE CONSTRAINT name HAS BEEN IGNORED BECAUSE IT IS A DUPLICATE  auth-id DOES NOT HAVE THE PRIVILEGE TO PERFORM OPERATION operation ON OBJECT object-name  auth-id DOES NOT HAVE THE PRIVILEGE TO PERFORM OPERATION operation  THE WITH GRANT OPTION IS IGNORED  THE ALTER, INDEX, REFERENCES, AND TRIGGER PRIVILEGES CANNOT BE GRANTED PUBLIC AT ALL LOCATIONS  A GRANT OF A PRIVILEGE WAS IGNORED BECAUSE THE GRANTEE ALREADY HAS THE PRIVILEGE FROM THE GRANTOR  THE SCHEMA NAME schema-name APPEARS MORE THAN ONCE IN THE CURRENT PATH  COMPARISON FUNCTIONS ARE NOT CREATED FOR A DISTINCT TYPE BASED ON A LONG STRING DATA TYPE  A CREATE/ALTER ON OBJECT object-name HAS PLACED OBJECT IN utility PENDING  THE DEFINITION OF TABLE table-name HAS BEEN CHANGED TO INCOMPLETE
+541 +551 +552 +558 +561 +562 +585 +599 +610	ORDER OF THE ROWS  THE REFERENTIAL OR UNIQUE CONSTRAINT name HAS BEEN IGNORED BECAUSE IT IS A DUPLICATE  auth-id DOES NOT HAVE THE PRIVILEGE TO PERFORM OPERATION operation ON OBJECT object-name  auth-id DOES NOT HAVE THE PRIVILEGE TO PERFORM OPERATION operation  THE WITH GRANT OPTION IS IGNORED  THE ALTER, INDEX, REFERENCES, AND TRIGGER PRIVILEGES CANNOT BE GRANTED PUBLIC AT ALL LOCATIONS  A GRANT OF A PRIVILEGE WAS IGNORED BECAUSE THE GRANTEE ALREADY HAS THE PRIVILEGE FROM THE GRANTOR  THE SCHEMA NAME schema-name APPEARS MORE THAN ONCE IN THE CURRENT PATH  COMPARISON FUNCTIONS ARE NOT CREATED FOR A DISTINCT TYPE BASED ON A LONG STRING DATA TYPE  A CREATE/ALTER ON OBJECT object-name HAS PLACED OBJECT IN utility PENDING  THE DEFINITION OF TABLE table-name HAS BEEN CHANGED TO INCOMPLETE  DROPPING THE INDEX TERMINATES ENFORCEMENT OF THE UNIQUENESS OF A
+541 +551 +552 +558 +561 +562 +585 +599 +610 +625 +626	ORDER OF THE ROWS  THE REFERENTIAL OR UNIQUE CONSTRAINT name HAS BEEN IGNORED BECAUSE IT IS A DUPLICATE  auth-id DOES NOT HAVE THE PRIVILEGE TO PERFORM OPERATION operation ON OBJECT object-name  auth-id DOES NOT HAVE THE PRIVILEGE TO PERFORM OPERATION operation  THE WITH GRANT OPTION IS IGNORED  THE ALTER, INDEX, REFERENCES, AND TRIGGER PRIVILEGES CANNOT BE GRANTED PUBLIC AT ALL LOCATIONS  A GRANT OF A PRIVILEGE WAS IGNORED BECAUSE THE GRANTEE ALREADY HAS THE PRIVILEGE FROM THE GRANTOR  THE SCHEMA NAME schema-name APPEARS MORE THAN ONCE IN THE CURRENT PATH  COMPARISON FUNCTIONS ARE NOT CREATED FOR A DISTINCT TYPE BASED ON A LONG STRING DATA TYPE  A CREATE/ALTER ON OBJECT object-name HAS PLACED OBJECT IN utility PENDING  THE DEFINITION OF TABLE table-name HAS BEEN CHANGED TO INCOMPLETE  DROPPING THE INDEX TERMINATES ENFORCEMENT OF THE UNIQUENESS OF A KEY THAT WAS DEFINED WHEN THE TABLE WAS CREATED
+541 +551 +552 +558 +561 +562 +585 +599 +610 +625	ORDER OF THE ROWS  THE REFERENTIAL OR UNIQUE CONSTRAINT name HAS BEEN IGNORED BECAUSE IT IS A DUPLICATE  auth-id DOES NOT HAVE THE PRIVILEGE TO PERFORM OPERATION operation ON OBJECT object-name  auth-id DOES NOT HAVE THE PRIVILEGE TO PERFORM OPERATION operation  THE WITH GRANT OPTION IS IGNORED  THE ALTER, INDEX, REFERENCES, AND TRIGGER PRIVILEGES CANNOT BE GRANTED PUBLIC AT ALL LOCATIONS  A GRANT OF A PRIVILEGE WAS IGNORED BECAUSE THE GRANTEE ALREADY HAS THE PRIVILEGE FROM THE GRANTOR  THE SCHEMA NAME schema-name APPEARS MORE THAN ONCE IN THE CURRENT PATH  COMPARISON FUNCTIONS ARE NOT CREATED FOR A DISTINCT TYPE BASED ON A LONG STRING DATA TYPE  A CREATE/ALTER ON OBJECT object-name HAS PLACED OBJECT IN utility PENDING  THE DEFINITION OF TABLE table-name HAS BEEN CHANGED TO INCOMPLETE  DROPPING THE INDEX TERMINATES ENFORCEMENT OF THE UNIQUENESS OF A KEY THAT WAS DEFINED WHEN THE TABLE WAS CREATED
+541 +551 +552 +558 +561 +562 +585 +599 +610 +625 +626	ORDER OF THE ROWS  THE REFERENTIAL OR UNIQUE CONSTRAINT name HAS BEEN IGNORED BECAUSE IT IS A DUPLICATE  auth-id DOES NOT HAVE THE PRIVILEGE TO PERFORM OPERATION operation ON OBJECT object-name  auth-id DOES NOT HAVE THE PRIVILEGE TO PERFORM OPERATION operation  THE WITH GRANT OPTION IS IGNORED  THE ALTER, INDEX, REFERENCES, AND TRIGGER PRIVILEGES CANNOT BE GRANTED PUBLIC AT ALL LOCATIONS  A GRANT OF A PRIVILEGE WAS IGNORED BECAUSE THE GRANTEE ALREADY HAS THE PRIVILEGE FROM THE GRANTOR  THE SCHEMA NAME schema-name APPEARS MORE THAN ONCE IN THE CURRENT PATH  COMPARISON FUNCTIONS ARE NOT CREATED FOR A DISTINCT TYPE BASED ON A LONG STRING DATA TYPE  A CREATE/ALTER ON OBJECT object-name HAS PLACED OBJECT IN utility PENDING  THE DEFINITION OF TABLE table-name HAS BEEN CHANGED TO INCOMPLETE  DROPPING THE INDEX TERMINATES ENFORCEMENT OF THE UNIQUENESS OF A KEY THAT WAS DEFINED WHEN THE TABLE WAS CREATED

+653	TABLE table-name IN PARTITIONED TABLESPACE tspace-name IS NOT AVAILABLE BECAUSE ITS PARTITIONED INDEX HAS NOT BEEN CREATED
+655	STOGROUP stogroup_name HAS BOTH SPECIFIC AND NON-SPECIFIC VOLUME IDS. IT WILL NOT BE ALLOWED IN FUTURE RELEASES
+658	THE SUBPAGES VALUE IS IGNORED FOR THE CATALOG INDEX index-name
+664	THE INTERNAL LENGTH OF THE LIMIT-KEY FIELDS SPECIFIED IN THE PARTITION
	CLAUSE OF THE statement-name STATEMENT EXCEEDS THE EXISTING INTERNAL
	LIMIT KEY LENGTH STORED IN CATALOG TABLE table-name
+738	DEFINITION CHANGE OF object object_name MAY REQUIRE SIMILAR CHANGE ON
	READ-ONLY SYSTEMS
+799	A SET STATEMENT REFERENCES A SPECIAL REGISTER THAT DOES NOT EXIST AT THE SERVER SITE
+802	EXCEPTION ERROR exception-type HAS OCCURRED DURING operation-type
	OPERATION ON data-type DATA, POSITION position-number
+806	BIND ISOLATION LEVEL RR CONFLICTS WITH TABLESPACE LOCKSIZE PAGE OR LOCKSIZE ROW AND LOCKMAX 0
+807	THE RESULT OF DECIMAL MULTIPLICATION MAY CAUSE OVERFLOW
+863	THE CONNECTION WAS SUCCESSFUL BUT ONLY SBCS WILL BE SUPPORTED
+883	ROLLBACK TO SAVEPOINT OCCURRED WHEN THERE WERE OPERATIONS THAT
	CANNOT BE UNDONE, OR AN OPERATION THAT CANNOT BE UNDONE WAS
	PERFORMED WHEN THERE WAS A SAVEPOINT OUTSTANDING
+2000	TYPE 1 INDEXES WITH SUBPAGES GREATER THAN 1 CANNOT BECOME GROUP
	BUFFER POOL DEPENDENT IN A DATA-SHARING ENVIRONMENT
+20002	THE clause SPECIFICATION IS IGNORED FOR THE OBJECT object-name
+20007	USE OF OPTIMIZATION HINTS IS DISALLOWED BY A DB2 SUBSYSTEM THE SPECIAL
	REGISTER 'OPTIMIZATION HINT' IS SET TO THE DEFAULT VALUE OF BLANKS.
+20122	DEFINE NO OPTION IS NOT APPLICABLE IN THE CONTEXT SPECIFIED
+20141	TRUNCATION OF VALUE WITH LENGTH length OCCURRED FOR hv-or-parm-number
+20187	ROLLBACK TO SAVEPOINT CAUSED A NOT LOGGED TABLE SPACE TO BE PLACED IN THE LPL
+20237	FETCH PRIOR ROWSET FOR CURSOR cursor-name RETURNED A PARTIAL ROWSET
+20245	NOT PADDED CLAUSE IS IGNORED FOR INDEXES CREATED ON AUXILIARY TABLES
+20270	OPTION NOT SPECIFIED FOLLOWING ALTER PARTITION CLAUSE
+20272	TABLE SPACE table-space-name HAS BEEN CONVERTED TO USE TABLE-CONTROLLED PARTITIONING INSTEAD OF INDE CONTROLLED PARTITIONING, ADDITIONAL INFORMATION old-limit-key-value
+20348	THE PATH VALUE HAD BEEN TRUNCATED
+20360	TRUSTED CONNECTION CAN NOT BE ESTABLISHED FOR SYSTEM AUTHID authorization-name
+20365	A SIGNALING NAN WAS ENCOUNTERED, OR AN EXCEPTION OCCURRED IN AN ARTHIMETIC OPERATION OR FUNCTION INVOLVING A DECFLOAT
+20371	THE ABILITY TO USE TRUSTED CONTEXT context-name WAS REMOVED FROM SOME, BUT NOT ALL AUTHORIZATION IDS SPECIFIED IN THE STATEMENT
+20378	A NON-ATOMIC statement STATEMENT SUCCESSFULLY COMPLETED FOR SOME OF THE REQUESTED ROWS, POSSIBLY WITH WARNING, AND ONE OR MORE ERRORS, AND THE CURSOR CAN BE USED
+30100	OPERATION COMPLETED SUCCESSFULLY BUT A DISTRIBUTION PROTOCOL VIOLATION HAS BEEN DETECTED. ORIGINAL SQLCODE=original-sqlcode AND ORIGINAL SQLSTATE=original-sqlstate

## **SQL Error Return Codes**

-007	STATEMENT CONTAINS THE ILLEGAL CHARACTER character
-010	THE STRING CONSTANT BEGINNING string IS NOT TERMINATED
-011	COMMENT NOT CLOSED
-029	INTO CLAUSE REQUIRED
-051	Name (sqltype) WAS PREVIOUSLY DECLARED OR REFERENCED
-056	AN SQLSTATE OR SQLCODE VARIABLE DECLARATION IS IN A NESTED COMPOUND STATEMENT
-058	VALUE SPECIFIED ON RETURN STATEMENT MUST BE AN INTEGER
-060	INVALID type SPECIFICATION: spec
-078	PARAMETER NAMES MUST BE SPECIFIED FOR ROUTINE routine-name
-079	QUALIFIER FOR OBJECT name WAS SPECIFIED AS qualifier1 but qualifier2 IS REQUIRED
-084	UNACCEPTABLE SQL STATEMENT
-087	A NULL VALUE WAS SPECIFIED IN A CONTEXT WHERE A NULL IS NOT ALLOWED
-096	VARIABLE variable-name DOES NOT EXIST OR IS NOT SUPPORTED BY THE SERVER AND A DEFAULT VALUE WAS NOT PROVIDED
-097	THE USE OF LONG VARCHAR OR LONG VARGRAPHIC IS NOT ALLOWED IN THIS CONTEXT
-101	THE STATEMENT IS TOO LONG OR TOO COMPLEX
-102	LITERAL STRING IS TOO LONG. STRING BEGINS string
-103	constant IS AN INVALID NUMERIC constant
-104	ILLEGAL SYMBOL " token". SOME SYMBOLS THAT MIGHT BE LEGAL ARE: token-list
-105	INVALID STRING
-107	THE NAME name IS TOO LONG. MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE SIZE IS
-108	THE NAME name IS QUALIFIED INCORRECTLY
-109	clause CLAUSE IS NOT PERMITTED
-110	INVALID HEXADECIMAL LITERAL BEGINNING string
-111	AN AGGREGATE FUNCTION DOES NOT INCLUDE A COLUMN NAME
-112	THE OPERAND OF AN AGGREGATE FUNCTION INCLUDES AN AGGREGATE FUNCTION, AND OLAP SPECIFICATION, OR SCALAR FULLSELECT
-113	INVALID CHARACTER FOUND IN string, REASON CODE nnn
-114	THE LOCATION NAME location DOES NOT MATCH THE CURRENT SERVER
-115	A PREDICATE IS INVALID BECAUSE THE COMPARISON OPERATOR operator IS FOLLOWED BY A PARENTHESIZED LIST OR BY ANY OR ALL WITHOUT A SUBQUERY
-117	THE NUMBER OF VALUES ASSIGNED IS NOT THE SAME AS THE NUMBER OF SPECIFIED OR IMPLIED COLUMNS
-118	THE OBJECT TABLE OR VIEW OF THE DELETE OR UPDATE STATEMENT IS ALSO IDENTIFIED IN A FROM CLAUSE
-119	A COLUMN OR EXPRESSION IN A HAVING CLAUSE IS NOT VALID
-120	AN AGGREGATE FUNCTION OR OLAP SPECIFICATION IS NOT VALID IN THE CONTEXT IN WHICH IS WAS INVOKED
-121	THE COLUMN name IS IDENTIFIED MORE THAN ONCE IN THE INSERT OR UPDATE OR SET TRANSITION VARIABLE STATEMENT
-122	COLUMN OR EXPRESSION IN THE SELECT LIST IS NOT VALID
-123	THE PARAMETER IN POSITION IN THE FUNCTION Name MUST BE A CONSTANT OR KEYWORD
-125	AN INTEGER IN THE ORDER BY CLAUSE DOES NOT IDENTIFY A COLUMN OF THE

	RESULT
-126	THE SELECT STATEMENT CONTAINS BOTH AN UPDATE CLAUSE AND AN ORDER BY CLAUSE
-127	DISTINCT IS SPECIFIED MORE THAN ONCE IN A SUBSELECT
-128	IN VALID USE OF NULL IN A PREDICATE
-129	THE STATEMENT CONTAINS TOO MANY TABLE NAMES
-130	THE ESCAPE CLAUSE CONSISTS OF MORE THAN ONE CHARACTER, OR THE STRING PATTERN CONTAINS AN INVALID OCCURRENCE OF THE ESCAPE CHARACTER
-131	STATEMENT WITH LIKE PREDICATE HAS INCOMPATIBLE DATA TYPES
-132	AN OPERAND OF value IS NOT VALID
-133	AN AGGREGATE FUNCTION IN A SUBQUERY OF A HAVING CLAUSE IS INVALID BECAUSE ALL COLUMN REFERENCES IN ITS ARGUMENT ARE NOT CORRELATED TO THE GROUP BY RESULT THAT THE HAVING CLAUSE IS APPLIED TO
-134	IMPROPER USE OF A STRING, LOB, OR XML VALUE
-136	SORT CANNOT BE EXECUTED BECAUSE THE SORT KEY LENGTH IS TOO LONG
-137	THE LENGTH RESULTING FROM operation IS GREATER THAN maximum-length
-138	THE SECOND OR THIRD ARGUMENT OF THE SUBSTR OR SUBSTRING FUNCTION IS OUT OF RANGE
-142	THE SQL STATEMENT IS NOT SUPPORTED
-144	INVALID SECTION NUMBER number
-147	ALTER FUNCTION function-name FAILED BECAUSE SOURCE FUNCTIONS OR NOT FENCED EXTERNAL FUNCTION CANNOT BE ALTERED
-148	THE SOURCE TABLE source-name CANNOT BE RENAMED OR ALTERED, REASON reason-code
-150	THE OBJECT OF THE INSERT, DELETE, UPDATE, MERGE, OR TRUNCATE STATEMENT IS A VIEW, SYSTEM-MAINTAINED MATERIALIZED QUERY TABLE, OR TRANSITION TABLE FOR WHICH THE REQUESTED OPERATION IS NOT PERMITTED
-151	THE UPDATE OPERATION IS INVALID BECAUSE THE CATALOG DESCRIPTION OF COLUMN column-name INDICATES THAT IT CANNOT BE UPDATED
-152	THE DROP clause CLAUSE IN THE ALTER STATEMENT IS INVALID BECAUSE constraint-name IS A constraint-type
-153	THE STATEMENT IS INVALID BECAUSE THE VIEW OR TABLE DEFINITION DOES NOT INCLUDE A UNIQUE NAME FOR EACH COLUMN
-154	THE STATEMENT FAILED BECAUSE VIEW OR TABLE DEFINITION IS NOT VALID
-156	THE STATEMENT DOES NOT IDENTIFY A TABLE
-157	ONLY A TABLE NAME CAN BE SPECIFIED IN A FOREIGN KEY CLAUSE. object-name IS NOT THE NAME OF A TABLE.
-158	THE NUMBER OF COLUMNS SPECIFIED FOR THE VIEW IS NOT THE SAME AS THE NUMBER OF COLUMNS SPECIFIED BY THE SELECT CLAUSE, OR THE NUMBER OF COLUMNS SPECIFIED IN THE CORRELATION CLAUSE IN A FROM CLAUSE IS NOT THE SAME AS THE NUMBER OF COLUMNS IN THE CORRESPONDING TABLE, VIEW, TABLE EXPRESSION, OR TABLE FUNCTION
-159	THE STATEMENT REFERENCES object-name WHICH IDENTIFIES AN object-type RATHER THAN AN expected-object-type
-160	THE WITH CHECK OPTION CANNOT BE USED FOR THE SPECIFIED VIEW
-161	THE INSERT OR UPDATE IS NOT ALLOWED BECAUSE A RESULTING ROW DOES NOT
	SATISFY THE VIEW DEFINITION
-164	auth-id1 DOES NOT HAVE THE PRIVILEGE TO CREATE A VIEW WITH QUALIFICATION
	authorization ID
-170	THE NUMBER OF ARGUMENTS SPECIFIED FOR function-name IS INVALID

-171	THE DATA TYPE, LENGTH, OR VALUE OF ARGUMENT IN OF ARGUMENT IN OR function- name IS INVALID
-173	UR IS SPECIFIED ON THE WITH CLAUSE BUT THE CURSOR IS NOT READ-ONLY
-180	THE DATE, TIME, OR TIMESTAMP VALUE value IS INVALID
-181	THE STRING REPRESENTATION OF A DATETIME VALUE IS NOT A VALID DATETIME VALUE
-182	AN ARITHMETIC EXPRESSION WITH A DATETIME VALUE IS INVALID
-183	AN ARITHMETIC OPERATION ON A DATE OR TIMESTAMP HAS A RESULT THAT IS NOT
	WITHIN THE VALID RANGE OF DATES
-184	AN ARITHMETIC EXPRESSION WITH A DATETIME VALUE CONTAINS A PARAMETER MARKER
-185	THE LOCAL FORMAT OPTION HAS BEEN USED WITH A DATE OR TIME AND NO LOCAL EXIT HAS BEEN INSTALLED
-186	THE LOCAL DATE LENGTH OR LOCAL TIME LENGTH HAS BEEN INCREASED AND EXECUTING PROGRAM RELIES ON THE OLD LENGTH
-187	A REFERENCE TO A CURRENT DATE/TIME SPECIAL REGISTER IS INVALID BECAUSE THE MVS TOD CLOCK IS BAD OR THE MVS PARMTZ IS OUT OF RANGE
-188	THE STRING REPRESENTATION OF A NAME IS INVALID
-189	CCSID ccsid IS INVALID
-190	THE ATTRIBUTES SPECIFIED FOR THE COLUMN table-name.column-name ARE NOT COMPATIBLE WITH THE EXISTING COLUMN DEFINITION
-191	A STRING CANNOT BE USED BECAUSE IT IS INVALID MIXED DATA
-197	QUALIFIED COLUMN NAMES IN ORDER BY CLAUSE NOT PERMITTED WHEN UNION OR UNION ALL SPECIFIED
-198	THE OPERAND OF THE PREPARE OR EXECUTE IMMEDIATE STATEMENT IS BLANK OR EMPTY
-199	ILLEGAL USE OF KEYWORD keyword TOKEN token-list WAS EXPECTED
-203	A REFERENCE TO COLUMN column-name IS AMBIGUOUS
-204	name IS AN UNDEFINED NAME
-205	column-name IS NOT A COLUMN OF TABLE table-name
-206	name IS NOT VALID IN THE CONTEXT WHERE IT IS USED
-208	THE ORDER BY CLAUSE IS INVALID BECAUSE COLUMN name IS NOT, PART OF THE RESULT TABLE
-212	name IS SPECIFIED MORE THAN ONCE IN THE REFERENCING CLAUSE OF A TRIGGER DEFINITION
-214	AN EXPRESSION IN THE FOLLOWING POSITION, OR STARTING WITH position-or-
	expression-start IN THE clause-type CLAUSE IS NOT VALID. REASON CODE = reason-code
-216	THE NUMBER OF ELEMENTS ON EACH SIDE OF A PREDICATE OPERATOR DOES NOT
-219	MATCH. PREDICATE OPERATOR IS operator.  THE REQUIRED EXPLANATION TABLE table-name DOES NOT EXIST
-219	THE COLUMN column-name IN EXPLANATION TABLE table-name IS NOT DEFINED
	PROPERLY
-221	"SET OF OPTIONAL COLUMNS" IN EXPLANATION TABLE table-name IS INCOMPLETE OPTIONAL COLUMN column-name IS MISSING
-222	AN UPDATE OR DELETE OPERATION WAS ATTEMPTED AGAINST A HOLE USING CURSOR cursor-name
-224	THE RESULT TABLE DOES NOT AGREE WITH THE BASE TABLE USING cursor-name
-225	FETCH STATEMENT FOR cursor-name IS NOT VALID FOR THE DECLARATION OF THE CURSOR
-227	FETCH fetch-orientation IS NOT ALLOWED, BECAUSE CURSOR cursor-name HAS AN
	1 - ET OTT ISSUE SHORING HOT ALLOWED, BEOADOL OUTCON GUISOFHAME HAD AN

	UNKNOWN POSITION (sqlcode,sqlstate)
-228	FOR UPDATE CLAUSE SPECIFIED FOR READ-ONLY CURSOR cursor-name
-229	THE LOCALE locale SPECIFIED IN A SET LOCALE OR OTHER STATEMENT THAT IS
	LOCALE SENSITIVE WAS NOT FOUND
-240	THE PARTITION CLAUSE OF A LOCK TABLE STATEMENT IS INVALID
-242	THE OBJECT NAMED object-name OF TYPE object-type WAS SPECIFIED MORE THAN
	ONCE IN THE LIST OF OBJECTS, OR THE NAME IS THE SAME AS AN EXISTING OBJECT
-243	SENSITIVE CURSOR cursor-name CANNOT BE DEFINED FOR THE SPECIFIED SELECT
	STATEMENT
-244	SENSITIVITY sensitivity SPECIFIED ON THE FETCH IS NOT VALID FOR CURSOR
-245	cursor-name THE INVOCATION OF FUNCTION routine-name IS AMBIGUOUS
-245	STATEMENT USING CURSOR cursor-name SPECIFIED NUMBER OF ROWS num-rows
-240	WHICH IS NOT VALID WITH dimension
-247	A HOLE WAS DETECTED ON A MULTIPLE ROW FETCH STATEMENT USING CURSOR
-2-71	cursor-name, BUT INDICATOR VARIABLES WERE NOT PROVIDED TO DETECT THE
	CONDITION
-248	A POSITIONED DELETE OR UPDATE STATEMENT FOR CURSOR cursor-name
	SPECIFIED ROW $n$ OF A ROWSET, BUT THE ROW IS NOT CONTAINED WITHIN THE
	CURRENT ROWSET
-249	DEFINITION OF ROWSET ACCESS FOR CURSOR cursor-name IS INCONSISTENT WITH
	THE FETCH ORIENTATION CLAUSE clause SPECIFIED
-250	THE LOCAL LOCATION NAME IS NOT DEFINED WHEN PROCESSING A THREE-PART
-251	OBJECT NAME TOKEN name IS NOT VALID
-251	A NON-ATOMIC statement STATEMENT SUCCESSFULLY COMPLETED FOR SOME OF
-255	THE REQUESTED ROWS, POSSIBLY WITH WARNINGS, AND ONE OR MORE ERRORS
-254	A NON-ATOMIC statement STATEMENT ATTEMPTED TO PROCESS MULTIPLE ROWS OF
-254	DATA, BUT ERRORS OCCURRED
-270	FUNCTION NOT SUPPORTED
-300	THE STRING CONTAINED IN HOST VARIABLE OR PARAMETER position-number IS NOT
	NUL-TERMINATED
-301	THE VALUE OF INPUT HOST VARIABLE OR PARAMETER NUMBER position-number
	CANNOT BE USED AS SPECIFIED BECAUSE OF ITS DATA TYPE
-302	THE VALUE OF INPUT VARIABLE OR PARAMETER NUMBER position-number IS INVALID
000	OR TOO LARGE FOR THE TARGET COLUMN OR THE TARGET VALUE
-303	A VALUE CANNOT BE ASSIGNED TO OUTPUT HOST VARIABLE NUMBER position-
-304	number BECAUSE THE DATA TYPES ARE NOT COMPARABLE  A VALUE WITH DATA TYPE data-type1 CANNOT BE ASSIGNED TO A HOST VARIABLE
-304	BECAUSE THE VALUE IS NOT WITHIN THE RANGE OF THE HOST VARIABLE IN POSITION
	position-number WITH DATA TYPE data-type2
-305	THE NULL VALUE CANNOT BE ASSIGNED TO OUTPUT HOST VARIABLE NUMBER
	position-number BECAUSE NO INDICATOR VARIABLE IS SPECIFIED
-309	A PREDICATE IS INVALID BECAUSE A REFERENCED HOST VARIABLE HAS THE NULL
	VALUE
-310	DECIMAL HOST VARIABLE OR PARAMETER number CONTAINS NON-DECIMAL DATA
-311	THE LENGTH OF INPUT HOST VARIABLE NUMBER position-number IS NEGATIVE OR
040	GREATER THAN THE MAXIMUM
-312	VARIABLE variable-name IS NOT DEFINED OR NOT USABLE
-313	THE NUMBER OF HOST VARIABLES SPECIFIED IS NOT EQUAL TO THE NUMBER OF
L	PARAMETER MARKERS

-314	THE STATEMENT CONTAINS AN AMBIGUOUS HOST VARIABLE REFERENCE
-327	THE ROW CANNOT BE INSERTED BECAUSE IT IS OUTSIDE THE BOUND OF THE PARTITION RANGE FOR THE LAST PARTITION
-330	A STRING CANNOT BE USED BECAUSE IT CANNOT BE PROCESSED. REASON reason-
	code, CHARACTER code-point, HOST VARIABLE position-number
-331	CHARACTER CONVERSION CANNOT BE PERFORMED BECAUSE A STRING, POSITION
001	position-number, CANNOT BE CONVERTED FROM source-ccsid TO target-ccsid,
	REASON reason-code
-332	CHARACTER CONVERSION BETWEEN CCSID from-ccsid TO to-ccsid REQUESTED BY reason-code IS NOT SUPPORTED
-333	THE SUBTYPE OF A STRING VARIABLE IS NOT THE SAME AS THE SUBTYPE KNOWN AT
	BIND TIME AND THE DIFFERENCE CANNOT BE RESOLVED BY CHARACTER
-336	CONVERSION THE SCALE OF THE DECIMAL NUMBER MUST BE ZERO
-338	AN ON CLAUSE IS INVALID
-340	THE COMMON TABLE EXPRESSION name HAS THE SAME IDENTIFIER AS ANOTHER OCCURRENCE OF A COMMON TABLE EXPRESSION DEFINITION WITHIN THE SAME
	STATEMENT
-341	A CYCLIC REFERENCE EXISTS BETWEEN THE COMMON TABLE EXPRESSIONS name 1
	AND name2
-342	THE COMMON TABLE EXPRESSION name MUST NOT USE SELECT DISTINCT AND MUST
	USE UNION ALL BECAUSE IT IS RECURSIVE
-343	E COLUMN NAMES ARE REQUIRED FOR THE RECURSIVE COMMON TABLE EXPRESSION
	name
-344	THE RECURSIVE COMMON TABLE EXPRESSION name HAS MISMATCHED DATA TYPES
	OR LENGTHS OR CODE PAGE FOR COLUMN column-name
-345	THE FULLSELECT OF THE RECURSIVE COMMON TABLE EXPRESSION name MUST BE A
	UNION ALL AND MUST NOT INCLUDE AGGREGATE FUNCTIONS, GROUP BY CLAUSE,
	HAVING CLAUSE, OR AN EXPLICIT JOIN INCLUDING AN ON CLAUSE
-346	AN INVALID REFERENCE TO COMMON TABLE EXPRESSION name OCCURS IN THE FIRST
	FULLSELECT, AS A SECOND OCCURRENCE IN THE SAME FROM CLAUSE, OR IN THE
0.40	FROM CLAUSE OF A SUBQUERY
-348	sequence-expression CANNOT BE SPECIFIED IN THIS CONTEXT
-350	co1umn-name WAS IMPLICITLY OR EXPLICITLY REFERENCED IN A CONTEXT IN WHICH IT CANNOT BE USED
-351	AN UNSUPPORTED SQLTYPE WAS ENCOUNTERED IN POSITION position-number OF
	THE SELECT-LIST
-352	AN UNSUPPORTED SQLTYPE WAS ENCOUNTERED IN POSITION position-number OF
	THE INPUT-LIST
-353	FETCH IS NOT ALLOWED, BECAUSE CURSOR cursor-name HAS AN UNKNOWN
	POSITION
-354	A ROWSET FETCH STATEMENT MAY HAVE RETURNED ONE OR MORE ROWS OF DATA.
	HOWEVER, ONE OR MORE NON-TERMINATING ERROR CONDITIONS WERE
	ENCOUNTERED. USE THE GET DIAGNOSTICS STATEMENT FOR MORE INFORMATION
	REGARDING THE CONDITIONS THAT WERE ENCOUNTERED
-355	A LOB COLUMN IS TOO LARGE TO BE LOGGED
-356	KEY EXPRESSION key-expr-num IS NOT VALID, REASON CODE = reason-code
-359	THE RANGE OF VALUES FOR THE IDENTITY COLUMN IS EXHAUSTED
-372	ONLY ONE ROWID, IDENTITY, OR SECURITY LABEL COLUMN IS ALLOWED IN A TABLE
-373	DEFAULT CANNOT BE SPECIFIED FOR COLUMN OR SQL VARIABLE name
-374	THE CLAUSE clause HAS NOT BEEN SPECIFIED IN THE CREATE OR ALTER FUNCTION

	STATEMENT FOR LANGUAGE SQL FUNCTION function-name BUT   AN EXAMINATION OF THE FUNCTION BODY REVEALS THAT IT SHOULD BE SPECIFIED
-390	THE FUNCTION function-name, SPECIFIC NAME specific-name, IS NOT VALID IN THE CONTEXT WHERE IT IS USED
-392	SQLDA PROVIDED FOR CURSOR cursor HAS BEEN CHANGED FROM THE PREVIOUS FETCH
-393	THE CONDITION OR CONNECTION NUMBER IS INVALID
-396	object-type object-name ATTEMPTED TO EXECUTE AN SQL STATEMENT DURING FINAL CALL PROCESSING
-397	GENERATED IS SPECIFIED AS PART OF A COLUMN DEFINITION,  BUT IT IS NOT VALID FOR THE DEFINITION OF THE COLUMN
-398	A LOCATOR WAS REQUESTED FOR HOST VARIABLE NUMBER position-number BUT THE VARIABLE IS NOT A LOB
-399	INVALID VALUE ROWID WAS SPECIFIED
-400	THE CATALOG HAS THE MAXIMUM NUMBER OF USER DEFINED INDEXES
-401	THE OPERANDS OF AN ARITHMETIC OR COMPARISON OPERATION ARE NOT COMPARABLE
-402	AN ARITHMETIC FUNCTION OR OPERATOR arith-fop IS APPLIED TO CHARACTER OR DATETIME DATA
-404	THE SQL STATEMENT SPECIFIES A STRING THAT IS TOO LONG
-405	THE NUMERIC LITERAL literal CANNOT BE USED AS SPECIFIED BECAUSE IT IS OUT OF RANGE
-406	A CALCULATED OR DERIVED NUMERIC VALUE IS NOT WITHIN THE RANGE OF ITS OBJECT COLUMN
-407	AN UPDATE, INSERT, OR SET VALUE IS NULL, BUT THE OBJECT COLUMN column-name CANNOT CONTAIN NULL VALUES
-408	THE VALUE IS NOT COMPATIBLE WITH THE DATA TYPE OF ITS TARGET
-409	INVALID OPERAND OF A COUNT FUNCTION
-410	A NUMERIC VALUE value IS TOO LONG, OR IT HAS A VALUE THAT IS NOT WITHIN THE RANGE OF ITS DATA TYPE
-411	CURRENT SQLID CANNOT BE USED IN A STATEMENT THAT REFERENCES REMOTE OBJECTS
-412	THE SELECT CLAUSE OF A SUBQUERY SPECIFIES MULTIPLE COLUMNS
-413	OVERFLOW OCCURRED DURING NUMERIC DATA TYPE CONVERSION
-414	A LIKE PREDICATE IS INVALID BECAUSE THE FIRST OPERAND IS NOT A STRING
-415	THE CORRESPONDING COLUMNS, column-number, OF THE OPERANDS   OF A SET OPERATOR ARE NOT COMPATIBLE
-416	AN OPERAND OF A UNION CONTAINS A LONG STRING COLUMN
-417	A STATEMENT STRING TO BE PREPARED INCLUDES PARAMETER MARKERS AS THE OPERANDS OF THE SAME OPERATOR
-418	A STATEMENT STRING TO BE PREPARED CONTAINS AN INVALID USE OF PARAMETER MARKERS
-419	THE DECIMAL DIVIDE OPERATION IS INVALID BECAUSE THE RESULT WOULD HAVE A NEGATIVE SCALE
-420	THE VALUE OF A CHARACTER STRING ARGUMENT WAS NOT ACCEPTABLE TO THE function-name FUNCTION
-421	THE OPERANDS OF A UNION OR UNION ALL DO NOT HAVE THE SAME NUMBER OF COLUMNS
-423	INVALID VALUE FOR LOCATOR IN POSITION position-#
-426	DYNAMIC COMMIT NOT VALID AT AN APPLICATION SERVER WHERE UPDATES ARE NOT ALLOWED

DYNAMIC ROLLBACK NOT VALID AT AN APPLICATION SERVER WHERE UPDATES ARE NOT ALLOWED		DB2 9 2/03 Relefelice Guide
A31   ROUTINE routine-name (SPECIFIC NAME specific-name) OF TYPE routine-type HAS BEEN INTERRUPTED BY THE USER     -433   VALUE value IS TOO LONG     A55   AN INVALID SQLSTATE sqistate IS SPECIFIED IN A RAISE_ERROR FUNCTION, RESIGNAL STATEMENT, OR SIGNAL STATEMENT     438   APPLICATION RAISED ERROR WITH DIAGNOSTIC TEXT: text     440   NO routine-type BY THE NAME routine-name HAVING COMPATIBLE ARGUMENTS WAS FOUND IN THE CURRENT PATH     441   INVALID USE OF DISTINCT' OR 'ALL' WITH FUNCTION function-name     442   ROUTINE routine-name (SPECIFIC NAME specific-name) HAS RETURNED AN ERROR SQLSTATE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TEXT msg-txt     443   AVENUAL TO STATE WITH PATH     444   USER PROGRAM name COULD NOT BE FOUND     445   CREATE OR ALTER STATEMENT FOR FUNCTION OR PROCEDURE routine-name CONTAINS AN INVALID FORMAT OF THE EXTERNAL NAME CLAUSE OR IS MISSING THE EXTERNAL NAME CLAUSE     450   USER-DEFINED FUNCTION OR STORED PROCEDURE name, PARAMETER NUMBER paramnum, OVERLAYED STORAGE BEYOND ITS DECLARED LENGTH     451   THE data-item DEFINITION IN THE CREATE OR ALTER STATEMENT FOR routine-name CONTAINS DATA TYPE type WHICH IS NOT SUPPORTED FOR THE TYPE AND LANGUAGE OF THE ROUTINE     452   UNABLE TO ACCESS THE FILE REFERENCED BY HOST VARIABLE variable-position.     453   THERE IS A PROBLEM WITH THE RETURNS CLAUSE IN THE CREATE FUNCTION STATEMENT FOR function-name MATHCES THE SIGNATURE OF SOME OTHER FUNCTION ALREADY EXISTING IN THE SCHEMA NAME Schema-name PROVIDED FOR THE SPECIFIC NAME DOES NOT MATCH THE SCHEMA NAME Schema-name PROVIDED FOR THE SPECIFIC NAME DOES NOT MATCH THE SCHEMA NAME Schema-name PROVIDED FOR THE SPECIFIC NAME DOES NOT MATCH THE SCHEMA NAME Schema-name PROVIDED FOR THE SPECIFIC NAME DOES NOT MATCH THE SCHEMA NAME SCHEMA-NAME -427	NOT ALLOWED	
A31   ROUTINE routine-name (SPECIFIC NAME specific-name) OF TYPE routine-type HAS BEEN INTERRUPTED BY THE USER     -433   VALUE value IS TOO LONG     A55   AN INVALID SQLSTATE sqistate IS SPECIFIED IN A RAISE_ERROR FUNCTION, RESIGNAL STATEMENT, OR SIGNAL STATEMENT     438   APPLICATION RAISED ERROR WITH DIAGNOSTIC TEXT: text     440   NO routine-type BY THE NAME routine-name HAVING COMPATIBLE ARGUMENTS WAS FOUND IN THE CURRENT PATH     441   INVALID USE OF DISTINCT' OR 'ALL' WITH FUNCTION function-name     442   ROUTINE routine-name (SPECIFIC NAME specific-name) HAS RETURNED AN ERROR SQLSTATE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TEXT msg-txt     443   AVENUAL TO STATE WITH PATH     444   USER PROGRAM name COULD NOT BE FOUND     445   CREATE OR ALTER STATEMENT FOR FUNCTION OR PROCEDURE routine-name CONTAINS AN INVALID FORMAT OF THE EXTERNAL NAME CLAUSE OR IS MISSING THE EXTERNAL NAME CLAUSE     450   USER-DEFINED FUNCTION OR STORED PROCEDURE name, PARAMETER NUMBER paramnum, OVERLAYED STORAGE BEYOND ITS DECLARED LENGTH     451   THE data-item DEFINITION IN THE CREATE OR ALTER STATEMENT FOR routine-name CONTAINS DATA TYPE type WHICH IS NOT SUPPORTED FOR THE TYPE AND LANGUAGE OF THE ROUTINE     452   UNABLE TO ACCESS THE FILE REFERENCED BY HOST VARIABLE variable-position.     453   THERE IS A PROBLEM WITH THE RETURNS CLAUSE IN THE CREATE FUNCTION STATEMENT FOR function-name MATHCES THE SIGNATURE OF SOME OTHER FUNCTION ALREADY EXISTING IN THE SCHEMA NAME Schema-name PROVIDED FOR THE SPECIFIC NAME DOES NOT MATCH THE SCHEMA NAME Schema-name PROVIDED FOR THE SPECIFIC NAME DOES NOT MATCH THE SCHEMA NAME Schema-name PROVIDED FOR THE SPECIFIC NAME DOES NOT MATCH THE SCHEMA NAME Schema-name PROVIDED FOR THE SPECIFIC NAME DOES NOT MATCH THE SCHEMA NAME SCHEMA-NAME -430	routine-type routine-name (SPECIFIC NAME specific-name) HAS ABNORMALLY TERMINATED	
AN INVALID SQLSTATE sgistate IS SPECIFIED IN A RAISE_ERROR FUNCTION, RESIGNAL STATEMENT, OR SIGNAL STATEMENT  438 APPLICATION RAISED ERROR WITH DIAGNOSTIC TEXT: text  440 NO routine-type BY THE NAME routine-name HAVING COMPATIBLE ARGUMENTS WAS FOUND IN THE CURRENT PATH  441 INVALID USE OF 'DISTINCT' OR 'ALL' WITH FUNCTION function-name  443 ROUTINE routine-name (SPECIFIC NAME specific-name) HAS RETURNED AN ERROR SQLSTATE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TEXT msg-txt  444 USER PROGRAM name COULD NOT BE FOUND  449 CREATE OR ALTER STATEMENT FOR FUNCTION OR PROCEDURE routine-name CONTAINS AN INVALID FORMAT OF THE EXTERNAL NAME CLAUSE OR IS MISSING THE EXTERNAL NAME CLAUSE OR IS MISSING THE EXTERNAL NAME CLAUSE  450 USER-DEFINED FUNCTION OR STORED PROCEDURE name, PARAMETER NUMBER paramnum, OVERLAYED STORAGE BEYOND ITS DECLARED LENGTH  451 THE data-item DEFINITION IN THE CREATE OR ALTER STATEMENT FOR routine-name CONTAINS DATA TYPE type WHICH IS NOT SUPPORTED FOR THE TYPE AND LANGUAGE OF THE ROUTINE  452 UNABLE TO ACCESS THE FILE REFERENCED BY HOST VARIABLE variable-position. REASON CODE: reason-code  453 THERE IS A PROBLEM WITH THE RETURNS CLAUSE IN THE CREATE FUNCTION STATEMENT FOR function-name MATHCES THE SIGNATURE PROVIDED IN THE CREATE FUNCTION STATEMENT FOR function-name MATHCES THE SIGNATURE OF SOME OTHER FUNCTION STATEMENT FOR function-name PROVIDED FOR THE SPECIFIC NAME DOES NOT MATCH THE SCHEMA NAME schema-name PROVIDED FOR THE SPECIFIC NAME DOES NOT MATCH THE SCHEMA NAME schema-name PROVIDED FOR THE SPECIFIC NAME DOES NOT MATCH THE SCHEMA NAME schema-name PROVIDED FOR THE SPECIFIC NAME DOES NOT MATCH THE SCHEMA NAME SCHEMA-name PROVIDED FOR THE SPECIFIC NAME DOES NOT MATCH THE SCHEMA NAME SCHEMA-name PROVIDED FOR THE SPECIFIC NAME DOES NOT MATCH THE SCHEMA NAME SCHEMA-name PROVIDED FOR THE SPECIFIC NAME DOES NOT SUPPORT DEFOLITION TO SUPPORT SULL VALUE FOR INPUT PARAMETER number, BUT THE SCHEMA TO SUPPORT SULL VALUES  445 IN A REFERENCE TO FUNCTION OR PROCEDURE name FAILED DUE TO REASON RESPONDED TO SUPPORT NULL VALUES  4	-431	ROUTINE routine-name (SPECIFIC NAME specific-name) OF TYPE routine-type HAS BEEN
APPLICATION RAISED ERROR WITH DIAGNOSTIC TEXT: text  440 NO routine-type BY THE NAME routine-name HAVING COMPATIBLE ARGUMENTS WAS FOUND IN THE CURRENT PATH  441 INVALID USE OF 'DISTINCT' OR 'ALL' WITH FUNCTION function-name  443 ROUTINE routine-name (SPECIFIC NAME specific-name) HAS RETURNED AN ERROR SQLSTATE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TEXT msg-txt  444 USER PROGRAM name COULD NOT BE FOUND  449 CREATE OR ALTER STATEMENT FOR FUNCTION OR PROCEDURE routine-name CONTAINS AN INVALID FORMAT OF THE EXTERNAL NAME CLAUSE OR IS MISSING THE EXTERNAL NAME CLAUSE  450 USER-DEFINED FUNCTION OR STORED PROCEDURE name, PARAMETER NUMBER paramnum, OVERLAYED STORAGE BEYOND ITS DECLARED LENGTH  451 THE data-item DEFINITION IN THE CREATE OR ALTER STATEMENT FOR FOUNTINE CONTAINS DATA TYPE type WHICH IS NOT SUPPORTED FOR THE TYPE AND LANGUAGE OF THE ROUTINE  452 UNABLE TO ACCESS THE FILE REFERENCED BY HOST VARIABLE variable-position. REASON CODE: reason-code  453 THERE IS A PROBLEM WITH THE RETURNS CLAUSE IN THE CREATE FUNCTION STATEMENT FOR function-name MATHOES THE SIGNATURE OF SOME OTHER FUNCTION STATEMENT FOR function-name MATHOES THE SIGNATURE OF SOME OTHER FUNCTION ALREADY EXISTING IN THE SCHEMA  455 IN CREATE FUNCTION FOR function-name, THE SCHEMA NAME schema-name PROVIDED FOR THE SPECIFIC NAME DOES NOT MATCH THE SCHEMA NAME schema-name PROVIDED FOR THE SPECIFIC NAME DOES NOT MATCH THE SCHEMA NAME schema-name OF THE FUNCTION OR DISTINCT TYPE CANNOT BE CALLED name SINCE IT IS RESERVED FOR SYSTEM USE  456 IN CREATE FUNCTION FOR function-name, THE SCHEMA NAME schema-name PROVIDED FOR THE SPECIFIC NAME DOES NOT MATCH THE SCHEMA NAME SCHEMA-name ALREADY EXISTS IN THE SCHEMA  457 A FUNCTION OR DISTINCT TYPE CANNOT BE CALLED name SINCE IT IS RESERVED FOR SYSTEM USE  458 IN A REFERENCE TO FUNCTION function-name BY SIGNATURE, A MATCHING FUNCTION COULD NOT BE FOUND  461 A VALUE WITH DATA TYPE SOURCE-data-type CANNOT BE CAST TO TYPE target-data-type  459 SQL CALL STATEMENT MUST SPECIFY AN OUTPUT HOST VARIABLE FOR PARAMETER number, BUT THE STORED PRO	-433	
440 NO routine-type BY THE NAME routine-name HAVING COMPATIBLE ARGUMENTS WAS FOUND IN THE CURRENT PATH  441 INVALID USE OF 'DISTINCT' OR 'ALL' WITH FUNCTION function-name  443 ROUTINE routine-name (SPECIFIC NAME specific-name) HAS RETURNED AN ERROR SQLSTATE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TEXT msg-txt  444 USER PROGRAM name COULD NOT BE FOUND  449 CREATE OR ALTER STATEMENT FOR FUNCTION OR PROCEDURE routine-name CONTAINS AN INVALID FORMAT OF THE EXTERNAL NAME CLAUSE OR IS MISSING THE EXTERNAL NAME CLAUSE  450 USER-DEFINED FUNCTION OR STORED PROCEDURE name, PARAMETER NUMBER paramnum, OVERLAYED STORAGE BEYOND ITS DECLARED LENGTH  451 THE data-item DEFINITION IN THE CREATE OR ALTER STATEMENT FOR routine-name CONTAINS DATA TYPE type WHICH IS NOT SUPPORTED FOR THE TYPE AND LANGUAGE OF THE ROUTINE  452 UNABLE TO ACCESS THE FILE REFERENCED BY HOST VARIABLE variable-position. REASON CODE: reason-code  453 THERE IS A PROBLEM WITH THE RETURNS CLAUSE IN THE CREATE FUNCTION STATEMENT FOR function-name MATHOE'S THE SIGNATURE OF SOME OTHER FUNCTION ALREADY EXISTING IN THE SIGNATURE PROVIDED IN THE CREATE FUNCTION ALREADY EXISTING IN THE SCHEMA NAME schema-name? OF THE FUNCTION HE SPECIFIC NAME DOES NOT MATCH THE SCHEMA NAME schema-name? OF THE FUNCTION OR DISTINCT TYPE CANNOT BE CALLED name SINCE IT IS RESERVED FOR SYSTEM USE  456 IN CREATE FUNCTION FOR function-name, THE SCHEMA NAME schema-name? OF THE FUNCTION OR DISTINCT TYPE CANNOT BE CALLED name SINCE IT IS RESERVED FOR SYSTEM USE  457 A FUNCTION OR DISTINCT TYPE CANNOT BE CALLED name SINCE IT IS RESERVED FOR SYSTEM USE  458 IN A REFERENCE TO FUNCTION function-name BY SIGNATURE, A MATCHING FUNCTION COULD NOT BE FOUND  459 SOL CALL STATEMENT MUST SPECIFY AN OUTPUT HOST VARIABLE FOR PARAMETER number, BUT THE STORED PROCEDURE DOES NOT SUPPORT NULL VALUES  470 SQL CALL STATEMENT MUST SPECIFY AN OUTPUT HOST VARIABLE FOR PARAMETER number, BUT THE STORED PROCEDURE DOES NOT SUPPORT NULL VALUES  471 INVOCATION OF FUNCTION OR PROCEDURE name FAILED DUE TO REASON TO THE STORED PROCEDURE DOES NOT SU	-435	
FOUND IN THE CURRENT PATH  441 INVALID USE OF 'DISTINCT' OR 'ALL' WITH FUNCTION function-name  443 ROUTINE routine-name (SPECIFIC NAME specific-name) HAS RETURNED AN ERROR SQLSTATE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TEXT msg-txt  444 USER PROGRAM name COULD NOT BE FOUND  449 CREATE OR ALTER STATTEMENT FOR FUNCTION OR PROCEDURE routine-name CONTAINS AN INVALID FORMAT OF THE EXTERNAL NAME CLAUSE OR IS MISSING THE EXTERNAL NAME CLAUSE  450 USER-DEFINED FUNCTION OR STORED PROCEDURE name, PARAMETER NUMBER paramum, OVERLAYED STORAGE BEYOND ITS DECLARED LENGTH  451 THE data-item DEFINITION IN THE CREATE OR ALTER STATEMENT FOR routine-name CONTAINS DATA TYPE type WHICH IS NOT SUPPORTED FOR THE TYPE AND LANGUAGE OF THE ROUTINE  452 UNABLE TO ACCESS THE FILE REFERENCED BY HOST VARIABLE variable-position. REASON CODE: reason-code  453 THERE IS A PROBLEM WITH THE RETURNS CLAUSE IN THE CREATE FUNCTION STATEMENT FOR function-name MATHCES THE SIGNATURE PROVIDED IN THE CREATE FUNCTION STATEMENT FOR function-name MATHCES THE SIGNATURE OF SOME OTHER FUNCTION ALREADY EXISTING IN THE SCHEMA  455 IN CREATE FUNCTION FOR function-name, THE SCHEMA NAME schema-name PROVIDED FOR THE SPECIFIC NAME DOES NOT MATCH THE SCHEMA NAME schema-name OF THE FUNCTION  456 IN CREATE FUNCTION FOR function-name, THE SCHEMA NAME schema-name OF THE FUNCTION OR DISTINCT TYPE CANNOT BE CALLED name SINCE IT IS RESERVED FOR SYSTEM USE  457 A FUNCTION OR DISTINCT TYPE CANNOT BE CALLED name SINCE IT IS RESERVED FOR SYSTEM USE  458 IN A REFERENCE TO FUNCTION function-name BY SIGNATURE, A MATCHING FUNCTION COULD NOT BE FOUND  461 A VALUE WITH DATA TYPE source-data-type CANNOT BE CAST TO TYPE target-data-type  469 SQL CALL STATEMENT SPECIFIED A NULL VALUE FOR INPUT PARAMETER number, BUT THE STORED PROCEDURE DOES NOT SUPPORT NULL VALUES  471 INVOCATION OF FUNCTION OR PROCEDURE name FAILED DUE TO REASON rc  472 CURSOR cursor-name WAS LEFT OPEN BY EXTERNAL FUNCTION function-name (SPECIFIC NAME Specific-name)  473 A USER DEFINED DATA TYPE CANNOT BE CALLED THE SAME NAME AS A SYSTEM PRED	-438	
A443 ROUTINE routine-name (SPECIFIC NAME specific-name) HAS RETURNED AN ERROR SQLSTATE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TEXT msg-txt  4444 USER PROGRAM name COULD NOT BE FOUND  -449 CREATE OR ALTER STATEMENT FOR FUNCTION OR PROCEDURE routine-name CONTAINS AN INVALID FORMAT OF THE EXTERNAL NAME CLAUSE OR IS MISSING THE EXTERNAL NAME CLAUSE  -450 USER-DEFINED FUNCTION OR STORED PROCEDURE name, PARAMETER NUMBER paramnum, OVERLAYED STORAGE BEYOND ITS DECLARED LENGTH  -451 THE data-item DEFINITION IN THE CREATE OR ALTER STATEMENT FOR routine-name CONTAINS DATA TYPE type WHICH IS NOT SUPPORTED FOR THE TYPE AND LANGUAGE OF THE ROUTINE  -452 UNABLE TO ACCESS THE FILE REFERENCED BY HOST VARIABLE variable-position. REASON CODE: reason-code  -453 THERE IS A PROBLEM WITH THE RETURNS CLAUSE IN THE CREATE FUNCTION STATEMENT FOR function-name MATHCES THE SIGNATURE OF SOME OTHER FUNCTION STATEMENT FOR function-name MATHCES THE SIGNATURE OF SOME OTHER FUNCTION ALREADY EXISTING IN THE SCHEMA  -455 IN CREATE FUNCTION FOR function-name, THE SCHEMA NAME schema-name PROVIDED FOR THE SPECIFIC NAME Specific-name ALREADY EXISTS IN THE SCHEMA  -456 IN CREATE FUNCTION FOR function-name, THE SCHEMA NAME schema-name PROVIDED FOR THE SPECIFIC NAME DOES NOT MATCH THE SCHEMA NAME Specific-name ALREADY EXISTS IN THE SCHEMA  -457 A FUNCTION OR DISTINCT TYPE CANNOT BE CALLED name SINCE IT IS RESERVED FOR SYSTEM USE  -458 IN A REFERENCE TO FUNCTION function-name BY SIGNATURE, A MATCHING FUNCTION COULD NOT BE FOUND  -460 A VALUE WITH DATA TYPE source-data-type CANNOT BE CAST TO TYPE target-data-type  -469 SQL CALL STATEMENT MUST SPECIFIC A NOUTPUT HOST VARIABLE FOR PARAMETER number  -470 INVOCATION OF FUNCTION OR PROCEDURE name FAILED DUE TO REASON rc  -471 INVOCATION OF FUNCTION OR PROCEDURE name FAILED DUE TO REASON rc  -472 CURSOR cursor-name WAS LEFT OPEN BY EXTERNAL FUNCTION function-name (SPECIFIC NAME Specific-name)  -473 A USER DEFINED DATA TYPE CANNOT BE CALLED THE SAME NAME AS A SYSTEM PREDEFINED TYPE (BUILT-IN TYPE)  -475 THE RESULT TYPE TYPE 10 FTHE SO	-440	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
SQLSTATE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TEXT msg-txt  444 USER PROGRAM name COULD NOT BE FOUND  CREATE OR ALTER STATEMENT FOR FUNCTION OR PROCEDURE routine-name CONTAINS AN INVALID FORMAT OF THE EXTERNAL NAME CLAUSE OR IS MISSING THE EXTERNAL NAME CLAUSE  450 USER-DEFINED FUNCTION OR STORED PROCEDURE name, PARAMETER NUMBER paramnum, OVERLAYED STORAGE BEYOND ITS DECLARED LENGTH  451 THE data-item DEFINITION IN THE CREATE OR ALTER STATEMENT FOR routine-name CONTAINS DATA TYPE type WHICH IS NOT SUPPORTED FOR THE TYPE AND LANGUAGE OF THE ROUTINE  452 UNABLE TO ACCESS THE FILE REFERENCED BY HOST VARIABLE variable-position. REASON CODE: reason-code  453 THERE IS A PROBLEM WITH THE RETURNS CLAUSE IN THE CREATE FUNCTION STATEMENT FOR function-name MATHCES THE SIGNATURE PROVIDED IN THE CREATE FUNCTION STATEMENT FOR function-name MATHCES THE SIGNATURE OF SOME OTHER FUNCTION ALREADY EXISTING IN THE SCHEMA  455 IN CREATE FUNCTION FOR function-name, THE SCHEMA NAME schema-name PROVIDED FOR THE SPECIFIC NAME DOES NOT MATCH THE SCHEMA NAME schema-name PROVIDED FOR THE SPECIFIC NAME DOES NOT MATCH THE SCHEMA NAME schema-name OF THE FUNCTION IN CREATE FUNCTION FOR function-name, THE SPECIFIC NAME SPECIFIC-name ALREADY EXISTS IN THE SCHEMA  457 A FUNCTION OR DISTINCT TYPE CANNOT BE CALLED name SINCE IT IS RESERVED FOR SYSTEM USE  10 NA REFERENCE TO FUNCTION function-name BY SIGNATURE, A MATCHING FUNCTION COULD NOT BE FOUND  446 A VALUE WITH DATA TYPE Source-data-type CANNOT BE CAST TO TYPE target-data-type  469 SQL CALL STATEMENT MUST SPECIFIED A NULL VALUE FOR INPUT PARAMETER number, BUT THE STORED PROCEDURE DOES NOT SUPPORT NULL VALUES  471 INVOCATION OF FUNCTION OR PROCEDURE name FAILED DUE TO REASON rc  472 CURSOR cursor-name WAS LEFT OPEN BY EXTERNAL FUNCTION function-name (SPECIFIC NAME specific-name)  473 A USER DEFINED DATA TYPE CANNOT BE CALLED THE SAME NAME AS A SYSTEM PREDEFINED TYPE (BUILT-IN TYPE)  475 THE RESULT TYPE (SPECIFIC NAME SPECIFIC NAMOT BE CAST TO THE	-441	INVALID USE OF 'DISTINCT' OR 'ALL' WITH FUNCTION function-name
-444         USER PROGRAM name COULD NOT BE FOUND           -449         CREATE OR ALTER STATEMENT FOR FUNCTION OR PROCEDURE routine-name CONTAINS AN INVALID FORMAT OF THE EXTERNAL NAME CLAUSE OR IS MISSING THE EXTERNAL NAME CLAUSE           -450         USER-DEFINED FUNCTION OR STORED PROCEDURE name, PARAMETER NUMBER paramnum, OVERLAYED STORAGE BEYOND ITS DECLARED LENGTH           -451         THE data-item DEFINITION IN THE CREATE OR ALTER STATEMENT FOR routine-name CONTAINS DATA TYPE type WHICH IS NOT SUPPORTED FOR THE TYPE AND LANGUAGE OF THE ROUTINE           -452         UNABLE TO ACCESS THE FILE REFERENCED BY HOST VARIABLE variable-position. REASON CODE: reason-code           -453         THERE IS A PROBLEM WITH THE RETURNS CLAUSE IN THE CREATE FUNCTION STATEMENT FOR function-name           -454         THE SIGNATURE PROVIDED IN THE CREATE FUNCTION STATEMENT FOR function-name MATHCES THE SIGNATURE OF SOME OTHER FUNCTION ALREADY EXISTING IN THE SCHEMA           -455         IN CREATE FUNCTION FOR function-name, THE SCHEMA NAME schema-name PROVIDED FOR THE SPECIFIC NAME DOES NOT MATCH THE SCHEMA NAME schema-name PROVIDED FOR THE SPECIFIC NAME DOES NOT MATCH THE SCHEMA NAME schema-name PROVIDED FOR THE SPECIFIC NAME SCHEMA           -456         IN CREATE FUNCTION FOR function-name, THE SPECIFIC NAME specific-name ALREADY EXISTS IN THE SCHEMA           -457         A FUNCTION OR DISTINCT TYPE CANNOT BE CALLED name SINCE IT IS RESERVED FOR SYSTEM USE           -458         IN A REFERENCE TO FUNCTION function-name BY SIGNATURE, A MATCHING FUNCTION COULD NOT BE FOUND           -461         A VALUE WIT	-443	
CREATE OR ALTER STATEMENT FOR FUNCTION OR PROCEDURE routine-name CONTAINS AN INVALID FORMAT OF THE EXTERNAL NAME CLAUSE OR IS MISSING THE EXTERNAL NAME CLAUSE  450 USER-DEFINED FUNCTION OR STORED PROCEDURE name, PARAMETER NUMBER paramnum, OVERLAYED STORAGE BEYOND ITS DECLARED LENGTH  451 THE data-item DEFINITION IN THE CREATE OR ALTER STATEMENT FOR routine-name CONTAINS DATA TYPE type WHICH IS NOT SUPPORTED FOR THE TYPE AND LANGUAGE OF THE ROUTINE  452 UNABLE TO ACCESS THE FILE REFERENCED BY HOST VARIABLE variable-position. REASON CODE: reason-code  453 THERE IS A PROBLEM WITH THE RETURNS CLAUSE IN THE CREATE FUNCTION STATEMENT FOR function-name MATHCES THE SIGNATURE PROVIDED IN THE CREATE FUNCTION STATEMENT FOR function-name MATHCES THE SIGNATURE OF SOME OTHER FUNCTION ALREADY EXISTING IN THE SCHEMA  455 IN CREATE FUNCTION FOR function-name, THE SCHEMA NAME schema-name PROVIDED FOR THE SPECIFIC NAME DOES NOT MATCH THE SCHEMA NAME schema-name OF THE FUNCTION  456 IN CREATE FUNCTION FOR function-name, THE SPECIFIC NAME specific-name ALREADY EXISTS IN THE SCHEMA  457 A FUNCTION OR DISTINCT TYPE CANNOT BE CALLED name SINCE IT IS RESERVED FOR SYSTEM USE  458 IN A REFERENCE TO FUNCTION function-name BY SIGNATURE, A MATCHING FUNCTION COULD NOT BE FOUND  460 A VALUE WITH DATA TYPE source-data-type CANNOT BE CAST TO TYPE target-data-type  461 A VALUE WITH DATA TYPE SOURCE-data-type CANNOT BE CAST TO TYPE target-data-type  462 SQL CALL STATEMENT MUST SPECIFIED A NULL VALUE FOR INPUT PARAMETER number, BUT THE STORED PROCEDURE DOES NOT SUPPORT NULL VALUES  471 INVOCATION OF FUNCTION OR PROCEDURE name FAILED DUE TO REASON TO CURSOR cursor-name WAS LEFT OPEN BY EXTERNAL FUNCTION function-name (SPECIFIC NAME specific-name)  472 CURSOR cursor-name WAS LEFT OPEN BY EXTERNAL FUNCTION function-name (SPECIFIC NAME specific-name)  473 A USER DEFINED DATA TYPE CANNOT BE CALLED THE SAME NAME AS A SYSTEM PREDEFINED TYPE (BUILT-IN TYPE)  475 THE RESULT TYPE TYPE OF THE SOURCE FUNCTION CANNOT BE CAST TO THE	-444	
CONTAINS AN INVALID FORMAT OF THE EXTERNAL NAME CLAUSE OR IS MISSING THE EXTERNAL NAME CLAUSE  450 USER-DEFINED FUNCTION OR STORED PROCEDURE name, PARAMETER NUMBER paramnum, OVERLAYED STORAGE BEYOND ITS DECLARED LENGTH  451 THE data-item DEFINITION IN THE CREATE OR ALTER STATEMENT FOR routine-name CONTAINS DATA TYPE type WHICH IS NOT SUPPORTED FOR THE TYPE AND LANGUAGE OF THE ROUTINE  452 UNABLE TO ACCESS THE FILE REFERENCED BY HOST VARIABLE variable-position. REASON CODE: reason-code  453 THERE IS A PROBLEM WITH THE RETURNS CLAUSE IN THE CREATE FUNCTION STATEMENT FOR function-name  454 THE SIGNATURE PROVIDED IN THE CREATE FUNCTION STATEMENT FOR function-name MATHCES THE SIGNATURE OF SOME OTHER FUNCTION ALREADY EXISTING IN THE SCHEMA  455 IN CREATE FUNCTION FOR function-name, THE SCHEMA NAME schema-name PROVIDED FOR THE SPECIFIC NAME DOES NOT MATCH THE SCHEMA NAME schema-name OF THE FUNCTION  456 IN CREATE FUNCTION FOR function-name, THE SPECIFIC NAME specific-name ALREADY EXISTS IN THE SCHEMA DOES NOT MATCH THE SPECIFIC NAME SPECIFIC-name ALREADY EXISTS IN THE SCHEMA  457 A FUNCTION OR DISTINCT TYPE CANNOT BE CALLED name SINCE IT IS RESERVED FOR SYSTEM USE  1N A REFERENCE TO FUNCTION function-name BY SIGNATURE, A MATCHING FUNCTION COULD NOT BE FOUND  461 A VALUE WITH DATA TYPE SOURCE-data-type CANNOT BE CAST TO TYPE target-data-type  469 SQL CALL STATEMENT MUST SPECIFY AN OUTPUT HOST VARIABLE FOR PARAMETER number  470 SQL CALL STATEMENT SPECIFIED A NULL VALUE FOR INPUT PARAMETER number, BUT THE STORED PROCEDURE DOES NOT SUPPORT NULL VALUES  471 INVOCATION OF FUNCTION OR PROCEDURE name FAILED DUE TO REASON rc  CURSOR cursor-name WAS LEFT OPEN BY EXTERNAL FUNCTION function-name (SPECIFIC NAME specific-name)  472 CURSOR cursor-name WAS LEFT OPEN BY EXTERNAL FUNCTION function-name (SPECIFIC NAME specific-name)  473 A USER DEFINED DATA TYPE CANNOT BE CALLED THE SAME NAME AS A SYSTEM PREDEFINED TYPE (BUILT-IN TYPE)  THE RESULT TYPE type-1 OF THE SOURCE FUNCTION CANNOT BE CAST TO THE		
-451         THE data-item DEFINITION IN THE CREATE OR ALTER STATEMENT FOR routine-name CONTAINS DATA TYPE type WHICH IS NOT SUPPORTED FOR THE TYPE AND LANGUAGE OF THE ROUTINE           -452         UNABLE TO ACCESS THE FILE REFERENCED BY HOST VARIABLE variable-position. REASON CODE: reason-code           -453         THER IS A PROBLEM WITH THE RETURNS CLAUSE IN THE CREATE FUNCTION STATEMENT FOR function-name           -454         THE SIGNATURE PROVIDED IN THE CREATE FUNCTION STATEMENT FOR function-name MATHCES THE SIGNATURE OF SOME OTHER FUNCTION ALREADY EXISTING IN THE SCHEMA           -455         IN CREATE FUNCTION FOR function-name, THE SCHEMA NAME schema-name PROVIDED FOR THE SPECIFIC NAME DOES NOT MATCH THE SCHEMA NAME schema-name2 OF THE FUNCTION           -456         IN CREATE FUNCTION FOR function-name, THE SPECIFIC NAME specific-name ALREADY EXISTS IN THE SCHEMA           -457         A FUNCTION OR DISTINCT TYPE CANNOT BE CALLED name SINCE IT IS RESERVED FOR SYSTEM USE           -458         IN A REFERENCE TO FUNCTION function-name BY SIGNATURE, A MATCHING FUNCTION COULD NOT BE FOUND           -461         A VALUE WITH DATA TYPE source-data-type CANNOT BE CAST TO TYPE target-data-type           -469         SQL CALL STATEMENT SPECIFIED A NULL VALUE FOR INPUT PARAMETER number           -470         SQL CALL STATEMENT SPECIFIED A NULL VALUE FOR INPUT PARAMETER number, BUT THE STORED PROCEDURE DOES NOT SUPPORT NULL VALUES           -471         INVOCATION OF FUNCTION OR PROCEDURE name FAILED DUE TO REASON rc           -472         CURSOR cursor-name WAS LEF	140	CONTAINS AN INVALID FORMAT OF THE EXTERNAL NAME CLAUSE OR IS MISSING THE
THE data-item DEFINITION IN THE CREATE OR ALTER STATEMENT FOR routine-name CONTAINS DATA TYPE type WHICH IS NOT SUPPORTED FOR THE TYPE AND LANGUAGE OF THE ROUTINE  452 UNABLE TO ACCESS THE FILE REFERENCED BY HOST VARIABLE variable-position. REASON CODE: reason-code  453 THERE IS A PROBLEM WITH THE RETURNS CLAUSE IN THE CREATE FUNCTION STATEMENT FOR function-name  454 THE SIGNATURE PROVIDED IN THE CREATE FUNCTION STATEMENT FOR function-name MATHCES THE SIGNATURE OF SOME OTHER FUNCTION ALREADY EXISTING IN THE SCHEMA  455 IN CREATE FUNCTION FOR function-name, THE SCHEMA NAME schema-name PROVIDED FOR THE SPECIFIC NAME DOES NOT MATCH THE SCHEMA NAME schema-name2 OF THE FUNCTION  456 IN CREATE FUNCTION FOR function-name, THE SPECIFIC NAME specific-name ALREADY EXISTS IN THE SCHEMA  457 A FUNCTION OR DISTINCT TYPE CANNOT BE CALLED name SINCE IT IS RESERVED FOR SYSTEM USE  458 IN A REFERENCE TO FUNCTION function-name BY SIGNATURE, A MATCHING FUNCTION COULD NOT BE FOUND  460 SQL CALL STATEMENT MUST SPECIFY AN OUTPUT HOST VARIABLE FOR PARAMETER number  470 SQL CALL STATEMENT SPECIFIED A NULL VALUE FOR INPUT PARAMETER number, BUT THE STORED PROCEDURE DOES NOT SUPPORT NULL VALUES  471 INVOCATION OF FUNCTION OR PROCEDURE name FAILED DUE TO REASON rc  472 CURSOR cursor-name WAS LEFT OPEN BY EXTERNAL FUNCTION function-name (SPECIFIC NAME specific-name)  473 A USER DEFINED DATA TYPE CANNOT BE CALLED THE SAME NAME AS A SYSTEM PREDEFINED TYPE (BUILT-IN TYPE)  475 THE RESULT TYPE Type-1 OF THE SOURCE FUNCTION CANNOT BE CAST TO THE	-450	
CONTAINS DATA TYPE type WHICH IS NOT SUPPORTED FOR THE TYPE AND LANGUAGE OF THE ROUTINE  452 UNABLE TO ACCESS THE FILE REFERENCED BY HOST VARIABLE variable-position. REASON CODE: reason-code  453 THERE IS A PROBLEM WITH THE RETURNS CLAUSE IN THE CREATE FUNCTION STATEMENT FOR function-name  454 THE SIGNATURE PROVIDED IN THE CREATE FUNCTION STATEMENT FOR function-name MATHCES THE SIGNATURE OF SOME OTHER FUNCTION ALREADY EXISTING IN THE SCHEMA  455 IN CREATE FUNCTION FOR function-name, THE SCHEMA NAME schema-name PROVIDED FOR THE SPECIFIC NAME DOES NOT MATCH THE SCHEMA NAME schema-name2 OF THE FUNCTION  456 IN CREATE FUNCTION FOR function-name, THE SPECIFIC NAME specific-name ALREADY EXISTS IN THE SCHEMA  457 A FUNCTION OR DISTINCT TYPE CANNOT BE CALLED name SINCE IT IS RESERVED FOR SYSTEM USE  458 IN A REFERENCE TO FUNCTION function-name BY SIGNATURE, A MATCHING FUNCTION COULD NOT BE FOUND  460 A VALUE WITH DATA TYPE source-data-type CANNOT BE CAST TO TYPE target-data-type  461 A VALUE WITH DATA TYPE SOURCE-data-type CANNOT BE CAST TO TYPE target-data-type  462 SQL CALL STATEMENT SPECIFIED A NULL VALUE FOR INPUT PARAMETER number, BUT THE STORED PROCEDURE DOES NOT SUPPORT NULL VALUES  471 INVOCATION OF FUNCTION OR PROCEDURE name FAILED DUE TO REASON rc  472 CURSOR cursor-name WAS LEFT OPEN BY EXTERNAL FUNCTION function-name (SPECIFIC NAME specific-name)  473 A USER DEFINED DATA TYPE CANNOT BE CALLED THE SAME NAME AS A SYSTEM PREDEFINED TYPE (BUILT-IN TYPE)  475 THE RESULT TYPE type-1 OF THE SOURCE FUNCTION CANNOT BE CAST TO THE	-451	
LANGUAGE OF THE ROUTINE  -452 UNABLE TO ACCESS THE FILE REFERENCED BY HOST VARIABLE variable-position. REASON CODE: reason-code  -453 THERE IS A PROBLEM WITH THE RETURNS CLAUSE IN THE CREATE FUNCTION STATEMENT FOR function-name  -454 THE SIGNATURE PROVIDED IN THE CREATE FUNCTION STATEMENT FOR function-name MATHCES THE SIGNATURE OF SOME OTHER FUNCTION ALREADY EXISTING IN THE SCHEMA  -455 IN CREATE FUNCTION FOR function-name, THE SCHEMA NAME schema-name PROVIDED FOR THE SPECIFIC NAME DOES NOT MATCH THE SCHEMA NAME schema-name2 OF THE FUNCTION  -456 IN CREATE FUNCTION FOR function-name, THE SPECIFIC NAME specific-name ALREADY EXISTS IN THE SCHEMA  -457 A FUNCTION OR DISTINCT TYPE CANNOT BE CALLED name SINCE IT IS RESERVED FOR SYSTEM USE  -458 IN A REFERENCE TO FUNCTION function-name BY SIGNATURE, A MATCHING FUNCTION COULD NOT BE FOUND  -461 A VALUE WITH DATA TYPE source-data-type CANNOT BE CAST TO TYPE target-data-type  -469 SQL CALL STATEMENT MUST SPECIFY AN OUTPUT HOST VARIABLE FOR PARAMETER number  -470 SQL CALL STATEMENT SPECIFIED A NULL VALUE FOR INPUT PARAMETER number, BUT THE STORED PROCEDURE DOES NOT SUPPORT NULL VALUES  -471 INVOCATION OF FUNCTION OR PROCEDURE name FAILED DUE TO REASON rc  -472 CURSOR cursor-name WAS LEFT OPEN BY EXTERNAL FUNCTION function-name (SPECIFIC NAME specific-name)  -473 A USER DEFINED DATA TYPE CANNOT BE CALLED THE SAME NAME AS A SYSTEM PREDEFINED TYPE (BUILT-IN TYPE)  -475 THE RESULT TYPE type-1 OF THE SOURCE FUNCTION CANNOT BE CAST TO THE		
<ul> <li>UNABLE TO ACCESS THE FILE REFERENCED BY HOST VARIABLE variable-position. REASON CODE: reason-code</li> <li>THERE IS A PROBLEM WITH THE RETURNS CLAUSE IN THE CREATE FUNCTION STATEMENT FOR function-name</li> <li>THE SIGNATURE PROVIDED IN THE CREATE FUNCTION STATEMENT FOR function-name MATHCES THE SIGNATURE OF SOME OTHER FUNCTION ALREADY EXISTING IN THE SCHEMA</li> <li>IN CREATE FUNCTION FOR function-name, THE SCHEMA NAME schema-name PROVIDED FOR THE SPECIFIC NAME DOES NOT MATCH THE SCHEMA NAME schema-name2 OF THE FUNCTION</li> <li>IN CREATE FUNCTION FOR function-name, THE SPECIFIC NAME specific-name ALREADY EXISTS IN THE SCHEMA</li> <li>A FUNCTION OR DISTINCT TYPE CANNOT BE CALLED name SINCE IT IS RESERVED FOR SYSTEM USE</li> <li>IN A REFERENCE TO FUNCTION function-name BY SIGNATURE, A MATCHING FUNCTION COULD NOT BE FOUND</li> <li>A VALUE WITH DATA TYPE source-data-type CANNOT BE CAST TO TYPE target-data-type</li> <li>SQL CALL STATEMENT MUST SPECIFY AN OUTPUT HOST VARIABLE FOR PARAMETER number.</li> <li>SQL CALL STATEMENT SPECIFIED A NULL VALUE FOR INPUT PARAMETER number, BUT THE STORED PROCEDURE DOES NOT SUPPORT NULL VALUES</li> <li>INVOCATION OF FUNCTION OR PROCEDURE name FAILED DUE TO REASON rc</li> <li>CURSOR cursor-name WAS LEFT OPEN BY EXTERNAL FUNCTION function-name (SPECIFIC NAME specific-name)</li> <li>A USER DEFINED DATA TYPE CANNOT BE CALLED THE SAME NAME AS A SYSTEM PREDEFINED TYPE (BUILT-IN TYPE)</li> <li>THE RESULT TYPE type-1 OF THE SOURCE FUNCTION CANNOT BE CAST TO THE</li> </ul>		
REASON CODE: reason-code  -453 THERE IS A PROBLEM WITH THE RETURNS CLAUSE IN THE CREATE FUNCTION STATEMENT FOR function-name  -454 THE SIGNATURE PROVIDED IN THE CREATE FUNCTION STATEMENT FOR function-name MATHCES THE SIGNATURE OF SOME OTHER FUNCTION ALREADY EXISTING IN THE SCHEMA  -455 IN CREATE FUNCTION FOR function-name, THE SCHEMA NAME schema-name PROVIDED FOR THE SPECIFIC NAME DOES NOT MATCH THE SCHEMA NAME schema-name2 OF THE FUNCTION  -456 IN CREATE FUNCTION FOR function-name, THE SPECIFIC NAME specific-name ALREADY EXISTS IN THE SCHEMA  -457 A FUNCTION OR DISTINCT TYPE CANNOT BE CALLED name SINCE IT IS RESERVED FOR SYSTEM USE  -458 IN A REFERENCE TO FUNCTION function-name BY SIGNATURE, A MATCHING FUNCTION COULD NOT BE FOUND  -461 A VALUE WITH DATA TYPE source-data-type CANNOT BE CAST TO TYPE target-data-type  -469 SQL CALL STATEMENT MUST SPECIFIED A NULL VALUE FOR INPUT PARAMETER number, BUT THE STORED PROCEDURE DOES NOT SUPPORT NULL VALUES  -470 INVOCATION OF FUNCTION OR PROCEDURE name FAILED DUE TO REASON rc  -471 INVOCATION OF FUNCTION OR PROCEDURE name FAILED DUE TO REASON rc  -472 CURSOR cursor-name WAS LEFT OPEN BY EXTERNAL FUNCTION function-name (SPECIFIC NAME specific-name)  -473 A USER DEFINED DATA TYPE CANNOT BE CALLED THE SAME NAME AS A SYSTEM PREDEFINED TYPE (BUILT-IN TYPE)  -475 THE RESULT TYPE type-1 OF THE SOURCE FUNCTION CANNOT BE CAST TO THE	-452	
-453 THERE IS A PROBLEM WITH THE RETURNS CLAUSE IN THE CREATE FUNCTION STATEMENT FOR function-name  -454 THE SIGNATURE PROVIDED IN THE CREATE FUNCTION STATEMENT FOR function-name MATHCES THE SIGNATURE OF SOME OTHER FUNCTION ALREADY EXISTING IN THE SCHEMA  -455 IN CREATE FUNCTION FOR function-name, THE SCHEMA NAME schema-name PROVIDED FOR THE SPECIFIC NAME DOES NOT MATCH THE SCHEMA NAME schema-name 2 OF THE FUNCTION  -456 IN CREATE FUNCTION FOR function-name, THE SPECIFIC NAME specific-name ALREADY EXISTS IN THE SCHEMA  -457 A FUNCTION OR DISTINCT TYPE CANNOT BE CALLED name SINCE IT IS RESERVED FOR SYSTEM USE  -458 IN A REFERENCE TO FUNCTION function-name BY SIGNATURE, A MATCHING FUNCTION COULD NOT BE FOUND  -461 A VALUE WITH DATA TYPE source-data-type CANNOT BE CAST TO TYPE target-data-type  -469 SQL CALL STATEMENT MUST SPECIFY AN OUTPUT HOST VARIABLE FOR PARAMETER number  -470 SQL CALL STATEMENT SPECIFIED A NULL VALUE FOR INPUT PARAMETER number, BUT THE STORED PROCEDURE DOES NOT SUPPORT NULL VALUES  -471 INVOCATION OF FUNCTION OR PROCEDURE name FAILED DUE TO REASON rc  -472 CURSOR cursor-name WAS LEFT OPEN BY EXTERNAL FUNCTION function-name (SPECIFIC NAME specific-name)  -473 A USER DEFINED DATA TYPE CANNOT BE CALLED THE SAME NAME AS A SYSTEM PREDEFINED TYPE (BUILT-IN TYPE)  -475 THE RESULT TYPE type-1 OF THE SOURCE FUNCTION CANNOT BE CAST TO THE		-
-454 THE SIGNATURE PROVIDED IN THE CREATE FUNCTION STATEMENT FOR function-name MATHCES THE SIGNATURE OF SOME OTHER FUNCTION ALREADY EXISTING IN THE SCHEMA  -455 IN CREATE FUNCTION FOR function-name, THE SCHEMA NAME schema-name PROVIDED FOR THE SPECIFIC NAME DOES NOT MATCH THE SCHEMA NAME schema-name 2 OF THE FUNCTION  -456 IN CREATE FUNCTION FOR function-name, THE SPECIFIC NAME specific-name ALREADY EXISTS IN THE SCHEMA  -457 A FUNCTION OR DISTINCT TYPE CANNOT BE CALLED name SINCE IT IS RESERVED FOR SYSTEM USE  -458 IN A REFERENCE TO FUNCTION function-name BY SIGNATURE, A MATCHING FUNCTION COULD NOT BE FOUND  -461 A VALUE WITH DATA TYPE source-data-type CANNOT BE CAST TO TYPE target-data-type  -469 SQL CALL STATEMENT MUST SPECIFY AN OUTPUT HOST VARIABLE FOR PARAMETER number  -470 SQL CALL STATEMENT SPECIFIED A NULL VALUE FOR INPUT PARAMETER number, BUT THE STORED PROCEDURE DOES NOT SUPPORT NULL VALUES  -471 INVOCATION OF FUNCTION OR PROCEDURE name FAILED DUE TO REASON rc  -472 CURSOR cursor-name WAS LEFT OPEN BY EXTERNAL FUNCTION function-name (SPECIFIC NAME specific-name)  -473 A USER DEFINED DATA TYPE CANNOT BE CALLED THE SAME NAME AS A SYSTEM PREDEFINED TYPE (BUILT-IN TYPE)  -475 THE RESULT TYPE type-1 OF THE SOURCE FUNCTION CANNOT BE CAST TO THE	-453	
MATHCES THE SIGNATURE OF SOME OTHER FUNCTION ALREADY EXISTING IN THE SCHEMA  -455 IN CREATE FUNCTION FOR function-name, THE SCHEMA NAME schema-name PROVIDED FOR THE SPECIFIC NAME DOES NOT MATCH THE SCHEMA NAME schema-name2 OF THE FUNCTION  -456 IN CREATE FUNCTION FOR function-name, THE SPECIFIC NAME specific-name ALREADY EXISTS IN THE SCHEMA  -457 A FUNCTION OR DISTINCT TYPE CANNOT BE CALLED name SINCE IT IS RESERVED FOR SYSTEM USE  -458 IN A REFERENCE TO FUNCTION function-name BY SIGNATURE, A MATCHING FUNCTION COULD NOT BE FOUND  -461 A VALUE WITH DATA TYPE source-data-type CANNOT BE CAST TO TYPE target-data-type  -469 SQL CALL STATEMENT MUST SPECIFY AN OUTPUT HOST VARIABLE FOR PARAMETER number  -470 SQL CALL STATEMENT SPECIFIED A NULL VALUE FOR INPUT PARAMETER number, BUT THE STORED PROCEDURE DOES NOT SUPPORT NULL VALUES  -471 INVOCATION OF FUNCTION OR PROCEDURE name FAILED DUE TO REASON rc  -472 CURSOR cursor-name WAS LEFT OPEN BY EXTERNAL FUNCTION function-name (SPECIFIC NAME specific-name)  -473 A USER DEFINED DATA TYPE CANNOT BE CALLED THE SAME NAME AS A SYSTEM PREDEFINED TYPE (BUILT-IN TYPE)  -475 THE RESULT TYPE type-1 OF THE SOURCE FUNCTION CANNOT BE CAST TO THE		
SCHEMA  -455 IN CREATE FUNCTION FOR function-name, THE SCHEMA NAME schema-name PROVIDED FOR THE SPECIFIC NAME DOES NOT MATCH THE SCHEMA NAME schema-name2 OF THE FUNCTION  -456 IN CREATE FUNCTION FOR function-name, THE SPECIFIC NAME specific-name ALREADY EXISTS IN THE SCHEMA  -457 A FUNCTION OR DISTINCT TYPE CANNOT BE CALLED name SINCE IT IS RESERVED FOR SYSTEM USE  -458 IN A REFERENCE TO FUNCTION function-name BY SIGNATURE, A MATCHING FUNCTION COULD NOT BE FOUND  -461 A VALUE WITH DATA TYPE source-data-type CANNOT BE CAST TO TYPE target-data-type  -469 SQL CALL STATEMENT MUST SPECIFY AN OUTPUT HOST VARIABLE FOR PARAMETER number  -470 SQL CALL STATEMENT SPECIFIED A NULL VALUE FOR INPUT PARAMETER number, BUT THE STORED PROCEDURE DOES NOT SUPPORT NULL VALUES  -471 INVOCATION OF FUNCTION OR PROCEDURE name FAILED DUE TO REASON rc  -472 CURSOR cursor-name WAS LEFT OPEN BY EXTERNAL FUNCTION function-name (SPECIFIC NAME specific-name)  -473 A USER DEFINED DATA TYPE CANNOT BE CALLED THE SAME NAME AS A SYSTEM PREDEFINED TYPE (BUILT-IN TYPE)  -475 THE RESULT TYPE type-1 OF THE SOURCE FUNCTION CANNOT BE CAST TO THE	-454	THE SIGNATURE PROVIDED IN THE CREATE FUNCTION STATEMENT FOR function-name
FOR THE SPECIFIC NAME DOES NOT MATCH THE SCHEMA NAME schema-name2 OF THE FUNCTION  -456 IN CREATE FUNCTION FOR function-name, THE SPECIFIC NAME specific-name ALREADY EXISTS IN THE SCHEMA  -457 A FUNCTION OR DISTINCT TYPE CANNOT BE CALLED name SINCE IT IS RESERVED FOR SYSTEM USE  -458 IN A REFERENCE TO FUNCTION function-name BY SIGNATURE, A MATCHING FUNCTION COULD NOT BE FOUND  -461 A VALUE WITH DATA TYPE source-data-type CANNOT BE CAST TO TYPE target-data-type  -469 SQL CALL STATEMENT MUST SPECIFY AN OUTPUT HOST VARIABLE FOR PARAMETER number  -470 SQL CALL STATEMENT SPECIFIED A NULL VALUE FOR INPUT PARAMETER number, BUT THE STORED PROCEDURE DOES NOT SUPPORT NULL VALUES  -471 INVOCATION OF FUNCTION OR PROCEDURE name FAILED DUE TO REASON rc  -472 CURSOR cursor-name WAS LEFT OPEN BY EXTERNAL FUNCTION function-name (SPECIFIC NAME specific-name)  -473 A USER DEFINED DATA TYPE CANNOT BE CALLED THE SAME NAME AS A SYSTEM PREDEFINED TYPE (BUILT-IN TYPE)  -475 THE RESULT TYPE type-1 OF THE SOURCE FUNCTION CANNOT BE CAST TO THE		SCHEMA
FUNCTION  -456 IN CREATE FUNCTION FOR function-name, THE SPECIFIC NAME specific-name ALREADY EXISTS IN THE SCHEMA  -457 A FUNCTION OR DISTINCT TYPE CANNOT BE CALLED name SINCE IT IS RESERVED FOR SYSTEM USE  -458 IN A REFERENCE TO FUNCTION function-name BY SIGNATURE, A MATCHING FUNCTION COULD NOT BE FOUND  -461 A VALUE WITH DATA TYPE source-data-type CANNOT BE CAST TO TYPE target-data-type  -469 SQL CALL STATEMENT MUST SPECIFY AN OUTPUT HOST VARIABLE FOR PARAMETER number  -470 SQL CALL STATEMENT SPECIFIED A NULL VALUE FOR INPUT PARAMETER number, BUT THE STORED PROCEDURE DOES NOT SUPPORT NULL VALUES  -471 INVOCATION OF FUNCTION OR PROCEDURE name FAILED DUE TO REASON rc  -472 CURSOR cursor-name WAS LEFT OPEN BY EXTERNAL FUNCTION function-name (SPECIFIC NAME specific-name)  -473 A USER DEFINED DATA TYPE CANNOT BE CALLED THE SAME NAME AS A SYSTEM PREDEFINED TYPE (BUILT-IN TYPE)  -475 THE RESULT TYPE type-1 OF THE SOURCE FUNCTION CANNOT BE CAST TO THE	-455	
EXISTS IN THE SCHEMA  -457 A FUNCTION OR DISTINCT TYPE CANNOT BE CALLED name SINCE IT IS RESERVED FOR SYSTEM USE  -458 IN A REFERENCE TO FUNCTION function-name BY SIGNATURE, A MATCHING FUNCTION COULD NOT BE FOUND  -461 A VALUE WITH DATA TYPE source-data-type CANNOT BE CAST TO TYPE target-data-type  -469 SQL CALL STATEMENT MUST SPECIFY AN OUTPUT HOST VARIABLE FOR PARAMETER number  -470 SQL CALL STATEMENT SPECIFIED A NULL VALUE FOR INPUT PARAMETER number, BUT THE STORED PROCEDURE DOES NOT SUPPORT NULL VALUES  -471 INVOCATION OF FUNCTION OR PROCEDURE name FAILED DUE TO REASON rc  -472 CURSOR cursor-name WAS LEFT OPEN BY EXTERNAL FUNCTION function-name (SPECIFIC NAME specific-name)  -473 A USER DEFINED DATA TYPE CANNOT BE CALLED THE SAME NAME AS A SYSTEM PREDEFINED TYPE (BUILT-IN TYPE)  -475 THE RESULT TYPE type-1 OF THE SOURCE FUNCTION CANNOT BE CAST TO THE		FUNCTION
SYSTEM USE  -458 IN A REFERENCE TO FUNCTION function-name BY SIGNATURE, A MATCHING FUNCTION COULD NOT BE FOUND  -461 A VALUE WITH DATA TYPE source-data-type CANNOT BE CAST TO TYPE target-data-type  -469 SQL CALL STATEMENT MUST SPECIFY AN OUTPUT HOST VARIABLE FOR PARAMETER number  -470 SQL CALL STATEMENT SPECIFIED A NULL VALUE FOR INPUT PARAMETER number, BUT THE STORED PROCEDURE DOES NOT SUPPORT NULL VALUES  -471 INVOCATION OF FUNCTION OR PROCEDURE name FAILED DUE TO REASON rc  -472 CURSOR cursor-name WAS LEFT OPEN BY EXTERNAL FUNCTION function-name (SPECIFIC NAME specific-name)  -473 A USER DEFINED DATA TYPE CANNOT BE CALLED THE SAME NAME AS A SYSTEM PREDEFINED TYPE (BUILT-IN TYPE)  -475 THE RESULT TYPE type-1 OF THE SOURCE FUNCTION CANNOT BE CAST TO THE	-456	
COULD NOT BE FOUND  -461 A VALUE WITH DATA TYPE source-data-type CANNOT BE CAST TO TYPE target-data-type  -469 SQL CALL STATEMENT MUST SPECIFY AN OUTPUT HOST VARIABLE FOR PARAMETER number  -470 SQL CALL STATEMENT SPECIFIED A NULL VALUE FOR INPUT PARAMETER number, BUT THE STORED PROCEDURE DOES NOT SUPPORT NULL VALUES  -471 INVOCATION OF FUNCTION OR PROCEDURE name FAILED DUE TO REASON rc  -472 CURSOR cursor-name WAS LEFT OPEN BY EXTERNAL FUNCTION function-name (SPECIFIC NAME specific-name)  -473 A USER DEFINED DATA TYPE CANNOT BE CALLED THE SAME NAME AS A SYSTEM PREDEFINED TYPE (BUILT-IN TYPE)  -475 THE RESULT TYPE type-1 OF THE SOURCE FUNCTION CANNOT BE CAST TO THE	-457	
-469 SQL CALL STATEMENT MUST SPECIFY AN OUTPUT HOST VARIABLE FOR PARAMETER number -470 SQL CALL STATEMENT SPECIFIED A NULL VALUE FOR INPUT PARAMETER number, BUT THE STORED PROCEDURE DOES NOT SUPPORT NULL VALUES -471 INVOCATION OF FUNCTION OR PROCEDURE name FAILED DUE TO REASON rc -472 CURSOR cursor-name WAS LEFT OPEN BY EXTERNAL FUNCTION function-name (SPECIFIC NAME specific-name) -473 A USER DEFINED DATA TYPE CANNOT BE CALLED THE SAME NAME AS A SYSTEM PREDEFINED TYPE (BUILT-IN TYPE) -475 THE RESULT TYPE type-1 OF THE SOURCE FUNCTION CANNOT BE CAST TO THE	-458	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
-469 SQL CALL STATEMENT MUST SPECIFY AN OUTPUT HOST VARIABLE FOR PARAMETER number -470 SQL CALL STATEMENT SPECIFIED A NULL VALUE FOR INPUT PARAMETER number, BUT THE STORED PROCEDURE DOES NOT SUPPORT NULL VALUES -471 INVOCATION OF FUNCTION OR PROCEDURE name FAILED DUE TO REASON rc -472 CURSOR cursor-name WAS LEFT OPEN BY EXTERNAL FUNCTION function-name (SPECIFIC NAME specific-name) -473 A USER DEFINED DATA TYPE CANNOT BE CALLED THE SAME NAME AS A SYSTEM PREDEFINED TYPE (BUILT-IN TYPE) -475 THE RESULT TYPE type-1 OF THE SOURCE FUNCTION CANNOT BE CAST TO THE	-461	A VALUE WITH DATA TYPE source-data-type CANNOT BE CAST TO TYPE target-data-type
number  -470 SQL CALL STATEMENT SPECIFIED A NULL VALUE FOR INPUT PARAMETER number, BUT THE STORED PROCEDURE DOES NOT SUPPORT NULL VALUES  -471 INVOCATION OF FUNCTION OR PROCEDURE name FAILED DUE TO REASON rc  -472 CURSOR cursor-name WAS LEFT OPEN BY EXTERNAL FUNCTION function-name (SPECIFIC NAME specific-name)  -473 A USER DEFINED DATA TYPE CANNOT BE CALLED THE SAME NAME AS A SYSTEM PREDEFINED TYPE (BUILT-IN TYPE)  -475 THE RESULT TYPE type-1 OF THE SOURCE FUNCTION CANNOT BE CAST TO THE	-469	SQL CALL STATEMENT MUST SPECIFY AN OUTPUT HOST VARIABLE FOR PARAMETER
THE STORED PROCEDURE DOES NOT SUPPORT NULL VALUES  -471 INVOCATION OF FUNCTION OR PROCEDURE name FAILED DUE TO REASON rc  -472 CURSOR cursor-name WAS LEFT OPEN BY EXTERNAL FUNCTION function-name (SPECIFIC NAME specific-name)  -473 A USER DEFINED DATA TYPE CANNOT BE CALLED THE SAME NAME AS A SYSTEM PREDEFINED TYPE (BUILT-IN TYPE)  -475 THE RESULT TYPE type-1 OF THE SOURCE FUNCTION CANNOT BE CAST TO THE		
-471 INVOCATION OF FUNCTION OR PROCEDURE name FAILED DUE TO REASON rc  -472 CURSOR cursor-name WAS LEFT OPEN BY EXTERNAL FUNCTION function-name (SPECIFIC NAME specific-name)  -473 A USER DEFINED DATA TYPE CANNOT BE CALLED THE SAME NAME AS A SYSTEM PREDEFINED TYPE (BUILT-IN TYPE)  -475 THE RESULT TYPE type-1 OF THE SOURCE FUNCTION CANNOT BE CAST TO THE	-470	SQL CALL STATEMENT SPECIFIED A NULL VALUE FOR INPUT PARAMETER number, BUT
-472 CURSOR cursor-name WAS LEFT OPEN BY EXTERNAL FUNCTION function-name (SPECIFIC NAME specific-name)  -473 A USER DEFINED DATA TYPE CANNOT BE CALLED THE SAME NAME AS A SYSTEM PREDEFINED TYPE (BUILT-IN TYPE)  -475 THE RESULT TYPE type-1 OF THE SOURCE FUNCTION CANNOT BE CAST TO THE		THE STORED PROCEDURE DOES NOT SUPPORT NULL VALUES
(SPECIFIC NAME specific-name)  -473 A USER DEFINED DATA TYPE CANNOT BE CALLED THE SAME NAME AS A SYSTEM PREDEFINED TYPE (BUILT-IN TYPE)  -475 THE RESULT TYPE type-1 OF THE SOURCE FUNCTION CANNOT BE CAST TO THE	-471	
-473 A USER DEFINED DATA TYPE CANNOT BE CALLED THE SAME NAME AS A SYSTEM PREDEFINED TYPE (BUILT-IN TYPE)  -475 THE RESULT TYPE type-1 OF THE SOURCE FUNCTION CANNOT BE CAST TO THE	-472	
-475 THE RESULT TYPE type-1 OF THE SOURCE FUNCTION CANNOT BE CAST TO THE	-473	
RETURNS TYPE type-2 OF THE USER-DEFINED FUNCTION	-475	
		RETURNS TYPE type-2 OF THE USER-DEFINED FUNCTION

-476	REFERENCE TO FUNCTION function-name WAS NAMED WITHOUT A SIGNATURE, BUT THE FUNCTION IS NOT UNIQUE WITHIN ITS SCHEMA
-478	DROP OR REVOKE ON OBJECT TYPE type1 CANNOT BE PROCESSED BECAUSE OBJECT name OF TYPE type2 IS DEPENDENT ON IT
-480	THE PROCEDURE procedure-name HAS NOT YET BEEN CALLED
-482	THE PROCEDURE procedure-name RETURNED NO LOCATORS
-483	IN CREATE FUNCTION FOR function-name STATEMENT, THE NUMBER OF PARAMETERS DOES NOT MATCH THE NUMBER OF PARAMETERS OF THE SOURCE FUNCTION
-487	object-type object-name ATTEMPTED TO EXECUTE AN SQL STATEMENT WHEN THE DEFINITION OF THE FUNCTION OR PROCEDURE DID NOT SPECIFY THIS ACTION
-490	NUMBER number DIRECTLY SPECIFIED IN AN SQL STATEMENT IS OUTSIDE THE RANGE OF ALLOWABLE VALUES IN THIS CONTEXT (minval, maxval)
-491	CREATE STATEMENT FOR USER-DEFINED FUNCTION function-name MUST HAVE A RETURNS CLAUSE AND: THE EXTERNAL CLAUSE WITH OTHER REQUIRED KEYWORDS; THE RETURN STATEMENT AND PARAMETER NAMES; OR THE SOURCE CLAUSE
-492	THE CREATE FUNCTION FOR function-name HAS A PROBLEM WITH PARAMETER NUMBER number. IT MAY INVOLVE A MISMATCH WITH A SOURCE FUNCTION
-495	ESTIMATED PROCESSOR COST OF estimate-amount1 PROCESSOR SECONDS (estimate-amount2 SERVICE UNITS) IN COST CATEGORY cost-category EXCEEDS A RESOURCE LIMIT ERROR THRESHOLD OF limit- amount SERVICE UNITS
-496	THE SQL STATEMENT CANNOT BE EXECUTED BECAUSE IT REFERENCES A RESULT SET THAT WAS NOT CREATED BY THE CURRENT SERVER
-497	THE MAXIMUM LIMIT OF INTERNAL IDENTIFIERS HAS BEEN EXCEEDED FOR DATABASE
-499	CURSOR cursor-name HAS ALREADY BEEN ASSIGNED TO THIS OR ANOTHER RESULT SET FROM PROCEDURE procedure-name.
-500	THE IDENTIFIED CURSOR WAS CLOSED WHEN THE CONNECTION WAS DESTROYED
-501	THE CURSOR IDENTIFIED IN A FETCH OR CLOSE STATEMENT IS NOT OPEN
-502	THE CURSOR IDENTIFIED IN AN OPEN STATEMENT IS ALREADY OPEN
-503	A COLUMN CANNOT BE UPDATED BECAUSE IT IS NOT IDENTIFIED IN THE UPDATE CLAUSE OF THE SELECT STATEMENT OF THE CURSOR
-504	THE CURSOR NAME cursor-name IS NOT DECLARED
-507	THE CURSOR IDENTIFIED IN THE UPDATE OR DELETE STATEMENT IS NOT OPEN
-508	THE CURSOR IDENTIFIED IN THE UPDATE OR DELETE STATEMENT IS NOT POSITIONED ON A ROW OR ROWSET THAT CAN BE UPDATED OR DELETED
-509	THE TABLE IDENTIFIED IN THE UPDATE OR DELETE STATEMENT IS NOT THE SAME TABLE DESIGNATED BY THE CURSOR
-510	THE TABLE DESIGNATED BY THE CURSOR OF THE UPDATE OR DELETE STATEMENT CANNOT BE MODIFIED
-511	THE FOR UPDATE CLAUSE CANNOT BE SPECIFIED BECAUSE THE TABLE DESIGNATED BY THE CURSOR CANNOT BE MODIFIED
-512	STATEMENT REFERENCE TO REMOTE OBJECT IS INVALID
-513	THE ALIAS alias-name MUST NOT BE DEFINED ON ANOTHER LOCAL OR REMOTE ALIAS
-514	THE CURSOR cursor-name IS NOT IN A PREPARED STATE
-516	THE DESCRIBE FOR STATIC STATEMENT DOES NOT IDENTIFY A PREPARED STATEMENT
-517	CURSOR cursor-name CANNOT BE USED BECAUSE ITS STATEMENT NAME DOES NOT IDENTIFY A PREPARED SELECT STATEMENT
-518	THE EXECUTE STATEMENT DOES NOT IDENTIFY A VALID PREPARED STATEMENT
-519	THE PREPARE STATEMENT IDENTIFIES THE SELECT STATEMENT OF THE OPENED
	CURSOR cursor-name

-525	THE SQL STATEMENT CANNOT BE EXECUTED BECAUSE IT WAS IN ERROR AT BIND TIME FOR SECTION = sectno PACKAGE = pkgname CONSISTENCY TOKEN = X'contoken'
-526	THE REQUESTED OPERATION OR USAGE DOES NOT APPLY TO table-type TEMPORARY TABLE table-name
-530	THE INSERT OR UPDATE VALUE OF FOREIGN KEY constraint-name IS INVALID
-531	PARENT KEY IN A PARENT ROW CANNOT BE UPDATED BECAUSE IT HAS ONE OR MORE
	DEPENDENT ROWS IN RELATIONSHIP constraint-name
-532	THE RELATIONSHIP constraint-name RESTRICTS THE DELETION OF ROW WITH RID X rid-number
-533	INVALID MULTIPLE-ROW INSERT
-534	THE PRIMARY KEY CANNOT BE UPDATED BECAUSE OF MULTIPLE-ROW UPDATE
-536	THE DELETE STATEMENT IS INVALID BECAUSE TABLE table-name CAN BE AFFECTED BY THE OPERATION
-537	THE PRIMARY KEY CLAUSE, A FOREIGN KEY CLAUSE, OR A UNIQUE CLAUSE IDENTIFIES COLUMN column-name MORE THAN ONCE
-538	FOREIGN KEY name DOES NOT CONFORM TO THE DESCRIPTION OF A PARENT KEY OF
500	TABLE table-name
-539	TABLE table-name DOES NOT HAVE A PRIMARY KEY
-540	THE DEFINITION OF TABLE table-name IS INCOMPLETE BECAUSE IT LACKS A PRIMARY INDEX OR A REQUIRED UNIQUE INDEX
-542	column-name CANNOT BE A COLUMN OF A PRIMARY KEY, A UNIQUE CONSTRAINT, OR A PARENT KEY BECAUSE IT CAN CONTAIN NULL VALUES
-543	A ROW IN A PARENT TABLE CANNOT BE DELETED BECAUSE THE CHECK CONSTRAINT check-constraint RESTRICTS THE DELETION
-544	THE CHECK CONSTRAINT SPECIFIED IN THE ALTER TABLE STATEMENT CANNOT BE
	ADDED BECAUSE AN EXISTING ROW VIOLATES THE CHECK CONSTRAINT
-545	THE REQUESTED OPERATION IS NOT ALLOWED BECAUSE A ROW DOES NOT SATISFY THE CHECK CONSTRAINT check-constraint
-546	THE CHECK CONSTRAINT constraint-name IS INVALID
-548	A CHECK CONSTRAINT THAT IS DEFINED WITH column-name IS INVALID
-549	THE statement STATEMENT IS NOT ALLOWED FOR object_type1 object_name BECAUSE THE BIND OPTION DYNAMICRULES(RUN) IS NOT IN EFFECT FOR object_type2
-551	auth-id DOES NOT HAVE THE PRIVILEGE TO PERFORM OPERATION operation ON
	OBJECT object-name
-552	auth-id DOES NOT HAVE THE PRIVILEGE TO PERFORM OPERATION operation
-553	auth-id SPECIFIED IS NOT ONE OF THE VALID AUTHORIZATION IDS FOR REQUESTED OPERATION
-554	AN AUTHORIZATION ID CANNOT GRANT A PRIVILEGE TO ITSELF
-555	AN AUTHORIZATION ID CANNOT REVOKE A PRIVILEGE FROM ITSELF
-556	authid2 CANNOT HAVE THE privilege PRIVILEGE on_object REVOKED BY authid1 BECAUSE THE REVOKEE DOES NOT POSSESS THE PRIVILEGE OR THE REVOKER DID NOT MAKE THE GRANT
-557	INCONSISTENT GRANT/REVOKE KEYWORD keyword. PERMITTED KEYWORDS ARE keyword-list
-558	INVALID CLAUSE OR COMBINATION OF CLAUSES ON A GRANT OR REVOKE
-559	ALL AUTHORIZATION FUNCTIONS HAVE BEEN DISABLED
-567	bind-type AUTHORIZATION ERROR USING auth-id AUTHORITY PACKAGE = package-name PRIVILEGE = privilege
-571	THE STATEMENT WOULD RESULT IN A MULTIPLE SITE UPDATE
-573	TABLE table-name DOES NOT HAVE A UNIQUE KEY WITH THE SPECIFIED COLUMN
	NAMES

-574	THE SPECIFIED DEFAULT VALUE OR IDENTITY ATTRIBUTE VALUE CONFLICTS WITH THE DEFINITION OF COLUMN column-name	
-575	VIEW view-name CANNOT BE REFERENCED	
-577	object-type object-name ATTEMPTED TO MODIFY DATA WHEN THE DEFINITION OF THE	
	FUNCTION OF PROCEDURE DID NOT SPECIFY THIS ACTION	
-579	object-type object-name ATTEMPTED TO READ OR MODIFY DATA WHEN THE DEFINITION	
	OF THE FUNCTION OR PROCEDURE DID NOT SPECIFY THIS ACTION	
-580	THE RESULT-EXPRESSIONS OF A CASE EXPRESSION CANNOT ALL BE NULL	
-581	THE DATA TYPES OF THE RESULT-EXPRESSIONS OF A CASE EXPRESSION ARE NOT COMPATIBLE	
-582	THE SEARCH-CONDITION IN A SEARCHED-WHEN-CLAUSE CANNOT BE A QUANTIFIED PREDICATE, IN PREDICATE, OR AN EXISTS PREDICATE.	
-583	THE USE OF FUNCTION OR EXPRESSION name IS INVALID BECAUSE IT IS NOT	
	DETERMINISTIC OR HAS AN EXTERNAL ACTION	
-584	INVALID USE OF NULL	
-585	THE COLLECTION collection-id APPEARS MORE THAN ONCE IN THE SET special-	
	register STATEMENT	
-586	THE TOTAL LENGTH OF THE CURRENT PATH SPECIAL REGISTER CANNOT EXCEED 2048 CHARACTERS	
-589	A POSITIONED DELETE OR UPDATE STATEMENT FOR CURSOR cursor-name	
	SPECIFIED A ROW OF A ROWSET, BUT THE CURSOR IS NOT POSITIONED ON A ROWSET	
-590	NAME name IS NOT UNIQUE IN THE CREATE OR ALTER FOR ROUTINE routine-name	
-592	NOT AUTHORIZED TO CREATE FUNCTIONS OR PROCEDURES IN WLM ENVIRONMENT	
-593	NOT NULL MUST BE SPECIFIED FOR ROWID (OR DISTINCT TYPE FOR ROWID) OR ROW	
504	CHANGE TIMESTAMP COLUMN column-name	
-594	ATTEMPT TO CREATE A NULLABLE ROWID OR DISTINCT TYPE COLUMN column-name	
-601	THE NAME (VERSION OR VOLUME SERIAL NUMBER) OF THE OBJECT TO BE DEFINED	
	OR THE TARGET OF A RENAME STATEMENT IS IDENTICAL TO THE EXISTING NAME (VERSION OR VOLUME SERIAL NUMBER) name OF THE OBJECT TYPE obj-type	
-602	TOO MANY COLUMNS OR KEY-EXPRESSIONS SPECIFIED IN A CREATE INDEX OR ALTER	
-002	INDEX STATEMENT	
-603	A UNIQUE INDEX CANNOT BE CREATED BECAUSE THE TABLE CONTAINS ROWS WHICH	
-003	ARE DUPLICATES WITH RESPECT TO THE VALUES OF THE IDENTIFIED COLUMNS	
-604	A DATA TYPE DEFINITION SPECIFIES AN INVALID LENGTH, PRECISION, OR SCALE	
-004	ATTRIBUTE	
-607	OPERATION OR OPTION operation IS NOT DEFINED FOR THIS OBJECT	
-611	ONLY LOCKMAX 0 CAN BE SPECIFIED WHEN THE LOCK SIZE OF THE TABLESPACE IS	
•	TABLESPACE OR TABLE	
-612	identifier IS A DUPLICATE NAME	
-613	THE PRIMARY KEY OR A UNIQUE CONSTRAINT IS TOO LONG OR HAS TOO MANY	
	COLUMNS	
-614	THE INDEX CANNOT BE CREATED OR THE LENGTH OF A COLUMN CANNOT BE	
	CHANGED BECAUSE THE SUM OF THE INTERNAL LENGTHS OF THE IDENTIFIED	
	COLUMNS IS GREATER THAN THE ALLOWABLE MAXIMUM	
-615	operation-type IS NOT ALLOWED ON A PACKAGE IN USE	
-616	obj-type1 obj-name1 CANNOT BE DROPPED BECAUSE IT IS REFERENCED BY obj-type2 obj-name2	
-618	OPERATION operation IS NOT ALLOWED ON SYSTEM DATABASES	
-619	OPERATION DISALLOWED BECAUSE THE WORK FILE DATABASE IS NOT STOPPED	
-620	KEYWORD keyword IN stmt-type STATEMENT IS NOT PERMITTED FOR A space-type	
Ì	SPACE IN THE database-type DATABASEV	

-621	DUPLICATE DBID dbid WAS DETECTED AND PREVIOUSLY ASSIGNED TO database-name
-622	FOR MIXED DATA IS INVALID BECAUSE THE MIXED DATA INSTALL OPTION IS NO
-623	A CLUSTERING INDEX ALREADY EXISTS ON TABLE table-name
-624	TABLE table-name ALREADY HAS A PRIMARY KEY OR UNIQUE CONSTRAINT WITH
021	SPECIFIED COLUMNS
-625	TABLE table-name DOES NOT HAVE AN INDEX TO ENFORCE THE UNIQUENESS OF THE
020	PRIMARY OR UNIQUE KEY
-626	THE ALTER STATEMENT IS NOT EXECUTABLE BECAUSE THE PAGE SET IS NOT
020	STOPPED
-627	THE ALTER STATEMENT IS INVALID BECAUSE THE TABLE SPACE OR INDEX HAS USER-
J	MANAGED DATA SETS
-628	THE CLAUSES ARE MUTUALLY EXCLUSIVE.
-629	SET NULL CANNOT BE SPECIFIED BECAUSE FOREIGN KEY name CANNOT CONTAIN
0_0	NULL VALUES
-631	FOREIGN KEY name IS TOO LONG OR HAS TOO MANY COLUMNS
-632	THE TABLE CANNOT BE DEFINED AS A DEPENDENT OF table-name BECAUSE OF
	DELETE RULE RESTRICTIONS
-633	THE DELETE RULE MUST BE delete-rule
-634	THE DELETE RULE MUST NOT BE CASCADE
-635	THE DELETE RULES CANNOT BE DIFFERENT OR CANNOT BE SET NULL
-636	RANGES SPECIFIED FOR PARTITION part-num ARE NOT VALID
-637	DUPLICATE keyword KEYWORD OR CLAUSE
-638	TABLE table-name CANNOT BE CREATED BECAUSE COLUMN DEFINITION IS MISSING
-639	A NULLABLE COLUMN OF A FOREIGN KEY WITH A DELETE RULE OF SET NULL CANNOT
000	BE A COLUMN OF THE KEY OF A PARTITIONED INDEX
-642	TOO MANY COLUMNS IN UNIQUE CONSTRAINTS
-643	A CHECK CONSTRAINT OR THE VALUE OF AN EXPRESSION FOR A COLUMN OF AN
	INDEX EXCEEDS THE MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE LENGTH KEY EXPRESSION
-644	INVALID VALUE SPECIFIED FOR KEYWORD keyword IN OR CLAUSE keyword-or-clause
	IN STATEMENT stmt-type
-646	TABLE table-name CANNOT BE CREATED IN SPECIFIED TABLE SPACE table-space-name
	BECAUSE IT ALREADY CONTAINS A TABLE
-647	BUFFERPOOL bp-name FOR IMPLICIT OR EXPLICIT TABLESPACE OR INDEXSPACE name
"	HAS NOT BEEN ACTIVATED
-650	THE ALTER INDEX CANNOT BE EXECUTED, REASON reason
-651	TABLE DESCRIPTION EXCEEDS MAXIMUM SIZE OF OBJECT DESCRIPTOR.
-652	VIOLATION OF INSTALLATION DEFINED EDIT OR VALIDATION PROCEDURE
-653	TABLE table-name IN PARTITIONED TABLESPACE tspace-name IS NOT AVAILABLE BECAUSE ITS PARTITIONED INDEX HAS NOT BEEN CREATED
-655	THE CREATE OR ALTER STOGROUP IS INVALID BECAUSE THE STORAGE GROUP
000	WOULD HAVE BOTH SPECIFIC AND NON-SPECIFIC VOLUME IDS
-658	A object-type CANNOT BE DROPPED USING THE statement STATEMENT
-660	INDEX index-name CANNOT BE CREATED OR ALTERED ON PARTITIONED TABLESPACE
000	tspace-name BECAUSE KEY LIMITS ARE NOT SPECIFIED
-661	object-type index-name CANNOT BE CREATED ON PARTITIONED TABLE SPACE
	tspace-name BECAUSE THE NUMBER OF PARTITION SPECIFICATIONS IS NOT EQUAL
	TO THE NUMBER OF PARTITIONS OF THE TABLE SPACE
-662	A PARTITIONED INDEX CANNOT BE CREATED ON A NON-PARTITIONED, PARTITION-BY-
	GROWTH OR RANGE-PARTITIONED UNIVERSAL TABLE SPACE tspace-name

-663	THE NUMBER OF KEY LIMIT VALUES IS EITHER ZERO, OR GREATER THAN THE NUMBER OF COLUMNS IN THE KEY OF INDEX index-name	
-665	THE PART CLAUSE OF AN ALTER STATEMENT IS OMITTED OR INVALID	
-666	stmt-verb object CANNOT BE EXECUTED BECAUSE function IS IN PROGRESS	
-667	THE CLUSTERING INDEX FOR A PARTITIONED TABLESPACE CANNOT BE EXPLICITLY DROPPED	
-668	THE COLUMN CANNOT BE ADDED TO THE TABLE BECAUSE THE TABLE HAS AN EDIT PROCEDURE	
-669	THE OBJECT CANNOT BE EXPLICITLY DROPPED. REASON reason-code	
-670	THE RECORD LENGTH OF THE TABLE EXCEEDS THE PAGE SIZE LIMIT	
-671	THE BUFFERPOOL ATTRIBUTE OF THE TABLESPACE CANNOT BE ALTERED AS SPECIFIED BECAUSE IT WOULD CHANGE THE PAGE SIZE OF THE TABLESPACE	
-672	OPERATION DROP NOT ALLOWED ON TABLE table_name	
-676	THE PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS OF THE INDEX ARE INCOMPATIBLE WITH RESPECT TO THE SPECIFIED STATEMENT. THE STATEMENT HAS FAILED. REASON reason-code	
-677	INSUFFICIENT VIRTUAL STORAGE FOR BUFFERPOOL EXPANSION	
-678	THE CONSTANT constant SPECIFIED FOR THE INDEX LIMIT KEY MUST CONFORM TO THE DATA TYPE data-type OF THE CORRESPONDING COLUMN column-name	
-679	THE OBJECT name CANNOT BE CREATED BECAUSE A DROP IS PENDING ON THE OBJECT	
-680	TOO MANY COLUMNS SPECIFIED FOR A TABLE, VIEW or TABLE FUNCTION	
-681	COLUMN column-name IN VIOLATION OF INSTALLATION DEFINED FIELD PROCEDURE.	
	RT: return-code, RS:	
-682	FIELD PROCEDURE procedure-name COULD NOT BE LOADED	
-683	THE SPECIFICATION FOR COLUMN, DISTINCT TYPE, FUNCTION, OR PROCEDURE data- item CONTAINS INCOMPATIBLE CLAUSES	
-684	THE LENGTH OF LITERAL LIST BEGINNING string IS TOO LONG	
-685	INVALID FIELD TYPE, column-name	
-686	COLUMN DEFINED WITH A FIELD PROCEDURE CAN NOT COMPARE WITH ANOTHER COLUMN WITH DIFFERENT FIELD PROCEDURE	
-687	FIELD TYPES INCOMPARABLE	
-688	INCORRECT DATA RETURNED FROM FIELD PROCEDURE, column-name,	
-689	TOO MANY COLUMNS DEFINED FOR A DEPENDENT TABLE	
-690	THE STATEMENT IS REJECTED BY DATA DEFINITION CONTROL SUPPORT.	
-691	THE REQUIRED REGISTRATION TABLE table-name DOES NOT EXIST	
-692	THE REQUIRED UNIQUE INDEX index-name FOR DDL REGISTRATION TABLE table-name DOES NOT EXIST	
-693	THE COLUMN column-name IN DDL REGISTRATION TABLE OR INDEX table-name (index-name) IS NOT DEFINED PROPERLY	
-694	THE SCHEMA STATEMENT CANNOT BE EXECUTED BECAUSE A DROP IS PENDING ON THE DDL REGISTRATION TABLE table-name	
-695	INVALID VALUE seclabel SPECIFIED FOR SECURITY LABEL COLUMN OF TABLE table-name	
-696	THE DEFINITION OF TRIGGER trigger-name INCLUDES AN INVALID USE OF CORRELATION NAME OR TRANSITION TABLE NAME name. REASON CODE= reason-code	
-697	OLD OR NEW CORRELATION NAMES ARE NOT ALLOWED IN A TRIGGER DEFINED WITH THE FOR EACH STATEMENT CLAUSE. OLD_TABLE OR NEW_TABLE NAMES ARE NOT ALLOWED IN A TRIGGER WITH THE BEFORE CLAUSE.	
-713	THE REPLACEMENT VALUE value FOR special-register IS INVALID	
, ,,,	THE RELEGIOUS VALUE VALUE VALUE VALUE VALUE	

-715	PROGRAM program-name WITH MARK release-dependency-mark FAILED BECAUSE IT DEPENDS ON FUNCTIONS OF THE RELEASE FROM WHICH FALLBACK HAS OCCURRED
-716	PROGRAM program-name PRECOMPILED WITH INCORRECT LEVEL FOR THIS RELEASE
-717	bind-type FOR object-type object-name WITH MARK release-dependency-mark FAILED BECAUSE object-type DEPENDS ON FUNCTIONS OF THE RELEASE FROM WHICH THE FALLBACK OCCURRED
-718	REBIND OF PACKAGE package-name FAILED BECAUSE IBMREQD OF ibmreqd IS INVALID
-719	BIND ADD ERROR USING auth-id AUTHORITY PACKAGE
-720	BIND ERROR, ATTEMPTING TO REPLACE PACKAGE = package_name WITH VERSION = version2 BUT THIS VERSION ALREADY EXISTS
-721	BIND ERROR FOR PACKAGE = pkg-id CONTOKEN = 'contoken'X IS NOT UNIQUE SO IT CANNOT BE CREATED
-722	bind-type ERROR USING auth-id AUTHORITY PACKAGE package-name DOES NOT EXIST
-723	AN ERROR OCCURRED IN A TRIGGERED SQL STATEMENT IN TRIGGER trigger-name, SECTION NUMBER section-number, INFORMATION RETURNED: SQLCODE sqlerror, SQLSTATE sqlstate, AND MESSAGE TOKENS token-list
-724	THE ACTIVATION OF THE object-type OBJECT object-name WOULD EXCEED THE MAXIMUM LEVEL OF INDIRECT SQL CASCADING
-725	THE SPECIAL REGISTER register AT LOCATION location WAS SUPPLIED AN INVALID VALUE
-726	BIND ERROR ATTEMPTING TO REPLACE PACKAGE = <package_name>. THERE ARE ENABLE OR DISABLE ENTRIES CURRENTLY ASSOCIATED WITH THE PACKAGE</package_name>
-728	DATA TYPE data-type IS NOT ALLOWED IN DB2 PRIVATE PROTOCOL PROCESSING
-729	A STORED PROCEDURE SPECIFYING COMMIT ON RETURN CANNOT BE THE TARGET OF A NESTED CALL STATEMENT
-730	THE PARENT OF A TABLE IN A READ-ONLY SHARED DATABASE MUST ALSO BE A TABLE IN A READ-ONLY SHARED DATABASE
-731	USER-DEFINED DATA SET dsname MUST BE DEFINED WITH SHAREOPTIONS(1,3)
-732	THE DATABASE IS DEFINED ON THIS SUBSYSTEM WITH THE ROSHARE READ ATTRIBUTE BUT THE TABLESPACE OR INDEX SPACE HAS NOT BEEN DEFINED ON THE OWNING SUBSYSTEM
-733	THE DESCRIPTION OF A TABLESPACE, INDEX SPACE, OR TABLE IN A ROSHARE READ DATABASE MUST BE CONSISTENT WITH ITS DESCRIPTION IN THE OWNER SYSTEM
-734	THE ROSHARE ATTRIBUTE OF A DATABASE CANNOT BE ALTERED FROM ROSHARE READ
-735	DATABASE dbid CANNOT BE ACCESSED BECAUSE IT IS NO LONGER A SHARED DATABASE
-736	INVALID OBID obid SPECIFIED
-737	IMPLICIT TABLESPACE NOT ALLOWED
-739	ALTER FUNCTION function-name FAILED BECAUSE FUNCTIONS CANNOT MODIFY DATA WHEN THEY ARE PROCESSED IN PARALLEL
-740	FUNCTION name IS DEFINED WITH THE OPTION MODIFIES SQL DATA WHICH IS NOT VALID IN THE CONTEXT IN WHICH IT WAS INVOKED
-741	A WORK FILE DATABASE IS ALREADY DEFINED FOR MEMBER member-name
-742	DSNDB07 IS THE IMPLICIT WORK FILE DATABASE
-746	THE SQL STATEMENT IN AN EXTERNAL FUNCTION, TRIGGER, OR IN STORED PROCEDURE name VIOLATES THE NESTING SQL RESTRICTION
-747	TABLE table-name IS NOT AVAILABLE UNTIL THE AUXILIARY TABLES AND INDEXES FOR ITS EXTERNALLY STORED COLUMNS HAVE BEEN CREATED
-748	AN INDEX ALREADY EXISTS ON AUXILIARY TABLE

-750	THE SOURCE TABLE table-name CANNOT BE RENAMED BECAUSE IT IS REFERENCED IN EXISTING VIEW, MATERIALIZED QUERY TABLE, OR TRIGGER DEFINITIONS, IS A
<u> </u>	CLONE TABLE, OR HAS A CLONE TABLE DEFINED FOR IT
-751	object-type object-name (SPECIFIC NAME specific name) ATTEMPTED TO EXECUTE AN SQL STATEMENT statement THAT IS NOT ALLOWED
-752	THE CONNECT STATEMENT IS INVALID BECAUSE THE PROCESS ISNOT IN THE CONNECTABLE STATE
-763	INVALID TABLESPACE NAME table-space-name
-764	A LOB TABLESPACE AND ITS ASSOCIATED BASE TABLESPACE MUST BE IN THE SAME
_	DATABASE
-765 766	TABLE IS NOT COMPATIBLE WITH DATABASE
-766	THE OBJECT OF A STATEMENT IS AN AUXILIARY TABLE FOR WHICH THE REQUESTED OPERATION IS NOT PERMITTED
-767	MISSING OR INVALID COLUMN SPECIFICATION FOR INDEX
-768	AN AUXILIARY TABLE ALREADY EXISTS FOR THE SPECIFIED COLUMN OR PARTITION
-769	SPECIFICATION OF CREATE AUX TABLE DOES NOT MATCH THE CHARACTERISTICS OF THE BASE TABLE
-770	TABLE table-name CANNOT HAVE A LOB COLUMN UNLESS IT ALSO HAS A ROWID, OR AN XML COLUMN UNLESS IT ALSO HAS A DOCID COLUMN
-771	INVALID SPECIFICATION OF A ROWID COLUMN
-773	CASE NOT FOUND FOR CASE STATEMENT
-776	USE OF CURSOR cursor-name IS NOT VALID
-778	ENDING LABEL label DOES NOT MATCH THE BEGINNING LABEL
-779	LABEL 1abe1 SPECIFIED ON A GOTO, ITERATE, OR LEAVE STATEMENT IS NOT VALID
-780	UNDO SPECIFIED FOR A HANDLER
-781	CONDITION condition-name IS NOT DEFINED OR THE DEFINITION IS NOT IN SCOPE
-782	A CONDITION OR SQLSTATE value SPECIFIED IS NOT VALID
-783	SELECT LIST FOR CURSOR cursor-name IN FOR STATEMENT IS NOT VALID. COLUMN column-name IS NOT UNIQUE
-785	USE OF SQLCODE OR SQLSTATE IS NOT VALID
-787	RESIGNAL STATEMENT ISSUED OUTSIDE OF A HANDLER
-797	THE TRIGGER trigger-name IS DEFINED WITH AN UNSUPPORTED TRIGGERED SQL STATEMENT
-798	A VALUE CANNOT BE SPECIFIED FOR COLUMN column-name WHICH IS DEFINED AS GENERATED ALWAYS
-802	EXCEPTION ERROR 'exception-type' HAS OCCURRED DURING 'operation-type' OPERATION ON 'data-type' DATA, POSITION 'position-number'
-803	AN INSERTED OR UPDATED VALUE IS INVALID BECAUSE THE INDEX IN INDEX SPACE indexspace-name CONSTRAINS COLUMNS OF THE TABLE SO NO TWO ROWS CAN CONTAIN DUPLICATE VALUES IN THOSE COLUMNS. RID OF EXISTING ROW IS X'rid'
-804	AN ERROR WAS FOUND IN THE APPLICATION PROGRAM INPUT PARAMETERS FOR THE SQL STATEMENT, REASON reason
-805	DBRM OR PACKAGE NAME location-name.collection-id.dbrm-name-consistency-token NOT FOUND IN PLAN plan-name. REASON reason
-807	ACCESS DENIED: PACKAGE package-name IS NOT ENABLED FOR ACCESS FROM connection-type connection-name
-808	THE CONNECT STATEMENT IS NOT CONSISTENT WITH THE FIRST CONNECT STATEMENT
-811	THE RESULT OF AN EMBEDDED SELECT STATEMENT IS A TABLE OF MORE THAN ONE ROW, OR THE RESULT OF THE SUBQUERY OF A BASIC PREDICATE IS MORE THAN ONE VALUE

-812	THE SQL STATEMENT CANNOT BE PROCESSED BECAUSE A BLANK COLLECTION-ID WAS FOUND IN THE CURRENT PACKAGESET SPECIAL REGISTER WHILE TRYING TO
	FORM A QUALIFIED PACKAGE NAME FOR PROGRAM program-name.consistency-token USING PLAN plan-name
-817	THE SQL STATEMENT CANNOT BE EXECUTED BECAUSE THE STATEMENT WILL RESULT IN A PROHIBITED UPDATE OPERATION.
-818	THE PRECOMPILER-GENERATED TIMESTAMP x IN THE LOAD MODULE IS DIFFERENT FROM THE BIND TIMESTAMP y BUILT FROM THE DBRM z
-819	THE VIEW CANNOT BE PROCESSED BECAUSE THE LENGTH OF ITS PARSE TREE IN THE CATALOG IS ZERO
-820	THE SQL STATEMENT CANNOT BE PROCESSED BECAUSE catalog-table CONTAINS A VALUE THAT IS NOT VALID IN THIS RELEASE
-822	THE SQLDA CONTAINS AN INVALID DATA ADDRESS OR INDICATOR VARIABLE ADDRESS
-840	TOO MANY ITEMS RETURNED IN A SELECT OR INSERT LIST
-842	A CONNECTION TO location-name ALREADY EXISTS
-843	THE SET CONNECTION OR RELEASE STATEMENT MUST SPECIFY AN EXISTING CONNECTION
-845	A PREVIOUS VALUE EXPRESSION CANNOT BE USED BEFORE THE  NEXT VALUE EXPRESSION GENERATES A VALUE IN THE CURRENT APPLICATION PROCESS  FOR SEQUENCE sequence-name
-846	INVALID SPECIFICATION OF AN IDENTITY COLUMN OR SEQUENCE OBJECT object_type object_name. REASON CODE = reason_code
-867	INVALID SPECIFICATION OF A ROWID COLUMN
-870	THE NUMBER OF HOST VARIABLES IN THE STATEMENT IS NOT EQUAL TO THE NUMBER OF DESCRIPTORS
-872	A VALID CCSID HAS NOT YET BEEN SPECIFIED FOR THIS SUBSYSTEM
-873	THE STATEMENT REFERENCED DATA ENCODED WITH DIFFERENT ENCODING
-874	SCHEMES OR CCSIDS IN AN INVALID CONTEXT  THE ENCODING SCHEME SPECIFIED FOR THE object-type MUST BE THE SAME AS THE
	CONTAINING TABLESPACE OR OTHER PARAMETERS
-875	operand CANNOT BE USED WITH THE ASCII DATA REFERENCED
-876	' object' CANNOT BE CREATED OR ALTERED, REASON ' reason'
-877	CCSID ASCII IS NOT ALLOWED FOR THIS DATABASE OR TABLE SPACE
-878 -879	THE PLAN_TABLE USED FOR EXPLAIN CANNOT BE ASCII  CREATE OF ALTER STATEMENT FOR Obj-name CANNOT DEFINE A COLUMN, DISTINCT TYPE, FUNCTION OR STORED PROCEDURE PARAMETER AS MIXED OR GRAPHIC WITH ENCODING SCHEME encoding-scheme
-880	SAVEPOINT savepoint-name DOES NOT EXIST OR IS INVALID IN THIS CONTEXT
-881	A SAVEPOINT WITH NAME savepoint-name ALREADY EXISTS, BUT THIS SAVEPOINT NAME CANNOT BE REUSED
-882	SAVEPOINT DOES NOT EXIST
-900	THE SQL STATEMENT CANNOT BE EXECUTED BECAUSE THE APPLICATION PROCESS IS
	NOT CONNECTED TO AN APPLICATION SERVER
-901	UNSUCCESSFUL EXECUTION CAUSED BY A SYSTEM ERROR THAT DOES NOT PRECLUDE THE SUCCESSFUL EXECUTION OF SUBSEQUENT SQL STATEMENTS
-904	UNSUCCESSFUL EXECUTION CAUSED BY AN UNAVAILABLE RESOURCE. REASON reason-code, TYPE OR RESOURCE resource-type, AND RESOURCE NAME resource-name
-905	UNSUCCESSFUL EXECUTION DUE TO RESOURCE LIMIT BEING EXCEEDED, RESOURCE NAME = resource-name LIMIT = limit-amount1 CPU SECONDS (limit-amount2 SERVICE UNITS) DERIVED FROM limit-source

-906	THE SQL STATEMENT CANNOT BE EXECUTED BECAUSE THIS FUNCTION IS DISABLED DUE TO A PRIOR ERROR
-908	bind-type ERROR USING auth-id AUTHORITY. BIND, REBIND OR AUTO-REBIND OPERATION IS NOT ALLOWED
-909	THE OBJECT HAS BEEN DELETED
-910	THE SQL STATEMENT CANNOT ACCESS AN OBJECT ON WHICH A DROP OR ALTER IS PENDING
-911	THE CURRENT UNIT OF WORK HAS BEEN ROLLED BACK DUE TO DEADLOCK OR TIMEOUT. REASON reason-code, TYPE OF RESOURCE resource-type, AND RESOURCE NAME resource-name
-913	UNSUCCESSFUL EXECUTION CAUSED BY DEADLOCK OR TIMEOUT. REASON CODE reason-code, TYPE OF RESOURCE resource-type, AND RESOURCE NAME resource-name
-917	BIND PACKAGE FAILED
-918	THE SQL STATEMENT CANNOT BE EXECUTED BECAUSE A CONNECTION HAS BEEN LOST
-919	A ROLLBACK OPERATION IS REQUIRED
-922	AUTHORIZATION FAILURE: error-type ERROR. REASON reason-code
-923	CONNECTION NOT ESTABLISHED: DB2 condition REASON reason-code, TYPE resource-type, NAME resource-name
-924	DB2 CONNECTION INTERNAL ERROR, function-code, return-code, reason-code
-925	COMMIT NOT VALID IN IMS OR CICS ENVIRONMENT
-926	ROLLBACK NOT VALID IN IMS, CICS OR RRSAF ENVIRONMENT
-927	THE LANGUAGE INTERFACE (LI) WAS CALLED WHEN THE CONNECTING ENVIRONMENT WAS NOT ESTABLISHED. THE PROGRAM SHOULD BE INVOKED UNDER THE DSN COMMAND
-929	FAILURE IN A DATA CAPTURE EXIT: token
-939	ROLLBACK REQUIRED DUE TO UNREQUESTED ROLLBACK OF A REMOTE SERVER
-947	THE SQL STATEMENT FAILED BECAUSE IT WILL CHANGE A TABLE DEFINED WITH DATA CAPTURE CHANGES, BUT THE DATA CANNOT BE PROPAGATED
-948	DISTRIBUTED OPERATION IS INVALID
-950	THE LOCATION NAME SPECIFIED IN THE CONNECT STATEMENT IS INVALID OR NOT LISTED IN THE COMMUNICATIONS DATABASE
-951	OBJECT object-name OBJECT TYPE object-type IS IN USE AND CANNOT BE THE TARGET OF THE SPECIFIED ALTER STATEMENT
-952	PROCESSING WAS INTERRUPTED BY A CANCEL REQUEST FROM A CLIENT PROGRAM
-981	THE SQL STATEMENT FAILED BECAUSE THE RRSAF CONNECTION IS NOT IN A STATE THAT ALLOWS SQL OPERATIONS, REASON reason-code.
-989	AFTER TRIGGER trigger-name ATTEMPTED TO MODIFY A ROW IN TABLE table-name THAT WAS MODIFIED BY AN SQL DATA CHANGE STATEMENT WITHIN A FROM CLAUSE
-991	CALL ATTACH WAS UNABLE TO ESTABLISH AN IMPLICIT CONNECT OR OPEN TO DB2. RC1= rc1 RC2= rc2
-992	PACKAGE package-name CANNOT BE EXECUTED OR DEPLOYED ON LOCATION location-name
-1403	THE USERNAME AND/OR PASSWORD SUPPLIED IS INCORRECT
-1706	CREATE PROCEDURE FOR procedure-name MUST HAVE VALID LANGUAGE AND EXTERNAL CLAUSES
-2001	THE NUMBER OF HOST VARIABLE PARAMETERS FOR A STORED PROCEDURE IS NOT EQUAL TO THE NUMBER OF EXPECTED HOST VARIABLE PARAMETERS. ACTUAL NUMBER

-4302	JAVA STORED PROCEDURE OR USER-DEFINED FUNCTION routine-name (SPECIFIC	
	NAME specific-name) HAS EXITED WITH AN EXCEPTION exception-string	
-4700	ATTEMPT TO USE NEW FUNCTION BEFORE NEW FUNCTION MODE	
-4701	THE NUMBER OF PARTITIONS, OR THE COMBINATION OF THE NUMBER OF TABLE	
	SPACE PARTITIONS AND THE CORRESPONDING LENGTH OF THE PARTITIONING LIMIT	
4700	KEY EXCEEDS THE SYSTEM LIMIT	
-4702	THE MAXIMUM NUMBER OF ALTERS ALLOWED HAS BEEN EXCEEDED FOR object-type	
-4703	THE ALTER TABLE STATEMENT CANNOT BE EXECUTED BECAUSE COLUMN column-	
	name IS MIXED DATA, OR THE DATA TYPE OR LENGTH SPECIFIED DOES NOT AGREE WITH THE EXISTING DATA TYPE OR LENGTH	
-4704	AN UNSUPPORTED DATA TYPE OR LENGTH  AN UNSUPPORTED DATA TYPE WAS ENCOUNTERED AS AN INCLUDE COLUMN	
-4705	option SPECIFIED ON ALTER PROCEDURE FOR PROCEDURE routinename IS NOT	
-4703	VALID	
-4706	ALTER PROCEDURE STATEMENT CANNOT BE PROCESSED BECAUSE THE OPTIONS IN	
	EFFECT ARE NOT THE SAME AS THE ONES THAT WERE IN EFFECT (ENVID envid)	
	WHEN THE PROCEDURE OR VERSION WAS FIRST DEFINED	
-4707	STATEMENT statement IS NOT ALLOWED WHEN USING A TRUSTED CONNECTION	
-4708	TABLE table-name CANNOT BE DEFINED AS SPECIFIED IN THE statement STATEMENT	
	IN A COMMON CRITERIA ENVIRONMENT	
-4709	EXPLAIN MONITORED STMTS FAILED WITH REASON CODE = yyyyy	
-4710	EXCHANGE DATA STATEMENT SPECIFIED table1 and table2 BUT THE TABLES DO NOT	
	HAVE A DEFINED CLONE RELATIONSHIP	
-5001	TABLE table-name IS NOT VALID	
-5012	HOST VARIABLE host-variable IS NOT EXACT NUMERIC WITH SCALE ZERO	
-7008	object-name NOT VALID FOR OPERATION (reason-code)	
-16000	AN XQUERY EXPRESSION CANNOT BE PROCESSED BECAUSE THE context-component COMPONENT OF THE STATIC CONTEXT HAS NOT BEEN ASSIGNED. ERROR QNAME = err:XPST0001	
-16001	AN XQUERY EXPRESSION STARTING WITH TOKEN token CANNOT BE PROCESSED	
	BECAUSE THE FOCUS COMPONENT OF THE DYNAMIC CONTEXT HAS NOT BEEN	
	ASSIGNED. ERROR QNAME = err: XPDY0002	
-16002	AN XQUERY EXPRESSION HAS AN UNEXPECTED TOKEN token FOLLOWING text.	
	EXPECTED TOKENS MAY INCLUDE: token-list. ERROR QNAME= ERR:XPST0003	
-16003	AN EXPRESSION OF DATA TYPE value-type CANNOT BE USED WHEN THE DATA TYPE	
	expected-type IS EXPECTED IN THE CONTEXT. ERROR QNAME= err: XPTY0004	
-16005	AN XQUERY EXPRESSION REFERENCES AN ELEMENT NAME, ATTRIBUTE NAME,  TYPE	
	NAME, FUNCTION NAME, NAMESPACE PREFIX, OR VARIABLE NAME undefined-name	
	THAT IS NOT DEFINED WITHIN THE STATIC CONTEXT. ERROR QNAME= ERR:XPST0008	
-16007	THE XQUERY PATH EXPRESSION REFERENCES AN AXIS axis-type THAT IS NOT	
	SUPPORTED. ERROR QNAME = err: XQST0010	
-16009	AN XQUERY FUNCTION NAMED function-name WITH number-of-parms PARAMETERS	
	IS NOT DEFINED IN THE STATIC CONTEXT. ERROR QNAME= err:XPST0017	
-16011	THE RESULT OF AN INTERMEDIATE STEP EXPRESSION IN AN XQUERY PATH	
100:00	EXPRESSION   ONTAINS AN ATOMIC VALUE. ERROR QNAME = err: XPTY0019	
-16012	THE CONTEXT ITEM IN AN AXIS STEP MUST BE A NODE. ERROR QNAME =	
16015	err:XPTY0020	
-16015	AN ELEMENT CONSTRUCTOR CONTAINS AN ATTRIBUTE NODE NAMED attribute-name THAT FOLLOWS AN XQUERY NODE THAT IS NOT AN ATTRIBUTE NODE. ERROR QNAME	
	= ERR:XQTY0024	
-16016	THE ATTRIBUTE NAME attribute-name CANNOT BE USED MORE THAN ONCE IN AN	
-10010	ELEMENT CONSTRUCTOR. ERROR QNAME = err: XQTY0025	

-16020	THE CONTEXT NODE IN A PATH EXPRESSION THAT BEGINS WITH AN INITIAL "/" OR "//" DOES NOT HAVE AN XQUERY DOCUMENT NODE ROOT. ERROR QNAME =
	err:XPDY0050
-16022	OPERANDS OF TYPES xquery-data-types ARE NOT VALID FOR OPERATOR
	operator-name . ERROR QNAME = err:XPTY0004
-16023	THE XQUERY PROLOG CANNOT CONTAIN MULTIPLE DECLARATIONS FOR THE SAME
10020	NAMESPACE PREFIX ns-prefix. ERROR QNAME = err: XQST0033
-16024	THE NAMESPACE PREFIX prefix-name CANNOT BE REDECLARED OR CANNOT BE
	BOUND TO THE SPECIFIED URI. ERROR QNAME = err: XQST0070
-16031	XQUERY LANGUAGE FEATURE USING SYNTAX string IS NOT SUPPORTED
-16032	THE STRING string IS NOT A VALID URI. ERROR QNAME = err: XQST0046
-16036	THE URI THAT IS SPECIFIED IN A NAMESPACE DECLARATION CANNOT BE A ZERO-
	LENGTH STRING
-16046	A NUMERIC XQUERY EXPRESSION ATTEMPTED TO DIVIDE BY ZERO. ERROR QNAME = err:FOAR0001
-16047	AN XQUERY EXPRESSION RESULTED IN ARITHMETIC OVERFLOW OR UNDERFLOW.
-10047	ERROR QNAME= err: FOAR0002
-16048	AN XQUERY PROLOG CANNOT CONTAIN MORE THAN ONE dec1-type DECLARATION.
	ERROR QNAME = error-qname
-16049	THE LEXICAL VALUE value IS NOT VALID FOR THE type-name DATA TYPE IN THE
	FUNCTION OR CAST. ERROR QNAME= err:FOCA0002
-16051	THE VALUE value OF DATA TYPE source-type IS OUT OF RANGE FOR AN IMPLICIT OR
	EXPLICIT CAST TO TARGET DATA TYPE target-type. ERROR QNAME = errerror-
	qname
-16061	THE VALUE value CANNOT BE CONSTRUCTED AS, OR CAST (USING AN IMPLICIT OR
	EXPLICIT CAST) TO THE DATA TYPE data-type. ERROR QNAME = err:FORG0001
-16065	AN EMPTY SEQUENCE CANNOT BE CAST TO THE DATA TYPE data-type, ERROR
	QNAME = err: FORG0006
-16066	THE ARGUMENT PASSED TO THE AGGREGATE FUNCTION function-name IS   NOT
	VALID. ERROR QNAME = err: FORG0006
-16075	THE SEQUENCE TO BE SERIALIZED CONTAINS AN ITEM THAT IS AN ATTRIBUTE NODE.
	ERROR QNAME = err:SENR0001
-16246	INCOMPLETE ANNOTATION MAPPING AT OR NEAR LINE 1ineno IN XML SCHEMA
	DOCUMENT uri. REASON CODE = reason-code.
-16247	SOURCE XML TYPE source-data-type CANNOT BE MAPPED TO TARGET SQL TYPE
	target-data-type IN THE ANNOTATION AT OR NEAR LINE lineno IN XML SCHEMA
	DOCUMENT uri
-16248	UNKNOWN ANNOTATION annotation-name AT OR NEAR LINE lineno IN XML SCHEMA
	DOCUMENT uri
-16249	THE db2-xdb:expression ANNOTATION expression AT OR NEAR LINE lineno IN XML
<u></u>	SCHEMA DOCUMENT uri IS TOO LONG.
-16250	THE db2-xdb:defaultSQLSchema WITH VALUE schema-name AT OR NEAR LINE lineno
	IN XML SCHEMA DOCUMENT uri CONFLICTS WITH ANOTHER db2-
	xdb:defaultsQLschema SPECIFIED IN ONE OF THE XML SCHEMA DOCUMENTS WITHIN
16054	THE SAME XML SCHEMA.
-16251	DUPLICATE ANNOTATION DEFINED FOR object-name AT OR NEAR location IN XML
16050	SCHEMA DOCUMENT uri
-16252	THE db2-xdb:rowSet NAME rowset-name SPECIFIED AT OR NEAR LINE lineno IN THE
1	ig  XML SCHEMA DOCUMENT $uri$ IS ALREADY ASSOCIATED WITH ANOTHER TABLE

-16253	THE db2-xdb:condition ANNOTATION condition AT OR NEAR LINE lineno IN XML SCHEMA DOCUMENT uri IS TOO LONG.	
-16254	A db2-xdb: locationPath locationpath AT OR NEAR LINE lineno IN XML SCHEMA	
	DOCUMENT uri IS NOT VALID WITH REASON CODE reason-code.	
-16255	A db2-xdb:rowSet VALUE rowset-name USED AT OR NEAR LINE lineno IN XML	
	SCHEMA DOCUMENT $uri$ CONFLICTS WITH A $db2-xdb$ : $table$ ANNOTATION WITH THE SAME NAME.	
-16257	XML SCHEMA FEATURE feature SPECIFIED IS NOT SUPPORTED FOR DECOMPOSITION.	
-16258	THE XML SCHEMA CONTAINS A RECURSIVE ELEMENT WHICH IS AN UNSUPPORTED FEATURE FOR DECOMPOSITION. THE RECURSIVE ELEMENT IS IDENTIFIED AS elementnamespace: elementname OF TYPE typenamespace: typename.	
-16259	INVALID MANY-TO-MANY MAPPINGS DETECTED IN XML SCHEMA DOCUMENT uri 1	
10200	NEAR LINE 1ineno1 AND IN XML SCHEMA DOCUMENT uri2 NEAR LINE 1ineno2.	
-16260	XML SCHEMA ANNOTATIONS INCLUDE NO MAPPINGS TO ANY COLUMN OF ANY TABLE.	
-16262	THE ANNOTATED XML SCHEMA HAS NO COLUMNS MAPPED FOR ROWSET rowsetname.	
-16265	THE XML DOCUMENT CANNOT BE DECOMPOSED USING XML SCHEMA xsrobject-name	
	WHICH IS NOT ENABLED OR IS INOPERATIVE FOR DECOMPOSITION.	
-16266	AN SQL ERROR OCCURRED DURING DECOMPOSITION OF DOCUMENT docid WHILE	
	ATTEMPTING TO INSERT DATA. INFORMATION RETURNED FOR THE ERROR INCLUDES	
	SQLCODE sqlcode, SQLSTATE sqlstate, AND MESSAGE TOKENS token-list.	
-20003	GBPCACHE NONE CANNOT BE SPECIFIED FOR TABLESPACE OR INDEX IN GRECP	
-20004	8K or 16K BUFFERPOOL PAGESIZE INVALID FOR A WORKFILE OBJECT	
-20005	THE INTERNAL ID LIMIT OF limit HAS BEEN EXCEEDED FOR OBJECT TYPE object-type	
-20006	LOBS CANNOT BE SPECIFIED AS PARAMETERS WHEN NO WLM ENVIRONMENT IS SPECIFIED	
-20008	UNSUPPORTED OPTION keyword SPECIFIED	
-20019	THE RESULT TYPE RETURNED FROM THE FUNCTION BODY CANNOT BE ASSIGNED TO THE DATA TYPE DEFINED IN THE RETURNS CLAUSE	
-20058	THE FULLSELECT SPECIFIED FOR MATERIALIZED QUERY TABLE table-name IS NOT VALID	
-20060	UNSUPPORTED DATA TYPE data-type ENCOUNTERED IN SQL object-type object-name	
-20070	AUXILIARY TABLE table-name CANNOT BE CREATED BECAUSE COLUMN column-name IS NOT A LOB COLUMN	
-20071	WLM ENVIRONMENT NAME MUST BE SPECIFIED function-name	
-20072	csect-name bind-type bind-subtype ERROR USING auth-id AUTHORITY OPERATION IS NOT ALLOWED ON A package-type PACKAGE package-name	
-20073	THE FUNCTION function-name CANNOT BE ALTERED BECAUSE IT IS REFERENCED IN EXISTING VIEW OR MATERIALIZED QUERY TABLE DEFINITIONS	
-20074	THE OBJECT object-name CANNOT BE CREATED BECAUSE THE FIRST THREE CHARACTERS ARE RESERVED FOR SYSTEM OBJECTS	
-20091	A VIEW NAME WAS SPECIFIED AFTER LIKE IN ADDITION TO THE INCLUDING IDENTITY COLUMN ATTRIBUTES CLAUSE	
-20092	A TABLE OR VIEW WAS SPECIFIED IN THE LIKE CLAUSE, BUT THE OBJECT CANNOT BE USED IN THIS CNTEXT	
-20093	THE TABLE table-name CANNOT BE CONVERTED TO OR FROM A MATERIALIZED	
	QUERY TABLE, OR THE MATERIALIZED QUERY TABLE PROPERTY CANNOT BE	
	ALTERED. REASON CODE = reason-code.	
-20100	AN ERROR OCCURRED WHEN BINDING A TRIGGERED SQL STATEMENT. INFORMATION RETURNED: SECTION NUMBER: section-number SQLCODE sqlerror, SQLSTATE sqlstate, AND MESSAGE TOKENS	

-20101 -20102	THE FUNCTION function FAILED WITH REASON rc	
-20102		
	CREATE OR ALTER STATEMENT FOR USER-DEFINED FUNCTION function-name SPECIFIED THE option OPTION WHICH IS NOT ALLOWED FOR THE TYPE OF ROUTINE	
-20104		
-20106	THE CCSID FOR THE TABLE SPACE OR DATABASE CANNOT BE CHANGED BECAUSE THE TABLE SPACE OR DATABASE ALREADY CONTAINS A TABLE THAT IS REFERENCED IN EXISTING VIEW, OR MATERIALIZED QUERY TABLE DEFINITIONS OR AN EXTENDED INDEX	
-20107	HOST VARIABLE OR PARAMETER NUMBER position-number CANNOT BE USED AS SPECIFIED BECAUSE REASON reason	
-20108	A RESULT SET CONTAINS AN UNSUPPORTED DATA TYPE IN POSITION NUMBER position-number FOR CURSOR cursor-name OPENED BY STORED PROCEDURE procedure-name	
-20110	CANNOT IMPLICITLY CONNECT TO A REMOTE SITE WITH A SAVEPOINT OUTSTANDING	
-20111	CANNOT ISSUE SAVEPOINT, RELEASE SAVEPOINT, ROLLBACK TO SAVEPOINT FROM A TRIGGER, FROM A USER-DEFINED FUNCTION, OR FROM A GLOBAL TRANSACTION	
-20123	CALL TO STORED PROCEDURE procedure FAILED BECAUSE THE RESULT SET RETURNED FOR CURSOR cursor IS SCROLLABLE, BUT THE CURSOR IS NOT POSITIONED BEFORE THE FIRST ROW	
-20124	OPEN CURSOR <i>cursor</i> FAILED BECAUSE THE CURSOR IS SCROLLABLE BUT THE CLIENT DOES NOT SUPPORT THIS	
-20125	CALL TO STORED PROCEDURE procedure FAILED BECAUSE THE RESULT SET FOR CURSOR cursor IS SCROLLABLE, BUT THE CLIENT DOES NOT SUPPORT THIS	
-20127	VALUE SPECIFIED ON FETCH STATEMENT FOR ABSOLUTE OR RELATIVE IS TOO LARGE FOR DRDA	
-20129	LOCAL SPECIAL REGISTER IS NOT VALID AS USED	
-20142	SEQUENCE sequence-name CANNOT BE USED AS SPECIFIED	
-20143	THE ENCRYPTION OR DECRYPTION FUNCTION FAILED, BECAUSE THE ENCRYPTION PASSWORD VALUE IS NOT SET	
-20144	THE ENCRYPTION IS INVALID BECAUSE THE LENGTH OF THE PASSWORD WAS LESS THAN 6 BYTES OR GREATER THAN 127 BYTES	
-20146	THE DECRYPTION FAILED. THE DATA IS NOT ENCRYPTED	
-20147	THE ENCRYPTION FUNCTION FAILED. MULTIPLE PASS ENCRYPTION IS NOT SUPPORTED	
-20163	HEXADECIMAL CONSTANT GX IS NOT ALLOWED	
-20165	AN SQL DATA CHANGE STATEMENT WITHIN A FROM CLAUSE IS NOT ALLOWED IN THE CONTEXT IN WHICH IT WAS SPECIFIED	
-20166	AN SQL DATA CHANGE STATEMENT WITHIN A SELECT SPECIFIED A VIEW <i>view-name</i> WHICH IS NOT A SYMMETRIC VIEW OR COULD NOT  HAVE BEEN DEFINED AS A SYMMETRIC VIEW	
-20177	SET DATA TYPE CLAUSE ON ALTER TABLE SPECIFIED FLOATING POINT, BUT THIS CHANGE IS DISALLOWED	
-20178	VIEW view-name ALREADY HAS AN INSTEAD OF operation TRIGGER  DEFINED	
-20179	THE INSTEAD OF TRIGGER CANNOT BE CREATED BECAUSE THE VIEW <i>view-name</i> IS DEFINED USING THE WITH CHECK OPTION	
-20180	COLUMN column-name IN TABLE table-name CANNOT BE  ALTERED AS SPECIFIED	
-20181	COLUMN CANNOT BE ADDED TO INDEX index-name	
-20182	PARTITIONING CLAUSE clause ON stmt-type STATEMENT FOR index-name IS NOT VALID	
-20183	THE PARTITIONED, ADD PARTITION, ADD PARTITIONING KEY, ALTER PARTITION, ROTATE PARTITION, OR PARTITION BY RANGE CLAUSE SPECIFIED ON CREATE OR ALTER FOR <i>name</i> IS NOT VALID	

-20185 CURSOR <i>cursor-name</i> IS NOT DEFINED TO ACCESS ROWSETS, BUT A CLAUSPECIFIED THAT IS VALID ONLY WITH ROWSET ACCESS  -20186 A CLAUSE SPECIFIED FOR THE DYNAMIC SQL STATEMENT BEING PROCES	JSE WAS
-20186 A CLAUSE SPECIFIED FOR THE DYNAMIC SOL STATEMENT REING PROCES	
VALID	SSED IS NOT
-20200 THE INSTALL OR REPLACE OF jar-id WITH URL url FAILED DUE TO REASON (reason-string).	reason-code-
-20201 THE INSTALL, REPLACE, REMOVE, OR ALTER OF jar-name FAILED DUE TO I reason-code-(reason-string)	REASON
-20202 THE REMOVE OF jar-name FAILED AS class IS IN USE	
-20203 USER-DEFINED FUNCTION OR PROCEDURE name HAS A JAVA METHOD WINVALID SIGNATURE. THE ERROR IS AT OR NEAR PARAMETER number. THIS signature.	
-20204 THE USER-DEFINED FUNCTION OR PROCEDURE routine-name WAS UNABLI A SINGLE JAVA METHOd	E TO MAP TO
-20207 THE INSTALL OR REMOVE OF <i>jar-name</i> SPECIFIED THE USE OF A DEPLOYM DESCRIPTOR.	MENT
-20210 THE SQL STATEMENT CANNOT BE EXECUTED BECAUSE IT WAS PRECOMPLEVEL THAT IS INCOMPATIBLE WITH THE CURRENT VALUE OF THE ENCOLOPTION OR SPECIAL REGISTER	DING BIND
-20211 THE SPECIFICATION ORDER BY OR FETCH FIRST N ROWS ONLY IS INVALI	
-20212 USER-DEFINED ROUTINE name ENCOUNTERED AN EXCEPTION ATTEMPTII JAVA CLASS class-name FROM JAR jar-name. ORIGINAL  EXCEPTION: exception	tion-string
-20213 STORED PROCEDURE procedure-name HAS RETURNED A DYNAMIC RESULT PARAMETER number, THAT IS NOT VALID	T SET,
-20223 THE ENCRYPT_TDES OR DECRYPT FUNCTION FAILED. ENCRYPTION FACIL AVAILABLE return-code, reason-code	LITY NOT
-20224 ENCRYPTED DATA THAT WAS ORIGINALLY A BINARY STRING CANNOT BE TO A CHARACTER STRING	DECRYPTED
-20227 REQUIRED CLAUSE IS MISSING FOR ARGUMENT number OF expression	
-20232 CHARACTER CONVERSION FROM CCSID from-ccsid TO to-ccsid FAILED WITI CODE error-code FOR TABLE dbid.obid COLUMN column-number REQUESTED name	
-20235 THE COLUMN column-name CANNOT BE ADDED OR ALTERED BECAUSE tab MATERIALIZED QUERY TABLE	ole-name IS A
-20240 INVALID SPECIFICATION OF A SECURITY LABEL COLUMN column-name REA reason-code	ASON CODE
-20248 ATTEMPTED TO EXPLAIN ALL CACHED STATEMENTS OR A CACHED STATE STMTID OR STMTTOKEN <i>ID-token</i> BUT THE REQUIRED EXPLAIN INFORMAT ACCESSIBLE.	TON IS NOT
-20252 THE PACKAGE package-name NEEDS TO BE REBOUND IN ORDER TO BE SU EXECUTED (token)	JCCESSFULLY
-20257 FINAL TABLE IS NOT VALID WHEN THE TARGET VIEW <i>view-name</i> OF THE SC CHANGE STATEMENT IN A FULLSELECT HAS AN INSTEAD OF TRIGGER DE	
-20258 INVALID USE OF INPUT SEQUENCE ORDERING	
-20260 THE ASSIGNMENT CLAUSE OF THE UPDATE OPERATION AND THE VALUES THE INSERT OPERATION MUST SPECIFY AT LEAST ONE COLUMN THAT IS INCLUDE COLUMN	NOT AN
-20264 FOR TABLE table-name, primary-auth-id WITH SECURITY  LABEL primary-auth-NOT AUTHORIZED TO PERFORM operation ON A ROW WITH SECURITY LABI seclabel. THE RECORD IDENTIFIER (RID) OF THIS ROW IS rid-number.	
-20265   SECURITY LABEL IS reason FOR primary-auth-id	

-20266	ALTER VIEW FOR view-name FAILED
-20275	The XML NAME name IS NOT VALID. REASON CODE = reason-code
-20281	primary-auth-id DOES NOT HAVE THE MLS WRITE-DOWN PRIVILEGE
-20283	A DYNAMIC CREATE STATEMENT CANNOT BE PROCESSED WHEN THE VALUE OF CURRENT SCHEMA DIFFERS FROM CURRENT SQLID
-20287	DB2 CONVERTED STRING token-type token FROM from-ccsid TO to-ccsid, AND RESULTED IN SUBSTITUTION CHARACTER
-20289	INVALID STRING UNIT unit SPECIFIED FOR FUNCTION function-name
-20295	THE EXECUTION OF A BUILT IN FUNCTION function RESULTED IN AN ERROR REASON CODE reason-code
-20304	INVALID INDEX DEFINITION INVOLVING AN XMLPATTERN CLAUSE OR A COLUMN OF DATA TYPE XML. REASON CODE = reason-code
-20304	AN XML VALUE CANNOT BE INSERTED OR UPDATED BECAUSE OF AN ERROR DETECTED  WHEN INSERTING OR UPDATING THE INDEX IDENTIFIED BY index-id ON TABLE table-name. REASON CODE = reason-code
-20305	AN XML VALUE CANNOT BE INSERTED OR UPDATED BECAUSE OF AN ERROR DETECTED WHEN INSERTING OR UPDATING THE INDEX IDENTIFIED BY index-id ON TABLE table-name. REASON CODE = reason-code
-20306	AN INDEX ON AN XML COLUMN CANNOT BE CREATED BECAUSE OF AN ERROR DETECTED WHEN INSERTING THE XML VALUES INTO THE INDEX. REASON CODE = reason-code
-20310	THE REMOVE OF jar-name1 FAILED, AS IT IS IN USE BY jar-name2
-20311	THE VALUE PROVIDED FOR THE NEW JAVA PATH IS ILLEGAL
-20312	THE ALTER OF JAR <i>jar-id</i> FAILED BECAUSE THE SPECIFIED PATH REFERENCES ITSELF
-20314	THE PARAMETER LIST DOES NOT MATCH THE PARAMETER LIST FOR ALL OTHER VERSIONS OF ROUTINE routine-name
-20313	DEBUG MODE OPTION FOR ROUTINE routine-name CANNOT BE CHANGED
-20316	THE CURRENTLY ACTIVE VERSION FOR ROUTINE routine-name (type) CANNOT BE DROPPED
-20327	THE DEPTH OF AN XML DOCUMENT EXCEEDS THE LIMIT OF 128 LEVELS
-20328	THE DOCUMENT WITH TARGET NAMESPACE namespace AND SCHEMA LOCATION location HAS ALREADY BEEN ADDED FOR THE XML SCHEMA IDENTIFIED BY schema n
-20329	THE DOCUMENT WITH TARGET NAMESPACE namespace AND SCHEMA LOCATION location HAS ALREADY BEEN ADDED FOR THE XML SCHEMA IDENTIFIED BY schema n
-20330	THE xsrobject-type IDENTIFIED BY XML uri-type1 uri1 AND XML uri-type2 uri2 IS NOT FOUND IN THE XML SCHEMA REPOSITORY
-20331	THE XML COMMENT VALUE string IS NOT VALID
-20332	THE XML PROCESSING INSTRUCTION VALUE string IS NOT VALID
-20337	MORE THAN ONE xsrobject-type EXISTS IDENTIFIED BY XML uri-type1 uri1 AND uri-type2 uri2 EXISTS IN THE XML SCHEMA REPOSITORY.
-20339	XML SCHEMA name IS NOT IN THE CORRECT STATE TO PERFORM OPERATION operation
-20340	XML SCHEMA xmlschema-name INCLUDES AT LEAST ONE XML SCHEMA DOCUMENT IN NAMESPACE namespace THAT IS NOT CONNECTED TO THE OTHER XML SCHEMA DOCUMENTS
-20345	THE XML VALUE IS NOT A WELL-FORMED DOCUMENT WITH A SINGLE ROOT ELEMENT
-20353	AN OPERATION INVOLVING COMPARISON CANNOT USE OPERAND name DEFINED   AS DATA TYPE type-name
-20354	INVALID SPECIFICATION OF A ROW CHANGE TIMESTAMP COLUMN FOR TABLE table-name

20355		
DELETE TRIGGERS EXIST FOR THE TABLE, OR THE TABLE IS THE PARENT TABLE IN A REFERENTIAL CONSTRAINT  -20361 AUTHORIZATION ID authorization-name IS NOT DEFINED FOR THE TRUSTED CONTEXT context-name  -20362 ATTRIBUTE attribute-name WITH VALUE value CANNOT BE DROPPED BECAUSE IT IS NOT PART OF THE DEFINITION OF TRUSTED CONTEXT context-name  -20363 ATTRIBUTE attribute-name WITH VALUE value CANNOT BE DROPPED BECAUSE IT IS NOT PART OF THE DEFINITION OF TRUSTED CONTEXT context-name  -20363 ATTRIBUTE attribute-name WITH VALUE value IS NOT A UNIQUE SPECIFICATION FOR TRUSTED CONTEXT context-name  -20365 A SIGNALING NAN WAS ENCOUNTERED, OR AN EXCEPTION OCCURRED IN AN ARTHMETIC OPPERATION OR FUNCTION INVOLVING A DECFLOAT  -20366 A SIGNALING NAN WAS ENCOUNTERED, OR AN EXCEPTION OCCURRED IN AN ARTHMETIC OPPERATION OR FUNCTION INVOLVING A DECFLOAT  -20366 TABLE WITH DBID=dbid.obid AND OBID= obid CANNOT BE TRUNCATED BECAUSE UNCOMMITTED UPDATES EXIST ON THE TABLE WITH 'IMMEDIATE' OPTION SPECIFIED IN THE STATEMENT  -20369 AN ALTER TRUSTED CONTEXT STATEMENT FOR context-name ATTEMPTED TO REMOVE THE LAST CONNECTION TRUST ATTRIBUTE ASSOCIATED WITH THE TRUSTED CONTEXT STATEMENT FOR context-name SPECIFIED authorization-name, BUT ANOTHER TRUSTED CONTEXT STATEMENT FOR STATEMENT FOR STATEMENT FOR STATEMENT FOR STATEMENT FOR STATE	-20355	
-20362 ATTRIBUTE attribute-name WITH VALUE value CANNOT BE DROPPED BECAUSE IT IS NOT PART OF THE DEFINITION OF TRUSTED CONTEXT context-name  -20363 ATTRIBUTE attribute-name WITH VALUE value IS NOT A UNIQUE SPECIFICATION FOR TRUSTED CONTEXT-context-name  -20365 A SIGNALING NAN WAS ENCOUNTERED, OR AN EXCEPTION OCCURRED IN AN ARITHMETIC OPERATION OR FUNCTION INVOLVING A DECFLOAT  -20366 TABLE WITH DBID-abid obid AND OBID- obid CANNOT BE TRUNCATED BECAUSE UNCOMMITTED UPDATES EXIST ON THE TABLE WITH IMMEDIATE OPTION SPECIFIED IN THE STATEMENT  -20369 AN ALTER TRUSTED CONTEXT STATEMENT FOR context-name ATTEMPTED TO REMOVE THE LAST CONNECTION TRUST ATTRIBUTE ASSOCIATED WITH THE TRUSTED CONTEXT STATEMENT FOR context-name PATTEMPTED TO REMOVE THE LAST CONNECTION TRUST ATTRIBUTE ASSOCIATED WITH THE TRUSTED CONTEXT STATEMENT FOR context-name SPECIFIED authorization-name, BUT ANOTHER TRUSTED CONTEXT IS ALREADY DEFINED FOR THAT AUTHORIZATION ID.  -20373 A CREATE OR ALTER TRUSTED CONTEXT STATEMENT SPECIFIED authorization-name MORE THAN ONCE OR THE TRUSTED CONTEXT IS ALREADY DEFINED TO BE USED BY THIS AUTHORIZATION ID OR PUBLIC.  -20374 AN ALTER TRUSTED CONTEXT STATEMENT FOR context-name SPECIFIED authorization-name BUT THE TRUSTED CONTEXT IS NOT CURRENTLY DEFINED TO BE USED BY THIS AUTHORIZATION ID OR PUBLIC  -20377 AN ILLEGAL XMIL CHARACTER hex-char WAS FOUND IN AN SQLXML EXPRESSION OR FUNCTION ARGUMENT THAT BEGINS WITH STRING start-string  -20380 ALTER INDEX WITH REGENERATE OPTION FOR index-name FALLED. INFORMATION RETURNED: SQLCODE siglode, SQLSTATE sglster, MESSAGE TOKENS token-list  -20381 ALTER INDEX WITH REGENERATE OPTION IS NOT VALID FOR index-name  -20382 CONTEXT ITEM CANNOT BE A SEQUENCE WITH MORE THAN ONE ITEM  -20399 XML PARSING OR VALIDATION ERROR ENCOUNTERED DURING XML SCHEMA VALIDATION AT LOCATION n text  -20400 AN XML DOCUMENT OR CONSTRUCTED XML VALUE CONTAINS A COMBINATION OF XML NODES THAT CAUSES AN INTERNAL IDENTIFIER LIMIT TO BE EXCEEDED  -20410 THE NUMBER OF CHILDREN NODES OF AN XML NODE IN AN XML VALUE	-20356	DELETE TRIGGERS EXIST FOR THE TABLE, OR THE TABLE IS THE PARENT TABLE IN A REFERENTIAL CONSTRAINT
PART OF THE DEFINITION OF TRUSTED CONTEXT context-name  -20363 ATTRIBUTE attribute-name WITH VALUE value IS NOT A UNIQUE SPECIFICATION FOR TRUSTED CONTEXT context-name  -20366 A SIGNALING NAN WAS ENCOUNTERED, OR AN EXCEPTION OCCURRED IN AN ARITHMETIC OPERATION OR FUNCTION INVOLVING A DECFLOAT  -20366 TABLE WITH DBID=dbid.obid AND OBID= obid CANNOT BE TRUNCATED BECAUSE UNCOMMITTED UPDATES EXIST ON THE TABLE WITH 'IMMEDIATE' OPTION SPECIFIED IN THE STATEMENT  -20369 AN ALTER TRUSTED CONTEXT STATEMENT FOR context-name ATTEMPTED TO REMOVE THE LAST CONNECTION TRUST ATTRIBUTE ASSOCIATED WITH THE TRUSTED CONTEXT STATEMENT FOR context-name ATTEMPTED TO REMOVE THE LAST CONNECTION TRUST ATTRIBUTE ASSOCIATED WITH THE TRUSTED CONTEXT STATEMENT FOR context-name SPECIFIED authorization-name, BUT ANOTHER TRUSTED CONTEXT STATEMENT FOR context-name SPECIFIED authorization-name MORE THAN ONCE OR THE TRUSTED CONTEXT STATEMENT SPECIFIED authorization-name BUT THIS AUTHORIZATION ID OR PUBLIC.  -20374 AN ALTER TRUSTED CONTEXT STATEMENT FOR context-name SPECIFIED authorization-name BUT THE TRUSTED CONTEXT IS ALREADY DEFINED TO BE USED BY THIS AUTHORIZATION ID OR PUBLIC.  -20374 AN ALTER TRUSTED CONTEXT STATEMENT FOR context-name SPECIFIED authorization-name BUT THE TRUSTED CONTEXT STATEMENT FOR context-name SPECIFIED authorization-name BUT THE TRUSTED CONTEXT IS NOT CURRENTLY DEFINED TO BE USED BY THIS AUTHORIZATION ID OR PUBLIC  -20377 AN ILLEGAL XML CHARACTER hex-char WAS FOUND IN AN SQL/XML EXPRESSION OR FUNCTION ARGUMENT THAT BEGINS WITH STRING start-string  -20380 ALTER INDEX WITH REGENERATE OPTION FOR index-name FAILED. INFORMATION RETURNED: SQLCODE sglcode, SQLSTATE sglstate, MESSAGE TOKENS token-list  -20381 ALTER INDEX WITH REGENERATE OPTION S NOT VALID FOR index-name  -20382 CONTEXT ITEM CANNOT BE A SEQUENCE WITH MORE THAN ONE ITEM  -20388 ERROR ENCOUNTERED DURING XML PARSING AT LOCATION n text  -20400 XML SCHEMA ERROR n text  -20410 THE NUMBER OF CHILDREN NODES OF AN XML NODE IN AN XML VALUE HAS EXCEEDED  -20411 THE NUMBER	-20361	
-20365 A SIGNALING NAN WAS ENCOUNTERED, OR AN EXCEPTION OCCURRED IN AN ARITHMETIC OPERATION OR FUNCTION INVOLVING A DECFLOAT  -20366 TABLE WITH DBID=dbid obid AND OBID= obid CANNOT BE TRUNCATED BECAUSE UNCOMMITTED UPDATES EXIST ON THE TABLE WITH 'IMMEDIATE' OPTION SPECIFIED IN THE STATEMENT  -20369 AN ALTER TRUSTED CONTEXT STATEMENT FOR context-name ATTEMPTED TO REMOVE THE LAST CONNECTION TRUST ATTRIBUTE ASSOCIATED WITH THE TRUSTED CONTEXT STATEMENT FOR context-name BUT THE SYSTEM AUTHID CLAUSE OF A CREATE OR ALTER TRUSTED CONTEXT STATEMENT FOR context-name SPECIFIED authorization-name, BUT ANOTHER TRUSTED CONTEXT STATEMENT FOR context-name SPECIFIED authorization-name, BUT ANOTHER TRUSTED CONTEXT STATEMENT FOR CONTEXT STATEMENT SPECIFIED authorization-name MORE THAN ONCE OR THE TRUSTED CONTEXT STATEMENT SPECIFIED authorization-name BUT THE TRUSTED CONTEXT STATEMENT SPECIFIED authorization-name BUT THE TRUSTED CONTEXT STATEMENT FOR context-name SPECIFIED authorization-name BUT THE TRUSTED CONTEXT STATEMENT FOR context-name SPECIFIED authorization-name BUT THE TRUSTED CONTEXT STATEMENT FOR context-name SPECIFIED authorization-name BUT THE TRUSTED CONTEXT STATEMENT FOR context-name SPECIFIED authorization-name BUT THE TRUSTED CONTEXT STATEMENT FOR context-name SPECIFIED authorization-name BUT THE TRUSTED CONTEXT STATEMENT FOR CONTEXT-NAME SPECIFIED BUT SED BY THIS AUTHORIZATION ID OR PUBLIC  -20377 AN ALTER INDEX WITH REGENERATE OPTION FOR Index-name FALLED. INFORMATION RETURNED: SQLCODE sglcode, SQLSTATE sglstate, MESSAGE TOKENS token-list  -20380 ALTER INDEX WITH REGENERATE OPTION IS NOT VALID FOR Index-name  -20381 ALTER INDEX WITH REGENERATE OPTION IS NOT VALID FOR Index-name  -20381 ALTER INDEX WITH REGENERATE OPTION IS NOT VALID FOR Index-name  -20382 CONTEXT ITEM CANNOT BE A SEQUENCE WITH MORE THAN ONE ITEM  -20381 ALTER INDEX WITH REGENERATE OPTION IS NOT VALID FOR Index-name  -20398 ERROR ENCOUNTERED DURING XML PARSING OR VALIDATION OF XML NODES THAT CAUSES AN INTERNAL IDENTIFIER LIMIT TO BE EXCEEDED  -2	-20362	
-20366 TABLE WITH DBID=dbid.obid AND OBID= obid CANNOT BE TRUNCATED BECAUSE UNCOMMITTED UPDATES EXIST ON THE TABLE WITH 'IMMEDIATE' OPTION SPECIFIED IN THE STATEMENT  -20369 AN ALTER TRUSTED CONTEXT STATEMENT FOR context-name ATTEMPTED TO REMOVE THE LAST CONNECTION TRUST ATTRIBUTE ASSOCIATED WITH THE TRUSTED CONTEXT THE LAST CONNECTION TRUST ATTRIBUTE ASSOCIATED WITH THE TRUSTED CONTEXT STATEMENT FOR context-name SPECIFIED authorization-name, BUT ANOTHER TRUSTED CONTEXT STATEMENT FOR context-name SPECIFIED authorization-name, BUT ANOTHER TRUSTED CONTEXT IS ALREADY DEFINED FOR THAT AUTHORIZATION ID.  -20373 A CREATE OR ALTER TRUSTED CONTEXT STATEMENT SPECIFIED authorization-name MORE THAN ONCE OR THE TRUSTED CONTEXT SIARRADY DEFINED TO BE USED BY THIS AUTHORIZATION ID OR PUBLIC.  -20374 AN ALTER TRUSTED CONTEXT STATEMENT FOR context-name SPECIFIED authorization-name BUT THE TRUSTED CONTEXT IS NOT CURRENTLY DEFINED TO BE USED BY THIS AUTHORIZATION ID OR PUBLIC.  -20377 AN ILLEGAL XML CHARACTER hex-char WAS FOUND IN AN SOLIXML EXPRESSION OR FUNCTION ARGUMENT THAT BEGINS WITH STRING start-string  -20380 ALTER INDEX WITH REGENERATE OPTION FOR index-name FAILED. INFORMATION RETURNED: SQLCODE sqlcode, SQLSTATE sglstate, MESSAGE TOKENS token-list  -20381 ALTER INDEX WITH REGENERATE OPTION FOR index-name FAILED. INFORMATION RETURNED: SQLCODE sqlcode, SQLSTATE sglstate, MESSAGE TOKENS token-list  -20382 CONTEXT ITEM CANNOT BE A SEQUENCE WITH MORE THAN ONE ITEM  -20398 ERROR ENCOUNTERED DURING XML PARSING AT LOCATION n text  -20400 XML SCHEMA ERROR n text  -20400 XML SCHEMA ERROR n text  -20401 THE NUMBER OF CHILDREN NODES OF AN XML NODE IN AN XML VALUE HAS EXCEEDED THE LIMIT NUMBER OF CHILDREN NODES  -20411 A FETCH CURRENT CONTINUE OPERATION WAS REQUESTED FOR cursor-name BUT THERE IS NO PRESERVED, TRUNCATED DATA TO RETURN  -20412 SERIALIZATION OF AN XML VALUE RESULTED IN CHARACTERS THAT COULD NOT BE REPRESENTED IN THE TARGET ENCODING  A CREATE TABLE, OR DECLARE GLOBAL TEMPORARY TABLE STATEMENT FOR table-name ATTEMPTED TO	-20363	TRUSTED CONTEXT context-name
UNCOMMITTED UPDATES EXIST ON THE TABLE WITH 'IMMEDIATE' OPTION SPECIFIED IN THE STATEMENT  AN ALTER TRUSTED CONTEXT STATEMENT FOR context-name ATTEMPTED TO REMOVE THE LAST CONNECTION TRUST ATTRIBUTE ASSOCIATED WITH THE TRUSTED CONTEXT  THE SYSTEM AUTHID CLAUSE OF A CREATE OR ALTER TRUSTED CONTEXT STATEMENT FOR context-name SPECIFIED authorization-name, BUT ANOTHER TRUSTED CONTEXT IS ALREADY DEFINED FOR THAT AUTHORIZATION ID.  20373 A CREATE OR ALTER TRUSTED CONTEXT STATEMENT SPECIFIED authorization-name MORE THAN ONCE OR THE TRUSTED CONTEXT IS ALREADY DEFINED TO BE USED BY THIS AUTHORIZATION ID OR PUBLIC.  20374 AN ALTER TRUSTED CONTEXT STATEMENT FOR context-name SPECIFIED authorization-name BUT THE TRUSTED CONTEXT IS NOT CURRENTLY DEFINED TO BE USED BY THIS AUTHORIZATION ID OR PUBLIC  20377 AN ILLEGAL XML CHARACTER hex-char WAS FOUND IN AN SQL/XML EXPRESSION OR FUNCTION ARGUMENT THAT BEGINS WITH STRING start-string  20380 ALTER INDEX WITH REGENERATE OPTION FOR index-name FAILED. INFORMATION RETURNED: SQLCODE sqlcode, SQLSTATE sqlstate, MESSAGE TOKENS token-list  20381 ALTER INDEX WITH REGENERATE OPTION IS NOT VALID FOR index-name  20382 CONTEXT ITEM CANNOT BE A SEQUENCE WITH MORE THAN ONE ITEM  20398 ERROR ENCOUNTERED DURING XML PARSING AT LOCATION IT text  20400 XML PARSING OR VALIDATION ERROR ENCOUNTERED DURING XML SCHEMA VALIDATION AT LOCATION IN text  20400 XML SCHEMA ERROR INTERNAL IDENTIFIER LIMIT TO BE EXCEEDED  THE NUMBER OF CHILDREN NODES OF AN XML NODE IN AN XML VALUE HAS EXCEEDED THE LIMIT NUMBER OF CHILDREN NODES  20411 A FETCH CURRENT CONTINUE OPERATION WAS REQUESTED FOR cursor-name BUT THERE IS NO PRESERVED, TRUNCATED DATA TO RETURN  20422 A SERIALIZATION OF AN XML VALUE RESULTED IN CHARACTERS THAT COULD NOT BE REPRESENTED IN THE TARGET ENCODING  A CREATE TABLE, OR DECLARE GLOBAL TEMPORARY TABLE STATEMENT FOR table-name ATTEMPTED TO CREATE A TABLE WITH ALL THE COLUMNS DEFINED AS HIDDEN  20433 AN UNTYPED PARAMETER MARKER WAS SPECIFIED, BUT AN ASSUMED DATA TYPE		ARITHMETIC OPERATION OR FUNCTION INVOLVING A DECFLOAT
THE LAST CONNECTION TRUST ATTRIBUTE ASSOCIATED WITH THE TRUSTED CONTEXT  -20372 THE SYSTEM AUTHID CLAUSE OF A CREATE OR ALTER TRUSTED CONTEXT STATEMENT FOR context-name SPECIFIED authorization-name, BUT ANOTHER TRUSTED CONTEXT IS ALREADY DEFINED FOR THAT AUTHORIZATION ID.  -20373 A CREATE OR ALTER TRUSTED CONTEXT STATEMENT SPECIFIED authorization-name MORE THAN ONCE OR THE TRUSTED CONTEXT IS ALREADY DEFINED TO BE USED BY THIS AUTHORIZATION ID OR PUBLIC.  -20374 AN ALTER TRUSTED CONTEXT STATEMENT FOR context-name SPECIFIED authorization-name BUT THE TRUSTED CONTEXT IS NOT CURRENTLY DEFINED TO BE USED BY THIS AUTHORIZATION ID OR PUBLIC.  -20377 AN ILLEGAL XML CHARACTER hex-char WAS FOUND IN AN SQL/XML EXPRESSION OR FUNCTION ARGUMENT THAT BEGINS WITH STRING start-string  -20380 ALTER INDEX WITH REGENERATE OPTION FOR index-name FAILED. INFORMATION RETURNED: SQLCODE sglcode, SQLSTATE sglstate, MESSAGE TOKENS token-list  -20381 ALTER INDEX WITH REGENERATE OPTION IS NOT VALID FOR index-name  -20382 CONTEXT ITEM CANNOT BE A SEQUENCE WITH MORE THAN ONE ITEM  -20398 ERROR ENCOUNTERED DURING XML PARSING AT LOCATION n text  -20399 XML PARSING OR VALIDATION ERROR ENCOUNTERED DURING XML SCHEMA VALIDATION AT LOCATION n text  -20400 XML SCHEMA ERROR n text  -20400 AN XML DOCUMENT OR CONSTRUCTED XML VALUE CONTAINS A COMBINATION OF XML NODES THAT CAUSES AN INTERNAL IDENTIFIER LIMIT TO BE EXCEEDED  -20411 A FETCH CURRENT CONTINUE OPERATION WAS REQUESTED FOR cursor-name BUT THER UMBER OF CHILDREN NODES  -20412 SERIALIZATION OF AN XML VALUE RESULTED IN CHARACTERS THAT COULD NOT BE REPRESENTED IN THE TARGET ENCODING  -20423 A CREATE TABLE, OR DECLARE GLOBAL TEMPORARY TABLE STATEMENT FOR table-name ATTEMPTED TO CREATE A TABLE WITH ALL THE COLUMNS DEFINED AS HIDDEN  -20433 AN UNTYPED PARAMETER MARKER WAS SPECIFIED, BUT AN ASSUMED DATA TYPE		UNCOMMITTED UPDATES EXIST ON THE TABLE WITH 'IMMEDIATE' OPTION SPECIFIED IN THE STATEMENT
STATEMENT FOR context-name SPECIFIED authorization-name, BUT ANOTHER TRUSTED CONTEXT IS ALREADY DEFINED FOR THAT AUTHORIZATION ID.  -20373 A CREATE OR ALTER TRUSTED CONTEXT STATEMENT SPECIFIED authorization-name MORE THAN ONCE OR THE TRUSTED CONTEXT IS ALREADY DEFINED TO BE USED  BY THIS AUTHORIZATION ID OR PUBLIC.  -20374 AN ALTER TRUSTED CONTEXT STATEMENT FOR context-name SPECIFIED authorization-name BUT THE TRUSTED CONTEXT IS NOT CURRENTLY DEFINED TO BE USED BY THIS AUTHORIZATION ID OR PUBLIC.  -20377 AN ILLEGAL XML CHARACTER hex-char WAS FOUND IN AN SQL/XML EXPRESSION OR FUNCTION ARGUMENT THAT BEGINS WITH STRING start-string  -20380 ALTER INDEX WITH REGENERATE OPTION FOR index-name FAILED. INFORMATION RETURNED: SQLCODE sqlcode, SQLSTATE sqlstate, MESSAGE TOKENS token-list  -20381 ALTER INDEX WITH REGENERATE OPTION IS NOT VALID FOR index-name  -20382 CONTEXT ITEM CANNOT BE A SEQUENCE WITH MORE THAN ONE ITEM  -20399 ERROR ENCOUNTERED DURING XML PARSING AT LOCATION n text  -20400 XML PARSING OR VALIDATION ERROR ENCOUNTERED DURING XML SCHEMA VALIDATION AT LOCATION n text  -20400 XML SCHEMA ERROR n text  -20401 THE NUMBER OF CHILDREN NODES OF AN XML NODE IN AN XML VALUE HAS EXCEEDED THE ILIMIT NUMBER OF CHILDREN NODES  -20411 A FETCH CURRENT CONTINUE OPERATION WAS REQUESTED FOR cursor-name BUT THERE IS NO PRESERVED, TRUNCATED DATA TO RETURN  -20423 SERIALIZATION OF AN XML VALUE RESULTED IN CHARACTERS THAT COULD NOT BE REPRESENTED IN THE TARGET ENCODING  -20433 AN UNTYPED PARAMETER MARKER WAS SPECIFIED, BUT AN ASSUMED DATA TYPE	-20369	
MORE THAN ONCE OR THE TRUSTED CONTEXT IS ALREADY DEFINED TO BE USED  BY THIS AUTHORIZATION ID OR PUBLIC.  -20374 AN ALTER TRUSTED CONTEXT STATEMENT FOR context-name SPECIFIED authorization-name BUT THE TRUSTED CONTEXT IS NOT CURRENTLY DEFINED TO BE USED BY THIS AUTHORIZATION ID OR PUBLIC  -20377 AN ILLEGAL XML CHARACTER hex-char WAS FOUND IN AN SQL/XML EXPRESSION OR FUNCTION ARGUMENT THAT BEGINS WITH STRING start-string  -20380 ALTER INDEX WITH REGENERATE OPTION FOR index-name FAILED. INFORMATION RETURNED: SQLCODE sqlcode, SQLSTATE sqlstate, MESSAGE TOKENS token-list  -20381 ALTER INDEX WITH REGENERATE OPTION IS NOT VALID FOR index-name  -20382 CONTEXT ITEM CANNOT BE A SEQUENCE WITH MORE THAN ONE ITEM  -20398 ERROR ENCOUNTERED DURING XML PARSING AT LOCATION n text  -20399 XML PARSING OR VALIDATION ERROR ENCOUNTERED DURING XML SCHEMA VALIDATION AT LOCATION n text  -20400 XML SCHEMA ERROR n text  -20400 AN XML DOCUMENT OR CONSTRUCTED XML VALUE CONTAINS A COMBINATION OF XML NODES THAT CAUSES AN INTERNAL IDENTIFIER LIMIT TO BE EXCEEDED  -20410 THE NUMBER OF CHILDREN NODES OF AN XML NODE IN AN XML VALUE HAS EXCEEDED THE LIMIT NUMBER OF CHILDREN NODES  -20411 A FETCH CURRENT CONTINUE OPERATION WAS REQUESTED FOR cursor-name BUT THERE IS NO PRESERVED, TRUNCATED DATA TO RETURN  -20423 SERIALIZATION OF AN XML VALUE RESULTED IN CHARACTERS THAT COULD NOT BE REPRESENTED IN THE TARGET ENCODING  -20423 A CREATE TABLE, OR DECLARE GLOBAL TEMPORARY TABLE STATEMENT FOR table-name ATTEMPTED TO CREATE A TABLE WITH ALL THE COLUMNS DEFINED AS HIDDEN  -20433 AN UNTYPED PARAMETER MARKER WAS SPECIFIED, BUT AN ASSUMED DATA TYPE	-20372	STATEMENT FOR context-name SPECIFIED authorization-name, BUT ANOTHER TRUSTED CONTEXT IS ALREADY DEFINED FOR THAT AUTHORIZATION ID.
<ul> <li>name BUT THE TRUSTED CONTEXT IS NOT CURRENTLY DEFINED TO BE USED BY THIS AUTHORIZATION ID OR PUBLIC</li> <li>-20377 AN ILLEGAL XML CHARACTER hex-char WAS FOUND IN AN SQL/XML EXPRESSION OR FUNCTION ARGUMENT THAT BEGINS WITH STRING start-string</li> <li>-20380 ALTER INDEX WITH REGENERATE OPTION FOR index-name FAILED. INFORMATION RETURNED: SQLCODE sqlcode, SQLSTATE sqlstate, MESSAGE TOKENS token-list</li> <li>-20381 ALTER INDEX WITH REGENERATE OPTION IS NOT VALID FOR index-name</li> <li>-20382 CONTEXT ITEM CANNOT BE A SEQUENCE WITH MORE THAN ONE ITEM</li> <li>-20398 ERROR ENCOUNTERED DURING XML PARSING AT LOCATION n text</li> <li>-20399 XML PARSING OR VALIDATION ERROR ENCOUNTERED DURING XML SCHEMA VALIDATION AT LOCATION n text</li> <li>-20400 XML SCHEMA ERROR n text</li> <li>-20400 AN XML DOCUMENT OR CONSTRUCTED XML VALUE CONTAINS A COMBINATION OF XML NODES THAT CAUSES AN INTERNAL IDENTIFIER LIMIT TO BE EXCEEDED</li> <li>-20410 THE NUMBER OF CHILDREN NODES OF AN XML NODE IN AN XML VALUE HAS EXCEEDED THE LIMIT NUMBER OF CHILDREN NODES</li> <li>-20411 A FETCH CURRENT CONTINUE OPERATION WAS REQUESTED FOR cursor-name BUT THERE IS NO PRESERVED, TRUNCATED DATA TO RETURN</li> <li>-20412 SERIALIZATION OF AN XML VALUE RESULTED IN CHARACTERS THAT COULD NOT BE REPRESENTED IN THE TARGET ENCODING</li> <li>-20423 A CREATE TABLE, OR DECLARE GLOBAL TEMPORARY TABLE STATEMENT FOR table-name ATTEMPTED TO CREATE A TABLE WITH ALL THE COLUMNS DEFINED AS HIDDEN</li> <li>-20433 AN UNTYPED PARAMETER MARKER WAS SPECIFIED, BUT AN ASSUMED DATA TYPE</li> </ul>	-20373	MORE THAN ONCE OR THE TRUSTED CONTEXT IS ALREADY DEFINED TO BE USED BY THIS AUTHORIZATION ID OR PUBLIC.
FUNCTION ARGUMENT THAT BEGINS WITH STRING start-string  -20380 ALTER INDEX WITH REGENERATE OPTION FOR index-name FAILED. INFORMATION RETURNED: SQLCODE sqlcode, SQLSTATE sqlstate, MESSAGE TOKENS token-list  -20381 ALTER INDEX WITH REGENERATE OPTION IS NOT VALID FOR index-name  -20382 CONTEXT ITEM CANNOT BE A SEQUENCE WITH MORE THAN ONE ITEM  -20398 ERROR ENCOUNTERED DURING XML PARSING AT LOCATION n text  -20399 XML PARSING OR VALIDATION ERROR ENCOUNTERED DURING XML SCHEMA VALIDATION AT LOCATION n text  -20400 XML SCHEMA ERROR n text  -20400 AN XML DOCUMENT OR CONSTRUCTED XML VALUE CONTAINS A COMBINATION OF XML NODES THAT CAUSES AN INTERNAL IDENTIFIER LIMIT TO BE EXCEEDED  -20410 THE NUMBER OF CHILDREN NODES OF AN XML NODE IN AN XML VALUE HAS EXCEEDED THE LIMIT NUMBER OF CHILDREN NODES  -20411 A FETCH CURRENT CONTINUE OPERATION WAS REQUESTED FOR cursor-name BUT THERE IS NO PRESERVED, TRUNCATED DATA TO RETURN  -20412 SERIALIZATION OF AN XML VALUE RESULTED IN CHARACTERS THAT COULD NOT BE REPRESENTED IN THE TARGET ENCODING  -20423 A CREATE TABLE, OR DECLARE GLOBAL TEMPORARY TABLE STATEMENT FOR table-name ATTEMPTED TO CREATE A TABLE WITH ALL THE COLUMNS DEFINED AS HIDDEN  -20433 AN UNTYPED PARAMETER MARKER WAS SPECIFIED, BUT AN ASSUMED DATA TYPE	-20374	name BUT THE TRUSTED CONTEXT IS NOT CURRENTLY DEFINED TO BE USED BY THIS AUTHORIZATION ID OR PUBLIC
RETURNED: SQLCODE sqlcode, SQLSTATE sqlstate, MESSAGE TOKENS token-list  -20381 ALTER INDEX WITH REGENERATE OPTION IS NOT VALID FOR index-name  -20382 CONTEXT ITEM CANNOT BE A SEQUENCE WITH MORE THAN ONE ITEM  -20398 ERROR ENCOUNTERED DURING XML PARSING AT LOCATION n text  -20399 XML PARSING OR VALIDATION ERROR ENCOUNTERED DURING XML SCHEMA VALIDATION AT LOCATION n text  -20400 XML SCHEMA ERROR n text  -20409 AN XML DOCUMENT OR CONSTRUCTED XML VALUE CONTAINS A COMBINATION OF XML NODES THAT CAUSES AN INTERNAL IDENTIFIER LIMIT TO BE EXCEEDED  -20410 THE NUMBER OF CHILDREN NODES OF AN XML NODE IN AN XML VALUE HAS EXCEEDED THE LIMIT NUMBER OF CHILDREN NODES  -20411 A FETCH CURRENT CONTINUE OPERATION WAS REQUESTED FOR cursor-name BUT THERE IS NO PRESERVED, TRUNCATED DATA TO RETURN  -20412 SERIALIZATION OF AN XML VALUE RESULTED IN CHARACTERS THAT COULD NOT BE REPRESENTED IN THE TARGET ENCODING  -20423 A CREATE TABLE, OR DECLARE GLOBAL TEMPORARY TABLE STATEMENT FOR table-name ATTEMPTED TO CREATE A TABLE WITH ALL THE COLUMNS DEFINED AS HIDDEN  -20433 AN UNTYPED PARAMETER MARKER WAS SPECIFIED, BUT AN ASSUMED DATA TYPE	-20377	FUNCTION ARGUMENT THAT BEGINS WITH STRING start-string
-20382 CONTEXT ITEM CANNOT BE A SEQUENCE WITH MORE THAN ONE ITEM -20398 ERROR ENCOUNTERED DURING XML PARSING AT LOCATION <i>n text</i> -20399 XML PARSING OR VALIDATION ERROR ENCOUNTERED DURING XML SCHEMA VALIDATION AT LOCATION <i>n text</i> -20400 XML SCHEMA ERROR <i>n text</i> -20409 AN XML DOCUMENT OR CONSTRUCTED XML VALUE CONTAINS A COMBINATION OF XML NODES THAT CAUSES AN INTERNAL IDENTIFIER LIMIT TO BE EXCEEDED -20410 THE NUMBER OF CHILDREN NODES OF AN XML NODE IN AN XML VALUE HAS EXCEEDED THE LIMIT NUMBER OF CHILDREN NODES -20411 A FETCH CURRENT CONTINUE OPERATION WAS REQUESTED FOR <i>cursor-name</i> BUT THERE IS NO PRESERVED, TRUNCATED DATA TO RETURN -20412 SERIALIZATION OF AN XML VALUE RESULTED IN CHARACTERS THAT COULD NOT BE REPRESENTED IN THE TARGET ENCODING -20423 A CREATE TABLE, OR DECLARE GLOBAL TEMPORARY TABLE STATEMENT FOR <i>table-name</i> ATTEMPTED TO CREATE A TABLE WITH ALL THE COLUMNS DEFINED AS HIDDEN -20433 AN UNTYPED PARAMETER MARKER WAS SPECIFIED, BUT AN ASSUMED DATA TYPE		RETURNED: SQLCODE sqlcode, SQLSTATE sqlstate, MESSAGE TOKENS token-list
-20398 ERROR ENCOUNTERED DURING XML PARSING AT LOCATION n text -20399 XML PARSING OR VALIDATION ERROR ENCOUNTERED DURING XML SCHEMA VALIDATION AT LOCATION n text -20400 XML SCHEMA ERROR n text -20409 AN XML DOCUMENT OR CONSTRUCTED XML VALUE CONTAINS A COMBINATION OF XML NODES THAT CAUSES AN INTERNAL IDENTIFIER LIMIT TO BE EXCEEDED -20410 THE NUMBER OF CHILDREN NODES OF AN XML NODE IN AN XML VALUE HAS EXCEEDED THE LIMIT NUMBER OF CHILDREN NODES -20411 A FETCH CURRENT CONTINUE OPERATION WAS REQUESTED FOR cursor-name BUT THERE IS NO PRESERVED, TRUNCATED DATA TO RETURN -20412 SERIALIZATION OF AN XML VALUE RESULTED IN CHARACTERS THAT COULD NOT BE REPRESENTED IN THE TARGET ENCODING -20423 A CREATE TABLE, OR DECLARE GLOBAL TEMPORARY TABLE STATEMENT FOR table-name ATTEMPTED TO CREATE A TABLE WITH ALL THE COLUMNS DEFINED AS HIDDEN -20433 AN UNTYPED PARAMETER MARKER WAS SPECIFIED, BUT AN ASSUMED DATA TYPE		
-20399 XML PARSING OR VALIDATION ERROR ENCOUNTERED DURING XML SCHEMA VALIDATION AT LOCATION <i>n text</i> -20400 XML SCHEMA ERROR <i>n text</i> -20409 AN XML DOCUMENT OR CONSTRUCTED XML VALUE CONTAINS A COMBINATION OF XML NODES THAT CAUSES AN INTERNAL IDENTIFIER LIMIT TO BE EXCEEDED  -20410 THE NUMBER OF CHILDREN NODES OF AN XML NODE IN AN XML VALUE HAS EXCEEDED THE LIMIT NUMBER OF CHILDREN NODES  -20411 A FETCH CURRENT CONTINUE OPERATION WAS REQUESTED FOR <i>cursor-name</i> BUT THERE IS NO PRESERVED, TRUNCATED DATA TO RETURN  -20412 SERIALIZATION OF AN XML VALUE RESULTED IN CHARACTERS THAT COULD NOT BE REPRESENTED IN THE TARGET ENCODING  -20423 A CREATE TABLE, OR DECLARE GLOBAL TEMPORARY TABLE STATEMENT FOR <i>table-name</i> ATTEMPTED TO CREATE A TABLE WITH ALL THE COLUMNS DEFINED AS HIDDEN  -20433 AN UNTYPED PARAMETER MARKER WAS SPECIFIED, BUT AN ASSUMED DATA TYPE		
VALIDATION AT LOCATION n text  -20400 XML SCHEMA ERROR n text  -20409 AN XML DOCUMENT OR CONSTRUCTED XML VALUE CONTAINS A COMBINATION OF XML NODES THAT CAUSES AN INTERNAL IDENTIFIER LIMIT TO BE EXCEEDED  -20410 THE NUMBER OF CHILDREN NODES OF AN XML NODE IN AN XML VALUE HAS EXCEEDED THE LIMIT NUMBER OF CHILDREN NODES  -20411 A FETCH CURRENT CONTINUE OPERATION WAS REQUESTED FOR cursor-name BUT THERE IS NO PRESERVED, TRUNCATED DATA TO RETURN  -20412 SERIALIZATION OF AN XML VALUE RESULTED IN CHARACTERS THAT COULD NOT BE REPRESENTED IN THE TARGET ENCODING  -20423 A CREATE TABLE, OR DECLARE GLOBAL TEMPORARY TABLE STATEMENT FOR table-name ATTEMPTED TO CREATE A TABLE WITH ALL THE COLUMNS DEFINED AS HIDDEN  -20433 AN UNTYPED PARAMETER MARKER WAS SPECIFIED, BUT AN ASSUMED DATA TYPE	-20398	
-20409 AN XML DOCUMENT OR CONSTRUCTED XML VALUE CONTAINS A COMBINATION OF XML NODES THAT CAUSES AN INTERNAL IDENTIFIER LIMIT TO BE EXCEEDED  -20410 THE NUMBER OF CHILDREN NODES OF AN XML NODE IN AN XML VALUE HAS EXCEEDED THE LIMIT NUMBER OF CHILDREN NODES  -20411 A FETCH CURRENT CONTINUE OPERATION WAS REQUESTED FOR cursor-name BUT THERE IS NO PRESERVED, TRUNCATED DATA TO RETURN  -20412 SERIALIZATION OF AN XML VALUE RESULTED IN CHARACTERS THAT COULD NOT BE REPRESENTED IN THE TARGET ENCODING  -20423 A CREATE TABLE, OR DECLARE GLOBAL TEMPORARY TABLE STATEMENT FOR table-name ATTEMPTED TO CREATE A TABLE WITH ALL THE COLUMNS DEFINED AS HIDDEN  -20433 AN UNTYPED PARAMETER MARKER WAS SPECIFIED, BUT AN ASSUMED DATA TYPE		VALIDATION AT LOCATION n text
-20410 NODES THAT CAUSES AN INTERNAL IDENTIFIER LIMIT TO BE EXCEEDED  -20410 THE NUMBER OF CHILDREN NODES OF AN XML NODE IN AN XML VALUE HAS EXCEEDED THE LIMIT NUMBER OF CHILDREN NODES  -20411 A FETCH CURRENT CONTINUE OPERATION WAS REQUESTED FOR cursor-name BUT THERE IS NO PRESERVED, TRUNCATED DATA TO RETURN  -20412 SERIALIZATION OF AN XML VALUE RESULTED IN CHARACTERS THAT COULD NOT BE REPRESENTED IN THE TARGET ENCODING  -20423 A CREATE TABLE, OR DECLARE GLOBAL TEMPORARY TABLE STATEMENT FOR table-name ATTEMPTED TO CREATE A TABLE WITH ALL THE COLUMNS DEFINED AS HIDDEN  -20433 AN UNTYPED PARAMETER MARKER WAS SPECIFIED, BUT AN ASSUMED DATA TYPE	-20400	XML SCHEMA ERROR n text
EXCEEDED THE LIMIT NUMBER OF CHILDREN NODES  -20411 A FETCH CURRENT CONTINUE OPERATION WAS REQUESTED FOR cursor-name BUT THERE IS NO PRESERVED, TRUNCATED DATA TO RETURN  -20412 SERIALIZATION OF AN XML VALUE RESULTED IN CHARACTERS THAT COULD NOT BE REPRESENTED IN THE TARGET ENCODING  -20423 A CREATE TABLE, OR DECLARE GLOBAL TEMPORARY TABLE STATEMENT FOR table-name ATTEMPTED TO CREATE A TABLE WITH ALL THE COLUMNS DEFINED AS HIDDEN  -20433 AN UNTYPED PARAMETER MARKER WAS SPECIFIED, BUT AN ASSUMED DATA TYPE	-20409	
THERE IS NO PRESERVED, TRUNCATED DATA TO RETURN  -20412 SERIALIZATION OF AN XML VALUE RESULTED IN CHARACTERS THAT COULD NOT BE REPRESENTED IN THE TARGET ENCODING  -20423 A CREATE TABLE, OR DECLARE GLOBAL TEMPORARY TABLE STATEMENT FOR table-name ATTEMPTED TO CREATE A TABLE WITH ALL THE COLUMNS DEFINED AS HIDDEN  -20433 AN UNTYPED PARAMETER MARKER WAS SPECIFIED, BUT AN ASSUMED DATA TYPE		EXCEEDED THE LIMIT NUMBER OF CHILDREN NODES
REPRESENTED IN THE TARGET ENCODING  -20423 A CREATE TABLE, OR DECLARE GLOBAL TEMPORARY TABLE STATEMENT FOR table-name ATTEMPTED TO CREATE A TABLE WITH ALL THE COLUMNS DEFINED AS HIDDEN -20433 AN UNTYPED PARAMETER MARKER WAS SPECIFIED, BUT AN ASSUMED DATA TYPE		THERE IS NO PRESERVED, TRUNCATED DATA TO RETURN
name ATTEMPTED TO CREATE A TABLE WITH ALL THE COLUMNS DEFINED AS HIDDEN -20433 AN UNTYPED PARAMETER MARKER WAS SPECIFIED, BUT AN ASSUMED DATA TYPE	-20412	REPRESENTED IN THE TARGET ENCODING
,		name ATTEMPTED TO CREATE A TABLE WITH ALL THE COLUMNS DEFINED AS HIDDEN
	-20433	,

-30000	EXECUTION FAILED DUE TO A DISTRIBUTION PROTOCOL ERROR THAT WILL NOT AFFECT THE SUCCESSFUL EXECUTION OF SUBSEQUENT COMMANDS OR SQL STATEMENTS: REASON reason-code (sub-code)
-30002	THE SQL STATEMENT CANNOT BE EXECUTED DUE TO A PRIOR CONDITION IN A CHAIN OF STATEMENTS
-30020	EXECUTION FAILED DUE TO A DISTRIBUTION PROTOCOL ERROR THAT CAUSED DEALLOCATION OF THE CONVERSATION: REASON < reason-code (sub-code)>
-30021	EXECUTION FAILED DUE TO A DISTRIBUTION PROTOCOL ERROR THAT WILL AFFECT THE SUCCESSFUL EXECUTION OF SUBSEQUENT COMMANDS OR SQL STATEMENTS: MANAGER manager AT LEVEL level NOT SUPPORTED ERROR
-30025	EXECUTION FAILED BECAUSE FUNCTION IS NOT SUPPORTED BY THE SERVER WHICH CAUSED TERMINATION OF THE CONNECTION: LOCATION location PRODUCT ID pppvvrr REASON reason-code (sub-code)
-30030	COMMIT REQUEST WAS UNSUCCESSFUL, A DISTRIBUTION PROTOCOL VIOLATION HAS BEEN DETECTED, THE CONVERSATION HAS BEEN DEALLOCATED. ORIGINAL SQLCODE= original-sqlcode AND ORIGINAL SQLSTATE= original-sqlstate
-30040	EXECUTION FAILED DUE TO UNAVAILABLE RESOURCES THAT WILL NOT AFFECT THE SUCCESSFUL EXECUTION OF SUBSEQUENT COMMANDS OR SQL STATEMENTS.  REASON < reason-code> TYPE OF RESOURCE < resource-type> RESOURCE NAME < resource-name> PRODUCT ID < pppvvrrm> RDBNAME < rdbname>
-30041	EXECUTION FAILED DUE TO UNAVAILABLE RESOURCES THAT WILL AFFECT THE SUCCESSFUL EXECUTION OF SUBSEQUENT COMMANDS AND SQL STATEMENTS. REASON < reason-code> TYPE OF RESOURCE < resource-type> RESOURCE NAME < resource-name> PRODUCT ID < pppvvrrm> RDBNAME < rdbname>
-30050	< command-or-SQL-statement-type> COMMAND OR SQL STATEMENT INVALID WHILE BIND PROCESS IN PROGRESS
-30051	BIND PROCESS WITH SPECIFIED PACKAGE NAME AND CONSISTENCY TOKEN NOT ACTIVE
-30052	PROGRAM PREPARATION ASSUMPTIONS ARE INCORRECT
-30053	OWNER AUTHORIZATION FAILURE
-30060	RDB AUTHORIZATION FAILURE
-30061	RDB NOT FOUND
-30070	< command> COMMAND NOT SUPPORTED ERROR
-30071	< object-type> OBJECT NOT SUPPORTED ERROR
-30072	< parameter>:< subcode> PARAMETER NOT SUPPORTED ERROR
-30073	<pre>&lt; parameter&gt;:&lt; subcode&gt; PARAMETER VALUE NOT SUPPORTED ERROR</pre>
-30074	REPLY MESSAGE WITH codepoint (svrcod) NOT SUPPORTED ERROR
-30080	COMMUNICATION ERROR code (subcode)
-30081	prot COMMUNICATION ERROR DETECTED. API= api, LOCATION= loc, FUNCTION= func, ERROR CODES= rc1 rc2 rc3
-30082	CONNECTION FAILED FOR SECURITY REASON reason-code (reason-string)
-30090	REMOTE OPERATION INVALID FOR APPLICATION EXECUTION ENVIRONMENT
-30104	ERROR IN BIND OPTION option AND BIND VALUE value
-30105	BIND OPTION option1 IS NOT ALLOWED WITH BIND OPTION
-30106	INVALID INPUT DATA DETECTED FOR A MULTIPLE ROW INSERT OPERATION. INSERT PROCESSING IS TERMINATED

## **Resource Types**

Type Code	Type of Resource	Name, Content, Format
00000100	Database	DB

00000200	Table space	DB.SP
00000200	Index space	DB.SP
00000201	Table space	RD.DB.TS
00000202	Compression Dictionary	DB.SP
00000203	Partition	DB.SP.PT
00000210	Data set	DSN
00000220	Temporary file	SZ
00000230	Database procedure	DBP
00000240	Page	DB.SP.PG
00000300	Index minipage	DB.SP.PG.MP
00000301	Table space page	DB.SP.PG
00000303	Index space page	DB.SP.PG
00000303	Table space RID	DB.SP.RID
00000305	Index access/table space RID	DB.SP.RID
00000303	Index access/table space page	DB.SP.PG
00000307	Index space EOF	DB.SP.01
00000307	ICF catalog	IC
00000400	Authorization function	
00000401	Security Server	SAF/RACF return/reason codes
00000500	Storage group	SG
00000600	EDM pool space	00
00000602	EDM DBD Space	
00000603	EDM DYNAMIC STATEMENT Space	
00000700	Buffer pool space	BP
00000701	Group buffer pool	GBP
00000701	Plan	PL
00000801	Package	COLLECTION, PACKAGE.
00000001	1 donago	CONTOKEN
00000802	BINDLOCK01 through BINDLOCK20	BINDLOCK01 through BINDLOCK20
00000900	32KB data area	, and the second
00000901	Sort storage	
00000903	Hash anchor	DB.SP.PG.AI
00000904	RIDLIST storage	
00000905	IRLM storage	
00000906	DB2	MEMBER
00000907	Data Space	MEMBER
00000908	Basic Floating Point Extensions Facility	
00000909	Extended Time-of-Day (TOD) Clock	
0000090A	XML storage	
00000A00	Table	RD.CR.TB
00000A10	Alias	RELDEP. OWNER. ALIAS. RD.CR.AL
00000A11	Distinct type	SC.DT
00000A12	User-defined function	SC.SN
00000A13	Stored procedure	SC.SN
00000A14	Sequence	
00000B00	View	RD.CR.VW
00000C00	Index	RD.CR.IX
00000C01	Index	CR.IX
00000D00	DBID/OBID	RD.DI.OI
00000D01	DBID/OBID	DI.OI
00000D02	OBID	OI
•		

00000E00	SU limit exceeded	CN
00000F00	Auxiliary column	DI.OI. ROWID. COLN
00000F01	LOB lock	DIX.PIX. ROWID. VRSN
00001000	DDF	LOCATION or SUBSYSTEM ID
00001001	System conversation	LU.MODE, RTNCD, FDBK2, RCPRI.
	,	RCSEC. SENSE
00001002	Agent conversation	LU.MODE, RTNCD, FDBK2, RCPRI.
	, and the second	RCSEC. SENSE
00001003	CNOS processing	LU. MODE. RTNCD. FDBK2. RCPRI.
		RCSEC. SENSE
00001004	CDB (Communication database)	LOCATION. AUTHORIZATION ID. PL
00001005	DB access agent	LOCATION
00001007	TCP/IP domain name	LINKNAME. DOMAIN. ERRNO
00001008	TCP/IP service name	LOCATION. SERVICE. ERRNO
00001102	Bootstrap data set (BSDS)	MEMBER
00002000	Table space CS-claim class	DB.SP
00002001	Table space RR-claim class	DB.SP
00002002	Table space write-claim class	DB.SP
00002003	Index space CS-claim class	DB.SP
00002004	Index space RR-claim class	DB.SP
00002005	Index space write-claim class	DB.SP
00002006	Table space partition CS-claim class	DB.SP.PT
00002007	Table space partition RR-claim class	DB.SP.PT
00002008	Table space partition write-claim	DB.SP.PT
	class	
00002009	Index space partition CS-claim class	DB.SP.PT
00002010	Index space partition RR-claim class	DB.SP.PT
00002011	Index space partition Write-claim	DB.SP.PT
	class	
00002100	Table space DBET entry	DB.SP
00002101	Index space DBET entry	DB.SP
00002102	Table space partition DBET entry	DB.SP.PT
00002103	Index space partition DBET entry	DB.SP.PT
00002104	DBET hash chain lock timeout	INTERNAL LOCK NN
00002105	Logical partition DBET entry	DB.SP.PT
00002200	Routine Parameter Storage	DBP
00002201	Debug Agent Storage	DBP
00002300	ICSF encryption and decryption	
	facilities	
00003000	Code (release maintenance level or	REL, APAR, ZPARM
	system parameter)	
00003002	Number of Stored Procedures	
00003072	Index	
00003073	Index	
00003328	Release dependency	
00003329		
00003330	OBID limit exceeded	
00003840	LOB column	