You are given a string s and an array of strings words **of different length**. Return all starting indices of substring(s) in s that is a concatenation of each word in words exactly once, in any order, and without any intervening characters.

You can return the answer in any order.

**Example 1:**

Input: s = "barfoothefoobarman", words = ["foo","bar"]

Output: [0,9]

Explanation: Substrings starting at index 0 and 9 are "barfoo" and "foobar" respectively.

The output order does not matter, returning [9,0] is fine too.

**Example 2:**

Input: s = "wordgoodgoodgoodbestword", words = ["word","good","best","word"]

Output: []

**Example 3:**

Input: s = "barfoofoobarthefoobarman", words = ["bar","foo","the"]

Output: [6,9,12]

**Constraints:**

1 <= s.length <= 104

s consists of lower-case English letters.

1 <= words.length <= 5000

1 <= words[i].length <= 30

words[i] consists of lower-case English letters.