Unit 1

NEGATION - BE

En inglés, cuando el verbo principal de la frase es BE (ser/estar), la forma negativa se crea agregando la partícula "not":

I am Canadian. → I am not Canadian.

You are in Colombia. → You are not in Colombia.

She is from Glasgow. \rightarrow She is not from Glasgow.

He is 25 years old. \rightarrow He is not 25 years old.

It is cold today. \rightarrow It is **not** cold today.

We are on holiday. \rightarrow We are not on holiday.

You are happy. → You are not happy.

They are good teachers. → They are not good teachers.





Facebook: frances.toxico

Instagram: frances.toxico

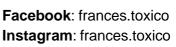
Página web: francestoxico.com

Telegram: @francestoxico

Hay dos formas de contraer la forma negativa de BE en inglés. Se puede contraer el verbo con el pronombre, o el verbo con la partícula de negación:

I am not	\rightarrow	l'm not	\rightarrow	
You are not	\rightarrow	You're not	\rightarrow	You aren't
She is not	\rightarrow	She's not	\rightarrow	She isn't
He is not	\rightarrow	He's not	\rightarrow	He isn't
It is not	\rightarrow	lt's not	\rightarrow	lt isn't
We are not	\rightarrow	We're not	\rightarrow	We aren't
You are not	\rightarrow	You're not	\rightarrow	You aren't
They are not	\rightarrow	They're not	\rightarrow	They aren't







Página web: francestoxico.com Telegram: @francestoxico