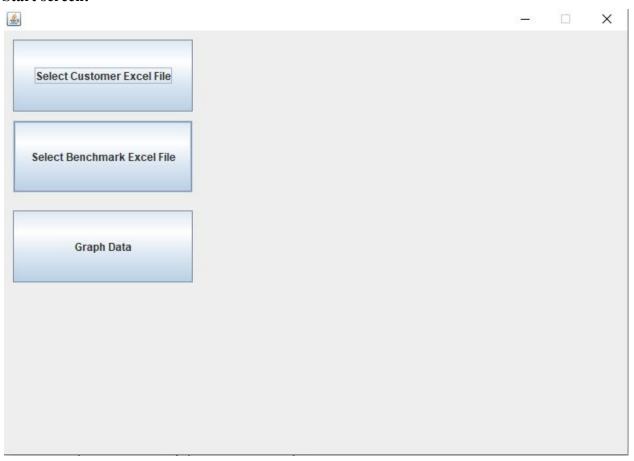
## **Appendices include:**

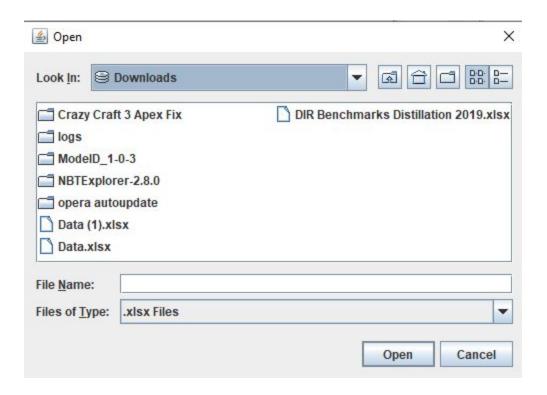
- A. Screenshots of user interface.
- B. Source code.

### **User Interface:**

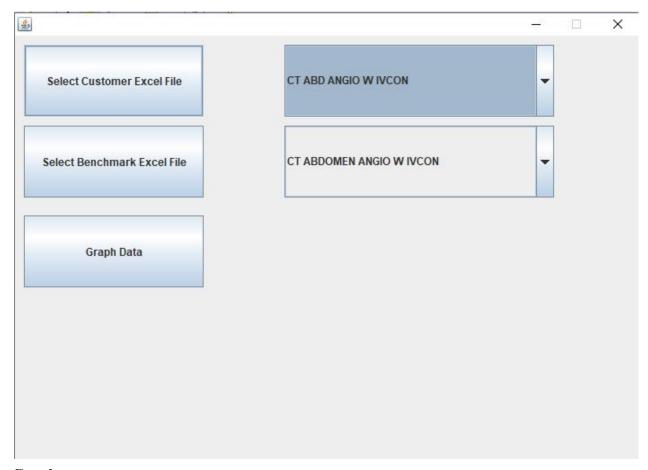
### **Start screen:**



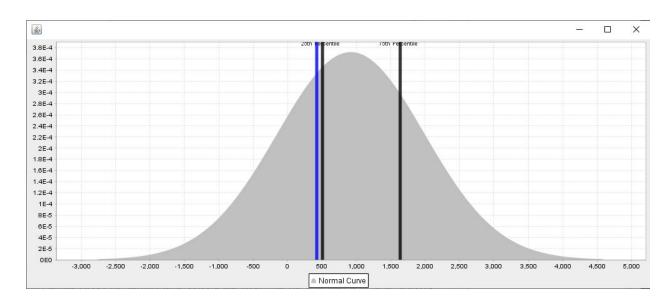
File selection:



Start screen with drop down menu:



# Graph:



### **Source Code:**

```
/*
  * Author: Jackson Hoyt

* Date Completed:
  * Function: This program allows the user to select two excel files in order for them
  * to be read in a compared to each other. This compartison will be done in the form of
  * a normal distribution graph.

/*
  * This class runs the user interface
  */
public class Main
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        MyFrame frame = new MyFrame();
    }
}
```

```
public class MyFrame extends JFrame implements ActionListener
    JFrame frame = new JFrame();
    JButton button1;
    JButton button2;
    JButton button3;
    JFileChooser chooser1 = new JFileChooser();
    JFileChooser chooser2 = new JFileChooser();
    JComboBox comboCD = new JComboBox();
    JComboBox comboBM = new JComboBox();
    ArrayList<CustomerData> cd;
    ArrayList<BenchmarkData> bm;
    CustomerData selectedCD;
    BenchmarkData selectedBM;
   MyFrame()
    {
        frame.setDefaultCloseOperation(this.EXIT_ON_CLOSE);
        frame.setLayout(null);
        frame.setResizable(false);
       frame.setSize(700,500);
        button1 = new JButton("Graph Data");
        button1.setBounds(10, 200, 200, 80);
        button1.addActionListener(this);
        button2 = new JButton("Select Customer Excel File");
        button2.setBounds(10, 10, 200, 80);
        button2.addActionListener(this);
        button3 = new JButton("Select Benchmark Excel File");
        button3.setBounds(10, 100, 200, 80);
        button3.addActionListener(this);
        frame.add(button1);
        frame.add(button2);
        frame.add(button3);
        frame.setVisible(true);
```

```
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  }
  @Override
   * This method checks for buttons to be clicked and items from the drop down menu to be selected
* This method also creates the drop down menu when the file is read
  public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e)
  {
      if(e.getSource() == button2)
          frame.add(chooser1);
          chooser1.setVisible(true);
          FileNameExtensionFilter filter1 = new FileNameExtensionFilter(".xlsx Files", "xlsx");
          chooser1.setFileFilter(filter1);
          int returnVal = chooser1.showOpenDialog(chooser1);
          if(returnVal == JFileChooser.APPROVE_OPTION)
              File file = chooser1.getSelectedFile();
              String fileName = file.getAbsolutePath();
              cd = getCustomerFile(fileName);
          comboCD.setBounds(300, 10, 300, 80);
          frame.add(comboCD);
          comboCD.addActionListener(this);
          for(int i = 0; i < cd.size(); i++)
          {
              comboCD.addItem(cd.get(i).getName());
          }
      if(e.getSource() == button3)
           frame.add(chooser2);
           chooser2.setVisible(true);
           FileNameExtensionFilter filter1 = new FileNameExtensionFilter(".xlsx Files", "xlsx");
           chooser2.setFileFilter(filter1);
           int returnVal = chooser2.showOpenDialog(chooser2);
           if(returnVal == JFileChooser.APPROVE_OPTION)
```

```
if(returnVal == JFileChooser.APPROVE_OPTION)
             File file = chooser2.getSelectedFile();
             String fileName = file.getAbsolutePath();
             bm = getBenchmarkData(fileName);
        comboBM.setBounds(300, 100, 300, 80);
        frame.add(comboBM);
        comboBM.addActionListener(this);
        for(int i = 0; i < bm.size(); i++)</pre>
            comboBM.addItem(bm.get(i).getName());
    if(e.getSource() == button1)
        try
        {
            Chart chart = new Chart("Data", "data", selectedBM, selectedCD);
            chart.pack();
            RefineryUtilities.centerFrameOnScreen(chart);
            chart.setVisible(true);
        catch(Exception n)
        catch(Exception n)
            JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(null, "Please select two excel files for comparrison", "E
    if(e.getSource() == comboCD)
        int selectedIndex = comboCD.getSelectedIndex();
        selectedCD = cd.get(selectedIndex);
    if(e.getSource() == comboBM)
        int selectedIndex = comboBM.getSelectedIndex();
        selectedBM = bm.get(selectedIndex);
}
 * This method reads in the customer excel file
public static ArrayList<CustomerData> getCustomerFile(String fileName)
    ArrayList<CustomerData> newLine = new ArrayList<CustomerData>();
    try
        File file = new File(fileName);
        FileInputStream fis = new FileInputStream(fileName);
        XSSFWorkbook wb = new XSSFWorkbook(fis);
        int numSheets = wb.getNumberOfSheets();
        for(int i = 0; i < numSheets; i++)</pre>
            Sheet sheet = wb.getSheetAt(i);
            Iterator<Row> rowIterator = sheet.iterator();
            while(rowIterator.hasNext())
```

```
while(rowIterator.hasNext())
            String name = "";
            double count = 0;
            double min = 0.0;
            double max = 0.0;
            double mean = 0.0;
            double median = 0.0;
            Row row = rowIterator.next();
            Iterator<Cell> cellIterator = row.cellIterator();
            while(cellIterator.hasNext())
                Cell cell = cellIterator.next();
                switch(cell.getCellType())
                case Cell.CELL TYPE STRING:
                    if(name.equals(""))
                        name = cell.getStringCellValue();
                        break;
                case Cell.CELL TYPE NUMERIC:
                    if(count == 0.0)
                        count = cell.getNumericCellValue();
                    else if(min == 0.0)
                        min = cell.getNumericCellValue();
                    else if(max == 0.0)
                        max = cell.getNumericCellValue();
                    else if(mean == 0.0)
                        mean = cell.getNumericCellValue();
                    else if(median == 0.0)
                        median = cell.getNumericCellValue();
                    break;
                }
            CustomerData newCD = new CustomerData(name, count, min, max, mean, median);
            newLine.add(newCD);
        }
    fis.close();
}
catch(IOException e)
```

```
catch(IOException e)
        e.printStackTrace();
    return newLine;
}
 * This method reads in the benchmark excel file
public static ArrayList<BenchmarkData> getBenchmarkData(String fileName)
    ArrayList<BenchmarkData> newBenchmarkData = new ArrayList<BenchmarkData>();
    {
        File file = new File(fileName);
        FileInputStream fis = new FileInputStream(file);
        XSSFWorkbook wb = new XSSFWorkbook(fis);
        int numSheets = wb.getNumberOfSheets();
        for(int i = 0; i < numSheets; i++)</pre>
            Sheet sheet = wb.getSheetAt(i);
            Iterator<Row> rowIterator = sheet.iterator();
            while(rowIterator.hasNext())
                String name = "";
                double oneMedian = 0.0;
                double median = 0.0;
                double twoMedian = 0.0;
                Row row = rowIterator.next();
                Iterator<Cell> cellIterator = row.cellIterator();
                while(cellIterator.hasNext())
                    Cell cell = cellIterator.next();
                    switch(cell.getCellType())
                    case Cell.CELL_TYPE_STRING:
                        if(name.equals(""))
    name = cell.getStringCellValue();
                        break;
```

```
case Cell.CELL TYPE NUMERIC:
                            if(oneMedian == 0.0)
                               oneMedian = cell.getNumericCellValue();
                            else if(median == 0.0)
                               median = cell.getNumericCellValue();
                            else if(twoMedian == 0.0)
                                twoMedian = cell.getNumericCellValue();
                            break;
                        }
                    BenchmarkData newBM = new BenchmarkData(name, oneMedian, median, twoMedian);
                    newBenchmarkData.add(newBM);
                }
            fis.close();
        catch(IOException e)
            e.printStackTrace();
        return newBenchmarkData;
   }
   public ArrayList<CustomerData> getCD()
        return cd;
   public ArrayList<BenchmarkData> getBM()
        return bm;
}
```

```
public class Chart extends JFrame {
    XYDataset dataset:
   XYPlot plot;
   JFreeChart chart:
  public Chart(String applicationTitle , String chartTitle, BenchmarkData bm, CustomerData cd)
     Function2D graph = new NormalDistributionFunction2D(bm.getMedian(), getVar(bm));
     dataset = DatasetUtilities.sampleFunction2D(graph, bm.getMedian()*-3.0, bm.getMedian()*5.0, 100, "
     ValueMarker marker1 = new ValueMarker(bm.getLowerMedian());
     marker1.setPaint(Color.black);
     marker1.setLabel("25th Percentile");
     marker1.setStroke(new BasicStroke(5.0f));
     ValueMarker marker2 = new ValueMarker(bm.getUpperMedian());
     marker2.setPaint(Color.black);
     marker2.setLabel("75th Percentile");
     marker2.setStroke(new BasicStroke(5.0f));
     ValueMarker marker3 = new ValueMarker(cd.getMedian());
     if(cd.getMedian() > bm.getUpperMedian())
         marker3.setPaint(Color.red);
         marker3.setPaint(Color.blue);
     marker3.setStroke(new BasicStroke(5.0f));
     NumberAxis xAxis = new NumberAxis(null);
     NumberAxis yAxis = new NumberAxis(null);
     XYAreaRenderer renderer = new XYAreaRenderer();
     renderer.setPaint(Color.lightGray);
     xAxis.setRange(bm.getMedian()-(getVar(bm)*4),bm.getMedian()+(getVar(bm)*4));
     plot = new XYPlot(dataset, xAxis, yAxis, renderer);
     plot.addDomainMarker(marker1);
     plot.addDomainMarker(marker2);
     plot.addDomainMarker(marker3);
    chart = new JFreeChart(plot);
    ChartPanel chartPanel = new ChartPanel(chart);
    chartPanel.setPreferredSize(new java.awt.Dimension(1000 , 400));
    setContentPane(chartPanel);
  * This method calculates one distribtion using the selected benchmark
  public double getVar(BenchmarkData bm)
      double x = bm.getUpperMedian();
      double y = bm.getMedian();
      double z = x-y;
      return z/.67;
```