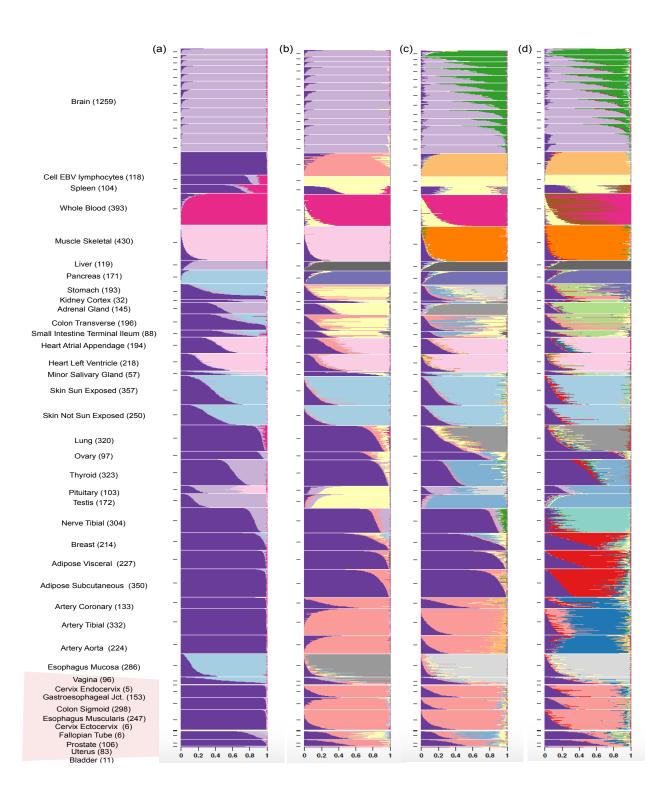
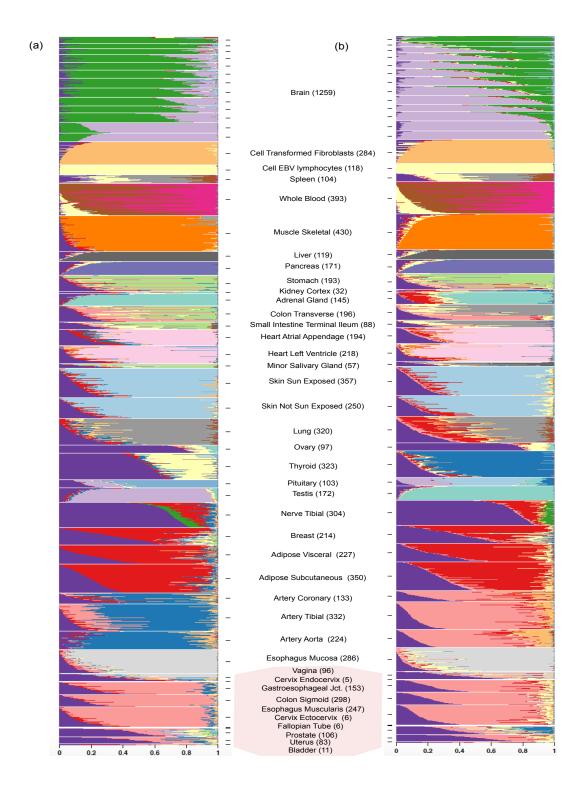
1 Supplementary figures

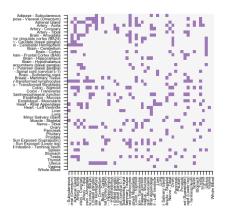
S1 Fig. Structure plot of GTEx V6 all tissue samples for (a) K = 5, (b) K = 10, (c) K = 15, (d) K = 20. Some tissues form a separate cluster from the rest of the tissues from K = 5 onwards (for example: Whole Blood, Skin), whereas some tissues only form a distinctive subgroup only at K = 20 (for example: Arteries).

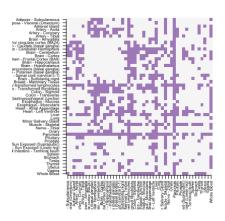


S2 Fig. Structure plot of GTEx V6 all tissue samples K=20 in 2 runs under the thinning parameters settings (a) $p_{thin}=0.01$ and (b) $p_{thin}=0.0001$. The patterns in two plots closely correspond to the plot in Fig 1(a), though there are a few differences from the unthinned version.

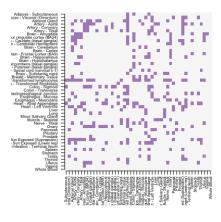


S3 Fig. A comparison of "accuracy" of hierarchical vs. model-based clustering on thinned GTEx data, with thinning parameter $p_{thin}=0.01$ and $p_{thin}=0.0001$. For each pair of tissues from the GTEx data we assessed whether or not each clustering method (with K=2 clusters) separated the samples according to their actual tissue of origin, with successful separation indicated by a filled square. Thinning deteriorates accuracy compared with the unthinned data (Fig 2), but even then the model-based method remains more successful than the hierarchical clustering in separating the samples by tissue or origin.

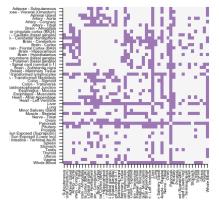




(a) hierarchy thin 0.01



(b) GoM thin 0.01



(c) hierarchy 0.0001

(d) GoM thin 0.0001

2 Supplementary tables

S1 Table. Cluster Annotations GTEx V6 data with top driving gene summaries.

Cluster	Top	Gene names	Gene Summary
	Driving		
	Genes		
1, Royal	NEAT1	nuclear paraspeckle assembly transcript 1	produces a long non-coding RNA (lncRNA) transcribed from the multiple endocrine neoplasia locus, regulates genes involved in cancer progression.
purple	CCNL2	cyclin L2	regulator of the pre-mRNA splicing process, as well as in inducing apoptosis by modulating the expression of apoptotic and antiapoptotic proteins.
	SRSF5	serine/arginine-rich splic- ing factor 5	encodes proteins of serine/arginine (SR)-rich family, involved in mRNA export from the nucleus and in translation.
2, Light	SNAP25	synaptosomal-associated protein, 25kDa	this gene product is a presynaptic plasma membrane protein involved in the regulation of neurotransmitter release.
purple	FBXL16	F-box and leucine-rich repeat protein 16	members of F-box protein family, which interact with SKP1 through the F box, and they interact with ubiquitination targets through other protein interaction domains.
	SLC17A7	neurochondrin	encodes proteins expressed in neuron-rich regions; associated with the membranes of synaptic vesicles and functions in glutamate transport.
3, Red	FABP4	fatty acid binding protein 4	encodes the fatty acid binding protein found in adipocytes, takes part in fatty acid uptake, transport, and metabolism.
0, 2022	PLIN1	perilipin 1	protein encoded by this gene coats lipid storage droplets in adipocytes, thereby protecting them until they can be broken down by hormone-sensitive lipase.
	FASN	fatty acid synthase	catalyze the synthesis of palmitate from acetyl-CoA and malonyl-CoA, in the presence of NADPH, into long-chain saturated fatty acids.
4, Salmon	ACTG2	actin, gamma 2, smooth muscle, enteric	involved in various types of cell motility and in the maintenance of the cytoskeleton.
-,	MYH11	myosin, heavy chain 11, smooth muscle	protein encoded by this gene is a smooth muscle myosin belonging to the myosin heavy chain family, functions as a major contractile protein, converting chemical energy into mechanical energy through the hydrolysis of ATP.
	SYNM	synemin	protein has been found to form a linkage between desmin, which is a subunit of the IF network, and the extracellular matrix, and provides an important structural support in muscle.
5, Denim	RGS5	regulator of G-protein signaling 5	encodes a member of the regulators of G protein signaling (RGS) family, associated with retinal arterial macroaneurysm.
o, zemin	MFGE8	milk fat globule-EGF factor 8 protein	encodes a preproprotein that is proteolytically processed to form multiple protein products, been implicated in wound healing, autoimmune disease, and cancer
	ITGA8	synemin	Proteins generated mediate numerous cellular processes including cell adhesion, cytoskeletal rearrangement, and activation of cell signaling pathways.
6, Light	KRT10	keratin 10	encodes a member of the type I (acidic) cytokeratin family, mutations associated with epidermolytic hyperkeratosis.
denim	KRT1	keratin 1, type II	specifically expressed in the spinous and granular layers of the epidermis with family member KRT10 and mutations in these genes have been associated with bullous congenital ichthyosiform erythroderma.
	KRT2	keratin 2, type II	expressed largely in the upper spinous layer of epidermal keratinocytes and mutations in this gene have been associated with bullous congenital ichthyosiform erythroderma.
7, Orange	NEB	nebulin	encodes nebulin, a giant protein component of the cytoskeletal matrix that coexists with the thick and thin filaments within the sarcomeres of skeletal muscle, associated with recessive nemaline myopathy.
	MYH1	myosin, heavy chain 1, skeletal muscle, adult	a major contractile protein which converts chemical energy into mechanical energy through the hydrolysis of ATP.
	MYH2	myosin, heavy chain 2, skeletal muscle, adult	encodes a member of the class II or conventional myosin heavy chains, and functions in skeletal muscle contraction.

Cluster	Top Driving	Gene namese	Gene Summary
	Genes		
8, Light	FN1	fibronectin 1	Fibronectin is involved in cell adhesion, embryogenesis, blood coagulation, host defense, and metastasis.
orange	COL1A1	collagen, type I, alpha 1	Mutations in this gene associated with osteogenesis imperfect types I-IV, Ehlers-Danlos syndrome type and Classical type, Caffey Disease.
	COL1A2	collagen, type I, alpha 2	Mutations in this gene associated with osteogenesis imperfect types I-IV, Ehlers-Danlos syndrome type and Classical type, Caffey Disease.
9. Green	MBP	myelin basic protein	major constituent of the myelin sheath of oligodendrocytes and Schwann cells in the nervous system
o, Green	GFAP	glial fibrillary acidic protein	encodes one of the major intermediate filament proteins of mature astrocytes, mutations casuses Alexander disease.
	CARNS1	carnosine synthase 1	catalyzes the formation of carnosine and homocarnosine, which are found mainly in skeletal muscle and the central nervous system, respectively.
10, Light green	CYP17A1	cytochrome P450 family 17 subfamily A member 1	encodes a member of the cytochrome P450 superfamily of enzymes, mutations in this gene are associated with isolated steroid-17 alpha-hydroxylase deficiency, 20-lyase deficiency, pseudohermaphroditism, and adrenal hyperplasia.
	CYP11B1	cytochrome P450 family 11 subfamily B member 1	The protein encoded by this gene plays a key role in the acute regulation of steroid hormone synthesis by enhancing the conversion of cholesterol into pregnenolone, associated with congenital lipoid adrenal hyperplasia.
	GKN1	gastrokine 1	protein encoded by this gene is found to be down-regulated in human gastric cancer tissue as compared to normal gastric mucosa
11, Turquoise	MPZ	myelin protein zero	specifically expressed in Schwann cells of the peripheral nervous system and encodes a type I transmembrane glycoprotein that is a major structural protein of the peripheral myelin sheath, mutations associated with autosomal dominant form of Charcot-Marie-Tooth disease type 1 and other polyneuropathies.
	APOD	apolipoprotein D	encodes a component of high density lipoprotein that has no marked similarity to other apolipoprotein sequences, closely associated with lipoprotein metabolism.
	PMP22	peripheral myelin protein 22	encodes an integral membrane protein that is a major component of myelin in the peripheral nervous system
12, Yellow	IGHM	immunoglobulin heavy constant mu	IgM antibodies play an important role in primary defense mechanisms, Diseases associated with IGHM include agammaglobulinemia 1 and immunodeficiency 23.
	IGHG1	immunoglobulin heavy constant gamma 1 (G1m marker)	antigen binding functionality, diseases associated with IGHG1 include heavy chain deposition disease and chronic lymphocytic leukemia.
	IGHG2	immunoglobulin heavy constant gamma 2 (G2m marker)	antigen binding gene, diseases associated with IGHG2 include c2 deficiency.
13, Sky blue	TG	thyroglobulin	thyroglobulin produced predominantly in thyroid gland, synthesizes thyroxine and triiodothyronine, associated with Graves disease and Hashimotot thyroiditis.
	PRL	prolactin 2	encodes the anterior pituitary hormone prolactin. This secreted hormone is a growth regulator for many tissues, including cells of the immune system.
	PRM2	protamine 2	Protamines are the major DNA-binding proteins in the nucleus of sperm.
14, Light pink	NPPA	natriuretic peptide A	protein encoded by this gene belongs to the natriuretic peptide family, controls extracellular fluid volume and electrolyte homeostasis, mutations Mutations associated with atrial fibrillation familial type 6.
	MYH6	myosin, heavy chain 6, car- diac muscle, alpha	encodes the alpha heavy chain subunit of cardiac myosin, mutations cause familial hypertrophic cardiomyopathy and atrial septal defect 3
	TNNT2	protamine 2	protein encoded by this gene is the tropomyosin-binding subunit of the troponin complex, mutations in this gene have been associated with familial hypertrophic cardiomyopathy as well as with dilated cardiomyopathy.

Cluster	Top	Gene namese	Gene Summary
	Driving		
	Genes		
15, Light	KRT13	keratin 13, type I	protein encoded by this gene is a member of the keratin gene family, associated with the autosomal dominant disorder White Sponge Nevus.
gray	KRT4	keratin 4, type II	protein encoded by this gene is a member of the keratin gene family, associated with White Sponge Nevus, characterized by oral, esophageal, and anal leukoplakia.
	CRNN	cornulin	may play a role in the mucosal/epithelial immune response and epidermal differentiation.
16, Gray	SFTPB	surfactant protein B	an amphipathic surfactant protein essential for lung function and homeostasis after birth, muttaions cause pulmonary alveolar proteinosis, fatal respiratory distress in the neonatal period.
	SFTPA2	surfactant protein A2	Mutations in this gene and a highly similar gene located nearby, which affect the highly conserved carbohydrate recognition domain, are associated with idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis.
	SFTPA1	surfactant protein A1	encodes a lung surfactant protein that is a member of C-type lectins called collectins, associated with idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis.
17, Brown	CSF3R	colony stimulating factor 3 receptor	protein encoded by this gene is the receptor for colony stimulating factor 3, a cytokine that controls the production, differentiation, and function of granulocytes, mutations a cause of Kostmann syndrome
	MMP25	matrix metallopeptidase 25	proteins are involved in the breakdown of extracellular matrix in normal physiological processes, such as embryonic development, reproduction, and tissue remodeling, as well as in disease processes, such as arthritis and metastasis.
	IL1R2	interleukin 1 receptor type 2	protein encoded by this gene is a cytokine receptor that belongs to the inter-leukin 1 receptor family.
	PRSS1	protease, serine 1	secreted by pancreas, associated with pancreatitis
18, Purple	CPA1	carboxypeptidase A1	secreted by pancreas, linked to pancreatitis and pancreatic cancer
	PNLIP	pancreatic lipase	encodes a carboxyl esterase that hydrolyzes insoluble, emulsified triglycerides, and is essential for the efficient digestion of dietary fats. This gene is expressed specifically in the pancreas.
19, Pink	HBB	hemoglobin, beta	mutant beta globin causes sickle cell anemia, absence of beta chain/ reduction in beta globin leads to thalassemia.
15, 1 IIIK	HBA2	hemoglobin, alpha 2	deletion of alpha genes may lead to alpha thalassemia.
	HBA1	hemoglobin, alpha 1	deletion of alpha genes may lead to alpha thalassemia.
20, Dark	ALB	albumin	functions primarily as a carrier protein for steroids, fatty acids, and thyroid hormones and plays a role in stabilizing extracellular fluid volume.
gray	HP	haptoglobin	encodes a preproprotein, which subsequently produces haptoglobin, linked to diabetic nephropathy, Crohn's disease, inflammatory disease behavior and reduced incidence of Plasmodium falciparum malaria.
	FGB	fibrinogen beta chain	protein encoded by this gene is the beta component of fibrinogen, mutations may lead to several disorders, including afibrinogenemia, dysfibrinogenemia, hypodysfibrinogenemia etc.

S2 Table. Cluster Annotations GTEx V6 Brain data with top driving gene summaries.

Cluster	Top	Gene names	Gene Summary
	Driving		·
	Genes		
1, Royal blue	CLU	clusterin	protein encoded by this gene is a secreted chaperone that can under some stress conditions also be found in the cell cytosol, also involved in cell death, tumor progression, and neurodegenerative disorders.
	OXT	oxytocin/neurophysin I prepropeptide	encodes a precursor protein that is processed to produce oxytocin and neurophysin I, involved in contraction of smooth muscle during parturition and lactation, cognition, tolerance, adaptation and complex sexual and maternal behaviour.
	GLUL	glutamate-ammonia ligase	catalyzes the synthesis of glutamine from glutamate and ammonia in an ATP-dependent reaction, associated with congenital glutamine deficiency, and overexpression of this gene was observed in some primary liver cancer samples.
2,	ENC1	ectodermal-neural cortex 1	plays a role in the oxidative stress response as a regulator of the transcription factor Nrf2, may play role in malignant transformation.
Turquoise	NCALD	neurocalcin delta	encodes a member of the neuronal calcium sensor (NCS), a regulator of G protein-coupled receptor signal transduction.
	YWHAH	tyrosine 3- monooxygenase/tryptophan 5-monooxygenase activa- tion protein eta	mediate signal transduction by binding to phosphoserine-containing proteins, associated with early-onset schizophrenia and psychotic bipolar disorder.
3, Lime green	PKD1	polycystin 1, transient receptor potential channel interacting	functions as a regulator of calcium permeable cation channels and intracellular calcium homoeostasis. It is also involved in cell-cell/matrix interactions and may modulate G-protein-coupled signal-transduction pathways.
	CBLN3	cerebellin 3 precursor	contain a cerebellin motif and C-terminal C1q signature domain that mediates trimeric assembly of atypical collagen complexes
	CHGB	chromogranin B	encodes a tyrosine-sulfated secretory protein abundant in peptidergic endocrine cells and neurons. This protein may serve as a precursor for regulatory peptides.
4, Red	PPP1R1B	protein phosphatase 1 reg- ulatory inhibitor sub- unit 1B	encodes a bifunctional signal transduction molecule, may serve as a therapeutic target for neurologic and psychiatric disorders.
	RGS14	regulator of G-protein signaling 14	attenuates the signaling activity of G-proteins, increases the rate of conversion of the GTP to GDP.
	NCDN	neurochondrin	encodes a leucine-rich cytoplasmic protein, essential for spatial learning processes.
5, Yellow	MBP	myelin basic protein	protein encoded is a major constituent of the myelin sheath of oligodendrocytes and Schwann cells in the nervous system.
orange	GFAP	glial fibrillary acidic protein	encodes major intermediate filament proteins of mature astrocytes, a marker to distinguish astrocytes during development, mutations in this gene cause Alexander disease, a rare disorder of astrocytes in central nervous system.
	TF	transferrin	transport iron from the intestine, reticuloendothelial system, and liver parenchymal cells to all proliferating cells in the body, involved in the removal of certain organic matter and allergens from serum.
6, Yellow	IQGAP1	IQ motif containing GT- Pase activating protein 1	interacts with components of the cytoskeleton, with cell adhesion molecules, and with several signaling molecules to regulate cell morphology and motility.
	A2M	alpha-2-macroglobulin	inhibits many proteases, including trypsin, thrombin and collagenase. A2M is implicated in Alzheimer disease (AD) due to its ability to mediate the clearance and degradation of A-beta, the major component of beta-amyloid deposits.
	C3	complement component 3	plays a central role in the activation of complement system, associated with atypical hemolytic uremic syndrome and age-related macular degeneration in human patients.

S3 Table. Deng et al (2014) Cluster GO annotations of top driving genes.

	go.id	name	significant
1	GO:0007276	gamete generation	BCL2L10; GDF9; NOBOX; PABPC1L; RGS2; CREB3L4; RNF114; BMP15; PTTG1; TDRD12; WEE2; SPIN1; DAZL
2	GO:0007292	female gamete generation	GDF9; BCL2L10; PABPC1L; BMP15; WEE2; DAZL; NOBOX
3	GO:0048609	multicellular organismal reproductive process	GDF9; NOBOX; PABPC1L; BCL2L10; BMP15; CREB3L4; TGFB2; RNF114; RGS2; PTTG1; TDRD12; WEE2; SPIN1; DAZL
4	GO:0032504	multicellular organism reproduction	GDF9; NOBOX; PABPC1L; BCL2L10; BMP15; CREB3L4; TGFB2; RNF114; RGS2; PTTG1; TDRD12; WEE2; SPIN1; DAZL
5	GO:0019953	sexual reproduction	BCL2L10; GDF9; NOBOX; PABPC1L; RGS2; CREB3L4; RNF114; BMP15; PTTG1; TDRD12; WEE2; SPIN1; DAZL
6	GO:0044702	single organism reproductive process	GDF9; NOBOX; PABPC1L; BCL2L10; BMP15; CREB3L4; TGFB2; CASP8; RNF114; RGS2; PTTG1; TDRD12; WEE2; SPIN1; DAZL
7	GO:0048477	oogenesis	WEE2; GDF9; NOBOX; PABPC1L; DAZL
8	GO:0044703	multi-organism repro- ductive process	BCL2L10; GDF9; NOBOX; PABPC1L; RGS2; CREB3L4; RNF114; BMP15; PTTG1; TDRD12; WEE2; SPIN1; DAZL
9	GO:0048599	oocyte development	WEE2; GDF9; PABPC1L; DAZL
10	GO:0009994	oocyte differentiation	WEE2; GDF9; PABPC1L; DAZL
11	GO:0051321	meiotic cell cycle	H1FOO; WEE2; TDRD12; SPIN1; PTTG1; DAZL
12	GO:0001556	oocyte maturation	WEE2; PABPC1L; DAZL
13	GO:0006306	DNA methylation	TDRD12; H1FOO; TET3; ZFP57
14	GO:0051302	regulation of cell division	TGFB2; PTTG1; TXNIP; WEE2; CHEK1; DAZL
15	GO:0060255	regulation of macro- molecule metabolic	TGFB2; NOBOX; BPGM; UBE2D3; NFYA; CASP8; BMP15; TXNIP; TDRD12; GDF9; BCL2L10
		process	

S3 Table continued. Deng et al (2014) Cluster 2 (magenta) top GO annotations.

	go.id	name	significant
1	GO:0016604	nuclear body	YTHDC1; RBM8A; CDK12; PSME4; PPP1R8; HIPK1; TOPORS
2	GO:0005814	centriole	SFI1; PLK2; ROCK1; TOPORS
3	GO:0044450	microtubule organizing	SFI1; PLK2; ROCK1; TOPORS
		center part	

S3 Table continued. Deng et al (2014) Cluster 3 (yellow) top GO annotations.

	go.id	name	significant
1	GO:0044428	nuclear part	MAD2L2; SMARCC1; PPRC1; SLU7; NFYB; TOR1B; MIOS; NR1H3; POLR3K
2	GO:0031981	nuclear lumen	MAD2L2; SMARCC1; PPRC1; SLU7; NFYB; POLR1E; MIOS; POLR3K; XPO1
3	GO:0070013	intracellular organelle lu- men	MAD2L2; SMARCC1; PPRC1; SLU7; NFYB; POLR1E; MIOS; POLR3K; XPO1; DNTTIP2; ZBTB10; ZBTB17
4	GO:0043233	organelle lumen	MAD2L2; SMARCC1; PPRC1; SLU7; NFYB; POLR1E; MIOS; POLR3K; XPO1
5	GO:0005730	nucleolus	XPO1; DNTTIP2; ESF1; WDR43; ZDHHC7; HEATR1; POLR1E; DDX24; POLR3K
6	GO:0005634	nucleus	MAD2L2; SMARCC1; PPRC1; SLU7; NFYB; TOR1B; MIOS; NR1H3; EIF5B; POLR3K
7	GO:0044446	intracellular organelle part	MAD2L2; PTDSS2; SMARCC1; KLHL21; TOR1B; PPRC1; SLU7; NFYB; SLC25A36; ECE2
8	GO:0005654	nucleoplasm	MAD2L2; SMARCC1; PPRC1; SLU7; NFYB; POLR1E; MIOS; POLR3K; XPO1; ZBTB10; ZBTB17
9	GO:0003723	RNA binding	PPRC1; EIF5B; XPO1; DNTTIP2; WDR43; DDX10; EIF3C; BCLAF1; EBNA1BP2; RARS
10	GO:0003676	nucleic acid binding	SMARCC1; PPRC1; SLU7; NFYB; POLR1E; EIF5B; POLR3K; XPO1; DNT-TIP2
11	GO:0043231	intracellular membrane- bounded organelle	MAD2L2; PTDSS2; SMARCC1; TOR1B; PPRC1; SLU7; NFYB; ESF1; ECE2; LMAN1L
12	GO:0043229	intracellular organelle	MAD2L2; PTDSS2; SMARCC1; KLHL21; TOR1B; PPRC1; ARRDC1; SLU7; NFYB; ESF1; ECE2
13	GO:0005874	microtubule	WDR43; KLHL21; HAUS6; CENPE; TEKT2; RACGAP1; WDR81; BCL2L11; KIF20B
14	GO:0044822	poly(A) RNA binding	WDR43; DNTTIP2; ESF1; NXF1; DDX10; HEATR1; EIF3C
15	GO:0044424	intracellular part	MAD2L2; PTDSS2; SMARCC1; KLHL21; TOR1B; PPRC1; SNAPC4; POLR3K; ARRDC1; SLU7; NFYB; ESF1; WDR43; ECE2; LMAN1L

S3 Table continued. Deng et al (2014) Cluster 4 (green) top GO annotations.

	go.id	name	significant
1	0		<u> </u>
1	GO:0005829	cytosol	PARG; UAP1; PSMB10; TCEB1; RPLP0; EIF5; CNBP; RPS3; PSAT1; AACS; PMM1; EXOSC7; EIF3I; SET; BHMT; BHMT2
2	GO:0044444	cytoplasmic part	PARG; UAP1; PSMB10; TCEB1; HSPA8; SERINC1; EIF5; CNBP; RPS3; PSAT1; GPD2; AACS; GPR137B; STIP1; PMM1; EXOSC7; VPREB3; PEX16
3	GO:0055131	C3HC4-type RING finger domain binding	HSPA8; PINK1; DNAJA1
4	GO:1901575	organic substance catabolic process	PSMB10; TCEB1; RPLP0; RPS3; GPD2; PINK1; EXOSC7; ALLC; BHMT; HSP90AB1; RPL13A; ATG7; CUL5; UBXN1; ZMPSTE24
5	GO:0000151	ubiquitin ligase complex	DNAJA1; RNF7; UBE2C; HSPA8; FBXO15; SUGT1; DCAF4; CUL5; FBXL20
6	GO:0072655	protein localization to mitochondrion	TIMM17A; BNIP3L; ARIH2; PEMT; SFN; PINK1; HSP90AA1; TIMM23
7	GO:1901564	organonitrogen compound metabolic process	PSMB10; RPLP0; SERINC1; EIF5; BHMT2; PINK1; EIF3I; ALLC; BHMT; MRPL22; RPL13A; ATG7; NUDT9; VNN1; CTSA; HK1
8	GO:0005737	cytoplasm	PARG; UAP1; PSMB10; TCEB1; HSPA8; SERINC1; EIF5; CNBP; RPS3; PSAT1; GPD2; AACS; GPR137B; STIP1; PMM1; EXOSC7
9	GO:0044265	cellular macromolecule catabolic process	EXOSC7; SUMO2; BNIP3L; ARIH2; PSMB10; TCEB1; RPLP0; UBXN1; HSP90AB1; RPL13A; RPS3; RNF7; PINK1
10	GO:0023026	MHC class II protein complex binding	HSP90AB1; HSP90AA1; HSPA8
11	GO:0051082	unfolded protein binding	DNAJA1; PTGES3; HSPA8; HSP90AB1; HSP90AA1; NPM1
12	GO:0009056	catabolic process	PSMB10; TCEB1; RPLP0; RPS3; GPD2; PINK1; EXOSC7; ALLC; WDR45; HSP90AB1; RPL13A
13	GO:0009057	macromolecule catabolic process	EXOSC7; SUMO2; BNIP3L; ARIH2; PSMB10; TCEB1; RPLP0; AZIN1; UBXN1; HSP90AB1; RPL13A
14	GO:0044248	cellular catabolic process	PSMB10; TCEB1; SUMO2; RPS3; GPD2; PINK1; EXOSC7; ALLC; WDR45; HSP90AB1
15	GO:0006626	protein targeting to mitochondrion	TIMM17A; BNIP3L; ARIH2; PEMT; PINK1; HSP90AA1; TIMM23

${ m S3}$ Table continued. Deng et al (2014) Cluster 5 (purple) top GO annotations.

	go.id	name	significant
1	GO:0044710	single-organism metabolic process	PCK2; SAT1; EPHX2; NFATC4; CKB; PRDX6; MSH2; EPHA4; PROS1; PDGFRA; PRDX1; UBE2L6; POGLUT1; FABP5; AKAP12; TDGF1; FBP2; SOX2
2	GO:0006950	response to stress	EPHX2; NFATC4; PRDX6; MSH2; EPHA4; PROS1; PDGFRA; PRDX1; UBE2L6; FABP5; TDGF1; SOX2
3	GO:0065010	extracellular membrane- bounded organelle	PCK2; EPHX2; MFGE8; CKB; PRDX6; PROS1; PRDX1; POGLUT1; FABP5; FBP2; TRAP1; PLOD2; DHRS4
4	GO:0070062	extracellular exosome	PCK2; EPHX2; MFGE8; CKB; PRDX6; PROS1; PRDX1; POGLUT1; FABP5; FBP2; TRAP1; PLOD2; DHRS4; MARCKS; DPP4; PRKCI; RAC2; IDH1
5	GO:0043230	extracellular organelle	PCK2; EPHX2; MFGE8; CKB; PRDX6; PROS1; PRDX1; POGLUT1; FABP5; FBP2; TRAP1; PLOD2; DHRS4; MARCKS; DPP4
6	GO:1903561	extracellular vesicle	PCK2; EPHX2; MFGE8; CKB; PRDX6; PROS1; PRDX1; POGLUT1; FABP5; FBP2; TRAP1; PLOD2; DHRS4; MARCKS; DPP4; PRKCI
7	GO:0042221	response to chemical	EPHX2; NFATC4; MFGE8; PRDX6; EPHA4; PROS1; PDGFRA; PRDX1; UBE2L6; TDGF1; SOX2
8	GO:0031988	membrane-bounded vesi- cle	PCK2; EPHX2; MFGE8; CKB; PRDX6; PROS1; PRDX1; POGLUT1; FABP5; FBP2; TRAP1; PLOD2; DHRS4; SPARC
9	GO:0031982	vesicle	PCK2; EPHX2; MFGE8; CKB; PRDX6; PROS1; PRDX1; POGLUT1; FABP5; FBP2; TRAP1; PLOD2; DHRS4; SPARC
10	GO:0001525	angiogenesis	SAT1; PDGFRA; BMP4; NFATC4; MFGE8; FN1; MEIS1; SPARC; COL4A2; COL4A1; FGF10; TDGF1
11	GO:0048514	blood vessel morphogenesis	SAT1; PDGFRA; BMP4; NFATC4; MFGE8; FN1; ZFP36L1; MEIS1; SPARC; COL4A2; COL4A1; FGF10; TDGF1
12	GO:0001944	vasculature development	SAT1; PDGFRA; BMP4; NFATC4; MFGE8; FN1; ZFP36L1; MEIS1; PDPN; SPARC; COL4A2; COL4A1; FGF10; TDGF1
13	GO:0006979	response to oxidative stress	TAT; PDGFRA; BMP4; ETV5; TRAP1; PRDX6; IDH1; PARP1; AQP8; PRDX1; CRYGD
14	GO:0009725	response to hormone	PRKCI; GJA1; PDGFRA; BMP4; MFGE8; TAT; PLOD2; SPP1; IDH1
15	GO:0030198	extracellular matrix organization	PDGFRA; BMP4; JAM2; FN1; PLOD2; SPARC; SPP1; COL4A2; COL4A1; SERPINH1; DPP4

S3 Table continued. Deng et al (2014) Cluster 6 (orange) top GO annotations.

	go.id	name	genes
1	GO:0065010	extracellular membrane-	MYH10; SLC2A3; GM2A; TSPAN8; ACTG1; SDC4; TINAGL1; CRYAB;
		bounded organelle	MSN; FABP3; PDZK1IP1; PRSS8; S100A11; DAB2; KRT8; LCP1; UGP2
2	GO:0070062	extracellular exosome	MYH10; SLC2A3; GM2A; TSPAN8; ACTG1; SDC4; TINAGL1; CRYAB;
			MSN; FABP3; PDZK1IP1; PRSS8; S100A11; DAB2; KRT8; LCP1; UGP2
3	GO:0043230	extracellular organelle	MYH10; SLC2A3; GM2A; TSPAN8; ACTG1; SDC4; TINAGL1; CRYAB; MSN; FABP3; PDZK1IP1; PRSS8; S100A11
4	GO:1903561	extracellular vesicle	MYH10; SLC2A3; GM2A; TSPAN8; ACTG1; SDC4; TINAGL1; CRYAB; MSN; FABP3; PDZK1IP1; PRSS8; S100A11; DAB2; KRT8
5	GO:0031988	membrane-bounded vesi-	MYH10; SLC2A3; GM2A; TSPAN8; ACTG1; TMSB4X; SDC4; TINAGL1;
		cle	CRYAB; MSN; FABP3; PDZK1IP1; PRSS8; S100A11; DAB2
6	GO:0031982	vesicle	MYH10; SLC2A3; GM2A; TSPAN8; ACTG1; TMSB4X; SDC4; TINAGL1;
			CRYAB; MSN; FABP3; PDZK1IP1; PRSS8; S100A11; DAB2; KRT8
7	GO:0008092	cytoskeletal protein	MYH10; TPM4; TMSB4X; CRYAB; MSN; TMSB10; FABP3; NDRG1;
	~~~~~	binding	CALM1; FMNL2; MYH9; CAP1; TPM1; CDH1
8	GO:0015629	actin cytoskeleton	MYH10; CLIC4; MYH9; MYL12B; WDR1; CNN2; ARPC2; AHNAK; ACTN4; CRYAB; CAP1; TPM1; DSTN; ARPC5; TPM4
9	GO:0003779	actin binding	MYH10; TPM4; WDR1; CNN2; FMNL2; ARPC2; MYH9; CAP1; TPM1
10	GO:0048468	cell development	MYH10; CAPG; ACTG1; WDR1; CNN2; FMNL2; MYH9; ACTN4; SDC4;
l			CAP1; TPM1; DSTN
11	GO:0030036	actin cytoskeleton orga-	MYH10; CAPG; ACTG1; WDR1; CNN2; FMNL2; MYH9; ACTN4; SDC4;
		nization	CAP1; TPM1
12	GO:0032432	actin filament bundle	MYH10; TPM4; MYL12B; CNN2; MYH9; CRYAB; TPM1; ACTN4; LCP1
13	GO:0005912	adherens junction	TJP2; MYH9; ACTG1; CNN2; ARPC2; AHNAK; ACTN4; SDC4
14	GO:0070161	anchoring junction	TJP2; MYH9; ACTG1; CNN2; ARPC2; AHNAK; ACTN4; SDC4
15	GO:0005925	focal adhesion	MYH9; ACTG1; CNN2; ARPC2; AHNAK; ACTN4; SDC4; CAP1; ARPC5