

Case Study # 4: Linear 1D Transport Equation

Background: The transport of various scalar quantities (e.g species mass fraction, temperature) in flows can be modeled using a linear convection-diffusion equation (presented here in a 1-D form),

$$\frac{\partial \phi}{\partial t} + u \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial x} = \mathcal{D} \frac{\partial^2 \phi}{\partial x^2}$$

ϕ is the transported scalar, u and \mathcal{D} are known parameters (flow velocity and diffusion coefficient resp.). The purpose of this case study is to investigate the behavior of various numerical solutions of this equation.

Investigation: This case study focuses on the solution of the 1-D linear transport equation (above) for $x \in [0, L]$ and $t \in [0, \tau]$ (where $\tau = 1/k^2 \mathcal{D}$) subject to periodic boundary conditions and the following initial condition

$$\phi(x, 0) = \sin(kx),$$

with $k = 2\pi/L$ and $L=1$ m.

NOTE—This problem has an analytical solution [1],

$$\Phi(x, t) = \exp(-k^2 \mathcal{D}t) \sin[k(x - ut)]$$

Implement a numerical solution of this problem using each of the following schemes,

- **FTCS** (Explicit)—Forward-Time and central differencing for both the convective flux and the diffusive flux.
- **Upwind**—Finite Volume method: Explicit (forward Euler), with the convective flux treated using the basic upwind method and the diffusive flux treated using central differencing.
- **Trapezoidal**—(AKA Crank-Nicholson).
- **QUICK**—Finite Volume method: Explicit, with the convective flux treated using the QUICK method and the diffusive flux treated using central differencing.

The convection velocity is $u = 0.2$ m/s, and the diffusion coefficient is $\mathcal{D} = 0.005$ m²/s. Use a uniform mesh. Consider the following cases:

$$(C, s) \in \{(0.1, 0.25), (0.5, 0.25), (2, 0.25), (0.5, 0.5), (0.5, 1)\}$$

where $C = u\Delta t/\Delta x$ and $s = \mathcal{D}\Delta t/\Delta x^2$. Comment on the stability and accuracy of your solutions.

Report: Prepare a report (3-5 pages max in [ASME's two-colum article format](#), templates are available [on-line](#)) describing your work and including:

1. Short description of the problem
2. Numerical Solution Approach (including boundary condition implementation)

3. Results and Discussion – Comment on the stability and accuracy of your solutions and include the necessary plots to support the discussion.
4. Conclusion.

The Report (single file, PDF format only) and your source code (.py, .m, .f90, .c, ... uploaded as separate files together with non-standard libraries needed for compiling if relevant, please do not zip your files) are due on **November 30, 2014 at 5pm** and must be submitted electronically using the class [SmartSite](#).

References

- [1] J. C. Tannehill, D. A. Anderson, and R. C. Pletcher. *Computational Fluid Mechanics and Heat Transfer*. Computational and Physical Processes in Mechanics and Thermal Sciences. Taylor & Francis, 2nd edition, 1997.