Introduction to Human Language Technology

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Administrative



- Coordinator: Philipp Koehn (phi@jhu.edu)
- Lecturers: Faculty of the Center for Language and Speech Processing (CLSP)
- TA: Adi Renduchintala (adithya.renduchintala@jhu.edu)
 Daniil Pakhomov (dpakhom1@jhu.edu)
- Class: Monday, Wednesday, 3:00-4:15pm, Olin 305
- Course web site: https://jhu-intro-hlt.github.io/
- Grading
 - 5 assignments (10% each)
 - midterm exam (20%)
 - final exam (30%)

Course Overview



- Human Language Technology
 - Speech: spoken language (audio)
 - Text: written language (text)
- Means of Communication
 - → new ways of interacting with computers
- Storage medium for knowledge
 - → new ways of making word knowledge available
- This course
 - methods and tools used in HLT
 - overview of HLT applications

Course Overview: Speech



- Audio signals, phonemes, graphemes, dictionaries (Hermansky)
- Auditory system (Hermansky)
- Signal processing (Khudanpur)
- Speech recognition: HMM (Khudanpur)
- Deep learning (Watanabe)
- End-to-end neural speech recognition (Watanabe)
- Speaker identification, language identification (Dehak)

Course Overview: Text



- Words, Morphology, Syntax
- Finite state toolkits
- Cognitive Psychology: memory, categories
- Semantics: embeddings, roles, frames, scripts
- Outsourcing linguistic data annotation
- Information retrieval and extraction
- Entity detection and tracking
- Text classification (topics, sentiment, relevance, ...)
- Machine translation
- Semantic entailment
- Question answering
- Dialog systems

Master Concentration in HLT



https://www.clsp.jhu.edu/human-language-technology-masters/

- New this year: Concentration in Human Language Technology
 - Master in Computer Science
 - Master in Electrical and Computer Engineering
- Requirements (in addition to usual degree requirements)
 - Introduction to Human Language Technology (601.667)
 - Natural Language Processing (601.665)
 - Information Extraction from Speech and Text (520.666)
 - Master project in HLT
- Application forms at the end of this semester (including project selection)

Center for Language and Speech Processing



- One of the largest and most influential academic research centers in HLT
- Faculty in Computer Science, Electrical and Computer Engineering, Cognitive Science, Mathematical Sciences, ...
- Home of over 60 researchers, dozens of PhD students
- Founded in 1992 by Frederick Jelinek (1932-2010)
- Sibling center: Human Language Technology Center of Excellence (HLTCOE)

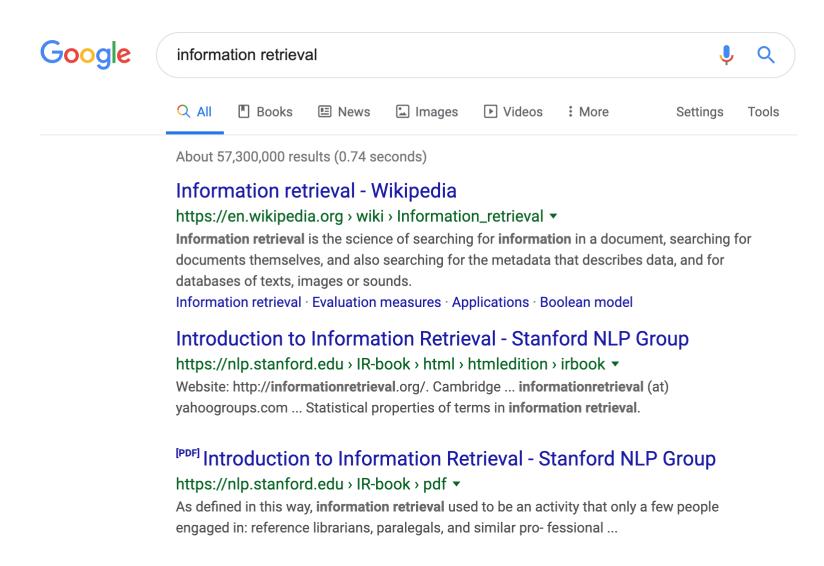
Speech Recognition





Information Retrieval





Information Retrieval - an overview | ScienceDirect Topics

Information Extraction



Unstructured Web Text



Structured Sequences

The second sign of the Zodiac is Taurus.

Strokes are the third most common cause of death in America today.

No study would be complete without mentioning the largest rodent in the world, the Capybara.

Sign of the Zodiac:

- 1. Aries
- 2. Taurus
- 3. Gemini...

Most Common Cause of Death in America:

- 1. Heart Disease
- 2. Cancer
- 3. Stroke...

Largest rodent in the world:

- 1. Capybara
- 2. Beaver
- 3. Patagonian Cavies

Machine Translation



A l'orée de ce débat télévisé inédit dans l'histoire de la Ve République, on attendait une forme de «Tous sur Macron» mais c'est la candidate du Front national qui s'est retrouvée au cœur des premières attaques de ses quatre adversaires d'un soir, favorisées par le premier thème abordé, les questions de société et donc de sécurité, d'immigration et de laïcité.

At the beginning of this televised debate, which was unheard of in the history of the Fifth Republic, a "Tous sur Macron" was expected, but it was the candidate of the National Front who found itself at the heart of the first attacks of its four Opponents of one evening, favored by the first theme tackled, the issues of society and thus security, immigration and secularism.

Question Answering



The first recorded travels by Europeans to China and back date from this time. The most famous traveler of the period was the Venetian Marco Polo, whose account of his trip to "Cambaluc," the capital of the Great Khan, and of life there astounded the people of Europe. The account of his travels, II milione (or, The Million, known in English as the Travels of Marco Polo), appeared about the year 1299. Some argue over the accuracy of Marco Polo's accounts due to the lack of mentioning the Great Wall of China, tea houses, which would have been a prominent sight since Europeans had yet to adopt a tea culture, as well the practice of foot binding by the women in capital of the Great Khan. Some suggest that Marco Polo acquired much of his knowledge through contact with Persian traders since many of the places he named were in Persian.

How did some suspect that Polo learned about China instead of by actually visiting it?

Answer: through contact with Persian traders

Dialog Systems



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AAA
            EEEEEEEE
            EEEEE
            EEEEEEEE LLLLLLL IIIIIII
.IZA > (PLEASE TYPE IN ALL CAPS) WHAT'S YOUR NAME DEAR ?
              I'M ELIZA. WHAT DO YOU WANT TO TALK ABOUT ?
TALK ABOUT MY PROBLEM ?
      DUE TO ON GOING EXAMS IN COLLEGE, I HAVE A LOT OF STRESS.
PLEASE RELAX A LITTLE. SLEEP WELL.
THANKS FOR YOUR ADVICE.
       NO MENTION.
.IZA > BYE AND KEEP IN TOUCH...
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Hate Speech Detection





incitement of violence / dehumanizing individuals or groups of people

Fake News Detection







Common Themes



- Hard problems → not solved, but good enough technology
- Common methods with other subfields of artificial intelligence
- Technology is advancing rapidly
- New applications on (and just behind) horizon