Helices of RNAs

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Outline

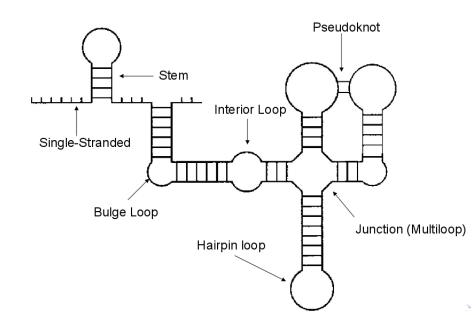
- Introducing abstract shapes
- Development of a new structure abstraction
- Implementation of an algorithm based on the new abstraction
- Possible problems

Structural components of RNA

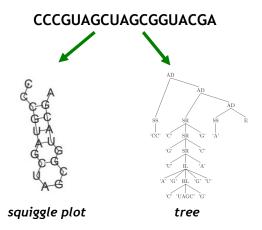
RNA has different structural components:

- single-stranded regions (SS)
- hairpin loops (HL)
- stacking regions (SR)
- bulges on 5´side (BL) or 3´side (BR)
- internal loops (IL)
- multiloops (ML).

Structural components of RNA



Visualisation of structures



Suboptimal structures

But the "true" structure is not always the one with the lowest predicted free energy. So what to do?

- Enumerate suboptimal structures within a given energy range R.
- Hope to find a structure fulfilling your expectation or coming close to experimental results.

But the number of suboptimal structures grows exponentially with the energy range considered.

Introducing abstract shapes

Solution: Use abstract shapes to describe a set of structures.

- An abstract shape represents a class of similar structures sharing a common pattern of helix nesting and adjacency.
- "Abstract" since we do not care about all details of the structures.
- Each shape class has a representative structure called shrep (with minimum folding energy).

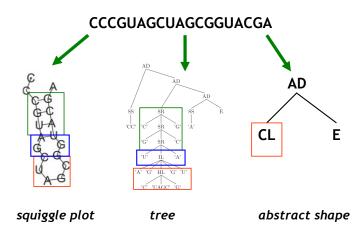
Introducing abstract shapes

In the domain of shapes, we care only about

- open structures (OP)
- closed structure (CP)
- branching ("fork", FK)
- adjacency of structures (AD)

Level of detail is defined by an abstraction function π . The abstraction function can be defined on the level of the structural components.

Example



Abstract shape, Energy range: 5 kcal/mol

UCGCGCACAGGACAUCCUAGGUACAAGGCCGCCGU -6.30 .((.((..(((...))).(((...)))))). [[][][]]

Drawback of abstract shape

 The major drawback of abstract shape analysis is the position independence of the abstraction

new algorithm should be:

- develop a new algorithm for RNA secondary structures which keeps track of the position of structural elements
- be implemented in the framework of "Abstract shapes of RNA"
- be evaluated and compared to existing algorithms
- The new algorithm will be used to design prediction strategies for various classes of RNAs

develop a new structure abstraction

The straightforward idea to overcome the position independence of the current available shape abstractions is

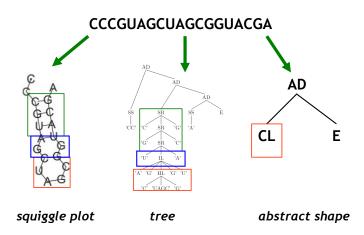
what keeps track of positions

- hairpin loop, because it is the least expensive one
- multiloops, as possible braching points, are structurally important
- stacked pairs, bulge and internal loops are the main structural contributors
- possible different helices type

which positions of the base pair will be tracked

- i
- j
- (i,j)
- i+j/2

Todo: capture of the pdf picture



Output from the first trial version of helices shape

```
Helices shape, Energy range: 5 kcal/mol
        UCGCGCACAGGACAUCCUAGGUACAAGGCCGCCGU
-6.30
        .((.((..(((...))).(((....))))))).
                                             [13.5, 25]
-4.60
        .....(((....))).(((.....)))..
                                             [13.5, 26.5]
-3.90
        ....((..(((...)))...))..........
                                             [13.5]
        .....((....(((.....)))...))...
-3.60
                                             [22]
        ....((...(((...)))...))....((...))..
                                             [13.5,30]
-3.40
        ..(((((.....((......)).....)).))...
                                             Γ17]
-3.20
        .....((.....(((.....))).))...
-2.80
                                             [25]
        .....(((.....)))...
-2.40
                                             [26.5]
-1.60
        ....((...((....)))...)).....((....))
                                             [13.5.31.5]
```

Possible problems

- \bullet do not preserve nesting of elements and meight lead to abstract shapes where a helix index occurs more than once \to solved with different representation form
- \bullet abstracting from bulge and internal loops might be to rigorous \to refine the definition of the abstraction, such that all critical criteria are met
- \bullet records of helices is a lot more than the records of shapes \rightarrow runtime problem

Outlook: Designing RNA class predictors

- specific classes of RNAs, such as riboswitches or miRNA precursors, show characteristic features within their folding space
- the energy landscape of riboswitches harbors two equally low, but well separated minima, but well separated minima
- miRNA precursors is governed by one deep and well-defined minimum
- develop specialized prediction algorithms for classes of RNAs

End

- Thanks a lot for your attention !
- Questions ?