Lecture 9: Procedures

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601.229 Computer Systems Fundamentals



Control flow (part 2)

- Procedures
- Stacks:
 - Procedure calls and returns
 - ► Storage for local variables and temporary values
- ► Today's example programs are linked as control2.zip on the course website

Procedures

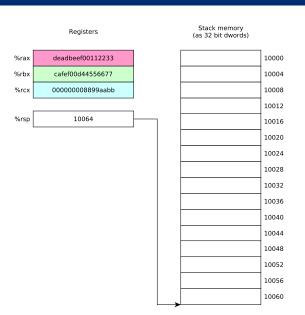
Procedures, call stack

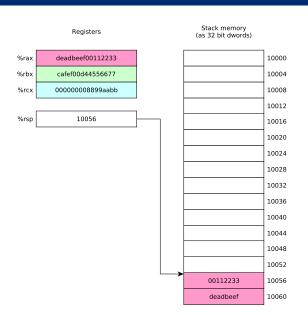
- ► Procedures (a.k.a. functions, subroutines), the most important abstraction in programming
 - ► Can you imagine trying to write programs without them?
- ► Call stack: hardware-supported, runtime data structure
 - ▶ Stores *return addresses* so procedures know where to return to
 - ▶ Used to allocate *stack frames*: per-procedure-call storage area for local variables, temporary values, and (sometimes) argument values
 - ► As name suggests, is a stack, LIFO discipline (push and pop)

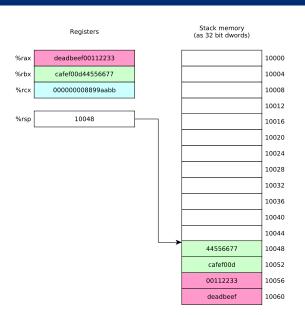
Stack pointer, instruction pointer

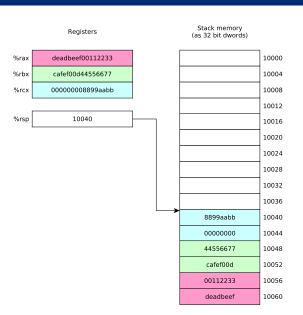
- ► Stack pointer register %rsp: contains address of current "top" of stack
 - ▶ Important: stack grows towards lower addresses, so top of stack is at lower address than bottom of stack
- ► Instruction pointer register %rip: contains code address of next instruction to be updated
 - Control flow changes the value of %rip
- ► Other architectures use the name "program counter" rather than "instruction pointer", but they're the same thing

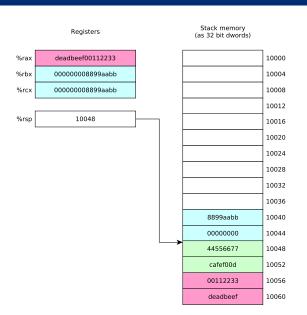
- push: push a data value onto the call stack
 - ► E.g., pushq %rax
 - ► Decrement %rsp by 8
 - Store value in %rax at memory location pointed-to by %rsp
- pop: pop a data value from the call stack
 - ► E.g., popq %rax
 - Load value at memory location pointed-to by %rsp into %rax
 - ► Increment %rsp by 8
- push and pop are amazingly useful for saving and restoring register values
- ▶ Various size operands (1, 2, 4, 8 bytes) can be pushed and popped; need to consider alignment

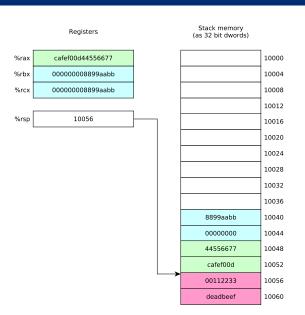


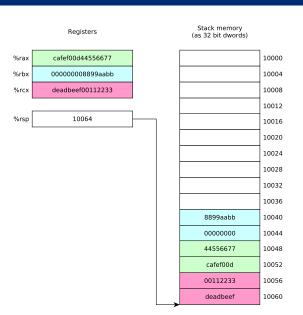












call and ret

- ► call instruction: calls procedure
 - %rip contains address of instruction following call instruction
 - ▶ Push %rip onto stack (as though pushq %rip was executed): this is the return address
 - ► Change %rip to address of first instruction of called procedure
 - Called procedure starts executing
- ▶ ret instruction: return from procedure
 - ▶ Pop saved return address from stack into %rip (as though popq %rip was executed)
 - Execution continues at return address

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- ➤ The Linux x86-64 calling conventions require %rsp to be a multiple of 16 at the point of a procedure call (to ensure that 16 byte values can be accessed on the stack if necessary)
- ▶ Issue: on entry to a procedure, %rsp mod 16 = 8 because the call instruction (which called the procedure) pushed %rip (the program counter) onto the stack

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- ► The Linux printf function will segfault if the stack is misaligned

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 - Procedure return value is typically returned in a specific register

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 - ► They allow your code to interoperate with other code, including library routines and (OS) system calls
- ► Always follow the appropriate register use conventions

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- ► Callee-saved registers: %rbx, %rbp, %r12, %r13, %14, %r15

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- ► Caller-saved registers: caller must *not* assume that the procedure call will preserve their value
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 - ► A caller might need to save their contents to memory prior to calling a procedure and restore the value afterwards

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 - Understand that called procedures could modify them!
 - ► Use callee-saved registers for longer term values that need to persist across procedure calls
 - Use pushq/popq to save and restore their values on procedure entry and exit



Recursive Fibonacci computation

Compute *n*th Fibonacci number recursively (warning: exponential-time algorithm!)

The call stack inherently allows recursion: there is nothing special we need to do to make it work

Recall that

$$fib(0) = 0$$

$$fib(1) = 1$$

For
$$n > 1$$
, $fib(n) = fib(n-2) + fib(n-1)$

Recursive Fibonacci function (see fibRec.S for full program)

```
fib:
                                     /* check base case */
        cmpl $2, %edi
        jae .LrecursiveCase
                                      /* if n>=2, do recursive case */
                                      /* base case, just return n */
        movl %edi, %eax
        ret
.LrecursiveCase:
        /* recursive case */
        pushq %r12
                                      /* preserve value of %r12 */
        movl %edi, %r12d
                                      /* save n in %r12 */
        subl $2, %edi
                                      /* compute n-2 */
        call fib
                                      /* compute fib(n-2) */
        movl %r12d, %edi
                                      /* put saved n in %edi */
        subl $1, %edi
                                      /* compute n-1 */
        movl %eax, %r12d
                                     /* save fib(n-2) in %r12 */
        call fib
                                     /* compute fib(n-1) */
        addl %r12d, %eax
                                     /* return fib(n-2)+fib(n-1) */
        popq %r12
                                     /* restore value of %r12 */
                                      /* done */
        ret
```

Running the program (with N=9)

```
$ gcc -c -g -no-pie -o fibRec.o fibRec.S
$ gcc -no-pie -o fibRec fibRec.o
$ ./fibRec
fib(9) = 34
```

Clicker quiz!

Clicker quiz omitted from public slides

Stack memory allocation

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- ► Could use heap allocation (i.e., malloc, free)
 - ► Has overhead due to bookkeeping, locking
- ▶ The call stack is an ideal place to allocate storage for local variables

Stack allocation

- ► Stack allocation of storage is simple:
 - ▶ To allocate n bytes, subtract n from %rsp
 - ▶ Updated %rsp is a pointer to the beginning of the allocated memory
 - ► To deallocate *n* bytes, add *n* to %rsp
- Complication: instructions such as push and pop change %rsp
- ▶ Solution: use the *frame pointer* register %rbp to keep track of allocated memory area

Using the frame pointer

On entry to procedure:

```
pushq %rbp
subq $N, %rsp
movq %rsp, %rbp
```

Before returning from procedure:

```
addq $N, %rsp
popq %rbp
```

%rbp points to a block of N bytes allocated in the current stack frame (make sure that $N \mod 16 = 0$ to ensure correct stack alignment)

Putting it all together

- Let's examine a simple program which
 - ► Reads two 64 bit integer values from user
 - ► Computes their sum using a function
 - Prints out the sum
- ► Calling scanf to read input requires variables in which to store input values: we'll allocate them on the stack

addLongs, C version

```
#include <stdio.h>
long addLongs(long a, long b);
int main(void) {
 long x, y, sum;
 printf("Enter two integers: ");
 scanf("%ld %ld", &x, &y);
  sum = addLongs(x, y);
 printf("Sum is %ld\n", sum);
long addLongs(long a, long b) {
 return a + b;
```

```
/* addLongs.S */
                                                        movq 0(%rbp), %rdi
                                                        movq 8(%rbp), %rsi
.section .rodata
                                                        call addLongs
sPromptMsg: .string "Enter two integers: "
                                                        movq $sResultMsg, %rdi
sInputFmt: .string "%ld %ld"
                                                        movq %rax, %rsi
sResultMsg: .string "Sum is %ld\n"
                                                        call printf
                                                        addq $16, %rsp
.section .text
                                                        popq %rbp
    .globl main
                                                        ret
main:
    pushq %rbp
                                                    addLongs:
    subq $16, %rsp
                                                        movq %rdi, %rax
    movq %rsp, %rbp
                                                        addq %rsi, %rax
                                                        ret.
    movq $sPromptMsg, %rdi
    call printf
    movq $sInputFmt, %rdi
    leaq 0(%rbp), %rsi
    leaq 8(%rbp), %rdx
    call scanf
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sResultMsg: .string "Sum is %ld\n"
                                                        call printf
.section .text
                                                        addq $16, %rsp
                                                        popq %rbp
    .globl main
                                                        ret
main:
    pushq %rbp <-- save frame pointer</pre>
                                                    addLongs:
    subq $16, %rsp
                                                        movq %rdi, %rax
    movq %rsp, %rbp
                                                        addq %rsi, %rax
                                                        ret
    movq $sPromptMsg, %rdi
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                                                        addq $16, %rsp
                                                        popq %rbp
    .globl main
                                                        ret
main:
    pushq %rbp
                                                    addLongs:
    subq $16, %rsp <-- allocate 16 bytes</pre>
                                                        movq %rdi, %rax
    movq %rsp, %rbp
                                                        addq %rsi, %rax
                                                        ret
    movq $sPromptMsg, %rdi
    call printf
    movq $sInputFmt, %rdi
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sInputFmt: .string "%ld %ld"
                                                       movq %rax, %rsi
sResultMsg: .string "Sum is %ld\n"
                                                       call printf
.section .text
                                                        addq $16, %rsp
                                                       popq %rbp
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                                                       ret
main:
   pushq %rbp
                                                   addLongs:
   subq $16, %rsp
                                                       movq %rdi, %rax
   movq %rsp, %rbp <-- point %rbp to alloc'ed buf
                                                       addq %rsi, %rax
                                                        ret
   movq $sPromptMsg, %rdi
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    movq $sPromptMsg, %rdi
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    subq $16, %rsp
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    movq %rsp, %rbp
                                                        addq %rsi, %rax
                                                        ret.
    movq $sPromptMsg, %rdi
    call printf
    movq $sInputFmt, %rdi
    leaq 0(%rbp), %rsi
    leaq 8(%rbp), %rdx <-- pass address of 2nd var
    call scanf
```

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.section .text
    .globl main
main:
    pushq %rbp
    subq $16, %rsp
    movq %rsp, %rbp
    movq $sPromptMsg, %rdi
    call printf
    movq $sInputFmt, %rdi
    leaq 0(%rbp), %rsi
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```
movq 0(%rbp), %rdi <-- pass value of 1st var
    movq 8(%rbp), %rsi
    call addLongs
    movq $sResultMsg, %rdi
    movq %rax, %rsi
    call printf
    addq $16, %rsp
    popq %rbp
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    movq %rsp, %rbp
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    movq %rax, %rsi
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/* addLongs.S */
                                                        movq 0(%rbp), %rdi
                                                        movq 8(%rbp), %rsi
.section .rodata
                                                        call addLongs
sPromptMsg: .string "Enter two integers: "
                                                        movq $sResultMsg, %rdi
sInputFmt: .string "%ld %ld"
                                                        movq %rax, %rsi
sResultMsg: .string "Sum is %ld\n"
                                                        call printf
                                                        addg $16, %rsp <-- deallocate local vars
.section .text
                                                        popq %rbp
    .globl main
                                                        ret
main:
    pushq %rbp
                                                    addLongs:
    subq $16, %rsp
                                                        movq %rdi, %rax
    movq %rsp, %rbp
                                                        addq %rsi, %rax
                                                        ret.
    movq $sPromptMsg, %rdi
    call printf
    movq $sInputFmt, %rdi
    leaq 0(%rbp), %rsi
    leaq 8(%rbp), %rdx
    call scanf
```

```
/* addLongs.S */
                                                       movq 0(%rbp), %rdi
                                                       movq 8(%rbp), %rsi
.section .rodata
                                                       call addLongs
sPromptMsg: .string "Enter two integers: "
                                                       movq $sResultMsg, %rdi
sInputFmt: .string "%ld %ld"
                                                       movq %rax, %rsi
sResultMsg: .string "Sum is %ld\n"
                                                       call printf
.section .text
                                                       addq $16, %rsp
                                                       popq %rbp <-- restore frame pointer
    .globl main
                                                       ret
main:
   pushq %rbp
                                                   addLongs:
   subq $16, %rsp
                                                       movq %rdi, %rax
   movq %rsp, %rbp
                                                       addq %rsi, %rax
                                                       ret.
   movq $sPromptMsg, %rdi
    call printf
    movq $sInputFmt, %rdi
    leaq 0(%rbp), %rsi
    leaq 8(%rbp), %rdx
    call scanf
```

```
/* addLongs.S */
.section .rodata
sPromptMsg: .string "Enter two integers: "
sInputFmt: .string "%ld %ld"
sResultMsg: .string "Sum is %ld\n"
.section .text
    .globl main
main:
    pushq %rbp
    subq $16, %rsp
    movq %rsp, %rbp
    movq $sPromptMsg, %rdi
    call printf
    movq $sInputFmt, %rdi
    leaq 0(%rbp), %rsi
    leaq 8(%rbp), %rdx
    call scanf
```

```
movq 0(%rbp), %rdi
    movq 8(%rbp), %rsi
    call addLongs
    movq $sResultMsg, %rdi
    movq %rax, %rsi
    call printf
    addq $16, %rsp
    popq %rbp
    ret
addLongs: <-- does not use stack, ignore alignment :-P
    movq %rdi, %rax
    addq %rsi, %rax
    ret.
```

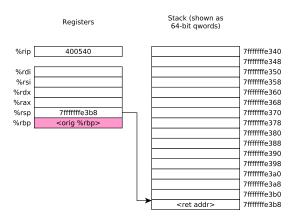
Running the program

```
$ gcc -c -no-pie -o addLongs.o addLongs.S
$ gcc -no-pie -o addLongs addLongs.o
$ ./addLongs
Enter two integers: 2 3
Sum is 5
```

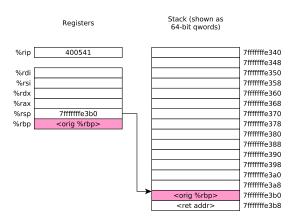
Using objdump to disassemble the executable (partial output):

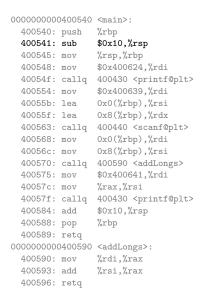
```
$ objdump -d addLongs
addLongs: file format elf64-x86-64
. . .
Disassembly of section .text:
0000000000400540 <main>:
 400540:
               55
                                          push
                                                 %rbp
 400541: 48 83 ec 10
                                                 $0x10, %rsp
                                          sub
 400545: 48 89 e5
                                                 %rsp,%rbp
                                          mov
                                                 $0x400624, %rdi
 400548: 48 c7 c7 24 06 40 00
                                          mov
 40054f: e8 dc fe ff ff
                                          callg 400430 <printf@plt>
0000000000400590 <addLongs>:
                                                 %rdi.%rax
 400590:
               48 89 f8
                                          mov
                                                 %rsi.%rax
 400593:
              48 01 f0
                                          add
 400596:
               c3
                                          retq
```

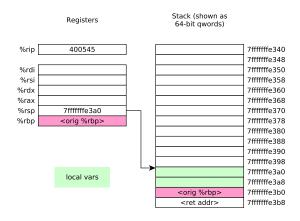
0000000000400540	4
400540: push	%rbp
400541: sub	\$0x10,%rsp
400545: mov	%rsp,%rbp
400548: mov	\$0x400624,%rdi
40054f: callq	400430 <printf@plt></printf@plt>
400554: mov	\$0x400639,%rdi
40055b: lea	0x0(%rbp),%rsi
40055f: lea	0x8(%rbp),%rdx
400563: callq	400440 <scanf@plt></scanf@plt>
400568: mov	0x0(%rbp),%rdi
40056c: mov	0x8(%rbp),%rsi
400570: callq	400590 <addlongs></addlongs>
400575: mov	\$0x400641,%rdi
40057c: mov	%rax,%rsi
40057f: callq	400430 <printf@plt></printf@plt>
400584: add	\$0x10,%rsp
400588: pop	%rbp
400589: retq	
0000000000400590	<addlongs>:</addlongs>
400590: mov	%rdi,%rax
400593: add	%rsi,%rax
400596: retq	



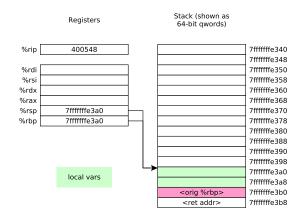
0000000000400540	<main>:</main>
400540: push	%rbp
400541: sub	\$0x10,%rsp
400545: mov	%rsp,%rbp
400548: mov	\$0x400624,%rdi
40054f: callq	400430 <printf@plt></printf@plt>
400554: mov	\$0x400639,%rdi
40055b: lea	0x0(%rbp),%rsi
40055f: lea	0x8(%rbp),%rdx
400563: callq	400440 <scanf@plt></scanf@plt>
400568: mov	0x0(%rbp),%rdi
40056c: mov	0x8(%rbp),%rsi
400570: callq	400590 <addlongs></addlongs>
400575: mov	\$0x400641,%rdi
40057c: mov	%rax,%rsi
40057f: callq	400430 <printf@plt></printf@plt>
400584: add	\$0x10,%rsp
400588: pop	%rbp
400589: retq	
0000000000400590	<addlongs>:</addlongs>
400590: mov	%rdi,%rax
400593: add	%rsi,%rax
400596: retq	



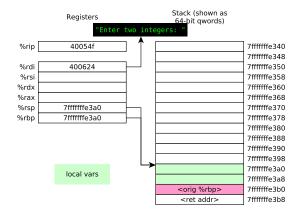




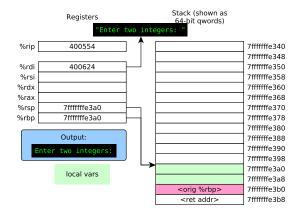




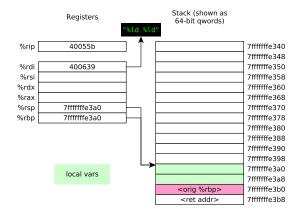
```
0000000000400540 <main>:
 400540: push
                %rbp
 400541: sub
               $0x10,%rsp
 400545: mov
               %rsp,%rbp
 400548: mov
                $0x400624,%rdi
 40054f: callg 400430 <printf@plt>
 400554: mov
                $0x400639, %rdi
 40055b: lea
               0x0(%rbp),%rsi
 40055f: lea
                0x8(%rbp),%rdx
 400563: callg 400440 <scanf@plt>
 400568: mov
               0x0(%rbp),%rdi
 40056c: mov
                0x8(%rbp),%rsi
 400570: callq 400590 <addLongs>
 400575: mov
               $0x400641,%rdi
 40057c: mov
               %rax,%rsi
 40057f: callq 400430 <printf@plt>
 400584: add
                $0x10,%rsp
 400588: pop
                %rbp
 400589: retq
0000000000400590 <addLongs>:
 400590: mov
               %rdi,%rax
 400593: add
                %rsi,%rax
```



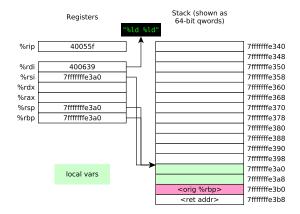
```
0000000000400540 <main>:
 400540: push
                %rbp
 400541: sub
               $0x10,%rsp
 400545: mov
               %rsp,%rbp
 400548: mov
               $0x400624,%rdi
 40054f: callg 400430 <printf@plt>
 400554: mov
                $0x400639, %rdi
 40055b: lea 0x0(%rbp),%rsi
 40055f: lea
                0x8(%rbp),%rdx
 400563: callg 400440 <scanf@plt>
 400568: mov
               0x0(%rbp),%rdi
 40056c: mov
                0x8(%rbp),%rsi
 400570: callq 400590 <addLongs>
 400575: mov
               $0x400641,%rdi
 40057c: mov
               %rax,%rsi
 40057f: callq 400430 <printf@plt>
 400584: add
               $0x10,%rsp
 400588: pop
                %rbp
 400589: retq
0000000000400590 <addLongs>:
 400590: mov
               %rdi,%rax
 400593: add
                %rsi,%rax
 400596: retq
```



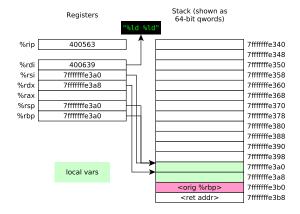
```
0000000000400540 <main>:
 400540: push
                %rbp
 400541: sub
               $0x10,%rsp
 400545: mov
               %rsp,%rbp
 400548: mov
               $0x400624,%rdi
 40054f: callq 400430 <printf@plt>
 400554: mov
                $0x400639, %rdi
 40055b: lea
               0x0(%rbp),%rsi
 40055f: lea
                0x8(%rbp),%rdx
 400563: callg 400440 <scanf@plt>
 400568: mov
               0x0(%rbp),%rdi
 40056c: mov
                0x8(%rbp),%rsi
 400570: callq 400590 <addLongs>
 400575: mov
               $0x400641,%rdi
 40057c: mov
               %rax,%rsi
 40057f: callq 400430 <printf@plt>
 400584: add
                $0x10,%rsp
 400588: pop
                %rbp
 400589: retq
0000000000400590 <addLongs>:
 400590: mov
               %rdi,%rax
 400593: add
                %rsi,%rax
 400596: retq
```



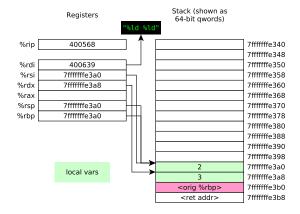
```
0000000000400540 <main>:
 400540: push
                %rbp
 400541: sub
               $0x10,%rsp
 400545: mov
               %rsp,%rbp
 400548: mov
               $0x400624,%rdi
 40054f: callg 400430 <printf@plt>
 400554: mov
                $0x400639, %rdi
 40055b: lea
               0x0(%rbp),%rsi
 40055f: lea
                0x8(%rbp),%rdx
 400563: callq 400440 <scanf@plt>
 400568: mov
               0x0(%rbp),%rdi
 40056c: mov
                0x8(%rbp),%rsi
 400570: callq 400590 <addLongs>
 400575: mov
               $0x400641,%rdi
 40057c: mov
               %rax,%rsi
 40057f: callq 400430 <printf@plt>
 400584: add
               $0x10,%rsp
 400588: pop
                %rbp
 400589: retq
0000000000400590 <addLongs>:
 400590: mov
               %rdi,%rax
 400593: add
                %rsi,%rax
```



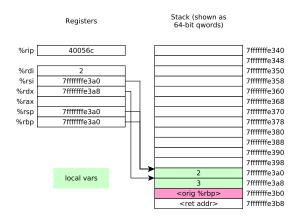
```
0000000000400540 <main>:
 400540: push
                %rbp
 400541: sub
               $0x10,%rsp
 400545: mov
               %rsp,%rbp
 400548: mov
               $0x400624,%rdi
 40054f: callg 400430 <printf@plt>
 400554: mov
                $0x400639, %rdi
 40055b: lea 0x0(%rbp),%rsi
                0x8(%rbp),%rdx
 40055f: lea
 400563: callq 400440 <scanf@plt>
               0x0(%rbp),%rdi
 400568: mov
 40056c: mov
                0x8(%rbp),%rsi
 400570: callq 400590 <addLongs>
 400575: mov
               $0x400641,%rdi
 40057c: mov
               %rax,%rsi
 40057f: callq 400430 <printf@plt>
 400584: add
               $0x10,%rsp
 400588: pop
                %rbp
 400589: retq
0000000000400590 <addLongs>:
 400590: mov
               %rdi,%rax
 400593: add
                %rsi,%rax
```

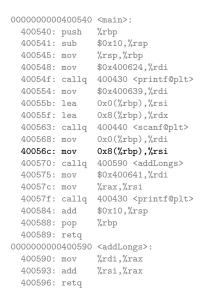


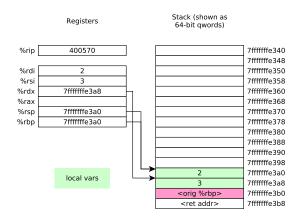




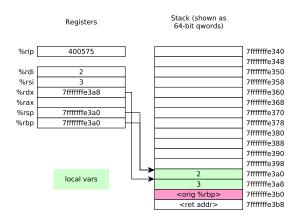
0000000000	400540	<main>:</main>
400540:	push	%rbp
400541:	sub	\$0x10,%rsp
400545:	mov	%rsp,%rbp
400548:	mov	\$0x400624,%rdi
40054f:	callq	400430 <printf@plt></printf@plt>
400554:	mov	\$0x400639,%rdi
40055b:	lea	0x0(%rbp),%rsi
40055f:	lea	0x8(%rbp),%rdx
400563:	callq	400440 <scanf@plt></scanf@plt>
400568:	mov	0x0(%rbp),%rdi
40056c:	mov	0x8(%rbp),%rsi
400570:	callq	400590 <addlongs></addlongs>
400575:	mov	\$0x400641,%rdi
40057c:	mov	%rax,%rsi
40057f:	callq	400430 <printf@plt></printf@plt>
400584:	add	\$0x10,%rsp
400588:	pop	%rbp
400589:	retq	
0000000000	400590	<addlongs>:</addlongs>
400590:	mov	%rdi,%rax
400593:	add	%rsi,%rax







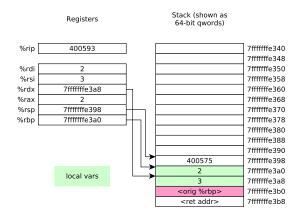
0000000000	400540	<main>:</main>
400540:	push	%rbp
400541:	sub	\$0x10,%rsp
400545:	mov	%rsp,%rbp
400548:	mov	\$0x400624,%rdi
40054f:	callq	400430 <printf@plt></printf@plt>
400554:	mov	\$0x400639,%rdi
40055b:	lea	0x0(%rbp),%rsi
40055f:	lea	0x8(%rbp),%rdx
400563:	callq	400440 <scanf@plt></scanf@plt>
400568:	mov	0x0(%rbp),%rdi
40056c:	mov	0x8(%rbp),%rsi
400570:	callq	400590 <addlongs></addlongs>
400575:	mov	\$0x400641,%rdi
40057c:	mov	%rax,%rsi
40057f:	callq	400430 <printf@plt></printf@plt>
400584:	add	\$0x10,%rsp
400588:	pop	%rbp
400589:	retq	
0000000000	400590	<addlongs>:</addlongs>
400590:	mov	%rdi,%rax
400593:	add	%rsi,%rax
400596:	retq	

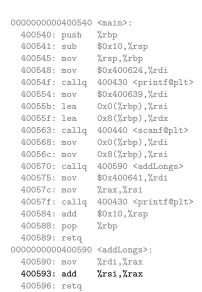


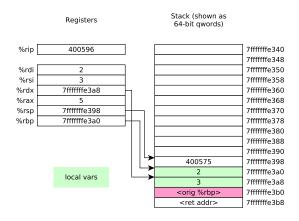
0000000000400540	<main>:</main>
400540: push	%rbp
400541: sub	\$0x10,%rsp
400545: mov	%rsp,%rbp
400548: mov	\$0x400624,%rdi
40054f: callq	400430 <printf@plt></printf@plt>
400554: mov	\$0x400639,%rdi
40055b: lea	0x0(%rbp),%rsi
40055f: lea	0x8(%rbp),%rdx
400563: callq	400440 <scanf@plt></scanf@plt>
400568: mov	0x0(%rbp),%rdi
40056c: mov	0x8(%rbp),%rsi
400570: callq	400590 <addlongs></addlongs>
400575: mov	\$0x400641,%rdi
40057c: mov	%rax,%rsi
40057f: callq	400430 <printf@plt></printf@plt>
400584: add	\$0x10,%rsp
400588: pop	%rbp
400589: retq	
0000000000400590	<addlongs>:</addlongs>
400590: mov	%rdi,%rax

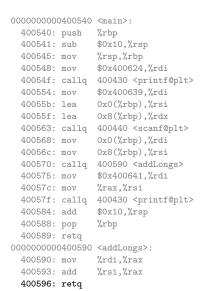
%rsi,%rax

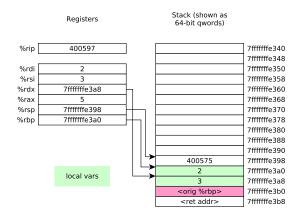
400593: add



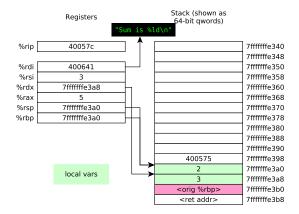


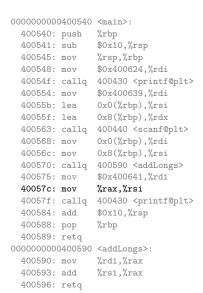


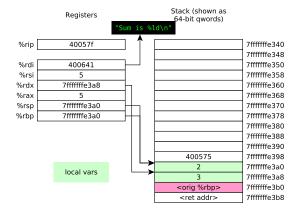




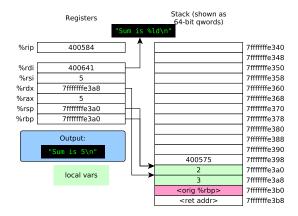
```
0000000000400540 <main>:
 400540: push
                %rbp
 400541: sub
               $0x10,%rsp
 400545: mov
               %rsp,%rbp
 400548: mov
               $0x400624,%rdi
 40054f: callg 400430 <printf@plt>
 400554: mov
                $0x400639, %rdi
 40055b: lea 0x0(%rbp),%rsi
 40055f: lea
                0x8(%rbp),%rdx
 400563: callg 400440 <scanf@plt>
 400568: mov
               0x0(%rbp),%rdi
 40056c: mov
                0x8(%rbp),%rsi
 400570: callq 400590 <addLongs>
 400575: mov
               $0x400641,%rdi
 40057c: mov
               %rax,%rsi
 40057f: callq 400430 <printf@plt>
 400584: add
               $0x10,%rsp
 400588: pop
                %rbp
 400589: retq
0000000000400590 <addLongs>:
 400590: mov
               %rdi,%rax
 400593: add
                %rsi,%rax
 400596: retq
```



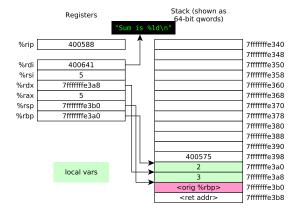




```
0000000000400540 <main>:
 400540: push
                %rbp
 400541: sub
               $0x10.%rsp
 400545: mov
               %rsp,%rbp
 400548: mov
               $0x400624,%rdi
 40054f: callg 400430 <printf@plt>
 400554: mov
                $0x400639, %rdi
 40055b: lea 0x0(%rbp),%rsi
 40055f: lea
               0x8(%rbp),%rdx
 400563: callg 400440 <scanf@plt>
 400568: mov
               0x0(%rbp),%rdi
 40056c: mov
                0x8(%rbp),%rsi
 400570: calla 400590 <addLongs>
 400575: mov $0x400641, %rdi
 40057c: mov
               %rax,%rsi
 40057f: callq 400430 <printf@plt>
 400584: add
                $0x10,%rsp
 400588: pop
                %rbp
 400589: retq
0000000000400590 <addLongs>:
 400590: mov
               %rdi,%rax
 400593: add
                %rsi,%rax
```



```
0000000000400540 <main>:
 400540: push
                %rbp
 400541: sub
               $0x10,%rsp
 400545: mov
               %rsp,%rbp
 400548: mov
               $0x400624,%rdi
 40054f: callg 400430 <printf@plt>
 400554: mov
                $0x400639, %rdi
 40055b: lea 0x0(%rbp),%rsi
 40055f: lea
               0x8(%rbp),%rdx
 400563: callg 400440 <scanf@plt>
 400568: mov
               0x0(%rbp),%rdi
 40056c: mov
                0x8(%rbp),%rsi
 400570: calla 400590 <addLongs>
 400575: mov $0x400641, %rdi
 40057c: mov
               %rax,%rsi
 40057f: callq 400430 <printf@plt>
 400584: add
                $0x10,%rsp
 400588: pop
                %rbp
 400589: retq
0000000000400590 <addLongs>:
 400590: mov
               %rdi,%rax
 400593: add
                %rsi,%rax
```



```
0000000000400540 <main>:
 400540: push
                %rbp
 400541: sub
               $0x10,%rsp
 400545: mov
               %rsp,%rbp
 400548: mov
               $0x400624,%rdi
 40054f: callg 400430 <printf@plt>
 400554: mov
                $0x400639, %rdi
               0x0(%rbp),%rsi
 40055b: lea
 40055f: lea
                0x8(%rbp),%rdx
 400563: callg 400440 <scanf@plt>
 400568: mov
               0x0(%rbp),%rdi
 40056c: mov
                0x8(%rbp),%rsi
 400570: calla 400590 <addLongs>
 400575: mov
               $0x400641,%rdi
 40057c: mov
               %rax,%rsi
 40057f: callq 400430 <printf@plt>
 400584: add
               $0x10,%rsp
 400588: pop
                %rbp
 400589: retq
0000000000400590 <addLongs>:
 400590: mov
               %rdi,%rax
 400593: add
                %rsi,%rax
```

