Intro to R

Data Visualization with Esquisse

Esquisse Package

install.packages("esquisse")
library(esquisse)

Esquisse Package

The esquisse package is helpful for getting used to creating plots in R.

It is an interactive tool to help you in RStudio.

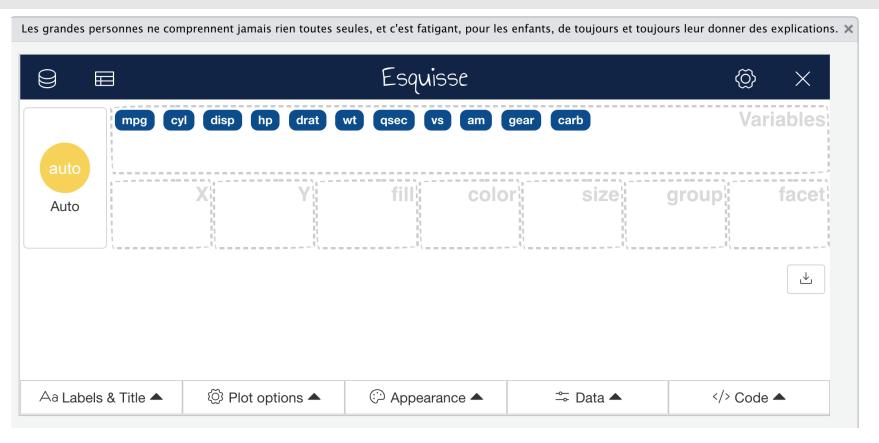
It's super **nifty**!



Starting a plot

Using the esquisser() function you can start creating a plot for a data.frame or tibble. That's it!

esquisser(mtcars)

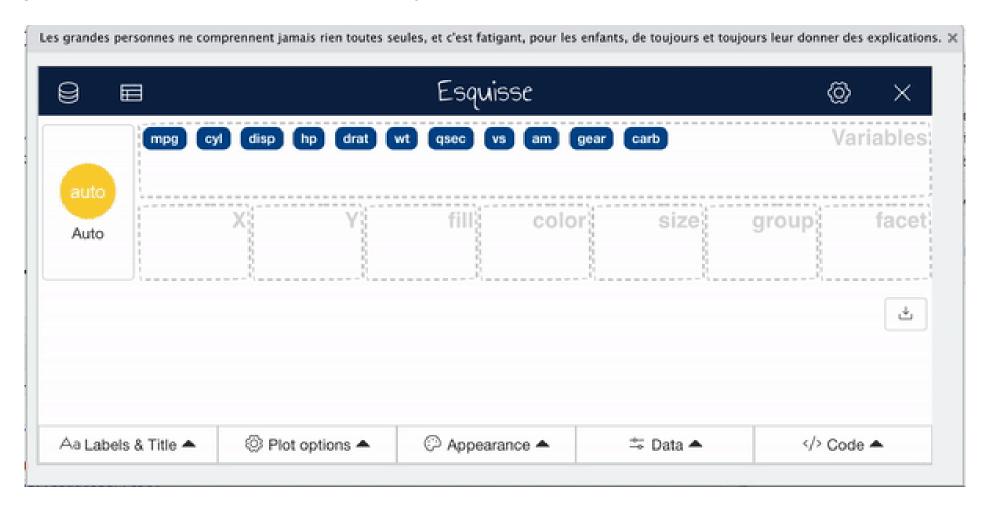


Show the plot in the browser

```
esquisse::esquisser(iris, viewer = "browser")
```

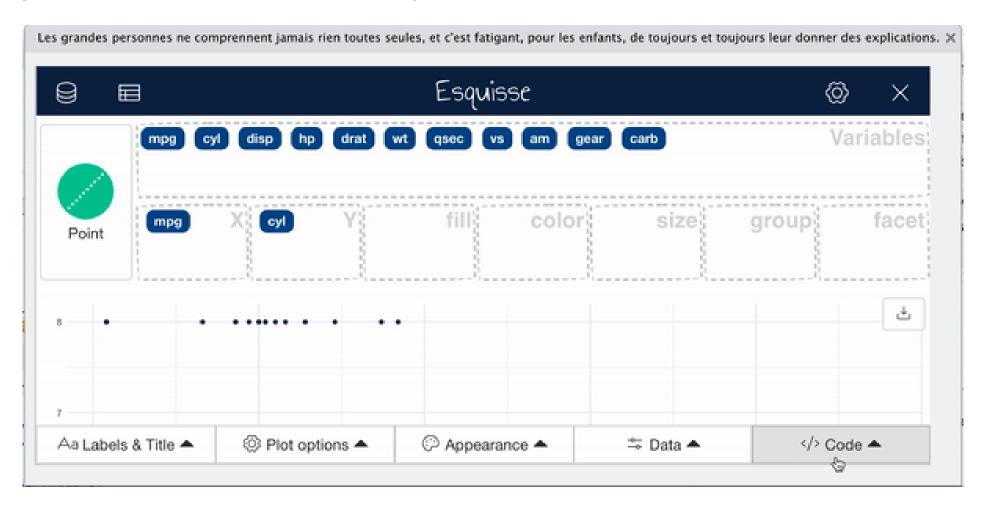
Select Variables

To select variables you can drag and drop variables to the respective axis that you would like the variable to be plotted on.



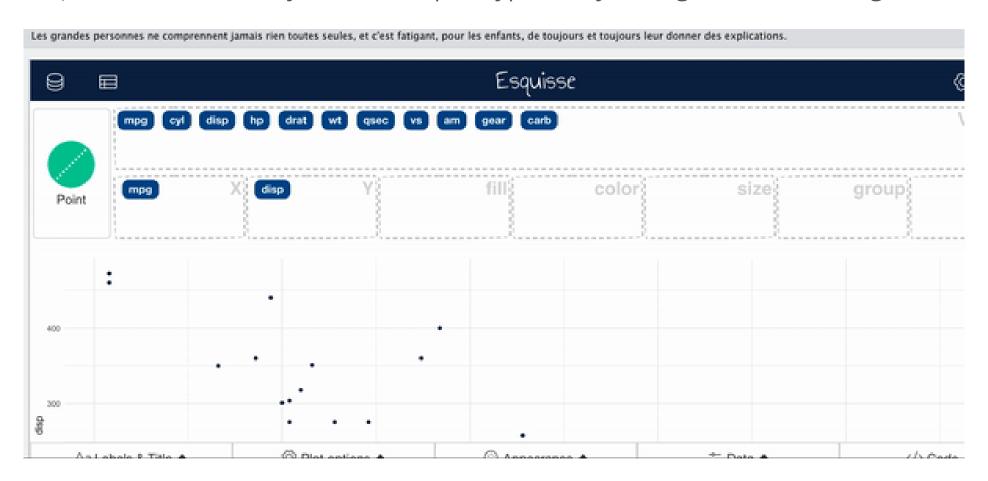
Find code

To select variables you can drag and drop variables to the respective axis that you would like the variable to be plotted on.



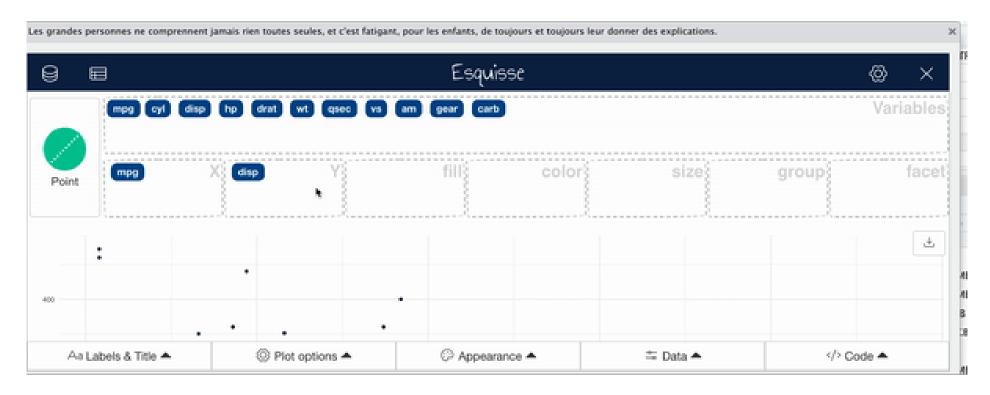
Change plot type

esquisse automatically assumes a plot type, but you might want to change this.



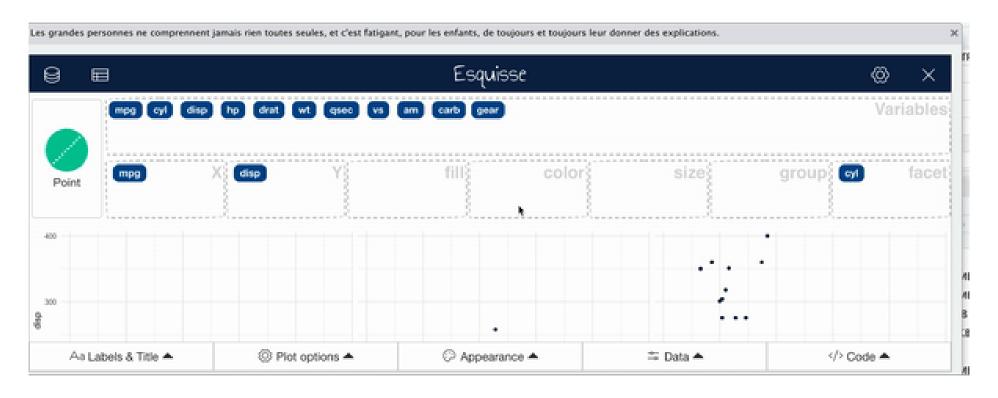
Add Facets

Facets create multiple plots based on the different values of a variable.



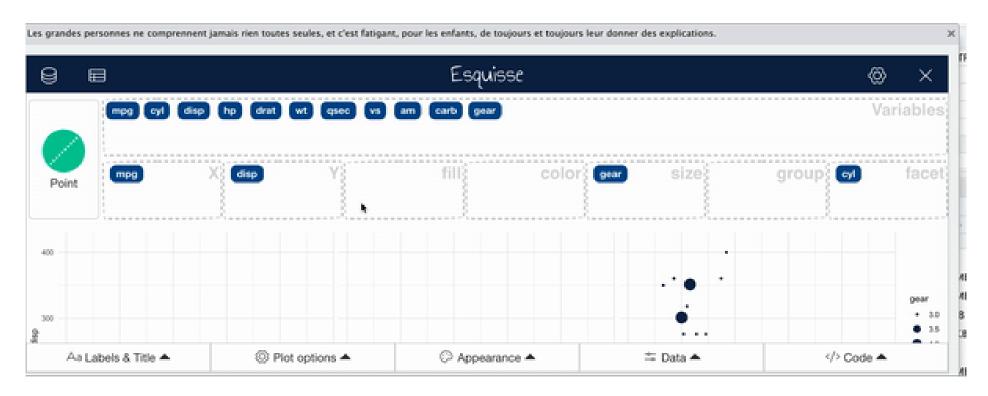
Add size

Sometimes it is useful to change the way points are plotted so that size represents a variable. This can especially be helpful if you need your plot to be black and white.



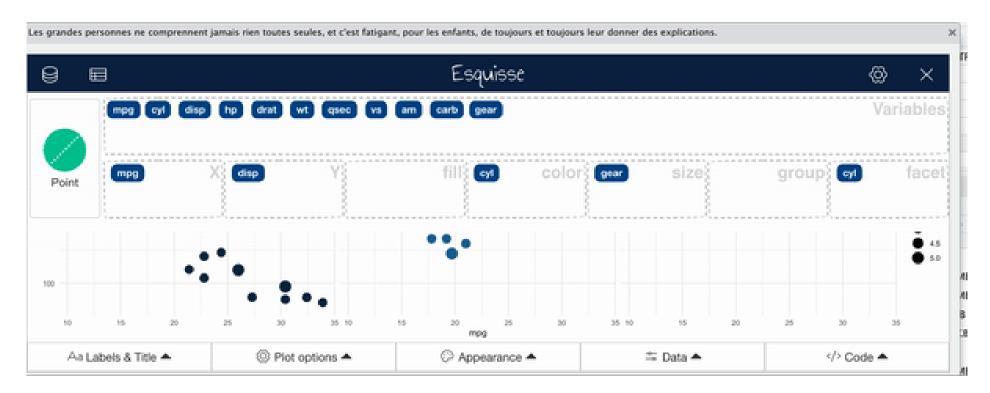
Add color

For plots with points use the color region to change coloring according to a variable. (use "fill" for bar plots)



Appearance

You can change the overall appearance with the appearance tab.



Smooth Lines

Especially when you have a scatter plot, it can be helpful to add a smooth/trend line.



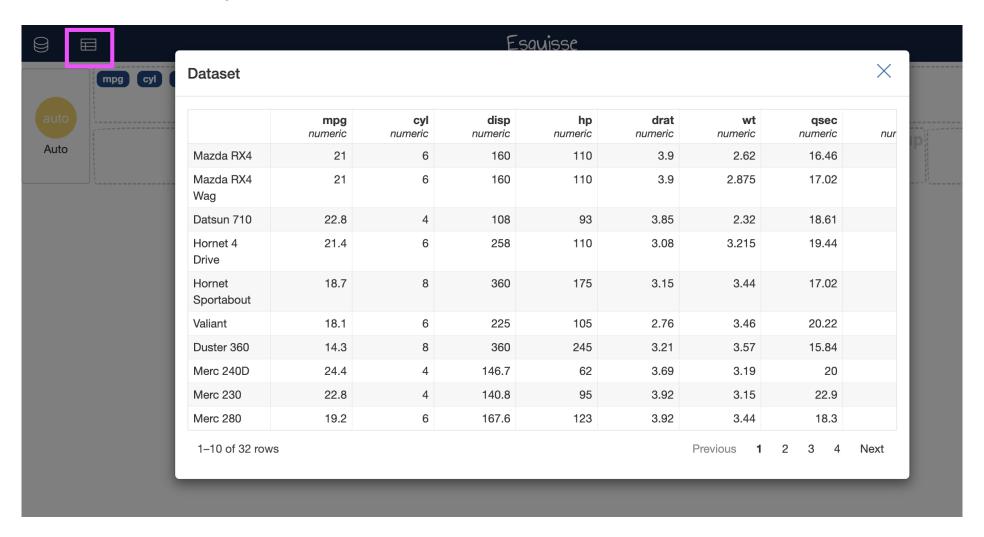
Change titles

To change titles on your plot, use the titles tab.



View data

You can also easily view data



Interrupting Esquisse

You'll need to "interrupt" Esquisse to launch it with a new dataset.

Use the stop button or press ctrl+c to stop the Esquisse app.

```
Terminal ×
                       Background Jobs >
Console

    R 4.3.0 → ~/Desktop/intro-to-r-2023/ 
    → 
> esquisser(mtcars, viewer = "browser")
                                                                                                       Interrup
Listening on http://127.0.0.1:5355
```

Wide & Long Data Example

```
library(jhur)
library(dplyr)
wide circ <- read circulator()</pre>
glimpse(wide_circ)
## Rows: 1,146
## Columns: 15
             <chr> "Monday", "Tuesday", "Wednesday", "Thursday", "Fri
## $ day
            <chr> "01/11/2010", "01/12/2010", "01/13/2010", "01/14/2<dbl> 877, 777, 1203, 1194, 1645, 1457, 839, 999, 1023,
## $ date
## $ orangeBoardings
## $ orangeAlightings <dbl> 1027, 815, 1220, 1233, 1643, 1524, 938, 1000, 1047
## $ orangeAverage
             <dbl> 952.0, 796.0, 1211.5, 1213.5, 1644.0, 1490.5, 888.
## $ purpleBoardings
             ## $ purpleAverage
             ## $ greenBoardings
             ## $ greenAlightings
             ## $ greenAverage
             ## $ bannerBoardings
             ## $ bannerAverage
## $ daily
             <dbl> 952.0, 796.0, 1211.5, 1213.5, 1644.0, 1490.5, 888.
```

Long Data

```
library(tidyr)
long_circ <- wide_circ %>%
  pivot_longer(
    cols = contains(c("boarding")),
    names_to = "Route",
    values_to = "Boardings"
)
```

Long Data

glimpse(long_circ)

```
## Rows: 4,584
## Columns: 13
             <chr> "Monday", "Monday", "Monday", "Tuesday",
## $ dav
             <chr> "01/11/2010", "01/11/2010", "01/11/2010", "01/11/2
## $ date
## $ orangeAlightings <dbl> 1027, 1027, 1027, 1027, 815, 815, 815, 815, 1220,
             <dbl> 952.0, 952.0, 952.0, 796.0, 796.0, 796.0, 7
## $ orangeAverage
## $ purpleAverage
             ## $ greenAlightings
             ## $ greenAverage
## $ bannerAverage
             <dbl> 952.0, 952.0, 952.0, 952.0, 796.0, 796.0, 796.0, 7
## $ daily
             <chr> "orangeBoardings", "purpleBoardings", "greenBoardings"
## $ Route
## $ Boardings
             <dbl> 877, NA, NA, NA, 777, NA, NA, NA, 1203, NA, NA, NA
```

Make a plot of boardings by day for different routes

```
esquisser(wide_circ) # days as x...? Tricky!
esquisser(long_circ) # day as x, Boardings as y, Route as fill
```

Some Alternatives to esquisse

- ggquickeda: https://smouksassi.github.io/ggquickeda/
- ggraptR: https://github.com/cargomoose/ggraptR/
- autoplot can be helpful for some packages (see this blog post)

Summary

- Use the esquisser() function on a dataset
- Use the viewer = "browser" argument to launch in your browser.
- Code from Esquisse can copied into code chunks to be generated in the "Plots" pane
- It's easier if your code is in "long" form!

Lab

Class Website

Lab



Image by Gerd Altmann from Pixabay