# Intro to R

Data Visualization with Esquisse

# **Esquisse Package**

# install.packages("esquisse")
library(esquisse)

# **Esquisse Package**

The esquisse package is helpful for getting used to creating plots in R.

It is an interactive tool to help you in RStudio.

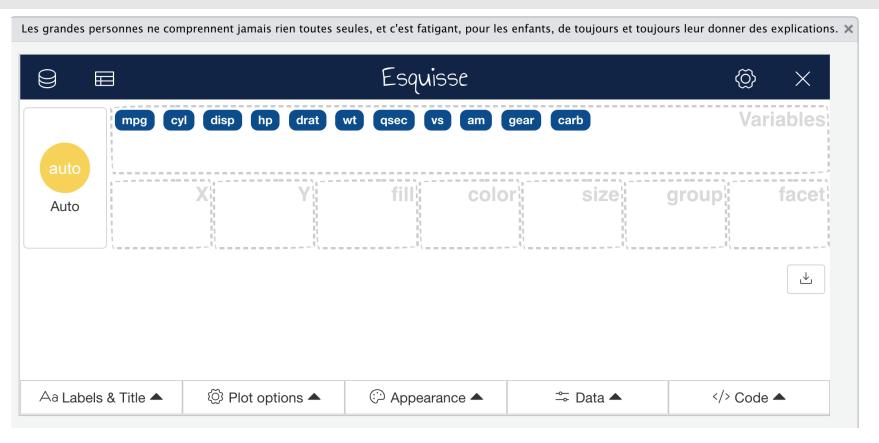
It's super **nifty**!



# Starting a plot

Using the esquisser() function you can start creating a plot for a data.frame or tibble. That's it!

#### esquisser(mtcars)

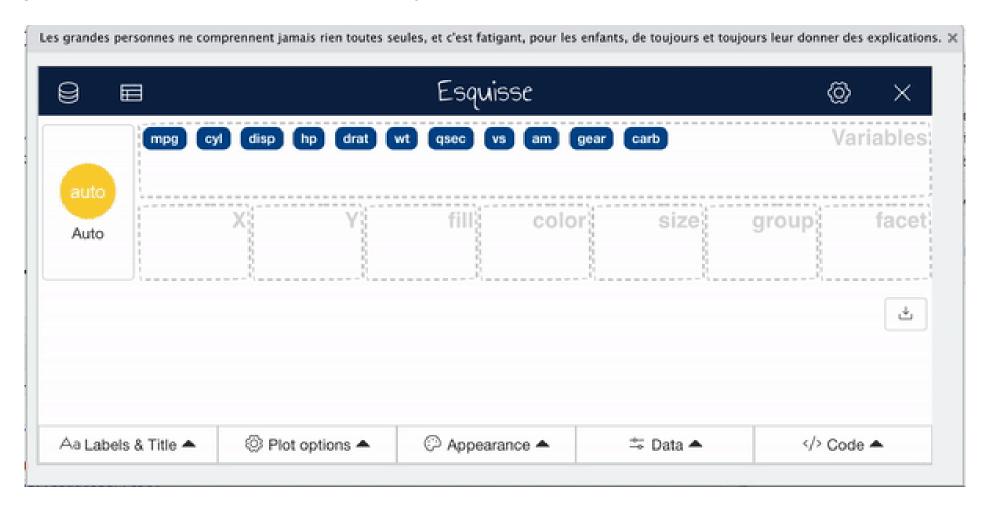


# Show the plot in the browser

```
esquisse::esquisser(iris, viewer = "browser")
```

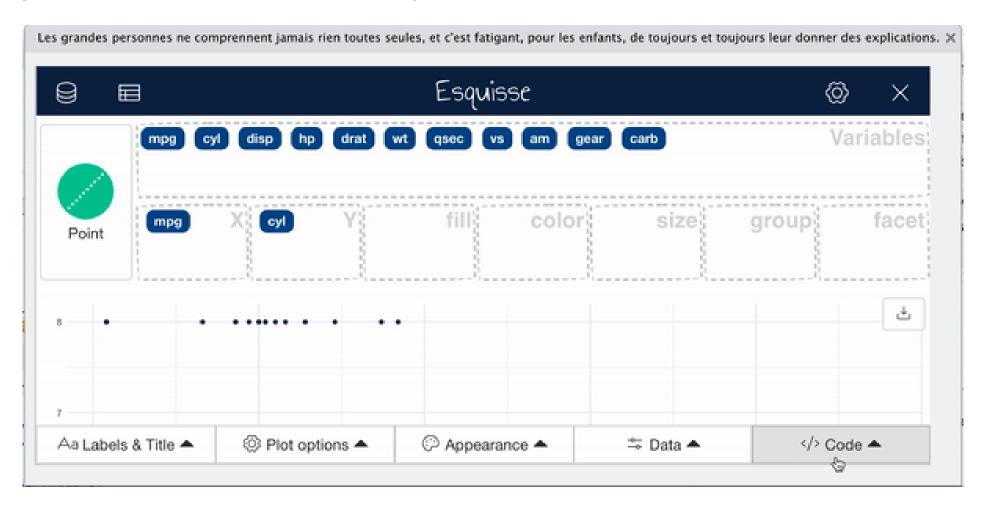
#### **Select Variables**

To select variables you can drag and drop variables to the respective axis that you would like the variable to be plotted on.



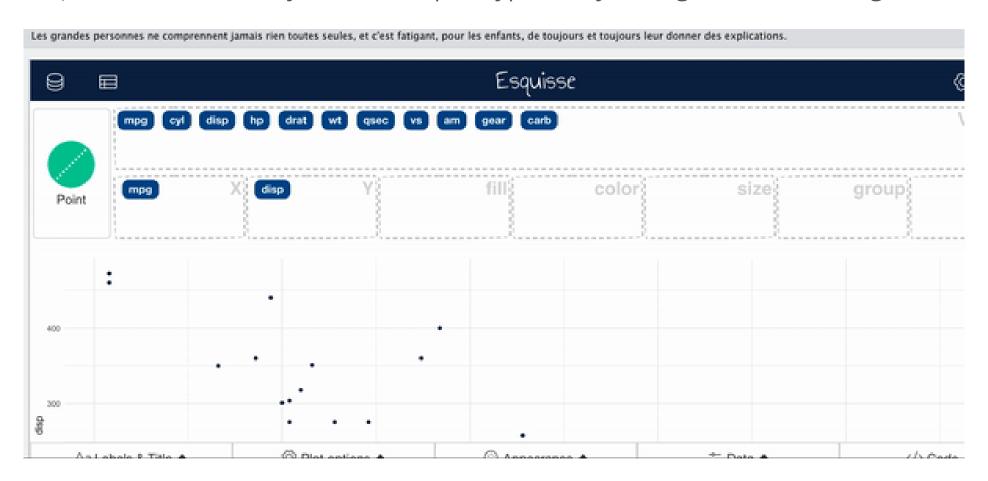
#### Find code

To select variables you can drag and drop variables to the respective axis that you would like the variable to be plotted on.



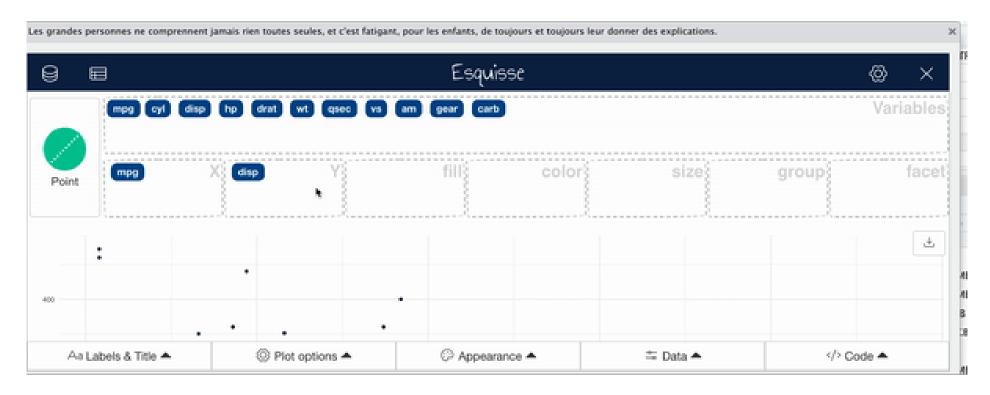
# Change plot type

esquisse automatically assumes a plot type, but you might want to change this.



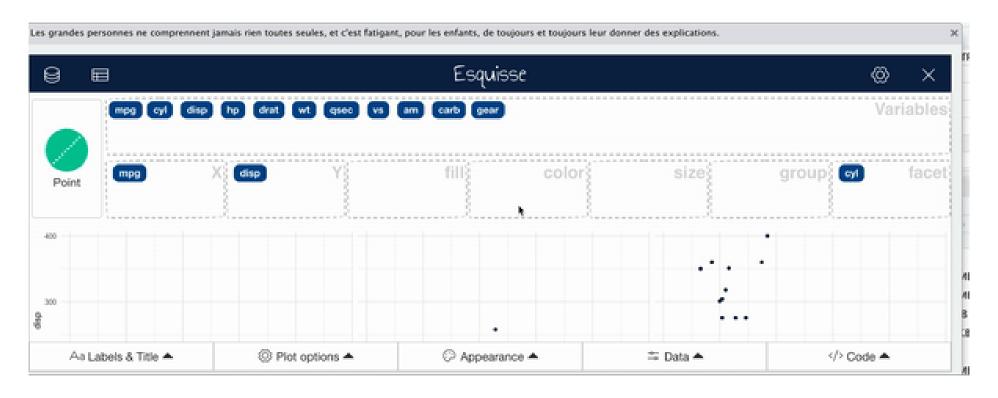
#### **Add Facets**

Facets create multiple plots based on the different values of a variable.



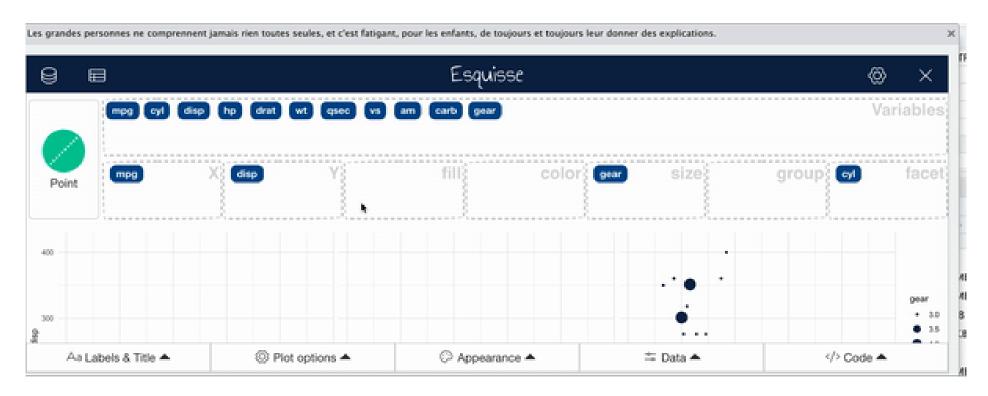
#### Add size

Sometimes it is useful to change the way points are plotted so that size represents a variable. This can especially be helpful if you need your plot to be black and white.



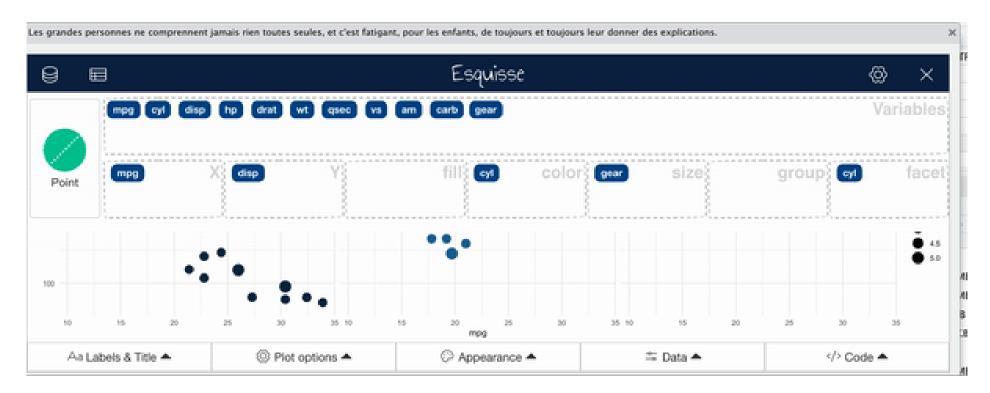
#### Add color

For plots with points use the color region to change coloring according to a variable. (use "fill" for bar plots)



# **Appearance**

You can change the overall appearance with the appearance tab.



#### **Smooth Lines**

Especially when you have a scatter plot, it can be helpful to add a smooth/trend line.



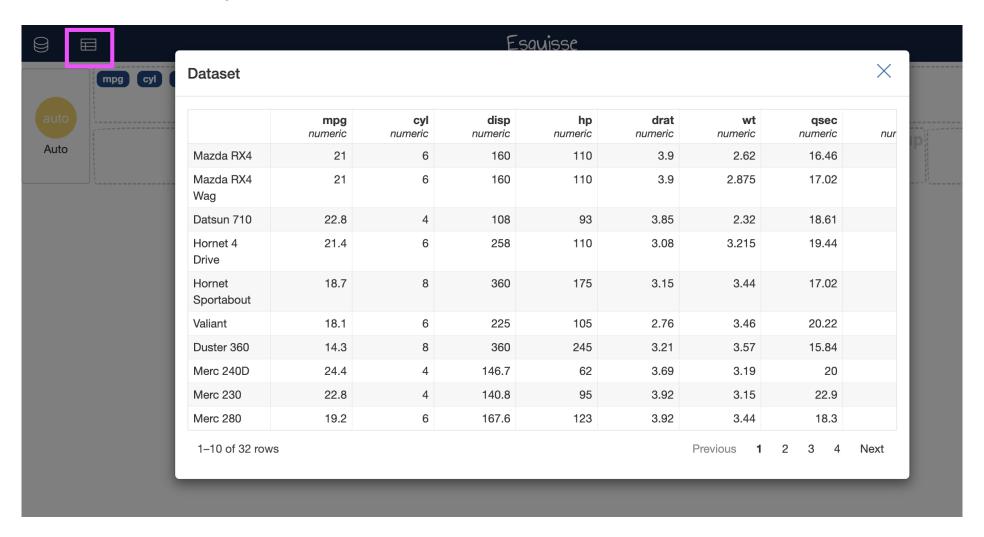
# Change titles

To change titles on your plot, use the titles tab.



#### View data

You can also easily view data



## **Interrupting Esquisse**

You'll need to "interrupt" Esquisse to launch it with a new dataset.

Use the stop button or press ctrl+c to stop the Esquisse app.

```
Terminal ×
                       Background Jobs >
Console

    R 4.3.0 → ~/Desktop/intro-to-r-2023/ 
    →
> esquisser(mtcars, viewer = "browser")
                                                                                                      Interrup
Listening on http://127.0.0.1:5355
```

## Wide & Long Data Example

```
library(jhur)
wide_circ <- read_circulator()

## Rows: 1146 Columns: 15
## — Column specification
## Delimiter: ","
## chr (2): day, date
## dbl (13): orangeBoardings, orangeAlightings, orangeAverage, purpleBoardings
##
## | Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## | Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this me</pre>
```

#### Wide Data

```
library(dplyr)
glimpse(wide_circ)
```

```
## Rows: 1,146
## Columns: 15
           <chr> "Monday", "Tuesday", "Wednesday", "Thursday", "Fri
## $ dav
           <chr> "01/11/2010", "01/12/2010", "01/13/2010", "01/14/2
## $ date
           <dbl> 877, 777, 1203, 1194, 1645, 1457, 839, 999, 1023,
## $ orangeBoardings
## $ orangeAlightings <dbl> 1027, 815, 1220, 1233, 1643, 1524, 938, 1000, 1047
           <dbl> 952.0, 796.0, 1211.5, 1213.5, 1644.0, 1490.5, 888.
## $ orangeAverage
## $ purpleBoardings
           ## $ purpleAverage
           ## $ greenBoardings
           ## $ greenAlightings
           ## $ greenAverage
           ## $ bannerBoardings
           ## $ bannerAverage
           <dbl> 952.0, 796.0, 1211.5, 1213.5, 1644.0, 1490.5, 888.
## $ daily
```

# **Long Data**

```
library(tidyr)
long_circ <- wide_circ %>%
  pivot_longer(
    cols = contains(c("boarding")),
    names_to = "Route",
    values_to = "Boardings"
)
```

## **Long Data**

glimpse(long\_circ)

```
## Rows: 4,584
## Columns: 13
             <chr> "Monday", "Monday", "Monday", "Tuesday",
## $ dav
             <chr> "01/11/2010", "01/11/2010", "01/11/2010", "01/11/2
## $ date
## $ orangeAlightings <dbl> 1027, 1027, 1027, 1027, 815, 815, 815, 815, 1220,
             <dbl> 952.0, 952.0, 952.0, 796.0, 796.0, 796.0, 7
## $ orangeAverage
## $ purpleAverage
             ## $ greenAlightings
             ## $ greenAverage
## $ bannerAverage
             <dbl> 952.0, 952.0, 952.0, 952.0, 796.0, 796.0, 796.0, 7
## $ daily
             <chr> "orangeBoardings", "purpleBoardings", "greenBoardings"
## $ Route
## $ Boardings
             <dbl> 877, NA, NA, NA, 777, NA, NA, NA, 1203, NA, NA, NA
```

# Make a plot of boardings by day for different routes

```
esquisser(wide_circ) # days as x...? Tricky!
esquisser(long_circ) # day as x, Boardings as y, Route as fill
```

## Summary

- Use the esquisser() function on a dataset
- Use the viewer = "browser" argument to launch in your browser.
- Code from Esquisse can copied into code chunks to be generated in the "Plots" pane
- It's easier if your code is in "long" form!

# Lab

**Class Website** 

Lab



Image by Gerd Altmann from Pixabay