

# Recitation 8

$$x[n] = \sum_{k \in \langle N \rangle} a_k e^{jk \left( \frac{2\pi}{N} \right) n}$$

$$a_k = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{n \in \langle N \rangle} x[n] e^{-jk \left( \frac{2\pi}{N} \right) n}$$

1. Let  $h[n] = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{|n|}$  and  $x[n] = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} \delta[n-4k]$

Find the F.S. coeff's of  $y[n] = x[n] * h[n]$

Soln: 
$$y[n] = \sum_k \sum_l \delta[k-4l] \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{|n-k|}$$

only look at  $k = \dots, -4, 0, 4, \dots$

$$= \sum_k \frac{1}{2}^{|n-4k|}$$

$n=0$	we get	4s	(from $m=0$ )
$n=1$	we get	8s	(from $m=0$ )
$n=2$		0	
$n=3$		0	
$n=4$	we get	4s	(from $m=1$ )
$n=5$	we get	8s	(from $m=1$ )

$N=4$

$$a_k = \frac{1}{4} \sum_n x[n] e^{-jk \frac{2\pi}{4} n}$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \left[ 4 + 8 e^{-jk \frac{2\pi}{4}} \right] = 1 + 2 e^{-jk \frac{2\pi}{4}}$$

$$a_0 = 3, a_1 = 1 + 2e^{-j\frac{2\pi}{4}}, a_2 = -1, a_3 = 1 + 2e^{j\frac{2\pi}{4}}$$

1. Let

$$x[n] = 1 + \cos\left(\frac{2\pi}{6}n\right)$$

$$y[n] = \sin\left(\frac{2\pi}{6}n + \frac{\pi}{4}\right)$$

Q: Find FS coefficients of  $x$  and  $y$ .

Soln:  $x[n] = e^0 + \frac{1}{2}\left(e^{j\frac{2\pi n}{6}} + e^{-j\frac{2\pi n}{6}}\right)$

By inspection  $a_0 = 1$ ,  $a_1 = \frac{1}{2}$ ,  $a_{-1} = \frac{1}{2}$ ,  $a_k = 0$  otherwise

$$y[n] = \frac{1}{2j}\left(e^{j\left(\frac{2\pi n}{6} + \frac{\pi}{4}\right)} - e^{-j\left(\frac{2\pi n}{6} + \frac{\pi}{4}\right)}\right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2j} e^{j\pi/4} e^{\dots} - \frac{1}{2j} e^{-j\pi/4} e^{\dots}$$

By inspection  $b_1 = \frac{e^{j\pi/4}}{2j}$  and  $b_{-1} = \frac{-e^{-j\pi/4}}{2j}$

3. Let  $a_k$  be drawn below:



Find  $x[n]$ :

Soln:  $x[n] = 2 + 2 \cos(\pi n/4) + \cos(\pi n/2) + \frac{1}{2} \cos\left(\frac{3\pi n}{4}\right)$

4. Let  $x[n] = \sum_{m=-\infty}^{\infty} 4\delta[n-4m] + 8\delta[n-1-4m]$ .

Find the F.S. coefficients of  $x[n]$ .

Soln:

$$\left( \begin{array}{ll} n=0 & \rightarrow 4\delta \quad (\text{from } m=0) \\ n=1 & \rightarrow 8\delta \quad (\text{from } m=0) \\ n=2 & \rightarrow 0 \\ n=3 & \rightarrow 0 \\ n=4 & \rightarrow 4\delta \quad (\text{from } m=1) \\ n=5 & \rightarrow 8\delta \quad (\text{from } m=1) \end{array} \right.$$

And so  $x[0] = 4$ ,  $x[1] = 8$ ,  $x[2] = 0$ ,  $x[3] = 0$ ,  $N=4$

$$a_k = \frac{1}{4} \sum_{n=0}^3 x[n] e^{-jk2\pi n}$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} [4 + 8e^{-jk2\pi}] = 1 + 2e^{-jk\pi/2}$$

$$a_0 = 3, \quad a_1 = 1 + 2e^{-j\frac{2\pi}{4}}, \quad a_2 = -1, \quad a_3 = 1 + 2j$$