

Unlocking the True Power of Feature Flags!



Czech & Slovak



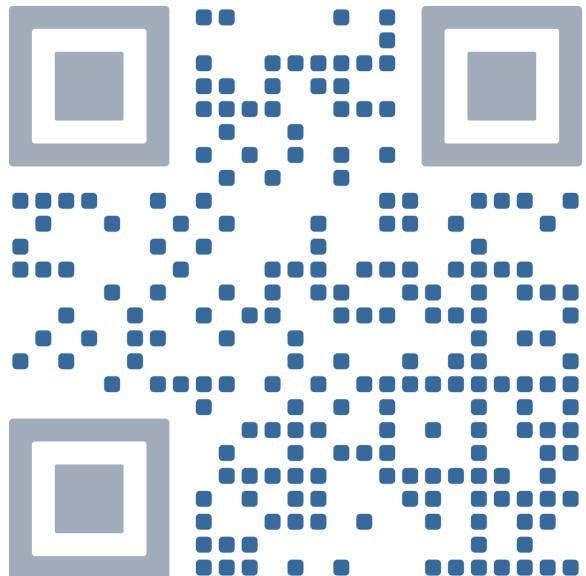


bastlíři SH

MacGyver

macgyver.siliconhill.cz

T



Jakub Huspek

What is not a feature flag?

```
COOL FEATURE = True

def do_something():
    if COOL FEATURE:
        print("New feature is enabled!")
    else:
        print("New feature is disabled.")
```



Feature Flags (often also referred to as Feature Toggles) are a powerful technique, allowing teams to modify system behavior **without changing code**.

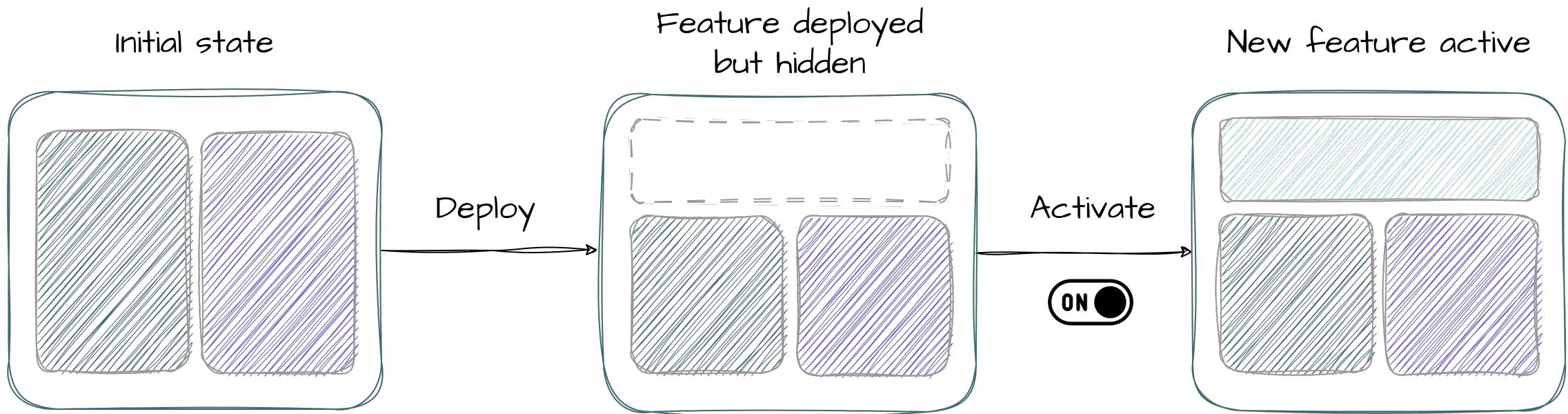
Martin Fowler, Feature Toggles

What is a feature flag?

```
client = FeatureFlagClient.initialize()

def do_something():
    if client.is_enabled("COOL_FEATURE")
        print("New feature is enabled!")
    else:
        print("New feature is disabled.")
```

What is a feature flag?



allow_darkmode

[on / off]

enable_customer_chat

[on / off]

[customer_type = B2B]

[language = cz]

A bit of general theory, but everyone can have a different motivation or different needs.



Why should you care?

From more practical cases:

- Independent (Quicker) release cycle
- Rollback / Kill-switch
- Testing in production
- Early / Block access
- Calendar driven launches

To more *theoretical ones:

- Maintenance
- Canary releases
- Incremental roll outs
- Hypothesis driven development (A/B)
- Newbie / Advanced users



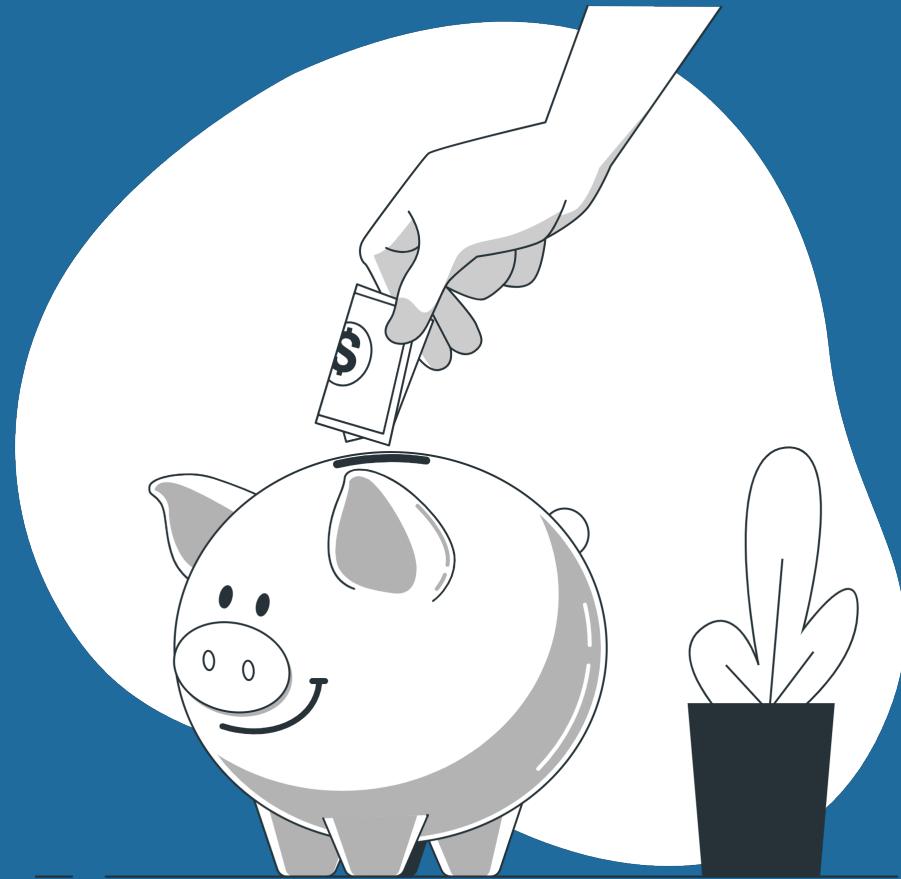
*) My perspective only, as I have experience from not so much dynamic environment.

It is still one of many methods to deal with these situations. Sometimes you need to change the process around it as well for effective use.

Feature flags **does not replace** branching, it is complementary.

And how to benefit?

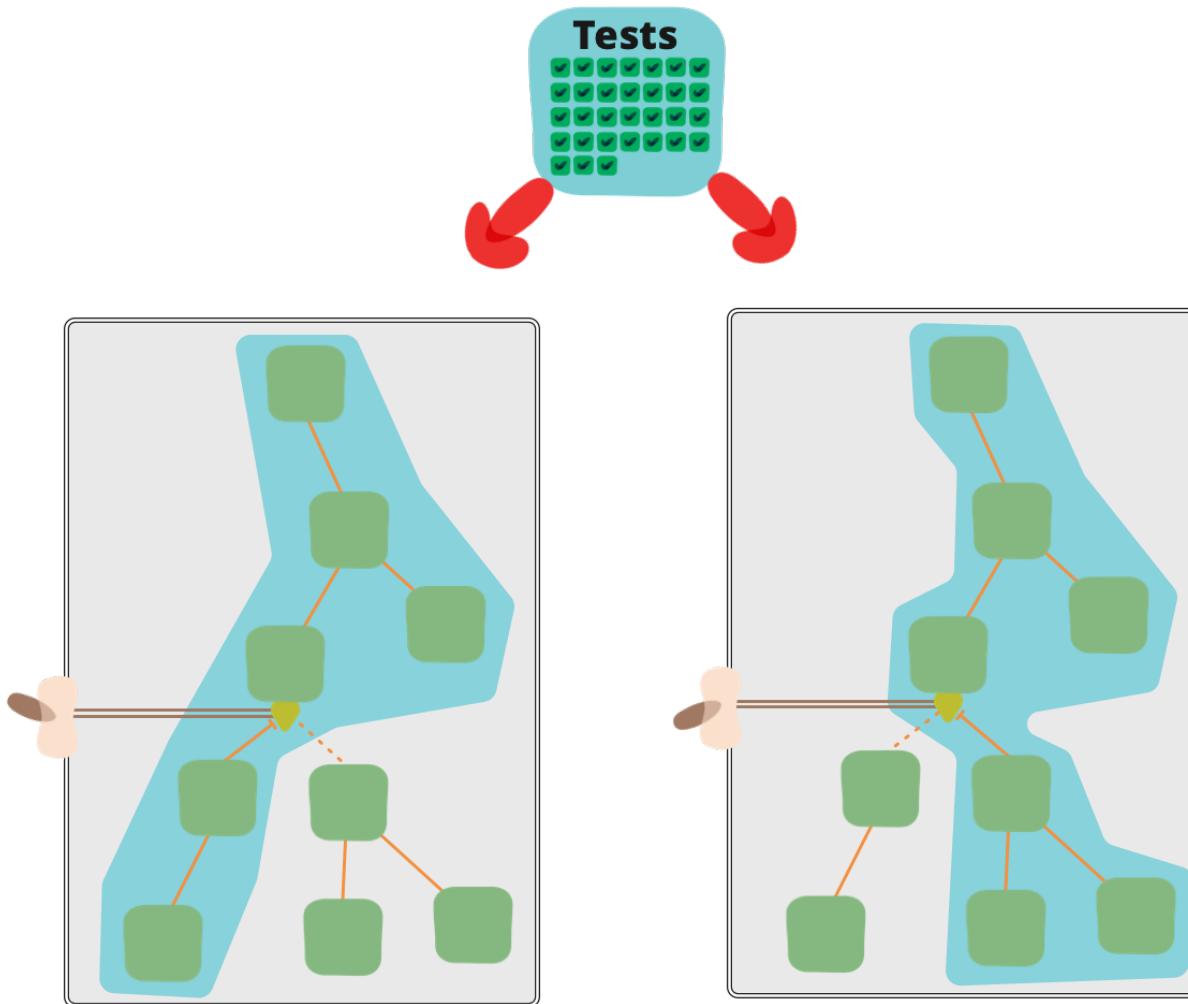
- Flexibility in feature release
- Reduced risk of deploying new features
- Separation of deployment from release
- Ability to perform closed testing and experimentation, even in production
- Shorter development cycle
- Simplified version control
- One of the gates to continues deployments





But it's not all roses.

Validation complexity



Source: martinfowler.com/articles/feature-toggles.html



Any other pitfalls?

- Testing and validation complexity
- Tech. debts if not managed correctly and FF accumulate
- Flags proliferation can clutter the codebase (dependencies)
- Badly selected level of flagging
- Carrying costs of feature flags
- Insufficient management and monitoring



So there must be some recommendations?

How to lose half a billion dollars with bad feature flags

The demise of Knight Capital



Vineeth Madhusudanan · [Follow](#)

Published in Statsig · 2 min read · Jul 13, 2021



605



1



...

Knight Capital was the largest trader in US equities in 2012 (~\$21b/day) thanks to their high frequency trading algorithms. They also executed trades on behalf of retail brokers like TD Ameritrade and ETrade.

Their demise came in 2012 when they developed a new feature in their Smart Market Access Routing system to handle transactions for a new NYSE program.

PowerPeg

For testing purposes only

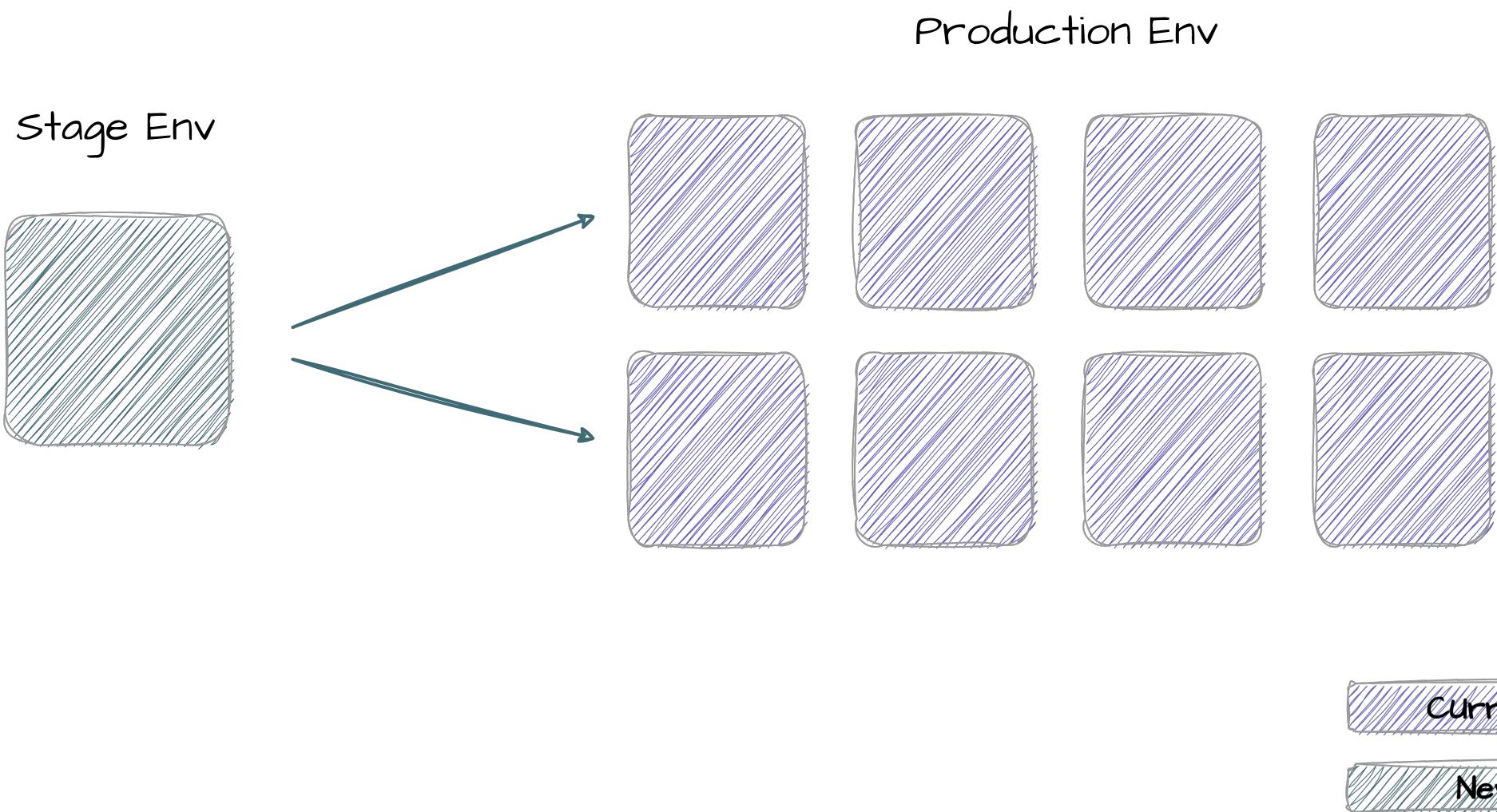
Unused since 2003 (8 years)

Validation algorithm for another component, buy high sells low

SMARS

Newly build core algorithm for routing the orders

Uses same FF as PowerPeg





Production Env
(FF OFF)

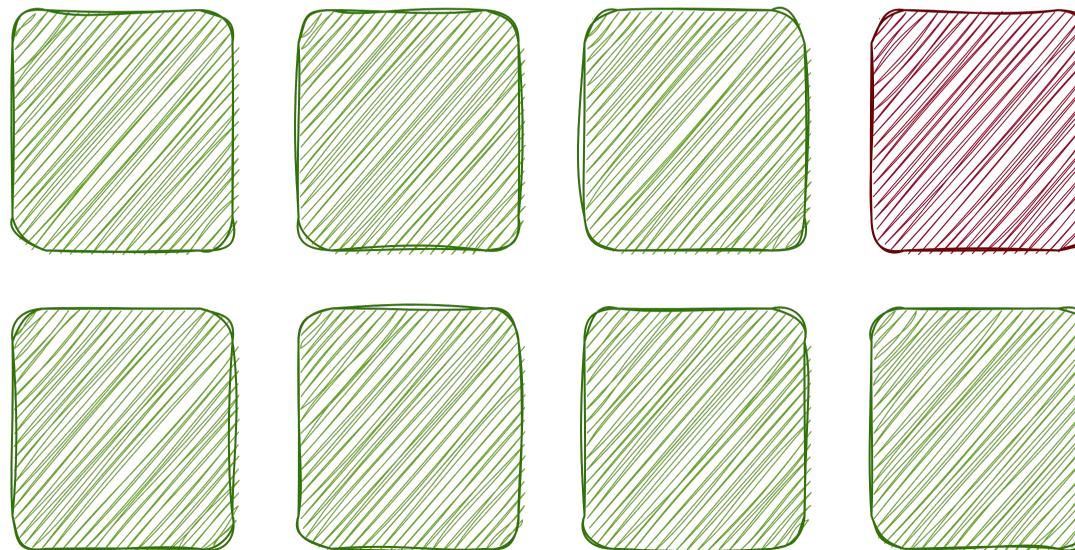


Current Code

New Code



Production Env
(FF ON)

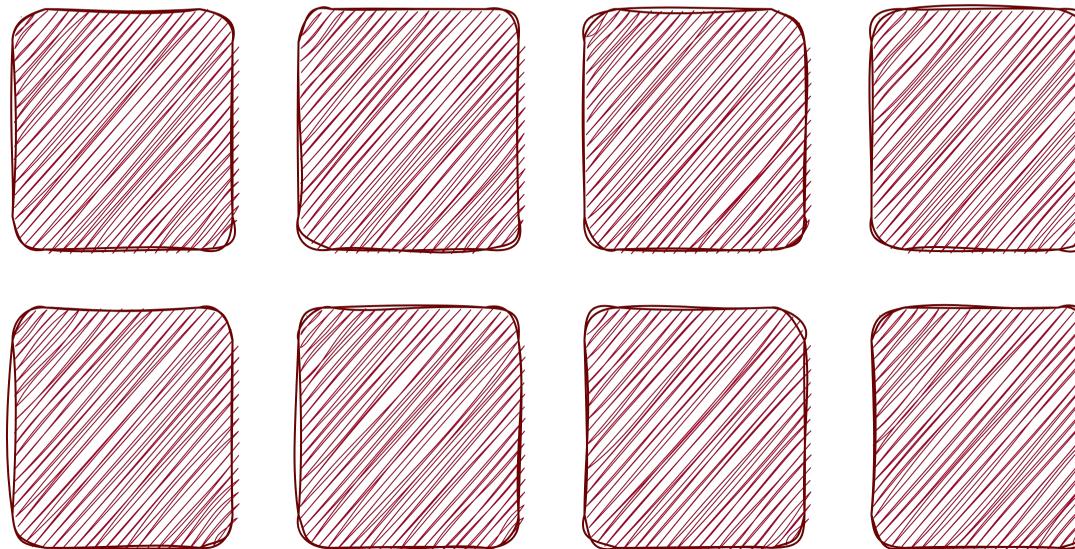


Old Code Activated

New Code Activated



Production Env -
Rollback (FF ON)



Old Code Activated

New Code Activated

Recommendation No. 1

Never reuse old feature flags.

Recommendation No. 2

**Be proactive in removing feature flags that
are no longer needed.**

Recommendation No. 3

Choose descriptive names for your flags.

Recommendation No. 3

Choose descriptive names for your flags.

enable_power_peg

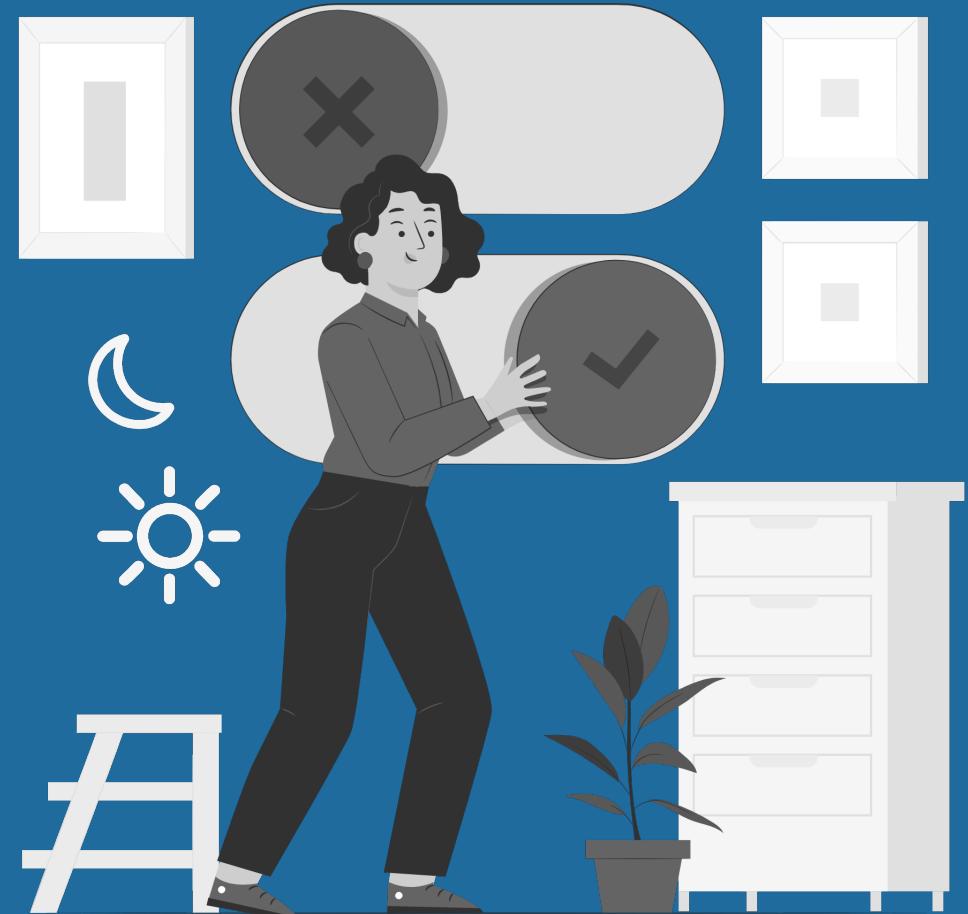
activate_smars_algorithm

feature_test_8

feature_jira_1867

And now together

- Ensure consistency (especially data) by destructive changes
- Be proactive in removing old flags
- All new features must be tested
- Choose right level of flagging
- Use them with measure, can get out of control
- Keep lifespan of flags short (weeks)
- Choose descriptive names
- Setup proper logging and monitoring



Why we started to implement



In "legacy" world:

- more frequent releases of new changes that we can enable/disable without outage
- allow other teams to independently develop & test our applications
- mitigate the risk associated with releases by delivering small changes we can turn off
- allow testing the changes on selected set of users on the production environment

In "new" world:

- fully support the trunk-based development on multiple environments
- fully support short-lived feature branches approach

Toggles introduce complexity.

We can keep that complexity in check by using smart toggle implementation practices and appropriate tools to manage our toggle configuration.



Standardizing Feature Flagging for Everyone

OpenFeature was accepted to CNCF on June 17, 2022 and moved to the **Incubating** maturity level on November 21, 2023.

[VISIT PROJECT WEBSITE](#)



Code-level vendor lock-in & lack of portability

Code-level vendor lock-in and lack of portability result in re-architecture efforts when switching from one feature flag platform to another

Feature flagging and other aspects of software delivery

Integration of feature flagging with other aspects of software delivery such as observability, automated testing, and analytics becomes a point-to-point exercise, requiring unique solutions for each combination of frameworks

Lack of standardization

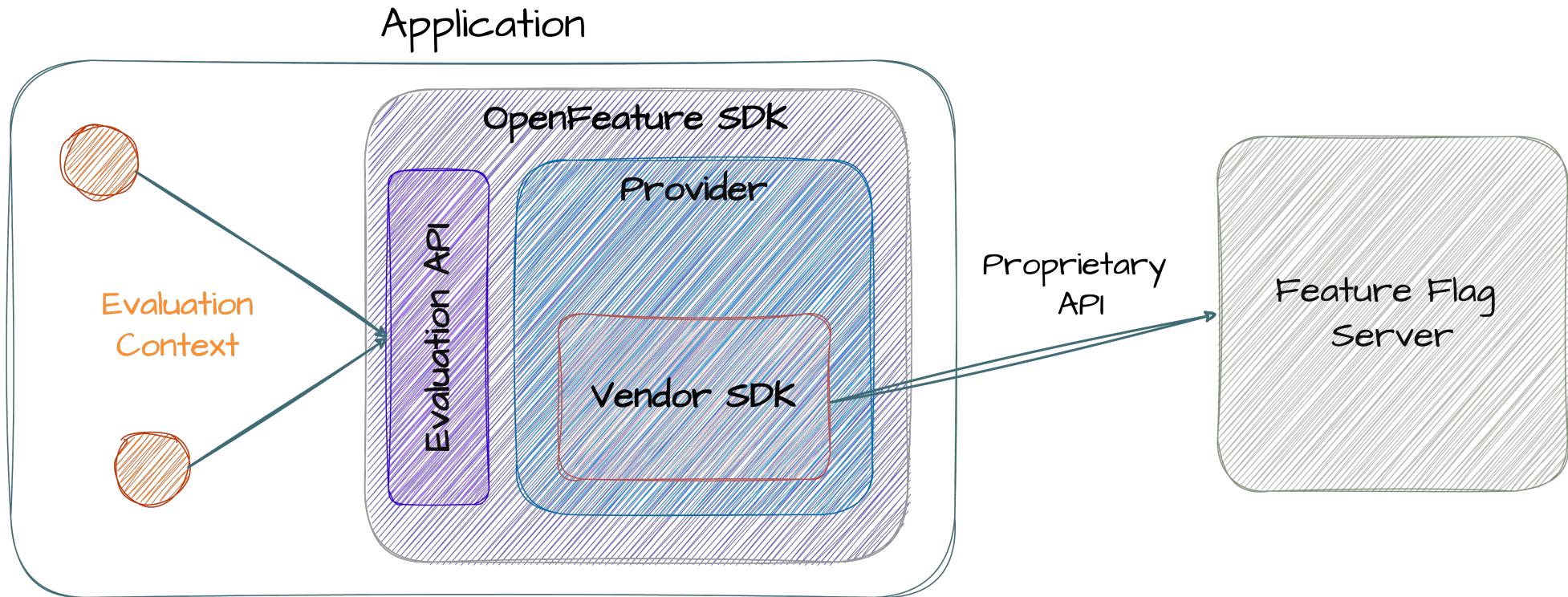
Lack of standardization prevents the existence of a general feature flagging ecosystem.

TravelBusiness (Derby Client)
297/min 1ms

Web

Messaging

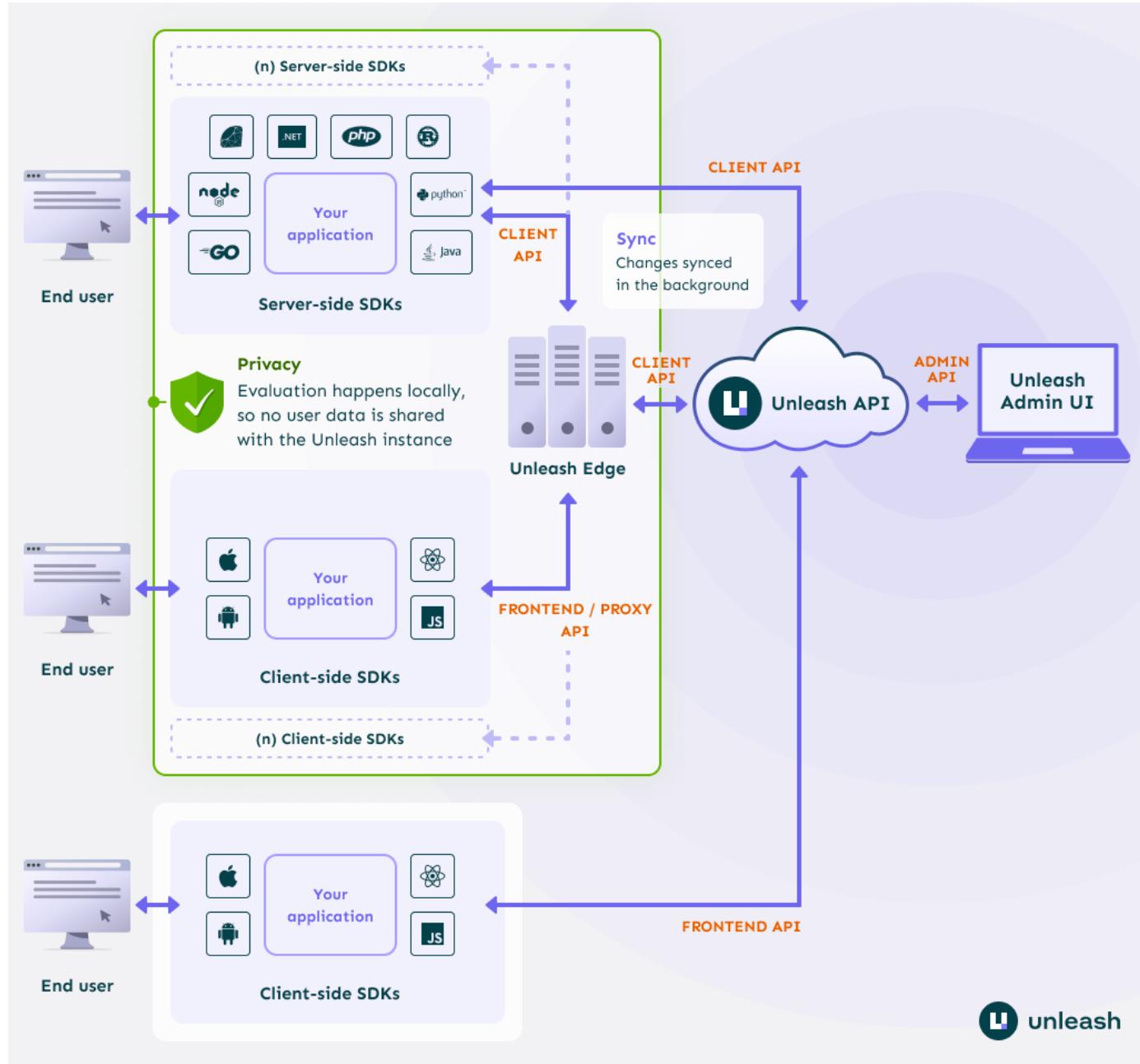
RMI/Custom



Unleash

- Feature flag management tool
- Open-source, no vendor lock in
- Fully transparent lifecycle, communication, open to contributions
- Free and Enterprise plan available
- On-premise and hosted solution possible
- Very active community and development
- A lot of languages already supported by SDKs
- Several deployment methods available





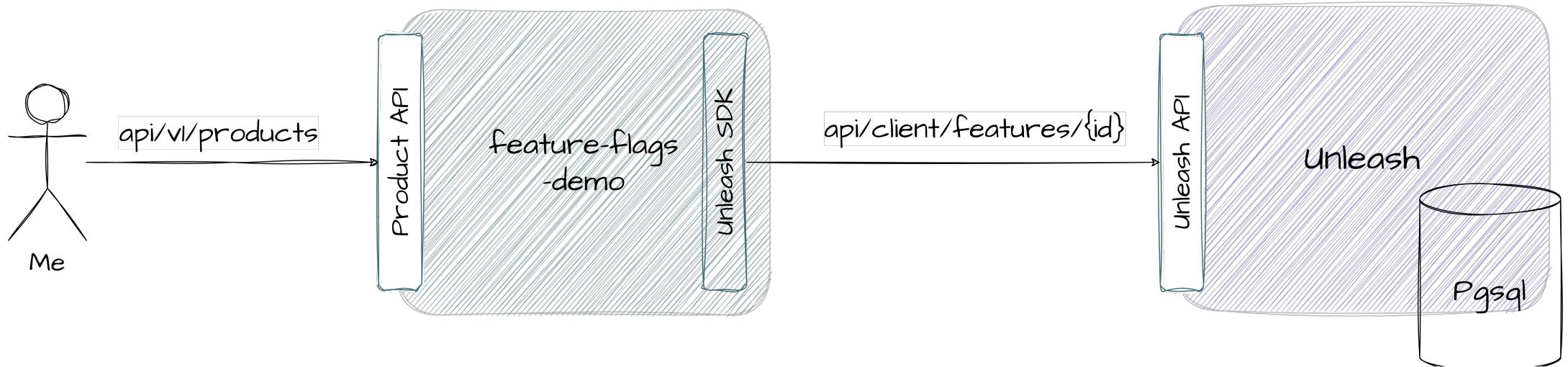
Server-side SDKs:

- Go SDK
- Java SDK
- Node.js SDK
- PHP SDK
- Python SDK
- Ruby SDK
- Rust SDK
- .NET SDK

Client-side SDKs:

- Android SDK
- Flutter Proxy SDK
- iOS Proxy SDK
- Javascript SDK
- React Proxy SDK
- Svelte Proxy SDK
- Vue Proxy SDK

DEMO – Involved components



`GET /api/v1/products`

```
[  
  {  
    "id": "P-123",  
    "status": "Active",  
    "price": null  
  },  
  {  
    "id": "P-456",  
    "status": "Inactive",  
    "price": null  
  }  
]
```

Feature Flags Demo

`GET /api/client/features/product_with_price`

```
{  
  "name": "product_with_price",  
  "type": "release",  
  "enabled": false,  
  "project": "default",  
  "stale": false,  
  "strategies": [  
    {  
      "name": "default",  
      "constraints": [],  
      "parameters": {},  
      "variants": []  
    }  
  ],  
  "variants": [],  
  "description": null,  
  "impressionData": false  
}
```

Unleash

