Oaxaca på CLASS

juli 2017

Oaxaca

m stor for males f står for females.

$$y_i^m = \alpha^m + \beta^m x_i^m$$
 $i = 1, 2, 3, \dots, n_1$

$$y_i^f = \alpha^f + \beta^f x_i^f$$
 $i = 1, 2, 3, \dots, n_2$

$$\sum_{i=1}^{n_1} y_i^m = \sum_{i=1}^{n_1} \alpha^m + \beta^m \sum_{i=1}^{n_1} x_i^m \quad \text{der er summeret over de } n_1 \text{ males}$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^{n_2} y_i^f = \sum_{i=1}^{n_2} \alpha^f + \beta^k \sum_{i=1}^{n_2} x_i^f \qquad \text{der er summeret over de } n_2 \text{ females}$$

$$\overline{y}^m = \alpha^m + \beta^m \overline{x}^m \qquad \overline{y}^m = \frac{1}{n_2} \sum_{i=1}^{n_2} y_i^m \quad \overline{x}^m = \frac{1}{n_2} \sum_{i=1}^{n_2} x_i^m$$

$$\overline{y}^f = \alpha^f + \beta^f \overline{x}^f$$
 $\overline{y}^f = \frac{1}{n_1} \sum_{i=1}^{n_1} y_i^f$ $\overline{x}^f = \frac{1}{n_1} \sum_{i=1}^{n_1} x_i^f$

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 $\overline{y}^m = \alpha^m + \beta^m \overline{x}^m$ gennemsnit for males udtrykt ved modellen

$$\overline{y}^f = \alpha^f + \beta^f \overline{x}^f$$
 gennemsnit for females udtrykt ved modellen

$$\overline{y}^m - \overline{y}^f = \alpha^m - \alpha^f + \beta^m \overline{x}^m - \beta^f \overline{x}^f$$
 = gabet

$$\overline{y}^m - \overline{y}^f = (\alpha^m - \alpha^f) + \beta^m \overline{x}^m + \beta^m \overline{x}^f - \beta^m \overline{x}^f - \beta^f \overline{x}^f$$

$$\overline{y}^m - \overline{y}^f = (\alpha^m - \alpha^f) + (\beta^m \overline{x}^f - \beta^f \overline{x}^f) + (\beta^m \overline{x}^m - \beta^m \overline{x}^f)$$

$$\overline{y}^m - \overline{y}^f = (\alpha^m - \alpha^f) + \overline{x}^k (\beta^m - \beta^f)$$
 $+ \beta^m (\overline{x}^m - \overline{x}^f)$

$$\overline{y}^m - \overline{y}^f = \text{uforklaret} + + \beta^m (\overline{x}^m - \overline{x}^f)$$
"gabet" + forklaret + forklaret

$$18,838 = uforklaret + 3,91*(63,91-60,59)$$

$$18,838 = 5,844 + 12,994$$

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hvis vi udvider modellen med en ekstra forklarende variabel

$$y_i^m = \alpha^m + \beta^m x_i^m + \gamma^m z_i^m$$
 $i = 1, 2, 3, \dots, n_1$
 $y_i^f = \alpha^f + \beta^f x_i^f + \gamma^f z_i^f$ $i = 1, 2, 3, \dots, n_2$

$$\overline{y}^m - \overline{y}^f = \quad \text{uforklaret} \qquad + \beta^m (\overline{x}^m - \overline{x}^f) + \gamma^m (\overline{z}^m - \overline{z}^f)$$

$$\mathsf{gabet} \quad = \quad \mathsf{uforklaret} \quad + \beta^m \big(\overline{x}^m - \overline{x}^f \big) + \gamma^m \big(\overline{z}^m - \overline{z}^f \big)$$

gabet = uforklaret + hældningskoefficienter ganget på differencen af de forklarende variable.

Så vi skal bruge alle gennemsnit af de indgående variable + hældningskoefficienterne fra den ene gruppe i dette tilfælde m for males.

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$$y_i = \alpha + \beta x_i$$
 i=1,2,3,....n

$$\hat{\widehat{\beta}} = \frac{\mathit{SAP}_{\mathit{xy}}}{\mathit{SAK}_{\mathit{x}}} \qquad \mathsf{og} \ \ \widehat{\alpha} = \overline{\mathit{y}} - \widehat{\beta} \overline{\mathit{x}}$$

$$\frac{1}{n}\sum_{i=1}^{n}\widehat{\alpha}+\widehat{\beta}x_{i}=\frac{1}{n}\sum_{i=1}^{n}\overline{y}-\widehat{\beta}\overline{x}+\widehat{\beta}x_{i}=\overline{y}$$

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