MA677HW3

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```
1.
Df1=read.table("maybe_uniform.txt")
## Warning in read.table("maybe_uniform.txt"): incomplete final line found by
## readTableHeader on 'maybe_uniform.txt'
test1=c(Df1$V1,Df1$V2,Df1$V3,Df1$V4,Df1$V5)
ks.test(test1,"punif")
##
    One-sample Kolmogorov-Smirnov test
##
##
## data: test1
## D = 0.18, p-value = 0.3501
## alternative hypothesis: two-sided
x < -seq(-5, 5, by=0.01)
fx <- ifelse(x > 0 & x <=0.5, 2/3,
   ifelse(x > 0.5 \& x < 1, 0.5, 0)
plot(x,fx)
     9
     0
     0.4
¥
                                -2
                                               0
                                                            2
                                                                          4
                                               Χ
ks.test(fx,"punif")
## Warning in ks.test(fx, "punif"): ties should not be present for the
## Kolmogorov-Smirnov test
##
   One-sample Kolmogorov-Smirnov test
```

```
##
## data: fx
## D = 0.9011, p-value < 2.2e-16
## alternative hypothesis: two-sided</pre>
```

According to result of ks-test, these data is distributed as a Uniform distribution on [0,1]. Since in ks-test, the D value of fx is less than that of data, the model below is better than the Uniform

```
2.
Df2=read.table("maybe_normal.txt")

## Warning in read.table("maybe_normal.txt"): incomplete final line found by
## readTableHeader on 'maybe_normal.txt'

d=c(Df2$V1,Df2$V2,Df2$V3,Df2$V4,Df2$V5)
test2=(c(Df2$V1,Df2$V2,Df2$V3,Df2$V4,Df2$V5)-rep(26,50))/2
ks.test(test2,"pnorm")

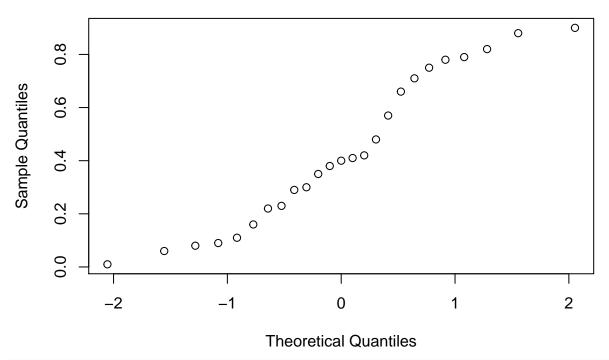
## Warning in ks.test(test2, "pnorm"): ties should not be present for the
## Kolmogorov-Smirnov test

##
## One-sample Kolmogorov-Smirnov test

##
## data: test2
## D = 1, p-value < 2.2e-16
## alternative hypothesis: two-sided

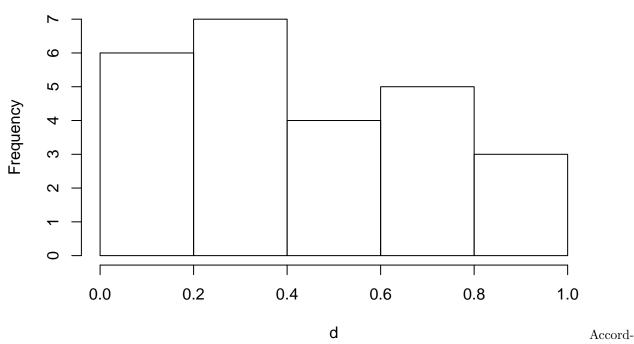
qqnorm(d)</pre>
```

Normal Q-Q Plot



hist(d)

Histogram of d



ing to Ks-test and qqnorm, the data generally follow normal disatribution.

```
3.
Df31=read.table("maybe_same_1.txt")
## Warning in read.table("maybe_same_1.txt"): incomplete final line found by
## readTableHeader on 'maybe_same_1.txt'
x=c(Df31$V1,Df31$V2,Df31$V3,Df31$V4,Df31$V5)
Df32=read.table("maybe_same_2.txt")
## Warning in read.table("maybe_same_2.txt"): incomplete final line found by
## readTableHeader on 'maybe_same_2.txt'
y=c(Df32$V1,Df32$V2,Df32$V3,Df32$V4,Df32$V5)
ks.test(x,y)
## Warning in ks.test(x, y): cannot compute exact p-value with ties
##
##
   Two-sample Kolmogorov-Smirnov test
##
## data: x and y
```

```
## Warning in ks.test(x + 2, y): cannot compute exact p-value with ties
##
## Two-sample Kolmogorov-Smirnov test
##
## data: x + 2 and y
```

D = 0.15, p-value = 0.9639

ks.test(x+2,y)

alternative hypothesis: two-sided

```
## D = 0.85, p-value = 2.129e-07
## alternative hypothesis: two-sided
```

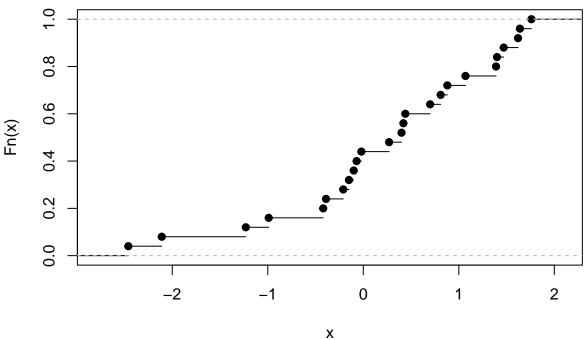
Since p-value of of ks.test(X,Y) is much larger than 0.05. Then we fail to reject the null hypotheses, thus X and Y are from the same distribution. Since p-value of of ks.test(X+2,Y) is much smaller than 0.05. Then we reject the null hypotheses, therefore X+2 and Y are not from the same distribution

4.

```
Df4=readRDS("norm_sample.Rdata")
Df4_ecdf=ecdf(Df4)
summary(Df4_ecdf)

## Empirical CDF: 25 unique values with summary
## Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max.
## -2.4600 -0.2100 0.4000 0.2448 1.0700 1.7600
plot.ecdf(Df4)
```

ecdf(x)



```
us=rnorm(25)
ks.test(Df4,us)
```

```
##
## Two-sample Kolmogorov-Smirnov test
##
## data: Df4 and us
## D = 0.32, p-value = 0.1558
## alternative hypothesis: two-sided
    5.
```