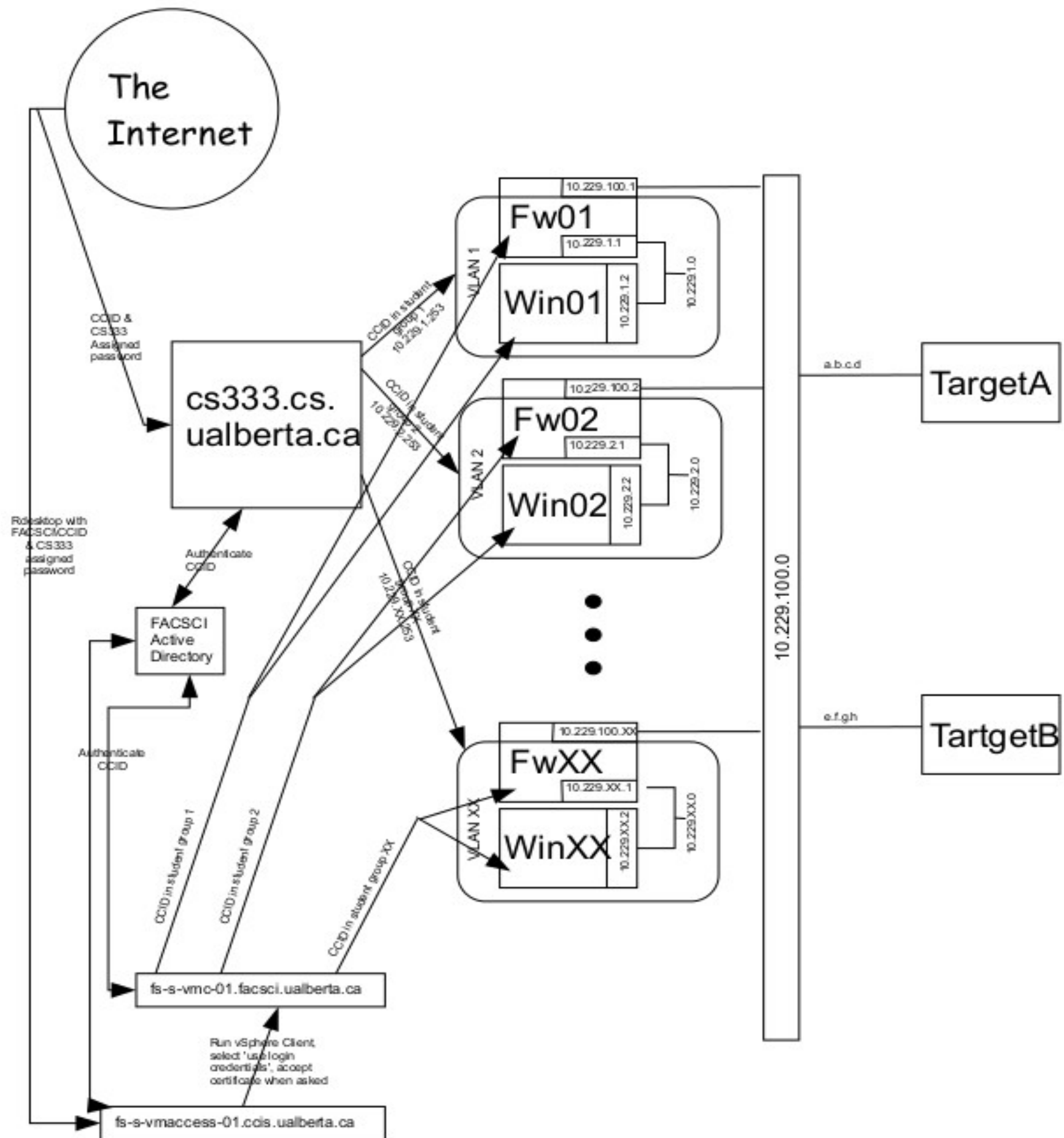


# CMPUT 333 - Asn 2

Virtual Lab Presentation



# How to Access VMs

- Access your VLAN (VLANXX where XX is your group) network via the [cs333.cs.ualberta.ca](http://cs333.cs.ualberta.ca) server
- Each VLAN has 2 Virtual Machines
  - WinXX is your Windows VM
  - FwXX is your Linux VM
- Note: Both VM's only have local network access, not Internet access. So if you want to download anything, you'll need to download it on your machine and copy it over using **scp**

# How to Access VMs

- Run sshXX script to set up appropriate port forwarding/tunnels
- Download sshXX from eclass and set as executable: **chmod +x sshXX**
- Run: **./sshXX <group> <ccid>**
- **Use password that was emailed to you, not your CCID password**

```
Terminal
File Edit View Terminal Tabs Help
hackman@uc07:~/Downloads>ls
sshXX
hackman@uc07:~/Downloads>chmod +x sshXX
hackman@uc07:~/Downloads>ls -l
total 2
-rwx-----+ 1 hackman ugrad 1094 Oct 15 13:13 sshXX
hackman@uc07:~/Downloads>./sshXX 95 hackman
Win95:
  rdesktop localhost:3389 -u student
  ssh -p 2222 student@localhost
  vncviewer localhost:5902
  scp -P 2222 file student@localhost:

Fw95:
  ssh -p 2221 root@localhost
  scp -P 2221 file root@localhost:

hackman@cs333.cs.ualberta.ca's password:
Last login: Fri Oct 16 12:08:20 2015 from uc07.cs.ualberta.ca
Cmpu333 Firewall (2013)

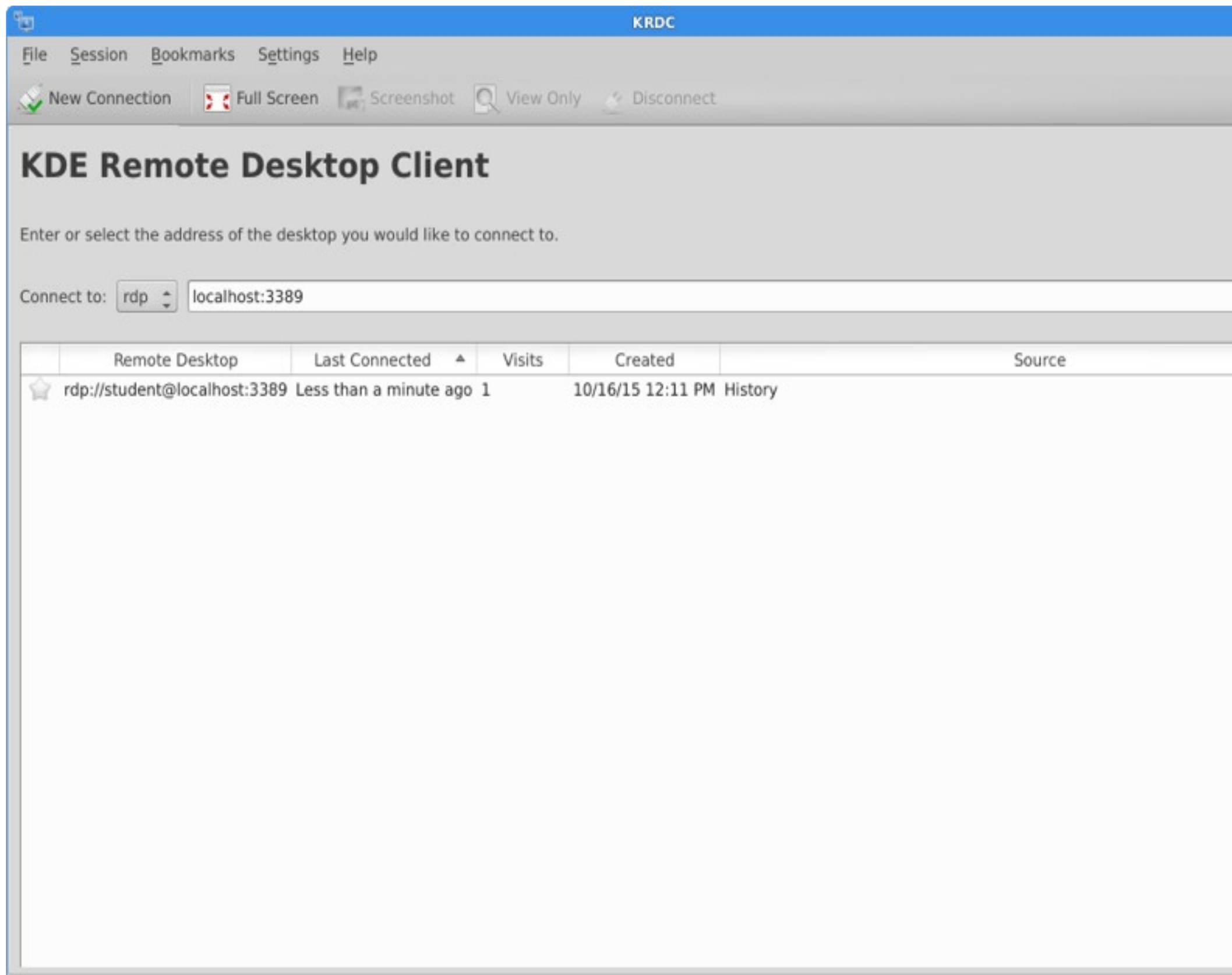
Hello hackman. You are authenticated from host "129.128.41.17"
This means that until this connection closes, you will be held
responsible for all network activity originating from this host,
to the Computing Science network.

You must leave this connection open while you use this proxy,
although you may iconize, minimize, lower, or otherwise do what
you like to hide this window while you work, as long as you do
not disconnect this session.

DO NOT FORGET to disconnect this session when you are finished.
█
```

# How to Access VMs

- **Must leave sshXX running**
- In another terminal, you can now connect to the VMs.
- To connect to FwXX:
  - **ssh -p 2221 root@localhost**
  - **scp -P 2221 <filename> root@localhost:~/** (note scp uses an uppercase P flag, and ssh uses a lower case p flag)
- To connect to WinXX:
  - **ssh -p 2222 student@localhost**
  - **vncviewer localhost:5902**
  - **krdc** (you'll want to use address localhost:3389. Your user id is **student** and your password is **changeme**)
- **Default password for both is “changeme”.** Change this. In linux, use **passwd** command.



# How to connect VM Management Console

Before you begin messing around with the VMs you'll want to take a **snapshot** of the VM which you can restore to if you make any mistakes.

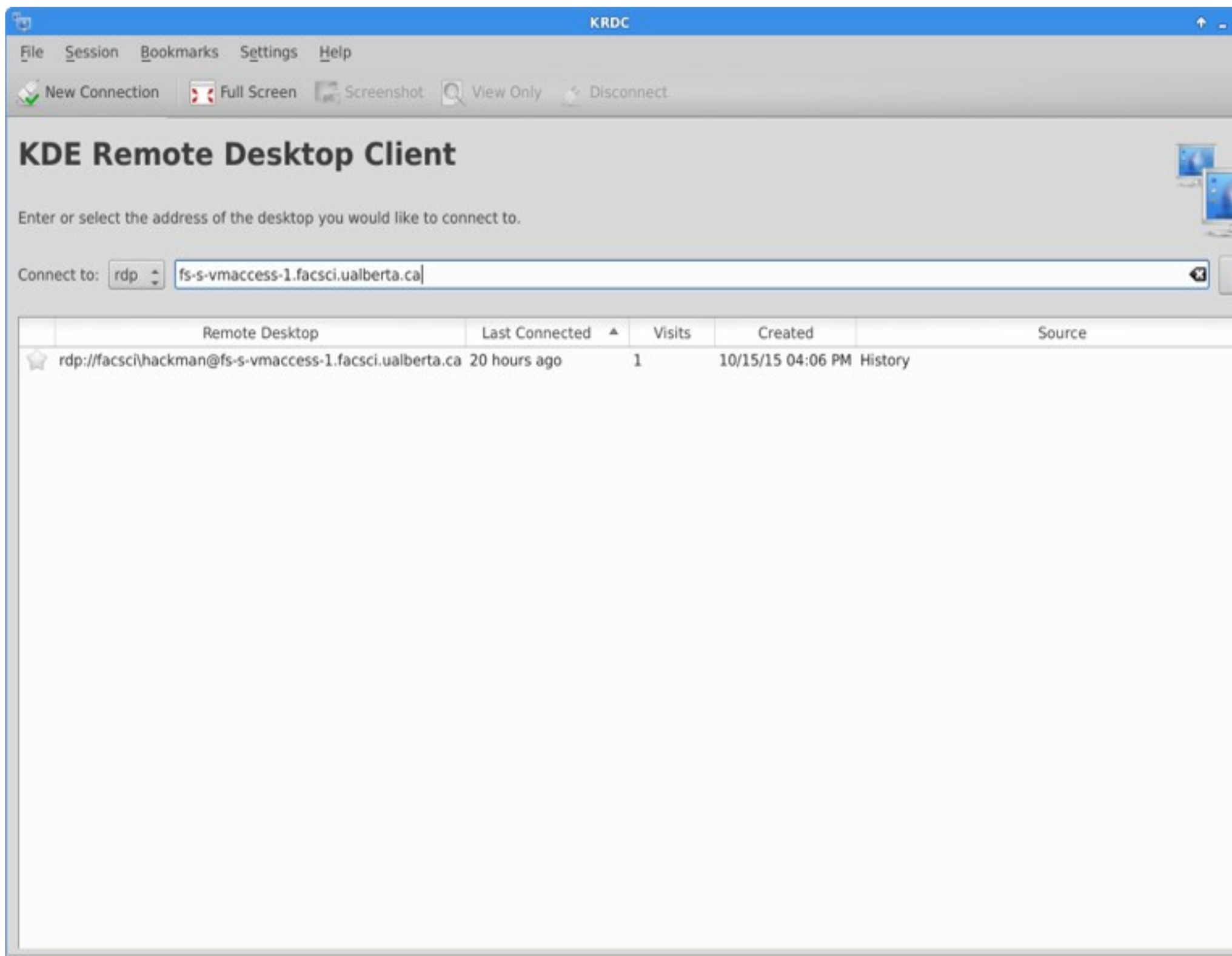
Access VM administrator console by using **krdc** to connect to:

[fs-s-vmaccess-1.facsci.ualberta.ca](https://fs-s-vmaccess-1.facsci.ualberta.ca)

[fs-s-vmaccess-2.facsci.ualberta.ca](https://fs-s-vmaccess-2.facsci.ualberta.ca)


[fs-s-vmaccess-3.facsci.ualberta.ca](https://fs-s-vmaccess-3.facsci.ualberta.ca)





Host Configuration - KRDC

Host Configuration



Connection

Desktop resolution:

Normal (1024x768)

Width: 1024

Height: 768

Color depth:

High Color (16 Bit)

Keyboard layout:

US English (en-us)

Sound:

On This Computer

Performance:

LAN

RemoteFX:

☒ Enhanced visual experience

Share Media:

/media

Expert Options

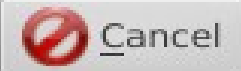
Console login:


☐ Attach to Windows Server console

Extra options:

☒ Show this dialog again for this host

☐ Remember password (KWallet)





 Enter Username - KRDC   

Please enter the username you would like to use for login.

facsci\hackman 

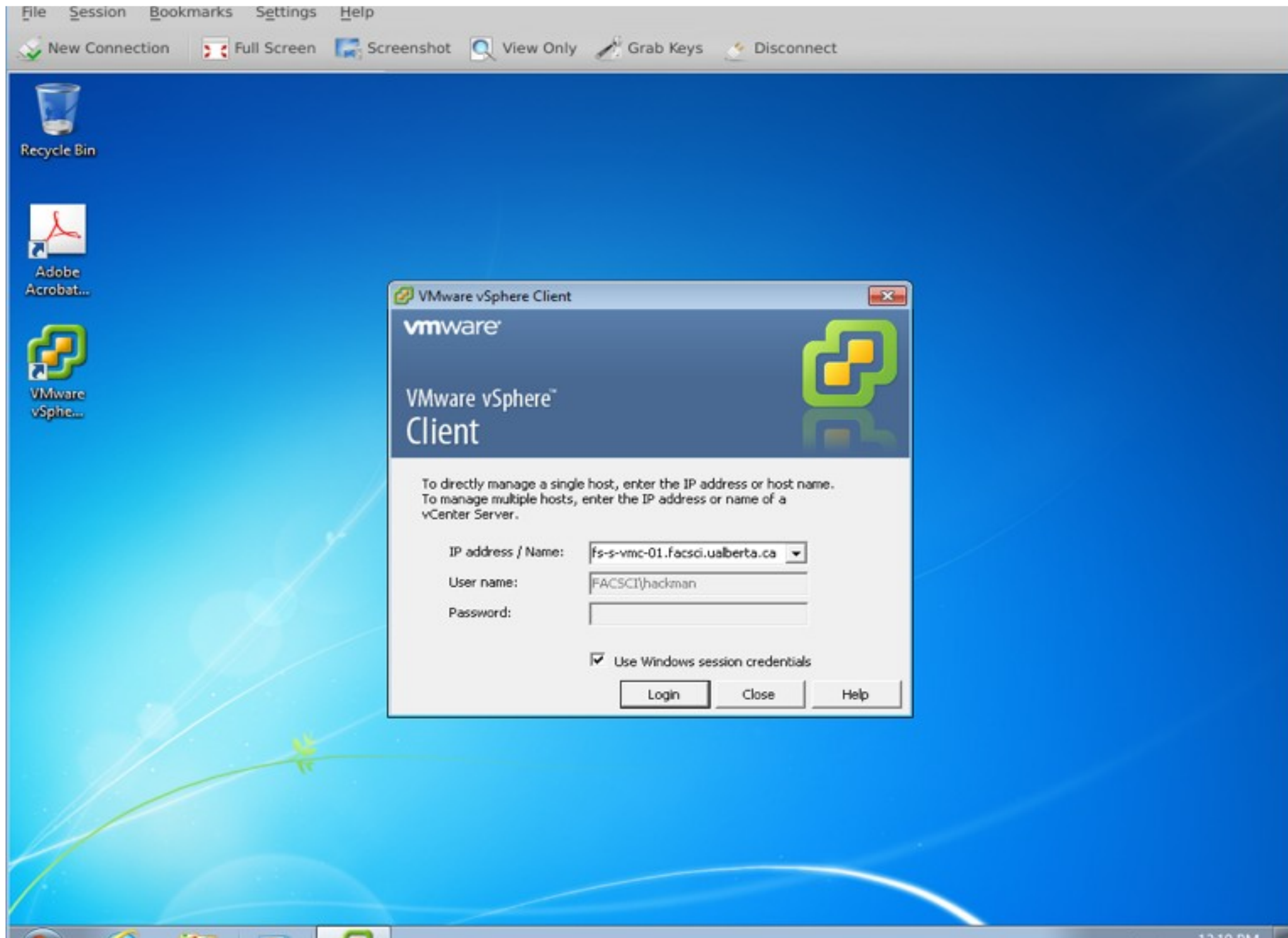
 Cancel  OK

# VM Management Console

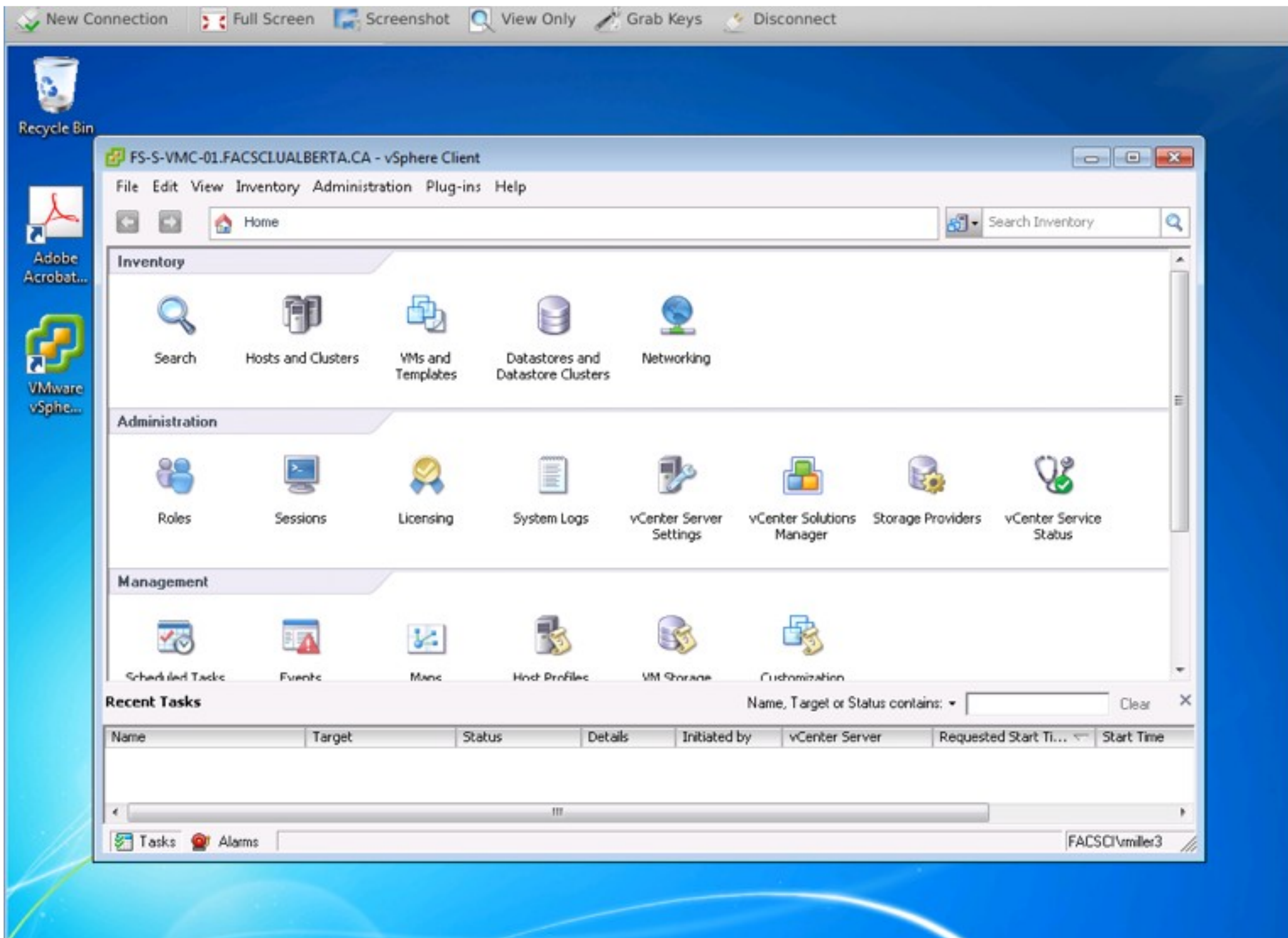
- Use your password to log in.
- Note if you incorrectly enter your password or your name, you krdc will log into a blank blue screen.
- Then open VSphere (should appear on your desktop)
- Use IP Address: [fs-s-vmc-01.facsci.ualberta.ca](https://fs-s-vmc-01.facsci.ualberta.ca)

# VM Management Console

- Use your password to log in.
- Note if you incorrectly enter your password or your name, you krdc will log into a blank blue screen.
- Then open VSphere (should appear on your desktop)
- Use IP Address: [fs-s-vmc-01.facsci.ualberta.ca](https://fs-s-vmc-01.facsci.ualberta.ca)

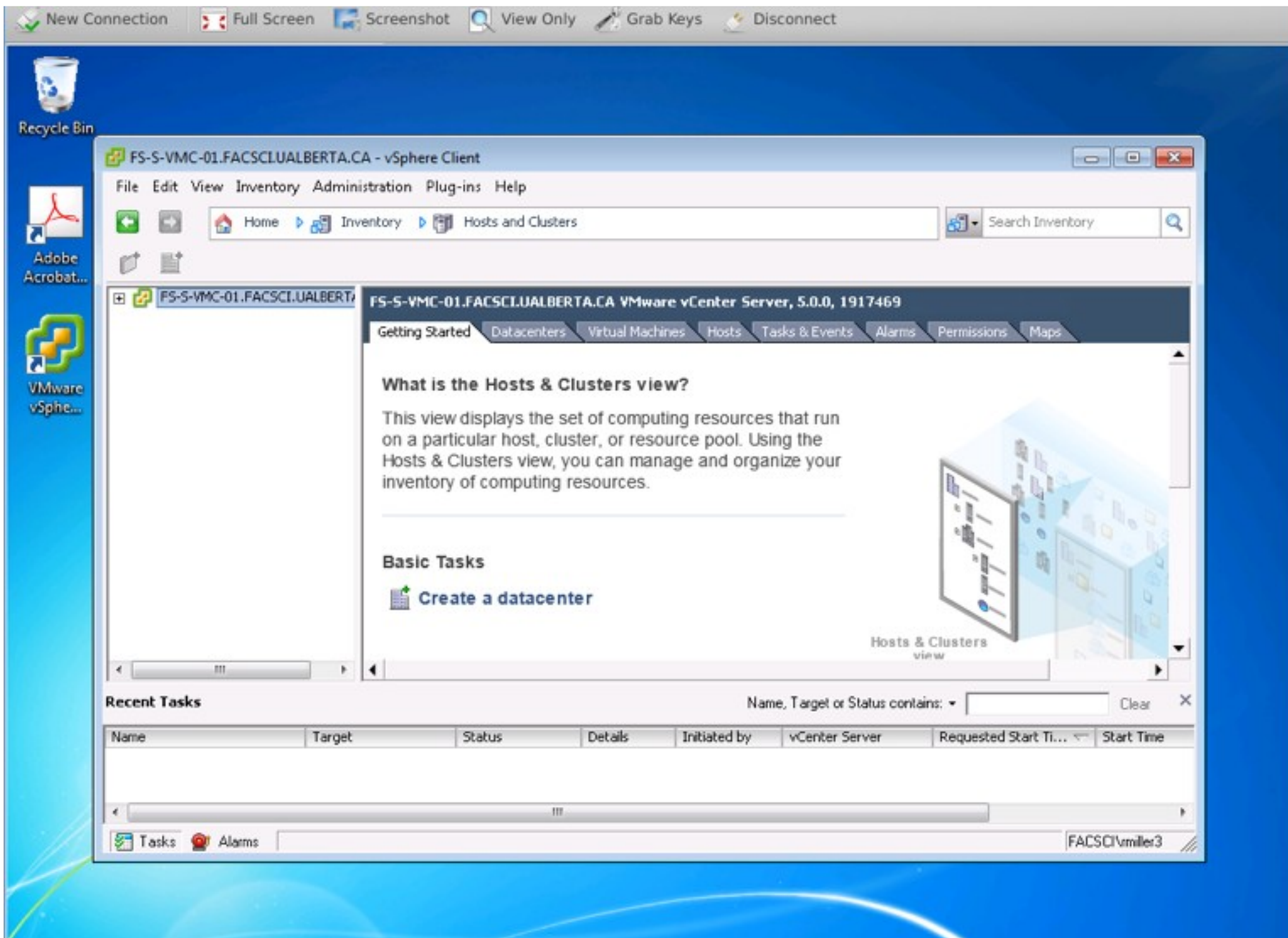


Click the Use Windows Session Credentials to reuse your password & name



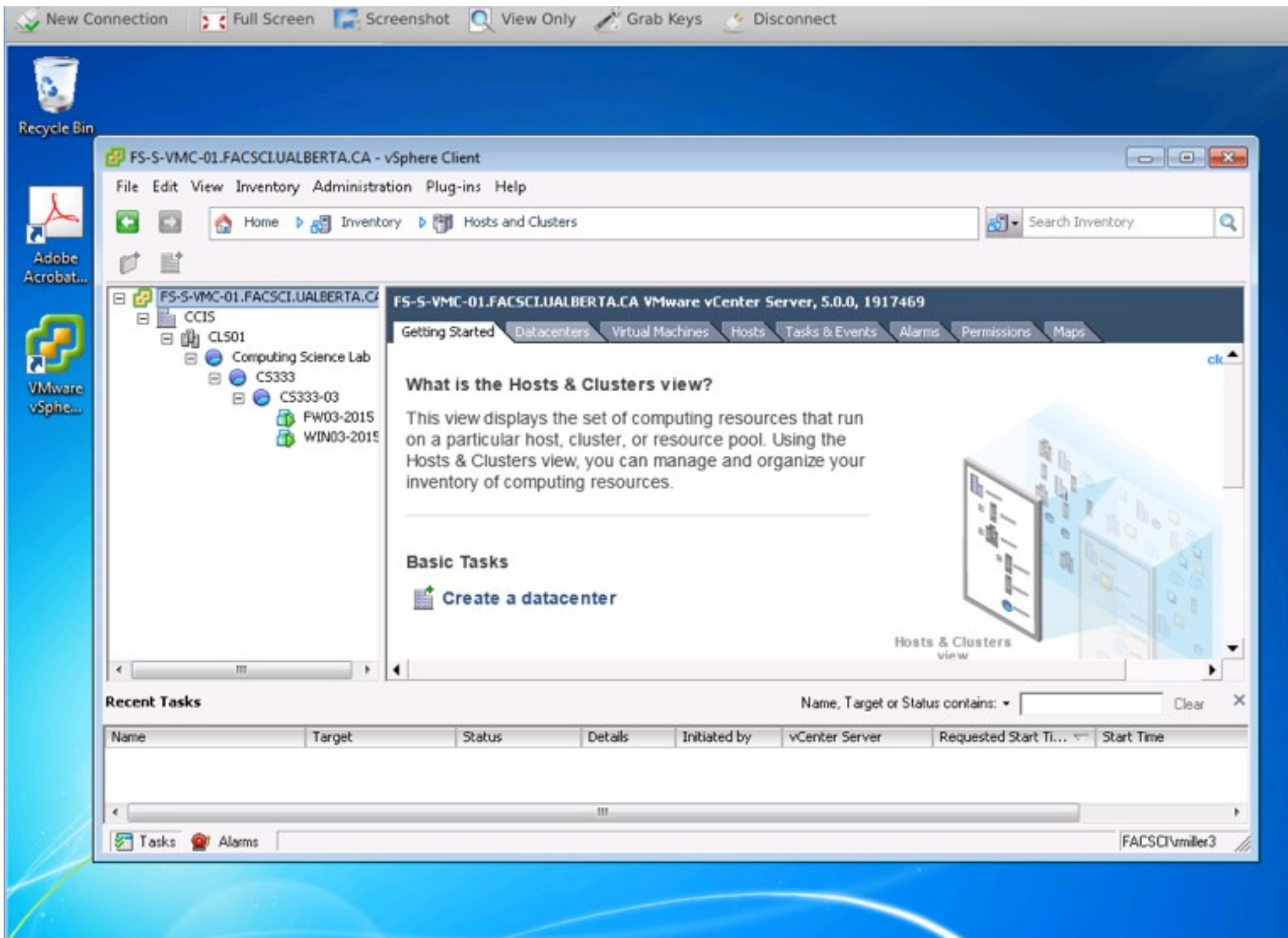
Select "Hosts and Clusters"



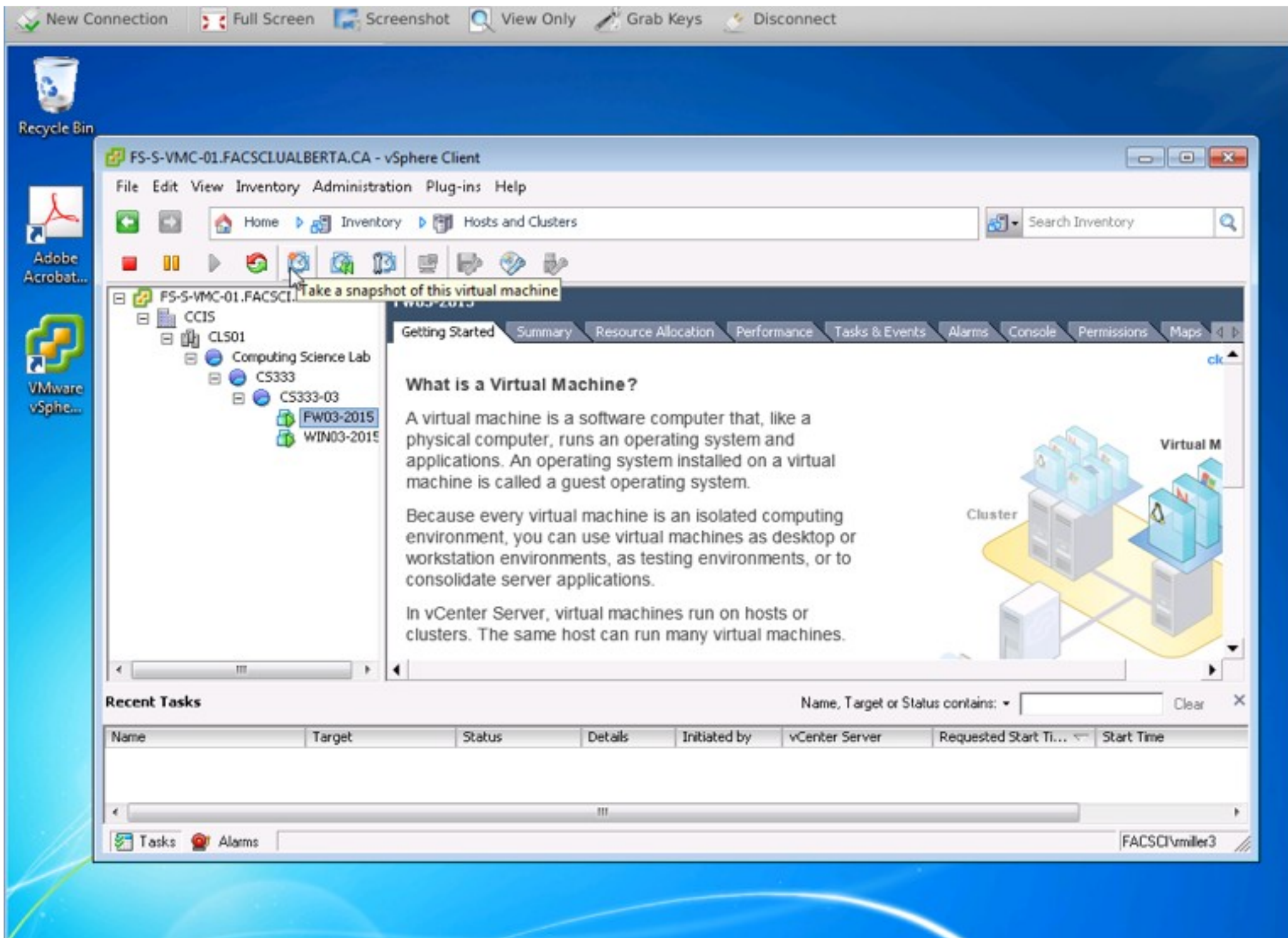


Click the + sign beside FS-S-VMC-01.FACSCI.UALBERTA.CA until you drill down to your group VMs





Next, select a VM and take a screenshot!



Name your screen shot and a loading bar  
will appear in recent tasks

# Kernel Configuration

- **TAKE A SNAPSHOT BEFORE YOU START**
- Update the kernel to 2.6.27.57
  - download <http://www.kernel.org/pub/linux/kernel/v2.6/linux-2.6.27.57.tar.bz2> and copy it over to your linux VM
  - extract this in **/usr/src** using **tar -xjvf filename**
  - Replace the symlink **linux** to point to **linux-2.6.27.57**: **rm linux & ln -s linux-2.6.27.57 linux**
  - **Double check the symbolic link was established correctly: ls -l**
  - In **/usr/src/linux/include** create a symlink from **asm-i386** to **asm-x86**: **ln -s asm-x86 asm-i386**
  - Copy the .config file from the old kernel **/usr/src/linux-2.6.26** to the new one **/usr/src/linux**

# Kernel Configuration

- Add netfilter support:
  - run **make menuconfig** to reconfigure the kernel
  - **Networking support -> Networking Options-> Network packet filtering framework (Netfilter)**
    - **Core Netfilter Configuration**
      - Netfilter connection tracking support
      - Netfilter Xtables support
        - “state” match support
    - **IP: Netfilter Configuration**
      - IPv4 connection tracking support
      - IP tables support
        - Packet filtering (IP\_NF\_FILTER)
          - REJECT target support
        - LOG target support

## Linux Kernel v2.6.27.57 Configuration

## Linux Kernel Configuration

keys navigate the menu. <Enter> selects submenus --->. Highlighted letters are hotkeys. Pressing <Y> includes, <N> excludes, <M> modularizes  
res. Press <Esc><Esc> to exit, <?> for Help, </> for Search. Legend: [\*] built-in [ ] excluded <M> module < > module capable

```
General setup --->
[*] Enable loadable module support --->
-*- Enable the block layer --->
    Processor type and features --->
    Power management options --->
    Bus options (PCI etc.) --->
    Executable file formats / Emulations --->
[*] Networking support --->
    Device Drivers --->
    Firmware Drivers --->
    File systems --->
    Kernel hacking --->
    Security options --->
-*- Cryptographic API --->
[*] Virtualization --->
    Library routines --->
---
    Load an Alternate Configuration File
    Save an Alternate Configuration File
```

<Select> < Exit > < Help >



## Linux Kernel v2.6.27.57 Configuration

## Networking support

keys navigate the menu. <Enter> selects submenus --->. Highlighted letters are hotkeys. Pressing <Y> includes, <N> excludes, <M> modularizes  
res. Press <Esc><Esc> to exit, <?> for Help, </> for Search. Legend: [\*] built-in [ ] excluded <M> module < > module capable

## --- Networking support

Networking options --->

[ ] Amateur Radio support --->

< > CAN bus subsystem support --->

< > IrDA (infrared) subsystem support --->

< > Bluetooth subsystem support --->

< > RxRPC session sockets

Wireless --->

< > RF switch subsystem support --->

< > Plan 9 Resource Sharing Support (9P2000) (Experimental) --->

<Select> < Exit > < Help >

## Linux Kernel v2.6.27.57 Configuration

## Networking options

keys navigate the menu. <Enter> selects submenus --->. Highlighted letters are hotkeys. Pressing <Y> includes, <N> excludes, <M> modularizes. Press <Esc><Esc> to exit, <?> for Help, </> for Search. Legend: [\*] built-in [ ] excluded <M> module < > module capable

```

<*> Packet socket
[ ] Packet socket: mmaped IO
<*> Unix domain sockets
< > PF_KEY sockets
[*] TCP/IP networking
[ ] IP: multicasting
[ ] IP: advanced router
[ ] IP: kernel level autoconfiguration
< > IP: tunneling
< > IP: GRE tunnels over IP
[ ] IP: ARP daemon support (EXPERIMENTAL)
[ ] IP: TCP syncookie support (disabled per default)
< > IP: AH transformation
< > IP: ESP transformation
< > IP: IPComp transformation
< > IP: IPsec transport mode
< > IP: IPsec tunnel mode
< > IP: IPsec BEET mode
<*> Large Receive Offload (ipv4/tcp)
< > INET: socket monitoring interface
[ ] TCP: advanced congestion control --->
[ ] TCP: MD5 Signature Option support (RFC2385) (EXPERIMENTAL)
< > IP virtual server support (EXPERIMENTAL) --->
< > The IPv6 protocol --->
[ ] Security Marking
[*] Network packet filtering framework (Netfilter) --->
< > The DCCP Protocol (EXPERIMENTAL) --->

```

v(+)

&lt;Select&gt; &lt; Exit &gt; &lt; Help &gt;

## Linux Kernel v2.6.27.57 Configuration

## Network packet filtering framework (Netfilter)

keys navigate the menu. <Enter> selects submenus --->. Highlighted letters are hotkeys. Pressing <Y> includes, <N> excludes, <M> modularizes  
res. Press <Esc><Esc> to exit, <?> for Help, </> for Search. Legend: [\*] built-in [ ] excluded <M> module < > module capable

```
--- Network packet filtering framework (Netfilter)
[ ] Network packet filtering debugging
[*] Advanced netfilter configuration
[ ] Core Netfilter Configuration --->
IP: Netfilter Configuration --->
```

<Select> < Exit > < Help >



## Linux Kernel v2.6.27.57 Configuration

## Core Netfilter Configuration

keys navigate the menu. <Enter> selects submenus --->. Highlighted letters are hotkeys. Pressing <Y> includes, <N> excludes, <M> modularizes. Press <Esc><Esc> to exit, <?> for Help, </> for Search. Legend: [\*] built-in [ ] excluded <M> module < > module capable

```

< > Netfilter NFQUEUE over NFNETLINK interface
< > Netfilter LOG over NFNETLINK interface
<M> Netfilter connection tracking support
[ ] Connection tracking flow accounting
[ ] Connection mark tracking support
[ ] Connection tracking events
< > DCCP protocol connection tracking support (EXPERIMENTAL)
<M> SCTP protocol connection tracking support (EXPERIMENTAL)
< > UDP-Lite protocol connection tracking support
< > Amanda backup protocol support
< > FTP protocol support
< > H.323 protocol support
< > IRC protocol support
< > NetBIOS name service protocol support
< > PPTP protocol support
< > SANE protocol support (EXPERIMENTAL)
< > SIP protocol support
< > TFTP protocol support
< > Connection tracking netlink interface
{M} Netfilter Xtables support (required for ip_tables)
< > "CLASSIFY" target support
< > "MARK" target support
< > "NFQUEUE" target Support
< > "NFLOG" target support
< > "RATEEST" target support
< > "TCPMSS" target support
< > "comment" match support

```

v(+)

&lt;Select&gt; &lt; Exit &gt; &lt; Help &gt;

## Linux Kernel v2.6.27.57 Configuration

## Core Netfilter Configuration

keys navigate the menu. <Enter> selects submenus --->. Highlighted letters are hotkeys. Pressing <Y> includes, <N> excludes, <M> modularizes. Press <Esc><Esc> to exit, <?> for Help, </> for Search. Legend: [\*] built-in [ ] excluded <M> module < > module capable

```

v(+)
< > FTP protocol support
< > H.323 p protocol support
< > IRC protocol support
< > NetBIOS name service protocol support
< > PPTP protocol support
< > SANE protocol support (EXPERIMENTAL)
< > SIP protocol support
< > TFTP protocol support
< > Connection tracking netlink interface
{M} Netfilter Xtables support (required for ip_tables)
< > "CLASSIFY" target support
< > "MARK" target support
< > "NFQUEUE" target Support
< > "NFLOG" target support
< > "RATEEST" target support
< > "TCPMSS" target support
< > "comment" match support
< > "connbytes" per-connection counter match support
< > "connlimit" match support
< > "connmark" connection mark match support
< > "conntrack" connection tracking match support
< > "dccp" protocol match support
< > "dscp" and "tos" match support
< > "esp" match support
< > "helper" match support
< > "iprange" address range match support
< > "length" match support

```

v(+)

&lt;Select&gt; &lt; Exit &gt; &lt; Help &gt;

## Linux Kernel v2.6.27.57 Configuration

## Core Netfilter Configuration

keys navigate the menu. <Enter> selects submenus --->. Highlighted letters are hotkeys. Pressing <Y> includes, <N> excludes, <M> modularizes. Press <Esc><Esc> to exit, <?> for Help, </> for Search. Legend: [\*] built-in [ ] excluded <M> module < > module capable

```

< > "NFLOG" target support
< > "RATEEST" target support
< > "TCPMSS" target support
< > "comment" match support
< > "connbytes" per-connection counter match support
< > "connlimit" match support
< > "connmark" connection mark match support
< > "contrack" connection tracking match support
< > "dccp" protocol match support
< > "dscp" and "tos" match support
< > "esp" match support
< > "helper" match support
< > "iprange" address range match support
< > "length" match support
< > "limit" match support
< > "mac" address match support
< > "mark" match support
< > "owner" match support
< > "multiport" Multiple port match support
< > "pkttype" packet type match support
< > "quota" match support
< > "rateest" match support
< > "realm" match support
<M> "sctp" protocol match support (EXPERIMENTAL)
<M> "state" match support
<M> "statistic" match support
< > "string" match support

```

v(+)

&lt;Select&gt; &lt; Exit &gt; &lt; Help &gt;



## Linux Kernel v2.6.27.57 Configuration

## IP: Netfilter Configuration

keys navigate the menu. <Enter> selects submenus --->. Highlighted letters are hotkeys. Pressing <Y> includes, <N> excludes, <M> modularizes. Press <Esc><Esc> to exit, <?> for Help, </> for Search. Legend: [\*] built-in [ ] excluded <M> module < > module capable

```

<M> IPv4 connection tracking support (required for NAT)
[*]  proc/sysctl compatibility with old connection tracking
< > IP Userspace queueing via NETLINK (OBSOLETE)
<M> IP tables support (required for filtering/masq/NAT)
< >  "recent" match support
< >  "ecn" match support
< >  "ah" match support
< >  "ttl" match support
< >  "addrtype" address type match support
<M>  Packet filtering
<M>    REJECT target support
<M>    LOG target support
< >    ULOG target support
< >    Full NAT
< >    Packet mangling
< >    raw table support (required for NOTRACK/TRACE)
< >    ARP tables support

```

I

<Select> < Exit > < Help >

# Kernel Configuration

- Build the new kernel
  - run **make** to compile
  - run **make modules\_install** to install new modules
  - **TAKE A SNAPSHOT**
  - run **make install** to install the new kernel image
- Reboot the VM by running command **reboot**
- Now you should be able to use iptables to configure your firewall. Try running **iptables -L**

```
Terminal - ~
File Edit View Terminal Tabs Help
Untitled x ~
root@cs333fw96:/usr/src/linux>iptables -L
Chain INPUT (policy ACCEPT)
target      prot opt source                destination

Chain FORWARD (policy ACCEPT)
target      prot opt source                destination

Chain OUTPUT (policy ACCEPT)
target      prot opt source                destination
root@cs333fw96:/usr/src/linux>
```