Computer Networks

Team Project Server/Client Socket Programming

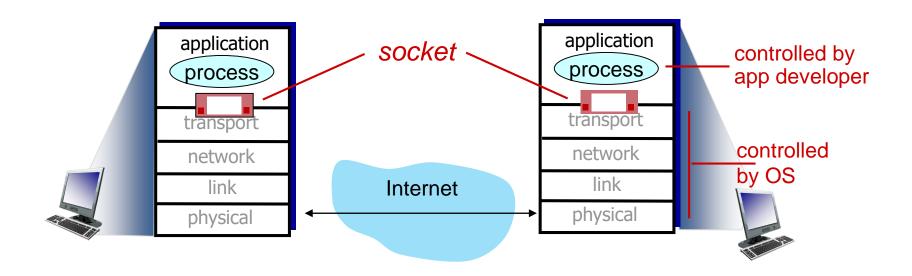
Yoojoong Kim, Ph.D.

Assistant Professor

School of Computer Science and Information Engineering
The Catholic University of Korea, Republic of Korea

Socket programming

A way of connecting two nodes on a network to communicate with each other.
 One socket (node) listens on a particular port at an IP, while the other socket reaches out to the other to form a connection. The **server** forms the listener socket while the **client** reaches out to the server.



Socket programming

Two socket types for two transport services:

- UDP (User Datagram Protocol): unreliable datagram
- TCP (Transmission Control Protocol): reliable, byte stream-oriented

• Socket programming with UDP

UDP: no "connection" between client & server

- no handshaking before sending data
- sender explicitly attaches IP destination address and port number to each packet
- receiver extracts sender IP address and port number from received packet

UDP: transmitted data may be lost or received out-of-order

Application viewpoint:

 UDP provides unreliable transfer of groups of bytes ("datagrams") between client and server

Socket programming with TCP

Client must contact server

- server process must first be running
- server must have created socket (door) that welcomes client's contact

Client contacts server by:

- Creating TCP socket, specifying IP address, port number of server process
- when client creates socket: client TCP establishes connection to server TCP

When contacted by client, **server TCP creates new socket** for server process to communicate with that particular client

- allows server to talk with multiple clients
- source port numbers used to distinguish clients

Application viewpoint:

 TCP provides reliable, in-order byte-stream transfer ("pipe") between client and server

Socket programming

- Objective: Develop your own client/server applications that communicate using sockets.
- Socket can be used as buffer to deliver sequences of bytes that contain any information of hosts.
- We can organize byte (or bit) patterns of the buffer to determine some rules between server and client.
- The rules enable to work the function of server and client.

Team Project

- Make your own server/client application based on socket programming.
- Any application is fine, but it should have other functions except socket programming.
- Both TCP and UDP are allowed.
- Use your best computer language.

Team Organization

- A team should be 1~5 students.
- Project leader can choose team members.
- Single developer is fine.
- Otherwise, I will randomly organize 4 students for one team.

Evaluation

- Technical quality: 20%
- Peer evaluation: 10%