

```
1 // threadtest.cc
2 // Simple test case for the threads assignment.
3 //
4 // Create two threads, and have them context switch
5 // back and forth between themselves by calling Thread::Yield,
6 // to illustrate the inner workings of the thread system.
7 //
8 // Copyright (c) 1992-1993 The Regents of the University of California.
9 // All rights reserved. See copyright.h for copyright notice and limitation
10 // of liability and disclaimer of warranty provisions.
11
12 #include "copyright.h"
13 #include "system.h"
14
15 //-----
16 // the function template
17 // Inc and Dec execute value++ and value-- for once.
18 //
19 // "which" is simply a number identifying the thread, for debugging
20 // purposes.
21 //-----
22
23 //the shared variable.
24 int value=0;
25
26 //increase value by one
27 void Inc(_int which)
28 {
29     int a=value;
30     a++;
31     value=a;
32     printf("**** Inc thread %d new value %d\n", (int) which, value);
33 }
34
35 //decrease value by one
36 void Dec(_int which)
37 {
38     int a=value;
39     a--;
40     value=a;
41     printf("**** Dec thread %d new value %d\n", (int) which, value);
42 }
43
44 //exercise 1: two Inc threads and two Dec threads, and implement the interleaving
45 //so that value is equal to a given value when all the four threads ends.
46
47
48
49 //After executing TestValueOne(), the value should be one.
50 //1. implement the new version of Inc: Inc_v1
51 void Inc_v1(_int which)
52 {
53     //fill your code
54
55     //same logic as Inc
```

```
56     int a=value;
57     a++;
58     value=a;
59     printf("**** Inc thread %d new value %d\n", (int) which, value);
60
61     //induce context switch
62     //using Yield()
63     currentThread -> Yield();
64 }
65
66 //2. implement the new version of Dec: Dec_v1
67 void Dec_v1(_int which)
68 {
69     //fill your code
70
71     //same logic as Dec
72     int a=value;
73     a--;
74
75     //induce context switch
76     //using Yield()
77     currentThread -> Yield();
78
79     value=a;
80     printf("**** Dec thread %d new value %d\n", (int) which, value);
81 }
82
83 //3. implement TestValueOne by create two threads with Inc_v1 and two threads
    with Dec_v1
84 // you should pass the checking at the end, printing "congratulations! passed."
85 void TestValueOne()
86 {
87     value=0;
88     printf("enter TestValueOne, value=%d...\n", value);
89
90     //1. fill your code here.
91
92     Thread *t1 = new Thread("Inc_1");
93     t1 -> Fork(Inc_v1, 1, 0);
94
95     Thread *t2 = new Thread("Dec_1");
96     t2 -> Fork(Dec_v1, 2, 0);
97
98     Thread *t3 = new Thread("Inc_2");
99     t3 -> Fork(Inc_v1, 3, 0);
100
101     Thread *t4 = new Thread("Dec_2");
102     t4 -> Fork(Dec_v1, 4, 1);
103
104     currentThread -> Join(t4); //current state should wait for all those threads
    to complete
105
106
107
108     //2. checking the value. you should not modify the code or add any code lines
```

```
108 behind
109     //this section.
110     if(value==1)
111         printf("congratulations! passed.\n");
112     else
113         printf("value=%d, failed.\n", value);
114 }
115
116
117
118 //After executing TestValueMinusOne(), the value should be -1.
119 //1. implement the new version of Inc: Inc_v2
120 void Inc_v2(_int which)
121 {
122     //fill your code
123
124     //same logic as Inc
125     int a=value;
126     a++;
127
128     //induce context switch
129     //using Field()
130     currentThread -> Yield();
131
132     value=a;
133     printf("**** Inc thread %d new value %d\n", (int) which, value);
134
135 }
136
137 //2. implement the new version of Dec: Dec_v2
138 void Dec_v2(_int which)
139 {
140     //fill your code
141
142     //same logic as Dec
143     int a=value;
144     a--;
145
146     //induce context switch
147     //using Yield()
148     currentThread -> Yield();
149
150     value=a;
151     printf("**** Dec thread %d new value %d\n", (int) which, value);
152 }
153
154 //3. implement TestValueMinusOne by create two threads with Inc_v2 and two
    threads with Dec_v2
155 // you should pass the checking at the end, printing "congratulations! passed."
156 void TestValueMinusOne()
157 {
158     value=0;
159     printf("enter TestValueMinusOne, value=%d...\n", value);
160
161     //1. fill your code
```

```
162     Thread *t1 = new Thread("Inc_1");
163     t1 -> Fork(Inc_v2, 1, 0);
164
165     Thread *t2 = new Thread("Dec_1");
166     t2 -> Fork(Dec_v2, 2, 0);
167
168     Thread *t3 = new Thread("Inc_2");
169     t3 -> Fork(Inc_v2, 3, 0);
170
171     Thread *t4 = new Thread("Dec_2");
172     t4 -> Fork(Dec_v2, 4, 1);
173
174     currentThread -> Join(t4); //current state should wait for all those threads
    to complete
175
176     //2. checking the value. you should not modify the code or add any code lines
    behind
177     //this section.
178     if(value==1)
179         printf("congratulations! passed.\n");
180     else
181         printf("value=%d, failed.\n", value);
182 }
183
184
185 //Exercise 2: offer an implementation of Inc_Consistent and Dec_Consistent so
    that
186 //no matter what kind of interleaving occurs, the result value should be
    consistent.
187
188 //1. Declare any paramters here.
189
190 //fill your code
191
192 //Lock ver.
193 Lock *lock = new Lock("lock");
194 //Semaphore ver.
195 Semaphore *sem = new Semaphore("sem", 1); // initial value = 1 -> binary
    semaphore, works like Lock()
196 //Condition Variables ver.
197 Condition *con = new Condition("condition");
198
199
200
201 //2. implement the new version of Inc: Inc_Consistent
202 void Inc_Consistent(_int which)
203 {
204     //fill your code
205
206     //===== Entry Section =====
207
208     //Lock ver.
209     lock -> Acquire();
210
211     //Semaphore ver.
```

```

212    //sem -> P();    // wait until semaphore value > 0, decrement
213
214    //Condition Variables ver.
215    //con -> Wait(lock);
216
217    //=====
218
219
220
221    //same logic as Inc
222    int a=value;
223    a++;
224    value=a;
225
226    //induce context switch
227    //using Yield()
228    currentThread -> Yield();
229    //using Sleep
230    //currentThread -> Sleep();
231
232    printf("**** Dec thread %d new value %d\n", (int) which, value);
233
234    //===== Exit Section =====
235
236    //Lock ver.
237    lock -> Release();
238
239    //Semaphore ver.
240    //sem -> V();    // increment
241
242    //Condition Variables ver.
243    //con -> Broadcast(lock);
244
245    //=====
246
247 }
248
249
250 //3. implement the new version of Dec: Dec_Consistent
251 void Dec_Consistent(_int which)
252 {
253     //fill your code
254
255     //===== Entry Section =====
256
257     //Lock ver.
258     lock -> Acquire();
259
260     //Semaphore ver.
261     //sem -> P();    // wait until semaphore value > 0, decrement
262
263     //Condition Variables ver.
264     //con -> Wait(lock);
265
266     //=====

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267
268 //same logic as Dec
269 int a=value;
270 a--;
271
272 //induce context switch
273 //using Yield()
274 currentThread -> Yield();
275 //using Sleep
276 //currentThread -> Sleep();
277
278 value=a;
279 printf("**** Dec thread %d new value %d\n", (int) which, value);
280
281 //===== Exit Section =====
282
283 //Lock ver.
284 lock -> Release();
285
286 //Semaphore ver.
287 //sem -> V(); // increment
288
289 //Condition Variables ver.
290 //con -> Broadcast(lock);
291
292 //=====
293 }
294
295 //4. implement TestConsistency() by create two threads with Inc_Consistent and
    two threads with Dec_Consistent
296 // you should pass the checking at the end, printing "congratulations! passed."
297 void TestConsistency()
298 {
299     value=0;
300     printf("enter TestConsistency, value=%d...\n", value);
301
302     //fill your code
303     Thread *t1 = new Thread("Inc_1");
304     t1 -> Fork(Inc_Consistent, 1, 0);
305
306     Thread *t2 = new Thread("Dec_1");
307     t2 -> Fork(Dec_Consistent, 2, 0);
308
309     Thread *t3 = new Thread("Inc_2");
310     t3 -> Fork(Inc_Consistent, 3, 0);
311
312     Thread *t4 = new Thread("Dec_2");
313     t4 -> Fork(Dec_Consistent, 4, 1);
314
315     currentThread -> Join(t4); //current state should wait for all those threads
    to complete
316
317     //2. checking the value. you should not modify the code or add any code lines
    behind
318     //this section.

```

```
319     if(value==0)
320         printf("congratulations! passed.\n");
321     else
322         printf("value=%d, failed.\n", value);
323 }
324
325
326
327 //=====
328 //                                     Demonstrate Your Result
329 //=====
330
331 //select the function that you want to test.
332 void
333 ThreadTest()
334 {
335     int loopTimes=0;
336     DEBUG('t', "Entering SimpleTest");
337     //for exercise 1.
338     //TestValueOne();
339     //TestValueMinusOne();
340
341     //for exercise 2.
342     TestConsistency();
343 }
344
```