Hybrid & Technical Strategy Backtest, Optimizations, and Comparision.

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1. Load data, also cleaning

```
symbols <- c("NVDA", "SOXL", "XOM", "CLS.TO")</pre>
standard_cols <- as.character(c("Date", symbols))</pre>
library(readr)
library(openxlsx)
p_risk <- read_csv("daily_prisk_signals.csv")</pre>
## Rows: 3908 Columns: 5
## -- Column specification -
## Delimiter: ","
## dbl (4): CLS.TO, SOXL, NVDA, XOM
## date (1): Date
## i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message.
p_ma_3_12 <- read_csv("final_PMA_3month&12month.csv") # MA3/12</pre>
## Rows: 143 Columns: 5
## Delimiter: ","
## dbl (4): NVDA, SOXL, XOM, CLS.TO
## date (1): Date
## i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message.
p_ma_12_36 <- read_csv("final_PMA_12month&36month.csv") # MA12/36
## Rows: 143 Columns: 5
## -- Column specification -------
## Delimiter: ","
## dbl (4): NVDA, SOXL, XOM, CLS.TO
## date (1): Date
## i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message.
```

```
p_econ <- read.xlsx("Optimized_P_Econ.xlsx")</pre>
monthly_close <- read_csv("monthly_close.csv")</pre>
## Rows: 143 Columns: 5
## -- Column specification -----
## Delimiter: ","
## dbl (4): NVDA, SOXL, XOM, CLS.TO
## date (1): Date
##
## i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message.
if(!("Date" %in% colnames(p econ))) {
 p_econ$Date <- seq(as.Date("2010-01-01"), by = "month", length.out = nrow(p_econ))</pre>
p_risk <- p_risk[, as.character(intersect(colnames(p_risk), standard_cols))]</pre>
p ma 3 12 <- p ma 3 12[, as.character(intersect(colnames(p ma 3 12), standard cols))]
p_ma_12_36 <- p_ma_12_36[, as.character(intersect(colnames(p_ma_12_36), standard_cols))]
p_econ <- p_econ[, c("Date", symbols)]</pre>
monthly_close <- monthly_close[, c("Date", symbols)]</pre>
p_risk$Date <- as.Date(p_risk$Date)</pre>
p_ma_3_12$Date <- as.Date(p_ma_3_12$Date)</pre>
p_ma_12_36$Date <- as.Date(p_ma_12_36$Date)</pre>
p_econ$Date <- as.Date(p_econ$Date)</pre>
monthly_close$Date <- as.Date(monthly_close$Date)</pre>
2. p risk: Convert daily to monthly average
# p_risk: daily \rightarrow monthly
p_risk_monthly <- p_risk %>%
  mutate(YearMonth = floor_date(Date, "month")) %>%
  group_by(YearMonth) %>%
  summarise(across(all_of(symbols), ~mean(.x, na.rm = TRUE))) %>%
  rename(Date = YearMonth) %>%
  arrange(Date)
cat("\n p_risk_monthly range: [", min(p_risk_monthly$Date), "~", max(p_risk_monthly$Date), "]\n")
## p_risk_monthly range: [ 14610 ~ 20179 ]
3. Check other datasets
cat("p_ma_3_12 range: [", min(p_ma_3_12$Date), "~", max(p_ma_3_12$Date), "]\n")
```

cat("p_ma_12_36 range: [", min(p_ma_12_36\$Date), "~", max(p_ma_12_36\$Date), "]\n")

p_ma_3_12 range: [15737 ~ 20058]

p ma 12 36 range: [15737 ~ 20058]

```
cat("p_econ range: [", min(p_econ$Date), "~", max(p_econ$Date), "]\n")

## p_econ range: [ 14610 ~ 20058 ]

cat("monthly_close: [", min(monthly_close$Date), "~", max(monthly_close$Date), "]\n")

## monthly_close: [ 15737 ~ 20058 ]
```

4. Find common monthly dates

```
common_dates <- Reduce(intersect, list(
    as.character(p_risk_monthly$Date),
    as.character(p_ma_3_12$Date),
    as.character(p_ma_12_36$Date),
    as.character(p_econ$Date),
    as.character(monthly_close$Date)
))
common_dates <- as.Date(common_dates)

cat("\n common datas:", length(common_dates), "\n")

##
## common datas: 143
print(head(common_dates))

## [1] "2013-02-01" "2013-03-01" "2013-04-01" "2013-05-01" "2013-06-01"
## [6] "2013-07-01"</pre>
```

5. Final synchronization

```
## p_risk_sync: [2013-02-01 ~ 2024-12-01]
cat("p_ma_3_12_sync: ", range_summary(p_ma_3_12_sync), "\n")
## p_ma_3_12_sync: [2013-02-01 ~ 2024-12-01]
cat("p_ma_12_36_sync: ", range_summary(p_ma_12_36_sync), "\n")
```

```
## p_ma_12_36_sync: [2013-02-01 ~ 2024-12-01]
cat("p_econ_sync:
                       ", range_summary(p_econ_sync), "\n")
                       [2013-02-01 ~ 2024-12-01]
## p_econ_sync:
cat("monthly_close:
                       ", range_summary(monthly_close), "\n")
## monthly_close:
                      [2013-02-01 ~ 2024-12-01]
cat("\nFinal synchronization done. Proceeding to calculate f_technical and f_hybrid, then backtesting..
##
## Final synchronization done. Proceeding to calculate f_technical and f_hybrid, then backtesting...
w1 < -0.5
w2 < -0.5
f_technical_df <- p_ma_3_12_sync</pre>
for(sym in symbols){
  f_{\text{technical\_df[[sym]]}} \leftarrow w1 * p_ma_3_12_sync[[sym]] + w2 * p_risk_sync[[sym]]
names(f_technical_df)[-1] <- paste0("f_tech_", symbols)</pre>
alpha <- 0.7
f_hybrid_df <- f_technical_df[, "Date", drop=FALSE]</pre>
for(sym in symbols){
  ft_sym <- f_technical_df[[paste0("f_tech_", sym)]]</pre>
  econ_sym <- p_econ_sync[[sym]]</pre>
  \# \ hybrid = alpha * f_tech + (1-alpha)*p_econ
  fh_{sym} \leftarrow alpha * ft_{sym} + (1-alpha)*econ_{sym}
  f_hybrid_df[[paste0("f_hyb_", sym)]] <- fh_sym</pre>
}
cat(" f_technical & f_hybrid computed!\n")
## f_technical & f_hybrid computed!
monthly_close <- monthly_close %>% arrange(Date)
logret_df <- monthly_close[, c("Date")]</pre>
for(sym in symbols){
  # Log return
  ret <- c(NA, diff(log(monthly_close[[sym]])))</pre>
  logret_df[[paste0("logret_",sym)]] <- ret</pre>
}
cat(" log returns computed!\n")
## log returns computed!
head(logret_df)
## # A tibble: 6 x 5
##
     Date
                 logret_NVDA logret_SOXL logret_XOM logret_CLS.TO
##
                                    <dbl>
                                                <dbl>
     <date>
                       <dbl>
                                                               <dbl>
## 1 2013-02-01
                  NA
                                  NA
                                             NA
                                                            NA
```

-0.127

0.0255

-0.0224

-0.00210

2 2013-03-01

```
## 3 2013-04-01
                   0.0142
                                 -0.0456
                                            -0.00338
                                                           0.0444
## 4 2013-05-01
                   0.000632
                                 -0.138
                                             0.00266
                                                           0.0337
## 5 2013-06-01
                   0.00117
                                  0.0674
                                             0.0177
                                                          -0.118
## 6 2013-07-01
                   0.0153
                                  0.181
                                            0.0158
                                                           0.00248
```

These process are basically just for having Consistent data before we testing, optimizing and comparing. Since everyone have a different timeline, different column name, especially for risk, risk has to be optimized based on daily since otherwise there are not many chance to trade signal, so instead I make it daily, and make it to normalized in monthly. and since we calculated different timeline, i made a logic that have intersect timeline.

now for backtesting, this is randomly decided parameters.

```
library(PerformanceAnalytics)
library(xts)
library(ggplot2)
# Common parameters
threshold <- 0.6
symbols <- c("NVDA", "SOXL", "XOM", "CLS.TO")</pre>
# Define strategy backtest function
backtest_strategy <- function(sym, strategy_df, strategy_type) {</pre>
  f_col <- paste0(ifelse(strategy_type == "technical", "f_tech_", "f_hyb_"), sym)</pre>
  ret_col <- paste0("logret_", sym)</pre>
  df_test <- merge(strategy_df[, c("Date", f_col)],</pre>
                    logret_df[, c("Date", ret_col)],
                    by = "Date") |> arrange(Date)
  df_test$signal <- ifelse(df_test[[f_col]] > threshold, 1,
                              ifelse(df_test[[f_col]] < (1 - threshold), -1, 0))</pre>
  df_test$position <- dplyr::lag(df_test$signal, 1, default = 0)</pre>
  df_test$strat_ret <- df_test$position * df_test[[ret_col]]</pre>
  df_test$cum_ret <- cumsum(ifelse(is.na(df_test$strat_ret), 0, df_test$strat_ret))</pre>
  # Performance metrics
  mu <- mean(df_test$strat_ret, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
  sd_ <- sd(df_test$strat_ret, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
  sharpe_ <- ifelse(sd_ == 0, NA, mu / sd_)</pre>
  wins <- sum(df_test$strat_ret > 0, na.rm = TRUE)
  trades <- sum(!is.na(df_test$strat_ret))</pre>
  winrate_ <- ifelse(trades == 0, NA, wins / trades)</pre>
  equity_curve <- exp(df_test$cum_ret)</pre>
  equity_xts <- xts(equity_curve, order.by = as.Date(df_test$Date))</pre>
  max_dd <- PerformanceAnalytics::maxDrawdown(equity_xts)</pre>
  # Print result
  cat("\n=== Backtest:", sym, "-", strategy_type, "===\n")
  cat("Sharpe Ratio:", round(sharpe_, 4),
      " | Win Rate:", round(winrate_, 4),
      " | Max Drawdown:", round(max_dd, 4), "\n")
```

NVDA - technical Strategy

Sharpe Ratio: 0.0752 | Win Rate: 0.2324 | Max Drawdown: 0



```
##
## === Backtest: NVDA - hybrid ===
## Sharpe Ratio: 0.0046 | Win Rate: 0.1338 | Max Drawdown: 0
```

NVDA - hybrid Strategy



##
=== Backtest: SOXL - technical ===
Sharpe Ratio: -0.0601 | Win Rate: 0.162 | Max Drawdown: 0

SOXL - technical Strategy



##

```
## === Backtest: SOXL - hybrid ===
## Sharpe Ratio: 0.041 | Win Rate: 0.1268 | Max Drawdown: 0
```

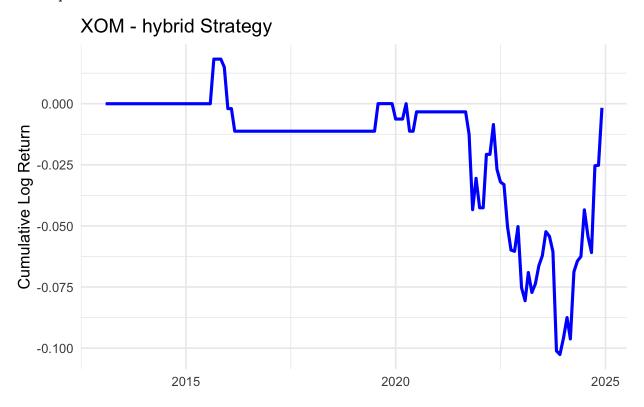
SOXL - hybrid Strategy



##
=== Backtest: XOM - technical ===
Sharpe Ratio: 0.039 | Win Rate: 0.2606 | Max Drawdown: 0

0.12 0.08 0.04 0.00 2015 2020 2025

##
=== Backtest: XOM - hybrid ===
Sharpe Ratio: -0.0014 | Win Rate: 0.1549 | Max Drawdown: 0



##

```
## === Backtest: CLS.TO - technical ===
## Sharpe Ratio: -0.0076 | Win Rate: 0.1831 | Max Drawdown: 0
```

CLS.TO - technical Strategy



```
##
## === Backtest: CLS.TO - hybrid ===
## Sharpe Ratio: 0.1207 | Win Rate: 0.2042 | Max Drawdown: 0
```



Anyway, we can optimize based on grid search. for threshold and wieghts based on alpha, which is considering both winrate and sharp ratio.

2020

2025

0.0

2015

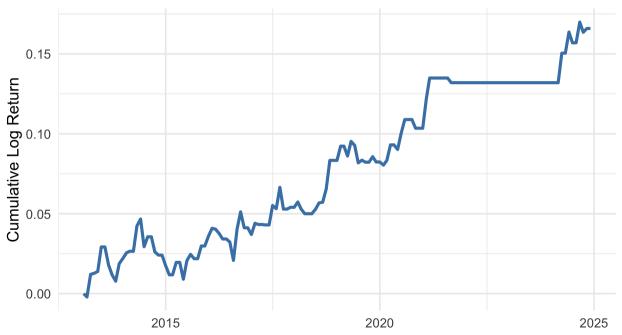
```
optimize_threshold <- function(f_signal_df, logret_df, sym, strategy = "hybrid",</pre>
                                 threshold_grid = seq(0.4, 0.7, by = 0.01), alpha = 0.7) {
  library(xts)
  library(PerformanceAnalytics)
  f_col <- if (strategy == "hybrid") paste0("f_hyb_", sym) else paste0("f_tech_", sym)</pre>
  ret_col <- paste0("logret_", sym)</pre>
  df <- merge(f_signal_df[, c("Date", f_col)],</pre>
               logret_df[, c("Date", ret_col)],
               by = "Date") |> arrange(Date)
  best_score <- -Inf</pre>
  best thresh <- NA
  results <- data.frame()
  for (thresh in threshold_grid) {
    df$signal <- ifelse(df[[f_col]] > thresh, 1,
                          ifelse(df[[f_col]] < (1 - thresh), -1, 0))
    df$position <- dplyr::lag(df$signal, 1, default = 0)</pre>
    df$strat_ret <- df$position * df[[ret_col]]</pre>
    mu <- mean(df$strat_ret, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
    sd_ <- sd(df$strat_ret, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
    sharpe <- ifelse(sd_ == 0, NA, mu / sd_)</pre>
    wins <- sum(df$strat_ret > 0, na.rm = TRUE)
    trades <- sum(!is.na(df$strat_ret))</pre>
```

```
winrate <- ifelse(trades == 0, NA, wins / trades)</pre>
    score \leftarrow 0.7 * sharpe + 0.3 * winrate
    results <- rbind(results, data.frame(threshold = thresh, Sharpe = sharpe,
                                            WinRate = winrate, Score = score))
    if (!is.na(score) && score > best_score) {
      best_score <- score</pre>
      best thresh <- thresh
    }
  }
  list(best_threshold = best_thresh,
       best score = best score,
       full_results = results)
}
library(ggplot2)
library(xts)
library(PerformanceAnalytics)
symbols <- c("NVDA", "SOXL", "XOM", "CLS.TO")</pre>
threshold_grid \leftarrow seq(0.4, 0.7, by = 0.02)
w1_grid \leftarrow seq(0.1, 0.9, by = 0.1)
global_results <- list()</pre>
for (sym in symbols) {
  cat("\n Optimizing", sym, "...\n")
  results <- data.frame()</pre>
  for (w1 in w1_grid) {
    w2 < -1 - w1
    f_tech_test <- p_ma_3_12_sync</pre>
    f_tech_test[symbols] <- w1 * p_ma_3_12_sync[symbols] + w2 * p_risk_sync[symbols]</pre>
    names(f_tech_test)[-1] <- paste0("f_tech_", symbols)</pre>
    for (threshold in threshold_grid) {
      res <- optimize_threshold(</pre>
        f_signal_df = f_tech_test,
        logret_df = logret_df,
        sym = sym,
        strategy = "technical",
        threshold_grid = threshold,
        alpha = 0.7
      )
      results <- rbind(results, data.frame(</pre>
        Symbol = sym,
        w1 = w1,
        w2 = w2,
        threshold = threshold,
        Score = res$best score,
        Sharpe = res$full_results$Sharpe[1],
```

```
WinRate = res$full_results$WinRate[1]
      ))
   }
  }
  global_results[[sym]] <- results</pre>
  # Extract best parameter combination
  best row <- results[which.max(results$Score), ]</pre>
  cat("", sym, ": Best Result\n")
  print(best_row)
  # Generate signal using best parameters
  w1_best <- best_row$w1</pre>
  w2_best <- best_row$w2</pre>
  threshold_best <- best_row$threshold</pre>
  f_best <- p_ma_3_12_sync</pre>
  f_best[symbols] <- w1_best * p_ma_3_12_sync[symbols] + w2_best * p_risk_sync[symbols]</pre>
  names(f_best)[-1] <- paste0("f_tech_", symbols)</pre>
  # Log return
  f_col <- paste0("f_tech_", sym)</pre>
  ret_col <- paste0("logret_", sym)</pre>
  df_plot <- merge(f_best[, c("Date", f_col)],</pre>
                    logret_df[, c("Date", ret_col)], by = "Date") |>
    arrange(Date)
  df_plot$signal <- ifelse(df_plot[[f_col]] > threshold_best, 1,
                             ifelse(df_plot[[f_col]] < (1 - threshold_best), -1, 0))</pre>
  df_plot$position <- dplyr::lag(df_plot$signal, 1, default = 0)</pre>
  df_plot$strat_ret <- df_plot$position * df_plot[[ret_col]]</pre>
  df_plot$cum_ret <- cumsum(ifelse(is.na(df_plot$strat_ret), 0, df_plot$strat_ret))</pre>
  # Plot cumulative return graph
  p \leftarrow ggplot(df_plot, aes(x = Date, y = cum_ret)) +
    geom_line(color = "steelblue", linewidth = 1) +
    labs(title = paste0(" ", sym, " Technical Strategy (Best)"),
         subtitle = paste0("w1 = ", w1_best, ", threshold = ", threshold_best),
         x = NULL, y = "Cumulative Log Return") +
    theme_minimal()
 print(p)
}
##
## Optimizing NVDA ...
## NVDA : Best Result
      Symbol w1 w2 threshold
##
                                     Score
                                              Sharpe
                                                        WinRate
## 31 NVDA 0.2 0.8 0.68 0.2211374 0.1861319 0.3028169
```

NVDA Technical Strategy (Best)

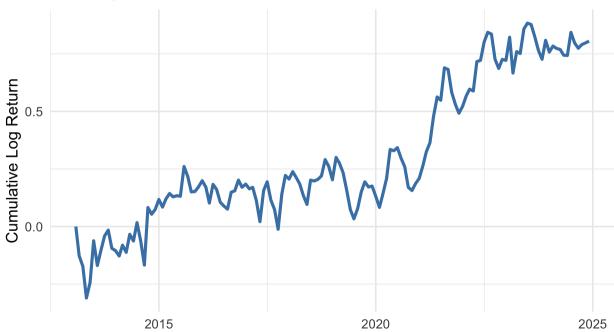
w1 = 0.2, threshold = 0.68



```
##
## Optimizing SOXL ...
## SOXL : Best Result
## Symbol w1 w2 threshold Score Sharpe WinRate
## 36 SOXL 0.3 0.7 0.46 0.2034184 0.0853663 0.4788732
```

SOXL Technical Strategy (Best)

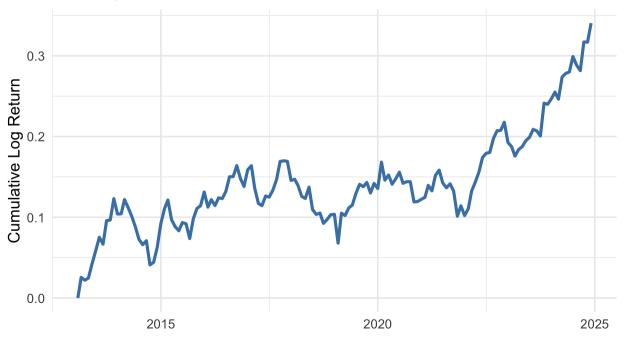
w1 = 0.3, threshold = 0.46



```
##
## Optimizing XOM ...
## XOM : Best Result
## Symbol w1 w2 threshold Score Sharpe WinRate
## 18 XOM 0.2 0.8 0.42 0.2933952 0.1625968 0.5985915
```

XOM Technical Strategy (Best)

w1 = 0.2, threshold = 0.42



```
##
## Optimizing CLS.TO ...
## CLS.TO : Best Result
## Symbol w1 w2 threshold Score Sharpe WinRate
## 130 CLS.TO 0.9 0.1 0.42 0.2720905 0.144234 0.5704225
```

CLS.TO Technical Strategy (Best)

```
w1 = 0.9, threshold = 0.42
```



```
library(ggplot2)
library(xts)
library(PerformanceAnalytics)
symbols <- c("NVDA", "SOXL", "XOM", "CLS.TO")</pre>
threshold_grid \leftarrow seq(0.4, 0.7, by = 0.02)
w1_grid \leftarrow seq(0.1, 0.9, by = 0.1)
                                          \# P_MA
alpha_grid \leftarrow seq(0.4, 0.9, by = 0.1) # Hybrid
global_results_hyb <- list()</pre>
for (sym in symbols) {
  cat("\n Optimizing Hybrid Strategy for", sym, "...\n")
  results <- data.frame()
  for (w1 in w1_grid) {
    w2 <- 1 - w1
    # f_technical
    f_tech_temp <- p_ma_3_12_sync</pre>
    f_tech_temp[symbols] <- w1 * p_ma_3_12_sync[symbols] + w2 * p_risk_sync[symbols]</pre>
    names(f_tech_temp)[-1] <- paste0("f_tech_", symbols)</pre>
    for (alpha in alpha_grid) {
      # f_hybrid
      f_hyb_temp <- f_tech_temp[, "Date", drop=FALSE]</pre>
      for (s in symbols) {
        f_hyb_temp[[paste0("f_hyb_", s)]] <-</pre>
```

```
alpha * f_tech_temp[[paste0("f_tech_", s)]] +
         (1 - alpha) * p_econ_sync[[s]]
    for (threshold in threshold_grid) {
      res <- optimize_threshold(</pre>
        f_signal_df = f_hyb_temp,
        logret_df = logret_df,
        sym = sym,
        strategy = "hybrid",
        threshold_grid = threshold,
        alpha = alpha
      results <- rbind(results, data.frame(
        Symbol = sym,
        w1 = w1,
        w2 = w2,
        alpha = alpha,
        threshold = threshold,
        Score = res$best score,
        Sharpe = res$full_results$Sharpe[1],
        WinRate = res$full_results$WinRate[1]
      ))
    }
  }
}
global_results_hyb[[sym]] <- results</pre>
# Extract and print optimal results
best_row <- results[which.max(results$Score), ]</pre>
cat("", sym, ": Best Hybrid Result\n")
print(best_row)
# f_technical + f_hybrid
w1_best <- best_row$w1</pre>
w2_best <- best_row$w2</pre>
alpha_best <- best_row$alpha</pre>
threshold_best <- best_row$threshold</pre>
f_tech_best <- p_ma_3_12_sync</pre>
f_tech_best[symbols] <- w1_best * p_ma_3_12_sync[symbols] + w2_best * p_risk_sync[symbols]</pre>
names(f_tech_best)[-1] <- paste0("f_tech_", symbols)</pre>
f_hyb_best <- f_tech_best[, "Date", drop=FALSE]</pre>
for (s in symbols) {
  f_hyb_best[[paste0("f_hyb_", s)]] <-</pre>
    alpha_best * f_tech_best[[paste0("f_tech_", s)]] +
    (1 - alpha_best) * p_econ_sync[[s]]
}
f_col <- paste0("f_hyb_", sym)</pre>
```

```
ret_col <- paste0("logret_", sym)</pre>
  df_plot <- merge(f_hyb_best[, c("Date", f_col)],</pre>
                   logret_df[, c("Date", ret_col)], by = "Date") |>
    arrange(Date)
  df_plot$signal <- ifelse(df_plot[[f_col]] > threshold_best, 1,
                            ifelse(df plot[[f col]] < (1 - threshold best), -1, 0))</pre>
  df_plot$position <- dplyr::lag(df_plot$signal, 1, default = 0)</pre>
  df_plot$strat_ret <- df_plot$position * df_plot[[ret_col]]</pre>
  df_plot$cum_ret <- cumsum(ifelse(is.na(df_plot$strat_ret), 0, df_plot$strat_ret))</pre>
  # Visualize cumulative return
  p \leftarrow ggplot(df_plot, aes(x = Date, y = cum_ret)) +
    geom_line(color = "darkgreen", linewidth = 1) +
    labs(title = pasteO(" ", sym, " Hybrid Strategy (Best)"),
         subtitle = paste0("w1 = ", w1_best,
                           ", = ", alpha_best,
                           ", threshold = ", threshold_best),
         x = NULL, y = "Cumulative Log Return") +
    theme minimal()
 print(p)
}
##
## Optimizing Hybrid Strategy for NVDA ...
## NVDA : Best Hybrid Result
      Symbol w1 w2 alpha threshold
                                          Score
                                                   Sharpe
                                                            WinRate
## 95
        NVDA 0.1 0.9 0.9
                                0.68 0.2121874 0.1612738 0.3309859
## Warning in grid.Call(C_textBounds, as.graphicsAnnot(x$label), x$x, x$y, :
## conversion failure on 'w1 = 0.1, = 0.9, threshold = 0.68' in 'mbcsToSbcs':
## dot substituted for <ce>
## Warning in grid.Call(C_textBounds, as.graphicsAnnot(x$label), x$x, x$y, :
## conversion failure on 'w1 = 0.1, = 0.9, threshold = 0.68' in 'mbcsToSbcs':
## dot substituted for <b1>
## Warning in grid.Call.graphics(C_text, as.graphicsAnnot(x$label), x$x, x$y, :
## conversion failure on 'w1 = 0.1, = 0.9, threshold = 0.68' in 'mbcsToSbcs':
## dot substituted for <ce>
\verb|## Warning in grid.Call.graphics(C_text, as.graphicsAnnot(x$label), x$x, x$y, :
## conversion failure on 'w1 = 0.1, = 0.9, threshold = 0.68' in 'mbcsToSbcs':
## dot substituted for <b1>
```

NVDA Hybrid Strategy (Best)

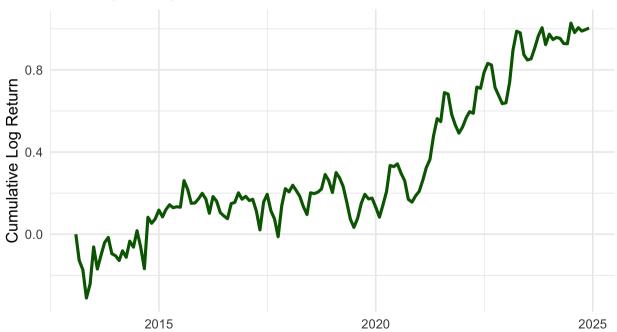
w1 = 0.1, $\alpha = 0.9$, threshold = 0.68



```
##
   Optimizing Hybrid Strategy for SOXL ...
   SOXL : Best Hybrid Result
##
##
      Symbol w1 w2 alpha threshold
                                          Score
                                                   Sharpe
                                                            WinRate
        SOXL 0.2 0.8 0.5
                                 0.48 0.2225263 0.1066271 0.4929577
## Warning in grid.Call(C_textBounds, as.graphicsAnnot(x$label), x$x, x$y, :
## conversion failure on 'w1 = 0.2, = 0.5, threshold = 0.48' in 'mbcsToSbcs':
## dot substituted for <ce>
## Warning in grid.Call(C_textBounds, as.graphicsAnnot(x$label), x$x, x$y, :
## conversion failure on 'w1 = 0.2, = 0.5, threshold = 0.48' in 'mbcsToSbcs':
## dot substituted for <b1>
## Warning in grid.Call.graphics(C_text, as.graphicsAnnot(x$label), x$x, x$y, :
## conversion failure on 'w1 = 0.2, = 0.5, threshold = 0.48' in 'mbcsToSbcs':
## dot substituted for <ce>
## Warning in grid.Call.graphics(C_text, as.graphicsAnnot(x$label), x$x, x$y, :
## conversion failure on 'w1 = 0.2, = 0.5, threshold = 0.48' in 'mbcsToSbcs':
## dot substituted for <b1>
```

SOXL Hybrid Strategy (Best)

w1 = 0.2, $\alpha = 0.5$, threshold = 0.48



```
##
   Optimizing Hybrid Strategy for XOM ...
   XOM : Best Hybrid Result
##
##
      Symbol w1 w2 alpha threshold
                                         Score
                                                  Sharpe
                                                           WinRate
## 83
        XOM 0.1 0.9 0.9
                                0.44 0.2799889 0.1464631 0.5915493
## Warning in grid.Call(C_textBounds, as.graphicsAnnot(x$label), x$x, x$y, :
## conversion failure on 'w1 = 0.1, = 0.9, threshold = 0.44' in 'mbcsToSbcs':
## dot substituted for <ce>
## Warning in grid.Call(C_textBounds, as.graphicsAnnot(x$label), x$x, x$y, :
## conversion failure on 'w1 = 0.1, = 0.9, threshold = 0.44' in 'mbcsToSbcs':
## dot substituted for <b1>
## Warning in grid.Call.graphics(C_text, as.graphicsAnnot(x$label), x$x, x$y, :
## conversion failure on 'w1 = 0.1, = 0.9, threshold = 0.44' in 'mbcsToSbcs':
## dot substituted for <ce>
## Warning in grid.Call.graphics(C_text, as.graphicsAnnot(x$label), x$x, x$y, :
## conversion failure on 'w1 = 0.1, = 0.9, threshold = 0.44' in 'mbcsToSbcs':
## dot substituted for <b1>
```

XOM Hybrid Strategy (Best)

w1 = 0.1, $\alpha = 0.9$, threshold = 0.44



```
##
   Optimizing Hybrid Strategy for CLS.TO ...
##
   CLS.TO : Best Hybrid Result
##
       Symbol w1 w2 alpha threshold
                                       Score
                                                 Sharpe
                                                          WinRate
## 834 CLS.TO 0.9 0.1
                       0.8
                                 0.42 0.28223 0.1496646 0.5915493
## Warning in grid.Call(C_textBounds, as.graphicsAnnot(x$label), x$x, x$y, :
## conversion failure on 'w1 = 0.9, = 0.8, threshold = 0.42' in 'mbcsToSbcs':
## dot substituted for <ce>
## Warning in grid.Call(C_textBounds, as.graphicsAnnot(x$label), x$x, x$y, :
## conversion failure on 'w1 = 0.9, = 0.8, threshold = 0.42' in 'mbcsToSbcs':
## dot substituted for <b1>
## Warning in grid.Call.graphics(C_text, as.graphicsAnnot(x$label), x$x, x$y, :
## conversion failure on 'w1 = 0.9, = 0.8, threshold = 0.42' in 'mbcsToSbcs':
## dot substituted for <ce>
## Warning in grid.Call.graphics(C_text, as.graphicsAnnot(x$label), x$x, x$y, :
## conversion failure on 'w1 = 0.9, = 0.8, threshold = 0.42' in 'mbcsToSbcs':
## dot substituted for <b1>
```

CLS.TO Hybrid Strategy (Best)

w1 = 0.9, $\alpha = 0.8$, threshold = 0.42

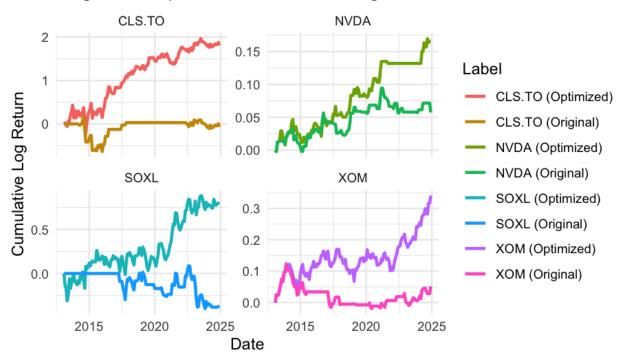


```
library(dplyr)
library(ggplot2)
library(xts)
library(PerformanceAnalytics)
symbols <- c("NVDA", "SOXL", "XOM", "CLS.TO")</pre>
# Store original backtest results
original_results <- data.frame()</pre>
optimized_results <- data.frame()</pre>
# Visualization
cumrets_all <- list()</pre>
for (sym in symbols) {
  # threshold = 0.6
  f_col <- paste0("f_tech_", sym)</pre>
  ret_col <- paste0("logret_", sym)</pre>
  df_orig <- merge(f_technical_df[, c("Date", f_col)],</pre>
                    logret_df[, c("Date", ret_col)], by = "Date") |> arrange(Date)
  df_orig$signal <- ifelse(df_orig[[f_col]] > 0.6, 1,
                        ifelse(df\_orig[[f\_col]] < 0.4, -1, 0))
  df_orig$position <- dplyr::lag(df_orig$signal, 1, default = 0)</pre>
  df_orig$strat_ret <- df_orig$position * df_orig[[ret_col]]</pre>
  df_orig$cum_ret <- cumsum(ifelse(is.na(df_orig$strat_ret), 0, df_orig$strat_ret))</pre>
  sharpe_orig <- mean(df_orig$strat_ret, na.rm = TRUE) / sd(df_orig$strat_ret, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
```

```
winrate_orig <- sum(df_orig$strat_ret > 0, na.rm = TRUE) / sum(!is.na(df_orig$strat_ret))
  original_results <- rbind(original_results, data.frame(</pre>
    Symbol = sym,
    Strategy = "technical",
   Version = "Original",
    Sharpe = sharpe_orig,
   WinRate = winrate orig
  ))
  cumrets_all[[paste0(sym, "_orig")]] <- data.frame(Date = df_orig$Date,</pre>
                                                        cum ret = df orig$cum ret,
                                                        Label = paste0(sym, " (Original)"))
  #Backtest After Optimization
  best_row <- global_results[[sym]] |> filter(Score == max(Score))
  w1_best <- best_row$w1</pre>
  w2_best <- best_row$w2</pre>
  threshold_best <- best_row$threshold</pre>
  f_best <- p_ma_3_12_sync</pre>
  f_best[symbols] <- w1_best * p_ma_3_12_sync[symbols] + w2_best * p_risk_sync[symbols]</pre>
  names(f_best)[-1] <- paste0("f_tech_", symbols)</pre>
  df opt <- merge(f best[, c("Date", f col)],</pre>
                   logret_df[, c("Date", ret_col)], by = "Date") |> arrange(Date)
  df_opt$signal <- ifelse(df_opt[[f_col]] > threshold_best, 1,
                      ifelse(df_opt[[f_col]] < (1 - threshold_best), -1, 0))</pre>
  df_opt$position <- dplyr::lag(df_opt$signal, 1, default = 0)</pre>
  df_opt$strat_ret <- df_opt$position * df_opt[[ret_col]]</pre>
  df_opt$cum_ret <- cumsum(ifelse(is.na(df_opt$strat_ret), 0, df_opt$strat_ret))</pre>
  sharpe_opt <- mean(df_opt$strat_ret, na.rm = TRUE) / sd(df_opt$strat_ret, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
  winrate_opt <- sum(df_opt$strat_ret > 0, na.rm = TRUE) / sum(!is.na(df_opt$strat_ret))
  optimized_results <- rbind(optimized_results, data.frame(</pre>
   Symbol = sym,
    Strategy = "technical",
    Version = "Optimized",
    Sharpe = sharpe_opt,
    WinRate = winrate_opt
  ))
  cumrets_all[[paste0(sym, "_opt")]] <- data.frame(Date = df_opt$Date,</pre>
                                                       cum_ret = df_opt$cum_ret,
                                                       Label = paste0(sym, " (Optimized)"))
}
# Compare Cumulative Return Graphs
cumrets_plot_df <- bind_rows(cumrets_all)</pre>
ggplot(cumrets_plot_df, aes(x = Date, y = cum_ret, color = Label)) +
 geom_line(linewidth = 1) +
```

```
facet_wrap(~ gsub(" \\(.*\\)", "", Label), scales = "free_y")+
labs(title = "Original vs Optimized Cumulative Log Return", y = "Cumulative Log Return") +
theme_minimal()
```

Original vs Optimized Cumulative Log Return



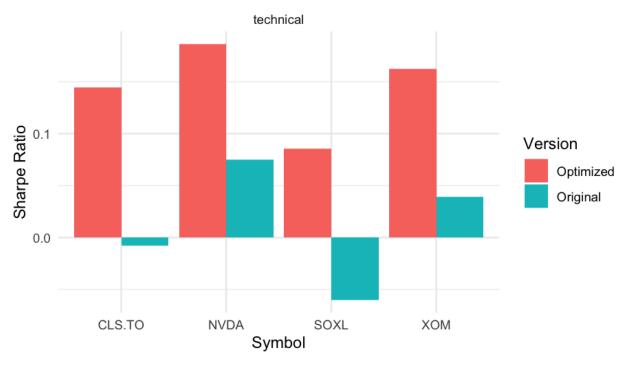
```
# Compare Performance Metrics
perf_compare <- bind_rows(original_results, optimized_results)</pre>
print(perf_compare |> tidyr::pivot_wider(names_from = Version, values_from = c(Sharpe, WinRate)))
## # A tibble: 4 x 6
     Symbol Strategy
##
                      Sharpe_Original Sharpe_Optimized WinRate_Original
##
     <chr>>
            <chr>
                                                                     <dbl>
## 1 NVDA
                               0.0752
                                                  0.186
                                                                     0.232
            technical
## 2 SOXL
            technical
                              -0.0601
                                                  0.0854
                                                                     0.162
                               0.0390
                                                                     0.261
## 3 XOM
            technical
                                                  0.163
## 4 CLS.TO technical
                              -0.00758
                                                  0.144
                                                                     0.183
```

i 1 more variable: WinRate_Optimized <dbl>

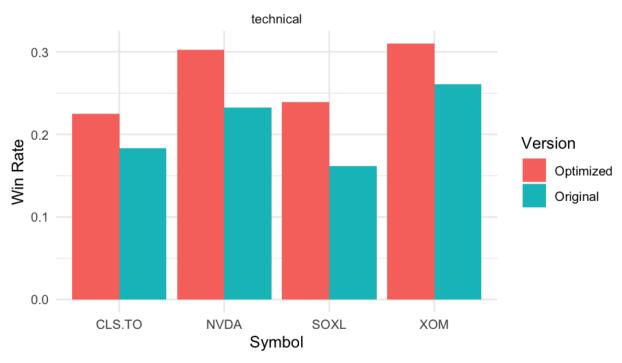
we can see that optimized one is significantly got better in log return, but this deosnt fully explain that this algorithm is good, so lets check others.

```
library(ggplot2)
library(tidyr)
library(dplyr)
performance_summary_df <- data.frame(
    Symbol = c("NVDA", "SOXL", "XOM", "CLS.TO"),
    Strategy = rep("technical", 4),
    Sharpe_Original = c(0.0752, -0.0601, 0.0390, -0.0076),
    Sharpe_Optimized = c(0.1861, 0.0854, 0.1626, 0.1442),
    WinRate_Original = c(0.2324, 0.1620, 0.2606, 0.1831),
    WinRate_Optimized = c(0.3028, 0.2394, 0.3099, 0.2254)</pre>
```

Sharpe Ratio: Original vs Optimized



WinRate: Original vs Optimized



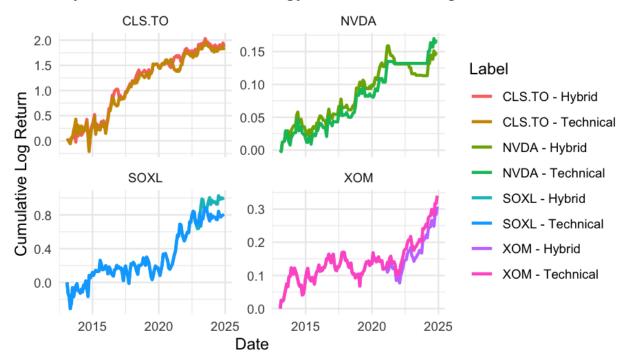
got way better, for both sharp ratio is way better than before, which means its very profitable with less volatility, and also win rate is higher too, which means its winning more times than original.

```
library(dplyr)
library(ggplot2)
library(xts)
library(PerformanceAnalytics)
symbols <- c("NVDA", "SOXL", "XOM", "CLS.TO")</pre>
compare_results <- data.frame()</pre>
cumret_list <- list()</pre>
for (sym in symbols) {
  cat("\n", sym, ": Comparing Technical vs Hybrid...\n")
  # Best Technical Result
  tech_row <- global_results[[sym]] |> filter(Score == max(Score))
  w1_t <- tech_row$w1</pre>
  w2_t <- tech_row$w2</pre>
  threshold_t <- tech_row$threshold</pre>
  f_tech <- p_ma_3_12_sync
  f_tech[symbols] <- w1_t * p_ma_3_12_sync[symbols] + w2_t * p_risk_sync[symbols]</pre>
```

```
names(f_tech)[-1] <- paste0("f_tech_", symbols)</pre>
f_col_t <- paste0("f_tech_", sym)</pre>
ret_col <- paste0("logret_", sym)</pre>
df_t <- merge(f_tech[, c("Date", f_col_t)],</pre>
               logret_df[, c("Date", ret_col)], by = "Date") |> arrange(Date)
df_t$signal <- ifelse(df_t[[f_col_t]] > threshold_t, 1,
                       ifelse(df t[[f col t]] < (1 - threshold t), -1, 0))
df_t$position <- dplyr::lag(df_t$signal, 1, default = 0)</pre>
df_t$strat_ret <- df_t$position * df_t[[ret_col]]</pre>
df_t$cum_ret <- cumsum(ifelse(is.na(df_t$strat_ret), 0, df_t$strat_ret))</pre>
sharpe_t <- mean(df_t$strat_ret, na.rm=TRUE) / sd(df_t$strat_ret, na.rm=TRUE)</pre>
winrate_t <- sum(df_t$strat_ret > 0, na.rm=TRUE) / sum(!is.na(df_t$strat_ret))
cumret_list[[paste0(sym, "_Technical")]] <- data.frame(</pre>
 Date = df_t$Date, cum_ret = df_t$cum_ret, Label = paste0(sym, " - Technical"))
# Best Hybrid result
hyb_row <- global_results_hyb[[sym]] |> filter(Score == max(Score))
w1_h <- hyb_row$w1
w2_h <- hyb_row$w2</pre>
alpha <- hyb_row$alpha
threshold_h <- hyb_row$threshold</pre>
f tech h <- p ma 3 12 sync
f_tech_h[symbols] <- w1_h * p_ma_3_12_symc[symbols] + w2_h * p_risk_symc[symbols]</pre>
names(f tech h)[-1] <- paste0("f tech ", symbols)</pre>
f_hyb <- f_tech_h[, "Date", drop=FALSE]</pre>
for (s in symbols) {
  f_hyb[[paste0("f_hyb_", s)]] <- alpha * f_tech_h[[paste0("f_tech_", s)]] +</pre>
                                    (1 - alpha) * p_econ_sync[[s]]
}
f_col_h <- paste0("f_hyb_", sym)</pre>
df_h <- merge(f_hyb[, c("Date", f_col_h)],</pre>
               logret_df[, c("Date", ret_col)], by = "Date") |> arrange(Date)
df_h$signal <- ifelse(df_h[[f_col_h]] > threshold_h, 1,
                       ifelse(df_h[[f_col_h]] < (1 - threshold_h), -1, 0))</pre>
df_h$position <- dplyr::lag(df_h$signal, 1, default = 0)</pre>
df_h$strat_ret <- df_h$position * df_h[[ret_col]]</pre>
df_h$cum_ret <- cumsum(ifelse(is.na(df_h$strat_ret), 0, df_h$strat_ret))</pre>
sharpe_h <- mean(df_h$strat_ret, na.rm=TRUE) / sd(df_h$strat_ret, na.rm=TRUE)</pre>
winrate_h <- sum(df_h$strat_ret > 0, na.rm=TRUE) / sum(!is.na(df_h$strat_ret))
cumret_list[[paste0(sym, "_Hybrid")]] <- data.frame(</pre>
  Date = df_h$Date, cum_ret = df_h$cum_ret, Label = pasteO(sym, " - Hybrid"))
# Store performance comparison
compare_results <- rbind(compare_results, data.frame(</pre>
  Symbol = sym,
  Sharpe_Technical = sharpe_t,
  WinRate_Technical = winrate_t,
```

```
Sharpe_Hybrid = sharpe_h,
    WinRate_Hybrid = winrate_h
  ))
}
##
    NVDA : Comparing Technical vs Hybrid...
##
##
    SOXL : Comparing Technical vs Hybrid...
##
##
    XOM : Comparing Technical vs Hybrid...
##
##
    CLS.TO: Comparing Technical vs Hybrid...
##
   Compare Cumulative Return Graphs
cumret_df <- bind_rows(cumret_list)</pre>
ggplot(cumret_df, aes(x = Date, y = cum_ret, color = Label)) +
  geom_line(linewidth = 1) +
  facet_wrap(~ gsub(" - .*", "", Label), scales = "free_y") +
  labs(title = "Hybrid vs Technical Strategy - Cumulative Log Return",
       y = "Cumulative Log Return") +
  theme minimal()
```

Hybrid vs Technical Strategy - Cumulative Log Return

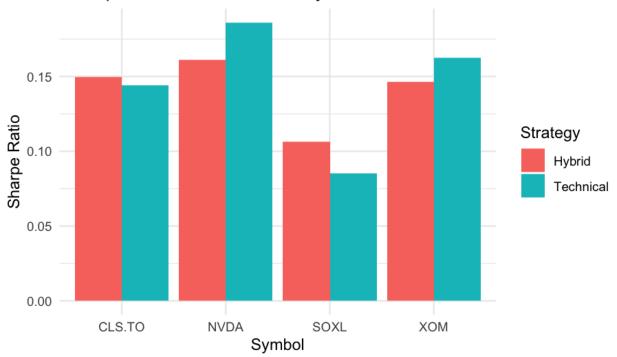


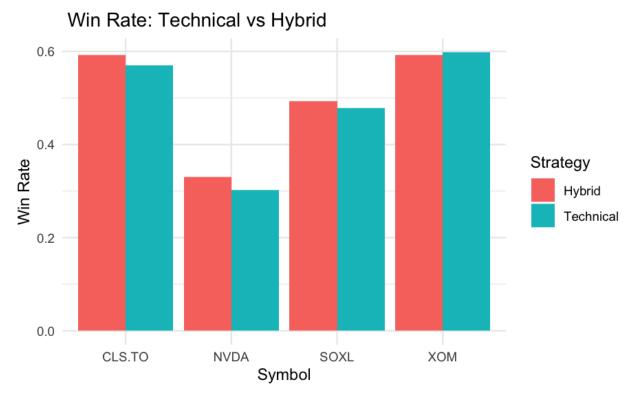
Performance comparison table compare_results

```
Symbol Sharpe_Technical WinRate_Technical Sharpe_Hybrid WinRate_Hybrid
##
## 1
       NVDA
                   0.1861319
                                      0.3028169
                                                     0.1612738
                                                                     0.3309859
## 2
       SOXL
                   0.0853663
                                      0.4788732
                                                     0.1066271
                                                                     0.4929577
## 3
        MOX
                   0.1625968
                                      0.5985915
                                                     0.1464631
                                                                     0.5915493
```

```
## 4 CLS.TO
                   0.1442340
                                     0.5704225
                                                    0.1496646
                                                                   0.5915493
performance_comparison_df <- data.frame(</pre>
  Symbol = rep(c("NVDA", "SOXL", "XOM", "CLS.TO"), each = 2),
  Strategy = rep(c("Technical", "Hybrid"), times = 4),
 Sharpe = c(0.1861, 0.1613, 0.0854, 0.1066, 0.1626, 0.1465, 0.1442, 0.1497),
 WinRate = c(0.3028, 0.3310, 0.4789, 0.4930, 0.5986, 0.5915, 0.5704, 0.5915)
library(ggplot2)
ggplot(performance_comparison_df, aes(x = Symbol, y = Sharpe, fill = Strategy)) +
  geom_col(position = "dodge") +
  labs(title = " Sharpe Ratio: Technical vs Hybrid",
       y = "Sharpe Ratio", x = "Symbol") +
 theme_minimal()
```

Sharpe Ratio: Technical vs Hybrid





hybrid & technical comparision is more interesting, since boths are very similar,

Technical strategies show higher Sharpe Ratio on average. \rightarrow In other words, they are slightly more efficient in terms of risk-to-return ratio.

On the other hand, Hybrid strategies show higher WinRate \rightarrow In other words, they show a stable tendency to make profits in more than half of the trades.

Strategic Insight: For investors who want to avoid short-term or loss periods, Hybrid strategies with higher WinRate may be more stable.

For investors who value long-term returns and efficiency, Technical strategies with higher Sharpe may be more suitable.

Depending on the stock, there are cases where Hybrids are slightly ahead in all indicators, such as CLS.TO or SOXL.