

SEARCH



RESOURCES



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## Grid Search in sklearn

Grid Search in sklearn is very simple. We'll illustrate it with an example. Let's support vector machine, and we'd like to decide between the following parameters:

- kernel: `poly` or `rbf`.
- C: 0.1, 1, or 10.

The steps are the following:

### 1. Import GridSearchCV

```
from sklearn.model_selection import GridSearchCV
```

### 2. Select the parameters:

Here we pick what are the parameters we want to choose from, and form a dictionary, the keys will be the names of the parameters, and the values will be values for each parameter.

```
parameters = {'kernel': ['poly', 'rbf'], 'C': [0.1, 1, 10]}
```

### 3. Create a scorer.

We need to decide what metric we'll use to score each of the candidate models Score.

```
from sklearn.metrics import make_scorer
from sklearn.metrics import f1_score
scorer = make_scorer(f1_score)
```

### 4. Create a GridSearch Object with the parameters, and the scorer. the data.

```
# Create the object.
grid_obj = GridSearchCV(clf, parameters, scoring=scorer)
# Fit the data
grid_fit = grid_obj.fit(X, y)
```

### 5. Get the best estimator.

```
best_clf = grid_fit.best_estimator_
```

Now you can use this estimator `best_clf` to make the predictions.

In the next page, you'll find a lab where you can use GridSearchCV to optimize