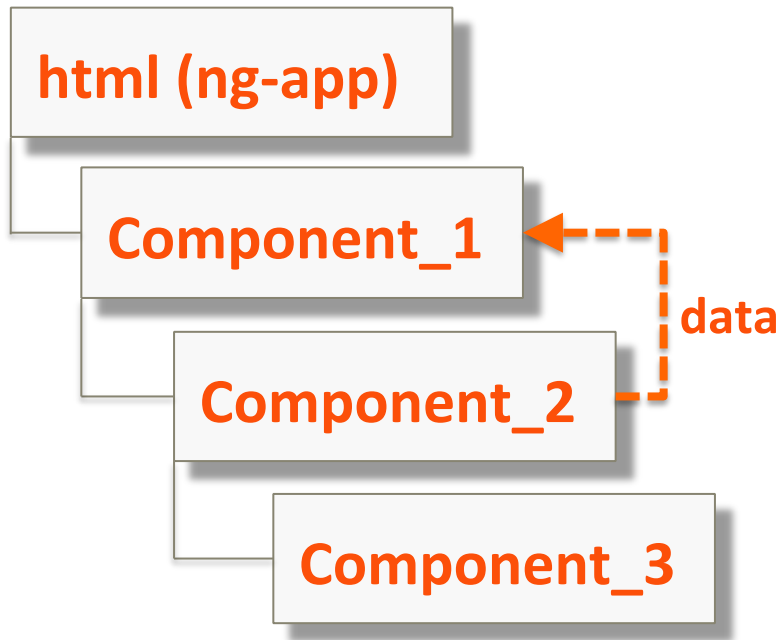


AngularJS

Event System



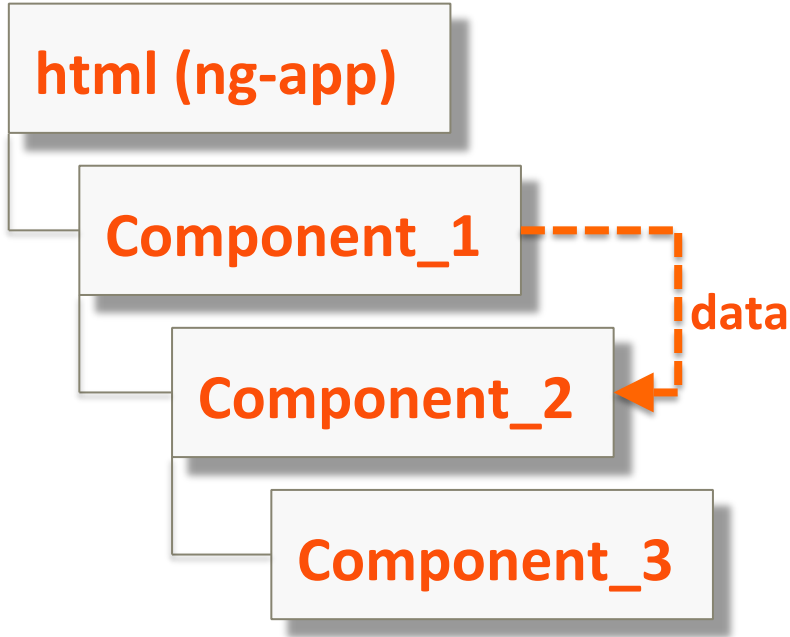
Communicating with Parent



Solution: Access Parent Scope

- ✧ `$scope.$parent`
- ✧ Use &method callback binding

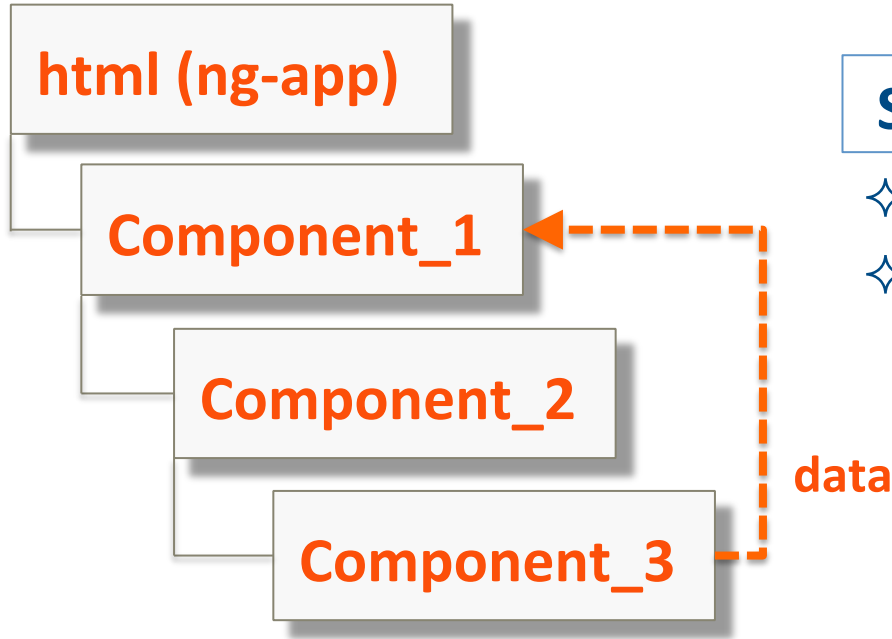
Communicating with Child



Solution: Provide Data Input

- ✧ Send data into that component

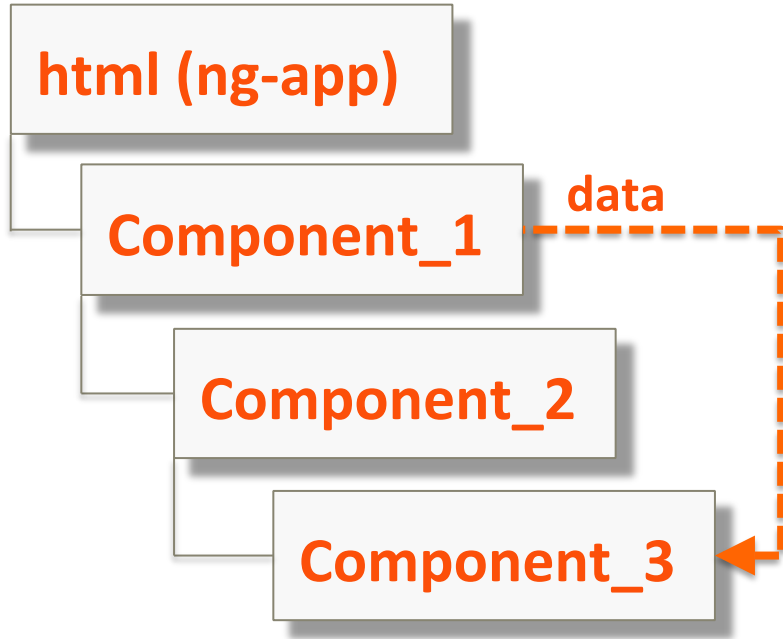
Communicating with Grandparent?



Solution: Access Parent's Parent?

- ✧ `$scope.$parent.$parent?`
- ✧ **User Service to share data?**
 - Would need to set up a watch in `component_1` to react to change

Communicating with Grandchild?



Solution: Access Child's Child?

- ✧ Send data into component_2 and have component_2 send data to component_1?
- ✧ Use Service to share data?
 - Would need to set up a watch in component_3 to react to change

Communicating with Multiple Components?

html (ng-app)

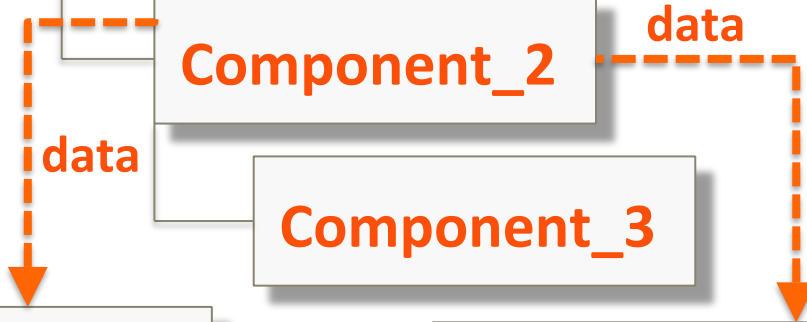
Component_1

Component_2

Component_3

Component_4

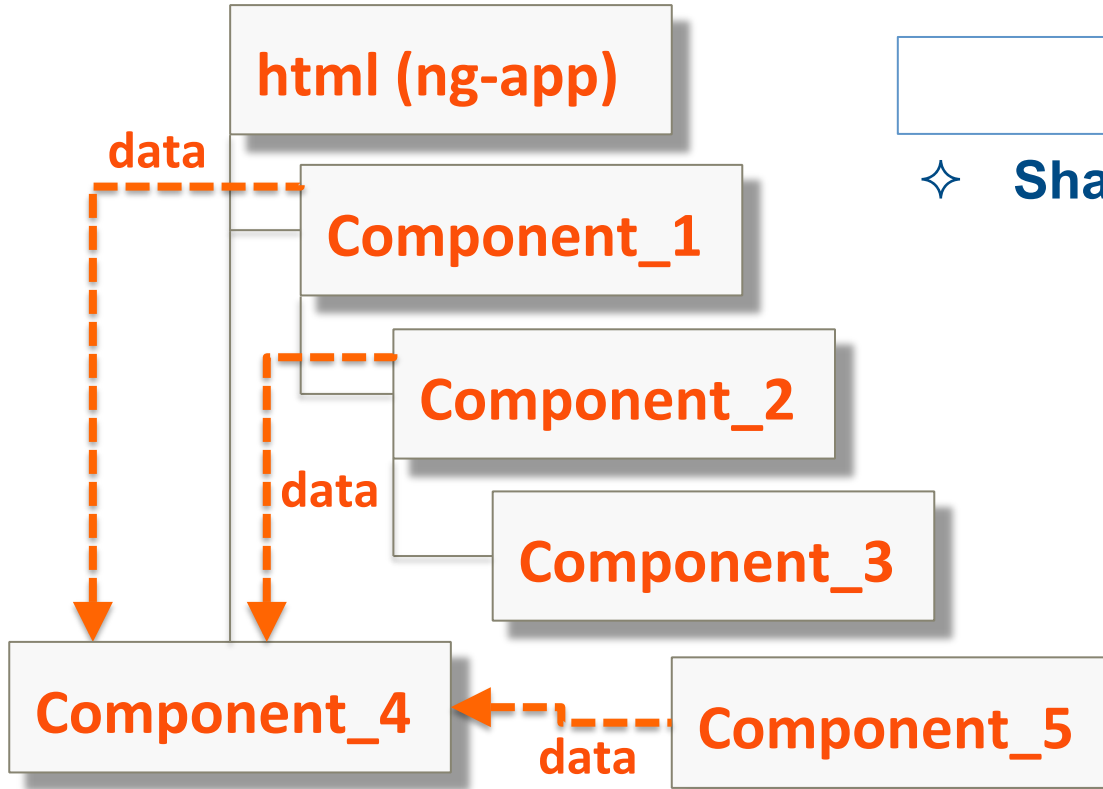
Component_5



Solution?

✧ **Shared service everywhere?**

Multiple Components Communicating with One?



Solution?

✧ **Shared service everywhere?**

publish–subscribe design pattern

Publishers send messages to subscribers on a common channel

✧ Publishers:

- Mark messages with a classification
- Don't know subscribers or if there are any

✧ Subscribers:

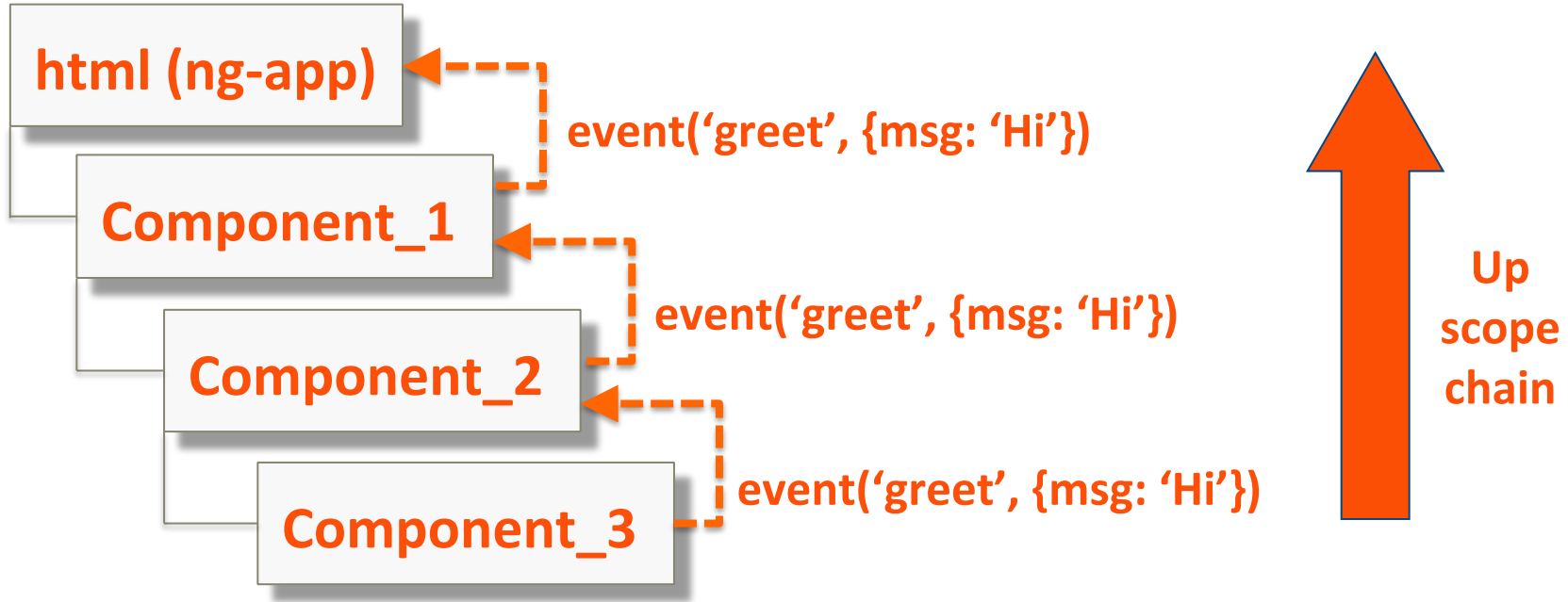
- Sign up to listen for messages with a particular classification
- Don't know publishers or if there are any

✧ **In Angular, the common channel is scope**

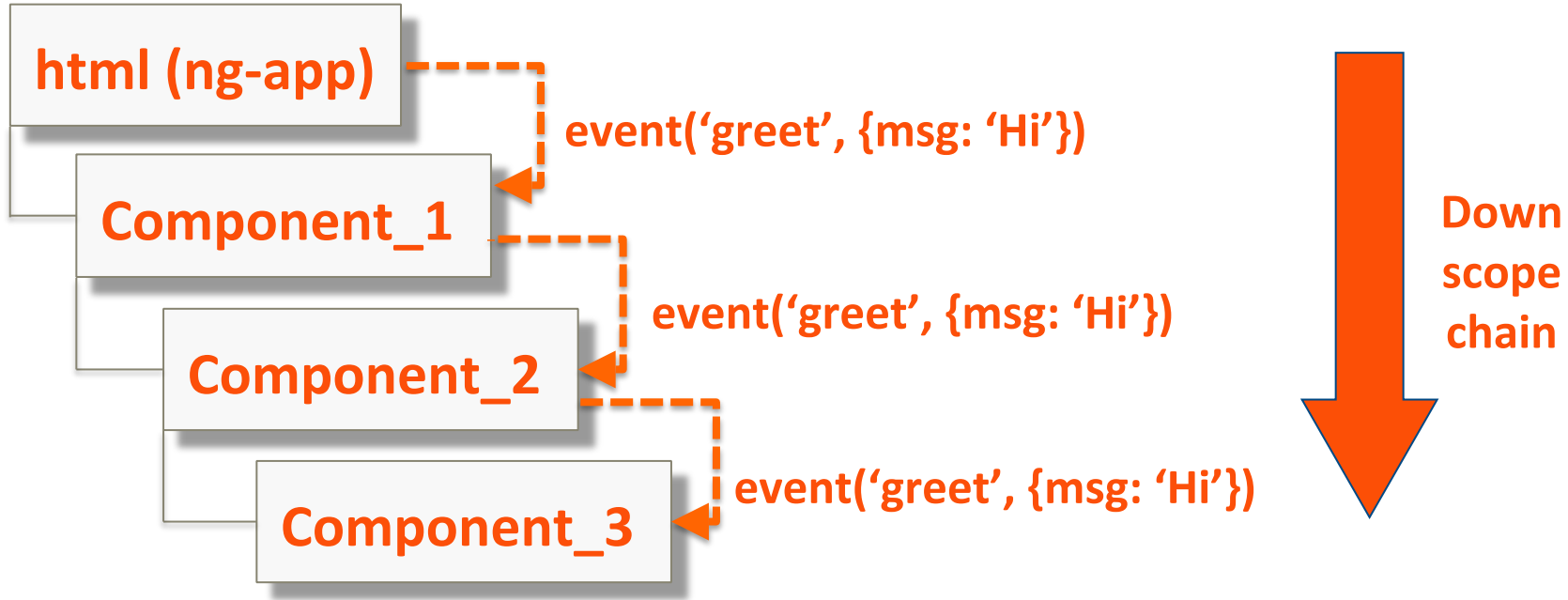
- **Messages are events that can hold data**



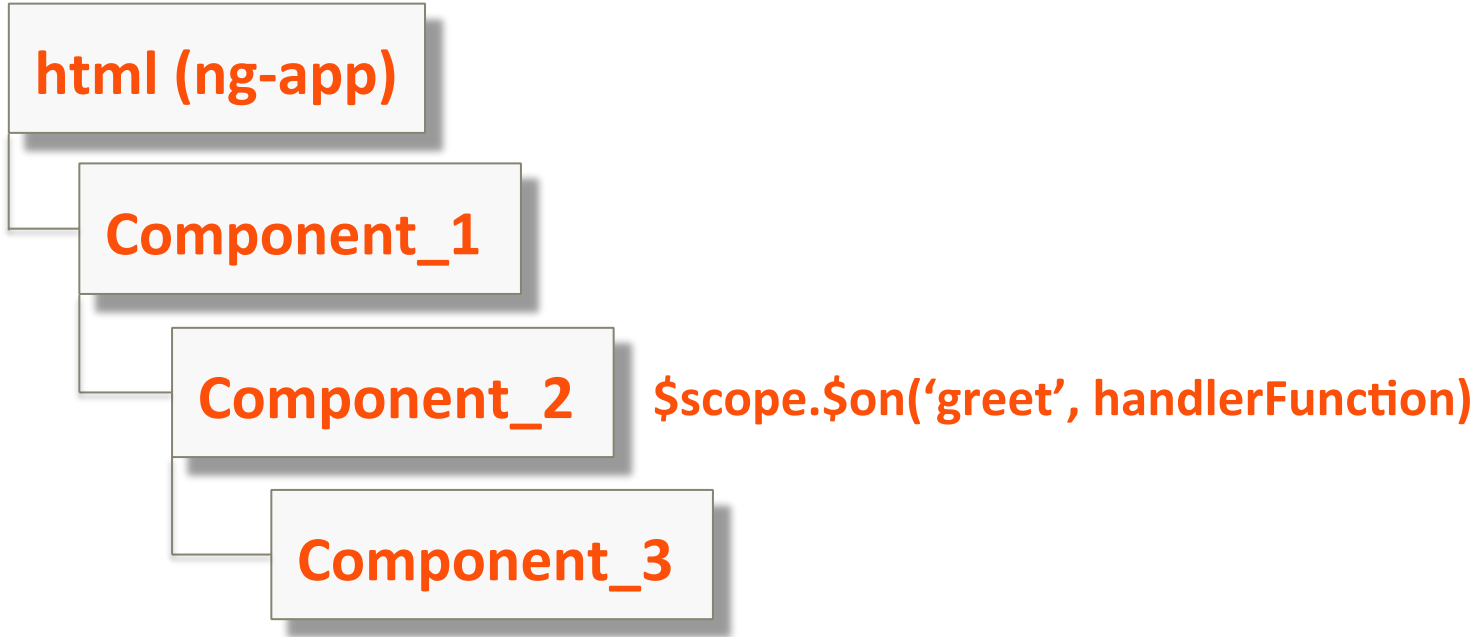
Publishing an Event: \$scope.\$emit



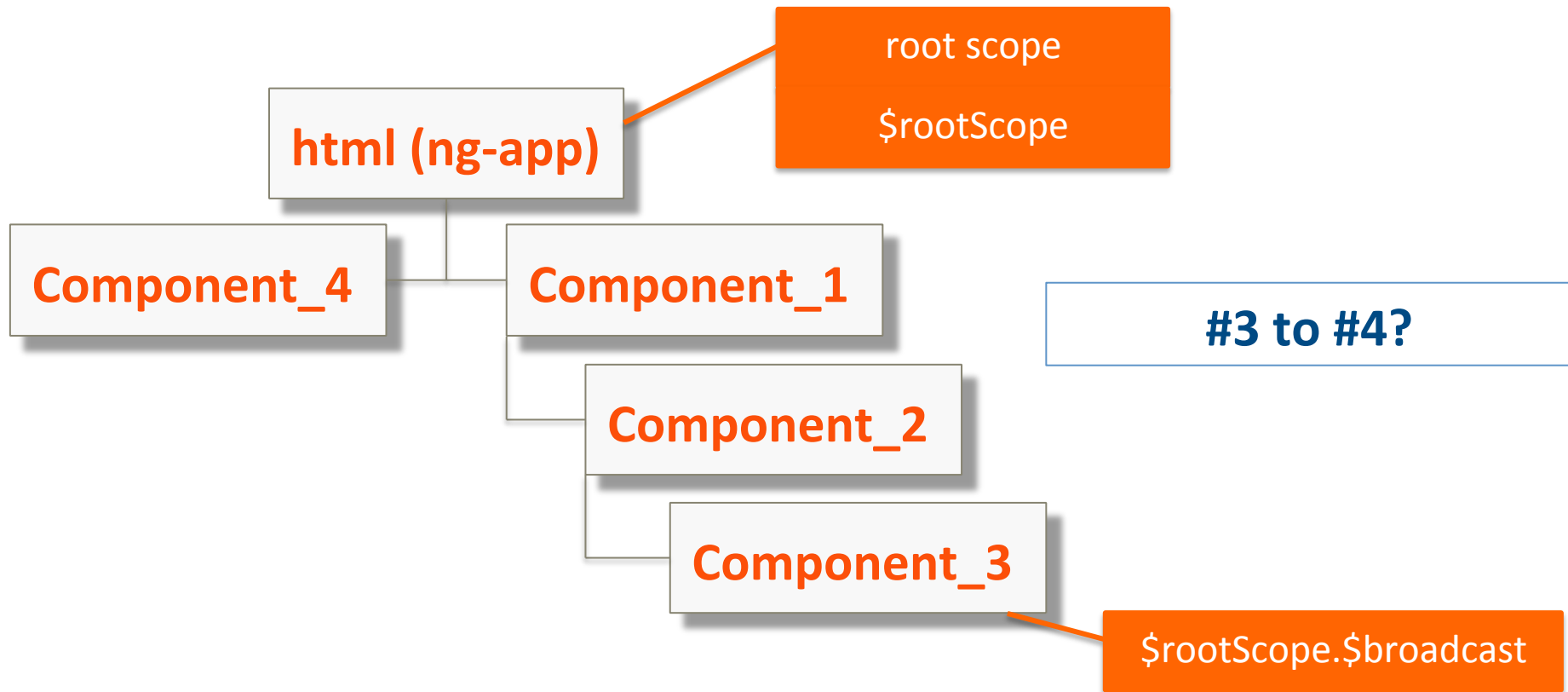
Publishing an Event: \$scope.\$broadcast



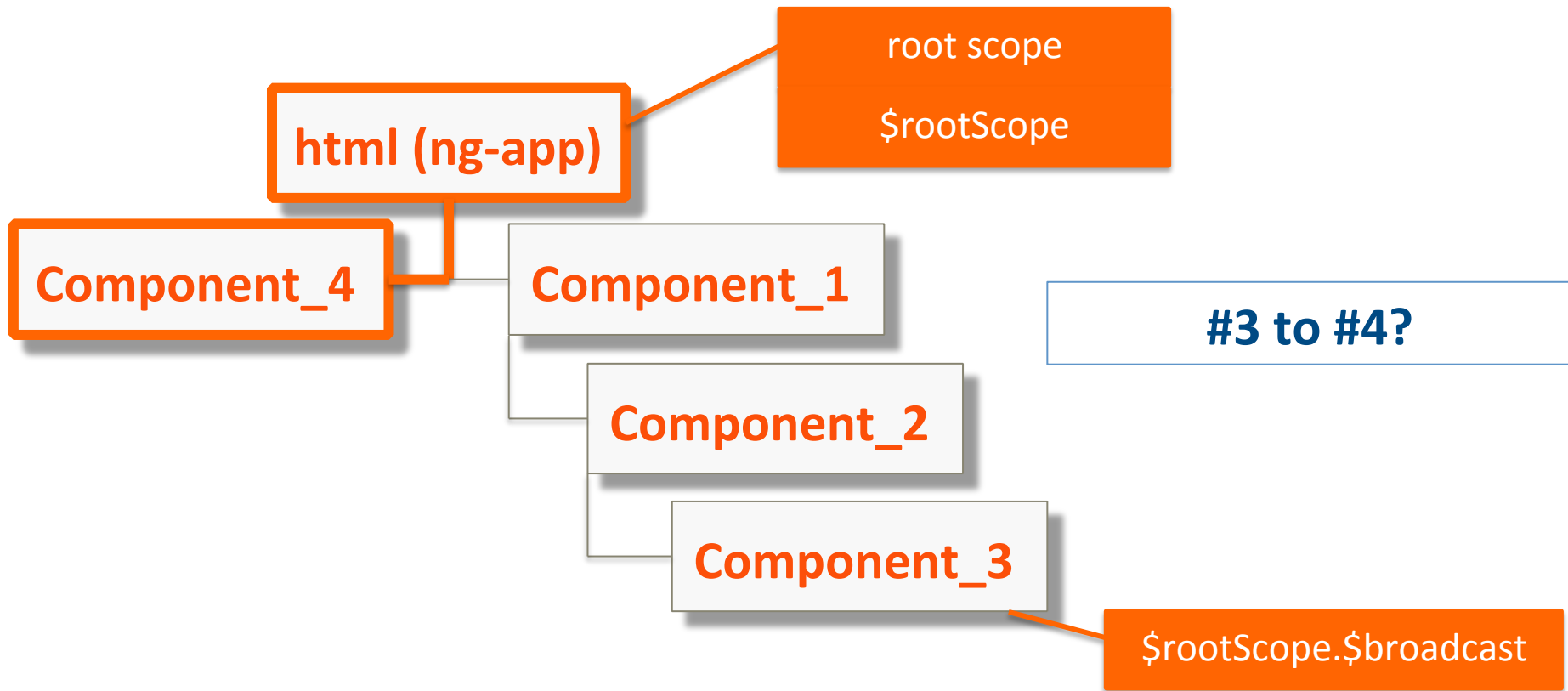
Listening for an Event: \$scope.\$on



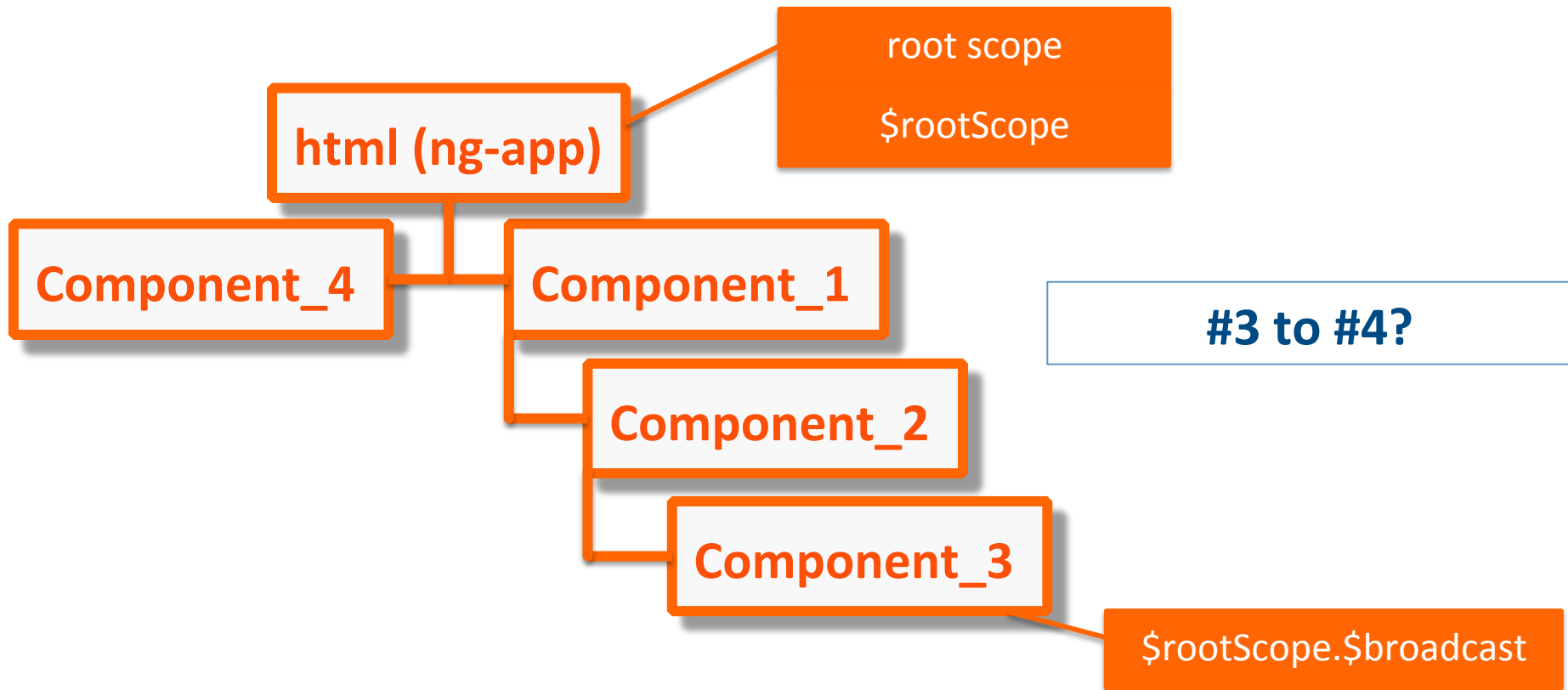
Publishing an Event: \$rootScope.\$broadcast



Publishing an Event: \$scope.\$broadcast



Publishing an Event: \$scope.\$broadcast



Step 1: Broadcast or Emit an Event

```
$scope.$emit(  
  'namespace:eventName',  
  {prop: value});
```



Step 1: Broadcast or Emit an Event

```
$scope.$broadcast(  
  'namespace:eventName',  
  {prop: value});
```

Sends event down
the scope chain

Name of event
(note namespace)

Data object to
travel with event



Step 2: Listen for & Handle the Event

```
$scope.$on('namespace:eventName',  
          handler);
```

Same name as was
emitted/broadcasted

```
function handler(event, data) {  
  if (data.prop === 'val1') {  
    ...  
  }  
});
```

Data that traveled
with the event



Summary

- ✧ Publish-subscribe design pattern is implemented using the Angular Events system
- ✧ You can publish events from anywhere in the system and listen for those events anywhere in the system
- ✧ `$scope.$emit` sends the event up the scope chain
- ✧ `$scope.$broadcast` sends the event down the scope chain
- ✧ To broadcast to all nodes, use `$rootScope.$broadcast`
- ✧ To listen for event, use either `$scope.$on` or `$rootScope.$on`
- ✧ Deregister listener when using `$rootScope.$on`

