

ECE 486: Control Systems Homework 7

Question 1

Determine (from the observability matrix) whether or not the following systems are observable.

Consider the system given by $\dot{x} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix} x$ and output $y = x_2$

i) $\dot{x} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix} x$; $y = x_2$ (4 Points)

ii) $\dot{x} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & -5 \\ 3 & 3 & -2 \end{pmatrix} x$; $y = (1 \ 1 \ 1)x$ (6 Points)

Question 2

Consider the control system:

$$\dot{x} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 & 2/3 \\ -1 & -2 & 1 \\ 0 & -3 & 1 \end{pmatrix} x + \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} u; \quad y = x_2$$

Design an observer with observer poles ($A-LC$) placed at -20 and $-20 \pm 2j$ (10 Points)

Solution

Question 1

$$\dot{x} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix} x, \quad y = x_2 = (0 \ 1) x$$

$$\mathcal{O}(C, A) = \begin{pmatrix} C \\ CA \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \det(\mathcal{O}(C, A)) = 0 \\ \implies \text{system unobservable}$$

$$\dot{x} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & -5 \\ 3 & 3 & -2 \end{pmatrix} x, \quad y = (1 \ 1 \ 1) x$$

$$\mathcal{O}(C, A) = \begin{pmatrix} C \\ CA \\ CA^2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 4 & 6 & -6 \\ -14 & -4 & -14 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \det(\mathcal{O}(C, A)) = 100 \\ \implies \text{system observable}$$

Solution
Question 2

$$\dot{x} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 & 2/3 \\ -1 & -2 & 1 \\ 0 & -3 & 1 \end{pmatrix} x, \quad y = x_2 = (0 \ 1 \ 0) x$$

$$\mathcal{O}(C, A) = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & -2 & 1 \\ 2 & 2 & -5/3 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \det \mathcal{O}(C, A) \neq 0 \implies \text{system observable}$$

Auxiliary system ("dual" system)

$$F = A^T, \quad G = C^T, \quad \dot{\hat{x}} = F\hat{x} + Gu, \quad \mathcal{C}(F, G) = \mathcal{O}^T(C, A)$$

The desired characteristic equation for

$$F - GK = (s + 20)(s + 20 + 2j)(s + 20 - 2j) = s^3 + 60s^2 + 1204s + 8080$$

CCF for above system:

$$\dot{x}_1 = Fx_1 + Gu$$

where

$$F = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}, \quad G = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$T_{F \rightarrow F} = \mathcal{C}(F, G)\mathcal{C}^{-1}(F, G) = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 0 & 3 \\ 2 & 0 & 3 \\ 2 & 1 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$F - GK = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 - \bar{k}_1 & -\bar{k}_2 & -1 - \bar{k}_3 \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{(*)} \begin{cases} \bar{k}_1 = 8081 \\ \bar{k}_2 = 1204 \\ \bar{k}_3 = 59 \end{cases}$$

$$\bar{K} = (8081 \ 1204 \ 59),$$

$$K = \bar{K}T = (26769 \ 59 \ 28032)$$

and

$$\mathcal{L} = K^T = \begin{pmatrix} 26769 \\ 59 \\ 28032 \end{pmatrix}$$